

Cyber-security

Cyber-security can be defined as the protection of computer systems and mobile devices from theft and damage to their hardware, software or information, as well as from disruption or misdirection of the services they provide. Cyber-crime and cyber-attacks have become a growing threat to governments, businesses and individuals as digital technologies advance. There have also been allegations of cyber-espionage, proliferation of fake news and misuse of social media in some electoral campaigns. The European Commission updated the European Union's [cyber-security strategy](#) in September 2017, to promote cyber-resilience and joint response across the bloc.

This note offers links **to reports and commentaries from some major international think-tanks and research institutes** on cyber-security and relations issues. More reports on the topic can be found in a [previous edition](#) of 'What Think Tanks are thinking', published in February 2017.

[The 'known unknowns' of Russian cyber signalling](#)

Council on Foreign Relations, April 2018

[Fighting fake news: Caught between a rock and a hard place](#)

European Council on Foreign Relations, March 2018

[Europe's cyber problem](#)

Centre for European Reform, March 2018

[Non-proliferation regime for cyber weapons: A tentative study](#)

Istituto Affari Internazionali, March 2018

[The future of political warfare: Russia, the West, and the coming age of global digital competition](#)

Brookings Institution, March 2018

[Significant cyber incidents](#)

Center for Strategic and International Studies, March 2018

[The next Russian attack will be far worse than bots and trolls](#)

Brookings Institution, March 2018

[Offensive cyberattacks would need to balance lawful deterrence and the risks of escalation](#)

Chatham House, March 2018

[The West's confusion over Russia's cyberwars](#)

Carnegie Europe, March 2018

[EU cybersecurity and the paradox of progress](#)

Centre for European Policy Studies, February 2018

[Cybersécurité des infrastructures énergétiques: Regards croisés Europe/États-Unis](#)

Institut français des relations internationales, February 2018

[EU cyber partnerships: Assessing the EU strategic partnerships with third countries in the cyber domain](#)

Egmont, February 2018

[Economic impact of cybercrime: No slowing down](#)

Center for Strategic and International Studies, February 2018

[Hacking for influence: Foreign influence activities and cyber-attacks](#)

International Centre for Defence and Security, February 2017

[The Global Risks Report 2018](#)

World Economic Forum, February 2018

[No meeting of minds in Munich over cyberattacks](#)

Carnegie Europe, February 2018

[Cyber-diplomacy: The making of an international society in the digital age](#)

Egmont, January 2018

[Cybersecurity of nuclear weapons systems: Threats, vulnerabilities and consequences](#)

Chatham House, January 2018

[Cyber mercenaries and the crisis in Ukraine](#)

Council on Foreign Relations, January 2018

[Reforming the U.S. approach to data protection and privacy](#)

Council on Foreign Relations, January 2018

[‘Mind hacking’: Information warfare in the cyber age](#)

Istituto per gli Studi di Politica Internazionale, January 2018

[Cyber threats to democratic processes](#)

Institute for National Security Studies, December 2017

[EU–NATO cybersecurity and defense cooperation: From common threats to common solutions](#)

German Marshall Fund, December 2017

[Asian cybersecurity futures: Opportunity and risk in the rising digital world](#)

Observer Research Foundation, December 2017

[Grid security is national security: Cyber threats to energy infrastructure and cities](#)

Chicago Council on Global Affairs, December 2017

[Democracy's eleventh hour: Safeguarding democratic elections against cyber-enabled autocratic meddling](#)

Finnish Institute of International Affairs, November 2017

[Main cyber threats now coming from governments as “state actors”](#)

European Institute, November 2017

[Cheap havoc: How cyber-geopolitics will destabilize the Middle East](#)

German Marshall Fund, November 2017

[The future of EU Defence: A European space, data and cyber agency?](#)

Istituto Affari Internazionali, October 2017

[Future war NATO? From hybrid war to hyper war via cyber war](#)

GLOBSEC Policy Institute, October 2017

[The defence-security nexus: Towards an EU collective security](#)

European Political Strategy Centre, October 2017

[Raising the consequences of hacking American companies](#)

Center for Strategic and International Studies, October 2017

[Democracy and cybersecurity](#)

Brookings Institution, September 2017

[Digital disinformation: A primer](#)

Atlantic Council, September 2017

[Controlling chaos: How Russia manages its political war in Europe](#)

European Council on Foreign Relations, September 2017

[Europol: The internet organised crime threat assessment \(iOACTA\) 2017](#)

The Hague Security Delta, September 2017

[The UN GGE is dead: Time to fall forward](#)

European Council on Foreign Relations, August 2017

[Strengthening the EU's resilience in the virtual domain](#)

Wilfried Martens Centre, August 2017

[Weeding out fake news: An approach to social media regulation](#)

Wilfried Martens Centre, August 2017

[EU cyber diplomacy requires more commitment](#)

Clingendael, August 2017

[Globally, people point to ISIS and climate change as leading security threats: Concern about cyberattacks, world economy also widespread](#)

Pew Research Center, August 2017

[Good neighbors make good security: Coordinating EU critical infrastructure protection against cyber threats](#)

GLOBSEC Policy Institute, August 2017

[Making Europe a data economy: A new framework for free movement of data in the digital age](#)

Lisbon Council, July 2017

[Cyber attacks: Understanding the basics](#)

European Council on Foreign Relations, June 2017

[The great unravelling: Four doomsday scenarios for Europe's Russia policy](#)

Carnegie Endowment for International Peace, June 2017

[Cybercrime and the digital economy in the GCC countries](#)

Chatham House, June 2017

[Building an effective European cyber shield: Taking EU cooperation to the next level](#)

European Political Strategy Centre, June 2017

[Why we need a Transatlantic charter for data security and mobility](#)

Chatham House, June 2017

[Meeting the Russian hybrid challenge: A comprehensive strategic framework](#)

Atlantic Council, May 2017

[Advancing human security through artificial intelligence](#)

Chatham House, May 2017

[Can Europe deal with cyberattacks?](#)

Carnegie Europe, May 2017

[Europe's digital power: From geo-economics to cybersecurity](#)

European Council on Foreign Relations, April 2017

[The enemy has a voice. Understanding threats to inform smart investment in cyber defence](#)

New America Foundation, February 2017

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