European Parliament

2014-2019



Committee on Foreign Affairs

2016/2324(INI)

1.6.2017

AMENDMENTS 1 - 61

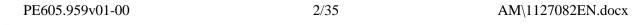
Draft opinion Francisco Assis (PE603.109v01-00)

Addressing shrinking civil society space in developing countries (2016/2324(INI))

AM\1127082EN.docx PE605.959v01-00

United in diversity

AM_Com_NonLegOpinion



Amendment 1 Klaus Buchner on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Draft opinion

Draft opinion

1. **Deplores** the fact that **certain** states **often** limit or restrict freedom of expression in order to silence dissent or criticism; recalls that the long-term stability and resilience of a society can only be achieved and maintained by ensuring openness of the civic space and the rights to freedom of expression, opinion, peaceful assembly and association:

Amendment

Denounces the phenomenon of shrinking civil society space, which is an integral part of a global authoritarian pushback against democracy and human rights; deplores the fact that a growing *number of* states limit or restrict freedom of expression in order to silence dissent or criticism; recalls that the long-term stability and resilience of a society can only be achieved and maintained by ensuring openness of the civic space and the rights to freedom of expression, opinion, peaceful assembly and association; notes that restrictions and threats on civil society may also originate from non-state actors, including from the business sector;

Or. en

Amendment 2 Soraya Post

Draft opinion

Draft opinion

1. Deplores the fact that certain states often limit or restrict freedom of expression in order to silence dissent or criticism; recalls that the long-term stability and resilience of a society can only be achieved and maintained by ensuring openness of the civic space and the rights to freedom of expression, opinion, peaceful assembly and association;

Amendment

1. Deplores the fact that certain states often limit or restrict freedom of expression in order to silence dissent or criticism; reminds that certain groups, such as women, youth, LGBTI, minorities, such as Roma, indigenous peoples, disabled persons suffer disproportionately under these restrictions; recalls that the long-term stability and resilience of a society can only be achieved and maintained by

ensuring openness of the civic space and the rights to freedom of expression, opinion, peaceful assembly and association, *including on the internet*;

Or. en

Amendment 3 Marietje Schaake

Draft opinion

Draft opinion

1. Deplores the fact that certain states often limit or restrict freedom of expression in order to silence dissent or criticism; recalls that the long-term stability and resilience of a society can only be achieved and maintained by ensuring openness of the civic space and the rights to freedom of expression, opinion, peaceful assembly and association;

Amendment

1. Deplores the fact that certain states often limit or restrict freedom of expression in order to silence dissent or criticism, including online by blocking mobile internet, restricting social media and banning communication with foreign groups; recalls that the long-term stability and resilience of a society can only be achieved and maintained by ensuring openness of the civic space and the rights to freedom of expression, opinion, peaceful assembly and association;

Or. en

Amendment 4 Ádám Kósa, László Tőkés

Draft opinion

Draft opinion

1. Deplores the fact that certain *states often limit or restrict* freedom of expression in order to silence dissent or criticism; recalls that the long-term stability and resilience of a society can only be achieved and maintained by ensuring openness of the civic space and the rights to freedom of expression, opinion, peaceful assembly and

Amendment

1. Deplores the fact that *in* certain *developing countries the* freedom of expression *is often limited* in order to silence dissent or criticism; recalls that the long-term stability and resilience of a society can only be achieved and maintained by ensuring openness of the civic space and the rights to freedom of expression, opinion, peaceful assembly and

PE605.959v01-00 4/35 AM\1127082EN.docx

association;

association; notes that NGOs representing people with disabilities often face even stronger challenges;

Or. en

Amendment 5 Louis Michel

Draft opinion

Draft opinion

1. Deplores the fact that certain states *often* limit or restrict freedom of expression in order to silence dissent or criticism; recalls that the long-term stability and resilience of a society can only be achieved and maintained by ensuring openness of the civic space and the rights to freedom of expression, opinion, peaceful assembly and association;

Amendment

1. Deplores the fact that certain states limit or restrict freedom of expression in order to silence dissent or criticism; recalls that the long-term stability, *democratic values* and resilience of a society can only be achieved and maintained by ensuring openness of the civic space and the rights to freedom of expression, opinion, peaceful assembly and association;

Or. nl

Amendment 6 Paulo Rangel

Draft opinion

Draft opinion

1. Deplores the fact that certain states often limit or restrict freedom of expression in order to silence dissent or criticism; recalls that the long-term stability and resilience of a society can only be achieved and maintained by ensuring *openness* of the civic space and the rights to freedom of expression, opinion, peaceful assembly and association;

Amendment

1. Deplores the fact that certain states often limit or restrict freedom of expression in order to silence dissent or criticism; recalls that the long-term stability and resilience of a society can only be achieved and maintained by ensuring *the autonomy* of the civic space and the rights to freedom of expression, opinion, peaceful assembly and association;

Amendment 7
Klaus Buchner
on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Draft opinion

Draft opinion

Amendment

1 a. Is deeply concerned by the increasing attacks against human rights defenders (HRDs) worldwide; calls on the EU, and the VP/HR in particular, to adopt a policy to denounce, systematically and unequivocally, the killing of human rights defenders and any attempt to subject them to any form of violence, persecution, threat, harassment, disappearance, imprisonment or arbitrary arrest, to condemn those who commit or tolerate such atrocities, and to step up public diplomacy in open and clear support of HRDs; encourages the EU Delegations and the Member States' diplomatic representations to continue actively to support HRDs, notably by systematically monitoring trials, visiting HRDs in jail and issuing statements on individual cases, where appropriate;

Or. en

Amendment 8 Renate Weber, Marietje Schaake, Louis Michel, Petras Auštrevičius

Draft opinion

Draft opinion

Amendment

1 a. Condemns the shrinking of civil society space as a result of acts of harassment and intimidation against civil society organisations and individual activists, who are solely exercising their rights of freedom of expression, assembly and association; calls on governments to

investigate and to ensure accountability for this kind of actions and attacks directed against NGOs,

Or. en

Amendment 9 Marietje Schaake

Draft opinion

Draft opinion

Amendment

1 a. Warns against the increase in the use of unnecessary and excessive force by security forces to repress assemblies, including by surveillance, arbitrary detention, torture and other ill-treatment, and the imposition of the death penalty;

Or. en

Amendment 10 Marietje Schaake

Draft opinion

Draft opinion

Amendment

1 b. Expresses its concern on severe restrictions of the freedom of the press by certain states which dismantle independent media through harassment and repressive legislation, causing journalists and bloggers to choose between self-censorship, harassment and arrest, or exile;

Or. en

Amendment 11
Klaus Buchner
on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group
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Draft opinion

Amendment

1 b. Underlines that the phenomenon of shrinking civil society space is a global phenomenon, which is not restricted to developing countries but also, and in an increasing manner, occurring in established democracies and middle and high-income countries, including in European Union Member States and some of its closest allies; calls on the European Union and its Member States to lead by example and strictly uphold the fundamental rights pertaining to civil society and to address any negative trends in this field;

Or. en

Amendment 12 Klaus Buchner on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Draft opinion

Draft opinion

Amendment

1 c. Denounces the prevailing sense of impunity enjoyed by a number of states in their assault against civil society and whose relations with the EU and standing in international fora are largely unaffected by such developments;

Or. en

Amendment 13 Andi Cristea

Draft opinion

Amendment

1 a. Calls on the EU to acknowledge the necessity of providing guidance to governments, political parties, parliaments and administrations in beneficiary countries in developing strategies aimed at establishing the appropriate legal, administrative and political environment to enable the efficient work of CSOs;

Or. en

Amendment 14 Georgios Epitideios

Draft opinion

Draft opinion

2. Considers that the EU should use its foreign policy instruments, including human rights and development instruments, to deal with the structural roots of the shrinking space problem and to design a multifaceted approach, since regimes are now using not only draconian NGO laws but also a wide range of direct and indirect tactics to limit the operation or financing of civil society organisations (CSOs), such as arbitrary registration and reporting requirements, distorted criminal charges, raids and audits, and counterterrorism measures;

Amendment

2. Considers that the EU should use its foreign policy instruments, including human rights and development instruments, to deal with the structural roots of the shrinking space problem and to design a multifaceted approach that will meet the requirements and resolve the problems facing society within these countries; great care will be needed regarding the functioning and funding thereof, especially with regard to NGOs and civil society organisations (CSOs), so as to ensure transparency, given that many of them are involved in unlawful activities; it is therefore necessary for the above organisations to submit activity reports and justification of costs incurred; in cases where certain Member States are bringing distorted criminal charges against NGOs and CSOs, subjecting them to raids, audits and counterterrorism measures, the EU should protect them by taking measures to prevent such arbitrary action by the Member States in question;

Or. el

Amendment 15 James Carver

Draft opinion

Draft opinion

2. Considers that the EU should use its foreign policy instruments, including human rights and development instruments, to deal with the structural roots of the shrinking space problem and to design a multifaceted approach, since regimes are now using not only draconian NGO laws but also a wide range of direct and indirect tactics to limit the operation or financing of civil society organisations (CSOs), such as arbitrary registration and reporting requirements, distorted criminal charges, raids and audits, and counterterrorism measures;

Amendment

2. Considers that *international institutions* should deal with the structural roots of the shrinking space problem and to design a multifaceted approach, since regimes are now using not only draconian NGO laws but also a wide range of direct and indirect tactics to limit the operation or financing of civil society organisations (CSOs), such as arbitrary registration and reporting requirements, distorted criminal charges, raids and audits, and counterterrorism measures;

Or. en

Amendment 16 Ádám Kósa, László Tőkés

Draft opinion

Draft opinion

2. Considers that the EU should use its foreign policy instruments, including human rights and development instruments, to deal with the structural roots of the shrinking space problem and to design a multifaceted approach, since regimes are now using not only draconian NGO laws but also a wide range of direct and indirect tactics to limit the operation or financing of civil society organisations (CSOs), such as arbitrary registration and reporting requirements, distorted criminal charges, raids and audits, and counterterrorism measures;

Amendment

2. Considers that the EU should use its foreign policy instruments, including human rights and development instruments, to deal with the structural roots of the shrinking space problem and to design a multifaceted approach, since *some regimes in developing countries are using restrictions* such as arbitrary registration and reporting requirements, distorted criminal charges, raids and audits, and counterterrorism measures;

PE605.959v01-00 10/35 AM\1127082EN.docx

Amendment 17 Marietje Schaake

Draft opinion

Draft opinion

2. Considers that the EU should use its foreign policy instruments, including human rights and development instruments, to deal with the structural roots of the shrinking space problem and to design a multifaceted approach, since regimes are now using not only draconian NGO laws but also a wide range of direct and indirect tactics to limit the operation or financing of civil society organisations (CSOs), such as arbitrary registration and reporting requirements, distorted criminal charges, raids and audits, *and counterterrorism measures*:

Amendment

Considers that the EU should use its foreign policy instruments, including human rights and development instruments, to deal with the structural roots of the shrinking space problem and to design a multifaceted approach, since regimes are now using not only draconian NGO laws but also a wide range of direct and indirect tactics to limit the operation or financing of civil society organisations (CSOs), including those organisations deemed to be 'foreign', by measures such as arbitrary registration and reporting requirements, distorted criminal charges, raids and audits, counterterrorism measures, travel bans and asset freezes; expresses concern that when civil society is able to legally receive foreign funding, they may be labelled as 'foreign agents', stigmatising them and significantly increasing the risks they face;

Or. en

Amendment 18 Soraya Post

Draft opinion

Draft opinion

2. Considers that the EU should use its foreign policy instruments, including human rights and development instruments, to deal with the structural roots of the shrinking space problem and to

Amendment

2. Considers that the EU should use its *internal and* foreign policy instruments, including human rights and development instruments, to deal with the structural roots of the shrinking space problem and to

design a multifaceted approach, since regimes are now using not only draconian NGO laws but also a wide range of direct and indirect tactics to limit the operation or financing of civil society organisations (CSOs), such as arbitrary registration and reporting requirements, distorted criminal charges, raids and audits, and counterterrorism measures;

design a multifaceted approach, since regimes are now using not only draconian NGO laws but also a wide range of direct and indirect tactics to limit the operation or financing of civil society organisations (CSOs), such as arbitrary registration and reporting requirements, distorted criminal charges, raids and audits, and counterterrorism measures; recalls that these measures disproportionately affect CSOs working on human rights, including on women, youth, LGBTI, minorities, such as Roma, indigenous peoples, disabled persons and on peace and security;

Or. en

Amendment 19 Javier Nart, María Teresa Giménez Barbat

Draft opinion

Draft opinion

2. Considers that the EU should use its foreign policy instruments, including human rights and development instruments, to deal with the structural roots of the shrinking space problem and to design a multifaceted approach, since regimes are now using not only draconian NGO laws but also a wide range of direct and indirect tactics to limit the operation or financing of civil society organisations (CSOs), such as arbitrary registration and reporting requirements, distorted criminal charges, raids and audits, and counterterrorism measures;

Amendment

Considers that the EU should use its foreign policy instruments, including human rights and development instruments and bilateral agreements with third countries, to deal with the structural roots of the shrinking space problem and to design a multifaceted approach, since regimes are now using not only draconian NGO laws but also a wide range of direct and indirect tactics to limit the operation or financing of civil society organisations (CSOs), such as arbitrary registration and reporting requirements, distorted criminal charges, raids and audits, defamation campaigns, and counterterrorism measures:

Or. en

Amendment 20 Renate Weber, Marietje Schaake, Louis Michel, Petras Auštrevičius

PE605.959v01-00 12/35 AM\1127082EN.docx

Draft opinion

2. Considers that the EU should use its foreign policy instruments, including human rights and development instruments, to deal with the structural roots of the shrinking space problem and to design a multifaceted approach, since regimes are now using not only draconian NGO laws but also a wide range of direct and indirect tactics to limit the operation or financing of civil society organisations (CSOs), such as arbitrary registration and reporting requirements, distorted criminal charges, raids and audits, and counterterrorism measures;

Amendment

2. Considers that the EU should use its foreign policy instruments, including human rights and development instruments, to deal with the structural roots of the shrinking space problem and to design a multifaceted approach, since regimes are now using not only draconian NGO laws but also a wide range of direct and indirect tactics to limit the operation or financing of civil society organisations (CSOs), such as arbitrary registration and reporting requirements, distorted criminal charges, including criminal defamatory laws, raids and audits, and counterterrorism measures:

Or. en

Amendment 21 Klaus Buchner on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Draft opinion

Draft opinion

2. Considers that the EU should use its foreign policy instruments, including human rights and development instruments, to deal with the structural roots of the shrinking space problem and to design a multifaceted approach, since regimes are now using not only draconian NGO laws but also a wide range of direct and indirect tactics to limit the operation or financing of civil society organisations (CSOs), such as arbitrary registration and reporting requirements, distorted criminal charges, raids and audits, and counterterrorism measures;

Amendment

2. Considers that the EU should use its foreign policy instruments, including human rights and development instruments, to deal with the structural roots of the shrinking space problem and to design a multifaceted approach, since regimes are now using not only draconian NGO laws but also a wide range of direct and indirect tactics to limit the operation or financing of civil society organisations (CSOs), such as arbitrary registration and reporting requirements, *travel bans*, distorted criminal charges, raids and audits, and counterterrorism *and security* measures;

Amendment 22 Louis Michel

Draft opinion

Draft opinion

2. Considers that the EU should use its foreign policy instruments, including human rights and development instruments, to deal with the structural roots of the shrinking space problem and to design a multifaceted approach, since regimes are now using not only draconian NGO laws but also a wide range of direct and indirect tactics to limit the operation or financing of civil society organisations (CSOs), such as arbitrary registration and reporting requirements, distorted criminal charges, raids and audits, and counterterrorism measures:

Amendment

2. Considers that the EU should use its foreign policy instruments, including human rights and development instruments, to deal with the structural roots of the shrinking space problem and to design a multifaceted approach, since regimes are now using not only draconian NGO laws but also a wide range of direct and indirect tactics to limit the operation or financing of civil society organisations (CSOs), such as arbitrary registration and reporting requirements, distorted criminal charges, *deprivation of freedom*, raids and audits, and counterterrorism measures:

Or. nl

Amendment 23 Soraya Post

Draft opinion

Draft opinion

Amendment

2 a. Calls on the EU to reinforce its instruments and policies addressing institution building and rule of law to include strong benchmarks on accountability and fight against impunity for arbitrary arrest, police abuse, torture and other ill-treatment of human rights defenders, bearing in mind that women and men experience these differently; calls for conditionality which should be linked to overall performance assessments, and that support should not be limited to its

technical aspects, but should include political backing as necessary;

Or. en

Amendment 24 Urmas Paet

Draft opinion

Draft opinion

Amendment

2a. Considers that there needs to be a clearer connection among the EU's various foreign policy instruments: for example, when determining development cooperation allocations for third countries, account should be taken of trends and the situation with regard to the defence of human rights and with regard to democratic freedoms in the country concerned and of how close the country's foreign policy positions are to the EU's;

Or. et

Amendment 25 Marietje Schaake

Draft opinion

Draft opinion

Amendment

2 a. Warns against the misuse by certain states of an excessively broad definition of terrorism to silence journalists, human rights defenders and political dissidents;

Or. en

Amendment 26 James Carver

Draft opinion

3. Calls on the Commission, the European External Action Service (EEAS), the Member States and the EU Special Representative for Human Rights to be more vocal, consistent and timely in expressing objections to restrictive CSO laws and to exert effective and tailored pressure on the host governments in question and raise this issue systematically in political and human rights dialogues; considers that EU actors could exert more positive conditionality by allocating additional funds to those governments allowing a wider space for civil society;

Amendment

deleted

Or. en

Amendment 27 Ruža Tomašić

Draft opinion

Draft opinion

3. Calls on the Commission, the European External Action Service (EEAS), the Member States and the EU Special Representative for Human Rights to be more vocal, consistent and timely in expressing objections to restrictive CSO laws and to exert effective and tailored pressure on the host governments in question and raise this issue systematically in political and human rights dialogues; considers that EU actors could exert more positive conditionality by allocating additional funds to those governments allowing a wider space for civil society;

Amendment

3. Calls on the Commission, the European External Action Service (EEAS), the Member States and the EU Special Representative for Human Rights to be more vocal, consistent and timely in expressing objections to restrictive CSO laws and to exert effective and tailored pressure on the host governments in question and raise this issue systematically in political and human rights dialogues;

Or. hr

Amendment 28 Ádám Kósa, László Tőkés

Draft opinion

Draft opinion

3. Calls on the Commission, the European External Action Service (EEAS), the Member States and the EU Special Representative for Human Rights to be more vocal, consistent and timely in expressing objections to restrictive CSO laws and to exert effective and tailored pressure on the host governments in question and raise this issue systematically in political and human rights dialogues; considers that EU actors could exert more positive conditionality by allocating additional funds to those governments allowing a wider space for civil society;

Amendment

3. Calls on the Commission, the European External Action Service (EEAS), the Member States and the EU Special Representative for Human Rights to be more vocal, consistent and timely in expressing objections to restrictive CSO laws and raise this issue systematically in political and human rights dialogues;

Or. en

Amendment 29 Georgios Epitideios

Draft opinion

Draft opinion

3. Calls on the Commission, the European External Action Service (EEAS), the Member States and the EU Special Representative for Human Rights to be more vocal, consistent and timely in expressing objections to restrictive CSO laws and to exert effective and tailored pressure on the host governments in question and raise this issue systematically in political and human rights dialogues; considers that EU actors could exert more positive conditionality by allocating additional funds to those governments allowing a wider space for

Amendment

3. Calls on the Commission, the European External Action Service (EEAS), the Member States and the EU Special Representative for Human Rights to be more vocal and display the necessary determination in the face of any governments infringing the rights of CSOs; EU actors could exert more positive conditionality by allocating additional funds to those governments allowing a wider space for civil society;

Amendment 30 Javier Nart, María Teresa Giménez Barbat

Draft opinion

Draft opinion

3. Calls on the Commission, the European External Action Service (EEAS), the Member States and the EU Special Representative for Human Rights to be more vocal, consistent and timely in expressing objections *to* restrictive CSO laws and to exert effective and tailored pressure on the host governments in question and raise this issue systematically in political and human rights dialogues; considers that EU actors could exert more positive conditionality by allocating additional funds to those governments allowing a wider space for civil society;

Amendment

Calls on the Commission, the 3. European External Action Service (EEAS), the Member States, the High Representative / Vice President and the EU Special Representative for Human Rights to be more vocal, consistent and timely in expressing objections well ahead the adoption of restrictive CSO laws and to exert effective and tailored pressure at the highest level on the host governments in question and raise this issue systematically in political and human rights dialogues; private demarches are an important first step, but should they do not work, it is important to consider more public diplomacy; considers that EU actors could exert more positive conditionality by allocating additional funds to those governments allowing a wider space for civil society; considers that in cases of rapid and dramatic closing of the space EU Member States should grant public high-level recognition to affected human rights NGOs/individuals human rights defenders for their work, for example by visiting them during officials visits;

Or. en

Amendment 31 Renate Weber, Marietje Schaake, Petras Auštrevičius

Draft opinion

3. Calls on the Commission, the European External Action Service (EEAS), the Member States and the EU Special Representative for Human Rights to be more vocal, consistent and timely in expressing objections to restrictive CSO laws and to exert effective and tailored pressure on the host governments in question and raise this issue systematically in political and human rights dialogues; considers that *EU actors could* exert more *positive* conditionality *by* allocating *additional funds to those* governments *allowing a wider* space *for* civil society;

Amendment

Calls on the Commission, the European External Action Service (EEAS), the Member States and the EU Special Representative for Human Rights to be more vocal, consistent and timely in expressing objections to restrictive CSO laws and to exert effective and tailored pressure on the host governments in question and raise this issue systematically in political and human rights dialogues; stresses the role and encourages further involvement of the EU delegations in supporting civil society organisations and individual activists, including by offering assistance in judicial processes; considers that the EU should exert more conditionality when allocating financial assistance to governments, based on the space *allowed to* civil society;

Or. en

Amendment 32 Klaus Buchner on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Draft opinion

Draft opinion

3. Calls on the Commission, the European External Action Service (EEAS), the Member States and the EU Special Representative for Human Rights to be more vocal, consistent and timely in expressing objections to restrictive CSO laws and to exert effective and tailored pressure on the host governments in question and raise this issue systematically in political and human rights dialogues; considers that EU actors could exert more positive conditionality by allocating additional funds to those governments allowing a wider space for civil society;

Amendment

Calls on the Commission, the 3. European External Action Service (EEAS), the Member States and the EU Special Representative for Human Rights to be more vocal, consistent and timely in expressing objections to restrictive CSO laws and to exert effective and tailored pressure on the host governments in question and raise this issue systematically in political and human rights dialogues; considers that EU actors could exert more positive conditionality by allocating additional funds to those governments allowing a wider space for civil society; calls on the EU and its Member States also to develop negative conditionality in

response to serious shrinking space developments, including through the restriction or even the suspension of assistance, trade or strategic relations;

Or. en

Amendment 33 Soraya Post

Draft opinion

Draft opinion

3. Calls on the Commission, the European External Action Service (EEAS), the Member States and the EU Special Representative for Human Rights to be more vocal, consistent and timely in expressing objections to restrictive CSO laws and to exert effective and tailored pressure on the host governments in question and raise this issue systematically in political and human rights dialogues; considers that EU actors could exert more positive conditionality by allocating additional funds to those governments allowing a wider space for civil society;

Amendment

Calls on the Commission, the 3. European External Action Service (EEAS), the Member States and the EU Special Representative for Human Rights to be more vocal, consistent and timely in expressing objections to restrictive CSO laws, including those labelled as counterterrorism measures, and to exert effective and tailored pressure on the host governments in question and raise this issue systematically in political and human rights dialogues; considers that the establishment of youth militia as a red line that must not be crossed; considers that EU actors could exert more positive conditionality by allocating additional funds to those governments allowing a wider space for civil society;

Or. en

Amendment 34 Marietje Schaake

Draft opinion

Draft opinion

3. Calls on the Commission, the European External Action Service (EEAS), the Member States and the EU Special

Amendment

3. Calls on the Commission, the European External Action Service (EEAS), the Member States and the EU Special

PE605.959v01-00 20/35 AM\1127082EN.docx

Representative for Human Rights to be more vocal, consistent and timely in expressing objections to restrictive CSO laws and to exert effective and tailored pressure on the host governments in question and raise this issue systematically in political and human rights dialogues; considers that EU actors could exert more positive conditionality by allocating additional funds to those governments allowing a wider space for civil society;

Representative for Human Rights to be more vocal, consistent and timely in expressing objections to restrictive CSO laws and to exert effective and tailored pressure on the host governments in question and raise this issue systematically in political and human rights dialogues; calls on the EEAS to monitor trial proceedings of human rights defenders; considers that EU actors could exert more positive conditionality by allocating additional funds to those governments allowing a wider space for civil society;

Or. en

Amendment 35 Paulo Rangel

Draft opinion

Draft opinion

3. Calls on the Commission, the European External Action Service (EEAS), the Member States and the EU Special Representative for Human Rights to be more vocal, consistent and timely in expressing objections to restrictive CSO laws and to exert effective and tailored pressure on the host governments in question and raise this issue systematically in political and human rights dialogues; considers that EU actors could exert more positive conditionality by allocating additional funds to those governments allowing a wider space for civil society;

Amendment

3. Calls on the Commission, the European External Action Service (EEAS), the Member States and the EU Special Representative for Human Rights to be more vocal, consistent and timely in expressing objections to restrictive CSO laws and to exert effective and tailored pressure on the host governments in question and raise this issue systematically in political and human rights dialogues; considers that EU actors could exert more positive conditionality by allocating additional funds to those governments of developing countries that grant greater autonomy to civil society;

Or. pt

Amendment 36 Louis Michel

Draft opinion

3. Calls on the Commission, the European External Action Service (EEAS), the Member States and the EU Special Representative for Human Rights to be more vocal, consistent and timely in expressing objections to restrictive CSO laws and to exert effective and tailored pressure on the host governments in question and raise this issue systematically in political and human rights dialogues; considers that EU actors could exert more positive conditionality by allocating additional funds to those governments allowing a wider space for civil society;

Amendment

3. Calls on the Commission, the European External Action Service (EEAS), the Member States and the EU Special Representative for Human Rights to be more vocal, consistent and timely in expressing objections to restrictive CSO laws and *practices and* to exert effective and tailored pressure on the host governments in question and raise this issue systematically in political and human rights dialogues; considers that EU actors could exert more positive conditionality by allocating additional funds to those governments allowing a wider space for civil society;

Or. nl

Amendment 37 Tokia Saïfi, Maurice Ponga

Draft opinion

Draft opinion

Amendment

3a. Recalls the importance to the Union of establishing an inclusive human rights dialogue with all partner States, with the participation of civil society organisations; calls on both the Union and Member States to step up their good governance programmes with third countries and to promote exchanges of good practices with regard to the inclusion and participation of civil society organisations in decision-making processes;

Or. fr

Amendment 38 James Carver

PE605.959v01-00 22/35 AM\1127082EN.docx

Draft opinion

4. Calls on all EU actors to advocate more effectively in multilateral fora the strengthening of the international legal framework underpinning democracy and human rights, inter alia by engaging with regional organisations such as the Organisation of American States (OAS), the African Union (AU), the Association of Southeast Asian Nations (ASEAN) and the Community of Democracies Working Group on Enabling and Protecting Civil Society;

Amendment

deleted

Or. en

Amendment 39 Soraya Post

Draft opinion

Draft opinion

4. Calls on all EU actors to advocate more effectively in multilateral fora the strengthening of the international legal framework underpinning democracy and human rights, inter alia by engaging with regional organisations such as the Organisation of American States (OAS), the African Union (AU), the Association of Southeast Asian Nations (ASEAN) and the Community of Democracies Working Group on Enabling and Protecting Civil Society;

Amendment

Calls on all EU actors to advocate more effectively in multilateral for the strengthening of the international legal framework underpinning democracy and human rights, inter alia by engaging with multilateral organisations including the UN Special Procedures and the UN Human Rights Council's Universal Periodic Review (UPR) mechanism and regional organisations such as the Organisation of American States (OAS), the African Union (AU), the Association of Southeast Asian Nations (ASEAN) and the Community of Democracies Working Group on Enabling and Protecting Civil Society;

Or. en

Amendment 40 Javier Nart, María Teresa Giménez Barbat

Draft opinion

Draft opinion

4. Calls on all EU actors to advocate more effectively in multilateral fora the strengthening of the international legal framework underpinning democracy and human rights, inter alia by engaging with regional organisations such as the Organisation of American States (OAS), the African Union (AU), the Association of Southeast Asian Nations (ASEAN) and the Community of Democracies Working Group on Enabling and Protecting Civil Society;

Amendment

4. Calls on all EU actors to advocate more effectively in multilateral fora the strengthening of the international legal framework underpinning democracy and human rights, inter alia by engaging with *the UN and with* regional organisations such as the Organisation of American States (OAS), the African Union (AU), the Association of Southeast Asian Nations (ASEAN) and the Community of Democracies Working Group on Enabling and Protecting Civil Society;

Or. en

Amendment 41 Paulo Rangel

Draft opinion

Draft opinion

4. Calls on all EU actors to advocate more effectively in multilateral fora the strengthening of the international legal framework underpinning democracy and human rights, inter alia by engaging with regional organisations such as the Organisation of American States (OAS), the African Union (AU), the Association of Southeast Asian Nations (ASEAN) and the Community of Democracies Working Group on Enabling and Protecting Civil Society;

Amendment

4. Calls on all EU actors to advocate more effectively in multilateral fora the strengthening of the international legal framework underpinning democracy and human rights, inter alia by engaging with regional organisations such as the Organisation of American States (OAS), the African Union (AU), the Association of Southeast Asian Nations (ASEAN), the League of Arab States (LAS) and the Community of Democracies Working Group on Enabling and Protecting Civil Society;

Or. pt

Amendment 42 Andi Cristea

Draft opinion

Draft opinion

Amendment

4 a. Considers that it is necessary to promote tripartite dialogues between government, EU and CSOs, including on difficult issues such as security and migration;

Or. en

Amendment 43 Ruža Tomašić

Draft opinion

Draft opinion

Amendment

4a. Stresses the need for additional monitoring and reviewing of the expenditure of EU funds earmarked for the actions of civil society organisations;

Or. hr

Amendment 44 James Carver

Draft opinion

Draft opinion

Amendment

5. Requests the establishment of a 'Shrinking Space Early Warning' mechanism, with the involvement of the relevant EU institutions, capable of issuing an alert when a given government is preparing serious new restrictions against civil society so that the EU is able to respond in a timelier, coordinated and

deleted

Amendment 45
Klaus Buchner
on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Draft opinion

Draft opinion

5. Requests the establishment of a 'Shrinking Space Early Warning' mechanism, with the involvement of the relevant EU institutions, capable of issuing an alert when a given government is preparing serious new restrictions against civil society so that the EU is able to respond in a timelier, coordinated and tangible manner;

Amendment

5. Requests the establishment of a 'Shrinking Space *Monitoring and* Early Warning' mechanism, with the involvement of the relevant EU institutions, capable of *monitoring threats against civil society space and human rights defenders, and* issuing an alert when a given government is preparing serious new restrictions against civil society so that the EU is able to respond in a timelier, coordinated and tangible manner;

Or. en

Amendment 46 Ádám Kósa, László Tőkés

Draft opinion

Draft opinion

5. Requests the establishment of a 'Shrinking Space *Early Warning*' mechanism, with the involvement of the relevant EU institutions, capable of issuing an alert when a *given government* is preparing serious new restrictions against civil society so that the EU is able to *respond in a* timelier, coordinated *and tangible* manner;

Amendment

5. Requests the establishment of a 'Shrinking Space' mechanism, with the involvement of the relevant EU institutions, capable of issuing an alert when a developing country is preparing serious new restrictions against civil society so that the EU is able to begin negotiations with the government in question to better understand the problem and to find a solution together with the government in timelier, coordinated tangible and democratic manner;

PE605.959v01-00 26/35 AM\1127082EN.docx

Amendment 47 Renate Weber, Marietje Schaake, Louis Michel, Petras Auštrevičius

Draft opinion

Draft opinion

5. Requests the establishment of a 'Shrinking Space Early Warning' mechanism, with the involvement of the relevant EU institutions, capable of issuing an alert when a given government is preparing serious new restrictions against civil society so that the EU is able to respond in a timelier, coordinated and tangible manner;

Amendment

5. Requests the establishment of a 'Shrinking Space Early Warning' mechanism, with the involvement of the relevant EU institutions, capable of issuing an alert when a given government is preparing serious new restrictions against civil society, or when the government is using so-called government-organized non-governmental organisations (GONGOs) to simulate the existence of independent civil society, so that the EU is able to respond in a timelier, coordinated and tangible manner;

Or. en

Amendment 48 Paulo Rangel

Draft opinion

Draft opinion

5. Requests the establishment of a 'Shrinking Space Early Warning' mechanism, with the involvement of the relevant EU institutions, capable of issuing an alert when a given government is preparing serious new restrictions against civil society so that the EU is able to respond in a timelier, coordinated and tangible manner;

Amendment

5. Requests the establishment of a 'Shrinking Space Early Warning' mechanism, with the involvement of the relevant EU institutions, *in particular with the support of the EU delegations*, capable of issuing an alert when *there are indications that* a given government is preparing serious new restrictions against civil society so that the EU is able to respond in a timelier, coordinated and tangible manner;

Or. pt

Amendment 49 Georgios Epitideios

Draft opinion

Draft opinion

5. Requests the establishment of a 'Shrinking Space Early Warning' mechanism, with the involvement of the relevant EU institutions, capable of issuing an alert when a given government is preparing serious *new restrictions against* civil society so that the EU is able to respond in a timelier, coordinated *and tangible* manner;

Amendment

5. Requests the establishment of a 'Shrinking Space Early Warning' mechanism, with the involvement of the relevant EU institutions, capable of issuing an alert when a given government is preparing serious *institutional changes affecting* civil society so that the EU is able to *examine them objectively and* respond in a timelier, coordinated, *open and impartial* manner;

Or. el

Amendment 50 Soraya Post

Draft opinion

Draft opinion

5. Requests the establishment of a 'Shrinking Space Early Warning' mechanism, with the involvement of the relevant EU institutions, capable of issuing an alert when a given government is preparing serious new restrictions against civil society so that the EU is able to respond in a timelier, coordinated and tangible manner;

Amendment

5. Requests the establishment of a 'Shrinking Space Early Warning' mechanism, with the involvement of the relevant EU institutions, capable of issuing an alert when a given government, including a EU Member State government, is preparing serious new restrictions against civil society so that the EU is able to respond in a timelier, coordinated and tangible manner;

Or. en

Amendment 51 Klaus Buchner on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

PE605.959v01-00 28/35 AM\1127082EN.docx

Draft opinion

Amendment

5 a. Commits to establish, on an annual basis and in close consultation with relevant institutional and NGO actors, a list of countries where civil society space is most under threat and to use it as a benchmark against which to assess the engagement of the EU and its Member States with these countries;

Amendment

Or. en

Amendment 52 James Carver

Draft opinion

Draft opinion

deleted

6. Calls on the Commission to increase the European Instrument for Democracy and Human Rights (EIDHR) funds relevant to the shrinking space, since the annual sums per country are at an extremely low level; calls on the Commission to identify new forms of activism to be funded by the EIDHR and to put in place a more flexible and simplified procedure for accessing EIDHR funding, including more significant exceptions for those CSOs in particular danger and support for unregistered groups; considers that greater emphasis should be put on local groups and actors, since human rights issues are often experienced in a more real and acute way at local level;

Or. en

Amendment 53

Georgios Epitideios

Draft opinion

Draft opinion

6. Calls on the Commission to increase the European Instrument for Democracy and Human Rights (EIDHR) funds relevant to the shrinking space, since the annual sums per country are at an extremely low level; calls on the Commission to identify new forms of activism to be funded by the EIDHR and to put in place a more flexible and simplified procedure for accessing EIDHR funding, including more significant exceptions for those CSOs in particular danger and support for unregistered groups; considers that greater emphasis should be put on local groups and actors, since human rights issues are often experienced in a more real and acute way at local level;

Amendment

6. considers that greater emphasis should be put on local groups and actors, since human rights issues are often experienced in a more real and acute way at local level;

Or. el

Amendment 54 Ruža Tomašić

Draft opinion

Draft opinion

6. Calls on the Commission to increase the European Instrument for Democracy and Human Rights (EIDHR) funds relevant to the shrinking space, since the annual sums per country are at an extremely low level; calls on the Commission to identify new forms of activism to be funded by the EIDHR and to put in place a more flexible and simplified procedure for accessing EIDHR funding, including more significant exceptions for those CSOs in particular danger and support for unregistered groups; considers

Amendment

6. *calls* on the Commission to identify new forms of activism to be funded by the EIDHR and to put in place a more flexible and simplified procedure for accessing EIDHR funding, including more significant exceptions for those CSOs in particular danger and support for unregistered groups; considers that greater emphasis should be put on local groups and actors, since human rights issues are often experienced in a more real and acute way at local level;

PE605.959v01-00 30/35 AM\1127082EN.docx

that greater emphasis should be put on local groups and actors, since human rights issues are often experienced in a more real and acute way at local level;

Or. hr

Amendment 55 Ádám Kósa, László Tőkés

Draft opinion

Draft opinion

6. Calls on the Commission to increase the European Instrument for Democracy and Human Rights (EIDHR) funds relevant to the shrinking space, since the annual sums per country are at an extremely low level; calls on the Commission to identify new forms of activism to be funded by the EIDHR and to put in place a more flexible and simplified procedure for accessing EIDHR funding, including more significant exceptions for those CSOs in particular danger and support for unregistered groups; considers that greater emphasis should be put on local groups and actors, since human rights issues are often experienced in a more real and acute way at local level;

Amendment

6. Calls on the Commission to increase the European Instrument for Democracy and Human Rights (EIDHR) funds relevant to the shrinking space, since the annual sums per country are at an extremely low level; calls on the Commission to identify new forms of activism to be funded by the EIDHR and to put in place a more flexible and simplified procedure for accessing EIDHR funding; considers that greater emphasis should be put on local groups and actors, since human rights issues are often experienced at local level;

Or. en

Amendment 56
Klaus Buchner
on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Draft opinion

Draft opinion

6. Calls on the Commission to increase the European Instrument for Democracy and Human Rights (EIDHR)

Amendment

6. Calls on the Commission to increase the European Instrument for Democracy and Human Rights (EIDHR)

AM\1127082EN.docx 31/35 PE605.959v01-00

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funds relevant to the shrinking space, since the annual sums per country are at an extremely low level; calls on the Commission to identify new forms of activism to be funded by the EIDHR and to put in place a more flexible and simplified procedure for accessing EIDHR funding, including more significant exceptions for those CSOs in particular danger and support for unregistered groups; considers that greater emphasis should be put on local groups and actors, since human rights issues are often experienced in a more real and acute way at local level:

funds relevant to the shrinking space and to human rights defenders; calls on the Commission to identify new forms of activism to be funded by the EIDHR, to have a comprehensive approach to civil society organizations, which includes trade unions and social movements, and to continue its efforts to put in place a more flexible and simplified procedure for accessing EIDHR funding, including for those CSOs in particular danger and support for unregistered groups; considers that greater emphasis should be put on support to local groups and actors at local level; reiterates the importance of the EIDHR in providing urgent direct financial and material support for HRDs at risk and the emergency fund that allows the EU Delegations to give direct ad-hoc grants to defenders at risk;

Or. en

Amendment 57 Soraya Post

Draft opinion

Draft opinion

6. Calls on the Commission to increase the European Instrument for Democracy and Human Rights (EIDHR) funds relevant to the shrinking space, since the annual sums per country are at an extremely low level; calls on the Commission to identify new forms of activism to be funded by the EIDHR and to put in place a more flexible and simplified procedure for accessing EIDHR funding, including more significant exceptions for those CSOs in particular danger and support for unregistered groups; considers that greater emphasis should be put on local groups and actors, since human rights issues are often experienced in a more real and acute way at local level;

Amendment

Calls on the Commission to 6. increase the European Instrument for Democracy and Human Rights (EIDHR) funds relevant to the shrinking space, since the annual sums per country are at an extremely low level; calls on the Commission to identify new forms of activism to be funded by the EIDHR and to put in place a more flexible and simplified procedure for accessing EIDHR funding, especially towards youth, including more significant exceptions for those CSOs in particular danger and support for unregistered groups; considers that greater emphasis should be put on local groups and actors, since human rights issues are often experienced in a more real and acute way at local level; while recognizing the

PE605.959v01-00 32/35 AM\1127082EN.docx

importance of coalitions or consortiums of international and national civil society actors to facilitate and protect the work of local NGOs against repressive measures;

Or. en

Amendment 58 Marietje Schaake

Draft opinion

Draft opinion

Calls on the Commission to 6 *increase* the European Instrument for Democracy and Human Rights (EIDHR) funds relevant to the shrinking space, since the annual sums per country are at an extremely low level; calls on the Commission to identify new forms of activism to be funded by the EIDHR and to put in place a more flexible and simplified procedure for accessing EIDHR funding, including more significant exceptions for those CSOs in particular danger and support for unregistered groups; considers that greater emphasis should be put on local groups and actors, since human rights issues are often experienced in a more real and acute way at local level;

Amendment

Calls on the Commission 6 to allocate specific budget lines under the European Instrument for Democracy and Human Rights (EIDHR) to address the shrinking space, *deplores that* annual sums per country are at an extremely low level; calls on the Commission to identify new forms of activism to be funded by the EIDHR and to put in place a more flexible and simplified procedure for accessing EIDHR funding, including more significant exceptions for those CSOs in particular danger and support for unregistered groups; considers that greater emphasis should be put on local groups and actors, since human rights issues are often experienced in a more real and acute way at local level;

Or. en

Amendment 59 Javier Nart, María Teresa Giménez Barbat

Draft opinion

Draft opinion

Amendment

6 a. Call on the Commission, the EEAS and the Member States to promote an effective, joint implementation of the

EU Guidelines for Human Rights Defenders in all third countries where civil society is at risk by adopting local strategies for their full operationalization;

Or. en

Amendment 60 James Carver

Draft opinion

Draft opinion

7. Calls on the Commission and the EEAS to establish best practices and to develop clear benchmarks and indicators related to shrinking space in the context of the EU Action Plan on Human Rights and Democracy and the EIDHR mid-term review in order to measure tangible progress.

Amendment

deleted

Or. en

Amendment 61 Soraya Post

Draft opinion

Draft opinion

7. Calls on the Commission and the EEAS to establish best practices and to develop clear benchmarks and indicators related to shrinking space in the context of the EU Action Plan on Human Rights and Democracy and the EIDHR mid-term review in order to measure tangible progress.

Amendment

7. Calls on the Commission and the EEAS to establish best practices and to develop clear *gender-inclusive* benchmarks and indicators related to shrinking space in the context of the EU Action Plan on Human Rights and Democracy, *the Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment: Transforming the Lives of Girls and Women through EU External Relations 2016-2020*, and the EIDHR mid-term review in order to measure tangible progress.

PE605.959v01-00 34/35 AM\1127082EN.docx