### **European Parliament**

2014-2019



### Committee on Agriculture and Rural Development

2018/0231(COD)

12.11.2018

# **AMENDMENTS 36 - 167**

**Draft opinion Sofia Ribeiro** (PE623.920v01-00)

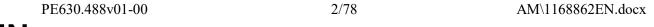
Establishing the Programme for single market, competitiveness of enterprises, including small and medium-sized enterprises, and European statistics

Proposal for a regulation (COM(2018)0441 – C8-0254/2018 – 2018/0231(COD))

AM\1168862EN.docx PE630.488v01-00

United in diversity

AM\_Com\_LegOpinion



### Amendment 36 Philippe Loiseau, Jacques Colombier

# Proposal for a regulation Recital 1

Text proposed by the Commission

deleted

*(1)* The internal market is a cornerstone of the Union. Since its inception, it has proved a major contributor to growth, competitiveness and employment. It has generated new opportunities and economies of scale for European businesses, notably micro, small and medium sized enterprises (SMEs), and strengthened their industrial competitiveness. The internal market contributed to the creation of jobs and offered greater choice at lower prices for consumers. It continues to be an engine for building a stronger, more balanced and fairer economy. It is one of the Union's major achievements and its best asset in an increasingly global world.

Or. fr

Amendment 37 Maria Lidia Senra Rodríguez

Proposal for a regulation Recital 1 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

Amendment

(1a) The internal market policy has also resulted in losers, increasing inequalities between Member States and regions within Member States in terms of income levels, wages, services, relocation of production and businesses, industrial production, etc.

Or. es

### Amendment 38 Miguel Viegas

## Proposal for a regulation Recital 2

Text proposed by the Commission

(2) The internal market has to continuously adapt to a rapidly changing environment of digital revolution and globalisation. A new era of digital innovation continues to provide opportunities for businesses and individuals, creates new products and business models but equally constitutes a challenge to regulation and enforcement.

#### Amendment

(2) The internal market has to continuously adapt to a rapidly changing environment of digital revolution and globalisation. A new era of digital innovation continues to provide opportunities for businesses and individuals, creates new products and business models but equally constitutes a challenge to regulation and enforcement. On the other hand, all market players require greater transparency regarding cost structures, the manufacturing processes and the origin of raw materials.

Or. pt

### Amendment 39 Maria Lidia Senra Rodríguez

# Proposal for a regulation Recital 2

Text proposed by the Commission

(2) The internal market has to continuously adapt to a rapidly changing environment of digital revolution and globalisation. A new era of digital innovation continues to provide opportunities for businesses and individuals, creates new products and business models but equally constitutes a challenge to regulation and enforcement.

#### Amendment

(2) The internal market has to continuously adapt to a rapidly changing environment of digital revolution and globalisation. A new era of digital innovation continues to provide opportunities for businesses and individuals, creates new products and business models but equally constitutes a challenge to regulation and enforcement as well as in terms of the exclusion of a substantial part of the population owing to the digital divide.

Or. es

### Amendment 40 Daniel Buda

# Proposal for a regulation Recital 2

Text proposed by the Commission

(2) The internal market has to continuously adapt to a rapidly changing environment of digital revolution and globalisation. A new era of digital innovation continues to provide opportunities for businesses and individuals, creates new products and business models but equally constitutes a challenge to regulation and enforcement.

#### Amendment

(2) The internal market has to continuously adapt to a rapidly changing environment of digital revolution and globalisation. A new era of digital innovation continues to provide opportunities for businesses and individuals, by ensuring access to finance for the latest generation of technologies, and creates new products and business models, but equally constitutes a challenge to regulation and enforcement.

Or. ro

# Amendment 41 Daniel Buda

# Proposal for a regulation Recital 3

Text proposed by the Commission

(3) The substantial body of Union legislation underpins the functioning of the internal market. This concerns, in particular, competitiveness, standardisation, consumer protection, market surveillance and food chain regulation but also rules concerning business, trade and financial transactions and the promotion of fair competition providing for a level playing field essential for the functioning of the internal market.

#### Amendment

(3) The substantial body of Union legislation underpins the functioning of the internal market. This concerns, in particular, competitiveness, standardisation, consumer protection, market surveillance and food chain regulation but also rules concerning business, trade and financial transactions and the promotion of fair competition providing for a level playing field *by combating unfair practices, which is* essential for the functioning of the internal market.

Or. ro

### **Amendment 42**

### Philippe Loiseau, Jacques Colombier

# Proposal for a regulation Recital 3

Text proposed by the Commission

(3) The substantial body of Union legislation underpins the functioning of the internal market. This concerns, in particular, competitiveness, standardisation, consumer protection, market *surveillance and* food chain *regulation* but also rules concerning business, trade and financial transactions *and the promotion of fair competition* providing for a level playing field essential for the functioning of the internal market.

#### Amendment

(3) The substantial body of Union legislation underpins the functioning of the internal market. This concerns, in particular, competitiveness, standardisation, consumer protection, excessive market liberalisation and catastrophic deregulation of the food chain, but also rules concerning business, trade and financial transactions providing for a level playing field essential for the functioning of the internal market.

Or. fr

### Amendment 43 Philippe Loiseau, Jacques Colombier

# Proposal for a regulation Recital 4

Text proposed by the Commission

(4) Still, barriers to the *proper* functioning of the internal market remain and *the* new obstacles *emerge*. Adopting rules is only a first step, *but* making them work is *as* important. This is ultimately a matter of citizens' trust in the Union, in its capacity to deliver, and ability to create jobs and growth while protecting the public interest.

### Amendment

(4) Still, barriers to the functioning of the internal market remain and new obstacles *are emerging*. Adopting rules is only a first step: making them work is *equally* important. This is ultimately a matter of citizens' trust in the Union, in its capacity to deliver, and ability to create jobs and growth while protecting the public interest.

Or. fr

Amendment 44 Daniel Buda

Proposal for a regulation Recital 6

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### Text proposed by the Commission

(6) The development, production and dissemination of European statistics are subject to a separate European Statistical Programme established by Regulation (EU) No 99/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council<sup>47</sup>. In order to provide continuity of producing and disseminating European statistics, the new programme should also include activities covered by the European Statistical Programme by providing a framework for the development, production and dissemination of European statistics. The new programme should establish the financial framework for European statistics to provide high-quality, comparable and reliable statistics on Europe in order to underpin the design, implementation, monitoring and evaluation of all Union policies.

#### Amendment

The development, production and dissemination of European statistics are subject to a separate European Statistical Programme established by Regulation (EU) No 99/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council<sup>47</sup>. In order to provide continuity of producing and disseminating European statistics, the new programme should also include activities covered by the European Statistical Programme by providing a framework for the development, production and dissemination of European statistics. The new programme should establish the financial framework for European statistics to provide *the latest* high-quality, comparable and reliable statistics on Europe, in a format easily accessible by users, in order to underpin the design, implementation, monitoring and evaluation of all Union policies.

Or. ro

### Amendment 45 Nicola Caputo

# Proposal for a regulation Recital 8

Text proposed by the Commission

(8) The Programme should support the design, implementation and enforcement of Union legislation underpinning the proper functioning of the internal market. The Programme should support the creation of the right conditions to empower all actors of the internal market: businesses, citizens including consumers, civil society and

#### Amendment

(8) The Programme should support the design, implementation and enforcement of Union legislation underpinning the proper functioning of the internal market. The Programme should support the creation of the right conditions to empower all actors of the internal market: businesses, citizens including consumers, civil society and

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>47</sup> Regulation (EU) No 99/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 January 2013 on the European statistical programme 2013-17 (OJ L 39, 9.2.2013, p 12).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>47</sup> Regulation (EU) No 99/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 January 2013 on the European statistical programme 2013-17 (OJ L 39, 9.2.2013, p 12).

public authorities. To that end, the Programme should aim to ensure the competitiveness of businesses, notably SMEs, but also supporting the enforcement of consumer protection and safety rules and by raising the awareness of businesses and individuals by providing them with the right tools, knowledge and competence to make informed decisions and strengthen their participation in Union's policymaking. Furthermore, the Programme should aim to enhance regulatory and administrative cooperation, notably through exchange of best practices, building of knowledge and competence bases, including the use of strategic public procurement. The Programme should also aim to support the development of highquality international standards that underpin the implementation of Union legislation. This also includes standard setting in the field of financial reporting and audit, thereby contributing to the transparency and well-functioning of the Union's capital markets and to enhancing investor protection. The Programme should support rulemaking and standard setting also by ensuring the broadest possible stakeholder involvement. The objective of the Programme should also be to support the implementation and enforcement of Union legislation providing for a high level of health for humans, animals and plants along the food chain and the improvement of the welfare of animals.

public authorities. To that end, the Programme should aim to ensure the competitiveness of businesses, notably SMEs, but also supporting *job creation*, local economic development and the enforcement of consumer protection and safety rules and by raising the awareness of businesses and individuals by providing them with the right tools, knowledge and competence to make informed decisions and strengthen their participation in Union's policy-making. Furthermore, the Programme should aim to enhance regulatory and administrative cooperation, notably through exchange of best practices, building of knowledge and competence bases, including the use of strategic public procurement. The Programme should also aim to support the development of highquality international standards that underpin the implementation of Union legislation. This also includes standard setting in the field of financial reporting and audit, thereby contributing to the transparency and well-functioning of the Union's capital markets and to enhancing investor protection. The Programme should support rulemaking and standard setting also by ensuring the broadest possible stakeholder involvement. The objective of the Programme should also be to support the implementation and enforcement of Union legislation providing for a high level of health for humans, animals and plants along the food chain and the improvement of the welfare of animals.

Or. en

#### Justification

The Programme should also focus on the development of local economies which leads to the creation of jobs.

Amendment 46 Philippe Loiseau, Jacques Colombier

Proposal for a regulation Recital 8

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- (8) The Programme should support the design, implementation and enforcement of Union legislation underpinning the *proper* functioning of the internal market. The Programme should support the creation of the right conditions to empower all actors of the internal market: businesses, citizens including consumers, civil society and public authorities. To that end, the Programme should aim to ensure the competitiveness of businesses, notably SMEs, but also supporting the enforcement of consumer protection and safety rules and by raising the awareness of businesses and individuals by providing them with the right tools, knowledge and competence to make informed decisions and strengthen their participation in Union's policymaking. Furthermore, the Programme should aim to enhance regulatory and administrative cooperation, notably through exchange of best practices, building of knowledge and competence bases, including the use of strategic public procurement. The Programme should also aim to support the development of highquality international standards that underpin the implementation of Union legislation. This also includes *standard* setting in the field of financial reporting and audit, thereby contributing to the transparency and well-functioning of the Union's capital markets and to enhancing investor protection. The Programme should support rulemaking and standard setting also by ensuring the broadest possible stakeholder involvement. The objective of the Programme should also be to support the implementation and enforcement of Union legislation providing for a high level of health for humans, animals and plants along the food chain and the improvement of the welfare of animals.
- (8) The Programme should support the design, implementation and enforcement of Union legislation underpinning the functioning of the internal market. The Programme should support the creation of the right conditions to empower all actors of the internal market: businesses, citizens including consumers, civil society and public authorities. To that end, the Programme should aim to ensure the competitiveness of businesses, notably SMEs, but also supporting the enforcement of consumer protection and safety rules and by raising the awareness of businesses and individuals by providing them with the right tools, knowledge and competence to make informed decisions and strengthen their participation in Union's policymaking. Furthermore, the Programme should aim to enhance regulatory and administrative cooperation, notably through exchange of best practices, building of knowledge and competence bases, including the use of strategic public procurement. The Programme should also aim to support the development of standards that underpin the implementation of Union legislation. This also includes standard-setting in the field of financial reporting and audit, thereby contributing to the transparency and *proper* functioning of the Union's capital markets. The Programme should support rulemaking and standard setting also by ensuring the broadest possible stakeholder involvement. The objective of the Programme should also be to support the implementation and enforcement of Union legislation providing for a high level of health for humans, animals and plants along the food chain and the improvement of the welfare of animals and of the profitability of farms.

Or. fr

### Amendment 47 Philippe Loiseau, Jacques Colombier

# Proposal for a regulation Recital 9

Text proposed by the Commission

(9) A modern internal market promotes competition and benefits consumers, businesses and employees. Making better use of the ever evolving internal market in services should help European businesses create jobs and grow across borders, offer wider choice of services at better prices, and maintain high standards for consumers and workers. To achieve this, the Programme should contribute to the removal of remaining barriers, and to ensure a regulatory framework that can accommodate new innovative business models.

#### Amendment

(9) A modern internal market promotes competition and *may benefit* consumers, businesses and employees.

Or. fr

### Amendment 48 Maria Lidia Senra Rodríguez

# Proposal for a regulation Recital 9

Text proposed by the Commission

(9) A modern internal market promotes competition and benefits consumers, businesses and employees. Making better use of the ever evolving internal market in services should help European businesses create jobs and grow across borders, offer wider choice of services at better prices, and maintain high standards for consumers and workers. To achieve this, the Programme should contribute to the removal of remaining barriers, and to ensure a regulatory framework that can accommodate new innovative business models.

### Amendment

(9) A modern internal market promotes competition and, in some cases, benefits consumers, businesses and employees whilst exacerbating inequalities between the most disadvantaged and most favoured areas. Making better use of the ever evolving internal market in services should help European businesses create jobs and grow across borders, offer wider choice of services at better prices, and maintain high standards for consumers and workers. To achieve this, the Programme should contribute to the removal of remaining barriers, and to ensure a regulatory framework that can accommodate new innovative business

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### Amendment 49 Maria Gabriela Zoană

# Proposal for a regulation Recital 9

Text proposed by the Commission

(9) A modern internal market promotes competition and benefits consumers, businesses and employees. Making better use of the ever evolving internal market in services should help European businesses create jobs and grow across borders, offer wider choice of services at better prices, and maintain high standards for consumers and workers. To achieve this, the Programme should contribute to the removal of remaining barriers, and to ensure a regulatory framework that can accommodate new innovative business models.

#### Amendment

(9) A modern internal market promotes competition and benefits consumers, businesses and employees. Making better use of the ever evolving internal market in services should help European businesses, irrespective of their size, create new jobs and grow across borders, offer a wider choice of services at better prices, and maintain high standards for consumers and workers. To achieve this, the Programme should contribute to the removal of remaining barriers, and to ensure a regulatory framework that can accommodate new innovative business models.

Or. ro

# Amendment 50 Daniel Buda

# Proposal for a regulation Recital 9

Text proposed by the Commission

(9) A modern internal market promotes competition and benefits consumers, businesses and employees. Making better use of the ever evolving internal market in services should help European businesses create jobs and grow across borders, offer wider choice of services at better prices, and maintain high standards for consumers and workers. To achieve this, the

#### Amendment

(9) A modern internal market promotes competition and benefits consumers, businesses and employees. Making better use of the ever evolving internal market in services should help European businesses create jobs and grow across borders, offer wider choice of services at better prices, and maintain high standards for consumers and workers. To achieve this, the

Programme should contribute to the removal of remaining barriers, and to ensure a regulatory framework that can accommodate new innovative business models

Programme should contribute to the removal of remaining barriers, and to ensure a regulatory framework that can accommodate new innovative business models *and start-up type initiatives*.

Or. ro

Amendment 51 Maria Lidia Senra Rodríguez

# Proposal for a regulation Recital 10

Text proposed by the Commission

Regulatory obstacles in the internal market have been removed for many industrial products through prevention mechanisms, the adoption of common rules and, where no such Union rules exist, through the principle of mutual recognition. In areas where no Union legislation exists, the principle of mutual recognition means that goods that are lawfully marketed in one Member State enjoy the right to free movement and can be sold in another Member State. However, inadequate application of mutual recognition makes it harder for companies to access markets in other Member States. Despite the high degree of market integration in the area of goods, this leads to lost opportunities for the economy at large. The Programme should therefore aim to improve the application of mutual recognition in the area of goods and to reduce the number of illegal and noncompliant goods entering the market.

#### Amendment

*10.* Regulatory obstacles in the internal market have been removed for many industrial products through prevention mechanisms, the adoption of common rules and, where no such Union rules exist, through the principle of mutual recognition. In areas where no Union legislation exists, the principle of mutual recognition means that goods that are lawfully marketed in one Member State enjoy the right to free movement and can be sold in another Member State. with the socio-economic distortions and environmental footprint that this generates. However, inadequate application of mutual recognition makes it harder for companies to access markets in other Member States. Despite the high degree of market integration in the area of goods, this leads to lost opportunities for the economy at large.

Or. es

Amendment 52 Maria Gabriela Zoană

Proposal for a regulation Recital 10

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### Text proposed by the Commission

### Regulatory obstacles in the internal (10)market have been removed for many industrial products through prevention mechanisms, the adoption of common rules and, where no such Union rules exist, through the principle of mutual recognition. In areas where no Union legislation exists, the principle of mutual recognition means that goods that are lawfully marketed in one Member State enjoy the right to free movement and can be sold in another Member State. However, inadequate application of mutual recognition makes it harder for companies to access markets in other Member States. Despite the high degree of market integration in the area of goods, this leads to lost opportunities for the economy at large. The Programme should therefore aim to improve the application of mutual recognition in the area of goods and to reduce the number of illegal and noncompliant goods entering the market.

#### Amendment

Regulatory obstacles in the internal (10)market have been removed for many industrial products through prevention mechanisms, the adoption of common rules and, where no such Union rules exist, through the principle of mutual recognition. In areas where no Union legislation exists, the principle of mutual recognition means that goods that are lawfully marketed in one Member State enjoy the right to free movement and can be sold in another Member State. However, inadequate application of mutual recognition makes it harder for companies to access markets in other Member States. especially in the case of companies operating across borders. Despite the high degree of market integration in the area of goods, this leads to lost opportunities for the economy at large. The Programme should therefore aim to improve the application of mutual recognition in the area of goods and to reduce the number of illegal and non-compliant goods entering the market.

Or. ro

### Amendment 53 Daniel Buda

# Proposal for a regulation Recital 10

Text proposed by the Commission

(10) Regulatory obstacles in the internal market have been removed for many industrial products through prevention mechanisms, the adoption of common rules and, where no such Union rules exist, through the principle of mutual recognition. In areas where no Union legislation exists, the principle of mutual recognition means that goods that are lawfully marketed in one Member State

### Amendment

(10) Regulatory obstacles in the internal market have been removed for many industrial products through prevention mechanisms, the adoption of common rules and, where no such Union rules exist, through the principle of mutual recognition. In areas where no Union legislation exists, the principle of mutual recognition means that goods that are lawfully marketed in one Member State

enjoy the right to free movement and can be sold in another Member State. However, inadequate application of mutual recognition makes it harder for companies to access markets in other Member States. Despite the high degree of market integration in the area of goods, this leads to lost opportunities for the economy at large. The Programme should therefore aim to improve the application of mutual recognition in the area of goods and to reduce the number of illegal and noncompliant goods entering the market.

enjoy the right to free movement and can be sold in another Member State. However, inadequate application of mutual recognition makes it harder for companies to access markets in other Member States. Despite the high degree of market integration in the area of goods, this leads to lost opportunities for the economy at large. The Programme should therefore aim to improve the application of mutual recognition in the area of goods and to reduce the number of illegal and noncompliant goods entering the market *or of ones that may impact on consumer health*.

Or. ro

### Amendment 54 Bas Belder

# Proposal for a regulation Recital 11

Text proposed by the Commission

(11) New regulatory and enforcement challenges relate to a rapidly changing environment of the digital revolution, concerning issues such as cybersecurity, internet of things or artificial intelligence. Should damage occur, stringent rules on product safety and liability are essential to ensure a policy response that allows European citizens, including consumers and businesses, to benefit from such rules. The Programme should therefore contribute to the rapid adaptation and enforcement of a Union product liability regime which fosters innovation.

#### Amendment

New regulatory and enforcement (11)challenges relate to a rapidly changing environment of the digital revolution, concerning issues such as cybersecurity, internet of things or artificial intelligence. Should damage occur, stringent rules on product safety and liability that are clearly and comprehensibly formulated are essential to ensure a policy response that allows European citizens, including consumers and businesses, to benefit from such rules. The Programme should therefore contribute to the rapid adaptation and enforcement of a Union product liability regime which fosters innovation.

Or. nl

Amendment 55 Maria Gabriela Zoană

Proposal for a regulation

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#### Recital 12

#### Text proposed by the Commission

Placing on the market of products that are not compliant with Union law puts those who comply at disadvantage and may endanger consumers. Many entrepreneurs disregard the rules either through lack of knowledge or intentionally to gain a competitive advantage. Market surveillance authorities are often underfunded and constrained by national boundaries, while entrepreneurs trade at Union or even global level. In particular, in the case of e-commerce, market surveillance authorities have great difficulties in tracing non-compliant products imported from third countries and identifying the responsible entity within their jurisdiction. The Programme should therefore seek to strengthen product compliance by providing the right incentives to entrepreneurs, intensifying compliance checks and promoting closer cross-border cooperation among enforcement authorities. The Programme should also contribute to the consolidation of the existing framework for market surveillance activities, encourage joint actions of market surveillance authorities from different Member States, improve the exchange of information and promote convergence and closer integration of market surveillance activities.

#### Amendment

Placing on the market of products that are not compliant with Union law or type-approved puts those who comply at a disadvantage and may endanger consumers. Many entrepreneurs disregard the rules either through lack of knowledge or intentionally to gain a competitive advantage. Market surveillance authorities are often underfunded and constrained by national boundaries, while entrepreneurs trade at Union level, at a cross-border level, or even at a global level. In particular, in the case of e-commerce, market surveillance authorities have great difficulties in tracing non-compliant products imported from third countries and identifying the responsible entity within their jurisdiction. The Programme should therefore seek to strengthen product compliance by providing the right incentives to entrepreneurs, intensifying compliance checks and promoting closer cross-border cooperation among enforcement authorities. The Programme should also contribute to the consolidation of the existing framework for market surveillance activities, encourage joint actions of market surveillance authorities from different Member States, improve the exchange of information and promote convergence and closer integration of market surveillance activities.

Or. ro

### Amendment 56 Philippe Loiseau, Jacques Colombier

# Proposal for a regulation Recital 12

Text proposed by the Commission

(12) Placing on the market of products that are not compliant with Union law puts

#### Amendment

(12) *The* placing on the market of products that are not compliant with Union

those who comply at disadvantage and may endanger consumers. Many entrepreneurs disregard the rules either through lack of knowledge or intentionally to gain a competitive advantage. Market surveillance authorities are often underfunded and constrained by national boundaries, while entrepreneurs trade at Union or even global level. In particular, in the case of e-commerce, market surveillance authorities have great difficulties in tracing non-compliant products imported from third countries and identifying the responsible entity within their jurisdiction. The Programme should therefore seek to strengthen product compliance by providing the right incentives to entrepreneurs, intensifying compliance checks and promoting closer cross-border cooperation among enforcement authorities. The Programme should also contribute to the consolidation of the existing framework for market surveillance activities, encourage joint actions of market surveillance authorities from different Member States, improve the exchange of information and promote convergence and closer integration of market surveillance activities.

law puts those who comply at a disadvantage and endangers producers and consumers. Many entrepreneurs disregard the rules either through lack of knowledge or intentionally to gain a competitive advantage. Market surveillance authorities are often underfunded, while entrepreneurs trade at Union or even global level. In particular, in the case of e-commerce, market surveillance authorities have great difficulties in tracing non-compliant products imported from third countries and identifying the responsible entity within their jurisdiction. The Programme should therefore seek to strengthen product compliance by providing the right incentives to entrepreneurs, intensifying compliance checks and promoting closer cross-border cooperation among enforcement authorities. The Programme should also contribute to the consolidation of the existing framework for market surveillance activities, encourage joint actions of market surveillance authorities from different Member States, improve the exchange of information and promote convergence and closer integration of market surveillance activities.

Or. fr

### Amendment 57 Philippe Loiseau, Jacques Colombier

# Proposal for a regulation Recital 13

Text proposed by the Commission

(13) Product safety is a common concern. The conformity assessment bodies verify whether products meet the safety requirements before they are placed on the market. It is therefore of paramount importance that the conformity assessment bodies are reliable and competent. The Union has put in place a system of accreditation of the conformity assessment PE630.488v01-00

#### Amendment

(13) Product safety is a common concern. The conformity assessment bodies verify whether products meet the safety requirements before they are placed on the market. It is therefore of paramount importance that the conformity assessment bodies are reliable and competent. The Union has put in place a system, *in respect of which there is room for improvement*,

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bodies, verifying their competence, impartiality and independence. The main challenge is now to keep the accreditation system in line with the latest state of the art and to ensure that it is applied with the same stringency across the Union. The Programme should therefore support measures to ensure that conformity assessment bodies continue fulfilling the regulatory requirements and to enhance the European accreditation system, in particular in new policy areas, by supporting the European co-operation for Accreditation (EA) referred to in Article 14 of Regulation (EC) No 765/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council<sup>48</sup>.

of accreditation of the conformity assessment bodies, verifying their competence, impartiality and independence. The main challenge is now to keep the accreditation system in line with the latest state of the art and to ensure that it is applied with the same stringency across the Union. The Programme should therefore support measures to ensure that conformity assessment bodies continue fulfilling the regulatory requirements and to enhance the European accreditation system, in particular in new policy areas, by supporting the European co-operation for Accreditation (EA) referred to in Article 14 of Regulation (EC) No 765/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council<sup>48</sup>.

<sup>48</sup> Regulation (EC) No 765/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 July 2008 setting out the requirements for accreditation and market surveillance relating to the marketing of products and repealing Regulation (EEC) No 339/93 (OJ L 218, 13.8.2008, p. 30).

Or. fr

### Amendment 58 Maria Gabriela Zoană

# Proposal for a regulation Recital 14

Text proposed by the Commission

(14) As consumer markets know no borders with the development of online trade and travel services, it is important to ensure that consumers residing in the Union can benefit from adequate protection when importing goods and services from economic operators based in third countries. The Programme should therefore allow supporting cooperation with relevant bodies located in key trading third country

#### Amendment

(14) As consumer markets know no borders with the *constant rapid* development of online trade and travel services, it is important to ensure that consumers residing in the Union can benefit from adequate protection when importing goods and services from economic operators based in third countries. The Programme should therefore allow supporting cooperation with relevant bodies located in key trading third country

Or. ro

### Amendment 59 Maria Lidia Senra Rodríguez

### Proposal for a regulation Recital 15

Text proposed by the Commission

(15)Public procurement is used by public authorities to ensure value for public money spent and to contribute to a more innovative, sustainable, inclusive and competitive internal market. Directive 2014/23/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council<sup>49</sup>, Directive 2014/24/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council<sup>50</sup> and Directive 2014/25/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council<sup>51</sup> provide the legal framework for the integration and effective functioning of the public procurement markets representing 14% of Union's gross domestic product, to the benefit of public authorities, businesses as well as citizens, including consumers. The Programme should therefore support measures to ensure a wider uptake of strategic public procurement, the professionalisation of public buyers, improved access to procurement markets for SMEs, increase of transparency, integrity and better data, boosting the digital transformation of procurement and promotion of joint procurement, through strengthening a partnership approach with the Member States, improving data gathering and data analysis including through development of dedicated IT tools, supporting exchange of experiences and good practices, providing guidance, pursuing beneficial trade agreements, strengthening cooperation among national authorities and launching pilot projects.

#### Amendment

(15)Public procurement is used by public authorities to ensure value for public money spent and to contribute to a more innovative, sustainable, inclusive and competitive internal market. Directive 2014/23/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council<sup>49</sup>, Directive 2014/24/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council<sup>50</sup> and Directive 2014/25/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council<sup>51</sup> provide the legal framework for the integration and effective functioning of the public procurement markets representing 14% of Union's gross domestic product, to the benefit of public authorities, businesses as well as citizens, including consumers. **Direct management** by public administrations is the most effective and efficient and should therefore be the usual and preferred practice.

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- <sup>49</sup> Directive 2014/23/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 February 2014 on the award of concession contracts (OJ L 94, 28.3.2014, p. 1).
- <sup>50</sup> Directive 2014/24/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 February 2014 on public procurement and repealing Directive 2004/18/EC (OJ L 94, 28.3.2014, p. 65).
- Directive 2014/25/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 February 2014 on procurement by entities operating in the water, energy, transport and postal services sectors and repealing Directive 2004/17/EC (OJ L 94, 28.3.2014, p. 243).

Or. es

### Amendment 60 Maria Gabriela Zoană

# Proposal for a regulation Recital 16

Text proposed by the Commission

In order to meet the objectives of the Programme and to facilitate the lives of citizens and businesses, high-quality usercentric public services need to be put in place. This implies that public administrations will need to start working in new ways, bring down silos between the different parts of their administrations, and to engage in the co-creation of these public services with citizens and businesses. Moreover, the continuous and steady increase of cross-border activities in the internal market requires provision of up-todate information on the rights of businesses and citizens, but also information explaining the administrative formalities. In addition, provision of legal advice and helping to solve problems which occur at cross national level becomes essential.

#### Amendment

In order to meet the objectives of the Programme and to facilitate the lives of citizens and businesses, high-quality usercentric public services need to be put in place in all fields. This implies that public administrations will need to start working in new ways, bring down silos between the different parts of their administrations, and to engage in the co-creation of these public services with citizens and businesses at local, regional, cross-border and national level. Moreover, the continuous and steady increase of cross-border activities in the internal market requires the regular provision of up-to-date information on the rights and obligations of businesses and citizens, but also information explaining the administrative formalities and taxes inherent in the respective activities. In

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>49</sup> Directive 2014/23/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 February 2014 on the award of concession contracts (OJ L 94, 28.3.2014, p. 1).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>50</sup> Directive 2014/24/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 February 2014 on public procurement and repealing Directive 2004/18/EC (OJ L 94, 28.3.2014, p. 65).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>51</sup> Directive 2014/25/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 February 2014 on procurement by entities operating in the water, energy, transport and postal services sectors and repealing Directive 2004/17/EC (OJ L 94, 28.3.2014, p. 243).

Furthermore, connecting national administrations in a simple and efficient manner as well as evaluating how the internal market works on the ground is necessary. The Programme should therefore support the following existing internal market governance tools: the Your Europe Portal which should be a backbone of the upcoming Single Digital Gateway, Your Europe Advice, SOLVIT, the Internal Market Information system and the Single Market Scoreboard in order to improve citizens' daily lives and businesses' ability to trade across borders.

addition, provision of legal advice and helping to solve problems which occur at cross national level becomes essential. Furthermore, connecting regional and national administrations, where appropriate, in a simple and efficient manner as well as evaluating how the internal market works on the ground is necessary. The Programme should therefore support the following existing internal market governance tools: the Your Europe Portal which should be a backbone of the upcoming Single Digital Gateway, Your Europe Advice, SOLVIT, the Internal Market Information system and the Single Market Scoreboard in order to improve citizens' daily lives and businesses' ability to trade across borders.

Or. ro

### Amendment 61 Bas Belder

# Proposal for a regulation Recital 16

Text proposed by the Commission

In order to meet the objectives of the Programme and to facilitate the lives of citizens and businesses, high-quality usercentric public services need to be put in place. This implies that public administrations will need to start working in new ways, bring down silos between the different parts of their administrations, and to engage in the co-creation of these public services with citizens and businesses. Moreover, the continuous and steady increase of cross-border activities in the internal market requires provision of up-todate information on the rights of businesses and citizens, but also information explaining the administrative formalities. In addition, provision of legal advice and helping to solve problems which occur at cross national level becomes essential. Furthermore, connecting national PE630.488v01-00

Amendment

16. In order to meet the objectives of the Programme and to facilitate the lives of citizens and businesses, high-quality usercentric public services need to be put in place. This implies that public administrations will need to start working in new ways, bring down silos between the different parts of their administrations, and to engage in the co-creation of these public services with citizens and businesses, while ensuring more accessible government websites where essential information can be more easily found. Moreover, the continuous and steady increase of crossborder activities in the internal market requires provision of up-to-date information on the rights of businesses and citizens, but also information explaining the administrative formalities. In addition, provision of legal advice and helping to

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administrations in a simple and efficient manner as well as evaluating how the internal market works on the ground is necessary. The Programme should therefore support the following existing internal market governance tools: the Your Europe Portal which should be a backbone of the upcoming Single Digital Gateway, Your Europe Advice, SOLVIT, the Internal Market Information system and the Single Market Scoreboard in order to improve citizens' daily lives and businesses' ability to trade across borders.

solve problems which occur at cross national level becomes essential. Furthermore, connecting national administrations in a simple and efficient manner as well as evaluating how the internal market works on the ground is necessary. The Programme should therefore support the following existing internal market governance tools: the Your Europe Portal which should be a backbone of the upcoming Single Digital Gateway, Your Europe Advice, SOLVIT, the Internal Market Information system and the Single Market Scoreboard in order to improve citizens' daily lives and businesses' ability to trade across borders.

Or. nl

### Amendment 62 Maria Lidia Senra Rodríguez

# Proposal for a regulation Recital 16

Text proposed by the Commission

In order to meet the objectives of the Programme and to facilitate the lives of citizens and businesses, high-quality usercentric public services need to be put in place. This implies that public administrations will need to start working in new ways, bring down silos between the different parts of their administrations, and to engage in the co-creation of these public services with citizens and businesses. Moreover, the continuous and steady increase of cross-border activities in the internal market requires provision of up-todate information on the rights of businesses and citizens, but also information explaining the administrative formalities. In addition, provision of legal advice and helping to solve problems which occur at cross national level becomes essential. Furthermore, connecting national administrations in a simple and efficient manner as well as evaluating how the AM\1168862EN.docx

#### Amendment

In order to meet the objectives of the Programme and to facilitate the lives of citizens and businesses, high-quality usercentric public services need to be put in place. This implies that public administrations will need to start working in new ways, bring down silos between the different parts of their administrations, and to engage in the co-creation of these public services with citizens. Moreover, the continuous and steady increase of crossborder activities in the internal market requires provision of up-to-date information on the rights of businesses and citizens, but also information explaining the administrative formalities. In addition, provision of legal advice and helping to solve problems which occur at cross national level becomes essential. Furthermore, connecting national administrations in a simple and efficient manner as well as evaluating how the

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internal market works on the ground is necessary. The Programme should therefore support the following existing internal market governance tools: the Your Europe Portal which should be a backbone of the upcoming Single Digital Gateway, Your Europe Advice, SOLVIT, the Internal Market Information system and the Single Market Scoreboard in order to improve citizens' daily lives and businesses' ability to trade across borders.

internal market works on the ground is necessary. The Programme should therefore support the following existing internal market governance tools: the Your Europe Portal which should be a backbone of the upcoming Single Digital Gateway, Your Europe Advice, SOLVIT, the Internal Market Information system and the Single Market Scoreboard in order to improve citizens' daily lives and businesses' ability to trade across borders.

Or. es

### Amendment 63 Maria Lidia Senra Rodríguez

# Proposal for a regulation Recital 18

Text proposed by the Commission

(18) The Programme should also promote the correct and full implementation and application of the Union legal framework for anti-money laundering and countering terrorism financing by the Member States and the development of future policies to address new challenges in the field. It should also support the relevant activities of the international organisations of European interest, such as the Committee of Experts on the Evaluation of Anti-Money Laundering Measures and the Financing of Terrorism of the Council of Europe.

#### Amendment

(18)The Programme should also promote the correct and full implementation and application of the Union legal framework for anti-money laundering and countering terrorism financing by the Member States and the development of future policies to address new challenges in the field, keeping in mind that human and fundamental rights take precedence over all other considerations. It should also support the relevant activities of the international organisations of European interest, such as the Committee of Experts on the **Evaluation of Anti-Money Laundering** Measures and the Financing of Terrorism of the Council of Europe.

Or. es

Amendment 64 Maria Gabriela Zoană

Proposal for a regulation Recital 18

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### Text proposed by the Commission

(18) The Programme should also promote the correct and full implementation and application of the Union legal framework for anti-money laundering and countering terrorism financing by the Member States and the development of future policies to address new challenges in the field. It should also support the relevant activities of the international organisations of European interest, such as the Committee of Experts on the Evaluation of Anti-Money Laundering Measures and the Financing of Terrorism of the Council of Europe.

#### Amendment

The Programme should also (18)promote the correct and full implementation and application of the Union legal framework for anti-money laundering and countering terrorism financing by the Member States and the development of future policies to address new challenges in the field, in order to pinpoint and implement the means of preventing and combating these phenomena. It should also support the relevant activities of the international organisations of European interest, such as the Committee of Experts on the Evaluation of Anti-Money Laundering Measures and the Financing of Terrorism of the Council of Europe.

Or. ro

Amendment 65 Maria Lidia Senra Rodríguez

Proposal for a regulation Recital 19

Text proposed by the Commission

The implementation and development of the internal market in the area of financial services, financial stability and the Capital Markets Union including sustainable finance, highly depends on the evidence based policy measures taken by the Union. In order to achieve this objective, the Commission should have an active role in constantly monitoring financial markets and financial stability, assessing the implementation of Union legislation by Member States, evaluating whether the existing legislation is fit for purpose and identifying potential areas of action where new risks emerge, with a continuous involvement of stakeholders throughout the policy cycle. Such activities rely on the

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production of analyses, studies, training materials, surveys, conformity assessments, evaluations and statistics and are supported by IT systems and communication tools.

Or. es

### Amendment 66 Maria Lidia Senra Rodríguez

# Proposal for a regulation Recital 22

Text proposed by the Commission

(22) Strengthening the *competitiveness* of European enterprises while reassuring an effective level playing field and an *open* and competitive internal market is of outmost importance. SMEs are the engine of the European economy making up 99% of all businesses in Europe, providing two thirds of jobs, and contributing substantially to the creation of new jobs with a regional and local dimension.

#### Amendment

(22) Strengthening the *sustainability* of European enterprises while reassuring an effective level playing field and an *internal market which prioritises local products* is of *the utmost* importance. SMEs are the engine of the European economy making up 99% of all businesses in Europe, providing two thirds of jobs, and contributing substantially to the creation of new jobs with a regional and local dimension.

Or. es

### Amendment 67 Maria Gabriela Zoană

## Proposal for a regulation Recital 22

Text proposed by the Commission

(22) Strengthening the competitiveness of European enterprises while reassuring an effective level playing field and an open and competitive internal market is of outmost importance. SMEs are the engine of the European economy making up 99% of all businesses in Europe, providing two thirds of jobs, and contributing substantially to the creation of new jobs

#### Amendment

(22) Strengthening the competitiveness of European enterprises while reassuring an effective level playing field and an open and competitive internal market is of outmost importance. SMEs are the engine of the European economy making up 99% of all businesses in Europe, providing two thirds of jobs, and contributing substantially to the creation of new jobs

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with a regional and local dimension.

with a regional, *cross-border* and local dimension.

Or. ro

### Amendment 68 Momchil Nekov

### Proposal for a regulation Recital 23

Text proposed by the Commission

(23) SMEs share common challenges that do not affect larger firms to the same extent to obtain finance, to find skilled work force, to alleviate administrative burden, to take-up creativity and innovation, to access markets and foster internationalisation activities. The Programme should address such market failures proportionally, while not unduly distorting competition in the internal market.

#### Amendment

SMEs share common challenges that do not affect larger firms to the same extent to obtain finance, to find skilled work force, to alleviate administrative burden, to take-up creativity and innovation, to access markets and foster internationalisation activities. Special attention should be paid to SMEs in regions with constraints, such as mountain areas and the outermost regions, where SMEs are the only source of economic activity and employment. The Programme should address such market failures proportionally, while not unduly distorting competition in the internal market.

Or. bg

### Amendment 69 Nicola Caputo

# Proposal for a regulation Recital 24

Text proposed by the Commission

(24) Many of the Union's competitiveness problems involve SMEs' difficulties in obtaining access to finance because they struggle to demonstrate their credit-worthiness and have insufficient collateral. Additional financing challenges arise from SMEs' need to stay competitive

#### Amendment

(24) Many of the Union's competitiveness problems involve SMEs' difficulties in obtaining access to finance because they struggle to demonstrate their credit-worthiness and have insufficient collateral. Additional financing challenges arise from SMEs' need to stay competitive

by engaging e.g. in digitization, internationalization and innovation activities and skilling up their workforce. Limited access to finance has a negative effect on businesses creation, growth and survival rates, as well as on the readiness of new entrepreneurs to take over viable companies in the context of a business succession.

by engaging e.g. in digitization, internationalization and innovation activities and skilling up their workforce. Limited access to finance has a negative effect on businesses creation, growth, *the local economy* and survival rates, as well as on the readiness of new entrepreneurs to take over viable companies in the context of a business succession.

Or. en

Amendment 70 Maria Lidia Senra Rodríguez

# Proposal for a regulation Recital 24

Text proposed by the Commission

Many of the Union's (24)competitiveness problems involve SMEs' difficulties in obtaining access to finance because they struggle to demonstrate their credit-worthiness and have insufficient collateral. Additional financing challenges arise from SMEs' need to stay competitive by engaging e.g. in digitization, internationalization and innovation activities and skilling up their workforce. Limited access to finance has a negative effect on businesses creation, growth and survival rates, as well as on the readiness of new entrepreneurs to take over viable companies in the context of a business succession.

#### Amendment

Many of the Union's *sustainability* (24)problems involve SMEs' difficulties in obtaining access to finance because they struggle to demonstrate their creditworthiness and have insufficient collateral. Additional financing challenges arise from the need to compete in an ever more open internal market in which large undertakings and corporations enjoy a far more favourable situation to begin with. Limited access to finance has a negative effect on businesses creation and survival rates, as well as on the readiness of new entrepreneurs to take over viable companies in the context of a business succession.

Or. es

Amendment 71 Maria Lidia Senra Rodríguez

Proposal for a regulation Recital 25

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

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(25)To overcome these market failures and to ensure that SMEs continue to play their role as the foundation for the Union economy's competitiveness, small and medium sized enterprises need extra support through debt and equity instruments to be established under the SME window of the InvestEU Fund established by Regulation [...] of the European Parliament and of the Council<sup>52</sup>. The loan guarantee facility put in place under Regulation (EU) No 1287/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council<sup>53</sup>has a proven added value and is expected to bring a positive contribution to at least 500 000 SMEs; a successor will be established under the SME window of the InvestEU Fund.

(25) To overcome these market failures and to ensure that SMEs continue to play their role as the foundation for the Union economy's *sustainability*, small and medium sized enterprises need extra support *The most suitable measures to achieve this objective should be explored*.

Or. es

### Amendment 72 Maria Gabriela Zoană

# Proposal for a regulation Recital 27

Text proposed by the Commission

(27) The Programme should provide effective support for SMEs throughout their life-cycle. It should build on the unique knowledge and expertise developed with regard to SMEs and industrial sectors and on a long experience in working with European, national and regional stakeholders. This support should build on

#### Amendment

(27) The Programme should provide effective support for SMEs throughout their life-cycle, without any gender discrimination and with a focus on encouraging young people from rural areas to pursue entrepreneurial activities and hence prevent rural depopulation. It should build on the unique knowledge and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>52</sup> COM(2018) 439 final

<sup>53</sup> Regulation (EU) No 1287/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 December 2013 establishing a Programme for the Competitiveness of Enterprises and small and medium-sized enterprises (COSME) (2014 - 2020) and repealing Decision No 1639/2006/EC (OJ L 347 of 20.12.2013, p. 33).

the successful experience of the Enterprise Europe Network as a one-stop-shop to improve SMEs competitiveness and develop their business in the Single Market and beyond. The Network plans to continue delivering services on behalf of other Union programmes, notably for the Horizon2020 programme, using the financial resources of these programmes. Also the mentoring scheme for new entrepreneurs should remain the tool to enable new or aspiring entrepreneurs to gain business experience by matching with an experienced entrepreneur from another country and thus allow strengthening entrepreneurial talents. The Programme should further strive to grow and extend its geographical coverage and thus offer wider range of matching possibilities to entrepreneurs in complementarity with other Union initiatives where relevant.

expertise developed with regard to SMEs and industrial sectors and on a long experience in working with European, national and regional stakeholders. This support should build on the successful experience of the Enterprise Europe Network as a one-stop-shop to improve SMEs competitiveness and develop their business in the Single Market and beyond. The Network plans to continue delivering services on behalf of other Union programmes, notably for the Horizon2020 programme, using the financial resources of these programmes. Also the mentoring scheme for new entrepreneurs should remain the tool to enable new or aspiring entrepreneurs to gain business experience by matching with an experienced entrepreneur from another country and thus allow strengthening entrepreneurial talents. The Programme should further strive to grow and extend its geographical coverage and thus offer wider range of matching possibilities to entrepreneurs in complementarity with other Union initiatives where relevant.

Or. ro

Amendment 73 Maria Lidia Senra Rodríguez

Proposal for a regulation Recital 28

Text proposed by the Commission

Clusters are a strategic tool for

supporting the competitiveness and scaling-up of SMEs as they offer favourable business environments. Joint Cluster Initiatives should achieve critical mass to accelerate the growth of SMEs. By connecting specialised eco-systems, clusters create new business opportunities for SMEs and integrate them better in European and global strategic value

chains. Support should be provided for the development of transnational

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partnership strategies and the implementation of joint activities, supported by the European Cluster Collaboration Platform. Sustainable partnering should be encouraged with continuation funding if performance and participation milestones are reached. Direct support to SMEs should be channelled through cluster organisations for the following: uptake of advanced technologies, new business models, lowcarbon and resource-efficient solutions, creativity and design, skills upgrading, talent attraction, entrepreneurship acceleration, and internationalisation. Other specialised SME support actors should be associated to facilitate industrial transformation and implementations of smart specialisation strategies. The Programme should thus contribute to growth and build linkages with the Union's (digital) innovation hubs and investments made under Cohesion Policy and Horizon Europe. Synergies with the Erasmus programme can also be explored.

Or. es

### Amendment 74 Philippe Loiseau, Jacques Colombier

# Proposal for a regulation Recital 29

Text proposed by the Commission

(29) Creativity and innovation are crucial for the competitiveness of the Union's industrial value chains. They represent catalysts for *industrial* modernisation and contribute to smart, inclusive sustainable growth. However, uptake by SMEs is still lagging behind. The Programme should therefore support targeted actions, networks and partnerships for creativity-driven innovation throughout the industrial value *chain*.

### Amendment

(29) Creativity and innovation are crucial for the competitiveness of the Union's *agricultural and* industrial value chains. They represent catalysts for modernisation and contribute to smart, inclusive sustainable growth. However, uptake by SMEs is still lagging behind. The Programme should therefore support targeted actions, networks and partnerships for creativity-driven innovation throughout the *food and* industrial value *chains*.

### Amendment 75 Maria Lidia Senra Rodríguez

# Proposal for a regulation Recital 32

Text proposed by the Commission

(32) A well-functioning common financial reporting framework is essential for the internal market, for the effective functioning of the capital markets and for the realisation of the integrated market for financial services in the context of the Capital Markets Union.

Amendment

deleted

Or. es

### Amendment 76 Maria Lidia Senra Rodríguez

# Proposal for a regulation Recital 36

Text proposed by the Commission

The Union contributes to ensuring a high level of consumer protection, empowering consumers and putting them at the heart of the internal market by supporting and complementing Member States' policies in seeking to ensure that citizens when acting as consumers can fully reap the benefits of the internal market and that, in so doing, their safety and legal and economic interests are properly protected by means of concrete actions. The Union has also to ensure that consumer and product safety laws are properly and equally enforced on the ground and that businesses enjoy a level playing field with fair competition in the internal market. Moreover, it is necessary to empower, encourage and assist consumers in making sustainable choices,

#### Amendment

The Union contributes to ensuring a (36)high level of consumer protection, empowering consumers and putting them at the heart of the internal market by supporting and complementing Member States' policies in seeking to ensure that citizens when acting as consumers can fully reap the benefits of the internal market and that, in so doing, their safety and legal and economic interests are properly protected by means of concrete actions. The Union has also to ensure that consumer and product safety laws are properly and equally enforced on the ground and that businesses enjoy a level playing field with fair competition in the internal market. Moreover, it is necessary to empower, encourage and assist consumers in making sustainable choices,

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thus contributing to a sustainable, energy and resource efficient and circular economy. thus contributing to a sustainable, energy and resource efficient and circular economy. It is, therefore, of fundamental importance that the European economy should prioritise the internal market and not internationalisation or exports.

Or. es

Amendment 77 Paolo De Castro, Clara Eugenia Aguilera García

# Proposal for a regulation Recital 44

Text proposed by the Commission

(44) A high level of health protection through the food supply chain is necessary to allow the internal market to operate efficiently. A safe and sustainable food supply chain is a prerequisite for society and for the internal market. Cross border health crises and food scares disrupt the functioning of the internal market by limiting the movements of persons and goods and disrupting production.

#### Amendment

A high level of health protection through the *agricultural and* food supply chain is necessary to allow the internal market to operate efficiently. A safe and sustainable agricultural and food supply chain is a prerequisite for society and for the internal market. Cross border health crises and food scares disrupt the functioning of the internal market by limiting the movements of persons and goods and disrupting production. In order to prevent cross border health crises and food scares, the Programme should support concrete actions, such as establishing emergency measures in the event of crisis situations and unforeseeable events affecting animal and plant health.

Or. en

Amendment 78 Philippe Loiseau, Jacques Colombier

# Proposal for a regulation Recital 44

Text proposed by the Commission

(44) A high level of health protection AM\1168862EN.docx

Amendment

(44) A high level of health protection
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through the food supply chain is necessary to allow the internal market to operate efficiently. A safe and sustainable food supply chain is a prerequisite for society and *for the internal market. Cross border* health crises and food scares disrupt the functioning of the internal market *by limiting the movements of persons and goods and disrupting* production.

through the food supply chain is necessary to allow the internal market to operate efficiently. A safe and sustainable food supply chain is a prerequisite for society and must be based on the faith that the public have in European agricultural producers, as well as on the guarantee of fair remuneration that is commensurate with the work they do. Imports from third countries, as well as cross-border health crises and food scares, disrupt the functioning of the internal market and disrupt production.

Or. fr

Amendment 79 Jan Huitema, Hilde Vautmans, Ulrike Müller, Elsi Katainen

### Proposal for a regulation Recital 44

Text proposed by the Commission

(44) A high level of health protection through the food supply chain is necessary to allow the internal market to operate efficiently. A safe and sustainable food supply chain is a prerequisite for society and for the internal market. Cross border health crises and food scares disrupt the functioning of the internal market by limiting the movements of persons and goods and disrupting production.

#### Amendment

(44) A high level of health protection through the food supply chain is necessary to allow the internal market to operate efficiently. A safe and sustainable food supply chain is a prerequisite for society and for the internal market. Cross border health crises and food scares disrupt the functioning of the internal market by limiting the movements of persons and goods and disrupting production.

Therefore prevention of new and unknown pests and diseases should be a key priority.

Or. en

Amendment 80 Maria Lidia Senra Rodríguez

Proposal for a regulation Recital 44

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### Text proposed by the Commission

(44) A high level of health protection through the food supply chain is necessary to allow the internal market to operate efficiently. A safe and sustainable food supply chain is a prerequisite for society and for the internal market. Cross border health crises and food scares disrupt the functioning of the internal market by limiting the movements of persons and goods and disrupting production.

#### Amendment

(44) A high level of health protection through the food supply chain is necessary to allow the internal market to operate efficiently. A safe and sustainable food supply chain *based on agroecological production methods* is a prerequisite for society and for the internal market. Cross border health crises and food scares disrupt the functioning of the internal market by limiting the movements of persons and goods and disrupting production.

Or. es

### Amendment 81 Philippe Loiseau, Jacques Colombier

# Proposal for a regulation Recital 45

Text proposed by the Commission

in the food chain area is to contribute to a high level of health for humans, animals and plants along the food chain, to support the improvement of the welfare of animals, to contribute to a high level of protection and information for consumers and a high level of protection of the environment, including the preservation of biodiversity, while improving the sustainability of European food and feed productions, increasing quality standards across the Union, enhancing the competitiveness of the Union food and feed industry and favouring the creation of jobs.

#### Amendment

The general objective of Union law in the food chain area is to contribute to a high level of health for humans, animals and plants along the food chain, to support the improvement of the welfare of animals, to contribute to a high level of protection and information for consumers and a high level of protection *for* the environment, including the preservation of biodiversity, while improving the sustainability of European food and feed production, increasing quality standards across the Union, enhancing the competitiveness and stability of the Union food and feed industry, and fostering the creation of sustainable jobs by guaranteeing a decent income for all producers.

Or. fr

Amendment 82 Daniel Buda

# Proposal for a regulation Recital 45

Text proposed by the Commission

(45) The general objective of Union law in the food chain area is to contribute to a high level of health for humans, animals and plants along the food chain, to support the improvement of the welfare of animals, to contribute to a high level of protection and information for consumers and a high level of protection of the environment, including the preservation of biodiversity, while improving the sustainability of European food and feed productions, increasing quality standards across the Union, enhancing the competitiveness of the Union food and feed industry and favouring the creation of jobs.

#### Amendment

The general objective of Union law (45)in the food chain area is to contribute to a high level of health for humans, animals and plants along the food chain, to ensure the supply of food products at reasonable prices, to support the improvement of the welfare of animals, to contribute to a high level of protection and information for consumers and a high level of protection of the environment, including the preservation of biodiversity, while improving the sustainability of European food and feed productions, increasing quality standards across the Union, enhancing the competitiveness of the Union food and feed industry and favouring the creation of

Or. ro

### Amendment 83 Maria Lidia Senra Rodríguez

#### Proposal for a regulation Recital 45

Text proposed by the Commission

(45)The general objective of Union law in the food chain area is to contribute to a high level of health for humans, animals and plants along the food chain, to support the improvement of the welfare of animals, to contribute to a high level of protection and information for consumers and a high level of protection of the environment, including the preservation of biodiversity, while improving the sustainability of European food and feed productions, increasing quality standards across the Union, enhancing the competitiveness of the Union food and feed industry and favouring the creation of jobs.

### Amendment

(45)The general objective of Union law in the food chain area is to contribute to a high level of health for humans, animals and plants along the food chain, to support the improvement of the welfare of animals, to ensure a fair standard of living for the agricultural community (in particular by increasing individual earnings through higher agricultural prices), to stabilise the markets and to contribute to a high level of protection and information for consumers and a high level of protection of the environment, including the preservation of biodiversity, while improving the sustainability of European food and feed productions, increasing quality standards

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across the Union, enhancing the competitiveness of the Union food and feed industry and favouring the creation of jobs.

Or. es

Amendment 84
Thomas Waitz
on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

# Proposal for a regulation Recital 46

Text proposed by the Commission

Considering the specific nature of the actions concerning a high level of health for humans, animals and plants along the food chain special eligibility criteria concerning provision of grants and use of public procurement need to be provided in this Regulation. In particular, by way of derogation from Regulation (EU, Euratom) of the European Parliament and of the Council<sup>61</sup> (the 'Financial Regulation'), as an exception to the principle of non-retroactivity, the costs for the emergency measures, due to their urgent and unforeseeable nature, should be eligible and include also costs incurred as a result of a suspected occurrence of a disease or pest provided that that occurrence is subsequently confirmed and notified to the Commission. The corresponding budgetary commitments and the payment of eligible expenditure should be made by the Commission, after signature of the legal commitments and after assessment of the payment applications submitted by the Member States. Costs should also be eligible for protection measures taken in the case of a direct threat to the status of health in the Union as a result of the occurrence or development, in the territory of a third country, a Member State or overseas countries and territories, of certain animal diseases and zoonoses as well as in respect

#### Amendment

Considering the specific nature of (46)the actions concerning a high level of health for humans, animals and plants along the food chain special eligibility criteria concerning provision of grants and use of public procurement need to be provided in this Regulation. In particular, by way of derogation from Regulation (EU, Euratom) of the European Parliament and of the Council<sup>61</sup> (the 'Financial Regulation'), as an exception to the principle of non-retroactivity, the costs for the emergency measures, due to their urgent and unforeseeable nature, should be eligible and include also costs incurred as a result of a suspected occurrence of a disease or pest provided that that occurrence is subsequently confirmed and notified to the Commission. The corresponding budgetary commitments and the payment of eligible expenditure should be made by the Commission, after signature of the legal commitments and after assessment of the payment applications submitted by the Member States. Where emergencies in the area of human, animal and plant health in the food chain can be traced back to specific Union practices, measures should be taken to rectify these practices. Costs should also be eligible for protection measures taken in the case of a direct threat to the status of health in the Union as a

of protection measures, or other relevant activities, taken in support of the health status of plants in the Union.

result of the occurrence or development, in the territory of a third country, a Member State or overseas countries and territories, of certain animal diseases and zoonoses as well as in respect of protection measures, or other relevant activities, taken in support of the health status of plants in the Union.

<i>c</i> 1		
61	[to add]	

Or. en

# **Amendment 85 Michel Dantin**

61 [to add]

# Proposal for a regulation Recital 46

Text proposed by the Commission

Considering the specific nature of the actions concerning a high level of health for humans, animals and plants along the food chain special eligibility criteria concerning provision of grants and use of public procurement need to be provided in this Regulation. In particular, by way of derogation from Regulation (EU, Euratom) of the European Parliament and of the Council<sup>61</sup>(the 'Financial Regulation'), as an exception to the principle of non-retroactivity, the costs for the emergency measures, due to their urgent and unforeseeable nature, should be eligible and include also costs incurred as a result of a suspected occurrence of a disease or pest provided that that occurrence is subsequently confirmed and notified to the Commission. The corresponding budgetary commitments and the payment of eligible expenditure should be made by the Commission, after signature of the legal commitments and after assessment of the payment applications submitted by the Member States. Costs should also be eligible for protection measures taken in the case of a direct threat to the status of health in the

#### Amendment

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Union as a result of the occurrence or development, in the territory of a third country, a Member State or overseas countries and territories, of certain animal diseases and zoonoses as well as in respect of protection measures, or other relevant activities, taken in support of the health status of plants in the Union.

61 [to add]

health in the Union as a result of the occurrence or development, in the territory of a third country, a Member State or overseas countries and territories, of certain animal diseases and zoonoses as well as in respect of protection measures, or other relevant activities, taken in support of the health status of plants in the Union.

Or. fr

Amendment 86 Philippe Loiseau, Jacques Colombier

## Proposal for a regulation Recital 47

Text proposed by the Commission

Official controls carried out by the Member States are an essential tool for verifying and monitoring that relevant Union requirements are being implemented, complied with and enforced. The effectiveness and efficiency of official control systems is vital for maintaining a high level of safety for humans, animals and plants along the food chain whilst ensuring a high level of protection of the environment and of animal welfare. Union financial support should be made available for such control measures. In particular, a financial contribution should be available to Union reference laboratories in order to help them bear the costs arising from the implementation of work programmes approved by the Commission. Moreover, since the effectiveness of official controls also depends on the availability to the control authorities of well trained staff with an appropriate knowledge of Union law, the Union should be able to contribute to their training and relevant exchange programmes organised by competent authorities.

#### Amendment

(47)Official controls carried out by the Member States are an essential tool for verifying and monitoring that relevant Union requirements are being implemented, complied with and enforced. The effectiveness and efficiency of official control systems is vital for maintaining a high level of safety for humans, animals and plants along the food chain, whilst ensuring a high level of protection for human health, the environment and animal welfare. Union financial support should be made available for such control measures. In particular, a financial contribution should be available to Union reference laboratories in order to help them bear the costs arising from the implementation of work programmes.

# Amendment 87 Thomas Waitz on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

## Proposal for a regulation Recital 47

Text proposed by the Commission

(47)Official controls carried out by the Member States are an essential tool for verifying and monitoring that relevant Union requirements are being implemented, complied with and enforced. The effectiveness and efficiency of official control systems is vital for maintaining a high level of safety for humans, animals and plants along the food chain whilst ensuring a high level of protection of the environment and of animal welfare. Union financial support should be made available for such control measures. In particular, a financial contribution should be available to Union reference laboratories in order to help them bear the costs arising from the implementation of work programmes approved by the Commission. Moreover, since the effectiveness of official controls also depends on the availability to the control authorities of well trained staff with an appropriate knowledge of Union law, the Union should be able to contribute to their training and relevant exchange programmes organised by competent authorities.

#### Amendment

(47)Official controls carried out by the Member States are an essential tool for verifying and monitoring that relevant Union requirements are being implemented, complied with and enforced. The effectiveness and efficiency of official control systems is vital for maintaining a high level of safety for humans, animals and plants along the food chain whilst ensuring a high level of protection of the environment and of animal welfare. Union financial support should be made available for such control measures, especially where compliance with Union law as concerns the health and safety of humans, animals and plants is still deficient, such as live animal transport. In particular, a financial contribution should be available to Union reference laboratories in order to help them bear the costs arising from the implementation of work programmes approved by the Commission. Moreover, since the effectiveness of official controls also depends on the availability to the control authorities of well trained staff with an appropriate knowledge of Union law, the Union should be able to contribute to their training and relevant exchange programmes organised by competent authorities.

Or. en

Amendment 88 Paolo De Castro, Clara Eugenia Aguilera García

## Proposal for a regulation Recital 47

Text proposed by the Commission

Official controls carried out by the Member States are an essential tool for verifying and monitoring that relevant Union requirements are being implemented, complied with and enforced. The effectiveness and efficiency of official control systems is vital for maintaining a high level of safety for humans, animals and plants along the food chain whilst ensuring a high level of protection of the environment and of animal welfare. Union financial support should be made available for such control measures. In particular, a financial contribution should be available to Union reference laboratories in order to help them bear the costs arising from the implementation of work programmes approved by the Commission. Moreover, since the effectiveness of official controls also depends on the availability to the control authorities of well trained staff with an appropriate knowledge of Union law, the Union should be able to contribute to their training and relevant exchange programmes organised by competent authorities.

#### Amendment

In view of an increasingly globalised agricultural and food supply chain, official controls carried out by the Member States are an essential tool for verifying and monitoring that relevant Union requirements are being implemented, complied with and enforced, in particular with regard to imported agricultural and food products. The effectiveness and efficiency of official control systems is vital for maintaining a high level of safety for humans, animals and plants along the food chain whilst ensuring a high level of protection of the environment and of animal welfare. Union financial support should be made available for such control measures. In particular, a financial contribution should be available to Union reference laboratories in order to help them bear the costs arising from the implementation of work programmes approved by the Commission. Moreover, since the effectiveness of official controls also depends on the availability to the control authorities of well trained staff with an appropriate knowledge of Union law, the Union should be able to contribute to their training and relevant exchange programmes organised by competent authorities.

Or. en

## Amendment 89 Maria Lidia Senra Rodríguez

## Proposal for a regulation Recital 48

Text proposed by the Commission

(48) High-quality European statistics developed, produced and disseminated under the European Statistical Programme

Amendment

(48) High-quality European statistics developed, produced and disseminated under the European Statistical Programme

are essential for evidence-based decision making European statistics should be available in a timely manner and should contribute to the implementation of Union policies as reflected in the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, notably strengthened and integrated economic governance, social, economic and territorial cohesion, sustainable development, agricultural policy, the social dimension of Europe and globalisation.

are essential for evidence-based decision making. European statistics should be available in a timely manner and should contribute to the implementation of Union policies as reflected in the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, notably strengthened and integrated economic governance, social, economic and territorial cohesion, sustainable development, agricultural policy, the social dimension of Europe and to adopt the necessary political measures to avoid the repercussions of globalisation on society as a whole.

Or. es

Amendment 90 Philippe Loiseau, Jacques Colombier

## Proposal for a regulation Recital 52

Text proposed by the Commission

(52) The Union and Member States are committed to the implementation of the United Nations 2030 Agenda for
Sustainable Development. By contributing to the achievement of the 2030 Agenda, the Union and Member States will foster a stronger, more sustainable, inclusive, secure and prosperous Europe. The Programme should contribute to the implementation of the 2030 Agenda, including by balancing the economic, social and environmental dimensions of sustainable development.

#### Amendment

(52) The sustainable development agenda should contribute to the implementation of the 2030 Agenda, including by balancing the economic, social and environmental dimensions of sustainable development.

Or. fr

Amendment 91 Philippe Loiseau, Jacques Colombier

Proposal for a regulation Recital 53

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(53) Reflecting the importance of tackling climate change in line with the Union's commitments to implement the Paris Agreement and the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals, this Programme should contribute to mainstream climate actions and to the achievement of an overall target of 25 % of the Union budget expenditures supporting climate objectives. Relevant actions will be identified during the Programme's preparation and implementation, and reassessed in the context of the relevant evaluations and review processes.

#### Amendment

(53) Reflecting the importance of tackling climate change in line with the Union's commitments, this Programme should contribute to *the mainstreaming of* climate *actions*. Relevant actions will be identified during the Programme's preparation and implementation, and reassessed in the context of the relevant *national* evaluations and review processes.

Or. fr

## Amendment 92 Philippe Loiseau, Jacques Colombier

## Proposal for a regulation Recital 55

Text proposed by the Commission

The Agreement on the European Economic Area provides for cooperation in the fields subject to the Programme between the Union and its Member States, on the one hand, and the countries of the European Free Trade Association participating in the European Economic Area, on the other. Provision should also be made to open the Programme to participation by other countries, including the neighbouring countries of the Union and countries which are applying for, are candidates for or are acceding to, membership of the Union. In addition, in the field of European statistics, the Programme should be open to Switzerland in accordance with the Agreement between the European Community and the Swiss Confederation on cooperation in the field of statistics<sup>64</sup>.

#### Amendment

(55)The Agreement on the European Economic Area provides for cooperation in the fields subject to the Programme between the Union and its Member States, on the one hand, and the countries of the **European Free Trade Association** participating in the European Economic Area, on the other. Provision should also be made to open the Programme up to participation by other countries and by countries which are acceding to the Union. In addition, in the field of European statistics, the Programme should be open to Switzerland in accordance with the Agreement between the European Community and the Swiss Confederation on cooperation in the field of statistics<sup>64</sup>.

## Amendment 93 Daniel Buda

## Proposal for a regulation Recital 76

Text proposed by the Commission

(76) *The* list of animal diseases and zoonosis which qualify for funding under emergency measures and for funding under the eradication, control and surveillance programmes should be established on the basis of animal diseases referred to in Chapter 2 of Part I of Regulation (EU) 2016/429 of the European Parliament and of the Council<sup>81</sup>, Regulation (EC) No 2160/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council<sup>82</sup> and Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 of the European Parliament and of the Council<sup>83</sup>.

#### Amendment

(76) An open list of animal diseases and zoonosis which qualify for funding under emergency measures and for funding under the eradication, control and surveillance programmes should be established on the basis of animal diseases referred to in Chapter 2 of Part I of Regulation (EU) 2016/429 of the European Parliament and of the Council<sup>81</sup>, Regulation (EC) No 2160/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council<sup>82</sup> and Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 of the European Parliament and of the Council<sup>83</sup>.

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Regulation (EU) 2016/429 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 March 2016 on transmissible animal diseases and amending and repealing certain acts in the area of animal health ('Animal Health Law') (OJ L 84, 31.03.2016, p. 1).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>82</sup> Regulation (EC) No 2160/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 November 2003 on the control of Salmonella and other specified food-borne zoonotic agents (OJ L 325, 12.12.2003, p. 1).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>83</sup> Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 May 2001 laying down rules for the prevention, control and eradication of certain transmissible spongiform encephalopathies (OJ L 147, 31.05.2001, p.

Regulation (EU) 2016/429 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 March 2016 on transmissible animal diseases and amending and repealing certain acts in the area of animal health ('Animal Health Law') (OJ L 84, 31.03.2016, p. 1).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>82</sup> Regulation (EC) No 2160/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 November 2003 on the control of Salmonella and other specified food-borne zoonotic agents (OJ L 325, 12.12.2003, p. 1).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>83</sup> Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 May 2001 laying down rules for the prevention, control and eradication of certain transmissible spongiform encephalopathies (OJ L 147, 31.05.2001, p.

Or. ro

Amendment 94 Beata Gosiewska

Proposal for a regulation Recital 77 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(77a) In view of the effect of climatic events on:

the increasing number of harmful organisms;

the increasing occurrence of animal diseases;

these phenomena should be recognised at EU level.

Or. pl

Amendment 95 Laurențiu Rebega

Proposal for a regulation Recital 80

Text proposed by the Commission

(80) Horizontal financial rules adopted by the European Parliament and the Council on the basis of Article 322 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union apply to this Regulation. These rules are laid down in the Financial Regulation and determine in particular the procedure for establishing and implementing the budget through grants, procurement, prizes, indirect implementation, and provide for checks on the responsibility of financial actors. Rules adopted on the basis of Article 322 TFEU also concern the protection of the Union's budget in case of generalised deficiencies as regards the

Amendment

(80) Horizontal financial rules adopted by the European Parliament and the Council on the basis of Article 322 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union apply to this Regulation. These rules are laid down in the Financial Regulation and determine in particular the procedure for establishing and implementing the budget through grants, procurement, prizes, indirect implementation, and provide for checks on the responsibility of financial actors.

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rule of law in the Member States, as the respect for the rule of law is an essential precondition for sound financial management and effective Union funding.

Or. en

**Amendment 96 Georgios Epitideios** 

Proposal for a regulation Recital 82

Text proposed by the Commission

(82)Since the objectives of this Regulation cannot be sufficiently achieved by the Member States due to the cross-border nature of the issues involved, but can rather, by reason of the greater potential of Union action, be better achieved at Union level, the Union may adopt measures in accordance with the principle of subsidiarity as set out in Article 5 of the Treaty on European Union. In accordance with the principle of proportionality, as set out in that Article, this Regulation does not go beyond what is necessary in order to achieve those objectives.

#### Amendment

(82) Due to the cross-border nature of the issues involved, *Union action has* greater potential, *to achieve the objectives of this Regulation and* the Union may adopt measures in accordance with the principle of subsidiarity as set out in Article 5 of the Treaty on European Union. In accordance with the principle of proportionality, as set out in that Article, this Regulation does not go beyond what is necessary in order to achieve those objectives.

Or. el

Amendment 97 Norbert Erdős

Proposal for a regulation Recital 85 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(85a) Care must be taken to avoid submitting proposals requiring new, unnecessary bureaucratic measures in order to assess common objectives. We must avoid, for example, requiring the Member States to count the successfully-

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implemented national veterinary and phytosanitary programmes or to develop an index for this purpose. Such numbers do not accurately reflect the success of a Member State's disease prevention strategy or its compliance with EU-level strategies and thus would provide false data.

Or. hu

Amendment 98 Paolo De Castro, Clara Eugenia Aguilera García

Proposal for a regulation Article 1 – paragraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

This Regulation establishes the programme for *improving the functioning of* the internal market and *the* competitiveness of enterprises, *including* micro, small and medium-sized enterprises and the framework for financing of development, production and dissemination of European statistics *within the meaning of Article 13 of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009* (the 'Programme').

Amendment

This Regulation establishes the *Single Market* programme for *strengthening* the internal market and *improving its functioning in the fields of* competitiveness of enterprises, *especially* micro, small and medium-sized enterprises, *agricultural and food supply chain* and the framework for financing of development, production and dissemination of European statistics (the 'Programme').

Or. en

Amendment 99 Maria Lidia Senra Rodríguez

Proposal for a regulation Article 3 – paragraph 1 – point a

Text proposed by the Commission

(a) to improve the functioning of the internal market, and especially to protect and empower citizens, consumers and businesses, in particular micro, small and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs), by enforcement of Union law, facilitation of

Amendment

(a) to improve the functioning of the internal market, and especially to protect and empower citizens, consumers and businesses, in particular micro, small and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs), by guaranteeing their sustainability,

market access, standard setting, and by promoting human, animal and plant health and animal welfare; as well as to enhance cooperation between the competent authorities of Member States and between the competent authorities of Member States and the Commission and the decentralised Union agencies;

enforcement of Union law, facilitation of *priority local* market access, standard setting, and by promoting human, animal and plant health and animal welfare; as well as to enhance cooperation between the competent authorities of Member States and between the competent authorities of Member States and the Commission and the decentralised Union agencies;

Or. es

Amendment 100 Bas Belder

## Proposal for a regulation Article 3 – paragraph 1 – point a

Text proposed by the Commission

(a) to improve the functioning of the internal market, and especially to protect and empower citizens, consumers and businesses, in particular micro, small and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs), by enforcement of Union law, facilitation of market access, standard setting, and by promoting human, animal and plant health and animal welfare; as well as to enhance cooperation between the competent authorities of Member States and between the competent authorities of Member States and the Commission and the decentralised Union agencies;

#### Amendment

to improve the functioning of the (a) internal market, and especially to protect and empower citizens, consumers and businesses, in particular micro, small and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs), by enforcement of Union law, a guaranteed level playing field, facilitation of market access, standard setting, and by promoting human, animal and plant health and animal welfare; as well as to enhance cooperation between the competent authorities of Member States and between the competent authorities of Member States and the Commission and the decentralised Union agencies;

Or. nl

Amendment 101 Daniel Buda

Proposal for a regulation Article 3 – paragraph 1 – point a

Text proposed by the Commission

(a) to improve the functioning of the PE630.488v01-00

Amendment

(a) to improve the functioning of the AM\1168862EN.docx

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internal market, and especially to protect and empower citizens, consumers and businesses, in particular micro, small and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs), by enforcement of Union law, facilitation of market access, standard setting, and by promoting human, animal and plant health and animal welfare; as well as to enhance cooperation between the competent authorities of Member States and between the competent authorities of Member States and the Commission and the decentralised Union agencies;

internal market, and especially to protect and empower citizens, consumers and businesses, in particular micro, small and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs), by enforcement of Union law, facilitation of market access, standard setting, and by promoting human, animal and plant health and animal welfare and respect for the environment; as well as to enhance cooperation between the competent authorities of Member States and between the competent authorities of Member States and the Commission and the decentralised Union agencies;

Or. ro

## Amendment 102 Momchil Nekov

## Proposal for a regulation Article 3 – paragraph 1 – point a

Text proposed by the Commission

(a) to improve the functioning of the internal market, and especially to protect and empower citizens, consumers and businesses, in particular micro, small and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs), by enforcement of Union law, facilitation of market access, standard setting, and by promoting human, animal and plant health and animal welfare; as well as to enhance cooperation between the competent authorities of Member States and between the competent authorities of Member States and the Commission and the decentralised Union agencies;

#### Amendment

(a) to improve *territorial cohesion*, the functioning of the internal market, and especially to protect and empower citizens, consumers and businesses, in particular micro, small and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs), by enforcement of Union law, facilitation of market access, standard setting, and by promoting human, animal and plant health and animal welfare; as well as to enhance cooperation between the competent authorities of Member States and between the competent authorities of Member States and the Commission and the decentralised Union agencies;

Or. bg

Amendment 103
Thomas Waitz
on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

## Proposal for a regulation

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## Article 3 – paragraph 1 – point a

Text proposed by the Commission

(a) to improve the functioning of the internal market, and especially to protect and empower citizens, consumers and businesses, in particular micro, small and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs), by enforcement of Union law, facilitation of market access, standard setting, and by *promoting* human, animal and plant health and animal welfare; as well as to enhance cooperation between the competent authorities of Member States and between the competent authorities of Member States and the Commission and the decentralised Union agencies;

#### Amendment

to improve the functioning of the (a) internal market, and especially to protect and empower citizens, consumers and businesses, in particular micro, small and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs), by enforcement of Union law, facilitation of market access, standard setting, and by protecting and strengthening human, animal and plant health and animal welfare; as well as to enhance cooperation between the competent authorities of Member States and between the competent authorities of Member States and the Commission and the decentralised Union agencies;

Or. en

Amendment 104 Daniel Buda

Proposal for a regulation Article 3 – paragraph 1 – point b

Text proposed by the Commission

(b) to provide high-quality, comparable and reliable statistics on Europe which underpin the design, monitoring and evaluation of all the Union policies and help policy makers, businesses, academia, citizens and media to make informed decisions and actively participate in the democratic process.

### Amendment

(b) to provide *the latest* high-quality, comparable and reliable statistics on Europe which underpin the design, monitoring and evaluation of all the Union policies and help policy makers, businesses, academia, citizens and media to make informed decisions and actively participate in the democratic process.

Or. ro

Amendment 105 Maria Lidia Senra Rodríguez

Proposal for a regulation Article 3 – paragraph 1 – point b

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(b) to provide high-quality, comparable and reliable statistics on Europe which underpin the design, monitoring and evaluation of all the Union policies and help policy makers, businesses, academia, citizens and media to make informed decisions and actively participate in the democratic process.

#### Amendment

(b) to provide high-quality, comparable and reliable statistics on Europe which underpin the design, monitoring and evaluation of all the Union policies and help policy makers, businesses, *trade unions*, academia, citizens and media to make informed decisions and actively participate in the democratic process.

Or. es

## Amendment 106 Laurențiu Rebega

## Proposal for a regulation Article 3 – paragraph 2 – point a

Text proposed by the Commission

(a) making the internal market more effective, facilitating the prevention and removal of obstacles, supporting the development, implementation and enforcement of the Union law in the areas of the internal market for goods and services, public procurement, market surveillance as well as in the areas of company law and contract and extracontractual law, anti-money laundering, free movement of capital, financial services and competition, including the development of governance tools;

#### Amendment

- (a) making the internal market more effective:
- (i) facilitating the prevention and removal of unjustified obstacles, prevention of unjustified unequal treatment of market participants/consumers, supporting the development, implementation and enforcement of the Union law in the areas of public procurement, company law and contract and extra-contractual law, antimoney laundering, free movement of capital, financial services and competition, including the development of *user-centric* governance tools; (ii) supporting effective market surveillance and product safety throughout the Union and the implementation and enforcement of the Union law in the areas of the internal market for goods and services.

Or. en

Amendment 107 Miguel Viegas

#### Proposal for a regulation

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## Article 3.° – paragraph 2 – point a

Text proposed by the Commission

(a) making the internal market more effective, facilitating the prevention and removal of obstacles, supporting the development, implementation and enforcement of the Union law in the areas of the internal market for goods and services, public procurement, market surveillance as well as in the areas of company law and contract and extracontractual law, anti-money laundering, *free movement of capital, financial services* and competition, including the development of governance tools;

#### Amendment

(a) making the internal market more effective, facilitating the prevention and removal of obstacles, supporting the development, implementation and enforcement of the Union law in the areas of the internal market for goods and services, public procurement, market surveillance as well as in the areas of company law and contract and extracontractual law, anti-money laundering, *measure to prevent fraud and tax evasion* and competition, including the development of governance tools;

Or. pt

Amendment 108 Philippe Loiseau, Jacques Colombier

Proposal for a regulation Article 3 – paragraph 2 – point a a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

#### Amendment

(aa) giving national authorities the legal possibility and financial means to take appropriate action on the agricultural products market as soon as it shows any signs of weakening, so as to restore market balance and guarantee profitable business opportunities for European food producers.

Or. fr

Amendment 109 Maria Gabriela Zoană

Proposal for a regulation Article 3 – paragraph 2 – point b

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

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- (b) improving the competitiveness of enterprises with special emphasis on SMEs and achieving additionality through the provision of measures that provide various forms of support to SMEs, access to markets including the internationalisation of SMEs, favourable business environment for SMEs, the competitiveness of sectors, the modernisation of industry and the promotion of entrepreneurship;
- (b) improving the competitiveness of enterprises with special emphasis on SMEs and achieving additionality through the provision of measures that provide various forms of support to SMEs, access to markets including the internationalisation of SMEs, favourable business environment for SMEs, the competitiveness of sectors, the modernisation of industry and the promotion of entrepreneurship, with the focus on entrepreneurship among women and young people from rural areas, so as to enable them to stay in such areas and prevent rural depopulation;

Or. ro

Amendment 110 Laurențiu Rebega

Proposal for a regulation Article 3 – paragraph 2 – point b

Text proposed by the Commission

(b) improving the competitiveness of enterprises with special emphasis on SMEs and achieving *additionality* through the provision of measures that provide various forms of support to SMEs, access to markets including the internationalisation of SMEs, favourable business environment for SMEs, the competitiveness of sectors, the modernisation of industry and the promotion of entrepreneurship;

#### Amendment

(b) improving the competitiveness of enterprises with special emphasis on SMEs and achieving additionally at Union level through the provision of measures that provide various forms of support to SMEs including in the tourism sector, facilitate access to markets including the internationalisation of SMEs, promote favourable business environment for SMEs, support the competitiveness of sectors, the modernisation of industry, the development of industrial value chains and the promotion of entrepreneurship;

Or. en

Amendment 111 Maria Lidia Senra Rodríguez

Proposal for a regulation Article 3 – paragraph 2 – point b

(b) improving the *competitiveness* of enterprises with special emphasis on SMEs and achieving additionality through the provision of measures that provide various forms of support to SMEs, access to *markets including the internationalisation* of SMEs, favourable business environment for SMEs, the competitiveness of sectors, the modernisation of industry and the promotion of entrepreneurship;

#### Amendment

(b) improving the *sustainability* of enterprises with special emphasis on SMEs and achieving additionality through the provision of measures that provide various forms of support to SMEs, *priority* access to *local markets and a* favourable business environment for SMEs;

Or. es

Amendment 112 Philippe Loiseau, Jacques Colombier

Proposal for a regulation Article 3 – paragraph 2 – point b

Text proposed by the Commission

(b) improving the competitiveness of enterprises with special emphasis on SMEs and achieving additionality through the provision of measures that provide various forms of support to SMEs, access to markets including the internationalisation of SMEs, *favourable* business environment for SMEs, the competitiveness of sectors, *the modernisation of* industry and *the promotion of* entrepreneurship;

#### Amendment

(b) improving the competitiveness of enterprises (with special emphasis on SMEs, in particular agricultural ones, and achieving additionality through the provision of measures that provide various forms of support to SMEs), improving access to markets (including the internationalisation of SMEs), improving the business environment so that it is favourable for SMEs, improving the competitiveness of sectors, modernising agriculture and industry and promoting entrepreneurship;

Or. fr

Amendment 113 Miguel Viegas

Proposal for a regulation Article 3.° – paragraph 2 – point b

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

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- (b) improving the competitiveness of enterprises with special emphasis on SMEs and achieving additionality through the provision of measures that provide various forms of support to SMEs, access to markets including the internationalisation of SMEs, favourable business environment for SMEs, the competitiveness of sectors, the modernisation of industry and the promotion of entrepreneurship;
- (b) improving the competitiveness of enterprises with special emphasis on SMEs and achieving additionality through the provision of measures that provide various forms of support to SMEs, access to markets including the internationalisation of SMEs, favourable business environment for SMEs, the competitiveness of sectors, the modernisation of industry and the promotion of *market transparency and* entrepreneurship;

Or. pt

Amendment 114 Miguel Viegas

Proposal for a regulation Article 3.° – paragraph 2 – point c – point ii

Text proposed by the Commission

(ii) support the development of highquality international financial reporting and auditing standards, facilitate their integration into the Union law and promote the innovation and development of best practices in corporate reporting;

#### Amendment

(ii) support the development of highquality international financial reporting and auditing standards, facilitate their integration into the Union law and promote the innovation and development of best practices *and transparency* in corporate reporting;

Or. pt

Amendment 115 Philippe Loiseau, Jacques Colombier

Proposal for a regulation Article 3 – paragraph 2 – point c – point ii

Text proposed by the Commission

(ii) support the development of *high-quality international* financial reporting and auditing standards, facilitate their integration into the Union law and promote the innovation and development of best practices in corporate reporting;

#### Amendment

(ii) support the development of financial reporting and auditing standards, facilitate their integration into the Union law and promote the innovation and development of best practices in corporate reporting;

## Amendment 116 Philippe Loiseau, Jacques Colombier

## Proposal for a regulation Article 3 – paragraph 2 – point d – point i

Text proposed by the Commission

(i) empowering, assisting and educating consumers, businesses and civil society; ensuring a high level of consumer protection, sustainable consumption and product safety notably by supporting competent enforcement authorities and consumer representative organisations and cooperation actions; ensuring that all consumers have access to redress and; provision of adequate information on markets and consumers;

#### Amendment

empowering and assisting (i) consumers, businesses and civil society; ensuring a high level of consumer protection, sustainable consumption and product safety, notably by supporting competent enforcement authorities and consumer representative organisations, as well as cooperation actions among Member States, and exchanges of good practice and information, to shield European products on the internal market against all unfair competition; ensuring that all consumers have access to redress and; provision of adequate information on markets and consumers:

Or. fr

## Amendment 117 Bas Belder

## Proposal for a regulation Article 3 – paragraph 2 – point d – point i

Text proposed by the Commission

(i) empowering, assisting and educating consumers, businesses and civil society; ensuring a high level of consumer protection, sustainable consumption and product safety notably by supporting competent enforcement authorities and consumer representative organisations and cooperation actions; ensuring that all consumers have access to redress and; provision of adequate information on markets and consumers:

#### Amendment

(i) empowering, assisting and educating consumers, businesses and civil society, through accessible government websites, for example; ensuring a high level of consumer protection, sustainable consumption and product safety notably by supporting competent enforcement authorities and consumer representative organisations and cooperation actions; ensuring that all consumers have access to redress and; provision of adequate

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Or. nl

## Amendment 118 Maria Lidia Senra Rodríguez

## Proposal for a regulation Article 3 – paragraph 2 – point d – point i

Text proposed by the Commission

(i) empowering, assisting and educating consumers, businesses and civil society; ensuring a high level of consumer protection, sustainable consumption and product safety notably by supporting competent enforcement authorities and consumer representative organisations and cooperation actions; ensuring that all consumers have access to redress and; provision of adequate information on markets and consumers;

#### Amendment

(i) empowering, assisting and educating consumers, businesses, *trade unions* and civil society; ensuring a high level of consumer protection, sustainable consumption and product safety notably by supporting competent enforcement authorities and consumer representative organisations and cooperation actions; ensuring that all consumers have access to redress and; provision of adequate information on markets and consumers;

Or. es

## Amendment 119 Maria Lidia Senra Rodríguez

## Proposal for a regulation Article 3 – paragraph 2 – point d – point ii

Text proposed by the Commission

(ii) enhancing the participation of consumers, other financial services endusers and civil society in financial services policy-making; promoting a better understanding of the financial sector;

#### Amendment

(ii) enhancing the participation of consumers, other financial services endusers, *trade unions* and civil society in financial services policy-making; promoting a better understanding of the financial sector;

Or. es

Amendment 120 Paolo De Castro, Clara Eugenia Aguilera García

## Proposal for a regulation Article 3 – paragraph 2 – point e

Text proposed by the Commission

(e) contributing to a high level of health for humans, animals and plants along the *food* chain and in related areas, including by preventing and eradicating diseases and pests, and to support the improvement of the welfare of animals as well as a sustainable *food* production and consumption;

#### Amendment

(e) contributing to a high level of health for humans, animals and plants along the agricultural and food supply chain and in related areas, including by preventing and eradicating diseases and pests, also by means of emergency measures in the event of large-scale crisis situations and unforeseeable events affecting animal or plant health, and to support the improvement of the welfare of animals as well as a sustainable agri-food production and consumption;

(The change from "food chain" to "agricultural and food supply chain" applies throughout the text. Adopting it will necessitate corresponding changes throughout.)

Or. en

## Amendment 121 Jan Huitema, Hilde Vautmans, Ulrike Müller, Elsi Katainen

## Proposal for a regulation Article 3 – paragraph 2 – point e

Text proposed by the Commission

(e) contributing to a high level of health for humans, animals and plants along the food chain and in related areas, including by preventing and eradicating diseases and pests, and to support the improvement of the welfare of animals as well as a sustainable food production and consumption;

#### Amendment

(e) contributing to a high level of health for humans, animals and plants along the food chain and in related areas, including by preventing and eradicating diseases and pests, and to support the improvement of the welfare of animals as well as a sustainable food production and consumption; thereby focusing on stimulating research, innovation and the exchange of best practices between stakeholders in these fields.

Or. en

## Amendment 122 Daniel Buda

## Proposal for a regulation Article 3 – paragraph 2 – point e

Text proposed by the Commission

(e) contributing to a high level of health for humans, animals and plants along the food chain and in related areas, including by preventing and eradicating diseases and pests, and to support the improvement of the welfare of animals as well as a sustainable food production and consumption;

#### Amendment

(e) contributing to a high level of health for humans, animals and plants along the food chain and in related areas, including by preventing and eradicating diseases and pests, and to support the improvement of the welfare of animals as well as a sustainable food production and consumption *at affordable prices*;

Or. ro

Amendment 123 Philippe Loiseau, Jacques Colombier

Proposal for a regulation Article 3 – paragraph 2 – point e

*Text proposed by the Commission* 

(e) contributing to a high level of health for humans, animals and plants along the food chain and in related areas, including by preventing and eradicating diseases and pests, and to support the improvement of the welfare of animals as well as a sustainable food production and consumption;

#### Amendment

(e) contributing to a high level of health for humans, animals and plants along the food chain and in related areas, including by preventing and eradicating diseases and pests, and to support the improvement of the welfare of animals as well as a sustainable *European* food production and consumption;

Or. fr

Amendment 124 Momchil Nekov

Proposal for a regulation Article 3 – paragraph 2 – point д a (new)

#### Amendment

(ea) to help create a propitious environment for the launching of new SMEs in disadvantaged regions such as mountainous areas and the outermost regions by ensuring that 10% of all available financial resources are allocated to such regions.

Or. bg

Amendment 125 Norbert Erdős

Proposal for a regulation Article 4 – paragraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

1. The financial envelope for the implementation of the Programme for the period 2021 to 2027 shall be EUR 4 088 580 000 in current prices.

#### Amendment

1. The financial envelope for the implementation of the Programme for the period 2021 to 2027 shall be EUR 4 608 580 000 in current prices.

Or. hu

## Justification

Experience gained in recent years shows that in the areas of both animal and plant health we will have to expect, in addition to familiar diseases, the appearance in the EU of new, large-scale epidemics involving diseases previously deemed 'exotic'. There will therefore be a need for more rather than less funding for health care.

Amendment 126 Norbert Erdős

Proposal for a regulation Article 4 – paragraph 2 – point c

*Text proposed by the Commission* 

Amendment

(c) EUR *1 680 000 000* to the objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e);

(c) EUR **2 200 000 000** to the objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e);

Or. hu

## Justification

Experience gained in recent years shows that in the areas of both animal and plant health we will have to expect, in addition to familiar diseases, the appearance in the EU of new, large-scale epidemics involving diseases previously deemed 'exotic'. There will therefore be a need for more rather than less funding for these areas.

Amendment 127 Beata Gosiewska

Proposal for a regulation Article 4 – paragraph 5 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

5a. There is a need to draw up effective solutions to emergencies in the event of a crisis by ensuring, at all levels of the food chain, direct or at least considerably simplified access to appropriations of the Commission's crisis reserve in order to guarantee financing for the measures set out in Article 3(2)(e).

Or. pl

Amendment 128 Nicola Caputo

Proposal for a regulation Article 4 – paragraph 5 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

5 a. A specific mechanism should be introduced for direct food chain access to the Commission's crisis reserve in case of large-scale emergencies.

Or. en

Amendment 129 Philippe Loiseau, Jacques Colombier

Proposal for a regulation

## Article 5 – paragraph 1 – point b

Text proposed by the Commission

(b) acceding countries, candidate countries and potential candidates, in accordance with the general principles and general terms and conditions for their participation in Union programmes established in the respective framework agreements and Association Council decisions, or similar agreements, and in accordance with the specific conditions laid down in agreements between the Union and them:

#### Amendment

(b) acceding countries, in accordance with the general principles and general terms and conditions for their participation in Union programmes established in the respective framework agreements and Association Council decisions, or similar agreements, and in accordance with the specific conditions laid down in agreements between the Union and *the countries concerned*;

Or. fr

Amendment 130 Philippe Loiseau, Jacques Colombier

Proposal for a regulation Article 5 – paragraph 1 – point d – point i

Text proposed by the Commission

(i) ensures a fair balance as regards the contributions and benefits of the third country participating in the Union programmes;

#### Amendment

(i) ensures a fair balance as regards the contributions and benefits of the third country participating in the Union programmes; strict equality must therefore be observed between the funding paid in by the third country concerned in the form of contributions, and the funding it receives under the Programme;

Or. fr

Amendment 131 Daniel Buda

Proposal for a regulation Article 6 – paragraph 2

Text proposed by the Commission

2. The Programme may provide funding in any of the forms laid down in

Amendment

2. The Programme may provide funding in any of the forms laid down in

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the Financial Regulation, in particular grants, prizes and procurement. It may also provide financing in the form of financial instruments within blending operations.

the Financial Regulation, in particular grants, prizes and procurement. It may also provide financing in the form of financial instruments within blending operations by providing access to multiple financing programmes.

Or. ro

Amendment 132 Nicola Caputo

Proposal for a regulation Article 7 – paragraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

Grants under the Programme shall be awarded and managed in accordance with Title VIII of the Financial Regulation.

#### Amendment

Grants under the Programme shall be awarded and managed in accordance with Title VIII of the Financial Regulation. The Commission shall publish work programmes adopted for each of the specific objectives referred in Article 2 (2) specifying the amount of grants to be allocated.

Or. en

#### Justification

This is a consolidated practice in the management of the EU programmes.

Amendment 133 Miguel Viegas

Proposal for a regulation Article 8.° – paragraph 2 – point a

Text proposed by the Commission

(a) creation of the right conditions to empower all actors of the internal market, including businesses, citizens and consumers, civil society and public authorities through transparent information and awareness raising campaigns, best practice exchange, promotion of good

#### Amendment

(a) creation of the right conditions to empower all actors of the internal market, including businesses, citizens and consumers, civil society and public authorities through transparent information and awareness raising campaigns, best practice exchange, promotion of good practices, exchange and dissemination of expertise and knowledge and organization of trainings;

practices, exchange and dissemination of expertise and knowledge and organization of trainings; information on cost structures, manufacturing processes and the origin of raw materials should be made public in order to improve the functioning of the market, while instilling greater confidence in market players and ensuring fairer distribution of the value chain;

Or. pt

Amendment 134 Maria Lidia Senra Rodríguez

Proposal for a regulation Article 8 – paragraph 2 – point a

Text proposed by the Commission

(a) creation of the right conditions to empower all actors of the internal market, including businesses, citizens and consumers, civil society and public authorities through transparent information and awareness raising campaigns, best practice exchange, promotion of good practices, exchange and dissemination of expertise and knowledge and organization of trainings;

#### Amendment

(a) creation of the right conditions to empower all actors of the internal market, including businesses, *trade unions*, citizens and consumers, civil society and public authorities through transparent information and awareness raising campaigns, best practice exchange, promotion of good practices, exchange and dissemination of expertise and knowledge and organization of trainings;

Or. es

Amendment 135 Maria Lidia Senra Rodríguez

Proposal for a regulation Article 8 – paragraph 2 – point b

Text proposed by the Commission

(b) provision of mechanisms for citizens, consumers, end-users, civil society and businesses representatives from the Union to contribute to political discussions, policies and decision making

## Amendment

(b) provision of mechanisms for citizens, *workers*, consumers, end-users, civil society and businesses representatives from the Union to contribute to political discussions, policies and decision making

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process, notably by supporting the functioning of representative organisations at national and the Union level;

process, notably by supporting the functioning of representative organisations at national and the Union level;

Or. es

Amendment 136 Maria Lidia Senra Rodríguez

Proposal for a regulation Article 8 – paragraph 3 – point b

Text proposed by the Commission

(b) facilitating SMEs' access to markets, supporting them in addressing global and societal challenges and business internationalisation, and strengthening Union industrial leadership in global value chains, including the Enterprise Europe Network;

Amendment

deleted

Or. es

Amendment 137 Philippe Loiseau, Jacques Colombier

Proposal for a regulation Article 8 – paragraph 3 – point b a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(ba) actions designed to help farming businesses access the relevant markets, by shielding them from unfair competition and economic problems arising from global and societal challenges, and shoring up the Union's leading position in agriculture in value chains in Europe and all over the world;

Or. fr

Amendment 138 Maria Lidia Senra Rodríguez

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## Proposal for a regulation Article 8 – paragraph 3 – point c

Text proposed by the Commission

(c) addressing market barriers, administrative burden and creating a favourable business environment to empower SMEs to benefit from the internal market;

Amendment

deleted

Or. es

Amendment 139 Maria Gabriela Zoană

Proposal for a regulation Article 8 – paragraph 3 – point f

Text proposed by the Commission

(f) fostering an entrepreneurial business environment and entrepreneurial culture, including the mentoring scheme for new entrepreneurs and supporting startups, business sustainability and scale-ups.

#### Amendment

(f) fostering an entrepreneurial business environment and entrepreneurial culture, especially among women and young people, with the focus on young people in rural areas, including the mentoring scheme for new entrepreneurs and supporting start-ups, business sustainability and scale-ups and the creation of new services.

Or. ro

Amendment 140 Philippe Loiseau, Jacques Colombier

Proposal for a regulation Article 9 – paragraph 2 – point c

Text proposed by the Commission

(c) legal entities established in a third country which is not associated to the Programme are exceptionally eligible to participate, provided that the action pursues Union objectives *and* the activities

## Amendment

(c) legal entities established in a third country which is not associated to the Programme are exceptionally eligible to participate, provided that the action pursues Union objectives, *that the entity* 

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outside the Union contribute to the effectiveness of interventions carried out in Member State territories to which the Treaties apply.

itself provides at least the same amount of funding as it receives under the programme, and that the activities outside the Union contribute to the effectiveness of interventions carried out in Member State territories to which the Treaties apply.

Or. fr

Amendment 141 Philippe Loiseau, Jacques Colombier

Proposal for a regulation Article 9 – paragraph 7 – point c

Text proposed by the Commission

(c) non-profit *making entities*, which are independent of industry, commercial and business or other conflicting interests, and have as their primary objectives and activities the promotion and support of the implementation of the European statistics Code of Practice referred to in Article 11 of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 and the implementation of new methods of production of European statistics aiming at efficiency gains and quality improvements at Union level.

#### Amendment

(c) non-profit *entities established* within the Union, which are independent of industry, commercial and business or other conflicting interests, and have as their primary objectives and activities the promotion and support of the implementation of the European statistics Code of Practice referred to in Article 11 of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 and the implementation of new methods of production of European statistics aiming at efficiency gains and quality improvements at Union level.

Or. fr

Amendment 142 Miguel Viegas

Proposal for a regulation Article 11.º – paragraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

The evaluation committee(s) for actions implementing the specific objective(s) referred to in Article 3(2) may be composed fully or partially of external experts.

Amendment

The evaluation committee(s) for actions implementing the specific objective(s) referred to in Article 3(2) may be composed fully or partially of external experts. *Evaluation committees shall ensure a fair distribution of funds that* 

benefits the weaker and more peripheral economies.

Or. pt

Amendment 143 Sofia Ribeiro

Proposal for a regulation Article 16 – paragraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

1. The *Programme shall be implemented by work programme(s) referred to in* Article 110 of *the* Financial Regulation. Work programmes shall set out, where applicable, the overall amount reserved for blending operations.

#### Amendment

1. The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts pursuant to Article 20 supplementing this Regulation by adopting work programmes in accordance with Article 110 of Financial Regulation. The work programmes shall set out, where applicable, the overall amount reserved for blending operations.

Or. en

Amendment 144 Sofia Ribeiro

Proposal for a regulation Article 20 – paragraph 2

Text proposed by the Commission

2. The power to adopt delegated acts referred to in Articles 9 and 17 shall be conferred on the Commission until 31 December 2028.

#### Amendment

2. The power to adopt delegated acts referred to in Articles 9, 16 and 17 shall be conferred on the Commission until 31 December 2028.

Or. en

Amendment 145 Sofia Ribeiro

Proposal for a regulation Article 21

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deleted

#### Article 21

## Committee procedure

1. The Commission shall be assisted by the Standing Committee on the Food Chain and Animal Health established by Article 58 of Regulation (EC) No 178/2002 of the European Parliament and of the Council<sup>99</sup>. That committee shall be a committee within the meaning of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011.

2.

Where reference is made to this paragraph, Article 5 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 shall apply.

Where the opinion of the committee is to be obtained by written procedure, that procedure shall be terminated without result when, within the time-limit for delivery of the opinion, the chair of the committee so decides or a simple majority of committee members so requests.

<sup>99</sup> Regulation (EC) No 178/2002 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 28 January 2002 laying down the general principles and requirements of food law, establishing the European Food Safety Authority and laying down procedures in matters of food safety (OJ L 031, 01.02.2002, p. 1).

Or. en

Amendment 146 Nicola Caputo

Proposal for a regulation Article 22 – paragraph 1

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Text proposed by the Commission

1. The recipients of Union funding shall acknowledge the origin and ensure the visibility of the Union funding (in

Amendment

1. The recipients of Union funding shall acknowledge the origin and ensure the visibility of the Union funding (in

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FN

particular when promoting the actions and their results), by providing coherent, effective and proportionate targeted information to multiple audiences, including the media and the public. particular when promoting the actions and their results), by providing coherent, effective and proportionate targeted information to multiple audiences, including the media and the public *at local level*.

Or. en

### Justification

Visibility of the results of the programme has to be granted within the local communities in order to improve the awareness of the EU's contribution to the wellbeing of the European society.

Amendment 147 Paolo De Castro, Clara Eugenia Aguilera García

Proposal for a regulation Article 22 – paragraph 2

Text proposed by the Commission

2. The Commission shall implement information and communication actions relating to the Programme, *and* its actions and results. Financial resources allocated to the Programme shall also contribute to the corporate communication of the political priorities of the Union, as far as they are related to the objectives referred to in Article 3.

#### Amendment

2. The Commission shall implement information and communication actions relating to the Programme, in order to raise awareness among consumers, citizens, businesses, especially in the agricultural and food supply chain, about the resources provided through the financial instruments of this Regulation, as well as about its actions and results. Financial resources allocated to the Programme shall also contribute to the corporate communication of the political priorities of the Union, as far as they are related to the objectives referred to in Article 3.

Or. en

Amendment 148 Michel Dantin

Proposal for a regulation Annex I – paragraph 1 – point 1 – point 1.2 – point a

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(a) measures to eradicate a Union quarantine pest, taken by the competent authority of a Member State pursuant to Article 16 of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 of the European Parliament and of the Council<sup>105</sup>or pursuant to the Union measures adopted in accordance with Article 28(1) of that Regulation;

<sup>105</sup> Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 October 2016 on protective measures against pests of plants, amending Regulations (EU) No 228/2013, (EU) No 652/2014 and (EU) No 1143/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council and repealing Council Directives 69/464/EEC, 74/647/EEC, 93/85/EEC, 98/57/EC, 2000/29/EC, 2006/91/EC and 2007/33/EC (OJ L 317, 23.11.2016, p. 4).

#### Amendment

(a) measures to *prevent*, *contain* and/or eradicate a Union quarantine pest, taken by the competent authority of a Member State pursuant to Article 16 of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 of the European Parliament and of the Council<sup>105</sup> or pursuant to the Union measures adopted in accordance with Article 28(1) of that Regulation;

Or. fr

## Justification

It is vital to ensure that prevention and containment measures are eligible in the same way that eradication measures are.

## Amendment 149 Michel Dantin

## Proposal for a regulation Annex I – paragraph 1 – point 1 – point 1.2 – point b

Text proposed by the Commission

(b) measures to eradicate a pest, not listed as Union quarantine pests, taken by the competent authority of a Member State pursuant to Article 29 of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 and which may qualify as Union quarantine pests in accordance with the criteria referred to in that Article or Article 30(1) of that Regulation;

## Amendment

(b) measures to *prevent*, *contain* and/or eradicate a pest, not listed as Union quarantine pests, taken by the competent authority of a Member State pursuant to Article 29 of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 and which may qualify as Union quarantine pests in accordance with the criteria referred to in that Article or Article 30(1) of that Regulation;

### Justification

It is vital to ensure that prevention and containment measures are eligible in the same way that eradication measures are.

## Amendment 150 Michel Dantin

## Proposal for a regulation Annex I – paragraph 1 – point 1 – point 1.2 – point c

Text proposed by the Commission

(c) additional protective measures taken against the spread of a pest, against which Union measures have been adopted pursuant to Article 28(1) and Article 30(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031, other than the *eradication* measures referred to in *point (a) of this point and the containment measures referred to in point* (b) of this point, where those measures are essential to protect the Union against further spread of that pest.

Amendment

(c) additional protective measures taken against the spread of a pest, against which Union measures have been adopted pursuant to Article 28(1) and Article 30(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031, other than the measures referred to in *points (a) and* (b) of this point, where those measures are essential to protect the Union against further spread of that pest.

Or. fr

#### Justification

This is a technical amendment, the purpose of which is to bring the text into line in the light of the amendments calling for prevention and containment measures to be eligible in the same way that eradication measures are.

Amendment 151 Beata Gosiewska

Proposal for a regulation Annex I – paragraph 1 – point 1 – point 1.3 – point 1.3.4 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

1.3.4 a. In the event of a suspected outbreak of an animal disease and/or the appearance of harmful organisms, checks and monitoring will need to be greatly

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Or. pl

Amendment 152 Jan Huitema, Hilde Vautmans, Ulrike Müller, Elsi Katainen

Proposal for a regulation Annex I – paragraph 1 – point 1 – point 1.3 – point 1.3.4 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

1.3.4 a. Measures to monitor the appearance of known as well as currently unknown pests and diseases.

Or. en

Amendment 153
Thomas Waitz
on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation Annex I – paragraph 1 – point 2 – point 2.1 – introductory part

Text proposed by the Commission

2.1. Annual and multiannual veterinary and phytosanitary programmes for the eradication, control and surveillance of animal diseases and zoonoses listed in Annex III and of plant pests have to be implemented in compliance with the provisions laid down in the relevant Union law.

Amendment

2.1. Annual and multiannual veterinary and phytosanitary programmes for the *prevention*, eradication, control and surveillance of animal diseases and zoonoses listed in Annex III and of plant pests have to be implemented in compliance with the provisions laid down in the relevant Union law.

Or. en

Amendment 154 Michel Dantin

Proposal for a regulation Annex I – paragraph 1 – point 2 – point 2.3 – point c

(c) measures to eradicate a Union quarantine pest, taken by the competent authority of a Member State pursuant to Article 17 of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 or pursuant to the Union measures adopted in accordance with Article 28(1) of that Regulation;

#### Amendment

measures to *prevent*, contain and/or eradicate a Union quarantine pest, taken by the competent authority of a Member State pursuant to Article 17 of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 or pursuant to the Union measures adopted in accordance with Article 28(1) of that Regulation;

Or. fr

## Justification

It is vital to ensure that prevention and containment measures are eligible in the same way that eradication measures are.

## **Amendment 155 Michel Dantin**

## Proposal for a regulation Annex I – paragraph 1 – point 2 – point 2.3 – point d

Text proposed by the Commission

(d) measures to eradicate a pest, not listed as Union quarantine pests, taken by the competent authority of a Member State pursuant to Article 29 of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 and which may qualify as Union quarantine pests in accordance with the criteria referred to in that Article or Article 30(1) of that Regulation;

Amendment

measures to prevent, contain (d) and/or eradicate a pest, not listed as Union quarantine pests, taken by the competent authority of a Member State pursuant to Article 29 of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 and which may qualify as Union quarantine pests in accordance with the criteria referred to in that Article or Article 30(1) of that Regulation;

Or. fr

## Justification

It is vital to ensure that prevention and containment measures are eligible in the same way that eradication measures are.

Amendment 156 **Michel Dantin** 

Proposal for a regulation Annex I – paragraph 1 – point 2 – point 2.3 – point e

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(e) additional protective measures taken against the spread of a pest, against which Union measures have been adopted pursuant to Articles 28(1) and 30(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031, other than the *eradication* measures referred to in *point* (c) of this point and the containment measures referred to in point (d) of this point, where those measures are essential to protect the Union against further spread of that pest;

#### Amendment

(e) additional protective measures taken against the spread of a pest, against which Union measures have been adopted pursuant to Articles 28(1) and 30(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031, other than the measures referred to in *points (c) and* (d) of this point, where those measures are essential to protect the Union against further spread of that pest;

Or. fr

### Justification

This is a technical amendment, the purpose of which is to bring the text into line in the light of the amendments calling for prevention and containment measures to be eligible in the same way that eradication measures are.

Amendment 157
Thomas Waitz
on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation Annex I – paragraph 1 – point 3

Text proposed by the Commission

3. Activities to support the improvement of the welfare of animals.

## Amendment

3. Activities to support the improvement of the welfare of animals, including measures to ensure compliance with animal welfare standards during animal transport.

Or. en

Amendment 158
Thomas Waitz
on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation Annex I – paragraph 1 – point 7

7. Activities supporting a sustainable food production and consumption.

#### Amendment

7. Activities supporting a sustainable food production and consumption, which does not cause harm to the environment and biodiversity.

Or. en

Amendment 159 Maria Lidia Senra Rodríguez

Proposal for a regulation Annex I – paragraph 1 – point 7

Text proposed by the Commission

7. Activities supporting *a* sustainable food *production and consumption*.

#### Amendment

7. Activities supporting agroecological production, sustainable food consumption and promoting direct sales and short supply chains.

Or. es

Amendment 160 Jan Huitema, Hilde Vautmans, Ulrike Müller, Elsi Katainen

Proposal for a regulation Annex I – paragraph 1 – point 11

Text proposed by the Commission

11. Technical and scientific work, including studies and coordination activities, necessary to ensure the correct implementation of the legislation in the area related to the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) and the adaptation of that legislation to scientific, technological and societal developments.

## Amendment

11. Technical and scientific work, including studies and coordination activities, necessary to safeguard prevention of the appearance of new as well as unknown pests and diseases and to ensure the correct implementation of the legislation in the area related to the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) and the adaptation of that legislation to scientific, technological and societal developments.

Or. en

## Amendment 161 Maria Lidia Senra Rodríguez

Proposal for a regulation Annex II – indent –1 (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

#### Amendment

-1 providing statistics on the creation and destruction of SMEs and microenterprises in urban, rural and mountain regions;

Or. es

Amendment 162
Thomas Waitz
on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation Annex II – indent 13

Text proposed by the Commission

 monitoring the progress towards the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs);

#### Amendment

 monitoring the progress towards the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)
 and the Paris Climate Agreement;

Or. en

Amendment 163 Maria Lidia Senra Rodríguez

Proposal for a regulation Annex II – indent 15

*Text proposed by the Commission* 

 providing key environmental statistics and indicators including on waste, water, biodiversity, forests, land use and land cover as well as climate-related statistics and environmental economic accounts;

### Amendment

 providing key environmental statistics and indicators including on waste, water, biodiversity, forests, land use and land cover, *land grabbing* as well as climate-related statistics and environmental economic accounts;

Or. es

## Amendment 164 Jean Arthuis

## Proposal for a regulation Annex II – indent 18

Text proposed by the Commission

 providing timely and relevant data for the needs of the Common Agricultural Policy, Common Fisheries policy and policies related to the environment, food security and animal welfare.

#### Amendment

— providing timely and relevant data for the needs of the Common Agricultural Policy, Common Fisheries policy and policies related to the environment, food security and animal welfare, as well as statistics on species not mentioned in Regulation (EU) 2018/1091 on integrated farm statistics, and livestock that are subject to Regulation 2016/429 on transmissible animal diseases ('Animal Health Law') and to Regulation 2016/1012 on zootechnical and genealogical conditions for breeding ('Animal Breeding Regulation');

Or. fr

Amendment 165 Maria Lidia Senra Rodríguez

Proposal for a regulation Annex II – indent 19 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

- providing statistics on depopulation and population shifts in rural and mountain regions;

Or. es

Amendment 166 Michel Dantin

Proposal for a regulation Annex III

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## List of animal diseases and zoonoses

#### deleted

- (1) African horse sickness
- (2) African swine fever
- (3) Anthrax
- (4) Avian influenza (highly pathogenic),
- (5) Avian influenza (low pathogenic)
- (6) Campylobacteriosis
- (7) Classical swine fever
- (8) Foot-and-mouth disease
- (9) Contagious caprine pleuropneumonia
- (10) Glanders
- (11) Infection with bluetongue virus (serotypes 1-24),
- (12) Infection with Brucella abortus, B. melitensis and B. suis
- (13) Infection with epizootic haemorrhagic disease virus
- (14) Infection with lumpy skin disease virus
- (15) Infection with Mycoplasma mycoides subsp. mycoides SC (Contagious bovine pleuropneumonia),
- (16) Infection with Mycobacterium tuberculosis complex (M. bovis, M. caprae and M. tuberculosis)
- (17) Infection with Newcastle disease virus
- (18) Infection with peste des petits ruminants virus
- (19) Infection with rabies virus
- (20) Infection with Rift Valley fever virus
- (21) Infection with rinderpest virus
- (22) Infection with zoonotic Salmonella serovars
- (23) Infestation with Echinococcus spp
- (24) Listeriosis
- (25) Sheep pox and goat pox

- (26) Transmissible spongiform encephalopathies
- (27) Trichinellosis
- (28) Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis
- (29) Verotoxigenic E. coli

Or. fr

## Justification

This deleting amendment has been tabled in conjunction with another amendment seeking to ensure that account is taken of the review of the list of diseases drawn up under Regulation 2016/429 which may be updated by the Commission, and extended to cover salmonella, zoonoses and zoonotic agents.

Amendment 167 Michel Dantin

Proposal for a regulation Annex III a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

#### ANNEX III

List of animal diseases and zoonoses

The list of animal diseases and zoonoses covers:

- (a) the list of diseases drawn up pursuant to Chapter 2 of Part 1 of Regulation 2016/429;
- (b) salmonella, zoonoses and zoonotic agents covered by Regulation (EC) No 2160/2003 and Directive 2003/99/EC;
- (c) transmissible spongiform encephalopathies.

Or. fr

### Justification

This amendment seeks to ensure that account is taken of the review of the list of diseases drawn up under Regulation 2016/429 which may be updated by the Commission, and be extended to cover salmonella, zoonoses and zoonotic agents.

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