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*Plenary sitting*

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**B8-0013/2017**

11.1.2017

# **MOTION FOR A RESOLUTION**

pursuant to Rule 133 of the Rules of Procedure

on the early diagnosis of type I diabetes

**Mireille D'Ornano**

**Motion for a European Parliament resolution on the early diagnosis of type I diabetes**

*The European Parliament,*

- having regard to Article 168 TFEU,
- having regard to Rule 133 of its Rules of Procedure,
- A. whereas 33 million people in the EU-27 suffer from diabetes (2010), a figure which is expected to rise to 38 million by 2030, of which around 6% shall suffer from type I diabetes;
- B. whereas an early diagnosis of type I diabetes (in childhood) means that the condition can be treated quickly, thereby avoiding the first instance of metabolic imbalance;
- C. whereas, according to the Munich Helmholtz Zentrum (Germany), the ‘Fr1da’ programme makes an early diagnosis of type I diabetes by detecting auto-antibodies which attest to the presence of insulin-producing beta cells in the pancreas, along with other bio-markers of the disease, and whereas the programme has been tested on 100 000 children in Bavaria, Germany;
- 1. Encourages the Commission to support scientific research into the early diagnosis of type I diabetes, in particular the test outlined in point C of this resolution.