

Question for written answer E-000672/2015
to the Commission
Rule 130
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Subject: Tackling Islamist radicalisation

A number of European countries have adopted national programmes to tackle radicalisation, such as the UK's PREVENT programme and the Municipal Information House on Radicalisation in Amsterdam in the Netherlands. Alongside these initiatives, in 2011 the European Union set up a Radicalisation Awareness Network (RAN), which aims to pool expertise and facilitate the exchange of ideas between civil society and European authorities on the subject of deradicalisation. In January 2014, the Commissioner for Home Affairs announced the creation of a European knowledge hub on the prevention of radicalisation leading to terrorism and violent extremism in order to help local and national authorities in their efforts and in the coordination of research in this field.

1. Does the Commission have any analyses on the effectiveness of national deradicalisation programmes and the work done by the RAN?
2. Following the attacks in Paris and the foiled plots in Belgium, does the Commission plan to strengthen the resources of the RAN and the knowledge hub.
3. In the context of the new European Agenda on Security, what will the Commission's priorities be in tackling radicalisation, particularly on the internet and in prisons?