

**Question for written answer E-002103/2015
to the Commission**

Rule 130

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Subject: Job insecurity

According to the most recent published data on the Spanish labour market, almost one out of four contracts signed in Spain in 2014 were for periods of less than seven days, while 38 % were for less than a month. Moreover, 40 % of those for less than seven days were part-time contracts – thus piling insecurity on top of insecurity.

These data are in addition to other data that reveal the deterioration of the Spanish labour market. The ILO has certified a fall of 17 % in the purchasing power of wages, and a recent survey by the Directorate-General for Economic and Financial Affairs has concluded that wage adjustment ‘has been slow and inefficient and has hit temporary workers disproportionately hard’.

What is the Commission’s opinion of these data and the situation of the Spanish labour market, bearing in mind the employment reforms demanded by the Commission itself from Spain?

Are the results obtained in line with expectations?

What kind of economic recovery can be founded on such insecure employment as that described above?