



2018/0207(COD)

17.10.2018

AMENDMENTS

33 - 114

Draft opinion

Jean Lambert

(PE627.615v01-00)

Establishing the Rights and Values programme

Proposal for a regulation

(COM(2018)0383 – C8-0234/2018 – 2018/0207(COD))

AM_Com_LegOpinion

Amendment 33

Ádám Kósa

Proposal for a regulation

Citation 1

Text proposed by the Commission

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, and in particular Article 16(2), Article 19(2), Article 21(2), Article 24, Article 167, and Article **168** thereof,

Amendment

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, and in particular Article 16(2), Article 19(2), Article 21(2), Article 24, Article 167, **Article 168** and Article **352** thereof,

Or. hu

Amendment 34

Flavio Zanonato, Vilija Blinkevičiūtė, Michael Detjen, Brando Benifei

Proposal for a regulation

Citation 5 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

Having regard to the Interinstitutional Proclamation on the European Pillar of Social Rights (2017/C 428/09),

Or. en

Amendment 35

Flavio Zanonato, Vilija Blinkevičiūtė, Michael Detjen, Brando Benifei

Proposal for a regulation

Citation 5 b (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

Having regard to the European Parliament Resolution on the need to establish a European Values Instrument to support civil society organisations which promote fundamental values within the European Union at local and national

Amendment 36
Dominique Martin, Mara Bizzotto

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 1 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(1a) In Article 4 TEU, the Treaty itself states that the Union shall respect the national identities of the Member States, which is not unrelated to the constitutional identity of each of the Member States deriving from their constitutional cores. This programme adheres to that TEU Article and to the case law of the Court of Justice concerning respect for national identities. Thus, if a rule inherent to the national identity of a Member State were to impede application of an EU rule, that national rule could in fact prevail over EU law, since the EU has itself required that it be respected.

Or. fr

Justification

Dans des affaires récentes et suivant les conclusions des avocats généraux, la Cour de justice a fait sien ce raisonnement: CJCE 14 octobre 2004, Aff. C-36/02, Omega Spielhallen- und Automatenaufstellungs-GmbH c./ Oberbürgermeisterin der Bundesstadt Bonn, Rec. p. I-9609 ; CJCE 16 décembre 2008, Aff. C-213/07, Michaniki AE c./ Ethniko Symvoulío Radiotileorasis et Ypourgos Epikrateias, Rec. p. I-9999 ; CJCE 16 décembre 2008, Aff. C-127/07, Société Arcelor Atlantique et Lorraine et autres c./ Premier Ministre, Ministre de l'Écologie et du Développement durable, Ministre de l'Économie, des Finances et de l'Industrie, Rec. p. I-9895

Amendment 37
Ádám Kósa

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 2

Text proposed by the Commission

(2) Those rights and values must continue to be promoted and enforced and shared among the citizens and peoples and be at the heart of the EU project. Therefore, a new Justice, Rights and Values Fund, comprising the Rights and Values and the Justice programmes shall be created in the Union budget. At a time where European societies are confronted with extremism, radicalism and divisions, it is more important than ever to promote, strengthen and defend **justice**, rights and **EU values: human rights, respect for human dignity, freedom, democracy, equality, the rule of law**. This will have profound and direct implications for political, social, cultural and economic life in the EU. As part of the new Fund, the Justice Programme will continue to support the further development of Union area of justice and cross-border cooperation. The Rights and Values Programme will bring together the 2014-2020 Programme Rights, Equality and Citizenship established by Regulation (EU) No 1381/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council⁸ and the Europe for Citizens programme established by Council Regulation (EU) No 390/2014⁹, (hereafter 'the predecessor Programmes').

⁸ Regulation (EU) No 1381/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 December 2013 establishing a Rights, Equality and Citizenship Programme for the period 2014 to 2020 (OJ L 354, 28.12.2013, p. 62)

⁹ Council Regulation (EU) No 390/2014 of 14 April 2014 establishing the 'Europe for Citizens' programme for the period 2014-2020 (OJ L 115, 17.4.2014, p.3)

Amendment

(2) Those rights and values must continue to be promoted and enforced and shared among the citizens and peoples and be at the heart of the EU project. Therefore, a new Justice, Rights and Values Fund, comprising the Rights and Values and the Justice programmes shall be created in the Union budget. At a time where European societies are confronted with extremism, radicalism and divisions, it is more important than ever to promote, strengthen and defend **all the** rights and values **set out in the founding treaties of the European Union**: This will have profound and direct implications for political, social, cultural and economic life in the EU. As part of the new Fund, the Justice Programme will continue to support the further development of Union area of justice and cross-border cooperation. The Rights and Values Programme will bring together the 2014-2020 Programme Rights, Equality and Citizenship established by Regulation (EU) No 1381/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council⁸ and the Europe for Citizens programme established by Council Regulation (EU) No 390/2014⁹, (hereafter 'the predecessor Programmes').

⁸ Regulation (EU) No 1381/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 December 2013 establishing a Rights, Equality and Citizenship Programme for the period 2014 to 2020 (OJ L 354, 28.12.2013, p. 62)

⁹ Council Regulation (EU) No 390/2014 of 14 April 2014 establishing the 'Europe for Citizens' programme for the period 2014-2020 (OJ L 115, 17.4.2014, p.3)

Amendment 38**António Marinho e Pinto, Jean-Marie Cavada, Robert Rochefort, Jasenko Selimovic****Proposal for a regulation****Recital 2***Text proposed by the Commission*

(2) Those rights and values must continue to be promoted and enforced and shared among the citizens and peoples and be at the heart of the EU project. Therefore, a new Justice, Rights and Values Fund, comprising the Rights and Values and the Justice programmes shall be created in the EU budget. At a time where European societies are confronted with extremism, radicalism *and divisions*, it is more important than ever to *promote*, strengthen and defend justice, rights *and* EU values: human rights, respect for human dignity, freedom, democracy, equality, the rule of law. *This* will have profound and direct implications for political, social, cultural and economic life in the EU. As part of the new Fund, the Justice Programme will continue to support the further development of Union area of justice and cross-border cooperation. The Rights and Values Programme will bring together the 2014-2020 Programme Rights, Equality and Citizenship established by Regulation (EU) No 1381/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council⁸ and the Europe for Citizens programme established by Council Regulation (EU) No 390/2014⁹, (hereafter 'the predecessor Programmes').

Amendment

(2) Those rights and values must continue to be promoted and enforced and shared among the citizens and peoples and be at the heart of the EU project. Therefore, a new Justice, Rights and Values Fund, comprising the Rights and Values and the Justice programmes shall be created in the EU budget. At a time where European societies are confronted with extremism, radicalism, *prejudice and anti-democratic ideologies, by means of new and more dangerous ways, using 'fake news' and cyber-attacks, spreading hate and mistrust against our open and inclusive societies*, it is more important than ever to strengthen and defend justice, rights, EU values *and the rule of law, which is inseparable from democracy itself, and a condition for its effectiveness. To promote and support* human rights, respect for human dignity, freedom, democracy, equality, *and* the rule of law will have profound and direct implications for political, social, cultural and economic life in the EU. As part of the new Fund, the Justice Programme will continue to support the further development of Union area of justice and cross-border cooperation. The Rights and Values Programme will bring together the 2014-2020 Programme Rights, Equality and Citizenship established by Regulation (EU) No 1381/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council⁸ and the Europe for Citizens programme established by Council Regulation (EU) No 390/2014⁹, (hereafter 'the predecessor Programmes').

⁸ Regulation (EU) No 1381/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 December 2013 establishing a Rights, Equality and Citizenship Programme for the period 2014 to 2020 (OJ L 354, 28.12.2013, p. 62)

⁹ Council Regulation (EU) No 390/2014 of 14 April 2014 establishing the 'Europe for Citizens' programme for the period 2014-2020 (OJ L 115, 17.4.2014, p.3)

⁸ Regulation (EU) No 1381/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 December 2013 establishing a Rights, Equality and Citizenship Programme for the period 2014 to 2020 (OJ L 354, 28.12.2013, p. 62)

⁹ Council Regulation (EU) No 390/2014 of 14 April 2014 establishing the 'Europe for Citizens' programme for the period 2014-2020 (OJ L 115, 17.4.2014, p.3)

Or. en

Justification

It should be clear that the new programs not only streamline the previous programmes but also serve to address new and dangerous challenges to EU democracies.

Amendment 39 **Csaba Sógor**

Proposal for a regulation **Recital 2**

Text proposed by the Commission

(2) Those rights and values must continue to be promoted and enforced and shared among the citizens and peoples and be at the heart of the EU project. Therefore, a new Justice, Rights and Values Fund, comprising the Rights and Values and the Justice programmes shall be created in the EU budget. At a time where European societies *are* confronted with extremism, radicalism and divisions, it is more important than ever to promote, strengthen and defend justice, rights and EU values: human rights, respect for human dignity, freedom, democracy, equality, the rule of law. This will have profound and direct implications for political, social, cultural and economic life in the EU. As part of the new Fund, the

Amendment

(2) Those rights and values must continue to be promoted and enforced and shared among the citizens and peoples and be at the heart of the EU project. Therefore, a new Justice, Rights and Values Fund, comprising the Rights and Values and the Justice programmes shall be created in the EU budget. At a time where European societies, *beside the still persisting challenges of intolerance and discrimination are also* confronted with extremism, radicalism and divisions, it is more important than ever to promote, strengthen and defend justice, rights and EU values: human rights, *the rights of minorities*, respect for human dignity, freedom, democracy, equality, the rule of law. This will have profound and direct

Justice Programme will continue to support the further development of Union area of justice and cross-border cooperation. The Rights and Values Programme will bring together the 2014-2020 Programme Rights, Equality and Citizenship established by Regulation (EU) No 1381/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council⁸ and the Europe for Citizens programme established by Council Regulation (EU) No 390/2014⁹, (hereafter 'the predecessor Programmes').

implications for political, social, cultural and economic life in the EU. As part of the new Fund, the Justice Programme will continue to support the further development of Union area of justice and cross-border cooperation. The Rights and Values Programme will bring together the 2014-2020 Programme Rights, Equality and Citizenship established by Regulation (EU) No 1381/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council⁸ and the Europe for Citizens programme established by Council Regulation (EU) No 390/2014⁹, (hereafter 'the predecessor Programmes').

⁸ Regulation (EU) No 1381/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 December 2013 establishing a Rights, Equality and Citizenship Programme for the period 2014 to 2020 (OJ L 354, 28.12.2013, p. 62)

⁹ Council Regulation (EU) No 390/2014 of 14 April 2014 establishing the 'Europe for Citizens' programme for the period 2014-2020 (OJ L 115, 17.4.2014, p.3)

⁸ Regulation (EU) No 1381/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 December 2013 establishing a Rights, Equality and Citizenship Programme for the period 2014 to 2020 (OJ L 354, 28.12.2013, p. 62)

⁹ Council Regulation (EU) No 390/2014 of 14 April 2014 establishing the 'Europe for Citizens' programme for the period 2014-2020 (OJ L 115, 17.4.2014, p.3)

Or. en

Amendment 40

Flavio Zanonato, Vilija Blinkevičiūtė, Michael Detjen, Brando Benifei

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 2

Text proposed by the Commission

(2) Those rights and values must continue to be promoted **and** enforced and shared among the citizens and peoples and be at the heart of the EU project. Therefore, a new Justice, Rights and Values Fund, comprising the Rights and Values and the Justice programmes shall be created in the EU budget. At a time where European societies are confronted with extremism, radicalism and divisions,

Amendment

(2) Those rights and values **are at risk and** must continue to be **protected**, promoted, enforced and shared among the citizens and peoples and be at the heart of the EU project. Therefore, a new Justice, Rights and Values Fund, comprising the Rights and Values and the Justice programmes shall be created in the EU budget. At a time where European societies are confronted with extremism, radicalism

it is more important than ever to promote, strengthen and defend justice, rights and EU values: human rights, respect for human dignity, freedom, democracy, equality, the rule of law. This will have profound and direct implications for political, social, cultural and economic life in the EU. As part of the new Fund, the Justice Programme will continue to support the further development of Union area of justice and cross-border cooperation. The Rights and Values Programme will bring together the 2014-2020 Programme Rights, Equality and Citizenship established by Regulation (EU) No 1381/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council⁸ and the Europe for Citizens programme established by Council Regulation (EU) No 390/2014⁹, (hereafter 'the predecessor Programmes').

⁸ Regulation (EU) No 1381/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 December 2013 establishing a Rights, Equality and Citizenship Programme for the period 2014 to 2020 (OJ L 354, 28.12.2013, p. 62)

⁹ Council Regulation (EU) No 390/2014 of 14 April 2014 establishing the 'Europe for Citizens' programme for the period 2014-2020 (OJ L 115, 17.4.2014, p.3)

and divisions, it is more important than ever to promote, strengthen and defend justice, rights and EU values: human **rights, social** rights, respect for human dignity, freedom, democracy, equality, the rule of law. This will have profound and direct implications for political, social, cultural and economic life in the EU. As part of the new Fund, the Justice Programme will continue to support the further development of Union area of justice and cross-border cooperation. The Rights and Values Programme will bring together the 2014-2020 Programme Rights, Equality and Citizenship established by Regulation (EU) No 1381/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council⁸ and the Europe for Citizens programme established by Council Regulation (EU) No 390/2014⁹, (hereafter 'the predecessor Programmes').

⁸ Regulation (EU) No 1381/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 December 2013 establishing a Rights, Equality and Citizenship Programme for the period 2014 to 2020 (OJ L 354, 28.12.2013, p. 62)

⁹ Council Regulation (EU) No 390/2014 of 14 April 2014 establishing the 'Europe for Citizens' programme for the period 2014-2020 (OJ L 115, 17.4.2014, p.3)

Or. en

Amendment 41 **Dominique Martin**

Proposal for a regulation **Recital 2**

Text proposed by the Commission

(2) Those rights and values must continue to be promoted and enforced and shared among the citizens and peoples and

Amendment

(2) Those rights and values must continue to be promoted and enforced and shared among the citizens and peoples and

be at the heart of the EU project. Therefore, a new Justice, Rights and Values Fund, comprising the Rights and Values and the Justice programmes shall be created in the EU budget. At a time where European societies are confronted with extremism, radicalism and divisions, it is more important than ever to promote, strengthen and defend justice, rights and EU values: human rights, respect for human dignity, freedom, democracy, equality, the rule of law. This will have profound and direct implications for political, social, cultural and economic life in the EU. As part of the new Fund, the Justice Programme will continue to support the further development of Union area of justice and cross-border cooperation. The Rights and Values Programme will bring together the 2014-2020 Programme Rights, Equality and Citizenship established by Regulation (EU) No 1381/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council⁸ and the Europe for Citizens programme established by Council Regulation (EU) No 390/2014⁹, (hereafter 'the predecessor Programmes').

⁸ Regulation (EU) No 1381/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 December 2013 establishing a Rights, Equality and Citizenship Programme for the period 2014 to 2020 (OJ L 354, 28.12.2013, p. 62)

⁹ Council Regulation (EU) No 390/2014 of 14 April 2014 establishing the 'Europe for Citizens' programme for the period 2014-2020 (OJ L 115, 17.4.2014, p.3)

be at the heart of the EU project. Therefore, a new Justice, Rights and Values Fund, comprising the Rights and Values and the Justice programmes shall be created in the EU budget. At a time where European societies are confronted with extremism, radicalism and divisions, ***as a direct result of the EU's nonsensical migration policy and its inability to apply its own policies in the field of visas and returns***, and the rule of law is ever more clearly in retreat in certain countries, it is more important than ever to promote, strengthen and defend justice, rights and EU values: human rights, respect for human dignity, freedom, democracy, equality, the rule of law. This will have profound and direct implications for political, social, cultural and economic life in the EU. As part of the new Fund, the Justice Programme will continue to support the further development of Union area of justice and cross-border cooperation. The Rights and Values Programme will bring together the 2014-2020 Programme Rights, Equality and Citizenship established by Regulation (EU) No 1381/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council⁸ and the Europe for Citizens programme established by Council Regulation (EU) No 390/2014⁹, (hereafter 'the predecessor Programmes').

⁸ Regulation (EU) No 1381/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 December 2013 establishing a Rights, Equality and Citizenship Programme for the period 2014 to 2020 (OJ L 354, 28.12.2013, p. 62)

⁹ Council Regulation (EU) No 390/2014 of 14 April 2014 establishing the 'Europe for Citizens' programme for the period 2014-2020 (OJ L 115, 17.4.2014, p.3)

Or. fr

Amendment 42
Dominique Martin

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 2

Text proposed by the Commission

(2) Those rights and values must continue to be promoted and enforced and shared among the citizens and peoples and be at the heart of the EU project. Therefore, a new Justice, Rights and Values Fund, comprising the Rights and Values and the Justice programmes shall be created in the EU budget. At a time where European societies are confronted with extremism, radicalism and divisions, it is more important than ever to promote, strengthen and defend justice, rights and EU values: human rights, respect for human dignity, freedom, democracy, equality, the rule of law. This will have profound and direct implications for political, social, cultural and economic life in the EU. As part of the new Fund, the Justice Programme will continue to support the further development of Union area of justice and cross-border cooperation. The Rights and Values Programme will bring together the 2014-2020 Programme Rights, Equality and Citizenship established by Regulation (EU) No 1381/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council⁸ and the Europe for Citizens programme established by Council Regulation (EU) No 390/2014⁹, (hereafter 'the predecessor Programmes').

⁸ Regulation (EU) No 1381/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 December 2013 establishing a Rights, Equality and Citizenship Programme for the period 2014 to 2020 (OJ L 354, 28.12.2013, p. 62)

⁹ Council Regulation (EU) No 390/2014 of 14 April 2014 establishing the 'Europe for

Amendment

(2) Those rights and values *of the Member States* must continue to be promoted and enforced and shared among the citizens and peoples and be at the heart of the EU project. Therefore, a new Justice, Rights and Values Fund, comprising the Rights and Values and the Justice programmes shall be created in the EU budget. At a time where European societies are confronted with extremism, radicalism and divisions, it is more important than ever to promote, strengthen and defend justice, rights and EU *Member State* values: human rights, respect for human dignity, freedom, democracy, equality, the rule of law. This will have profound and direct implications for political, social, cultural and economic life in the EU. As part of the new Fund, the Justice Programme will continue to support the further development of Union area of justice and cross-border cooperation. The Rights and Values Programme will bring together the 2014-2020 Programme Rights, Equality and Citizenship established by Regulation (EU) No 1381/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council⁸ and the Europe for Citizens programme established by Council Regulation (EU) No 390/2014⁹, (hereafter 'the predecessor Programmes').

⁸ Regulation (EU) No 1381/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 December 2013 establishing a Rights, Equality and Citizenship Programme for the period 2014 to 2020 (OJ L 354, 28.12.2013, p. 62)

⁹ Council Regulation (EU) No 390/2014 of 14 April 2014 establishing the 'Europe for

Or. fr

Amendment 43
Dominique Martin

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 3

Text proposed by the Commission

(3) The Justice, Rights and Values Fund and its two underlying funding programmes will focus primarily on people and entities, which contribute to make our common values, rights and rich ***diversity*** alive and vibrant. The ultimate objective is to nurture and sustain rights-based, ***equal***, inclusive and democratic society. ***That includes a vibrant civil society, encouraging people's democratic, civic and social participation and fostering the rich diversity of European society***, based on our common history and memory. Article 11 of the Treaty of the European Union further specifies that the institutions shall, by appropriate means, give citizens and representative associations the opportunity to make known and publicly exchange their views in all areas of Union action.

Amendment

(3) The Justice, Rights and Values Fund and its two underlying funding programmes will focus primarily on people and entities, which contribute to make our common values, rights and rich ***history*** alive and vibrant. The ultimate objective is to nurture and sustain rights-based, ***just***, inclusive and democratic society, based on our common history and memory. Article 11 of the Treaty of the European Union further specifies that the institutions shall, by appropriate means, give citizens and representative associations the opportunity to make known and publicly exchange their views in all areas of Union action.

Or. fr

Amendment 44
António Marinho e Pinto, Jean-Marie Cavada, Robert Rochefort, Jasenko Selimovic

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 3

Text proposed by the Commission

(3) The Justice, Rights and Values

Amendment

(3) The Justice, Rights and Values

Fund and its two underlying funding programmes will focus primarily on people and entities, which contribute to **make** our common values, rights and rich diversity alive and vibrant. The ultimate objective is to nurture and sustain rights-based, equal, inclusive and democratic society. That includes a vibrant civil society, encouraging people's democratic, civic and social participation and fostering the rich diversity of European society, based on our common history and memory. Article 11 of the Treaty of the European Union further specifies that the institutions shall, by appropriate means, give citizens and representative associations the opportunity to make known and publicly exchange their views in all areas of Union action.

Fund and its two underlying funding programmes will focus primarily on people and entities, which contribute to **support, disseminate and protect** our common values, rights and rich diversity, **keeping them** alive and vibrant. The ultimate objective is to nurture and sustain rights-based, equal, inclusive and democratic society. That includes **defending** a vibrant civil society, encouraging people's democratic, civic and social participation and fostering the rich diversity of European society, based on our common **values**, history and memory. Article 11 of the Treaty of the European Union further specifies that the institutions shall, by appropriate means, give citizens and representative associations the opportunity to make known and publicly exchange their views in all areas of Union action.

Or. en

Justification

'values' are an indispensable part of our common experience.

Amendment 45

Ádám Kósa

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 3

Text proposed by the Commission

(3) The Justice, Rights and Values Fund and its two underlying funding programmes will focus **primarily** on people and entities, which contribute to make our common values, rights and rich diversity alive and vibrant. The ultimate objective is to nurture and sustain rights-based, equal, inclusive and democratic society. That includes a vibrant civil society, encouraging people's democratic, civic and social participation and fostering the rich

Amendment

(3) The Justice, Rights and Values Fund and its two underlying funding programmes will focus on people and entities, which contribute to make our common values, rights and rich diversity **as set out in the founding treaties of the European Union** alive and vibrant. The ultimate objective is to nurture and sustain rights-based, equal, inclusive and democratic society. That includes a vibrant civil society, encouraging people's

diversity of European society, based on our common history and memory. Article 11 of the Treaty of the European Union further specifies that the institutions shall, by appropriate means, give citizens and representative associations the opportunity to make known and publicly exchange their views in all areas of Union action.

democratic, civic and social participation and fostering the rich diversity of European society, based on our common history and memory. Article 11 of the Treaty of the European Union further specifies that the institutions shall, by appropriate means, give citizens and representative associations the opportunity to make known and publicly exchange their views in all areas of Union action.

Or. hu

Amendment 46
Csaba Sógor

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 3

Text proposed by the Commission

(3) The Justice, Rights and Values Fund and its two underlying funding programmes will focus primarily on people and entities, which contribute to make our common values, rights and rich diversity alive and vibrant. The ultimate objective is to nurture and sustain rights-based, equal, inclusive and democratic society. That includes a vibrant civil society, encouraging people's democratic, civic and social participation and fostering the rich diversity of European society, based on our common history and memory. Article 11 of the Treaty of the European Union further specifies that the institutions shall, by appropriate means, give citizens and representative associations the opportunity to make known and publicly exchange their views in all areas of Union action.

Amendment

(3) The Justice, Rights and Values Fund and its two underlying funding programmes will focus primarily on people and entities, which contribute to make our common values, rights and rich diversity alive and vibrant. The ultimate objective is to nurture and sustain rights-based, equal, inclusive and democratic society. That includes a vibrant civil society, encouraging people's democratic, civic and social participation and fostering the rich diversity of European society ***both within and among Member States***, based on our common history and memory. Article 11 of the Treaty of the European Union further specifies that the institutions shall, by appropriate means, give citizens and representative associations the opportunity to make known and publicly exchange their views in all areas of Union action.

Or. en

Amendment 47

Flavio Zanonato, Vilija Blinkevičiūtė, Michael Detjen, Brando Benifei

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 3

Text proposed by the Commission

(3) The Justice, Rights and Values Fund and its two underlying funding programmes will focus primarily on people and entities, which contribute to make our common values, rights and rich diversity alive and vibrant. The ultimate objective is to nurture and sustain rights-based, equal, inclusive and democratic society. That includes a vibrant civil society, encouraging people's democratic, civic and social participation and fostering the rich diversity of European society, based on our common history and memory. Article 11 of the Treaty of the European Union further specifies that the institutions shall, by appropriate means, give citizens and representative associations the opportunity to make known and publicly exchange their views in all areas of Union action.

Amendment

(3) The Justice, Rights and Values Fund and its two underlying funding programmes will focus primarily on people and entities, which contribute to make our common values, rights and rich diversity alive and vibrant. The ultimate objective is to nurture and sustain rights-based, equal, inclusive and democratic society. That includes a vibrant civil society, encouraging people's democratic, civic and social participation and fostering the rich diversity of European society, based on our common **values, culture**, history and memory. Article 11 of the Treaty of the European Union further specifies that the institutions shall, by appropriate means, give citizens and representative associations the opportunity to make known and publicly exchange their views in all areas of Union action.

Or. en

Amendment 48

António Marinho e Pinto, Jean-Marie Cavada, Robert Rochefort

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 4

Text proposed by the Commission

(4) The Rights and Values programme (the 'Programme') should allow developing synergies to tackle the challenges that are common to the promotion and protection of values and to reach a critical dimension to have concrete results in the field. That should be achieved by building on the positive experience of the predecessor

Amendment

(4) The Rights and Values programme (the 'Programme') should allow developing synergies to tackle the challenges that are common to the **dissemination**, promotion and protection of values and to reach a critical dimension to have concrete results in the field. That should be achieved by building on the positive experience of the

Programmes. This will enable to fully exploit the potential of synergies, to more effectively support the policy areas covered and to increase their potential to reach people. To be effective, the Programme should take into account the specific nature of the different policies, their different target groups and their particular needs through tailor-made approaches.

predecessor Programmes ***and also developing new innovative measures***. This will enable to fully exploit the potential of synergies, to more effectively support the policy areas covered and to increase their potential to reach people. To be effective, the Programme should take into account the specific nature of the different policies, their different target groups and their particular needs through tailor-made approaches.

Or. en

Justification

Reliance should not be placed entirely on existing measures, but new ones should also be developed.

Amendment 49

António Marinho e Pinto, Ivo Vajgl, Robert Rochefort

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 5

Text proposed by the Commission

(5) In order to bring the European Union closer to its citizens, a variety of actions and coordinated efforts are necessary. Bringing together citizens in town-twinning projects or networks of towns and supporting civil society organisations in the areas covered by the programme will contribute to increase citizens' engagement in society and ultimately their involvement in the democratic life of the Union. At the same time supporting activities promoting mutual understanding, diversity, dialogue and respect for others fosters a sense of ***belonging*** and a European identity, based on a shared understanding of European values, culture, history and heritage. The promotion of a greater sense of belonging to the Union and of Union values is

Amendment

(5) In order to bring the European Union closer to its citizens, a variety of actions and coordinated efforts are necessary. Bringing together citizens in town-twinning projects or networks of towns and supporting civil society organisations in the areas covered by the programme will contribute to increase citizens' engagement in society and ultimately their involvement in the democratic life of the Union. At the same time supporting activities promoting mutual understanding, diversity, dialogue and respect for others fosters a sense of ***social integration*** and a European identity, based on a shared understanding of European values, culture, history and heritage. The promotion of a greater sense of belonging to the Union and of Union

particularly important amongst citizens of the EU outermost regions due to their remoteness and distance from continental Europe.

values is particularly important amongst citizens of the EU outermost regions due to their remoteness and distance from continental Europe.

Or. en

Amendment 50
Csaba Sógor

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 5

Text proposed by the Commission

(5) In order to bring the European Union closer to its citizens, a variety of actions and coordinated efforts are necessary. Bringing together citizens in town-twinning projects or networks of towns and supporting civil society organisations in the areas covered by the programme will contribute to increase citizens' engagement in society and ultimately their involvement in the democratic life of the Union. At the same time supporting activities promoting mutual understanding, diversity, dialogue and respect for others fosters a sense of belonging and a European identity, based on a shared understanding of European values, culture, history and heritage. The promotion of a greater sense of belonging to the Union and of Union values is particularly important amongst citizens of the EU outermost regions due to their remoteness and distance from continental Europe.

Amendment

(5) In order to bring the European Union closer to its citizens, a variety of actions and coordinated efforts are necessary. Bringing together citizens in town-twinning projects or networks of towns and supporting civil society organisations in the areas covered by the programme will contribute to increase citizens' engagement in society and ultimately their involvement in the democratic life of the Union. At the same time supporting activities promoting mutual understanding, diversity, dialogue and respect for others fosters a sense of belonging and a European identity, based on a shared understanding of European values, culture, history and heritage. The promotion of a greater sense of belonging to the Union and of Union values is particularly important amongst citizens of the EU outermost regions due to their remoteness and distance from continental Europe.

The values of mutual understanding, dialogue and respect for diversity can only be embedded on a European level if they are well-rooted in Member States themselves and in their regions. Therefore the programme should also promote these values within Member States among the various national, ethnic, linguistic or

religious groups that together form the cultural richness and diversity of their society.

Or. en

Amendment 51
Dominique Martin

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 5

Text proposed by the Commission

(5) In order to bring the European Union closer to its citizens, a variety of actions and coordinated efforts are necessary. Bringing together citizens in town-twinning projects or networks of towns and supporting civil society organisations in the areas covered by the programme will contribute to increase citizens' engagement in society and ultimately their involvement in the democratic life of the Union. At the same time supporting activities promoting mutual understanding, diversity, dialogue and respect for others fosters a sense of belonging and a European identity, based on a shared understanding of European values, culture, history and heritage. The promotion of a greater sense of belonging to the Union and of Union values is particularly important amongst citizens of the EU outermost regions due to their remoteness and distance from continental Europe.

Amendment

(5) In order to bring the European Union closer to its citizens, a variety of actions and coordinated efforts are necessary. Bringing together citizens in town-twinning projects or networks of towns and supporting civil society organisations in the areas covered by the programme will contribute to increase citizens' engagement in society and ultimately their involvement in the democratic life of the Union. At the same time supporting activities promoting mutual understanding, diversity, dialogue and respect for others fosters a sense of belonging and a European identity, based on a shared understanding of European values, culture, history and heritage. The promotion of a greater sense of belonging to the Union and of Union values is particularly important amongst citizens of the EU outermost regions due to their remoteness and distance from continental Europe, *and also for third-country nationals legally resident in the EU Member States.*

Or. fr

Amendment 52
Flavio Zanonato, Vilija Blinkevičiūtė, Michael Detjen, Brando Benifei

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 5

Text proposed by the Commission

(5) In order to bring the European Union closer to its citizens, a variety of actions and coordinated efforts are necessary. Bringing together citizens in town-twinning projects or networks of towns and supporting civil society organisations in the areas covered by the programme will contribute to increase citizens' engagement in society and ultimately their involvement in the democratic life of the Union. At the same time supporting activities promoting mutual understanding, diversity, dialogue and respect for others fosters a sense of belonging and a European identity, based on a shared understanding of European values, culture, history and heritage. The promotion of a greater sense of belonging to the Union and of Union values is particularly important amongst citizens of the EU outermost regions due to their remoteness and distance from continental Europe.

Amendment

(5) In order to bring the European Union closer to its citizens, a variety of actions and coordinated efforts are necessary. Bringing together citizens in town-twinning projects or networks of towns and supporting civil society organisations in the areas covered by the programme will contribute to increase citizens' ***awareness and active*** engagement in society and ultimately their involvement in the democratic ***and social*** life of the Union, ***strengthening social inclusion and fighting marginalization***. At the same time supporting activities promoting mutual understanding, diversity, dialogue and respect for others fosters a sense of belonging and a European identity, based on a shared understanding of European values, culture, history and heritage. The promotion of a greater sense of belonging to the Union and of Union values is particularly important amongst citizens of the EU outermost regions due to their remoteness and distance from continental Europe.

Or. en

Amendment 53
Csaba Sógor

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 6

Text proposed by the Commission

(6) Remembrance activities and critical reflection on Europe's historical memory are necessary to ***make citizens aware of the*** common history, as the foundation for a common future, moral purpose and shared values. The relevance of historical,

Amendment

(6) Remembrance activities and critical reflection on ***Member States' and*** Europe's historical memory are necessary to ***promote mutual respect and a shared understanding of our*** common history, as the foundation for a common future, moral

cultural and intercultural aspects should also be taken into account, as well as the links between remembrance and the creation of a European identity and sense of belonging together.

purpose and shared values. The relevance of historical, cultural and intercultural aspects should also be taken into account, as well as the links between remembrance and the creation of a European identity and sense of belonging together.

Or. en

Amendment 54
Dominique Martin

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 6

Text proposed by the Commission

(6) Remembrance activities and critical reflection on Europe's historical memory are necessary to make citizens aware of the common history, as the foundation for a common future, moral purpose and shared values. The relevance of historical, cultural and intercultural aspects should also be taken into account, as well as the links between remembrance and the creation of a European identity and sense of belonging together.

Amendment

(6) Remembrance activities and critical reflection on Europe's historical memory are necessary to make citizens aware of the common history, as the foundation for a common future, moral purpose and shared values. The relevance of historical, cultural and intercultural aspects should also be taken into account, as well as the links between remembrance and the creation of a European identity and sense of belonging together. ***This remembrance can only be achieved through recognition and respect for the past histories of the Member States.***

Or. fr

Amendment 55
António Marinho e Pinto, Jasenko Selimovic

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 7

Text proposed by the Commission

(7) Citizens should also be more aware of their rights deriving from citizenship of the Union, and should feel at ease about

Amendment

(7) Citizens should also be more aware of their rights deriving from citizenship of the Union, and should feel at ease about

living, travelling, studying, working and volunteering in another Member State, **and** should *feel able* to enjoy and exercise all their citizenship rights, place their trust in equal access, full enforceability and protection of their rights without any discrimination, no matter where in the Union they happen to be. Civil society needs to be supported for the promotion, safeguarding and raising awareness of EU common values under Article 2 TEU and in contributing to the effective enjoyment of rights under Union law.

living, travelling, studying, working and volunteering in another Member State. ***The free movement of workers, in particular, is a fundamental principle of the Treaty enshrined in Article 45 TFEU. Citizens, therefore, should be entitled*** to enjoy and exercise all their citizenship rights, place their trust in equal access, full enforceability and protection of their rights without any discrimination, no matter where in the Union they happen to be. ***As regards to the free movement of workers, and pursuant to Article 46 TFEU, the Union should take action to abolish discrimination based on nationality between workers of the EU, and to remove barriers to the free movement of workers.*** Civil society needs to be supported for the promotion, safeguarding and raising awareness of EU common values under Article 2 TEU and in contributing to the effective enjoyment of rights under Union law.

Or. en

Amendment 56

Flavio Zanonato, Vilija Blinkevičiūtė, Michael Detjen, Brando Benifei

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 7

Text proposed by the Commission

(7) Citizens should also be more aware of their rights deriving from citizenship of the Union, and should feel at ease about living, travelling, studying, working and volunteering in another Member State, and should feel able to enjoy and exercise all their citizenship rights, place their trust in equal access, full enforceability and protection of their rights without any discrimination, no matter where in the Union they happen to be. Civil society ***needs*** to be supported for the promotion, safeguarding and raising awareness of EU

Amendment

(7) Citizens should also be more aware of their rights deriving from citizenship of the Union, and should feel at ease about living, travelling, studying, working and volunteering in another Member State, and should feel able to enjoy and exercise all their citizenship rights, place their trust in equal access, full enforceability and protection of their rights, ***including their social rights, without any discrimination based on sex, racial or ethnic origin, religion or belief, disability, age, sexual orientation, sex characteristics, gender***

common values under Article 2 TEU and in contributing to the effective enjoyment of rights under Union law.

identity or any other grounds, no matter where in the Union they happen to be. ***Synergies should be ensured as regards to employment, social and education policies in the context of Erasmus+ and the ESF+. Civil society organizations, which are often facing difficulties in securing the necessary funding to develop and perform their activities independently and effectively, need*** to be supported for the promotion, safeguarding and raising awareness of EU common values under Article 2 TEU and in contributing to the effective enjoyment of rights under Union law.

Or. en

Amendment 57

Dominique Martin, Mara Bizzotto

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 7

Text proposed by the Commission

(7) Citizens should also be more aware of their rights deriving from citizenship of the Union, and should feel at ease about living, travelling, studying, working and volunteering in another Member State, and should feel able to enjoy and exercise all their citizenship rights, place their trust in equal access, full enforceability and protection of their rights without any discrimination, no matter where in the Union they happen to be. Civil society needs to be supported for the promotion, safeguarding and raising awareness of EU common values under Article 2 TEU and in contributing to the effective enjoyment of rights under Union law.

Amendment

(7) Citizens should also be more aware of their rights deriving from citizenship of the Union, and should feel at ease about living, travelling, studying, working and volunteering in another Member State, and should feel able to enjoy and exercise all their citizenship rights, place their trust in equal access, full enforceability and protection of their rights without any discrimination, no matter where in the Union they happen to be. ***They should also be conscious and respectful of the inherent duties deriving from citizenship of the Member States.*** Civil society needs to be supported for the promotion, safeguarding and raising awareness of EU common values under Article 2 TEU and in contributing to the effective enjoyment of rights under Union law.

Or. fr

Amendment 58

Dominique Martin, Mara Bizzotto

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 7

Text proposed by the Commission

(7) Citizens should also be more aware of their rights deriving from citizenship of the Union, and should feel at ease about living, travelling, studying, working and volunteering in another Member State, and should feel able to enjoy and exercise all their citizenship rights, place their trust in equal access, full enforceability and protection of their rights without any discrimination, no matter where in the Union they happen to be. Civil society needs to be supported for the promotion, safeguarding and raising awareness of EU common values under Article 2 TEU and in contributing to the effective enjoyment of rights under Union law.

Amendment

(7) Citizens should also be more aware of their rights **and duties** deriving from citizenship of the Union, and should feel at ease about living, travelling, studying, working and volunteering in another Member State, **should they wish to do so**, and should feel able to enjoy and exercise all their citizenship rights, place their trust in equal access, full enforceability and protection of their rights without any discrimination, no matter where in the Union they happen to be. Civil society needs to be supported for the promotion, safeguarding and raising awareness of EU common values under Article 2 TEU and in contributing to the effective enjoyment of rights under Union law.

Or. fr

Amendment 59

Ádám Kósa

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 7

Text proposed by the Commission

(7) Citizens should also be more aware of their rights deriving from citizenship of the Union, and should feel at ease about living, travelling, studying, working and volunteering in another Member State, and should feel able to enjoy and exercise all their citizenship rights, place their trust in equal access, full enforceability and protection of their rights without any

Amendment

(7) Citizens should also be more aware of their rights deriving from citizenship of the Union, and should feel at ease about living, travelling, studying, working and volunteering in another Member State, and should feel able to enjoy and exercise all their citizenship rights, place their trust in equal access, full enforceability and protection of their rights without any

discrimination, no matter where in the Union they happen to be. Civil society needs to be supported for the promotion, safeguarding and raising awareness of EU common values under Article 2 TEU and in contributing to the effective enjoyment of rights under Union law.

discrimination, no matter where in the Union they happen to be. Civil society needs to be supported for the promotion, safeguarding and raising awareness of EU common values under Article 2 TEU and in contributing to the effective enjoyment of rights under Union law *as set out in the founding treaties*.

Or. hu

Amendment 60

Flavio Zanonato, Vilija Blinkevičiūtė, Michael Detjen, Brando Benifei

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 8

Text proposed by the Commission

(8) Equality between women and men is a fundamental value and an objective of the European Union. Discrimination against and unequal treatment of **women** violates their fundamental rights and prevents their full political, social and economic participation in society. In addition, the existence of structural and cultural barriers hinders the achievement of real gender equality. Promoting gender equality in all activities of the Union is therefore a core activity for the Union and a driver for economic growth and should be supported by the programme.

Amendment

(8) Equality between women and men is a fundamental value and an objective of the European Union. Discrimination against and unequal treatment of **any person based on their sex and/or gender** violates their fundamental rights and prevents their full political, social and economic participation in society. In addition, the existence of structural and cultural barriers hinders the achievement of real gender equality. Promoting **and mainstreaming** gender equality in all activities of the Union is therefore a core activity for the Union and a driver for economic growth and should be supported by the programme.

Or. en

Amendment 61

António Marinho e Pinto, Ivo Vajgl, Jasenko Selimovic

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 8

Text proposed by the Commission

(8) Equality between women and men is a fundamental value and an objective of the European Union. Discrimination against and unequal treatment of women violates their fundamental rights and prevents their full political, social and economic participation in society. In addition, the existence of structural and cultural barriers hinders the achievement of real gender equality. Promoting gender equality in all activities of the Union is therefore a core activity for the Union and a driver for economic growth and should be supported by the programme.

Amendment

(8) Equality between women and men is a fundamental value and an objective of the European Union. ***Article 8 of the Treaty gives the Union the task of eliminating inequalities and promoting an effective equality between men and women through all its activities.*** Discrimination against and unequal treatment of women violates their fundamental rights and prevents their full political, social and economic participation in society. In addition, the existence of structural and cultural barriers hinders the achievement of real gender equality. Promoting gender equality in all activities of the Union, ***including in work and employment, where discrimination persists on the level of payment and on access to the labour market,*** is therefore a core activity for the Union and a driver for economic growth and should be supported by the programme.

Or. en

Justification

Addressing discrimination on access to work market and gender pay gap.

Amendment 62

Dominique Martin, Mara Bizzotto

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 8

Text proposed by the Commission

(8) Equality between women and men is a fundamental value and an objective of the European Union. Discrimination against and unequal treatment of women violates their fundamental rights and prevents their full political, social and

Amendment

(8) Equality between women and men is a fundamental value and an objective of the European Union. Discrimination against and unequal treatment of women violates their fundamental rights and prevents their full political, social and

economic participation in society. In addition, the existence of structural and cultural barriers hinders the achievement of real gender equality. Promoting gender equality in all activities of the Union is therefore a core activity for the Union and a driver for economic growth and should be supported by the programme.

economic participation in society. In addition, the existence of structural, **religious** and cultural barriers hinders the achievement of real gender equality. Promoting gender equality in all activities of the Union is therefore a core activity for the Union and a driver for economic growth and should be supported by the programme.

Or. fr

Amendment 63 **Dominique Martin**

Proposal for a regulation **Recital 9**

Text proposed by the Commission

(9) Gender-based violence and violence against children and young people constitute a serious violation of fundamental rights. Violence persists throughout the Union, in all social and economic contexts, and has serious repercussions on victims' physical and psychological health and on society as a whole. Children, young people and women are particularly vulnerable to violence, in particular in close relationships. Action should be taken to promote the rights of the child and to contribute to the protection of children from harm and violence, which pose a danger to their physical and mental health and constitute a breach of their rights to development, protection and dignity. Combating all forms of violence, promoting prevention and protecting and supporting victims are priorities of the Union which help fulfil individuals' fundamental rights and contribute to equality between women and men. Those priorities should be supported by the Programme.

Amendment

(9) Gender-based violence and violence against children and young people constitute a serious violation of fundamental rights. Violence persists throughout the Union, in all social and economic contexts, and has serious repercussions on victims' physical and psychological health and on society as a whole. Children, young people and women are particularly vulnerable to violence, in particular in close relationships. Action should be taken to promote the rights of the child and to contribute to the protection of children from harm and violence, which pose a danger to their physical and mental health and constitute a breach of their rights to development, protection and dignity. Combating all forms of violence, promoting prevention and protecting and supporting victims are priorities of the Union which help fulfil individuals' fundamental rights and contribute to equality between women and men. Those priorities should be supported by the Programme. ***There is a particular need to combat domestic violence against women, regardless of the socio-cultural or***

Amendment 64

António Marinho e Pinto, Ivo Vajgl, Jean-Marie Cavada, Jasenko Selimovic

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 10

Text proposed by the Commission

(10) Strong political will and coordinated action based on the methods and results of the previous Daphne Programmes, the Rights, Equality and Citizenship Programme and the Justice Programme are necessary in order to prevent and combat all forms of violence and to protect victims. In particular, since its launch in 1997, the Daphne funding to support victims of violence and combat the violence against women, children and young people has been a genuine success, both in terms of its popularity with stakeholders (public authorities, academic institutions and non-governmental organisations) and in terms of the effectiveness of the funded projects. It has funded projects to raise awareness, to provide support services to victims, to support the activities of non-governmental organisations (NGOs) working on the ground. It has addressed all forms of violence, such as for instance domestic violence, sexual violence, trafficking in human beings, as well as new emerging forms of violence such as cyber-bullying. It is therefore important to continue all these actions and that those results and lessons learned are taken into due consideration in the implementation of the Programme.

Amendment

(10) Strong political will and coordinated action based on the methods and results of the previous Daphne Programmes, the Rights, Equality and Citizenship Programme and the Justice Programme are necessary in order to prevent and combat all forms of violence and to protect victims, ***groups at risk and particularly vulnerable persons***. In particular, since its launch in 1997, the Daphne funding to support victims of violence and combat the violence against women, children and young people has been a genuine success, both in terms of its popularity with stakeholders (public authorities, academic institutions and non-governmental organisations) and in terms of the effectiveness of the funded projects. It has funded projects to raise awareness, to provide support services to victims, ***groups at risk, and particularly vulnerable persons***, to support the activities of non-governmental organisations (NGOs) working on the ground. It has addressed all forms of violence, such as for instance domestic violence, sexual violence, trafficking in human beings, as well as new emerging forms of violence such as cyber-bullying. It is therefore important to continue all these actions and that those results and lessons learned are taken into due consideration in the implementation of the Programme.

Amendment 65

Ádám Kósa

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 10

Text proposed by the Commission

(10) Strong political will and coordinated action based on the methods and results of the previous Daphne Programmes, the Rights, Equality and Citizenship Programme and the Justice Programme are necessary in order to prevent and combat all forms of violence and to protect victims. In particular, since its launch in 1997, the Daphne funding to support victims of violence and combat the violence against women, children and young people has been a genuine success, both in terms of its popularity with stakeholders (public authorities, academic institutions and non-governmental organisations) and in terms of the effectiveness of the funded projects. It has funded projects to raise awareness, to provide support services to victims, to support the activities of non-governmental organisations (NGOs) working on the ground. It has addressed all forms of violence, such as for instance domestic violence, sexual violence, trafficking in human beings, as well as new emerging forms of violence such as cyber-bullying. It is therefore important to continue all these actions and that those results and lessons learned are taken into due consideration in the implementation of the Programme.

Amendment

(10) Strong political will and coordinated action based on the methods and results of the previous Daphne Programmes, the Rights, Equality and Citizenship Programme and the Justice Programme are necessary in order to prevent and combat all forms of violence and to protect victims, ***and efforts must be made to avoid overlaps between programmes and double funding.*** In particular, since its launch in 1997, the Daphne funding to support victims of violence and combat the violence against women, children and young people has been a genuine success, both in terms of its popularity with stakeholders (public authorities, academic institutions and non-governmental organisations) and in terms of the effectiveness of the funded projects. It has funded projects to raise awareness, to provide support services to victims, to support the activities of non-governmental organisations (NGOs) working on the ground. It has addressed all forms of violence, such as for instance domestic violence, sexual violence, trafficking in human beings, as well as new emerging forms of violence such as cyber-bullying. It is therefore important to continue all these actions and that those results and lessons learned are taken into due consideration in the implementation of the Programme.

Or. hu

Amendment 66

Dominique Martin

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 10

Text proposed by the Commission

(10) Strong political will and coordinated action based on the methods and results of the previous Daphne Programmes, the Rights, Equality and Citizenship Programme and the Justice Programme are necessary in order to prevent and combat all forms of violence and to protect victims. In particular, since its launch in 1997, the Daphne funding to support victims of violence and combat the violence against women, children and young people has been a genuine success, both in terms of its popularity with stakeholders (public authorities, academic institutions and non-governmental organisations) and in terms of the effectiveness of the funded projects. It has funded projects to raise awareness, to provide support services to victims, to support the activities of non-governmental organisations (NGOs) working on the ground. It has addressed all forms of violence, such as for instance domestic violence, sexual violence, trafficking in human beings, as well as new emerging forms of violence such as cyber-bullying. It is therefore important to continue all these actions and that those results and lessons learned are taken into due consideration in the implementation of the Programme.

Amendment

(10) Strong political will and coordinated action based on the methods and results of the previous Daphne Programmes, the Rights, Equality and Citizenship Programme and the Justice Programme are necessary in order to prevent and combat all forms of violence and to protect victims. In particular, since its launch in 1997, the Daphne funding to support victims of violence and combat the violence against women, children and young people has been a genuine success, both in terms of its popularity with stakeholders (public authorities, academic institutions and non-governmental organisations) and in terms of the effectiveness of the funded projects. It has funded projects to raise awareness, to provide support services to victims, to support the activities of non-governmental organisations (NGOs) working on the ground. It has addressed all forms of violence, such as for instance domestic violence, sexual violence, trafficking in human beings, as well as new emerging forms of violence such as cyber-bullying. It is therefore important to continue all these actions and that those results and lessons learned are taken into due consideration in the implementation of the Programme. ***In order to protect the victims of such abuse as best as possible, Member State law should be applied, and the definitions and penalties laid down therein strictly respected.***

Or. fr

Amendment 67
Csaba Sógor

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 10 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(10a) Misunderstanding, intolerance or suspicion towards national, ethnic, linguistic or religious minorities within Member States are not only barriers towards well-functioning and cohesive societies but can also entrench persisting or fuel new institutionalized discrimination from state authorities towards such minorities. The Programme should be used with the aim of dissolving such tensions and promoting mutual understanding, respect and social cohesion.

Or. en

Amendment 68
Dominique Martin

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 11

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(11) Non-discrimination is a fundamental principle of the Union. Article 19 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union provides for action to combat discrimination based on sex, racial or ethnic origin, religion or belief, disability, age or sexual orientation. Non-discrimination is also enshrined in Article 21 of the Charter. The specific features of the diverse forms of discrimination should be taken into account and appropriate action should be developed in parallel to prevent and combat discrimination on one or more grounds. The Programme should support actions to prevent and combat discrimination, racism, xenophobia, anti-semitism, anti-muslim hatred and other

deleted

forms of intolerance. In that context, particular attention should also be devoted to preventing and combating all forms of violence, hatred, segregation and stigmatisation, as well as combating bullying, harassment and intolerant treatment. The Programme should be implemented in a mutually reinforcing manner with other Union activities that have the same objectives, in particular with those referred to in the Commission Communication of 5 April 2011 entitled ‘An EU Framework for National Roma Integration Strategies up to 2020¹⁰’ and in the Council Recommendation of 09 December 2013 on effective Roma integration measures in the Member States¹¹.

¹⁰ COM(2011) 173.

¹¹ OJ C 378, 24.12.2013, p. 1.

Or. fr

Amendment 69

Flavio Zanonato, Vilija Blinkevičiūtė, Michael Detjen, Brando Benifei

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 11

Text proposed by the Commission

(11) Non-discrimination is a fundamental principle of the Union. Article 19 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union provides for action to combat discrimination based on sex, racial or ethnic origin, religion or belief, disability, age or sexual orientation. Non-discrimination is also enshrined in Article 21 of the Charter. The specific features of the diverse forms of discrimination should be taken into account and appropriate action should be developed in parallel to prevent and combat discrimination on one or more grounds. The Programme should

Amendment

(11) Non-discrimination is a fundamental principle of the Union. Article 19 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union provides for action to combat discrimination based on sex, racial or ethnic origin, religion or belief, disability, age or sexual orientation. Non-discrimination is also enshrined in Article 21 of the Charter. The specific features of the diverse forms of discrimination should be taken into account and appropriate action should be developed in parallel to prevent and combat discrimination on one or more grounds. The Programme should

support actions to prevent and combat discrimination, racism, xenophobia, anti-semitism, anti-muslim hatred and other forms of intolerance. In that context, particular attention should also be devoted to preventing and combating all forms of violence, hatred, segregation and stigmatisation, as well as combating bullying, harassment and intolerant treatment. The Programme should be implemented in a mutually reinforcing manner with other Union activities that have the same objectives, in particular with those referred to in the Commission Communication of 5 April 2011 entitled ‘An EU Framework for National Roma Integration Strategies up to 2020¹⁰’ and in the Council Recommendation of 09 December 2013 on effective Roma integration measures in the Member States¹¹.

¹⁰ COM(2011)173.

¹¹ OJ C 378, 24.12.2013, p. 1.

support actions to prevent and combat discrimination, racism, xenophobia, ***anti-gypsyism***, anti-semitism, anti-muslim hatred, ***afrophobia*** and other forms of intolerance ***based on any other ground as well as recognising the fundamental rights of all persons to be treated with dignity***. In that context, particular attention should also be devoted to preventing and combating all forms of violence, hatred, segregation and stigmatisation, as well as combating bullying, harassment and intolerant treatment. The Programme should be implemented in a mutually reinforcing manner with other Union activities that have the same objectives, in particular with those referred to in the Commission Communication of 5 April 2011 entitled ‘An EU Framework for National Roma Integration Strategies up to 2020¹⁰’ and in the Council Recommendation of 09 December 2013 on effective Roma integration measures in the Member States¹¹. ***Promoting tolerant and inclusive work places and recognising the rights of all to be treated with dignity within the workplace and society in general are ongoing goals which require more and stronger coordinated action, including by the allocation of sufficient funding.***

¹⁰ COM(2011)173.

¹¹ OJ C 378, 24.12.2013, p. 1.

Or. en

Amendment 70

Ádám Kósa

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 11

Text proposed by the Commission

(11) Non-discrimination is a

PE627.707v01-00

Amendment

(11) Non-discrimination is a

32/59

AM\1162539EN.docx

fundamental principle of the Union. Article 19 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union provides for action to combat discrimination based on sex, racial or ethnic origin, religion or belief, disability, age or sexual orientation. Non-discrimination is also enshrined in Article 21 of the Charter. The specific features of the diverse forms of discrimination should be taken into account and appropriate action should be developed in parallel to prevent and combat discrimination on one or more grounds. The Programme should support actions to prevent and combat discrimination, racism, xenophobia, anti-semitism, anti-muslim hatred and other forms of intolerance. In that context, particular attention should also be devoted to preventing and combating all forms of violence, hatred, segregation and stigmatisation, as well as combating bullying, harassment and intolerant treatment. The Programme should be implemented in a mutually reinforcing manner with other Union activities that have the same objectives, in particular with those referred to in the Commission Communication of 5 April 2011 entitled ‘An EU Framework for National Roma Integration Strategies up to 2020¹⁰’ and in the Council Recommendation of 09 December 2013 on effective Roma integration measures in the Member States¹¹.

fundamental principle of the Union. Article 19 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union provides for action to combat discrimination based on sex, racial or ethnic origin, religion or belief, disability, age or sexual orientation. Non-discrimination is also enshrined in Article 21 of the Charter, ***which states that any discrimination based on any ground such as sex, race, colour, ethnic or social origin, genetic features, language, religion or belief, political or any other opinion, membership of a national minority, property, birth, disability, age or sexual orientation shall be prohibited, and that within the scope of application of the Treaties and without prejudice to those Treaties or the special provisions contained therein, discrimination on grounds of nationality shall be prohibited.*** The specific features of the diverse forms of discrimination should be taken into account and appropriate action should be developed in parallel to prevent and combat discrimination on one or more grounds. The Programme should support actions to prevent and combat discrimination, racism, xenophobia, anti-semitism, anti-muslim hatred and other forms of intolerance. In that context, particular attention should also be devoted to preventing and combating all forms of violence, hatred, segregation and stigmatisation, as well as combating bullying, harassment and intolerant treatment. The Programme should be implemented in a mutually reinforcing manner with other Union activities that have the same objectives, in particular with those referred to in the Commission Communication of 5 April 2011 entitled ‘An EU Framework for National Roma Integration Strategies up to 2020¹⁰’ and in the Council Recommendation of 09 December 2013 on effective Roma integration measures in the Member States¹¹.

¹⁰ COM(2011)173.

¹¹ OJ C 378, 24.12.2013, p. 1.

¹⁰ COM(2011)173.

¹¹ OJ C 378, 24.12.2013, p. 1.

Or. hu

Amendment 71

António Marinho e Pinto, Ivo Vajgl, Jean-Marie Cavada, Robert Rochefort

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 11

Text proposed by the Commission

(11) Non-discrimination is a fundamental principle of the Union. Article 19 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union provides for action to combat discrimination based on sex, racial or ethnic origin, religion or belief, disability, age or sexual orientation. Non-discrimination is also enshrined in Article 21 of the Charter. The specific features of the diverse forms of discrimination should be taken into account and appropriate action should be developed in parallel to prevent and combat discrimination on one or more grounds. The Programme should support actions to prevent and combat discrimination, racism, xenophobia, anti-semitism, anti-muslim hatred and other forms of intolerance. In that context, particular attention should also be devoted to preventing and combating all forms of violence, hatred, segregation and stigmatisation, as well as combating bullying, harassment and intolerant treatment. The Programme should be implemented in a mutually reinforcing manner with other Union activities that have the same objectives, in particular with those referred to in the Commission Communication of 5 April 2011 entitled ‘An EU Framework for National Roma Integration Strategies up to 2020¹⁰’ and in the Council Recommendation of 09 December 2013 on effective Roma

Amendment

(11) Non-discrimination is a fundamental principle of the Union. Article 19 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union provides for action to combat discrimination based on sex, racial or ethnic origin, religion or belief, disability, age or sexual orientation. Non-discrimination is also enshrined in Article 21 of the Charter. The specific features of the diverse forms of discrimination should be taken into account and appropriate action should be developed in parallel to prevent and combat discrimination on one or more grounds. The Programme should support actions to prevent and combat discrimination, racism, xenophobia, anti-semitism, anti-muslim hatred and other forms of intolerance, **as misogyny, homophobia and ageism**. In that context, particular attention should also be devoted to preventing and combating all forms of violence, hatred, segregation and stigmatisation, as well as combating bullying **(including cyber-bullying)**, harassment and intolerant treatment. The Programme should be implemented in a mutually reinforcing manner with other Union activities that have the same objectives, in particular with those referred to in the Commission Communication of 5 April 2011 entitled ‘An EU Framework for National Roma Integration Strategies up to 2020¹⁰’ and in the Council

integration measures in the Member States¹¹ .

¹⁰ COM(2011)173.

¹¹ OJ C 378, 24.12.2013, p. 1.

Recommendation of 09 December 2013 on effective Roma integration measures in the Member States¹¹ .

¹⁰ COM(2011)173.

¹¹ OJ C 378, 24.12.2013, p. 1.

Or. en

Amendment 72

Jean Lambert

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 12

Text proposed by the Commission

(12) Attitudinal and environmental barriers as well as lack of accessibility hinder the full and effective participation of **people** with disabilities in society, on an equal basis with others. **People** with disabilities are faced with barriers to, among other things, access the labour market, benefit from an inclusive and quality education, avoid poverty and social exclusion, enjoy access to cultural initiatives and media, or use their political rights. As a party to the United Nations Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities (the UNCRPD), the Union and all its Member States have committed to promote, protect and ensure the full and equal enjoyment of all human rights and fundamental freedoms by all persons with disabilities. The provisions of the UNCRPD have become an integral part of the Union legal order.

Amendment

(12) Attitudinal and environmental barriers as well as lack of accessibility hinder the full and effective participation of **persons** with disabilities in society, on an equal basis with others. **Persons** with disabilities, **which include those who have long-term physical, mental, intellectual or sensory impairments**, are faced with barriers to, among other things, access the labour market, benefit from an inclusive and quality education, avoid poverty and social exclusion, enjoy access to cultural initiatives and media, or use their political rights. As a party to the United Nations Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities (the UNCRPD), the Union and all its Member States have committed to promote, protect and ensure the full and equal enjoyment of all human rights and fundamental freedoms by all persons with disabilities. The provisions of the UNCRPD have become an integral part of the Union legal order.

Or. en

Amendment 73

Csaba Sógor

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 12

Text proposed by the Commission

(12) Attitudinal and environmental barriers as well as lack of accessibility hinder the full and effective participation of people with disabilities in society, on an equal basis with others. People with disabilities are faced with barriers to, among other things, access the labour market, benefit from an inclusive and quality education, avoid poverty and social exclusion, enjoy access to cultural initiatives and media, or use their political rights. As a party to the United Nations Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities (the UNCRPD), the Union and all its Member States have committed to promote, protect and ensure the full and equal enjoyment of all human rights and fundamental freedoms by all persons with disabilities. The provisions of the UNCRPD have become an integral part of the Union legal order.

Amendment

(12) Attitudinal and environmental barriers as well as lack of accessibility hinder the full and effective participation of people with disabilities in society, on an equal basis with others. People with disabilities are faced with barriers to, among other things, access the labour market, benefit from an inclusive and quality education, avoid poverty and social exclusion, enjoy access to cultural initiatives and media, or use their political rights. As a party to the United Nations Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities (the UNCRPD), the Union and all its Member States have committed to promote, protect and ensure the full and equal enjoyment of all human rights and fundamental freedoms by all persons with disabilities. The provisions of the UNCRPD have become an integral part of the Union legal order. ***In this regard the Programme should fund awareness raising activities to the challenges people with disability face in participating fully in society and enjoying their rights as equal citizens.***

Or. en

Amendment 74

António Marinho e Pinto, Jean-Marie Cavada, Robert Rochefort, Jasenko Selimovic

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 17

Text proposed by the Commission

(17) In accordance with Union acts on equal treatment, Member States set up

Amendment

(17) In accordance with Union acts on equal treatment, Member States set up

independent bodies for the promotion of equal treatment, commonly known as "equality bodies", in order to combat discrimination based on race and ethnic origin as well as gender. However, many Member States have gone beyond these requirements and ensured that equality bodies can also deal with discrimination based on the other grounds such as age, sexual orientation, religion and belief, disability or other grounds. Equality bodies play a key role in promoting equality and ensuring effective application of equal treatment legislation by providing in particular an independent assistance to victims of discrimination, conducting independent surveys concerning discrimination, publishing independent reports and making recommendations on any issue relating to discrimination in their country. It is essential that the work of equality bodies is coordinated at Union level in this respect. EQUINET was created in 2007. Its members are the national bodies for the promotion of equal treatment as established by Council Directives 2000/43/EC¹⁵ and 2004/113/EC¹⁶, and by Directives 2006/54/EC¹⁷ and 2010/41/EU¹⁸ of the European Parliament and of the Council. EQUINET is in an exceptional situation, being the only entity which ensures coordination of activities between equality bodies. This coordination activity by EQUINET is key for the good implementation of Union anti-discrimination law in Member States and should be supported by the Programme.

¹⁵ Council Directive 2000/43/EC of 29 June 2000 implementing the principle of equal treatment between persons irrespective of racial or ethnic origin (OJ L 180, 19.7.2000, p. 22).

¹⁶ Council Directive 2004/113/EC of 13 December 2004 implementing the principle of equal treatment between men and women in the access to and supply of

independent bodies for the promotion of equal treatment, commonly known as "equality bodies", in order to combat discrimination based on race and ethnic origin as well as gender. However, many Member States have gone beyond these requirements and ensured that equality bodies can also deal with discrimination based on the other grounds such as age, sexual orientation, religion and belief, disability or other grounds. Equality bodies play a key role in promoting equality and ensuring effective application of equal treatment legislation by providing in particular an independent assistance to victims of discrimination, conducting independent surveys concerning discrimination, publishing independent reports and making recommendations on any issue relating to discrimination in their country. It is essential that the work of ***all those relevant*** equality bodies is coordinated at Union level in this respect. EQUINET was created in 2007. Its members are the national bodies for the promotion of equal treatment as established by Council Directives 2000/43/EC¹⁵ and 2004/113/EC¹⁶, and by Directives 2006/54/EC¹⁷ and 2010/41/EU¹⁸ of the European Parliament and of the Council. EQUINET is in an exceptional situation, being the only entity which ensures coordination of activities between equality bodies. This coordination activity by EQUINET is key for the good implementation of Union anti-discrimination law in Member States and should be supported by the Programme.

¹⁵ Council Directive 2000/43/EC of 29 June 2000 implementing the principle of equal treatment between persons irrespective of racial or ethnic origin (OJ L 180, 19.7.2000, p. 22).

¹⁶ Council Directive 2004/113/EC of 13 December 2004 implementing the principle of equal treatment between men and women in the access to and supply of

goods and services (OJ L 373, 21.12.2004, p. 37).

¹⁷ Directive 2006/54/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 5 July 2006 on the implementation of the principle of equal opportunities and equal treatment of men and women in matters of employment and occupation (OJ L 204, 26.7.2006, p. 23).

¹⁸ Directive 2010/41/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 7 July 2010 on the application of the principle of equal treatment between men and women engaged in an activity in a self-employed capacity and repealing Council Directive 86/613/EEC (OJ L 180, 15.7.2010, p. 1).

goods and services (OJ L 373, 21.12.2004, p. 37).

¹⁷ Directive 2006/54/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 5 July 2006 on the implementation of the principle of equal opportunities and equal treatment of men and women in matters of employment and occupation (OJ L 204, 26.7.2006, p. 23).

¹⁸ Directive 2010/41/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 7 July 2010 on the application of the principle of equal treatment between men and women engaged in an activity in a self-employed capacity and repealing Council Directive 86/613/EEC (OJ L 180, 15.7.2010, p. 1).

Or. en

Amendment 75

Ádám Kósa

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 18

Text proposed by the Commission

(18) Independent human rights bodies and civil society organisations play an essential role in promoting, safeguarding and raising awareness of the Union's common values under Article 2 TEU, and in contributing to the effective enjoyment of rights under Union law, including the Charter of Fundamental Rights of the EU. As reflected in the European Parliament Resolution of 18 April 2018, adequate financial support is key to the development of a conducive and sustainable environment for civil society organisations to strengthen their role and perform their functions independently and effectively. Complementing efforts at national level, EU funding should therefore contribute to support, empower and build the capacity of independent civil society organisations

Amendment

(18) Independent human rights bodies and civil society organisations play an essential role in promoting, safeguarding and raising awareness of the Union's common values under Article 2 TEU, and in contributing to the effective enjoyment of rights under Union law, including the Charter of Fundamental Rights of the EU. As reflected in the European Parliament Resolution of 18 April 2018, adequate financial support – ***which may not take the form of support for political action*** – is key to the development of a conducive and sustainable environment for civil society organisations to strengthen their role and perform their functions independently and effectively. Complementing efforts at national level, EU funding should therefore contribute to support, empower and build

active in the promotion of human rights whose activities help the strategic enforcement of rights under EU law and the Charter of Fundamental Rights of the EU, including through advocacy and watchdog activities, as well as to promote, safeguard and raise awareness of the Union's common values at national level.

the capacity of independent civil society organisations active in the promotion of human rights whose activities help the strategic enforcement of rights under EU law and the Charter of Fundamental Rights of the EU, including through advocacy and watchdog activities, as well as to promote, safeguard and raise awareness of the Union's common values at national level;
the EU may not, however, finance political objectives.

Or. hu

Amendment 76

Flavio Zanonato, Vilija Blinkevičiūtė, Michael Detjen, Brando Benifei

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 18

Text proposed by the Commission

(18) Independent human rights bodies and civil society organisations play an essential role in promoting, safeguarding and raising awareness of the Union's common values under Article 2 TEU, and in contributing to the effective enjoyment of rights under Union law, including the Charter of Fundamental Rights of the EU. As reflected in the European Parliament Resolution of 18 April 2018, adequate financial support is key to the development of a conducive and sustainable environment for civil society organisations to strengthen their role and perform their functions independently and effectively. Complementing efforts at national level, EU funding should therefore contribute to support, empower and build the capacity of independent civil society organisations active in the promotion of human rights whose activities help the strategic enforcement of rights under EU law and the Charter of Fundamental Rights of the EU, including through advocacy and watchdog activities, as well as to promote,

Amendment

(18) Independent human rights bodies and civil society organisations play an essential role in promoting, safeguarding and raising awareness of the Union's common values under Article 2 TEU, and in contributing to the effective enjoyment of rights under Union law, including the Charter of Fundamental Rights of the EU. As reflected in the European Parliament Resolution of 18 April 2018, adequate financial support is key to the development of a conducive and sustainable environment for civil society organisations to strengthen their role and perform their functions independently and effectively. Complementing efforts at national level, EU funding should therefore contribute to support, empower and build the capacity of independent civil society organisations active in the promotion of human rights whose activities help the strategic enforcement of rights under EU law and the Charter of Fundamental Rights of the EU, including through advocacy and watchdog activities, as well as to promote,

safeguard and raise awareness of the Union's common values at national level.

safeguard and raise awareness of the Union's common values at ***local, regional and*** national level.

Or. en

Amendment 77
Dominique Martin

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 19

Text proposed by the Commission

(19) The Commission should ensure overall consistency, complementarity and synergies with the work of Union bodies, offices and agencies, in particular the European Institute for Gender Equality and the European Union Agency for Fundamental Rights, and should take stock of the work of other national and international actors in the areas covered by the Programme.

Amendment

deleted

Or. fr

Amendment 78
Dominique Martin

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 20

Text proposed by the Commission

(20) The Programme should be open, subject to certain conditions, to the participation of European Free Trade Association (EFTA) members which are members of the European Economic Area (EEA) and EFTA members which are not members of the EEA and other European countries. Acceding countries, candidate countries and potential candidate countries benefiting from a pre-accession strategy

Amendment

(20) The Programme should be open, subject to certain conditions, to the participation of European Free Trade Association (EFTA) members which are members of the European Economic Area (EEA) and EFTA members which are not members of the EEA and other European countries. Acceding countries, candidate countries and potential candidate countries benefiting from a pre-accession strategy

should also be able to participate in the Programme.

should also be able to participate in the Programme, *provided that their national laws are compatible with the expectations of EU and Member State law.* .

Or. fr

Amendment 79

António Marinho e Pinto, Ivo Vajgl, Robert Rochefort

Proposal for a regulation Recital 21 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(21a) A high level of employment, the guarantee of adequate social protection, the fight against social exclusion, the pursuit of a high level of education and training are objectives to be incorporated by the EU when defining its policies and activities. The Programme should aim for equal opportunities among European citizens and to promote the objectives enshrined in article 9 TFEU, including exploring synergies and complementarities between those objectives.

Or. en

Justification

To refer the right to equal opportunities, in the social and employment areas, as key value, and the promotion of art. 9 TFEU.

Amendment 80

Flavio Zanonato, Vilija Blinkevičiūtė, Michael Detjen, Brando Benifei

Proposal for a regulation Recital 24

(24) The types of financing and the methods of implementation under this Regulation should be chosen on the basis of their ability to achieve the specific objectives of the actions and to deliver results, taking into account, in particular, the costs of controls, the administrative burden, and the expected risk of non-compliance. This should include consideration of the use of lump sums, flat rates **and** unit costs, as well as financing not linked to costs as referred to in Article 125(1) of the Financial Regulation. In accordance with the Financial Regulation, Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 883/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council²⁰ Council Regulation (Euratom, EC) No 2988/95²¹ Council Regulation (Euratom, EC) No 2185/96²² and Council Regulation (EU) 2017/1939²³ the financial interests of the Union are to be protected through proportionate measures, including the prevention, detection, correction and investigation of irregularities and fraud, the recovery of funds lost, wrongly paid or incorrectly used and, where appropriate, the imposition of administrative sanctions. In particular, in accordance with Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 883/2013 and Regulation (Euratom, EC) No 2185/96 the European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF) may carry out administrative investigations, including on-the-spot checks and inspections, with a view to establishing whether there has been fraud, corruption or any other illegal activity affecting the financial interests of the Union. In accordance with Regulation (EU) 2017/1939, the European Public Prosecutor's Office (EPPO) may investigate and prosecute fraud and other criminal offences affecting the financial interests of the Union as provided for in Directive (EU) 2017/1371 of the European Parliament and of the Council²⁴. In accordance with the Financial Regulation,

(24) The types of financing and the methods of implementation under this Regulation should be chosen on the basis of their ability to achieve the specific objectives of the actions and to deliver results, taking into account, in particular, the costs of controls, the administrative burden, and the expected risk of non-compliance. This should include consideration of the use of lump sums, flat rates, unit costs, as well as financing not linked to costs as referred to in Article 125(1) of the Financial Regulation. ***In order to facilitate participation to the Programme, including by small organizations, assistance should be ensured and any unnecessary administrative burden eliminated. Where appropriate, due consideration should be given to the possibility of a two-stage evaluation procedure and to the option of cascading grants and multiannual operating grants. As for co-funding rates, they should take into account the type and size of organizations for whom the programme calls are intended.*** In accordance with the Financial Regulation, Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 883/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council²⁰ Council Regulation (Euratom, EC) No 2988/95²¹ Council Regulation (Euratom, EC) No 2185/96²² and Council Regulation (EU) 2017/1939²³ the financial interests of the Union are to be protected through proportionate measures, including the prevention, detection, correction and investigation of irregularities and fraud, the recovery of funds lost, wrongly paid or incorrectly used and, where appropriate, the imposition of administrative sanctions. In particular, in accordance with Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 883/2013 and Regulation (Euratom, EC) No 2185/96 the European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF) may carry out administrative investigations, including on-the-spot

any person or entity receiving Union funds is to fully cooperate in the protection of the Union's financial interests, to grant the necessary rights and access to the Commission, OLAF, the EPPO and the European Court of Auditors (ECA) and to ensure that any third parties involved in the implementation of Union funds grant equivalent rights.

checks and inspections, with a view to establishing whether there has been fraud, corruption or any other illegal activity affecting the financial interests of the Union. In accordance with Regulation (EU) 2017/1939, the European Public Prosecutor's Office (EPPO) may investigate and prosecute fraud and other criminal offences affecting the financial interests of the Union as provided for in Directive (EU) 2017/1371 of the European Parliament and of the Council²⁴. In accordance with the Financial Regulation, any person or entity receiving Union funds is to fully cooperate in the protection of the Union's financial interests, to grant the necessary rights and access to the Commission, OLAF, the EPPO and the European Court of Auditors (ECA) and to ensure that any third parties involved in the implementation of Union funds grant equivalent rights.

²⁰ Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 883/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 September 2013 concerning investigations conducted by the European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF) and repealing Regulation (EC) No 1073/1999 of the European Parliament and of the Council and Council Regulation (Euratom) No 1074/1999, (OJ L248, 18.9.2013, p. 1.

²¹ Council Regulation (EC, Euratom) No 2988/95 of 18 December 1995 on the protection of the European Communities financial interests (OJ L 312, 23.12.95, p.1).

²² Council Regulation (Euratom, EC) No 2185/96 of 11 November 1996 concerning on-the-spot checks and inspections carried out by the Commission in order to protect the European Communities' financial interests against fraud and other irregularities (OJ L292.15.11.96,, p.2).

²³ Council Regulation (EU) 2017/1939 of 12 October 2017 implementing enhanced cooperation on the establishment of the

²⁰ Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 883/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 September 2013 concerning investigations conducted by the European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF) and repealing Regulation (EC) No 1073/1999 of the European Parliament and of the Council and Council Regulation (Euratom) No 1074/1999, (OJ L248, 18.9.2013, p. 1.

²¹ Council Regulation (EC, Euratom) No 2988/95 of 18 December 1995 on the protection of the European Communities financial interests (OJ L 312, 23.12.95, p.1).

²² Council Regulation (Euratom, EC) No 2185/96 of 11 November 1996 concerning on-the-spot checks and inspections carried out by the Commission in order to protect the European Communities' financial interests against fraud and other irregularities (OJ L292.15.11.96,, p.2).

²³ Council Regulation (EU) 2017/1939 of 12 October 2017 implementing enhanced cooperation on the establishment of the

European Public Prosecutor's Office ('the EPPO') (OJ L283, 31.10.2017., p.1).

²⁴ Directive (EU) 2017/1371 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 5 July 2017 on the fight against fraud to the Union's financial interests by means of criminal law (OJ L 198, 28.7.2017, p. 29).

European Public Prosecutor's Office ('the EPPO') (OJ L283, 31.10.2017., p.1).

²⁴ Directive (EU) 2017/1371 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 5 July 2017 on the fight against fraud to the Union's financial interests by means of criminal law (OJ L 198, 28.7.2017, p. 29).

Or. en

Amendment 81

Dominique Martin, Mara Bizzotto

Proposal for a regulation

Article premier – paragraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

This Regulation establishes the Rights and Values programme ('Programme').

Amendment

This Regulation establishes the Rights and Values programme ('Programme'), ***respecting the national identity of the Member States, which is the identity inherent in their fundamental structures, political and constitutional.***

Or. fr

Amendment 82

Ádám Kósa

Proposal for a regulation

Article 2 – paragraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

(1) The general objective of the Programme is to protect ***and promote*** rights and values as enshrined in the EU Treaties, ***including by supporting civil society organisations, in order to sustain open, democratic and inclusive societies.***

Amendment

(1) The general objective of the Programme is to protect ***the*** rights and values as enshrined in the EU Treaties

Or. hu

Justification

The objective concerning open, democratic and inclusive societies does not conform to the language of the founding treaties; the founding treaties do not refer to these terms in this kind of context

Amendment 83

Flavio Zanonato, Vilija Blinkevičiūtė, Michael Detjen, Brando Benifei

Proposal for a regulation

Article 2 – paragraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

1. The general objective of the Programme is to protect and promote rights and values as enshrined in the EU Treaties, including by supporting civil society organisations, in order to sustain open, democratic and inclusive societies.

Amendment

1. The general objective of the Programme is to protect and promote rights and values as enshrined in the EU Treaties, including by supporting ***independent*** civil society organisations ***of all sizes*** in order to ***nurture and*** sustain ***right-based***, open, democratic, ***equal*** and inclusive societies.

Or. en

Amendment 84

António Marinho e Pinto, Jean-Marie Cavada, Jasenko Selimovic

Proposal for a regulation

Article 2 – paragraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

1. The general objective of the Programme is to protect and promote rights and values as enshrined in the EU Treaties, including by supporting civil society organisations, in order to sustain open, democratic and inclusive societies.

Amendment

1. The general objective of the Programme is to protect and promote rights and values as enshrined in the EU Treaties, including by supporting civil society organisations, in order to sustain ***and preserve*** open, democratic and inclusive societies.

Or. en

Amendment 85

Ádám Kósa

Proposal for a regulation

Article 3 – paragraph 1 – point a

Text proposed by the Commission

(a) preventing and combating **inequalities** and discrimination on grounds of sex, **racial** or **ethnic** origin, religion or belief, disability, age or sexual orientation, and supporting comprehensive policies to promote gender equality and anti-discrimination and their mainstreaming as well policies to combat racism and all forms of intolerance;

Amendment

(a) preventing and combating **discrimination as set out in Article 21(1) and (2) of the Charter of Fundamental Rights, in particular** discrimination on **the** grounds of sex, **race, colour, ethnic** or **social** origin, **genetic features, language,** religion or belief, **political or any other opinion, membership of a national minority, property, birth,** disability, age or sexual orientation, **also preventing and combating any discrimination based on nationality,** and supporting comprehensive policies to promote gender equality and anti-discrimination and their mainstreaming as well policies to combat racism and all forms of intolerance;

Or. hu

Amendment 86

Flavio Zanonato, Vilija Blinkevičiūtė, Michael Detjen, Brando Benifei

Proposal for a regulation

Article 3 – paragraph 1 – point a

Text proposed by the Commission

(a) preventing and combating inequalities and discrimination on grounds of sex, racial or ethnic origin, religion or belief, disability, age **or** sexual orientation, and supporting comprehensive policies to promote gender equality and anti-discrimination and their mainstreaming as well policies to combat racism and all forms of intolerance;

Amendment

(a) preventing and combating inequalities and **any kind of** discrimination on grounds of sex, racial, **social** or ethnic origin, religion or belief, disability, age, sexual orientation, **sex characteristics, gender identity or any other grounds,** and supporting comprehensive policies to promote gender equality, **social inclusion** and anti-discrimination and their mainstreaming as well policies to combat racism and all forms of intolerance **both online and offline;**

Amendment 87

Csaba Sógor

Proposal for a regulation

Article 3 – paragraph 1 – point a

Text proposed by the Commission

(a) preventing and combating inequalities and discrimination on grounds of sex, racial or ethnic origin, religion or belief, disability, age or sexual orientation, and supporting comprehensive policies to promote gender equality and anti-discrimination and their mainstreaming as well policies to combat racism and all forms of intolerance;

Amendment

(a) preventing and combating inequalities and discrimination on grounds of sex, racial or ethnic origin, **membership of a national minority**, religion or belief, disability, age or sexual orientation, and supporting comprehensive policies to promote gender equality and anti-discrimination and their mainstreaming as well policies to combat racism and all forms of intolerance;

Or. en

Amendment 88

António Marinho e Pinto, Jean-Marie Cavada, Robert Rochefort, Jasenko Selimovic

Proposal for a regulation

Article 3 – paragraph 1 – point a

Text proposed by the Commission

(a) preventing and combating inequalities and discrimination on grounds of sex, racial or ethnic origin, religion **or** belief, disability, age or sexual orientation, and supporting comprehensive policies to promote gender equality and anti-discrimination and their mainstreaming as well policies to combat racism and all forms of intolerance;

Amendment

(a) preventing and combating inequalities and discrimination on grounds of sex, racial or ethnic origin, religion, belief **or opinion**, disability, age or sexual orientation, and supporting comprehensive policies to promote gender equality and anti-discrimination and their mainstreaming as well **as** policies to combat racism and all forms of intolerance, **including online**;

Or. en

Justification

To include ‘opinion’ in the wording is in line with the art 21 of the Charter of Fundamental Rights.

Amendment 89

Csaba Sógor

Proposal for a regulation

Article 3 – paragraph 1 – point a a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(aa) *The promotion of mutual understanding, dialogue and respect for diversity within Member States and the EU.*

Or. en

Amendment 90

Ádám Kósa

Proposal for a regulation

Article 3 – paragraph 1 – point b

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(b) protecting and promoting the rights of the child, the rights of people with disabilities, Union citizenship rights and the right to the protection of personal data.

(b) protecting and promoting the rights of the child, the rights of people with disabilities, Union citizenship rights and the right to the protection of personal data, ***including the introduction of an information system on child disappearances in the context of cross-border law enforcement cooperation concerning children’s rights and coordinating operative, cross-border cooperation to combat drugs.***

Or. hu

Amendment 91

Flavio Zanonato, Vilija Blinkevičiūtė, Michael Detjen, Brando Benifei

Proposal for a regulation

Article 3 – paragraph 1 – point b

Text proposed by the Commission

(b) protecting and promoting the rights of the child, the rights of people with disabilities, Union citizenship rights and the right to the protection of personal data.

Amendment

(b) protecting and promoting the rights of the child, the rights of people with disabilities, Union citizenship rights, ***including social rights*** and the right to the protection of personal data.

Or. en

Amendment 92

Eduard Kukan

Proposal for a regulation

Article 3 – paragraph 1 – point b

Text proposed by the Commission

(b) protecting and promoting the rights of the child, the rights of people with disabilities, Union citizenship rights and the right to the protection of personal data.

Amendment

(b) protecting and promoting the rights of the child, ***the rights of seniors***, the rights of people with disabilities, Union citizenship rights and the right to the protection of personal data.

Or. en

Amendment 93

Dominique Martin

Proposal for a regulation

Article 4 – paragraph 1 – point a

Text proposed by the Commission

(a) increasing citizens' understanding of the Union, ***its*** history, cultural heritage and diversity;

Amendment

(a) increasing citizens' understanding of the Union, ***of the Member States of which it is composed, their*** history, ***their*** cultural heritage and ***their*** diversity;

Amendment 94

Ádám Kósa

Proposal for a regulation

Article 4 – paragraph 1 – point a

Text proposed by the Commission

(a) increasing citizens' understanding of the Union, its history, cultural heritage and diversity;

Amendment

(a) increasing citizens' understanding of the Union, its history – ***with particular regard to the history of totalitarian regimes – and its*** cultural heritage and diversity;

Or. hu

Amendment 95

António Marinho e Pinto, Jean-Marie Cavada, Robert Rochefort, Jasenko Selimovic

Proposal for a regulation

Article 4 – paragraph 1 – point a

Text proposed by the Commission

(a) increasing citizens' understanding of the Union, its history, cultural heritage and diversity;

Amendment

(a) increasing citizens' understanding of the Union, its ***shared values***, history, cultural heritage and diversity;

Or. en

Amendment 96

Flavio Zanonato, Vilija Blinkevičiūtė, Michael Detjen, Brando Benifei

Proposal for a regulation

Article 4 – paragraph 1 – point a

Text proposed by the Commission

(a) increasing citizens' understanding of the Union, its history, cultural heritage and diversity;

Amendment

(a) increasing citizens' understanding of the Union, its history, cultural heritage, ***core values*** and diversity;

Amendment 97

Flavio Zanonato, Vilija Blinkevičiūtė, Michael Detjen, Brando Benifei

Proposal for a regulation

Article 4 – paragraph 1 – point b

Text proposed by the Commission

(b) promoting exchange and cooperation between citizens of different ***countries***; to promote citizens' civic and democratic participation allowing citizens and representative associations to make known and publicly exchange their views in all areas of Union action;

Amendment

(b) promoting exchange and cooperation between citizens of different ***national and cultural backgrounds***; to promote citizens' civic and democratic participation allowing citizens and representative associations to make known and publicly exchange their views in all areas of Union action ***and to foster solidarity***;

Or. en

Amendment 98

Dominique Martin

Proposal for a regulation

Article 5 – paragraph 1 – introductory part

Text proposed by the Commission

Within the specific objective set out in point (c) of Article 2(2), the Programme shall focus on:

Amendment

Within the specific objective set out in point (c) of Article 2(2), the Programme shall, ***with due respect for national definitions and provisions***, focus on:

Or. fr

Amendment 99

António Marinho e Pinto, Ivo Vajgl, Jean-Marie Cavada

Proposal for a regulation

Article 5 – paragraph 1 – point a

Text proposed by the Commission

(a) preventing and combating all forms of violence against children, young people **and** women, as well as violence against other groups at risk;

Amendment

(a) preventing, ***including with informative and educational actions,*** and combating all forms of violence against children, young people, women ***and aged persons,*** as well as violence against other groups at risk, ***and particularly vulnerable persons;***

Or. en

Amendment 100

Ádám Kósa

Proposal for a regulation

Article 5 – paragraph 1 – point a

Text proposed by the Commission

(a) preventing and combating all forms of violence against children, young people and women, as well as violence against other groups at risk;

Amendment

(a) preventing and combating all forms of violence against children, young people and women – ***including domestic violence*** – as well as violence against other groups at risk;

Or. hu

Amendment 101

António Marinho e Pinto, Ivo Vajgl, Jean-Marie Cavada

Proposal for a regulation

Article 5 – paragraph 1 – point b

Text proposed by the Commission

(b) supporting and protecting victims of such violence.

Amendment

(b) supporting and protecting victims, ***groups at risk, and particularly vulnerable persons*** of such violence.

Or. en

Amendment 102

Flavio Zanonato, Vilija Blinkevičiūtė, Michael Detjen, Brando Benifei

Proposal for a regulation

Article 6 – paragraph 2 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

2a. At least 50% of the resources referred to in paragraph 1(a) for the specific objectives referred to in article 2(2)(a) and 2(2)(c) shall be allocated to civil society organizations;

Or. en

Amendment 103

Ádám Kósa

Proposal for a regulation

Article 6 – paragraph 5

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(5) Resources allocated to Member States under shared management may, at their request, be transferred to the Programme. The Commission shall implement those resources directly in accordance with Article 62(1)(a) of the Financial Regulation or indirectly in accordance with Article 62(1)(c). **Where possible** those resources shall be used for the benefit of the Member State concerned.

(5) Resources allocated to Member States under shared management may, at their request, be transferred to the Programme. The Commission shall implement those resources directly in accordance with Article 62(1)(a) of the Financial Regulation or indirectly in accordance with Article 62(1)(c). Those resources shall **in every case** be used for the benefit of the Member State concerned.

Or. hu

Amendment 104

Dominique Martin

Proposal for a regulation

Article 7 – paragraph 1 – introductory part

Text proposed by the Commission

1. The Programme shall be open to the following countries provided that the conditions are met:

Amendment

1. The Programme shall be open to the following countries provided that the conditions are met ***and that their national laws are compatible with the expectations of EU and Member State law:***

Or. fr

Amendment 105

Flavio Zanonato, Vilija Blinkevičiūtė, Michael Detjen, Brando Benifei

Proposal for a regulation

Article 9 – paragraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

Actions contributing to the achievement of a specific objective specified in Article 2 may receive funding under this Regulation. In particular, activities ***listed in Annex I*** shall be eligible for funding.

Amendment

Actions contributing to the achievement of a specific objective specified in Article 2 may receive funding under this Regulation. In particular ***the following*** activities shall be eligible for funding:

(a) awareness raising, education activities, dissemination of information to improve the knowledge of the policies and rights in the areas covered by the Programme;

(b) mutual learning through exchange of good practices among stakeholders to improve knowledge and mutual understanding and civic and democratic engagement;

(c) advocacy, analytical and monitoring activities to improve the understanding of the situation in the Member States and at EU level in the areas covered by the Programme as well as to improve the implementation of EU law and policies;

(d) training relevant stakeholders to improve their knowledge of the policies and rights in the fields covered;

(e) information and Communication Technology (ICT) tools development and

maintenance;

(f) strengthening citizen's awareness of European culture, core values, history and remembrance as well as their sense of belonging to the Union;

(g) bringing together Europeans of different nationalities and cultures by giving them the opportunity to participate in town-twinning activities;

(h) encouraging and facilitating active participation and public mobilization in the construction of a more democratic Union as well as awareness of rights and values through support to civil society organisations;

(i) financing the technical and organisational support to implement Regulation [(EU)No 211/2011], thereby underpinning the exercise by citizens of the right to launch and support European citizens' initiatives;

(j) developing the capacity of European networks to promote and further develop Union law, policy goals and strategies as well as supporting civil society organisations of all sizes, active in the areas covered by the Programme;

(k) enhancing knowledge of the programme and dissemination and transferability of its results and fostering citizen outreach, including by setting up and supporting programme desks/national contact network.

Or. en

Amendment 106

Flavio Zanonato, Vilija Blinkevičiūtė, Michael Detjen, Brando Benifei

Proposal for a regulation

Article 10 – paragraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

1. Grants under the Programme shall be awarded and managed in accordance with Title VIII of the Financial Regulation.

Amendment

1. Grants under the Programme shall be awarded and managed in accordance with Title VIII of the Financial Regulation ***and shall include provisions for cascading grants and multiannual operating grants.***

Or. en

Amendment 107

Ádám Kósa

Proposal for a regulation

Article 18 – paragraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

(1) The recipients of Union funding shall acknowledge the origin and ensure the visibility of the Union funding (in particular when promoting the actions and their results) by providing coherent, effective and proportionate targeted information to multiple audiences, including the media and the public.

Amendment

(1) The recipients of Union funding shall acknowledge the origin and ensure the visibility of the Union funding (in particular when promoting the actions and their results) by providing coherent, effective and proportionate targeted information – ***in a form which is also accessible for people with disabilities*** – to multiple audiences, including the media and the public.

Or. hu

Amendment 108

Flavio Zanonato, Vilija Blinkevičiūtė, Michael Detjen, Brando Benifei

Proposal for a regulation

Article 18 – paragraph 2

Text proposed by the Commission

2. The Commission shall implement information and communication actions relating to the Programme, and its actions and results. ***Financial resources allocated to the Programme shall also contribute to***

Amendment

2. The Commission shall implement information and communication actions relating to the Programme, and its actions and results.

the corporate communication of the political priorities of the Union, as far as they are related to the objectives referred to in Article 2.

Or. en

Amendment 109

Flavio Zanonato, Vilija Blinkevičiūtė, Michael Detjen, Brando Benifei

Proposal for a regulation

Annex I – paragraph 1 – point a

Text proposed by the Commission

(a) awareness raising, dissemination of information to improve the knowledge of the policies and rights in the areas covered by the Programme;

Amendment

(a) awareness raising, **education activities**, dissemination of information to improve the knowledge of the policies and rights in the areas covered by the Programme;

Or. en

Amendment 110

Flavio Zanonato, Vilija Blinkevičiūtė, Michael Detjen, Brando Benifei

Proposal for a regulation

Annex I – paragraph 1 – point c

Text proposed by the Commission

(c) analytical and monitoring activities³¹ to improve the understanding of the situation in the Member States and at EU level in the areas covered by the Programme as well as to improve the implementation of EU law and policies ;

Amendment

(c) **advocacy**, analytical and monitoring activities³¹ to improve the understanding of the situation in the Member States and at EU level in the areas covered by the Programme as well as to improve the implementation of EU law and policies ;

³¹ These activities include for instance the collection of data and statistics; the development of common methodologies and, where appropriate, indicators or benchmarks; studies, researches, analyses

³¹ These activities include for instance the collection of data and statistics; the development of common methodologies and, where appropriate, indicators or benchmarks; studies, researches, analyses

and surveys; evaluations; impact assessment; the elaboration and publication of guides, reports and educational material.

and surveys; evaluations; impact assessment; the elaboration and publication of guides, reports and educational material.

Or. en

Amendment 111

Ádám Kósa

Proposal for a regulation

Annex I – paragraph 1 – point e

Text proposed by the Commission

(e) **information** and Communication Technology (ICT) tools **development and maintenance**;

Amendment

(e) **development and maintenance of information** and Communication Technology (ICT) tools **with barrier-free accessibility for everyone**;

Or. hu

Amendment 112

Flavio Zanonato, Vilija Blinkevičiūtė, Michael Detjen, Brando Benifei

Proposal for a regulation

Annex I – paragraph 1 – point f

Text proposed by the Commission

(f) strengthening citizen's awareness of European culture, history and remembrance as well as their sense of belonging to the Union;

Amendment

(f) strengthening citizen's awareness of European culture, **core values**, history and remembrance as well as their sense of **solidarity and** belonging to the Union;

Or. en

Amendment 113

Flavio Zanonato, Vilija Blinkevičiūtė, Michael Detjen, Brando Benifei

Proposal for a regulation

Annex I – paragraph 1 – point h

Text proposed by the Commission

(h) encouraging and facilitating active participation in the construction of a more democratic Union as well as awareness of rights and values through support to civil society organisations

Amendment

(h) encouraging and facilitating active ***and inclusive*** participation ***and public mobilization*** in the construction of a more democratic Union as well as awareness of rights and values through support to civil society organisations

Or. en

Amendment 114

Flavio Zanonato, Vilija Blinkevičiūtė, Michael Detjen, Brando Benifei

Proposal for a regulation

Annex I – paragraph 1 – point j

Text proposed by the Commission

(j) developing the capacity of European networks to promote and further develop Union law, policy goals and strategies as well as supporting civil society organisations active in the areas covered by the Programme.

Amendment

(j) developing the capacity of European networks to promote, ***apply*** and further develop Union law, policy goals and strategies as well as supporting civil society organisations ***of all sizes***, active in the areas covered by the Programme.

Or. en