



2015/0218(COD)

16.12.2015

AMENDMENTS

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Draft report
Marielle de Sarnez
(PE571.420v01-00)

Introduction of emergency autonomous trade measures for the Republic of Tunisia

Proposal for a regulation
(COM(2015)0460 – C8-0273/2015 – 2015/0218(COD))

Amendment 1

Edouard Ferrand, Matteo Salvini

Proposal for a regulation

—

Proposal for a rejection

***The European Parliament rejects the
Commission proposal.***

Or. fr

Amendment 2

Salvatore Cicu, Antonio Tajani, Elisabetta Gardini, Lara Comi, Alberto Cirio, Salvatore Domenico Pogliese, Aldo Patriciello, Fulvio Martusciello, Barbara Matera, Alessandra Mussolini, Giovanni La Via, Raffaele Fitto, Massimiliano Salini, Stefano Maullu, Remo Sernagiotto

Proposal for a regulation

—

Proposal for a rejection

***The European Parliament rejects the
Commission proposal.***

Or. it

Amendment 3

David Borrelli, Tiziana Beghin

Proposal for a regulation

—

Proposal for a rejection

***The European Parliament rejects the
Commission proposal.***

Or. it

Amendment 4

Marielle de Sarnez, Emmanuel Maurel, Sander Loones, Santiago Fisas Aixelà

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 2

Text proposed by the Commission

(2) Following the terrorist attack of 26 June 2015 in Sousse, Tunisia, the Council of the European Union, in its Conclusions of 20 July 2015, stated that the Union, in consultation with its Member States, would explore the option of taking exceptional measures to support the Tunisian economy.

Amendment

(2) Following the terrorist attack of 26 June 2015 in Sousse, Tunisia, the Council of the European Union, in its Conclusions of 20 July 2015, stated that the Union, in consultation with its Member States, would explore the option of taking exceptional ***and temporary*** measures to support the Tunisian economy.

Or. fr

Amendment 5

David Borrelli, Tiziana Beghin

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 3

Text proposed by the Commission

(3) Olive oil is Tunisia's main agricultural export product to the Union and the olive oil industry is an important part of ***the country's*** economy.

Amendment

(3) Olive oil is Tunisia's main agricultural export product to the European Union ***and has varying impacts on the markets of individual Member States,*** and the olive oil industry is an important part of both ***Tunisia's*** economy ***and that of the European Union.***

Or. it

Amendment 6

Edouard Ferrand, Matteo Salvini

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 3

Text proposed by the Commission

(3) Olive oil is Tunisia's main agricultural export product to the Union and *the* olive oil *industry* is an *important part of the country's economy*.

Amendment

(3) Olive oil is Tunisia's main agricultural export product to the Union and olive oil *production* is an *agricultural speciality of some Member States' regions, especially in Greece, Italy, France and Spain*.

Or. en

Amendment 7

Inmaculada Rodríguez-Piñero Fernández, Alessia Maria Mosca, Pedro Silva Pereira, Nicola Danti, Sergio Gutiérrez Prieto, Santiago Fisas Ayxelà, Esther Herranz García, Fernando Ruas, Pablo Zalba Bidegain

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 3

Text proposed by the Commission

(3) Olive oil is Tunisia's main agricultural export product to the Union and the olive oil industry is an important part of the country's economy.

Amendment

(3) Olive oil is Tunisia's main agricultural export product to the Union and the olive oil industry is an important part of the country's economy, *as it is for some regions of certain Member States*.

Or. en

Amendment 8

David Borrelli, Tiziana Beghin

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 4

Text proposed by the Commission

(4) The Union can best support Tunisia's economy, in accordance with the objectives set out in the European Neighbourhood Policy and in the Euro-Mediterranean Agreement, by providing an attractive and reliable market for Tunisia's exports of olive oil. *This requires autonomous trade measures allowing for*

Amendment

(4) The Union can best support Tunisia's economy, in accordance with the objectives set out in the European Neighbourhood Policy and in the Euro-Mediterranean Agreement, by providing an attractive and reliable market for Tunisia's exports of olive oil, *which is already in plentiful supply. In order to preserve this*

the import of this product into the Union on the basis of a duty free tariff quota.

balance it is not desirable to abolish or amend the current customs regime.

Or. it

Amendment 9

Edouard Ferrand, Matteo Salvini

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 4

Text proposed by the Commission

(4) The Union can best support Tunisia's economy, in accordance with the objectives set out in the European Neighbourhood Policy and in the Euro-Mediterranean Agreement, by providing an attractive and reliable market for Tunisia's exports of olive oil. This requires autonomous trade measures allowing for the import of this product into the Union on the basis of a duty free tariff quota.

Amendment

(4) In order to preserve the stability of Member States' olive oil production, the present customs treatment of Tunisian olive oil, which is already in plentiful supply on the European market, should continue to apply unchanged.

Or. en

Amendment 10

Nicola Danti, Alessia Maria Mosca, Pedro Silva Pereira, Goffredo Maria Bettini

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 4

Text proposed by the Commission

(4) The Union can best support Tunisia's economy, in accordance with the objectives set out in the European Neighbourhood Policy and in the Euro-Mediterranean Agreement, by providing an attractive and reliable market for Tunisia's exports *of olive oil*. This requires autonomous trade measures allowing for the import of *this product* into the Union on the basis of a duty free tariff quota.

Amendment

(4) The Union can best support Tunisia's economy, in accordance with the objectives set out in the European Neighbourhood Policy and in the Euro-Mediterranean Agreement, by providing an attractive and reliable market for Tunisia's exports. *As an exceptional response to a specific situation, emergency and temporary* autonomous trade measures *will be implemented*, allowing for the import of

olive oil into the Union on the basis of a duty free tariff quota.

Or. en

Amendment 11

Inmaculada Rodríguez-Piñero Fernández, Alessia Maria Mosca, Santiago Fisas Ayxelà, Sergio Gutiérrez Prieto, Pedro Silva Pereira, Esther Herranz García, Fernando Ruas, Pablo Zalba Bidegain

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 4

Text proposed by the Commission

(4) The Union can best support Tunisia's economy, in accordance with the objectives set out in the European Neighbourhood Policy and in the Euro-Mediterranean Agreement, by providing an attractive and reliable market for Tunisia's exports of olive oil. This requires autonomous trade measures allowing for the import of this product into the Union on the basis of a duty free tariff quota.

Amendment

(4) The Union can best support Tunisia's economy, ***on a short term basis and*** in accordance with the objectives set out in the European Neighbourhood Policy and in the Euro-Mediterranean Agreement, by providing an attractive and reliable market for Tunisia's exports of olive oil. This requires autonomous trade measures allowing for the import of this product into the Union on the basis of a duty free tariff quota, ***established for a maximum period of two years.***

Or. en

Amendment 12

David Borrelli, Tiziana Beghin

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 4 a (new)

Draft legislative resolution

Amendment

(4a) In their Decision No 534/2014/EU^{1a}, the European Parliament and the Council have already granted EUR 300 million to the Republic of Tunisia.

^{1a} Decision No 534/2014/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council

of 15 May 2014 providing macro-financial assistance to the Republic of Tunisia (OJ L 151, 21.5.2014, p. 9)

Or. en

Amendment 13
Edouard Ferrand, Matteo Salvini

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 4 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(4a) In their Decision No 534/2014/EU^{1a}, the European Parliament and the Council have already granted EUR 300 million to the Republic of Tunisia.

^{1a} Decision No 534/2014/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 May 2014 providing macro-financial assistance to the Republic of Tunisia (OJ L 151, 21.5.2014, p.9)

Or. en

Amendment 14
Edouard Ferrand, Matteo Salvini

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 4 b (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(4b) The opaque and misleading Union rules regulating olive oil labelling do not allow consumers to recognise the real origin of the product and an increase in Tunisian imports would bring imbalance to Union markets.

Or. en

Amendment 15

Nicola Danti, Alessia Maria Mosca, Pedro Silva Pereira, Inmaculada Rodríguez-Piñero Fernández, Goffredo Maria Bettini

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 5

Text proposed by the Commission

(5) In order to prevent fraud, the envisioned autonomous trade measures should be subject to compliance by Tunisia with the Union's relevant rules regarding the origin of products and the procedures related thereto, as well as to Tunisia's effective administrative cooperation with the Union.

Amendment

(5) In order to prevent fraud ***and to ensure that*** the envisioned autonomous trade measures ***will really benefit the Tunisian economy, they*** should be subject to compliance by Tunisia with the Union's relevant rules regarding the origin of products and the procedures related thereto, as well as to Tunisia's effective administrative cooperation with the Union.

Or. en

Amendment 16

David Borrelli, Tiziana Beghin

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 5

Text proposed by the Commission

(5) In order to prevent fraud, the envisioned autonomous trade measures should be subject to compliance by Tunisia with the Union's relevant rules regarding the origin of products and the procedures related thereto, as well as to Tunisia's effective administrative cooperation with the Union.

Amendment

(5) In order to prevent fraud, the envisioned autonomous trade measures should be subject to compliance by Tunisia with the Union's relevant rules regarding the origin of products and the procedures related thereto, ***including the mandatory requirement for clear labelling of origin and product classification***, as well as to Tunisia's effective administrative cooperation with the Union.

Or. it

Amendment 17

Inmaculada Rodríguez-Piñero Fernández, Alessia Maria Mosca, Santiago Fisas Aixelà, Sergio Gutiérrez Prieto, Pedro Silva Pereira, Nicola Danti, Esther Herranz García, Fernando Ruas, Pablo Zalba Bidegain

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 5

Text proposed by the Commission

(5) In order to prevent fraud, the envisioned autonomous trade measures should be subject to compliance by Tunisia with the Union's relevant rules regarding the origin of products and the procedures related thereto, as well as to Tunisia's effective administrative cooperation with the Union.

Amendment

(5) In order to prevent fraud ***and to guarantee consumer rights and fair competition***, the envisioned autonomous trade measures should be subject to compliance by Tunisia with the Union's relevant rules regarding the origin of products and the procedures related thereto, as well as to Tunisia's effective administrative cooperation with the Union.

Or. en

Amendment 18

József Szájer, Norbert Erdős, Therese Comodini Cachia

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 5 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(5a) In order to protect the due interests of the Union's olive oil producers from any injury and the olive oil market of the Union from any serious disturbances, the safeguard clause set out in Article 25 of the Euro-Mediterranean Agreement establishing an association between the European Communities and their Member States, of the one part, and the Republic of Tunisia, of the other part should also be applicable to the annual duty free tariff quota of 35 000 tonnes of virgin olive oil originating in Tunisia and falling within CN codes 1509 10 10 and 1509 10 90.

Or. en

Amendment 19

Santiago Fisas Ayxelà, Inmaculada Rodríguez-Piñero Fernández, Fernando Ruas, Sergio Gutiérrez Prieto, Alessia Maria Mosca, Esther Herranz García

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 6

Text proposed by the Commission

(6) The preservation of the stability of the olive oil market in the Union requires that the additional volume generated by the autonomous trade measures is only made available after the exhaustion of the volume of the annual olive oil duty free tariff rate quota laid down in Article 3(1) of Protocol 1 to the Euro-Mediterranean Agreement.

Amendment

(6) The preservation of the stability of the olive oil market in the Union requires that the additional volume generated by the autonomous trade measures is only made available after the exhaustion of the volume of the annual olive oil duty free tariff rate quota laid down in Article 3(1) of Protocol 1 to the Euro-Mediterranean Agreement. ***In order to prevent major harm to Union production setups, this Regulation also provides for safeguard measures so as to preclude market distortions:***

Or. en

Amendment 20

David Borrelli, Tiziana Beghin

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 9

Text proposed by the Commission

(9) The specific autonomous trade measures established by this Regulation are intended to alleviate the difficult economic situation, which Tunisia is currently facing, due to the terrorist attacks. ***Those*** measures ***should*** therefore ***be*** limited in time and ***be without prejudice to*** the negotiations between the Union and Tunisia on the establishment of a Deep and Comprehensive Free Trade Area (DCFTA), which ***are to start*** in October 2015. ***An extension of the application***

Amendment

(9) The specific autonomous trade measures established by this Regulation are intended to alleviate the difficult economic situation, which Tunisia is currently facing, due to the terrorist attacks, ***without damaging the European agricultural sector. The new quota will include a substantially increased tariff concession and the*** measures ***concerned are*** therefore limited in time and ***cannot serve as a precedent in*** the negotiations between the Union and Tunisia on the establishment of

period may be contemplated at the end of this period if warranted by the market situation or progress in the DCFTA negotiations.

a Deep and Comprehensive Free Trade Area (DCFTA), which *started* in October 2015.

Or. it

Amendment 21
Edouard Ferrand, Matteo Salvini

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 9

Text proposed by the Commission

(9) The specific autonomous trade measures established by this Regulation *are intended to* alleviate the difficult economic situation, which Tunisia is currently facing, due to the terrorist attacks. *Those measures should therefore be limited in time and be without prejudice to the negotiations between the Union and Tunisia on the establishment of a Deep and Comprehensive Free Trade Area (DCFTA), which are to start in October 2015. An extension of the application period may be contemplated at the end of this period if warranted by the market situation or progress in the DCFTA negotiations.*

Amendment

(9) The specific autonomous trade measures established by this Regulation *cannot concretely* alleviate the difficult economic situation, which Tunisia is currently facing, due to the terrorist attacks.

Or. en

Amendment 22
Eleonora Forenza

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 9

Text proposed by the Commission

(9) The specific autonomous trade measures established by this Regulation are intended to alleviate the difficult economic

Amendment

(9) The specific autonomous trade measures established by this Regulation are intended to alleviate the difficult economic

situation, which Tunisia is currently facing, due to the terrorist attacks. Those measures should therefore be limited in time and ***be without prejudice to the*** negotiations between the Union and Tunisia on the establishment of a Deep and Comprehensive Free Trade Area (DCFTA), which are to start in October 2015. ***An extension of the application period may be contemplated at the end of this period if warranted by the market situation or progress in the DCFTA negotiations.***

situation, which Tunisia is currently facing, due to the terrorist attacks. Those measures should therefore ***not*** be limited in time and ***should not serve as a precedent in*** negotiations between the Union and Tunisia on the establishment of a Deep and Comprehensive Free Trade Area (DCFTA), which are to start in October 2015

Or. en

Amendment 23

Nicola Danti, Alessia Maria Mosca, Inmaculada Rodríguez-Piñero Fernández, Pedro Silva Pereira, Sergio Gutiérrez Prieto, Goffredo Maria Bettini

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 9

Text proposed by the Commission

(9) The specific autonomous trade measures established by this Regulation are intended to alleviate the difficult economic situation, which Tunisia is currently facing, due to the terrorist attacks. Those measures should therefore be limited in time and be without prejudice to the negotiations between the Union and Tunisia on the establishment of a Deep and Comprehensive Free Trade Area (DCFTA), ***which are to start*** in October 2015. ***An extension of the application period may be contemplated at the end of this period if warranted by the market situation or progress in the DCFTA negotiations.***

Amendment

(9) The specific autonomous trade measures established by this Regulation are intended to alleviate the difficult economic situation, which Tunisia is currently facing, due to the terrorist attacks. Those measures should therefore be limited in time and be without prejudice to the negotiations between the Union and Tunisia on the establishment of a Deep and Comprehensive Free Trade Area (DCFTA), ***started*** in October 2015.

Or. en

Amendment 24
David Borrelli, Tiziana Beghin

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 10

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(10) In view of the severe damage done to Tunisia's economy, and in particular its tourism sector, by the terrorist attack in Sousse on 26 June 2015, and the need to take measures to alleviate Tunisia's economic situation in the short term, it was considered to be appropriate to provide for an exception to the eight-week period referred to in Article 4 of Protocol No 1 on the role of national Parliaments in the European Union, annexed to the Treaty on European Union, to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union and to the Treaty establishing the European Atomic Energy Community,

deleted

Or. it

Amendment 25
Edouard Ferrand, Matteo Salvini

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 10

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(10) In view of the severe damage done to Tunisia's economy, and in particular its tourism sector, by the terrorist attack in Sousse on 26 June 2015, and the need to take measures to alleviate Tunisia's economic situation in the short term, it was considered to be appropriate to provide for an exception to the eight-week period referred to in Article 4 of Protocol No 1 on the role of national Parliaments in the European Union, annexed to the Treaty on European Union, to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European

deleted

Amendment 26

Patrick Le Hyaric, Eleonora Forenza, Paloma López Bermejo

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 10 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(10a) The Commission should always carry out a suitable impact assessment to accompany this agreement or, in the event that this is not possible, make provision for a mid-term review to study the actual impact of this measure on the Union olive oil market and the situation for Union producers and assess the need for compensatory measures for Union producers.

Or. en

Amendment 27

David Borrelli, Tiziana Beghin

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 10 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(10a) In a spirit of collaboration between institutions, civil society and producers, the Union institutions should commit to more closely involve stakeholders through consultation in order to monitor the impact of these measures;

Or. it

Amendment 28
Matteo Salvini

Proposal for a regulation
Article 1 – paragraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

An annual duty free tariff quota of 35 000 tons is opened for imports into the Union of virgin olive oil originating in Tunisia and falling within CN codes 1509 10 10 and 1509 10 90.

Amendment

deleted

Or. en

Amendment 29
David Borrelli, Tiziana Beghin

Proposal for a regulation
Article 1 – paragraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

An annual duty free tariff quota of 35 000 tons is opened for imports into the Union of virgin olive oil originating in Tunisia and falling within CN codes 1509 10 10 and 1509 10 90.

Amendment

An annual duty free tariff quota of 35 000 tons is opened for imports into the Union of virgin olive oil originating in Tunisia and falling within CN codes 1509 10 10 and 1509 10 90, ***wholly obtained in Tunisia and transported directly from Tunisia to the Union.***

Or. it

Amendment 30
Stelios Kouloglou

Proposal for a regulation
Article 1 – paragraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

An annual duty free tariff quota of 35 000 tons is opened for imports into the Union of virgin olive oil originating in Tunisia

Amendment

An annual duty free tariff quota of 35 000 tons is opened for imports into the Union of virgin olive oil originating in Tunisia

and falling within CN codes 1509 10 10 and 1509 10 90.

and falling within CN codes 1509 10 10 and 1509 10 90. *If this measure represents a threat to the Union olive oil market, the European Commission should have the right to suspend the Duty Free tariff rate quota of 35 000 tons of Tunisian olive oil imports and undertake measures to repair the distortion. The suspension should last, as long as needed for a return to normal conditions within the Union market.*

Or. en

Amendment 31

Santiago Fisas Ayxelà, Inmaculada Rodríguez-Piñero Fernández, Fernando Ruas, Sergio Gutiérrez Prieto, Alessia Maria Mosca, Esther Herranz García

Proposal for a regulation

Article 1 – paragraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

An annual duty free *tariff* quota of 35 000 tons is opened for imports into the Union of virgin olive oil originating in Tunisia and falling within CN codes 1509 10 10 and 1509 10 90.

Amendment

For 2016, duty free quota of 35 000 tons is opened for imports into the Union of virgin olive oil originating in Tunisia and falling within CN codes *NC* 1509 10 10 and 1509 10 90, *wholly obtained in Tunisia and transported directly from Tunisia to the Union.*

The European Commission may, by means of a delegated act, extend this duty free quota in 2017, on condition that the supply needs of the European Union markets so require. If necessary, the quota laid down in the first paragraph may be revised downwards.

When drafting this delegated act, the Commission shall take into account the assessment report provided for in paragraph 1a of Article 4.

Or. en

Amendment 32

Nicola Danti, Alessia Maria Mosca, Goffredo Maria Bettini

Proposal for a regulation

Article 1 – paragraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

An annual duty free tariff quota of **35 000** tons is opened for imports into the Union of virgin olive oil originating in Tunisia and falling within CN codes 1509 10 10 and 1509 10 90.

Amendment

An annual duty free tariff quota of **17 500** tons is opened for imports into the Union of virgin olive oil originating in Tunisia and falling within CN codes 1509 10 10 and 1509 10 90. ***On the basis of the mid-term impact assessment, this quota can be reviewed.***

Or. en

Amendment 33

Eleonora Forenza

Proposal for a regulation

Article 1 – paragraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

An annual duty free tariff quota of **35 000** tons is opened for imports into the Union of virgin olive oil originating in Tunisia and falling within CN codes 1509 10 10 and 1509 10 90.

Amendment

For 2016, a duty free tariff quota of **35000** tons is opened for imports into the Union of virgin olive oil originating in Tunisia and falling within CN codes 1509 10 10 and 1509 10 90. ***The European Commission may, by means of a delegated act, allow the use of the remainder of this duty free quota in 2017, on condition that the supply needs of the Union markets so require. When drafting that delegated act, the Commission shall take into account the assessment report on the impact on the Union olive oil market.***

Or. en

Amendment 34

Giovanni La Via, Salvatore Cicu, Elisabetta Gardini, Lorenzo Cesa, Alberto Cirio, Lara

Comi, Barbara Matera, Alessandra Mussolini, Aldo Patriciello, Salvatore Domenico Pogliese, Antonio Tajani, Raffaele Fitto

Proposal for a regulation
Article 1 – paragraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

An annual duty free tariff quota of **35 000** tons is opened for imports into the Union of virgin olive oil originating in Tunisia and falling within CN codes 1509 10 10 and 1509 10 90.

Amendment

An annual duty free tariff quota of **17 500** tons is opened for imports into the Union of virgin olive oil originating in Tunisia and falling within CN codes 1509 10 10 and 1509 10 90.

Or. it

Amendment 35
David Borrelli, Tiziana Beghin

Proposal for a regulation
Article 2 – paragraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

Entitlement to the benefit of the import tariff quota referred to in Article 1 of this Regulation shall be subject to compliance by Tunisia with the rules regarding the origin of products and with the procedures related thereto, provided for in Protocol No 4 to the Euro-Mediterranean Agreement.

Amendment

Entitlement to the benefit of the import tariff quota referred to in Article 1 of this Regulation shall be subject to compliance by Tunisia with ***the sanitary and phytosanitary conditions laid down by the Union, with*** the rules regarding the origin of products and with the procedures related thereto, provided for in Protocol No 4 to the Euro-Mediterranean Agreement.

Or. it

Amendment 36
David Borrelli, Tiziana Beghin

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

The annual tariff quota referred to in

Amendment

deleted

Article 1 of this Regulation shall be made available only after the exhaustion of the volume of the annual olive oil duty free tariff rate quota provided for in Article 3(1) of Protocol 1 to the Euro-Mediterranean Agreement.

Or. it

Amendment 37
David Borrelli, Tiziana Beghin

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

The annual tariff quota referred to in Article 1 of this Regulation shall be made available only after the exhaustion of the volume of the annual olive oil duty free tariff rate quota provided for in Article 3(1) of Protocol 1 to the Euro-Mediterranean Agreement.

Amendment

The annual tariff quota referred to in Article 1 of this Regulation shall be made available only after the exhaustion of the volume of the annual olive oil duty free tariff rate quota provided for in Article 3(1) of Protocol 1 to the Euro-Mediterranean Agreement, ***subject to an assessment of the Union olive oil market in order to anticipate possible compensatory measures for Union producers.***

Or. it

Amendment 38
Patrick Le Hyaric, Eleonora Forenza, Paloma López Bermejo

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

The annual tariff quota referred to in Article 1 of this Regulation shall be made available only after the exhaustion of the volume of the annual olive oil duty free tariff rate quota provided for in Article 3(1) of Protocol 1 to the Euro-Mediterranean Agreement.

Amendment

The annual tariff quota referred to in Article 1 of this Regulation shall be made available only after the exhaustion of the volume of the annual olive oil duty free tariff rate quota provided for in Article 3(1) of Protocol 1 to the Euro-Mediterranean Agreement, ***and after an assessment of the***

Union olive oil market in order to anticipate possible compensatory measures for Union producers.

Or. en

Amendment 39

Edouard Ferrand, Matteo Salvini

Proposal for a regulation

Article 4 – paragraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

The Commission shall administer the tariff rate quota in accordance with Article 184 of Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013.

deleted

Or. en

Amendment 40

David Borrelli, Tiziana Beghin

Proposal for a regulation

Article 4 – paragraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

The Commission shall administer the tariff rate quota in accordance with Article 184 of Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013.

The Commission shall administer the tariff rate quota in accordance with Article 184 of Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 **and by establishing monthly import licences to be issued in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1918/2006.**

Or. it

Amendment 41

Inmaculada Rodríguez-Piñero Fernández, Alessia Maria Mosca, Santiago Fisas Ayxelà, Sergio Gutiérrez Prieto, Nicola Danti, Esther Herranz García, Fernando Ruas, Pablo Zalba Bidegain

Proposal for a regulation
Article 4 – paragraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

The Commission shall administer the tariff rate quota in accordance with Article 184 of Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013.

Amendment

The Commission shall administer the tariff rate quota in accordance with Article 184 of Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 **and by establishing monthly import licences to be issued between January and October of 2016 and 2017 in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1918/2006^{1a}.**

^{1a} Commission Regulation (EC) No 1918/2006 of 20 December 2006 opening and providing for the administration of tariff quota for olive oil originating in Tunisia (OJ L 365, 21.12.2006, p. 84)

Or. en

Amendment 42
Stelios Kouloglou

Proposal for a regulation
Article 4 – paragraph 1 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

The European Commission shall have an independent impact assessment carried out and conduct a mid-term review to analyse the impact of this measure and if there is any distortion in the Union olive oil market. The European Commission shall also assess the need for compensatory measures for Union producers.

Or. en

Amendment 43
Inmaculada Rodríguez-Piñero Fernández, Alessia Maria Mosca, Santiago Fisas Ayxelà, Sergio Gutiérrez Prieto, Pedro Silva Pereira, Emmanuel Maurel, Nicola Danti, Esther

Herranz García, Fernando Ruas, Pablo Zalba Bidegain

Proposal for a regulation

Article 4 – paragraph 1 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

Before the end of 2016, the Commission shall carry out, and present to the European Parliament and to the Council, a mid-term impact assessment of the new tariff quota, in order to evaluate its effects on the economic and social stability in Tunisia, as well as its impact on the Union's internal market and employment and, if appropriate, review those measures accordingly and assess the need for compensatory measures for Union olive oil producers.

Or. en

Amendment 44

David Borrelli, Tiziana Beghin

Proposal for a regulation

Article 5 – paragraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

Where the Commission finds that there is sufficient evidence of a failure by Tunisia to comply with the conditions set out in Article 2, it may adopt an implementing act suspending *in whole or in part* the preferential arrangements provided for in Article 1. That implementing act shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 6(2).

Where the Commission finds that there is sufficient evidence of a failure by Tunisia to comply with the conditions set out in Article 2, it may adopt an implementing act suspending *entirely* the preferential arrangements provided for in Article 1. That implementing act shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 6(2).

Or. it

Amendment 45

Inmaculada Rodríguez-Piñero Fernández, Alessia Maria Mosca, Santiago Fisas Ayxelà,

Sergio Gutiérrez Prieto, Emmanuel Maurel, Pedro Silva Pereira, Nicola Danti, Esther Herranz García, Fernando Ruas, Pablo Zalba Bidegain

**Proposal for a regulation
Article 5 – paragraph 1**

Text proposed by the Commission

Where the Commission finds that there is sufficient evidence of a failure by Tunisia to comply with the conditions set out in Article 2, it may adopt an implementing act suspending in whole or in part the preferential arrangements provided for in Article 1. That implementing act shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 6(2).

Amendment

Where the Commission finds that there is ***a serious market imbalance at Union level or*** sufficient evidence of a failure by Tunisia to comply with the conditions set out in Article 2, it may adopt an implementing act suspending in whole or in part the preferential arrangements provided for in Article 1. That implementing act shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 6(2).

Or. en

Amendment 46

Santiago Fisas Aixelà, Inmaculada Rodríguez-Piñero Fernández, Fernando Ruas, Sergio Gutiérrez Prieto, Alessia Maria Mosca, Esther Herranz García

**Proposal for a regulation
Article 5 a (new)**

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

Article 5a

Safeguard measure

In the event that the obligations laid down in this Regulation lead to or threaten a serious distortion of the Union market, they shall be suspended by the Commission.

The suspension shall last as long as necessary for a return to normal market conditions and may be extended up to exhaustion of the quota.

If the quota is reopened during the year of validity, the Commission shall, where necessary, modify the management

thereof by means of an implementing act with a view to adopting the most appropriate measures aimed at encouraging greater market stability.

Or. en

Justification

It is necessary to introduce a safeguard measure in case of serious market distortions arising from this new extraordinary quota, which effectively means an increase of over 50% of Tunisia's quota to date.

Amendment 47
David Borrelli, Tiziana Beghin

Proposal for a regulation
Article 5 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

Article 5a

Impact assessment

The Commission shall carry out an impact assessment of the new tariff quota before presenting any proposal for extension of this Regulation's application period. The impact assessment shall be forwarded to the European Parliament, the Member States and the Council and shall be made public.

Or. it

Amendment 48
József Szájer, Norbert Erdős, Therese Comodini Cachia

Proposal for a regulation
Article 5a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

Article 5a

Safeguard clause

Article 25 of the Euro-Mediterranean Agreement shall also be applicable to the annual duty free tariff quota referred to in Article 1;

Or. en

Amendment 49

Marielle de Sarnez, Santiago Fisas Ayxelà, Emmanuel Maurel, Sander Loones

Proposal for a regulation

Article 6 – paragraph 1 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

1a. The preferential arrangements introduced by this Regulation must be of equal benefit to all Tunisian producers, and import licences must be distributed transparently by the Board of Olive Oil (ONH);

Or. fr

Amendment 50

Marielle de Sarnez, Emmanuel Maurel, Sander Loones

Proposal for a regulation

Article 6 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

Article 6a

1. The Commission shall conduct an assessment of the impact on the Union olive oil market at mid-term following the entry into force of this Regulation.

2. If it is found that the Union market is affected by the provisions of this Regulation, the Commission shall be empowered to adopt an implementing act in order to propose corrective measures aimed at restoring the situation on the

Union market. This implementing act shall be adopted in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 6(2).

Or. fr

Amendment 51
David Borrelli, Tiziana Beghin

Proposal for a regulation
Article 7 – paragraph 2

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

It shall apply from 1 January 2016 until 31 December 2017.

It shall apply from 1 January 2016 until 31 December **2016**.

Or. it

Amendment 52
Santiago Fisas Aixelà, Inmaculada Rodríguez-Piñero Fernández, Fernando Ruas, Sergio Gutiérrez Prieto, Alessia Maria Mosca, Esther Herranz García

Proposal for a regulation
Article 7 – paragraph 2

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

It shall apply from 1 January 2016 until 31 December **2017**.

It shall apply from 1 January 2016 until 31 December **2016**.

This Regulation may be extended up to December 2017 in accordance with the conditions laid down in Article 1.

Or. en

Justification

Community olive oil stocks at the beginning of the 2015/2016 season are below the average for previous seasons. It is therefore not anticipated that an increase in imports will create imbalances in EU markets. However, given that European Union demand for 2017 cannot be predicted, prudence is called for.