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EUROPOS PARLAMENTAS    EURÓPAI PARLAMENT    IL-PARLAMENT EWROPEW    EUROPEES PARLEMENT  
PARLAMENT EUROPEJSKI    PARLAMENTO EUROPEU    PARLAMENTUL EUROPEAN  
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# Le TRAWLER le CHALUTIER

## Committee on Fisheries Commission de la pêche

16/03/2010



### INVITÉS AUX RÉUNIONS

**16/03/2010 :**

#### Point 7 de l'ordre du jour :

##### **Audition publique sur**

##### **"Réforme de la PCP: conservation des ressources et gestion de la flotte "**

- **M. Grímur VALDIMARSSON**, conseiller auprès du Directeur général adjoint, département de la pêche et de l'aquaculture, FAO
- **M. Thomas HØJRUP**, professeur en ethnologie, université de Copenhague, Danemark
- **M. Fredrik LUNDBERG**, président de l'organisation des pêcheurs des îles Åland
- **M. Grzegorz HAŁUBEK**, président de l'association des pêcheurs polonais, Pologne
- **M<sup>me</sup> Guðríður Margrét KRISTJÁNSDÓTTIR**, conseillère pêche, Mission de l'Islande auprès de l'Union européenne
- **M. Niels WICHMANN**, Europêche



### DOSSIERS EN COURS

#### Rapports:

- Approbation de certains amendements à la convention sur la future coopération multilatérale dans les pêches de l'Atlantique du Nord-Ouest
- Le régime d'importation dans l'UE des produits de la pêche et de l'aquaculture dans la perspective de la future réforme de la PCP
- Donner un élan à la stratégie pour le développement durable de l'aquaculture européenne
- Utilisation en aquaculture des espèces exotiques et des espèces localement absentes
- Pêche dans la zone couverte par l'accord de la CGPM (Commission générale des pêches pour la Méditerranée)
- Programme de documentation des captures de thon rouge (*thunnus thynnus*)
- Plan à long terme pour le stock d'anchois dans le golfe de Gascogne et les pêcheries exploitant ce stock

- Plan pluriannuel pour le stock de chinchard commun et les pêcheries exploitant ce stock
- Régime de contrôle et de coercition dans la zone de la convention sur la future coopération multilatérale dans les pêches de l'Atlantique du Nord Est
- Plan à long terme pour le stock de merlu du nord et les pêcheries exploitant ce stock

#### Avis:

- Une politique maritime intégrée (PMI) - Évaluation des progrès enregistrés et nouveaux défis
- Budget 2011 - Section III
- Rapport sur la mise en oeuvre de la législation européenne visant à la protection de la biodiversité

### **PREVISIONS VOTE EN COMMISSION ET EN PLENIERE (à confirmer)**

#### Rapports:

- Régime de contrôle et de coercition dans la zone de la convention sur la future coopération multilatérale dans les pêches de l'Atlantique du Nord Est (Fraga Estévez, Présidente)

#### **Vote d'orientation**

**en commission:** 01/12/09 **Session plénière:** MAI II

- Plan pluriannuel pour le stock de chinchard commun et les pêcheries exploitant ce stock (Gallagher)

#### **Vote d'orientation**

**en commission:** 01/12/09 **Session plénière:** MAI II

- Plan à long terme pour le stock d'anchois dans le golfe de Gascogne et les pêcheries exploitant ce stock (Bilbao Barandica)

#### **Vote d'orientation**

**en commission:** 01/12/09 **Session plénière:** MAI II

- Pêche dans la zone couverte par l'accord de la CGPM (Commission générale des pêches pour la Méditerranée) (Rivellini)

#### **Vote d'orientation**

**en commission:** 27/01/10 **Session plénière:** MAI II

- Livre Vert sur la réforme de la PCP (Patrão Neves)

**Vote en commission:** 27/01/10 **Session plénière:** FEV II

- Programme de documentation des captures de thon rouge (*thunnus thynnus*) (Romeva i Rueda)

**Vote en commission:** 7-8/04/10 **Session plénière:** JUIN

- Donner un élan à la stratégie pour le développement durable de l'aquaculture européenne (Milana)

**Vote en commission:** 3-4/05/10 **Session plénière:** JUIN

- Le régime d'importation dans l'UE des produits de la pêche et de l'aquaculture dans la perspective de la future réforme de la PCP (Cadeo)

**Vote en commission:** 2/06/10 **Session plénière:** JUILLET

- Utilisation en aquaculture des espèces exotiques et des espèces localement absentes (Ferreira)

**Vote en commission:** 2/06/2010 **Session plénière:** JUILLET/SEPTEMBRE (à déterminer)

- Approbation de certains amendements à la convention sur la future coopération multilatérale dans les pêches de l'Atlantique du Nord-Ouest

**Vote en commission:** (à déterminer) **Session plénière:** (à déterminer)

- Plan à long terme pour le stock de merlu du nord et les pêcheries exploitant ce stock (Fraga Estévez)

**Vote en commission:** (à déterminer) **Session plénière:** (à déterminer)

#### Avis :

- Rapport sur la mise en oeuvre de la législation européenne visant à la protection de la biodiversité (Lövin)

**Vote en PECH :** 7-8/04/10 **Vote en ENVI :** 2-3/06/2010

- Une politique maritime intégrée (PMI) - Évaluation des progrès enregistrés et nouveaux défis

**Vote en PECH :** (à déterminer) **Vote en TRAN :** 13/07/2010

- Adaptation au changement climatique : vers un cadre d'action européen (Arsenis)

**Vote en PECH:** 23/02/2010 **Vote en ENVI :** 16/03/2010

- Budget 2011 - Section III (Rodust)

**Vote en PECH:** (à déterminer) **Vote en BUDG :** (à déterminer)

### **DEPARTEMENT THEMATIQUE POLITIQUES STRUCTURELLES ET DE COHESION**

Les études, notes et documents relatifs aux workshops sont disponibles sur le site:

<http://www.ipolnet.ep.parl.union.eu/ipolnet/cms/ang/fr/pid/2503#4>

#### ÉTUDES DEMANDÉES:

- Prévention des captures incidentes de cétacés dans les eaux de l'UE

#### WORKSHOPS DEMANDÉES:

- Interaction des phoques et des stocks halieutiques
- "Eco-system flips": quand la pêche cause un changement soudain dans l'écosystème marin

#### 'BRIEFING PAPERS' DEMANDÉS:

- Juridiction sur les eaux en Méditerranée
- Natura 2000 et la PCP
- Fermetures en temps réel
- Systèmes de gestion de la flotte de pêche dans certains pays tiers
- La pêche dans la Méditerranée et dans la Mer noire (référence aux activités et avis CGPM)
- Impact à long terme des différentes méthodes de pêche sur l'écosystème du Kattegat et de l'Öresund
- La pêche des crevettes au Danemark et au Schleswig-Holstein
- La pêche industrielle en Mer baltique

#### NOTES INTERNES DEMANDÉES:

- Le secteur de la pêche en Suède occidentale (*Skagerrak*)
- Le secteur de la pêche au Maroc

#### ÉTUDES ET NOTES RÉALISÉES 2009-2013:

- Evaluation de l'impact de la "Stratégie pour le développement durable de l'aquaculture européenne" (COM(2002)511 final)
- Contraintes réglementaires et légales de la production aquacole communautaire
- Compétitivité de l'aquaculture communautaire, limitations et stratégies possibles
- Les plans de récupération et de gestion adoptés depuis la réforme de 2002
- L'impact de l'OMC et d'autres négociations commerciales sur les secteurs de la pêche et de l'aquaculture
- Le secteur de la pêche au Pays basque
- Le secteur de la pêche en Sicile

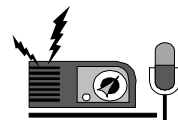
La liste des études et notes réalisées antérieurement disponible sous [PECH : Études - Recherche](#)

WORKSHOPS RÉALISÉS 2009-2013:  
(néant)

#### PROCHAINE RÉUNION DE LA COMMISSION PÊCHE

Bruxelles:

Mercredi 7 avril 2010 (horaire à confirmer) et jeudi 8 avril 2010 (9h-12h30)



#### FISHERIES NEWS IN BRIEF

(since 01/01/2010)

#### PE/Service de Presse

[Agriculture and fisheries \(News - Press service\)](#)

#### MEPs set out fisheries reform priorities 25-02-2010

The planned overhaul of the EU common fisheries policy should take better account of the huge differences across European fleets and fisheries, give greater responsibility to fishing regions, address the problem of fleet overcapacity and improve the traditional quota system, according to a non-binding report adopted by Parliament on Thursday. MEPs also call for the creation of a strong aquaculture sector and an eco-labelling system.

The report, drafted by Maria do Céu Patrão Neves (EPP, PT), which is a contribution to a wider public consultation process, was approved with 456 votes in favour, 50 against and 65 abstentions. It asks for a radical reform, warning that failure to adopt it could lead to being neither fish nor a fishing industry in the future.

Doing away with the "top-down" approach

Fisheries management must abandon the traditional "top-down approach", instead emphasising regionalisation, subsidiarity and stakeholder involvement, to reflect the local particularities of Europe's seas and fleets, say MEPs.

Whilst firmly rejecting any attempt to adopt a single Community fisheries management model, they nonetheless warn against jeopardising harmonisation of conditions of competition and equality of opportunity for producers.

MEPs also urge the Commission to work for a separate, less bureaucratic model for managing small-scale and coastal fisheries and to improve their access to the European Fisheries Fund. The report recognises that the special situation of the outermost regions may justify positive discrimination in some areas, in particular as regards fleet modernisation.

## Towards no-discards policy

MEPs ask the Commission to consider carefully possible new management models to complement the traditional system of total allowable catches (TACs), of which each Member State gets an annual national quota. This should pave the way for phasing out discards of unwanted by-catches. MEPs view discards as an unsustainable practice which should be eliminated by means of both positive and negative incentives, including discard bans if incentives prove insufficient.

Overall, MEPs demand long term science-based management plans for all fish species, to move away from the current decision-making system that encourages a short term focus.

## Historical rights

Parliament believes that local fishing communities should always be given primary access to fish stocks, although access rights should be based on updated criteria and no longer solely on the criterion of historical catches, and that environmental and social criteria should gradually be introduced to determine who has the right to catch fish. They could include, for instance, the selectivity of the fishing gear, the contribution to the local economy or CO2 emissions.

## Strong fish farming sector, eco-labelling

The report advocates a strong, high-quality and environmentally sustainable aquaculture sector that can help to meet the increasing demand in the EU, where 60% of fish consumed is caught outside EU waters.

Another demand by Parliament is for a specific eco-labelling programme to boost the image of fish products and promote healthy food.

Fisheries agreements to be assessed against strong criteria

Any new fisheries agreements, which allow EU boats to fish in third countries' waters, should be assessed against criteria defined by Parliament and designed, inter alia, to promote sustainable fishing, enhance local employment and defend human rights and democracy.

## Next steps

MEPs want the legislative reform to be finalised at the beginning of 2011 so that it is taken into account in discussions on the next long-term EU budget for 2014-2020, which they believe should include increased funding for the CFP to ensure that reforms can be implemented.

The Parliament report is a response to a Commission consultation paper, the findings of which are to be summed up in March this year. After a further assessment, the Commission will draft legislative proposals, on which Parliament will co-decide with the Council, using its new legislation powers in fisheries policy acquired with the Lisbon Treaty.

## **Fish farming: European quality can help conquer consumers**

24-02-2010

Fish farming can help to meet growing demand for fish products without harming the environment, but to succeed, it has to guarantee quality and also win political support, MEPs and guest speakers agreed at a public hearing on Tuesday. Fish farmers need political determination, clear rules, a level playing field, and a trustworthy labelling system, urged their representatives.

Europe consumes over five million tonnes of fish farm ("aquaculture") products a year, yet its production does not reach even one million tonnes, said Parliament's rapporteur on building a sustainable future for European aquaculture Guido Milana (S&D, IT). But he was optimistic about aquaculture's potential. Even though Europe faces an aggressive international market, it can win over reluctant consumers by ensuring that its produce is of high quality, he explained.

Input from this hearing on how Europe can promote aquaculture will inform Mr Milana's own-initiative report, which in turn should help clarify what kind of legislation could help the sector, he said.

## "Green" aquaculture is possible

Aquaculture suffers from an often-justified negative image, but also from ignorance of fish farming, a relatively new economic activity. One of the key concerns is its environmental sustainability. Director of the Galician Turbot Producers Association Fernando Otero Lourido argued that fish farms can be fully sustainable, as is the case in Galicia, where one of the world's largest aquaculture sites is located right next to the Lira marine reserve.

What the producers need is clear rules, a level playing field and political determination, argued Mr Otero, also noting that a trustworthy labelling system would help the sector.

## Transparent labelling

"There seems to be a proliferation of different marks" on labelling, observed Marco Greco of the Italian Association for Organic Agriculture. "Sustainable" and "eco-compatible" production has to be distinguished from "organic" products, as is done in agriculture, he said.

## Educating consumers

Commenting on a remark by Mr Milana on Europe's imports of Asian pangasius, which consumers know only in the form of filets, and have no clue as to its origins, Struan Stevenson (ECR, UK), regretted the World Trade Organisation does not recognise the importance of animal welfare. "The only way we can deal with it, is to educate consumers", he said.

## Sustainable fish feed

MEPs also raised questions about the sustainability of the amounts of fish killed to feed farmed fish. Replying to Isabella Lövin (Greens/EFA, SE), about the possibility of using "vegetarian" fish, such as carp or tilapia, Dawn Purchase of the Marine Conservation Society said retailers find it hard to convince consumers to eat that fish, at least in the UK. However, inciting celebrity chefs to prepare it could stimulate demand, she added.

## Lessons from the North

Norway sells 97% of its aquaculture production abroad, unlike the EU, whose imports greatly exceed exports. Norwegian fish farmers also enjoy strong political support and an excellent geographical situation, said Petter Arnesen (Feed & Environment, Marine Harvest ASA, Norway).

Norway has strict rules to ensure sustainability, and does its utmost to prevent infections, fish parasites and escapes and thus contamination of wild fish by farmed salmon. Its use of antibiotics has been reduced almost to zero, although they remain useful to fight parasites, he added.

Mrs Lövin asked whether aquaculture can be associated with sustainability if high-quality fish such as mackerel or overfished species like blue whiting are turned into fishmeal for salmon. Icelandic mackerel has indeed been turned into fish feed, but it proved inadequate for salmon and ended up in chicken feed instead, replied Mr Arnesen, adding that "we do not want to be associated with hoovering the seas".

## Carbon footprint

Alain CADEC (EPP, FR) asked about salmon farming's carbon footprint of and sustainability of exporting Norwegian salmon to China and re-importing it to Europe as processed fish. Mr Arnesen replied that the CO2 impact of this practice was not very great, if the fish were frozen and transported in large quantities.

## Turning research into opportunity

Most speakers stressed the need to use existing R&D funding more efficiently, so that research translates into action.

Dr Peter Heffernan (Marine Institute, Galway) suggested that research topics under existing European programmes need to be better targeted. Mrs Purchase noted that much high-quality research is already available, but said it needed to be put to more use.

## Next steps

Mr Milana suggested that an "umbrella regulation" would ensure clarity and consistency, and also called for a single, specific, aquaculture fund to support the sector. However, "we are not yet at the point where we can draw up regulations", he stressed.

The Milana report is to be put to a Fisheries Committee vote on 3 or 4 April and a plenary one at the June session.

# COMMISSION

[Fisheries - Press corner](#)

[EUROPA - Rapid - Recent Press Releases](#)

## **Current initiatives and future prospects on the agenda as Commissioner Damanaki visits Spain 11-03-2010**

Maria Damanaki, European Commissioner for Maritime Affairs and Fisheries, arrives in Spain this evening for a three-day visit to Madrid and Vigo. During her visit, the Commissioner will meet with political leaders, industry representatives, shipowners and other stakeholders to gauge their views on a range of issues. She will also meet staff at the Community Fisheries Control Agency, based in Vigo, and see a number of local projects at work.

In Madrid, the Commissioner will hold talks with the Minister for the Environment and Rural and Marine Affairs, Mrs Elena Espinosa Mangana and will meet representatives from a number of Spanish fishing industry associations to discuss a range of topical issues, including CFP reform and the future of aquaculture.

The Commissioner's itinerary in Vigo will include a visit to see the Community Fisheries Control Agency at work, a tour of Intermares – a vessel built to disseminate information and provide practical on-board training in a broad range of subjects – a visit to a shipowners' cooperative and an official dinner with ministries of Galicia. On Saturday the Commissioner will board a coastguard vessel at the Ría de Vigo and tour local shellfish farms and processing facilities.

**Fisheries: Unprecedented progress in protection of Indian Ocean fish stocks thanks to EU leadership**  
**8-03-2010**

Strides forward were made last week by the Indian Ocean Tuna Commission for the protection of the fish stocks in the Indian Ocean, such as tropical tunas and shark stocks. The parties agreed among others on an enhanced system for control and compliance, on introducing a time/area closure and on forbidding sharks from the thresher family from being taken or kept on board. These measures, probably the most far reaching undertaken by IOTC since its conception in 1996, all stemmed from EU's proposal and were made possible thanks to the EU's progressive leadership and close cooperation with all IOTC Members, particularly coastal developing states.

The 14th Annual Meeting of the Indian Ocean Tuna Commission (IOTC) held in Busan, Korea, on 1-5 March 2010, was said by Members to be the most successful in several years and saw the adoption of a number of innovative resolutions tabled by the EU. The following measures, all initiated by the EU, rank among the most concrete steps undertaken.

**Conservation**

IOTC established a time/area closure in the region outside the Somalian EEZ to 60 degrees E and between 0 and 10 degrees North throughout the month of February for longline fleet and throughout the month of November for purse fleet. This balanced approach, targeting longline and purse seine fisheries on equal footing, is the first management measure ever adopted by the IOTC. Members agreed to develop a TAC and Quota system by 2012 and gave the Scientific Committee a clear mandate to develop management options and present them to the IOTC. This long-awaited step will undoubtedly kick start the development of a strong fishery management system for the region.

**Control**

IOTC adopted a Port State control and inspection scheme which reflects the recent FAO Agreement on Port State Measures to Prevent, Deter and Eliminate Illegal, Unreported and Unregulated Fishing and which is an important step forward in combating IUU fishing.

The Commission adopted a market-related measure which is bound to strengthen the compliance powers of IOTC and the fight against IUU.

**Compliance**

The Commission undertook a detailed review of the degree of compliance of vessels with the main conservation measures. This led to a considerable expansion of the IOTC list of IUU vessels, including vessels flagged to the IOTC Contracting Parties

themselves.  
Other issues

A fund was created to support developing States' participation to IOTC Meetings.

The Commission issued a statement on Piracy reflecting its rising concerns with the upsurge of ruthless piracy acts. These jeopardize the delivery of humanitarian assistance to the Somali population and have also seriously impacted on merchant shipping and on legitimate fishing activities occurring, in accordance with international laws and under the monitoring of IOTC members, in the western part of the IOTC area of competence.

Moreover, for the first time in the history of IOTC, conservation measures were voted upon. Again, the vote was advocated by the EU and led to streamlined and more efficient decision-making. As a result, the few IOTC Members still opposing the ban on taking and retaining thresher sharks on board were outvoted.

In contrast to recent criticism of inaction and poor performance – as concluded by an IOTC Performance Review early last year - the European Union is extremely pleased with the progress made by this regional fisheries management organisation last week, and is confident that this turn of events will only benefit the natural heritage of the Indian Ocean.

**At the occasion of Commissioner Damanaki's official visit to Greece and her meeting with President of Greek Republic, Mr Karolos Papoulias and Prime Minister Mr George Papandreou**  
**04/03/2010**

Maria Damanaki  
Member of the European Commission responsible for Maritime Affairs and Fisheries  
Statement on the Greek situation

Athens, 4 March 2010.

Greece finds itself confronted with a very difficult situation and is to committed to control it and to be ready to face the future.

We are all aware of this.

The European Commission is not here to punish Greece, but to help the Greek people working together with the Greek government to get successfully out of this difficult situation.

As all European Commissioners, I intend to be a positive part of this common effort. Together we have to and we shall succeed.

Greece is confronted with a very difficult situation but the road out if this is strongly embedded in



Europe. There is no future, no viable solution for the actual situation beyond the Eurozone and the European Union. The euro is more than a currency alone, it is Europe's answer to globalization, now strongly linked to Europe's identity. The euro is a great achievement for Greece.

The proud history of Greece and its future is strongly based and interlinked with the European project and the European Institutions.

Therefore, the Greek efforts need to be framed within the European process.

As the European Commissioner for Maritime Affairs and Fisheries coming from Greece I will work in a dedicated manner in the area's within the reach of my portfolio to improve the daily lives of our citizens.

The solutions have to be found at home in Greece, but also in the framework of a well functioning economic governance across the Eurozone and the European Union. This is in line with the decision of the EU2020 Strategy which was adopted by the European Commission yesterday.

**Atlantic Bluefin tuna and the CFP reform  
European Parliament – lunch visitors' group of  
Mrs Patrão Neves  
Brussels, 25 February 2010**

Speech

Mrs Patrão Neves,

Dear visitors,

Dear all,

I heard you came all the way from Portugal to see Brussels and to learn something more about the European Institutions. It is very important to facilitate these opportunities as part of the understanding of Europe and its institutions and I welcome you all here today in the premises of the European Parliament.

As part of your ambitious programme you saw today the debate and the vote on an own-initiative report by your host, Mrs Patrão Neves, on the reform of the common fisheries policy. I am very glad that the European Parliament which represents the citizens in Europe contributed to the consultation procedure launched by the European Commission regarding its Green Book on the common fisheries reform. Mrs Neves had an important contribution to this procedure, taking into account very different options from a large number of parliamentarians.

I guess we all agree that a radical reform is needed. The last reform in 2002 was not sufficiently successful and the adopted initiative report today in plenary underlines this. Additionally, there were important issues raised by the Parliamentarians which the Commission will assess very carefully and I do believe that the Parliament as well as the stakeholders and the Commission will keep a close dialogue when it comes to future legislation in this field.

Another pressing issue for me as a Commissioner at the moment is the proposed ban on international trade of Atlantic bluefin tuna.

The European Parliament adopted a resolution on this matter in favour of such a listing under certain conditions and the Commission tends to support the Parliament in this. I believe that a ban of trade into bluefin tuna has to be accompanied by a number of important conditions which - in my view - constitute a coherent approach.

This means first that a listing of this fish would be suspended until the ICCAT Scientific Committee (which is the expert committee to assess fish stocks etc.) has come up with a new stock assessment in October 2010

Second, even if the ban then enters into effect, I am convinced of the need to preserve artisanal fishing activities. These are undertaken in a sustainable manner with a limited impact on the stock and are of social importance to many of our coastal regions. Therefore, I will make a proposal to exempt artisanal fishing activities from the ban so that these vessels and traps can continue to fish bluefin tuna in EU waters and land and trade this fish within the EU.

Third, I am currently looking into the possibility to finance supporting measures for fishermen and ship-owners who might be affected by a possible trade ban, within the context of the European Fisheries Fund or other existing appropriations. The following years will be very important for the establishment and the implementation of our new fisheries policy. I hope that the European Parliament and the member States and the stakeholders will cooperate with the Commission for the best results.

Thank you.

## ADRESSES UTILES INTERNET

[Commission de la pêche du Parlement européen :](http://www.europarl.europa.eu/activities/committees/homeCom.do?body=PECH&language=EN)  
<http://www.europarl.europa.eu/activities/committees/homeCom.do?body=PECH&language=EN>

Commission européenne-DG MARE :  
[http://ec.europa.eu/dgs/fisheries/index\\_fr.htm](http://ec.europa.eu/dgs/fisheries/index_fr.htm)

FAO - Pêches et aquaculture  
<http://www.fao.org/fi>

CIEM/ICES (International Council for the  
Exploration of the Sea)  
[www.ices.dk](http://www.ices.dk)

## PUBLICATIONS EN LIGNE

La Direction Générale des affaires maritimes et de la pêche de la Commission publie mensuellement un magazine intitulé "Pêche et aquaculture en Europe"

[http://ec.europa.eu/fisheries/publications/magazine/subscribe\\_fr.htm](http://ec.europa.eu/fisheries/publications/magazine/subscribe_fr.htm)



## MEETINGS AND EVENTS 2010

### Mars

ICES Workshop on 'Understanding and quantifying mortality in fish early-life stages', 22-24 March, Aberdeen/Scotland/UK

### Avril

GFCM General Fisheries Commission, 34th Annual Session, 12-17 Apr, Athens/Greece

OECD Workshop on 'Advancing the Aquaculture Agenda-Policies to Ensure a Sustainable Aquaculture Sector', OECD Conference Center, 15-16 Apr, Paris/France

ICES Symposium on 'Climate Change Effects on Fish and Fisheries: Forecasting Impacts, Assessing Ecosystem Responses', 26-29 Apr, Sendai/Japan

### Mai

ICES Workshop on 'Sexual maturity staging of redfish and Greenland halibut', 25-28 May, Vigo/Spain

### Juin

NASCO (North Atlantic Salmon Conservation Organisation) Annual Meeting, 1-4 Juin, Québec/Canada

FAO Global Conference on Aquaculture, 9-12 June, Bangkok/Thailand

ICES Symposium on 'Research and Management of Eutrophication in Coastal Ecosystems', 15-18 June, Nyborg/Denmark

ICES Workshop on 'Anchovy, Sardine and Clamete Variability in the North Sea', 22-25 June, Nantes/France

ICES Workshop on 'Observation schemes for bycatch of mammals and birds', 28-30 June, Copenhagen/Denmark

### Été/Automne 2010

ICES Symposium on 'Collection and Interpretation of Fishery Dependent Data', 23-26 Aug, Galway/Ireland

ICES Annual Science Conference, 20-24 Sep, Nantes/France

SEAFO Annual Meeting, 11-15 Oct

NEAFC Annual Meeting, 8-12 Nov

ICCAT 17th Special Commission Meeting, 17-27 Nov, Paris/France



## MEETINGS OF

### CONSEILS CONSULTATIFS RÉGIONAUX (CCR) REGIONAL ADVISORY COUNCILS (RACs)

**See European Commission website:**

<https://webgate.ec.europa.eu/fpfis/iwt/taxonomy/term/140>

Date	RAC	Type	Place	Main issues
18/03/2010	<b>LDRAC</b>	Seminar	Las Palmas	FPA
07-08/04/2010	<b>LDRAC</b>	Seminar	Vigo	Control
11-12/05/2010	<b>BSRAC</b>	GA/EXCOM	Klaipeda	
28-29/06/2010	<b>NSRAC</b>	EXCOM	Boulogne/mer	
21-22/10/2010	<b>NSRAC</b>	EXCOM	Edinburgh	

#### *Abbreviations:*

NWWRAC = North Western Waters Regional Advisory Council  
 SWWRAC = South Western Waters Regional Advisory Council  
 NSRAC = North Sea Regional Advisory Council  
 LDRAC = Long Distance Fleet Regional Advisory Council  
 BSRAC = Baltic Sea Regional Advisory Council  
 NSRAC = North Sea Regional Advisory Council

MIRAC = ICES/RAC meeting  
 GA = General Assembly  
 EXCOM = Executive Committee

COMMISSION DE LA PÊCHE			COMMITTEE ON FISHERIES		
Membres/Members			Suppléants/Substitutes		
20.01.2010			20.01.2010		
ANDRES BAREA Josefa	ES	S&D	BESSET Jean-Paul	FR	Verts/ALE
ANTINORO Antonello	IT	PPE	BILBAO BARANDICA Izaskun	ES	ALDE
ARSENIS Kriton	GR	S&D	BONSIGNORE Vito	IT	PPE
CADEC Alain	FR	PPE	BUSUTTIL Simon	MT	PPE
FARAGE Nigel	GB	EFD	CAPOULAS SANTOS Luis Manuel	PT	S&D
FERREIRA Joao	PT	GUE/NGL	CHRISTEN Ole	DK	S&D
FRAGA ESTEVEZ Carmen	ES	PPE	COZZOLINO Andrea	IT	S&D
GALLAGHER Pat the Cope	IE	ALDE	DAVIES Chris	GB	ALDE
GARRIGA POLLEDO Salvador	ES	PPE	DODDS Diane	GB	NI
GRÓBARCZYK Marek Józef	PL	ECR	GIRLING Julie	GB	ECR
HAGLUND Carl Christoffer	FI	ALDE	GRELIER Estelle	FR	S&D
HUDGHTON Ian	GB	Verts/ALE	GROOTE Matthias	DE	S&D
IOTOVA Iliana Malinova	BG	S&D	HIGGINS Jim	IE	PPE
KUHN Werner	DE	PPE	ITURGAIZ ANGULO Carlos José	ES	PPE
LE PEN Jean-Marie	FR	NI	LE HYARIC Patrick	FR	GUE/NGL
LÖVIN Isabella	SE	Verts/ALE	MATO ADROVER Gabriel	ES	PPE
MILANA Guido	IT	S&D	NITRAS Slawomir Witold	PL	PPE
PATRAO NEVES Maria do Céu	PT	PPE	ROMEVA I RUEDA Raúl	ES	Verts/ALE
REIMERS Britta	DE	ALDE	SANCHEZ PRESEDOO Antolin	ES	S&D
RIVELLINI Crescenzo	IT	PPE	SALAVRAKOS Nikolaos	GR	EFD
RODUST Ulrike	DE	S&D	TSOUKALAS Ioannis	GR	PPE
STEVENSON Struan	GB	ECR	WATSON Graham	GB	ALDE
TRAUTMANN Catherine	FR	S&D			
WALESA Jaroslaw Leszek	PL	PPE			

BUREAU			
<b>Présidente</b>	M <sup>me</sup> Carmen Fraga Estévez		
<b>1<sup>er</sup> Vice-Président</b>	M. Struan Stevenson	<b>3<sup>ème</sup> Vice-Président</b>	M. Guido Milana
<b>2<sup>ème</sup> Vice-Président</b>	M. Alain Cadec	<b>4<sup>ème</sup> Vice-Président</b>	M. Carl Christoffer Haglund

COORDINATEURS			
<b>PPE</b>	M. Antonello Antinoro	<b>GUE/NGL</b>	M. Joao Ferreira
<b>S&amp;D</b>	M <sup>me</sup> Ulrike Rodust	<b>EFD</b>	M. Nigel Farage
<b>ALDE</b>	M. Pat the Cope Gallagher	<b>ECR</b>	M. Marek Józef Gróbarczyk
<b>Verts/ALDE</b>	M <sup>me</sup> Isabella Lövin		

Secrétariat commission de la pêche			
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## ***COMMITTEE ON FISHERIES – COMMISSION DE LA PÊCHE***

### **MEETINGS - RÉUNIONS**

#### **PECH 2010**

Tuesday, 16 March, 9h00-12h30  
Tuesday, 16 March, 15h00-18h30

Wednesday, 7 April (horaire à confirmer)  
Thursday, 8 April, 9h00-12h30

Monday, 3 May, 15h00-18h30  
Tuesday, 4 May, 9h00-12h30  
Tuesday, 4 May, 15h00-18h30

Tuesday, 1 June, 15h00-18h30  
Wednesday, 2 June, 9h00-12h30  
Wednesday, 2 June, 15h00-18h30

Tuesday, 22 June, 9h00-12h30  
Tuesday, 22 June, 15h00-18h30

Wednesday, 14 July, 9h00-12h30  
Wednesday, 14 July, 15h00-18h30  
Thursday, 15 July, 9h00-12h30

Monday, 30 August, 15h00-18h30

Wednesday, 29 September, 9h00-12h30  
Wednesday, 29 September, 15h00-18h30

Tuesday, 26 October, 15h00-18h30  
Wednesday, 27 October, 9h00-12h30  
Wednesday, 27 October, 15h00-18h30

Monday, 8 November, 15h00-18h30  
Tuesday, 9 November, 9h00-12h30

Tuesday, 30 November, 15h00-18h30  
Wednesday, 1 December, 9h00-12h30  
Wednesday, 1 December, 15h00-18h30