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*Committee on the Environment, Public Health and Food Safety
Committee on Industry, Research and Energy*

2013/2135(INI)

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COMPROMISE AMENDMENTS

1 - 86

Draft report

Anne Delvaux and Konrad Szymański

(PE521.547v01-00)

2030 framework for climate and energy policies
(2013/2135(INI))

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United in diversity

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EN

Amendment 1
Supported by all groups

Compromise amendment covering Amendments 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, EMPL 1

Motion for a resolution
Paragraph 1

Motion for a resolution

1. Welcomes the Commission Green Paper on a 2030 framework for climate and energy policies and expects the European Council to address these issues with realistic ***but ambitious*** responses;

Amendment

1. Welcomes the Commission Green Paper on a 2030 framework for climate and energy policies and expects the European Council to address these issues with ***ambitious, realistic, cost-effective and flexible*** responses ***that will maintain a sustainable competitive advantage for the EU with its energy knowledge and expertise and will work in both the short-term and long-term;***

Or. en

Amendment 2
Anne Delvaux, Marita Ulvskog, Britta Thomsen, Gerben-Jan Gerbrandy, Fiona Hall, Bas Eickhout, Claude Turmes, Martina Anderson

Compromise amendment covering Amendments 220 - 236 and 209, 249, DEVE 5, DEVE 14, EMPL 6, EMPL 2

Motion for a resolution
Paragraph 2

Motion for a resolution

2. ***Asks*** the Commission to ***take a multifaceted approach, the efficiency and cost effectiveness of which ought to be enhanced by coordinated and coherent policies that address in equal measure issues such as competitiveness, energy security and climate objectives (e.g. GHG emission reduction, renewable energy sources and energy efficiency);***

Amendment

2. ***Calls on the Council and the Commission to adopt and implement, for the EU 2030 climate and energy framework, a multi-faceted approach that is based on mutually reinforcing, coordinated and coherent policies and ambitious binding targets on GHG emission reduction, renewable energy sources and energy efficiency; asks the Commission and the Member States to better take advantage of the interactions***

between these three targets, since they are the most appropriate tools to ensure that the EU climate and energy objectives are achieved in a cost-effective way in the time horizon to 2030 and to provide investment certainty and boost and strengthen competitiveness and energy security in the EU;

Or. en

Amendment 3

Herbert Reul, Konrad Szymanski, Martin Callanan, Niki Tzavela, Tadeusz Cymanski

Compromise amendment covering Amendments 220 – 236 and 249, EMPL 1, DEVE 5, EMPL 6, EMPL 3, 607, 608

Motion for a resolution

Paragraph 2

Motion for a resolution

2. *Asks* the Commission to take a multifaceted approach, the efficiency and *cost-effectiveness* of which ought to be enhanced by coordinated *and coherent policies* that address in equal measure issues such as competitiveness, energy security *and* climate objectives (*e.g.* GHG emission reduction, renewable energy sources and energy efficiency);

Amendment

2. *Calls on the Council and* the Commission to take a multifaceted *and flexible* approach, the efficiency and *cost-effectiveness* of which ought to be enhanced by *policies that are* coordinated, *coherent and mutually reinforcing and* that address in equal measure issues such as competitiveness (*including EU's reindustrialisation aspirations and affordable energy prices*), energy security (*including reduced import dependence*) *as well as* climate objectives (*including policies on* GHG emission reduction, renewable energy sources and energy efficiency) *and thus would contribute to creating jobs and fighting energy poverty; calls on the Commission to propose one legally binding climate and energy objective in the form of an overarching CO2 emission reduction target; this would represent the most cost-effective way of reducing GHG emissions while encouraging new technologies, competitiveness and energy efficiency in a*

technologically neutral manner;

Or. en

Amendment 4

Richard Seeber, Pilar del Castillo, Maria Da Graça Carvalho

Compromise amendment covering Amendments 265, 313, 324, 782, 787 and 242, 244, 245, 247, EMPL 1, DEVE 5, EMPL 6

Motion for a resolution

Paragraph 2

Motion for a resolution

2. Asks the Commission to take a multifaceted approach, the efficiency and *cost-effectiveness* of which ought to be enhanced by coordinated and coherent *policies* that address in equal measure issues such as competitiveness, energy security *and* climate objectives (*e.g. GHG emission reduction*, renewable energy sources and energy efficiency);

Amendment

2. Asks the Commission *and the Council* to take a multifaceted *and flexible* approach, the efficiency and cost-effectiveness of which ought to be enhanced by policies *that are coordinated and coherent and* that address in equal measure issues such as competitiveness, energy security *as well as* climate objectives; *calls for a 2030 climate and energy framework that is based on a binding GHG reduction target with 1990 as reference year and with the EU emission trading system (ETS) as its main instrument; it should furthermore include - as a second EU binding target on equal footing - a combined energy efficiency and renewable energy target, of which the effort should be shared between Member States in a compulsory manner according to their individual potentials and under coordination of the Commission; for the latter*

target Member States shall specify by means of binding national action plans which share of the target they intend to achieve by energy efficiency improvements and which share by the deployment of renewable energy sources; the national action plans should be subject to a Commission's assessment and approval including as regards their consistency with the EU internal energy market and the EU targets; such combined-target approach will provide flexibility for Member States in the implementation of renewable energy and energy efficiency and it should ensure certainty for industry and investors in the 2030 perspective.

Or. en

Amendment 5

Anne Delvaux, Marita Ulvskog, Britta Thomsen, Gerben-Jan Gerbrandy, Fiona Hall, Bas Eickhout, Claude Turmes, Martina Anderson

Compromise amendment covering AMs 243, 248 part 2, 271, 323, 297

Motion for a resolution

Paragraph 2 a (new)

Motion for a resolution

Amendment

2a. Calls on the Commission and the Member States to set a binding 2030 EU energy efficiency target of 40% in line with research on the cost-effective potential; stresses that such a target should be implemented by individual national targets, taking into account each

Member States' individual situation and potential;

Or. en

Amendment 6

Anne Delvaux, Gerben-Jan Gerbrandy, Fiona Hall

Compromise amendment covering Amendments 277, 296, 322, 248 part 2

Motion for a resolution

Paragraph 2 a (new)

Motion for a resolution

Amendment

2a. Calls on the Commission and the Member States to set a binding 2030 EU energy efficiency target of at least 35% in line with research on the cost-effective potential; stresses that such a target should be implemented by individual national targets, taking into account each Member States' individual situation and potential;

Or. en

Amendment 7

Marita Ulvskog, Britta Thomsen, Bas Eickhout, Claude Turmes, Martina Anderson

Compromise amendment covering AMs 254, 271, 294, 297, 311

Motion for a resolution

Paragraph 2 b (new)

Motion for a resolution

Amendment

2b. Calls on the Commission and the Member States to set a binding 2030 EU target to produce 45% of total final energy consumption from renewable energy source; stresses that such a target should be implemented by individual national targets, taking into account each Member

States' individual situation and potential;

Or. en

Amendment 8

Marita Ulvskog, Britta Thomsen, Bas Eickhout

Compromise amendment covering Amendments 242, 271, 311

Motion for a resolution

Paragraph 2 b (new)

Motion for a resolution

Amendment

2b. Calls on the Commission and the Member States to set a binding 2030 EU target to produce at least 40% of total final energy consumption from renewable energy source; stresses that such a target should be implemented by individual national targets, taking into account each Member States' individual situation and potential;

Or. en

Amendment 9

Anne Delvaux, Gerben-Jan Gerbrandy, Fiona Hall

Compromise amendment covering Amendments 243, 271, 300, 320, 386

Motion for a resolution

Paragraph 2 b (new)

Motion for a resolution

Amendment

2b. Calls on the Commission and the Member States to set a binding 2030 EU target to produce at least 30% of total final energy consumption from renewable energy sources; stresses that such a target should be implemented by individual national targets, taking into account each Member States' individual situation and

potential;

Or. en

Amendment 10

Bas Eickhout, Claude Turmes, Martina Anderson

Compromise amendment covering Amendments 297 and DEVE 14, DEVE 4

Motion for a resolution

Paragraph 2 c (new)

Motion for a resolution

Amendment

2c. Calls on the Commission and the Member States to set a binding 2030 EU target to reduce domestic greenhouse gas emissions by 60% compared to 1990 levels; considers that the level of ambition must be consistent with a cost-efficient trajectory to meet the 2°C objective; stresses that such a target should be implemented by individual national targets, taking into account each Member States' individual situation and potential;

Or. en

Amendment 11

Marita Ulvskog, Britta Thomsen, Gerben-Jan Gerbrandy, Fiona Hall

Compromise amendment covering amendments 243, 256, 271, and DEVE 14, DEVE 4

Motion for a resolution

Paragraph 2 c (new)

Motion for a resolution

Amendment

2c. Calls on the Commission and the Member States to set a binding 2030 EU target to reduce domestic greenhouse gas emissions by at least 50% compared to 1990 levels; considers that the level of ambition must be consistent with a cost-

efficient trajectory to meet the 2°C objective; stresses that such a target should be implemented by individual national targets, taking into account each Member States' individual situation and potential;

Or. en

Amendment 12

Anne Delvaux, Gerben-Jan Gerbrandy, Fiona Hall

Compromise amendment covering Amendments 283 part 2, 284, 313 and DEVE 14, DEVE 4

Motion for a resolution Paragraph 2 c (new)

Motion for a resolution

Amendment

2c. Calls on the Commission and the Member States to set a binding 2030 EU target to reduce domestic greenhouse gas emissions by at least 40% compared to 1990 levels; considers that the level of ambition must be consistent with a cost-efficient trajectory to meet the 2°C objective; stresses that such a target should be implemented by individual national targets, taking into account each Member States' individual situation and potential;

Or. en

Amendment 13

Herbert Reul, Konrad Szymanski, Martin Callanan, Tadeusz Cymanski, Niki Tzavela

Compromise amendment covering Amendments 213, 279, 287, 290, 305 and DEVE 3, DEVE 1, 823

Motion for a resolution Paragraph 2 a (new)

Motion for a resolution

Amendment

2 a. Believes that any objectives for 2030 should be closely correlated with the on-going international negotiations on a new climate agreement; is of the opinion that the EU's 2030 reduction target should not be set unilaterally in isolation but rather be correlated with efforts of at least other major emitting countries in the developed and developing world committing to undertake their fair and comparable share of a global emissions reduction effort;

Or. en

Amendment 14

Herbert Reul, Martin Callanan, Konrad Szymanski, Tadeusz Cymanski, Niki Tzavela

Compromise amendment covering Amendments 257 - 276

Motion for a resolution

Paragraph 3

Motion for a resolution

Amendment

3. Calls on the European Council to keep up the progress made at EU level and ***set ambitious but*** realistic objectives for the 2030 EU policies that take account of the economic, social, environmental, international and technological contexts, and to establish a clear, stable, ***long-term and cost-effective*** framework for industries and investors;

3. Calls on the European Council to keep up the progress made at EU level and ***to consider*** realistic, ***flexible and technologically-diverse*** objectives for the 2030 EU policies that take account of the economic, social, environmental, international and technological contexts, ***are based on a bottom-up approach and maintain the competitiveness of European industry***, and to establish a clear, stable, ***and cost-effective*** framework ***which provides long-term certainty*** for industries and investors; ***the objectives need to be technically and economically feasible for each sector;***

Or. en

Amendment 15
Supported by all groups

Compromise amendment covering Amendments 325 – 348 and 321

Motion for a resolution
Paragraph 4

Motion for a resolution

4. Is of the opinion that support schemes, if ***better used, could be*** an appropriate tool to incentivise the development of renewable energy sources (RES) and energy efficiency; sees an important role for the Commission in providing guidance in this regard;

Amendment

4. Is of the opinion that support schemes, if ***well-designed, flexible and predictable, are*** an appropriate tool to incentivise the ***cost-efficient*** development ***and deployment*** of renewable energy sources (RES) and energy efficiency; ***stresses that any national support schemes for RES should gradually move towards a more integrated system of support at EU or sub-EU level taking into account technology maturity levels as well as regional and geographical differences, which could provide a framework closer to the market, investment certainty and a level-playing field;*** sees an important role for the Commission in providing guidance in this regard, ***including compliance of support schemes with internal market and state aid rules and bearing in mind the importance of the Horizon 2020 Programme for research and innovation;***

Or. en

Amendment 16 W
Marita Ulvskog, Britta Thomsen, Gerben-Jan Gerbrandy, Fiona Hall, Bas Eickhout, Claude Turmes, Martina Anderson

Compromise amendment covering Amendments 325 - 348

Motion for a resolution
Paragraph 4

Motion for a resolution

4. Is of the opinion that support schemes, if better ***used, could be an appropriate*** tool to incentivise ***the*** development of renewable energy sources (RES) and energy efficiency; sees an important role for the Commission in providing guidance in this regard;

Amendment

4. Is of the opinion that support schemes, if ***well-designed to be predictable and flexible and in compliance with the internal market, are a proper*** tool to incentivise development ***and deployment*** of renewable energy sources (RES) and energy efficiency; sees an important role for the Commission in providing guidance in this regard ***in order to improve coordination at EU level, bearing in mind as well the importance of the Horizon 2020 Programme for research and innovation; believes that, in order to be cost-effective, support schemes for RES technologies should be tailor made to national and geographic circumstances and to the different maturity of markets, and technologies;***

Or. en

Amendment 17
Supported by all groups

Compromise amendment covering Amendments 355 – 373 and 381, 389

Motion for a resolution
Paragraph 5

Motion for a resolution

5. Notes that some RES ***should now be considered mature*** energy sources and their ***subsidies*** should therefore be phased out ***on time*** order to be able to reallocate ***these*** to research and development (R&D) programmes ***and RES that are not yet cost-effective***; asks the Commission to study the impact of ***RES*** priority dispatch on general energy costs;

Amendment

5. ***Recognises that subsidies for all energy sources, including fossil fuels and nuclear energy, may have a significant repercussion on energy prices;*** Notes that some RES, ***such as onshore wind and solar photovoltaics, are close to being cost-competitive with conventional*** energy sources, and their ***support schemes*** should therefore be ***adapted and subsidies be*** phased out ***over time in*** order to be able to reallocate ***them*** to research and development ***programmes on energy***

technologies such as next-generation RES and storage technologies; Stresses however that this should be announced well in advance to avoid any harmful effects on the sector and requires reformed energy market design, streamlined administrative and grid connection procedures and better transparency in energy markets; deplors the retroactive changes made by some Member States to support schemes which have damaged investor confidence and investment levels in RES; asks the Commission to study how energy-only markets can be redesigned in such a way as to guarantee return on investments for variable renewables which have the effect of bringing wholesale prices down while impacting on investment returns; stresses that a clear RES policy, combined with R&D programmes, is necessary to drive costs down for all renewable technologies and to enhance innovation, development and deployment of newer and less mature technologies; asks the Commission to study the overall impact of priority dispatch, including on general energy costs;

Or. en

Amendment 18 W

Marita Ulvskog, Britta Thomsen, Gerben-Jan Gerbrandy, Fiona Hall, Bas Eickhout, Claude Turmes, Martina Anderson

Compromise amendment covering Amendments 355 – 373 and 381, 389

Motion for a resolution

Paragraph 5

Motion for a resolution

5. Notes that some RES *should now be considered mature* energy sources *and their subsidies should therefore be phased out on time order to be able to reallocate*

Amendment

5. Notes that some RES, *such as onshore wind and solar photovoltaics, are close to being cost-competitive with conventional* energy sources, *considers that the*

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these to research and development (R&D) programmes and RES that are not yet cost-effective; asks the Commission to study the impact of RES priority dispatch on general energy costs;

phasing-out over time of support mechanisms to mature RES should be announced well in advance to avoid any harmful effect on the sector and requires reformed energy market design, streamlined national administrative and grid connection procedures, stable policies and better transparency in energy markets; deplores the retroactive changes made by some Member States to support schemes which have damaged investor confidence and investment levels in RES; asks the Commission to study how energy only markets can be redesigned in such a way as to guarantee return on investments for variable renewables which have the beneficial effect of bringing wholesale prices down but thereby impacting negatively on investment returns; stresses that ambitious long-term RES targets, as well as R&D programmes, are necessary to drive costs down for all renewable technologies and to enhance innovation, development and, crucially, deployment of newer and less mature technologies; urges the Commission and the Member States to consider all relevant aspects of the integration of renewables into the electricity markets;

Or. en

Amendment 19

Gerben-Jan Gerbrandy, Fiona Hall, Bas Eickhout, Claude Turmes

Compromise amendment covering Amendments 314, 361, 367, 352 and 559, 563

Motion for a resolution Paragraph 5 a (new)

Motion for a resolution

Amendment

5a. Highlights the need for the EU to reduce its dependency on imported fossil fuels; notes that structural markets distortions such as fossil fuels and

nuclear subsidies still prevail in EU Member States; calls upon Member States and the EU to phase-out direct and indirect subsidies for fossil fuels and nuclear energy as soon as possible;

Or. en

Amendment 20
Herbert Reul, Niki Tzavela

Compromise amendment covering Amendments 361, 367, 352 and 559, 563

Motion for a resolution
Paragraph 5 a (new)

Motion for a resolution

Amendment

5a. Recognises that subsidies for all energy sources, including fossil fuels and nuclear energy, may have a significant repercussion on energy prices; highlights at the same time the need for the EU to reduce its dependency on imported fossil fuels; notes that a number of subsidies granted for fossil fuels, nuclear energy and some mature RES technologies are creating structural market distortions in a number of EU Member States; calls upon Member States to phase-out such subsidies and in particular environmentally harmful direct and indirect subsidies for fossil fuels as soon as possible;

Or. en

Amendment 21
Supported by all groups (except EFDenvi)

Compromise amendment covering Amendments 402-422, 425 and 322, 379, 427, 429, 430, 432, 453, EMPL 10

Motion for a resolution
Paragraph 6

Motion for a resolution

6. Stresses that increased energy efficiency and energy *savings will play an essential role* in the *decarbonisation of* the energy sector;

Amendment

6. *Recalls that the cheapest energy is the energy that is never used; stresses in this regard that increased energy efficiency should be seen as one of the cornerstones of the EU's climate and energy policy ; Is convinced that energy efficiency helps to conserve resources, reduce energy bills, energy dependency on imported fuels and trade deficit, health impacts, and improve international competitiveness of the EU economy in the long run, as well as facilitating reducing the EU's greenhouse gas emissions; points out that research suggests that achieving the EU's cost-effective energy savings potential of 40% would realise GHG emission reductions of at least 50% by 2030 and increase the share of renewables in the energy mix to 35%; calls on the Member States to promptly and fully implement the Energy Efficiency Directive and the Directive on Energy Performance of Buildings; stresses that the potential of each economic sector and economic situation need to be taken into account in designing new policies on energy efficiency and that the move towards an improved energy efficiency should focus on the whole energy supply and demand chain, including transformation, transmission, distribution and supply, alongside industrial, building and household consumption, and transport; recognises the benefits of awareness-raising campaigns on energy efficiency;*

Making Amendments 404, 417, 419, 420, 433, 606 fall

433 2nd part to be voted separately)

Or. en

Amendment 22 W

Marita Ulvskog, Britta Thomsen, Gerben-Jan Gerbrandy, Fiona Hall, Bas Eickhout, Claude Turmes, Martina Anderson

Compromise amendment covering Amendments 402-422, 425 and 427, EMPL10

Motion for a resolution

Paragraph 6

Motion for a resolution

6. Stresses that increased energy efficiency and energy savings will play an essential role in *the decarbonisation* of the *energy sector*;

Amendment

6. Stresses that increased energy efficiency and energy savings will play an essential role in *decreasing emissions* of the *entire Union economy* and *should therefore be seen as one of the cornerstone of the EU's climate and energy policy*; *recalls that the efficient use of energy is key to Europe's competitiveness*; *underlines that energy efficiency and savings are the most cost-effective way to reduce significantly Europe's reliance on imported fuels, improve trade deficit, lower energy costs, reduce health impacts and create jobs, while making it easier and less costly to achieve greater GHG emission reductions in all sectors of the economy*; *believes that the move towards a better energy efficiency policy should focus on the whole energy supply and demand chain, including transformation, transmission, distribution and supply, alongside industrial, buildings and household consumption and transport while taking into account the potential of each economic sector and based on a bottom up approach*; *calls on the Commission to set an ambitious and binding EU-wide energy efficiency target for 2030*;

Or. en

Amendment 23

Supported by all groups

Compromise amendment covering Amendments 436-448, 423, 428 and 604, 605, 606, 607,

609, 610, 611, 612

Motion for a resolution
Paragraph 7

Motion for a resolution

7. Asks the Commission to **develop** better methods and tools for calculating and monitoring progress **which** could help to **draw up** a more consistent EU approach to energy efficiency; believes that more should be done to help EU industries to further **reduce** their energy intensity;

Amendment

7. Asks the Commission to **work on developing** better methods and tools for calculating and monitoring progress **that** could help to **design** a more consistent **and transparent** EU approach to energy efficiency **and work with Member States to overcome political obstacles; notes that energy intensity in relation to economic output has been improving for decades, mainly for economic reasons**; believes that more should be done to help EU industries to further **improve** their energy intensity **and their competitiveness (in particular via self-generation of heat and power) which will help to reduce the risk of carbon leakage; asks the Commission to evaluate and assess the progress and evolution of energy efficiency in the EU in comparison to the EU's main global competitors, to improve energy projections in light of the specific non-economic drivers for energy efficiency improvements and benefits of energy savings and to elaborate on favourable conditions for energy efficiency investments in the context of the revision of state aid guidelines; Asks the Commission to continue to assess, in a timely manner, the evolution of energy savings in the EU in relation to the implementation of the Energy Efficiency Directive 2012/27/EU and its upcoming review**;

Making amendment 442 falls

444, 608 voted additionally

Or. en

Amendment 24 W

Marita Ulvskog, Britta Thomsen, Gerben-Jan Gerbrandy, Fiona Hall, Bas Eickhout, Claude Turmes, Martina Anderson

Compromise amendment covering Amendments 436 - 448

Motion for a resolution

Paragraph 7

Motion for a resolution

7. Asks the Commission to **develop** better methods and tools for calculating and monitoring progress **which** could help to **draw up** a more consistent EU approach to energy efficiency; believes that more should be done to help EU industries to further reduce their energy **intensity**;

Amendment

7. Asks the Commission to **work on developing** better methods and tools for calculating and monitoring progress **that** could help to **design** a more consistent **and transparent** EU approach **on** energy efficiency; **asks the Commission to improve energy projections in light of the specific non-economic drivers for energy efficiency improvements and benefits of energy savings**; believes that more should be done to help EU industries to further reduce their energy **use, through self-generation of heat and power in particular, whereby also improving their overall competitiveness**;

Or. en

Amendment 25

Supported by all groups (except ECR, EFDenvi)

Compromise amendment covering Amendments 454-474 and 475, 477, 479, 480, 486, DEVE 13

Motion for a resolution

Paragraph 8

Motion for a resolution

8. Notes that **as one of the cornerstones of the EU's climate and energy package, the EU Emissions Trading Scheme (ETS) should be able to best fulfil its main function, the reduction of GHG emissions, and respond efficiently to economic downturns and upturns; recalls that the**

Amendment

8. Notes that the EU Emissions Trading System (ETS) **is currently the main instrument for reducing GHG emissions from industry and the energy sector while at the same time promoting investments in sustainable technologies in a cost-effective and economically efficient way**;

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main objective of the EU ETS is to reduce GHG emissions and not to provide investors with sufficient incentives to invest in low-carbon technologies, as these should be seen merely as a secondary objective and not as a basis for evaluating if the scheme works as intended;

notes therefore that structural improvement of the ETS is necessary in order to increase the system's ability to respond efficiently and automatically to economic fluctuations eliminating the need for ad hoc market interventions and restore investors' certainty through a predictable and reliable system in the long-term; calls for an urgent structural reform of the ETS, to be proposed in 2014, to deal with the current oversupply of allowances and the mechanism's inflexibility; When revising the ETS, it should be ensured that the system remains fully market-based;

+ Compromise amendment 25 a (to be voted as addition) covering Amendments 481, 483, 488, signed by Marita Ulvskog, Britta Thomsen, Bas Eickhout, Claude Turmes:

Emphasises that the current oversupply of ETS allowances needs to be removed from the system without delay;

Or. en

Amendment 25 a

Supported by Marita Ulvskog, Britta Thomsen, Gerben-Jan Gerbrandy, Fiona Hall, Bas Eickhout, Claude Turmes, Martina Anderson

Compromise amendment covering Amendments 481, 483, 488

Motion for a resolution Paragraph 8 a

Motion for a resolution

Amendment

“Emphasises that the current oversupply of ETS allowances needs to be removed from the system without delay;”

Or. en

Amendment 26 W

Marita Ulvskog, Britta Thomsen, Gerben-Jan Gerbrandy, Fiona Hall, Bas Eickhout, Claude Turmes, Martina Anderson

Compromise amendment covering Amendments 454 – 474 and DEVE 13

Motion for a resolution

Paragraph 8

Motion for a resolution

8. Notes that *as one of the cornerstones of the EU's climate and energy package*, the EU Emissions Trading Scheme (ETS) *should be able to best fulfil its main function, the reduction of GHG emissions, and respond efficiently to economic downturns and upturns; recalls that the main objective of the EU ETS is to reduce GHG emissions and not to provide investors with sufficient incentives to invest in low-carbon technologies, as these should be seen merely as a secondary objective and not as a basis for evaluating if the scheme works as intended;*

Amendment

8. Notes that the EU Emissions Trading Scheme (ETS) *is currently the main instrument for reducing GHG emissions from industry and the energy sector and for promoting investments in low-carbon technologies in a cost-effective and economically efficient way; notes therefore that structural improvement of the ETS is necessary in order to increase the scheme's ability to respond efficiently to economic change and restore investors' certainty through a predictable and reliable system in the long-term; calls for an urgent structural reform of the ETS, to be completed in 2014, to deal with the current oversupply of allowances and the mechanism's inflexibility;*

Or. en

Amendment 27

Anne Delvaux, Herbert Reul, Konrad Szymanski, Martin Callanan, Niki Tzavela

Compromise amendment covering Amendments 454 – 474 and DEVE 13

Motion for a resolution

Paragraph 8

Motion for a resolution

8. Notes that as one of the cornerstones of the *EU's* climate and energy package, the EU Emissions Trading Scheme (ETS) should be *able to best fulfil its main function*, the reduction of GHG emissions, *and respond efficiently to economic*

Amendment

8. Notes that as one of the cornerstones of the *EU's* climate and energy package, the EU Emissions Trading Scheme (ETS) should be *the main instrument to drive* the reduction of GHG emissions *in the participating sectors in a cost-efficient*

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downturns and upturns; recalls that the main objective of the EU ETS is to reduce GHG emissions and *not to* provide investors with sufficient incentives to invest in low-carbon technologies, *as these* should be *seen merely as a secondary objective and not as a basis for evaluating if the scheme works as intended*;

way; recalls that the main objective of the EU ETS is to reduce GHG emissions and *it will ideally* provide investors with sufficient incentives to invest in low-carbon technologies *in the EU at the same time*; *Points out, however, that the current oversupply of allowances and the low-carbon price have contributed to an increased use of coal*; *When revising the ETS, it should be ensured that the scheme remains a fully market-based-system which is able to adapt to economic fluctuations, in order to avoid future market interventions*; *asks the Commission to propose a mandatory earmarking of auctioning revenues for innovative sustainable technologies and to maintain the provisions regarding sectors and sub-sectors exposed to a significant risk of carbon leakage, at least until an international agreement on combatting climate change is in place*;

Or. en

Amendment 28

Marita Ulvskog, Britta Thomsen, Gerben-Jan Gerbrandy, Fiona Hall, Bas Eickhout, Claude Turmes, Martina Anderson

Compromise amendment covering Amendments 466, 470, 480, 481, 485, 486, 488,

Motion for a resolution

Paragraph 8 a (new)

Motion for a resolution

Amendment

Paragraph 8a (new)

Points out that the significant surplus of allowances within the EU ETS, amounting to almost two billion allowances at the start of 2013, is leading to a much lower carbon price than originally expected and is not providing the needed price signal to induce GHG-emissions savings and investments in

sustainable technologies; underlines that this may lead to economic inefficiencies like locking-in carbon-intensive capital stocks and increased use of coal in the EU; calls for the structural reform of the ETS to include a proposal to modify the 1.74 % annual linear reduction requirement so as to meet the requirements of the 2050 CO2 reduction objective and the 2030 target; also notes the negative effects of the inflow of international offsets and acknowledges the fact that, under the current rules, the use of offsets will not be eligible beyond 2020;

Or. en

Amendment 29

Anne Delvaux, Marita Ulvskog, Britta Thomsen, Gerben-Jan Gerbrandy, Fiona Hall, Bas Eickhout, Claude Turmes, Martina Anderson

Compromise amendment covering Amendments 466, 470, 480, 481, 485, 486, 488

Motion for a resolution

Paragraph 8 b (new)

Motion for a resolution

Amendment

8b. Emphasises that climate policy should sufficiently protect industries vulnerable to carbon leakage; Underlines the necessity of a revision of the carbon leakage provisions based on the up-to-date carbon price projections to ensure a global level playing field for all electricity intensive industries;

Or. en

Amendment 30

Supported by all groups

Compromise amendment covering Amendments 433 part 1, 489-497 and DEVE 8

Motion for a resolution
Paragraph 9

Motion for a resolution

9. Notes that the EU needs a comprehensive policy framework for 2030 that encourages investment in and the long-term decarbonisation of non-ETS sectors; therefore calls on the Commission and the Member States to **review the non-ETS targets** while preserving the flexibility for Member States to define their own ways of meeting their effort sharing targets;

Amendment

9. Notes that the EU needs a comprehensive policy framework for 2030 that encourages investment in and the long-term **[MFI]** decarbonisation of non-ETS sectors **which are responsible for 60% of EU GHG emissions ; underlines the significant unused potential of energy efficiency in specific sectors such as buildings and transport (where energy efficiency potentials are estimated at 61% and 41% respectively); stresses that the non-ETS sectors can significantly ease the EU carbon reduction effort;** therefore calls on the Commission and the Member States to **continue with an ambitious non-ETS sectors framework to 2030** while preserving the flexibility for Member States to define their own ways of meeting their effort sharing targets; **acknowledges that targets for the non-ETS sectors should be based on a bottom-up assessment of each sector's potential;**
509 voted separately

Or. en

Amendment 31 W

Marita Ulvskog, Britta Thomsen, Gerben-Jan Gerbrandy, Fiona Hall, Bas Eickhout, Claude Turmes, Martina Anderson

Compromise amendment covering Amendments 433 part 1, 489-497 , 509 and DEVE 8

Motion for a resolution
Paragraph 9

Motion for a resolution

9. Notes that the EU needs a comprehensive policy framework for 2030 that encourages investment in and the long

Amendment

9. Notes that the EU needs a comprehensive policy framework for 2030 that encourages investment in and the long-

term decarbonisation of non ETS sectors; therefore calls on the Commission and the Member States to *review the non ETS targets* while preserving the flexibility for Member States to define their own ways of meeting their effort sharing targets;

term decarbonisation of non-ETS sectors *which are responsible for 60% of EU GHG emissions; underlines the significant unused potential of energy efficiency in specific sectors such as buildings and transport; stresses that the non-ETS sectors can ease the decarbonisation effort needed elsewhere in the EU economy while at the same time allowing the setting of a more ambitious GHG target at no extra cost*; therefore calls on the Commission and the Member States to *strengthen and continue with the Effort Sharing Decision to 2030 by proposing an ambitious target for the non-ETS sectors* while preserving the flexibility for Member States to define their own ways of meeting their effort sharing targets; *acknowledges that targets for the non-ETS sectors should be based on a bottom-up assessment of each sector's potential*;

Or. en

Amendment 32 W

Marita Ulvskog, Britta Thomsen, Gerben-Jan Gerbrandy, Fiona Hall, Bas Eickhout, Claude Turmes, Martina Anderson

Compromise amendment covering Amendments 510 - 516

Motion for a resolution Paragraph 10

Motion for a resolution

10. Sees an important role for cogeneration in increasing energy efficiency *in the future*;

Amendment

10. Sees an important role for cogeneration *and efficient district heating and cooling* in increasing energy efficiency *and optimising the use of energy networks*;

Or. en

Amendment 33 Supported by all groups

[PE526.059v01-00PE526.059v01-00PE526.059v01-00](#)

26/63

[AM101322](#)

Compromise amendment covering Amendments 510-516, 523, 449, 450, 519, 594, 875 part 1

Motion for a resolution
Paragraph 10

Motion for a resolution

10. Sees an important role for cogeneration in increasing energy efficiency in the future;

Amendment

10. Sees an important role for cogeneration ***and efficient district heating and cooling*** in increasing energy efficiency, ***optimising the use of renewable energy resources generating heat or electricity, and improving local air quality at present and in the future; Calls on the EU to consider the full integration of the heating and cooling sector in the pathways towards a sustainable energy system; notes that this sector represents today ca. 45% of the final energy consumption in Europe; therefore, calls on the Commission to gather the required data reflecting the sources and the uses of heating and cooling, as well as the distribution of heat to the different groups of final consumers (e.g. residential, industry, tertiary); calls furthermore on the Commission and the Member States to support the readily available efficient heating and cooling solutions;***

735 voted additionally

Or. en

Amendment 34
Supported by all groups

Compromise amendment covering Amendments 288, 310, 534 and 535

Motion for a resolution
Paragraph - 11 a (new)

Motion for a resolution

Amendment

- 11 a. Reiterates that the 2030 energy and climate framework has to deliver on its objectives in the most cost-effective manner; believes that this could be achieved by having clear investment signals and avoiding overcompensation, excessive complexity and regulatory burden for industry; the framework should therefore allow Member States flexibility and freedom within its limits and provide stability and clarity for investment decisions; calls on the Member States to fully comply with the European framework;

Or. en

Amendment 35

Supported by all groups

Compromise amendment covering Amendments 525, 526, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 536

Motion for a resolution

Paragraph 11

Motion for a resolution

Amendment

11. Asks Member States for better cooperation and interaction at EU level in order to make national measures more consistent;

11. Stresses the importance of enhanced coordination to address the many challenges in the climate and energy field and to create a transparent EU energy market and exchange of best practice on energy matters at EU level in order to make national measures more ***efficient and consistent***; ***believes that the 2030 climate and energy framework should include some provisions requiring Member States to discuss with their neighbouring countries in case they plan significant changes in their energy supply;***

Or. en

Amendment 36
Supported by all groups (except EFDenvi)

Compromise amendment covering Amendments 537 - 541

Motion for a resolution
Paragraph 12

Motion for a resolution

12. Recalls that a clear, coherent and consistent policy and regulatory framework is key to *helping* stimulate the necessary investments in the ‘no regrets’ *technologies defined* in the Energy Roadmap 2050 in a cost-effective and sustainable way;

Amendment

12. Recalls that a clear, coherent and consistent policy and regulatory framework, *based on a holistic approach*, is key to *bolster the economy, generate growth, reach stable and affordable energy prices and help* stimulate the necessary investments in the ‘no regrets’ *options (renewables, energy efficiency and smart infrastructure), specified* in the Energy Roadmap 2050 in a cost-effective and sustainable way; *Notes that inconsistency between our 2020-targets has contributed to the current low carbon price;*

Or. en

Amendment 37
Supported by all groups

Compromise amendment covering Amendments AM 550-552, 554-558 and EMPL 6

Motion for a resolution
Paragraph 13

Motion for a resolution

13. Asks the Commission to examine the interactions between climate and energy objectives in order to achieve the most efficient policies at EU level, taking into consideration not only national GDP but also each Member State’s capacity;

Amendment

13. Asks the Commission to examine the interactions between climate and energy objectives in order to achieve the most efficient policies at EU level *to avoid problems encountered when targets and measures have not been set coherently*, taking into consideration not only national

GDPs but also each Member State's capacity *and potential for cost-efficient emissions reductions; recalls that energy efficiency improvements in non-ETS sectors, such as buildings and transport, will result in significant GHG savings and can lower decarbonisation efforts undertaken in other sectors;*
AM 553 to be voted separately, other AMs to paragraph 13 fall

Or. en

Amendment 38
All group compromise

Compromise amendment covering Amendments 564-574, 861

Motion for a resolution
Paragraph 14

Motion for a resolution

14. Believes that Member States and regions should be encouraged to improve cooperation in order to optimise *the* efficiency of renewables expansion; in this context, the Commission has an important role to play as a facilitator in coordinating, financially supporting and preparing appropriate analyses of renewable energy resources and potential for *the* Member States;

Amendment

14. Believes that Member States and regions should be encouraged to improve cooperation in order to optimise *research, development, innovation efforts and* efficiency of renewables expansion, *including offshore wind energy; regrets that, to date, the cooperation mechanisms introduced by Directive 2009/28/EC on the promotion of the use of energy from renewable sources have hardly been utilised and calls for an increase in the use of these mechanisms; takes note of the Commission's findings indicating that better use of the existing scope for cooperation could bring considerable benefits, such as boosting trade; highlights that regional integration has a huge role to play in deploying RES cost-effectively;* in this context, the Commission has an important role to play in coordinating, financially supporting and preparing appropriate analyses of renewable energy resources and potential

for *each* Member State and as a driver for gradual convergence of national RES policies;

Or. en

Amendment 39
Supported by all groups

Compromise amendment covering Amendments 578-581, 583-589, 591, 592

Motion for a resolution
Paragraph 15

Motion for a resolution

15. Calls on the Commission to submit an analysis of how renewable energy sources can be developed sustainably, taking into account environmental impact, aspects related to dependency on raw materials *and life cycle and, above all, how to support stable sources of renewable energy such as hydropower, biomass or geothermal power;*

Amendment

15. Calls on the Commission to submit an analysis of how *different energy sources, including* renewable energy sources can be developed *more* sustainably *and more cost-effectively* , taking into account environmental impact, *total system costs* , aspects related to dependency on raw materials (*particularly rare earths, which are scarce in Europe*), *resource efficiency and life cycle;*

Or. en

Amendment 40 W
Gerben-Jan Gerbrandy, Fiona Hall, Bas Eickhout, Claude Turmes

Compromise amendment covering Amendments 582, 590, 593, 602 and DEVE 7

Motion for a resolution
Paragraph 15 a (new)

Motion for a resolution

15a. Calls on the Commission to submit an analysis of how stable sources of renewable energy such as hydropower, in particular pump storage facilities, sustainable biomass or geothermal power can complement variable renewable

Amendment

sources; asks the Commission to propose sustainability criteria for solid and gaseous biomass taking into account the lifecycle GHG emissions in order to limit the inefficient use of biomass resources;

Or. en

Amendment 41

Supported by all groups (except EFDenvi)

Compromise amendment covering Amendments 582, 590, 593, 602 and DEVE 7

Motion for a resolution

Paragraph 15 a (new)

Motion for a resolution

Amendment

15 a. Calls on the Commission to submit an analysis of how stable sources of renewable energy such as hydropower, in particular pump storage facilities, sustainable biomass or geothermal power can, together with fossil fuel sources, complement variable renewable sources; Asks the Commission to propose sustainability criteria for solid and gaseous biomass taking into account the lifecycle GHG emissions in order to limit the inefficient use of biomass resources;

Or. en

Amendment 42

Supported by all groups

Compromise amendment covering Amendments 595 - 598

Motion for a resolution

Paragraph 16

Motion for a resolution

Amendment

16. *Urges* the Commission and the Member States to integrate *the* resource

16. *Highlights the important role of resource efficiency in achieving the EU's*

efficiency *agenda as comprehensively as possible into all other policies*;

climate and energy objectives; urges the Commission and the Member States to integrate resource efficiency objectives effectively in other key policy areas, to exchange best practices and to phase-out subsidies that lead to an inefficient use of resources;

Or. en

Amendment 43
Supported by all groups

Compromise amendment covering Amendments 603, 615, 758

Motion for a resolution
Paragraph 17 a (new)

Motion for a resolution

Amendment

17 a. Underlines the importance of local and regional climate and energy initiatives, as they can significantly contribute to national mitigation efforts and the further development of decentralised energy generation; Recommends the Commission to support such initiatives, especially via targeted development of existing financing programs in the climate and energy field; Encourages the Commission and Member States to remove any obstacles that hamper local and regional authorities delivering on the EU climate and energy objectives;

Or. en

Amendment 44
Supported by all groups (except Greens)

Compromise amendment covering Amendments 621 - 635

Motion for a resolution
Paragraph 19

Motion for a resolution

19. Underlines the importance of **an energy strategy focused on boosting energy security and economic and industrial competitiveness in the EU, job creation, social aspects and environmental sustainability by means of** measures such as the diversification of supply routes, suppliers and sources **and by increasing the deployment of RES;**

Amendment

19. **Emphasises that security of energy supply is a prerequisite for European citizens and businesses;** underlines the importance of **the 2030 climate and energy framework addressing the needs for increasing energy security, environmental sustainability, economic and industrial competitiveness in the EU as well as affordable energy prices for all Europeans, increased resilience to global energy shocks, job creation and social aspects through** measures such as the diversification of **energy** supply routes, suppliers and sources;

631 and 632 fall

Or. en

Amendment 45
Supported by all groups (except Greens)

Compromise amendment covering Amendments 641- 649, 651, 653, 654 and DEVE 17

Motion for a resolution

Paragraph 20

Motion for a resolution

20. Stresses that, when bringing about security of supply, Member States **must be able to** take advantage of all **of** their **indigenous** energy resources **in accordance with policies that ensure the safe and** sustainable exploration, extraction **and use of these resources;**

Amendment

20. Stresses that, when bringing about security of supply, Member States **can choose their national energy mix and can** take advantage of all their **own** energy resources, **provided they respect the long-term Union energy and climate objectives and ensure safe, environmentally sustainable and socially acceptable practices, including on** exploration **and** extraction **activities and also taking into account possible harmful cross-border effects;**

(AMs 641, 643, 644, 645, 649 to fall)

Amendment 46
Supported by all groups (except Greens, GUEenvi)

Compromise amendment covering Amendments 543, 656, 724, 759, 777, 799, 842, 911

Motion for a resolution
Paragraph 20 a (new)

Motion for a resolution

Amendment

20a. Recalls that gas will play an important role in the transformation of the EU energy system and in this respect recognises the potential of natural gas to provide flexibility into the energy supply system in the short to medium term; believes that a coherent policy and regulatory framework should not disincentive switching from high-carbon power generation to natural gas; calls on the Commission and the Member States, with regard to the internal gas market, to review all gas contracts based on the obsolete pricing mechanisms, namely the crude oil index and urges the Commission to assist in exploring the possibilities of renegotiating these contracts as well as of strengthening short-term gas trading capacities; underlines recent developments in the global energy market and recalls the important contribution that LNG can have to the EU's energy supply by impacting the EU internal energy market and the geopolitics of energy in Europe's neighbourhood and relations with traditional supplier countries;

(AM 833 to be voted as addition;

AM 636, 650, 652, 668 to be voted separately)

Amendment 47

Anne Delvaux, Herbert Reul, Marita Ulvskog, Britta Thomsen, Gerben-Jan Gerbrandy, Fiona Hall, Miloslav Ransdorf, Niki Tzavela

Compromise amendment covering Amendments 299, 426, 520, 741, 820

Motion for a resolution

Paragraph 20 e (new)

Motion for a resolution

Amendment

20 e new

Is of the opinion that CCS could play an important role in GHG emissions reduction (as acknowledged in the European Commission's 2050 Low Carbon Roadmap and Energy Roadmap 2050) at least for a transitional period, especially for energy intensive industries; notes, however, the lack of public and private investment in this area; calls on the Commission to analyse the best way forward for the development of CCS technologies in Europe and to propose appropriate measures within the 2030 framework in order to mobilise stakeholders and the necessary funding; stresses the fact that both renewables and CCS have roles to play in the future EU energy mix and should not be regarded as being in competition with one another; furthermore, asks the Commission to intensify exchanges of best practices and information with the US and Canada on CCS technology;

Or. en

Amendment 48

Supported by all groups

Compromise amendment covering Amendments 659, 660-667 and 532 part 2

Motion for a resolution

Paragraph 21

[PE526.059v01-00PE526.059v01-00PE526.059v01-00](#)

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[AM\101322](#)

Motion for a resolution

21. Stresses that as the EU pursues its goal of energy security, ***emphasis needs to be shifted towards*** a model of ***energy interdependence between*** Member States by ensuring the swift completion of the EU internal energy market; believes furthermore that completing the EU ***supergrid*** infrastructure linking the north, south, east and west will enable the EU to make the best use of the comparative advantages of each Member State, and calls for further support for ***decentralised and micro-scale*** energy production and smart energy infrastructures in all Member States; stresses, therefore, the need for strong coordination between Member States' policies and for joint action, solidarity and transparency ***in view of the fact that*** national energy policy decisions can affect other Member States; suggests that it would be desirable to determine whether and how the expertise and facilities of the Agency for the Cooperation of Energy Regulators (ACER) ***could*** be put to use in carrying out the above tasks;

Amendment

21. Stresses that as the EU pursues its goal of energy security, ***one of the priorities is to develop*** a model of ***cooperation between the*** Member States by ensuring the swift completion of the EU internal energy market ***including in particular the construction of interconnectors and elimination of cross-border barriers***; believes furthermore that completing ***and modernizing*** the EU infrastructure linking the north, south, east and west will enable the EU to make the best use of the comparative advantages of each Member State and calls for further ***efficient and sustainable*** support for ***decentralized, micro-scale and community owned*** energy production and smart energy infrastructures ***at distribution level, as well as storage and demand response programmes to allow for a local balancing of supply and demand*** in all Member States; stresses ***the need for further development of macro-regional power markets in the EU such as Nord Pool or Central West markets[mraquet1]***; ***stresses***, therefore, the need for strong coordination between Member States' policies and for joint action, solidarity and transparency ***as*** national energy policy decisions can affect other Member States; suggests that it would be desirable to determine whether and how the expertise and facilities of the Agency for the Cooperation of Energy Regulators (ACER) ***might*** be put to use in carrying out the above tasks ***and how better cooperation between transmission system operators could be ensured***;

Or. en

Amendment 49
Supported by all groups

Compromise amendment covering Amendments 663

Motion for a resolution
Paragraph 21 a (new)

Motion for a resolution

Amendment

21 a. Highlights the big offshore wind potential of the North Sea; emphasises the importance of the North Sea offshore grid to enable a cost-effective deployment of renewables in the North Sea; acknowledges in this regard the importance of the North Sea Countries' Offshore Grid initiative and calls on the Member States concerned and the Commission to give it more prominence and support;

Or. en

Amendment 50
Supported by all groups

Compromise amendment covering Amendments AM 675-684, 478, 561, 669

Motion for a resolution
Paragraph 22

Motion for a resolution

Amendment

22. Believes that the lack of full implementation of internal energy market legislation ***remains one of the main*** obstacles to completion of the single market; highlights the importance of eliminating remaining infrastructure bottlenecks and instances of market failure ***and of*** ensuring that no new barriers to electricity and gas market integration are created;

22. Agrees with the Commission that the European level can help reduce state interventions at all levels thus reducing the risk of market fragmentation; calls on the Commission therefore to continue the unbundling process and creating an optimal power system; calls on the Member States to timely and fully implement the third legislative package on the internal energy market legislation ***to remove all remaining*** obstacles to

completion of the single market; highlights the importance of eliminating remaining infrastructure bottlenecks and instances of market failure, *distortion or abuse of dominant position, tackling lack of transparency and* ensuring that no new barriers to electricity and gas market integration, *such as badly designed capacity markets that discriminate against certain types of balancing resources*, are created; *calls on the Commission to take market design into account in its 2030 proposals in order to improve electricity trading and develop transparent balancing and grid support services markets; stresses that gradual phasing out of regulated prices, that are below the cost incurred, to the final consumer throughout the EU shall take into account the legitimate interests of vulnerable consumers, who are not always able to benefit from real competition in the energy markets;*

AMs 675, 680 to fall

Or. en

Amendment 51 **Supported by all groups**

Compromise amendment covering Amendments 688-697 and EMPL 15

Motion for a resolution **Paragraph 23**

Motion for a resolution

23. Stresses that *energy end consumers* – individuals, SMEs and industry alike – are at the very core of the internal energy market and that they should benefit from *lower* energy prices, be *duly protected, and accurately informed by ensuring* easy access to information; *for this purpose, calls on the Commission and Members States to achieve, as a matter of urgency,*

Amendment

23. Stresses that *end energy-consumers* – individuals, SMEs and industry alike – are at the very core of the internal energy market and that they should benefit from *the lowest possible and transparent* energy costs and prices, be *accurately informed and advised by an* easy access to information *in order to promote responsible consumption of energy and*

the completion of the internal market, security of supply and the interconnection of networks as requested in Article 194 TFEU;

that their exposure to rising and increasingly volatile energy should be addressed; notes the importance of facilitating creation and management of citizens initiatives including through cooperatives;

Or. en

Amendment 52
Supported by all groups

Compromise amendment replacing Amendments 689, 697, 698, 700, 701, 702, 699, 862

Motion for a resolution
Paragraph 23 a (new)

Motion for a resolution

Amendment

23a. Calls on the Commission and Member States to pay particular attention to energy affordability and fuel/energy poverty; believes that a coherent policy framework, including adequate social policy measures, is needed to tackle it and invites the European Commission to promote exchange of best practice in this area, and work with the Member States to develop indicators and benchmarks to identify and compare the current and potential state of energy poverty; recognises that energy poverty is structurally tackled by energy efficiency measures; Notes that energy is an essential service covered by Protocol No 26 on Services of General Interest, appended to the Lisbon Treaties; highlights that recovery of the costs of energy policy should be carried out in the fairest manner possible, with a special emphasis on low-income, vulnerable households who are most affected by high energy prices; recalls that consumer engagement should be promoted; stresses that the upgrade of the markets and infrastructure should meet the needs of citizens and that there needs to be

transparency and accountability for the investments made;

secretariat note: 693 is not covered

Or. en

Amendment 53
Supported by all groups

Compromise amendment covering Amendments 703-722 , 685

Motion for a resolution
Paragraph 24

Motion for a resolution

24. Notes that in order to ensure security of supply there must be enough *capacity* to meet *demand in peak periods and* in periods of (political or technological) difficulties and that *excess capacity or* backup *must therefore be ensured and maintained*; points out the need for storage and more grid flexibility *as a response to the intermittence of some* sources of RES;

Amendment

24. Notes that in order to ensure security of *energy* supply there must be enough *flexible and reliable resources* to meet *capacity in periods of peak demand as well as* in periods of political, *economic* or technological difficulties, and that *such* capacity *can be provided by flexible* backup, *demand side management , cross-border trading and interconnection and a more efficient use of existing excess-capacity*; points out the need for *energy* storage and more grid flexibility *and dynamics because of the rising supply of variable* sources of RES; *calls on the Commission to prepare guidance on the use and deployment of all flexible resources*;

AMs 637, 703, 705, 708, 711, 712, 722 to fall

Or. en

Amendment 54
Supported by all groups (except Greens)

Compromise amendment covering Amendments 639, 725-734

Motion for a resolution
Paragraph 25

Motion for a resolution

25. Notes that some Member States, being energy islands, are still **totally** isolated from the European gas and electricity networks **and continue to** pay higher prices for energy, which adversely affects their competitiveness; points out that without substantial infrastructure investment, the commitment of the European Council that no Member State should remain isolated from the EU networks by 2015 **cannot** be fulfilled for those Member States **will be broken**; favours in this regard the swift **completion** of the **internal energy market**;

Amendment

25. Notes that some Member States (**as well as certain island and outermost regions**), being energy islands, **or relatively weakly integrated into the European internal energy market**, are still **largely** isolated from the European gas and electricity networks, **often remain dependent on a single non-EU supplier (which is particularly precarious in case of politically unstable or undemocratic regimes)** and pay higher prices for energy, which adversely affects their competitiveness, **economic and social development and makes them vulnerable to political and economic pressure from outside**; points out that without substantial infrastructure investment, the commitment of the European Council that no Member State should remain isolated from the EU networks by 2015 **can hardly** be fulfilled for those Member States; favours in this regard the swift **implementation** of the **PCI list of October in 2013**;

AM 734 to be voted separately

Or. en

Amendment 55
Supported by all groups

Compromise amendment covering Amendments 576, 671, 723, 761, 672, 766

Motion for a resolution
Paragraph 25 a (new)

Motion for a resolution

Amendment

25 a. Notes that physical integration of energy infrastructure between the EU Member States is a precondition for a proper functioning of energy markets and the sharing of electricity across borders;

Recalls in this regard the conclusions of the 2002 Barcelona European Council that set a non-binding electricity interconnection target of 10% of national installed production capacity to be achieved by 2005; stresses that the majority of Member States have not achieved this goal; calls therefore on the Commission to propose a possible new model and new commitments on the physical integration of electricity infrastructure between the Member States and a clear time-frame for its deployment; believes this would facilitate cross-border trade;

Or. en

Amendment 56
Supported by all groups

Compromise amendment Covers 721 part 2, 738 - 746

Motion for a resolution
Paragraph 26

Motion for a resolution

26. Asks the Commission to investigate the potential of energy storage in the EU *and the various possible* technologies *in this area*;

Amendment

26. Asks the Commission to investigate the potential of, *and the various possible technologies, for* energy storage in the EU, *especially with regard to heat and electricity, with a view to supporting a more integrated approach to energy supply and demand; notes that R&D&I in the area of storage technologies and applications such as electric vehicles can play an important role in storing excess renewable electricity and balancing energy grids ; Therefore asks the Commission to fully use existing funding possibilities for such a research;*

Or. en

Amendment 57
Supported by all groups (except Greens)

Compromise amendment covering Amendments 747- 757, 638, 640, 673, 674, 687, 764, 765

Motion for a resolution
Paragraph 27

Motion for a resolution

27. Stresses that modernising the existing energy infrastructure and building new, intelligent and flexible infrastructure for the generation, transmission, distribution and storage of energy is essential for a stable, well-integrated and well-connected energy market, **and** emphasises that large-scale investments should be made in parallel with investments in regional or even local networks;

Amendment

27. Notes the importance of aligning the pace of investments in energy infrastructure with investments in energy sources; stresses that modernising the existing energy infrastructure and building new, intelligent and flexible infrastructure **at all grid levels** for the generation, transmission (**especially cross-border gas and electricity interconnectors**), distribution and storage of energy, **for both heat and electricity**, is essential for a stable, well-integrated and well-connected energy market, **with diversified sources of supply, where any negative effects, such as unplanned power flows, are avoided;** emphasises that large-scale investments should be made in parallel with investments in regional or even local networks; **highlights that infrastructure investments aimed at achieving such objectives should be granted EU support at each stage of their implementation in line with new guidelines for trans-European energy infrastructure and supported by Connecting Europe Facility which aims at accelerating investment in the field of trans-European networks of trans-European importance and at leveraging leverage funding from both the public and the private sectors; highlights the need to support coherent, efficient and better-coordinated permit granting regimes for infrastructure investments across Europe; notes that, in connection with the use of smart technologies, it is also necessary to take into account data protection issues;**

Amendment 58
Supported by all groups

Compromise amendment covering Amendments 351, 577, 686, 752, 754, 762, 769

Paragraph 27 a (new)

Motion for a resolution

Amendment

27 a. Stresses that stimulating microgeneration will be a vital element in raising the share of renewable energy sources; stresses the role of community owned initiatives, including cooperatives, in each field of the energy chain: production, consumption and retailing; notes, in this regard, that a decentralised renewable energy supply can help mitigate problems faced by electricity networks and reduces the need to build new transmission lines – and hence the associated costs- as decentralised technologies are much closer to the end-consumers; notes thus the increasing need for investments at distribution levels;

Amendment 59

Anne Delvaux, Herbert Reul, Marita Ulvskog, Britta Thomsen, Gerben-Jan Gerbrandy, Fiona Hall, Bas Eickhout, Claude Turmes, Konrad Szymanski, Martin Callanan, Tadeusz Cymanski, Niki Tzavela

Compromise Amendment covering Amendments 770, 771, 772, 773

Motion for a resolution
Paragraph 28

Motion for a resolution

Amendment

28. Believes that *an* open and transparent

28. Believes that *a completed*, open and

internal market, where all EU and third country companies respect the *acquis communautaire* in the *field* of energy, *can help* strengthen *the* negotiating position of *EU energy suppliers vis-à-vis* external competitors;

transparent internal market, where all EU and third country companies respect the *acquis communautaire*, *particularly* in the *fields* of energy *and environment*, *can ensure a level playing-field for EU energy suppliers vis-à-vis third country energy producers and* strengthen *their* negotiating position; *underlines the need for a better coordinated* external energy policy;

Or. en

Amendment 60

Anne Delvaux, Marita Ulyskog, Britta Thomsen, Gerben-Jan Gerbrandy, Fiona Hall, Bas Eickhout, Claude Turmes, Niki Tzavela

Compromise amendment covering amendments 780, 781, 783, 843, 845, 823, 838, EMPL 9 part 1

Motion for a resolution Paragraph 28 a (new)

Motion for a resolution

Amendment

28 a. Believes that a clear 2030 framework, setting binding targets for renewable energy and energy efficiency will spur investment in innovative technologies, incentivise R&D and also drive private investment, which coupled with public support, will provide a much-needed economic stimulus to boost the wider economy, leading to increased competitiveness, growth and high-quality jobs that cannot be relocated outside the Union; considers that such increased investment will result in lower production costs for European industry through increased energy and resource efficiency and reduce vulnerability to world energy price fluctuations, thus creating in turn a more stable investment environment; calls on the Commission to better underline the potential for employment in sustainable energy sectors in each Member State and the Union as a whole as part of the

Amendment 61

Herbert Reul, Konrad Szymanski, Tadeusz Cymanski, Martin Callanan

Compromise amendment covering amendments 780, 781, 783, 843, 845, 838, EMPL 9 part 1

Motion for a resolution

Paragraph 28 a (new)

Motion for a resolution

Amendment

28a. Believes that a clear and credible 2030 framework, will spur investment in innovative technologies, incentivise R&D and also drive private investment, which coupled with public support, will provide a much-needed economic stimulus to boost the wider economy, leading to increased competitiveness, growth and high-quality jobs that cannot be relocated outside the Union; considers that such increased investment should result in lower production costs for European industry through increased energy and resource efficiency and reduce vulnerability to world energy price fluctuations, thus creating in turn a more stable investment environment; calls on the Commission to better outline the potential for employment in sustainable energy sectors in each Member State and the Union as a whole ;

Amendment 62

Supported by all groups

Compromise amendment covering Amendments 434, 435, 778, 785

**Motion for a resolution
Paragraph 28 b (new)**

Motion for a resolution

Amendment

28 b. Stresses that in the next decade investment needs in the power sector will be important because of the expected replacement of existing power plants and modernisation of grids; insists that in order to bring down costs and ensure lowest possible electricity prices for consumers, energy savings and efficiency measures will play a key role; underlines that the building sector counts for 40% of the EU energy gross consumption and that, according to the International Energy Agency, 80% of the energy efficiency potential in the building sector, and more than 50% in the industry sector, remain unexploited; sees here a significant potential for reducing energy bills;

Or. en

**Amendment 63
supported by all groups**

Compromise amendment covering Amendments 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 791pt1-2, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797pt1-2 and AM 801

**Motion for a resolution
Paragraph 29**

Motion for a resolution

Amendment

29. Calls on the Commission to launch a study analysing new and cost-efficient market designs with a view to ensuring ***reasonably priced electricity to consumers*** and to preventing carbon leakage; asks therefore the Commission to come forward as soon as possible with an additional assessment and recommendations for further actions to prevent the risk of carbon

29. Calls on the Commission to launch a study analysing new and cost-efficient ***energy*** market designs with a view to ensuring ***the lowest possible energy prices for industry and consumers and revenue on investments, to integrating more variable renewable energy sources*** and to preventing carbon leakage; asks therefore the Commission to come forward as soon

leakage caused by reallocation of production facilities outside the EU, *focusing in particular on additional scenarios in which limited or no further global action is taken on carbon emission reduction;*

as possible with an additional assessment and recommendations for further actions to *better coordinate climate, environment and industrial policies and to prevent the risk of carbon leakage, notably for the energy intensive sectors, caused by reallocation of production facilities and investments outside the EU, whilst taking into account the international context;*
separate vote on AM 802

Or. en

Amendment 64

Anne Delvaux, Herbert Reul, Gerben-Jan Gerbrandy, Fiona Hall, Konrad Szymanski, Martin Callanan, Martina Anderson, Miloslav Ransdorf, Tadeusz Cymanski, Niki Tzavela

Compromise amendment covering Amendments 231, 522, 600, 776, 803, 800

Motion for a resolution Paragraph 29 a (new)

Motion for a resolution

Amendment

29 a. Stresses that energy prices for consumers and industries are a very important element of their household budget and production costs respectively; is of the opinion that EU climate goals should help EU competitiveness and security of supply; demands therefore that any new policy instrument related to these climate objectives undergo a mandatory and thorough impact assessment as regards its effect on the EU's and Member States' competitiveness; urges the Commission and Member States to integrate Europe's industrial competitiveness as fully as possible in all other policy areas;

CA 64a :

29 b. To be voted as addition:

and support the Commission's

communication to raise industry's share of EU GDP to 20%;

Or. en

Amendment 65

Supported by all groups, except (EPPitre, ECR, EFD Envi.)

Compromise amendment covering Amendments 805, 818, 823 and EMPL 2, EMPL 3, EMPL 5

Motion for a resolution

Paragraph 29 b (new)

Motion for a resolution

Amendment

29b. Recognises that the European renewable energy sector is important for economic growth and maintaining high quality and high-tech jobs and that it also supports sectors such as metals, electric and electronic equipment, IT, construction, transport and financial services; calls on the Commission to develop an industrial policy strategy for renewable energy technologies covering the whole process from research and development up to the financing stage; .

AMs 302 and 504 voted separately

Or. en

Amendment 66

Herbert Reul,Niki Tzavela

Compromise amendment covering Amendments 805, 818, 823 and EMPL 2, EMPL 3, EMPL 5

Motion for a resolution

Paragraph 29 b (new)

Motion for a resolution

Amendment

29b. Recognises that the European renewable energy sector is important for economic growth and maintaining high quality and high-tech jobs and it also supports sectors such as metals, electric and electronic equipment, IT, construction, transport and financial services; calls on the Commission to develop an industrial policy strategy for energy technologies including, in particular, renewable energy sources, covering the whole process from research and development up to the financing stage;

AMs 302 and 504 voted separately

Or. en

Amendment 67

Supported by all groups (except Greens)

Compromise amendment covering Amendments 804, 805, 806, 808, 809, 810 part 1, 811, 813, 814, 818

Motion for a resolution

Paragraph 30

Motion for a resolution

30. Notes that the **EU's** main competitors on the global market place great emphasis on technological developments, innovation and improving industrial processes; notes also that their economies grow at a **much** faster pace than the EU; concludes that the EU must give priority to R&D **and** innovation;

Amendment

30. Notes that the **EU's** main competitors on the global market place great emphasis on technological developments, innovation and improving industrial processes; notes also that **some of** their economies grow at a faster pace than the EU; concludes that the EU must give priority to R&D (**developing also scientific and technological partnerships with its international partners**), innovation (**especially to the creation of European added value for the development and domestic production of sustainable technologies**) and improving

the productivity of industrial processes;

If adopted, the adjective 'low carbon' is to be replaced by 'sustainable' throughout the text

AM 807 voted separately

Or. en

Amendment 68

Supported by all groups (except Greens, ECR, EFDevi)

Compromise amendment covering Amendments AM 391, 810 part 2, 812, 822 and EMPL 5

Motion for a resolution

Paragraph 30 a (new)

Motion for a resolution

Amendment

30 a. Underlines the risk of investments in sustainable technology fleeing Europe due to, amongst others, uncertainty concerning EU ambitions towards further decarbonisation; recalls that the recent evidence shows that while the EU remains a marginal leader in the global clean-tech race, the US and China are rapidly closing the gap; notes in this context, that the EU's current share of global sustainable tech patents filed has fallen to a third, from almost half in 1999; calls therefore on the Commission and the Member States to step up their support for sustainable technologies and services; takes the view that revenue from sales of ETS certificates should be ring-fenced in future to permit investments in innovation in the sustainable technologies;

Or. en

Amendment 69

Anne Delvaux, Herbert Reul, Marita Ulvskog, Britta Thomsen, Gerben-Jan Gerbrandy, Fiona Hall, Konrad Szymanski, Martin Callanan, Tadeusz Cymanski, Niki Tzavela

Compromise amendment covering Amendments 825 – 830, 847

Motion for a resolution

Paragraph 31

Motion for a resolution

31. Invites the Commission to **develop** a way of measuring competitiveness between the EU and its main competitors which could, for example, be based on fiscal policies, R&D, innovation, industrial energy prices **and** regulatory burdens;

Amendment

31. Invites the Commission to **elaborate on** a way of measuring competitiveness between the EU and its main competitors which could, for example, be based on fiscal policies, R&D, **technology exports, researchers and highly-skilled workers,** innovation, industrial energy prices, **environmental and energy policies, wage and productivity levels, infrastructure, unnecessary regulatory burdens , and other relevant factors; stresses the need to factor the external costs of climate change into this new methodology including possible rise in expenditure on insuring against risks because of climate change;**

Or. en

Amendment 70

Supported by all groups

Compromise amendment Covers 835-841, 815

free trade agreements

Motion for a resolution

Paragraph 32

Motion for a resolution

32. Strongly underlines that any future EU policy must address the comparative strengths and weaknesses of its economy, particularly with regard to any free trade agreement the EU signs up to, **especially in**

Amendment

32. Strongly underlines that any future EU policy must address the comparative strengths and weaknesses of its economy, particularly with regard to any free trade agreement the EU signs up to, **also taking**

light of the planned free trade agreement (TTIP) with the US where energy prices have been decreasing significantly while efforts to reduce GHG emissions are not on par with the progress already achieved in the EU;

into account the measures taken to reduce GHG emissions and its economic benefits;

Or. en

Amendment 71 W

Marita Ulvskog, Britta Thomsen, Gerben-Jan Gerbrandy, Fiona Hall, Bas Eickhout, Claude Turmes, Martina Anderson

Compromise amendment covering Amendments 835 – 841, 815

Motion for a resolution Paragraph 32

Motion for a resolution

32. **Strongly** underlines that any future EU policy must address the comparative strengths and weaknesses of its economy, particularly with regard to any free trade agreement the EU signs up to, ***especially in light of the planned free trade agreement (TTIP) with the US where energy prices have been decreasing significantly while efforts to reduce GHG emissions are not on par with the progress already achieved in the EU;***

Amendment

32. Underlines that any future EU policy must address ***in a transparent way*** the comparative strengths and weaknesses of its economy, particularly with regard to any free trade agreement the EU signs up to, ***also taking into account the measures taken to reduce GHG emissions in the EU;***

Or. en

Amendment 72

Herbert Reul, Konrad Szymanski, Martin Callanan, Tadeusz Cymanski, Niki Tzavela

Compromise amendment covering Amendments 901

Motion for a resolution Paragraph 32 a (new)

Motion for a resolution

Amendment

32 a. Notes that, according to the IEA, energy prices in Europe rose by 38% between 2005 and 2012, whereas in the USA they fell by 4% over the same period; expresses its concern about the impact of this on Europe's competitiveness; highlights the importance of the planned free trade agreement (TTIP) with the US where energy prices and CO2 emissions have been decreasing mainly due to a shift from coal to shale gas;

Or. en

Amendment 74
Supported by all groups

Compromise amendment covering Amendments 853-860 and AM 863

Motion for a resolution
Paragraph 33

Motion for a resolution

Amendment

33. Welcomes the *Commission's* remarks that the EU climate and energy targets impact differently on each Member State and their citizens, **and that this justifies working on a more** equitable effort sharing basis, taking into account **a country's GDP**, achievements in reducing emissions since 1990, emissions per capita, economic potential and potential for renewable energy sources and energy **efficiency**;

33. Welcomes the *Commission's* remarks that the EU climate and energy targets **can** impact differently on each Member State and their citizens **which therefore makes it fair to continue to work on an** equitable effort sharing basis, taking into account **each country's individual circumstances such as a country's GDP, with particular attention to those facing severe financial difficulties**, achievements in reducing emissions since 1990, emissions per capita, economic potential and potential for **emission reduction**, renewable energy sources, **access to technologies** and energy **saving capacity**;

853 and 857 fall

859 - voted separately

Or. en

Amendment 75 W

Marita Ulvskog, Britta Thomsen, Gerben-Jan Gerbrandy, Fiona Hall, Bas Eickhout, Claude Turmes, Martina Anderson

Compromise amendment covering Amendments 853 - 860

Motion for a resolution

Paragraph 33

Motion for a resolution

33. Welcomes the Commission's remarks that the EU climate and energy targets impact *differently on* each Member State and their citizens, *and that this justifies working on a more* equitable effort sharing basis, taking into account a country's GDP, achievements in *reducing* emissions since 1990, emissions per capita, economic potential and potential for renewable energy sources and energy efficiency;

Amendment

33. Welcomes the Commission's remarks that the EU climate and energy targets *can* impact each Member State and their citizens *differently which therefore makes it fair to continue to work on an* equitable effort sharing basis *as has been the case to date*, taking into account a country's GDP, *access to technologies*, achievements in *lowering* emissions since 1990, emissions per capita, economic potential and potential for renewable energy sources and energy efficiency;

Or. en

Amendment 76

Supported by all groups (except Greens)

Compromise amendment covering Amendments 865 - 872

Treaty reference

Motion for a resolution

Paragraph 34

Motion for a resolution

34. Underlines, in line with Article 194 TFEU, that *Member States are the ultimate decision makers* as regards their energy mix and should be able to use and develop different approaches for technologies and energy sources that are

Amendment

34. Underlines, in line with Article 194 TFEU, that *the EU is responsible for the completion of the internal energy market as well as promoting RES and energy efficiency, while Member States take decisions* as regards their energy mix and

environmentally sound and socially and economically acceptable;

should be able to use and develop different approaches for technologies and energy sources that are environmentally sound and socially and economically acceptable, **and are in respect of the Union's climate and energy policy goals aimed at preserving and improving the environment; believes that any future framework should respect the independence of Member States;**

864 voted separately

Or. en

Amendment 77

Marita Ulvskog, Britta Thomsen, Gerben-Jan Gerbrandy, Fiona Hall, Bas Eickhout, Claude Turmes, Martina Anderson

Compromise amendment covering Amendments 864 - 872

Motion for a resolution Paragraph 34

Motion for a resolution

34. Underlines, in line with Article 194 TFEU, **that** Member States **are the ultimate decision makers** as regards their **energy mix** and should be able to use and develop different approaches for technologies and energy sources that are environmentally sound **and** socially and economically acceptable;

Amendment

34. Underlines, in line with Article 194 TFEU, **the EU is responsible for the internal energy market and promoting RES and energy efficiency, while Member States take decisions** as regards their **energy-mix** and, **within the framework of the three headline climate and energy targets**, should be able to use and develop different approaches **and support schemes** for **renewable** technologies and **other** energy sources that are environmentally sound **as well as** socially and economically acceptable; **stresses the need for joint action and increased cooperation among the EU Member States in the field of energy;**

Or. en

Amendment 78

Anne Delvaux, Herbert Reul, Marita Ulvskog, Britta Thomsen, Gerben-Jan Gerbrandy, Fiona Hall, Konrad Szymanski, Bas Eickhout, Claude Turmes Tadeusz Cymanski, Niki Tzavela

Compromise amendment covering Amendments 885-890 part 2, 891-895 and EMPL 4, EMPL 16

Motion for a resolution Paragraph 36

Motion for a resolution

36. Notes that access to capital, *even for* heavy industry sectors, *is* often a barrier *to investment in* cleaner technologies; therefore asks the Commission to study the *possibility of creating* a fund *that* could help *to leverage investment*, possibly financed by a share of *ETS revenue*;

Amendment

36. Notes that access to capital *and costs of capital, especially for SMEs and even* heavy industry sectors, *are* often a barrier *for investments in capital intensive* cleaner technologies *and energy efficiency*; Therefore, asks the Commission to study the *possibilities to create* a fund *to promote the development of innovative sustainable technologies, and to support initiatives to improve efficiency of energy intensive industries, that brings together existing and new funding streams* and could help *leveraging investments*, possibly financed *inter alia* by a share of *the ETS revenues or by structural or cohesion funds*; *invites the Commission to develop innovative finance instruments and give an increased role to the EIB, national public financing institutions and attract financing from pension funds and insurance companies*;

886, 889 fall

Separate vote 890 pt 2 (binding targets)

Or. en

Amendment 79 W

Marita Ulvskog, Britta Thomsen, Gerben-Jan Gerbrandy, Bas Eickhout, Claude Turmes ,Fiona Hall, Martina Anderson

Compromise amendment covering Amendments 885 - 895 and EMPL 4, EMPL 16

Motion for a resolution
Paragraph 36

Motion for a resolution

36. Notes that access to capital, ***even for heavy industry sectors***, is often a barrier to investment in cleaner technologies; therefore asks the Commission to study the possibility of creating a fund that could help to leverage investment, possibly financed by a share of ETS revenue;

Amendment

36. Notes that access to capital is often a barrier to investment in cleaner technologies, ***in particular for SMEs***; therefore asks the Commission to study the possibility of creating a fund that could help to leverage investment ***by bringing together new and existing funding streams, which could be administered by a significantly strengthened and reoriented EIB***, possibly financed by a share of ETS revenue, ***an improved NER300 programme, structural and cohesion funds or other forms of public support; information on the different funding possibilities should be available in a single, clear, accessible data base***;

Or. en

Amendment 80
Supported by all groups

Compromise amendment covering Amendments 898, 899, 904

Motion for a resolution
Paragraph 37

Motion for a resolution

37. Notes that, ***at present, some*** emerging and developed countries are ***engaged in differentiated*** climate policies and investments, including ***also*** implementation of their own emissions trading schemes;

Amendment

37. Notes that ***several*** emerging and developed countries are ***developing various*** climate policies and investments, including implementation of their own emissions trading schemes ***following the example of the EU ETS; welcomes the future prospect of linking EU ETS with other carbon trading mechanisms worldwide aimed at creating a global carbon market; stresses that such a global approach could result in a level playing***

field for European industry by providing a comprehensive and cost-effective approach to tackling global industrial GHG emissions; recalls in this regard that an international cap and trade system could significantly help to implement a new legally binding global climate change agreement;

Or. en

Amendment 81

Marita Ulvskog, Britta Thomsen, Gerben-Jan Gerbrandy, Fiona Hall, Bas Eickhout, Claude Turmes, Martina Anderson

Compromise amendment covering Amendments 906 - 910, 917 and DEVE 1, DEVE 10

Motion for a resolution

Paragraph 38

Motion for a resolution

38. Notes that it is important for the EU to maintain its leading role and for Member States to speak with one voice in order to *define* a strong and common position *to defend* during the *2015 Paris* negotiations *that will aim at reaching* a new global climate *binding* agreement;

Amendment

38. Notes that it is important for the EU to maintain its leading *and pioneering* role and for Member States to speak with one voice in order to *defend* a strong and common position during the *climate* negotiations *in order to secure* a new *binding* global climate agreement *in Paris in 2015; stresses that the EU must set an example and adopt an ambitious binding policy framework in time for the Ban-Ki Moon leaders' summit, as this will have a positive influence on the negotiations;*

Or. en

Amendment 82

Herbert Reul, Konrad Szymanski, Martin Callanan, Tadeusz Cymanski, Niki Tzavela

Compromise amendment covering Amendments 906 - 910, and DEVE 1, DEVE 10

Motion for a resolution

Paragraph 38

[PE526.059v01-00PE526.059v01-00PE526.059v01-00](#)

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[AM101322](#)

Motion for a resolution

38. Notes that it is important for the EU to maintain its leading role and for Member States to speak with one voice in order to define a strong and common position to defend during the 2015 Paris negotiations that will aim at reaching a new global climate binding agreement;

Amendment

38. Notes that it is important for the EU to maintain its leading role and for Member States to speak with one voice in order to define a strong and common position to defend during the 2015 Paris negotiations that will aim at reaching a new global climate binding agreement; ***stresses that only joint global efforts, with third countries making binding commitments to reduce CO2 emissions, can successfully combat climate change, while on the other hand an ongoing commitment on the part of the EU alone would endanger Europe's industrial base; stresses, in this regard, that in order to legislate on the appropriate level of ambition for EUs 2030 climate and energy framework, provisions should be included in the framework to allow the results of the 2015 COP negotiations in Paris to be taken into account;***

Or. en

Amendment 83
Supported by all groups

Compromise amendment covering Amendments 69, 70, 72

Motion for a resolution
Recital B

Motion for a resolution

B. whereas this is acknowledged in the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union (TFEU), which stipulates that the objectives of the Union's energy policy include the functioning of the energy market, security of supply, energy efficiency, energy saving, renewable energy and interconnections;

Amendment

B. whereas this is acknowledged in the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union (TFEU), which stipulates that the objectives of the Union's energy policy include the functioning of the energy market, security of ***(energy)*** supply, energy efficiency, energy saving, ***new and*** renewable energy ***sources*** and interconnections; ***and that the Union's environmental policy shall contribute to***

preserving, protecting, and improving the quality of the environment, protecting human health, prudent and rational utilization of natural resources and the promotion of measures at international level to deal with regional or worldwide environmental problems, and in particular combating climate change;

If adopted making amendment 71 falls

Or. en

Amendment 84
Supported by all groups

Compromise amendment covering Amendments 77, 78

Motion for a resolution
Recital C

Motion for a resolution

C. whereas the international community committed to limit global warming to 2 °C during the 21st century at the Copenhagen summit in 2009;

Amendment

C. whereas the international community committed to limit global warming to 2 °C *above pre-industrial levels* during the 21st century at the Copenhagen summit in 2009 *and is currently not on track to this commitment;*

If adopted making amendment 76 falls

Or. en

Amendment 85
Supported by all groups

Compromise amendment covering Amendments 119 – 124, 126 - 128

Motion for a resolution
Recital F

Motion for a resolution

F. whereas investors and industries need a clear and long-term framework for EU climate and energy policy with greater levels of certainty in order to encourage **long-term private** investment **and** reduce the risk associated with this;

Amendment

F. whereas investors and industries **urgently** need a clear and long-term framework for EU climate and energy policy with greater levels of certainty **and, therefore, clear price signals**, in order to encourage **medium- and long-term sustainable** investment, reduce the risk associated with this **and benefit from opportunities on the global market for sustainable technologies; whereas a clear climate and energy strategy is crucial for Europe's industrial competitiveness, stimulating economic growth and creating jobs**;

If adopted making AM 125 falls

Or. en

Amendment 86
Supported by all groups (except EFDenvi)

Compromise amendment covering Amendments 132 - 134

Motion for a resolution
Recital G

Motion for a resolution

G. whereas the Commission communication on Energy Roadmap 2050, endorsed by the European Parliament, states that energy efficiency, renewable energies and energy infrastructures are 'no-regret' options and that adequate policies and instruments should be taken into account **so as to foster European competitiveness**;

Amendment

G. whereas the Commission communication on Energy Roadmap 2050, endorsed by the European Parliament, states that **in order to decarbonise the economy**, energy efficiency, renewable energies and energy infrastructures are **the** 'no-regret' options and that adequate policies and instruments should be taken into account;;

Or. en

W: Withdrawal