



D-IN_PV(2011)0713

MINUTES

of the meeting of 13 July 2011, from 16:15 to 17:15
Brussels

The meeting opened at 16:20 on Wednesday, 13 July 2011, with Graham Watson (Chair) in the chair.

1. **Adoption of the draft agenda**

The agenda was adopted without amendment

2. **Adoption of the draft minutes of the meeting of 12 May 2011**

The minutes were adopted without amendment

3. **Chair's announcements**

Sir Graham Watson welcomed Mr Viorel Isticioaia-Budura, Managing Director for Asia and Pacific, European External Action Service (EEAS), who was to address the meeting. Mr Isticioaia-Budura was accompanied by Richard Wilkinson, Desk Officer at the EEAS, and Annette Grünberg of DG Trade. Also present was Mr Manharsinh Yadav, Second Secretary at the Indian Mission.

Sir Graham reminded members that in the previous week the EP plenary had adopted a resolution on the death penalty in general, and specifically the death penalty against Davinder Pal Singh. A copy of the resolution was in the dossier. He noted that he had also written to the Indian Ambassador on the issue.

4. **EU-India relations : Exchange of views with Mr Viorel Isticioaia-Budura, Managing Director for Asia and Pacific, European External Services**

Sir Graham then introduced Mr Isticioaia-Budura, who had been the Managing Director for Asia and Pacific at the EEAS since 1 February 2011. He was the former

Ambassador of Romania to China and the Republic of Korea. He is a fluent Chinese speaker and was the Guest Professor at Beijing University, and a translator of Chinese literature. Sir Graham noted that this was Mr Isticioaia-Budura's second appearance in the European Parliament in two days, as on the previous day he had spoken in AFET at a public hearing on EU Policy towards the BRICS. However it was the first occasion that he had spoken to the EP India delegation since his appointment.

Mr Isticioaia-Budura then took the floor. He gave an overview of EU-India relations - full version attached as annex -. In his speech he underlined the strong ties between India and the EU that made them natural partners, citing the cooperation in many fields. He stressed, nonetheless, that the full potential of the relationship had not yet been realised, notably in developing regional and global peace and security; promoting sustainable development; and good governance. He underlined that India's relations with the EU were not a substitute for relations with individual member states but a complement to them. The Managing Director outlined recent developments and the wide range of agreements that were being negotiated, in addition to the EU-India Free Trade Agreement. He was hopeful that the FTA would be concluded in the near future. He complimented the European Parliament and its delegation for the work that it was doing to promote the EU-India relationship.

Sir Graham thanked Mr Isticioaia-Budura, noting that in September 2010 President van Rompuy had declared that the EU "has strategic partners, now we need a strategy". He was glad that the outlines of the strategy were in place. He then opened the floor to questions.

Mr Newton Dunn was one of many members to congratulate Mr Isticioaia-Budura. He asked for more detail on how the work of the EEAS would be organised and how the Managing Director intended to tackle the apparent ignorance in many Indian political circles about the EU that had been noted by MEPs on past visits to Delhi.

He was informed that the new EEAS Directorate covered an area that included most of Asia and also the Pacific Islands that had previously been covered principally as recipients of assistance by the Cotonou Agreement. The priorities of the EU in the region included the development of the strategic partnerships; human rights; crisis management; and making progress on new trade and economic agreements in order to overcome the new challenges that were raised by the financial crisis and deepen economic relations. Mr Isticioaia-Budura underlined the value of the European Parliament - and the EP delegation in particular - in promoting the EU-India relationship. He stressed that the EU Delegations had a more political role in the post-Lisbon environment, whereas in the past they had tended to concentrate on more technical matters. They would need to restructure their agenda and operate like national embassies in the future and this sometimes required a change of mentality.

Mr Pirker asked when the FTA was likely to be concluded and whether it would bring about real reciprocity in trade. He drew on his past experience as Chair of the EP Korea delegation to note that the FTA could be beneficial in promoting cooperation between the two sides in other areas. He noted too that EU-India cooperation would not replace the bilateral agreements between India and individual member states.

Mr Isticioaia-Budura stressed that he wanted to keep the ambitious target of concluding the FTA negotiations by the end of the year, in time for the EU-India

summit. He then asked Ms Grünberg of DG Trade to provide the most recent information on the negotiations. Ms Grünberg stressed that discussions were at a crucial phase and that they would continue during the following week in New Delhi at the level of Chief Negotiator. She stressed that difficulties remained over such issues as tariffs on cars and wine and spirits, some service sectors, and sustainable development. The EU-India summit would enable both sides to take stock of the situation. She noted that there had been a steady increase in bilateral trade and the FTA should give an additional boost to business cooperation as a whole.

Mr Isticioaia-Budura added that the strategic partnership had great potential. He cited the development of security cooperation as an important foundation for the relationship, noting the high level contacts on this issue. He stressed that the security partnership would be developed at a regional and global level. The member states had a role to play in this respect and the FTA would help to strengthen the cooperation. He appreciated the discussion taking place in the European Parliament on the relationship, which had helped to push the agenda forward.

Sir Graham Watson referred to the departure from the post of Environment Minister of Mr Jairam Ramesh and asked if this might have an affect on EU-India cooperation on tackling climate change. He also cited the words of Shashi Tharoor, Minister of State for External Affairs who had stated that India tended "to think that it is more useful to speak to Prime Minister Cameron or President Sarkozy - rather than Baroness Ashton." He wondered how the EEAS might respond to the tendency of India to place greater emphasis on its bilateral relationships with EU member states rather than its relationship with the EU as a whole.

Ms Ticau referred to the raw material strategy of the EU and noted that 90% of the world's resources of rare earth were in Asia. She asked how the EU might respond to this situation.

Mr Isticioaia-Budura stressed that the EEAS as a whole was developing a new institutional culture to deal with such matters. There had been high level meetings within the service to establish the most appropriate ways of collaborating with colleagues in the Commission who had more in-depth knowledge of specific sectoral issues. There was also a need to ensure that discussion with India took place at the appropriate level. In addition it was important to ensure that member states were involved in this process and to benefit from their expertise.

He then referred to Ms Grünberg. Ms Grünberg stressed that the EU's raw material strategy extended beyond India and the EU was trying to tackle issues such as access to rare earth both via the WTO and the FTA negotiations. She pointed to other areas of contention, such as the export duties imposed by India on industrial products such as cotton and cotton yarn. The EU looked forward to a successful outcome, but the negotiations were difficult.

Ms Kolarska-Bobinska asked how he proposed to develop the strategy of the EEAS for the region and what the added value of the new institution would be. Mr Isticioaia-Budura noted that the EEAS worked to Baroness Ashton, Mr Van Rompuy and Mr Barroso. It also cooperated with the member states upon whom it depended for sources of information and support, as these countries often had the experience of dealing with India and other parts of the region. It would be important to develop

guidelines for working with the region. At present there were guidelines for East Asia but not for the other parts of his remit. He stressed that it was important to develop a coherent vision and to integrate efforts with the member states. He looked forward to the support of the European Parliament in the development of this policy.

5. **Any other business**

There was no other business.

6. **Date and place of the next meeting**

Sir Graham Watson informed members that the next meeting was scheduled to take place on Thursday 15 September at 0900hrs in Strasbourg. There was currently no agenda for this meeting.

The meeting closed at 1715hrs.

European Parliament
Delegation for Relations with India
Wednesday 13 July

EU-India Relations

Allow me to thank you Mr Chairman for the invitation to join your meeting today. This will be a most timely discussion, given that preparations for this year's Summit later in the year are now beginning.

I would also thank you for the excellent work that you and the members of your Delegation are doing to support EU-India relations, not only through inter-parliamentary contacts and parliamentary visits to India, but also through the exchanges and debate on India and India-related issues that the Parliament promotes. As you know, we value this support highly, and I am convinced that providing - as the Parliament does - regular opportunities for stakeholders interested in EU-India relations to discuss topics of common concern goes a long way towards developing a clearer understanding of our views and policies, and helping to identify additional opportunities for cooperation.

I think we all agree that The European Union and India are natural partners in many ways:

- We are both deeply pluralistic, continent-wide societies who believe in the wealth of that diversity;
- We share fundamental principles and values, including a firm commitment to democracy, human rights, the rule of law, good governance, and social market economies;
- We are strong believers in multilateralism, with dialogue, partnership and cooperation the leitmotifs for our external relations, and last but not least....
-as two of the world's largest markets we have a great deal to gain materially from interacting more effectively with each other.

And of course, speaking of markets, as you are well aware we hope that our relations will soon be substantially strengthened through what should be one of the largest and certainly deepest free trade agreements the world has yet seen.

So ours is a broad partnership, including dialogue and cooperation in fields as diverse as climate change, environment, maritime and air transport, science and technology, nuclear research and safety, culture and education, statistics and macroeconomic affairs, human rights and regional cooperation...and we are embarking on action in new security areas such as counter-terrorism, cyber-security and counter-piracy.

But it's also fair to say that we have yet to fulfil the full potential in our relations, whether it is in security or in the comparatively slow growth rate in our commercial flows. More fundamentally, we feel that our strategic ambition has not yet been fully met, for ours is a partnership between global actors that have a crucial part to play in addressing matters of

common concern, for us and for the world at large. Three areas loom large in this context: regional and international peace and security; sustainable development - including climate change and energy security, mutually advantageous trade, inclusive growth and poverty alleviation; and good governance, the management of diversity and the fulfilment of human rights.

There is much scope for deepening our partnership in all these fields, whether it is with respect to coping with threats to international peace with the UN as the multilateral setting we both privilege, or projecting stability and growth to our respective neighbourhoods.

Much has been said about the constraints in further developing this broad and deep cooperation, this strategic partnership. Some of this is indeed about perception, but to be frank there are some real constraints for the EU in meeting some of India's main demands: the EU is not currently in a position to play a part in delivering a UNSC permanent seat for India, nor can it engage in full nuclear, defence or counter-terrorism cooperation; nor can it agree to India's desired degree of free mobility into Europe for her workers.

Likewise, India for all her impressive achievements since the 1990's cannot always deliver the level of commercial reciprocity that many in the EU desire; India remains hesitant in signing up to the kind of multilateral commitments in climate, non-proliferation and some other areas which we Europeans hold dear; and while we do share fundamental principles in the area of human rights, India's approach to the subject in the global arena such as at the Human Rights Council is different to that favoured by the EU.

But the EU can in our view add value in most if not all of these areas, where many things are already being done at EU level, from patrolling the shores of the Gulf of Aden to training Somali Government troops; from coordinating evacuation of nationals in crises to coordinating responses to irregular immigration flows; from crafting a more transparent, predictable and friendlier setting for economic exchanges to coordinating better access and conditions for regular migrants. And the EU is developing additional tools and mechanisms, such as the new Common Security and Defence Policy structures and the experiments underway with mobility partnerships.

Our main message to India is therefore that relations with the EU are not a substitute for relations with our individual Member States but a complement to them. A never ending story you may say, as the EU keeps evolving. But then so do our Member States; and so indeed does India herself, at an ever faster pace.

National Security Advisor Menon very accurately depicted the problem at the 11th EU-India Summit in December last year. He referred to the insufficient familiarity with our respective and evolving security structures and policies as an explanation for the difficulties experienced in developing our budding cooperation in the security field. We need to learn from each other and we want to learn from each other.

The first visit to India of our High Representative in June last year, accompanied with Counter-Terrorism Coordinator De Kerchove and General Van Osch, was a major milestone in reinforcing and rebalancing our partnership in the political and security domains. The last Summit in December was another major step forward, marked by the adoption of a joint declaration on international terrorism; by our leaders instructing negotiators to conclude a broad-based Trade and Investment Agreement, also known as the FTA, in 2011; and by Dr. Singh voicing readiness to engage with us across the policy board and laying out a major

program of economic modernisation to which the EU, its MS and companies were invited to contribute and benefit from.

Furthermore, India holds the key to more effective regional cooperation in South Asia, a part of the world where peace and stability are directly relevant to our own security. There have been some very interesting developments recently, with a series of meetings at various levels with Pakistan; with the bilateral agreements India has made with Bangladesh; and with Indian participation in the International Contact Group on Afghanistan.

These are all countries where the EU is active as a political partner, a major trading partner, and a donor. An ongoing exchange of views with India on developments in the region should therefore, in our view, be part and parcel of our political dialogue.

We thus hope that 2011 will mark major additional achievements in further broadening and deepening our strategic partnership, in creating platforms for increased awareness raising, policy dialogue and concrete cooperation.

That involves of course the FTA, but also some important sectoral agreements on maritime and air transport, nuclear fission research and satellite navigation which are at variously advanced stages of negotiation and implementation; we have a large number of projects, dialogues and programs on areas such as renewable energies, environment, science and technology, education and culture, statistics or migration; we are also launching concrete initiatives in the security realm.

On top of all this we intend to seek possibilities for enhanced economic diplomacy (and additional EIB funding) to accelerate trade and investment flows in a way that is complementary to the FTA and to the investment promotion efforts of our Member States. Last but definitely not least, avenues for boosting people's exchanges should also be explored, whether of businesspeople, journalists, researchers, civil servants, and the young leaders and opinion shapers of the future.

All this should boost that mutual "familiarisation" and pave the way for additional operational cooperation.

We will do more together and, what's perhaps even more important, learn more about each other. Again I would stress that your parliamentary exchanges with India and the broader India-related activities that you promote are important 'enablers' for such mutual awareness-raising to take place.

Thank you.

**ПРИСЪСТВЕН ЛИСТ/LISTA DE ASISTENCIA/PREZENČNÍ LISTINA/DELTAGERLISTE/
ANWESENHEITSLISTE/KOHALOLIJATE NIMEKIRI/KATAΣΤΑΣΗ ΠΑΡΟΝΤΩΝ/RECORD OF ATTENDANCE/
LISTE DE PRÉSENCE/ELENCO DI PRESENZA/APMEKLĒJUMU REĢISTRS/DALYVIŲ SĄRAŠAS/JELENLÉTI ÍV/
REĢISTRU TA' ATTENDENZA/PRESENTIELIJST/LISTA OBECNOŠCI/LISTA DE PRESENÇAS/LISTĂ DE PREZENȚĂ/
PREZENČNÁ LISTINA/SEZNAM NAVZOČIH/LÄSNÄOLOLISTA/DELTAGARLISTA**

Бюро/Mesa/Předsednictvo/Formandskabet/Vorstand/Juhatus/Προεδρείο/Bureau/Ufficio di presidenza/Prezidijs/Biuras/Elnökség/ Prezydium/Birou/Predsednictvo/Predsedstvo/Puheenjohtajisto/Presidiet (*)
Graham Watson, Lena Kolarska-Bobińska
Членове/Diputados/Poslanci/Medlemmer/Mitglieder/Parlamendiliikmed/Μέλη/Members/Députés/Deputati/Deputāti/Nariai/Képviselők/ Membri/Leden/Posłowie/Deputados/Deputați/Jäsenet/Ledamöter
Jo Leinen, Bill Newton Dunn, Silvia-Adriana Țicău
Заместници/Suplentes/Náhradníci/Stedfortrædere/Stellvertreter/Asendusliikmed/Αναπληρωτές/Substitutes/Suppléants/Supplenti/ Aizstājēji/Pavadojuantys nariai/Póttagok/Sostituti/Plaatsvervangers/Zastępcy/Membros suplentes/Supleanți/Náhradníci/Namestniki/ Varajäsenet/Suppleanter
Hubert Pirker

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Наблюдатели/Observadores/Pozorovatelé/Observatører/Beobachter/Vaatlejad/Παρατηρητές/Observers/Observateurs/Osservatori/ Novērotāji/Stebėtojai/Megfigyelők/Osservatori/Waarnemers/Obserwatorzy/Observadores/Observatori/Pozorovatelia/Opazovalci/ Tarkkailijat/Observatörer

По покана на председателя/Por invitación del presidente/Na pozvání předsedy/Efter indbydelse fra formanden/Auf Einladung des Vorsitzenden/Esimehe kutsel/Με πρόσκληση του Προέδρου/At the invitation of the Chair(wo)man/Sur l'invitation du président/Su invito del presidente/Pēc priekšsēdētāja uzaicinājuma/Pirmininkui pakvietus/Az elnök meghívására/Fuq stedina tal-President/Op uitnodiging van de voorzitter/Na zaproszenie Przewodniczącego/A convite do Presidente/La invitația președintelui/Na pozvanie predsedu/Na povabilo predsednika/Puheenjohtajan kutsusta/På ordförandens inbjudan
Viorel Isticioaia-Budura

Съвет/Consejo/Rada/Rådet/Rat/Nõukogu/Συμβούλιο/Council/Conseil/Consiglio/Padome/Taryba/Tanács/Kunsill/Raad/Conselho/Consiliu/Svet/Neuvosto/Rådet (*)
Комисия/Comisión/Komise/Kommissionen/Kommission/Euroopa Komisjon/Επιτροπή/Commission/Commissione/Komisija/Bizottság/Kummissjoni/Commissie/Komisja/Comissão/Comisie/Komisja/Komissio/Kommissionen (*)
Grünberg
Европейска служба за външна дейност/Evropská služba pro vnější činnost/EU-Udenrigstjenesten/Europäischer Auswärtiger Dienst/Euroopa välisteenistus/Ευρωπαϊκή Υπηρεσία Εξωτερικής Δράσης/European External Action service/Servicio Europeo de Acción Exterior/Service européen pour l'action extérieure/Servizio europeo per l'azione esterna/Eiropas Ārējās darbības dienests/Europos išorės veiksmų tarnyba/Európai Külügyi Szolgálat/Servizz Ewropew għall-Azzjoni Esterna/Europese dienst voor extern optreden/Europejska Służba Działań Zewnętrznych/Serviço Europeu para a Acção Externa/Serviciul european pentru acțiune externă/Európska služba pre vonkajšiu činnost/Evropska služba za zunanje delovanje/Euroopan ulkosuhdehallinto/Europeiska avdelningen för yttre åtgärd (*)
Wilkinson
Други институции/Otras instituciones/Ostatní orgány a instituce/Andre institutioner/Andere Organe/Muud institutsioonid/Άλλα θεσμικά όργανα/Other institutions/Autres institutions/Altre istituzioni/Citas iestādes/Kitos institucijos/Más intézmények/Istituzzjonijiet oħra/Andere instellingen/Inne instytucje/Outras Instituições/Alte instituții/Iné inštitúcie/Druge institucije/Muut toimeelimet/Andra institutioner/organ

Други учасници/Otros participantes/Ostatní účastníci/Endvidere deltog/Andere Teilnehmer/Muud osalejad/Επίσης Παρόντες/Other participants/Autres participants/Altri partecipanti/Citi klātesošie/Kiti dalyviai/Más résztvevők/Partecipanti ohra/Andere aanwezigen/Inni uczestnicy/Outros participantes/Alți participanți/Iní účastníci/Drugi udeleženci/Muut osallistujat/Övriga deltagare

Jadot - Yadav (Indian Mission) - Godeanu, Bernhard, Eberlen, Zaczek, Dyszynska, Hillman, Palamakumbura [MEP's assistants]

Секретариат на политическите групи/Secretaría de los Grupos políticos/Sekretariát politických skupin/Gruppernes sekretariat/Sekretariat der Fraktionen/Fraktsioonide sekretariaat/Γραμματεία των Πολιτικών Ομάδων/Secretariats of political groups/Secrétariat des groupes politiques/Segreteria gruppi politici/Politisko grupu sekretariāts/Fraczijų sekretoriai/Képviselőcsoportok titkársága/Sekretarjat gruppi poliitici/Fractiesecretariaten/Sekretariat Grup Politycznych/Secr. dos grupos políticos/Secretariate grupuri politice/Sekretariát politických skupín/Sekretariat političnih skupin/Poliittisten ryhmien sihteeristö/Gruppernas sekretariat

PPE	Bastiaansen
S&D	Santos
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ECR	De Jongh
Verts/ALE	
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Кабинет на председателя/Gabinete del Presidente/Kancelář předsedy/Formandens Kabinet/Kabinett des Präsidenten/Presidendi kantselei/Γραφείο Προέδρου/President's Office/Cabinet du Président/Gabinetto del Presidente/Priekšsēdētāja kabinets/Pirmininko kabinetas/Elnöki hivatal/Kabinett tal-President/Kabinet van de Voorzitter/Gabinet Przewodniczącego/Gabinete do Presidente/Cabinet Președinte/Kancelária predsedu/Urad predsednika/Puhemiehen kabinetti/Talmanens kansli

Кабинет на генералния секретар/Gabinete del Secretario General/Kancelář generálního tajemníka/Generalsekretærens Kabinet/Kabinett des Generalsekretärs/Peasekretäri büroo/Γραφείο Γενικού Γραμματέα/Secretary-General's Office/Cabinet du Secrétaire général/Gabinetto del Segretario generale/Ģenerālsekretāra kabinets/Generalinio sekretoriaus kabinetas/Főtitkári hivatal/Kabinett tas-Segretarju Ġenerali/Kabinet van de secretaris-generaal/Gabinet Sekretarza Generalnego/Gabinete do Secretário-Geral/Cabinet Secretar General/Kancelária generálneho tajomníka/Urad generalnega sekretarja/Pääsihteerin kabinetti/Generalsekreterarens kansli

Генерална дирекция/Dirección General/Generální ředitelství/Generaldirektorat/Generaldirektion/Peadirektoraat/Γενική Διεύθυνση/ Directorate-General/Direction générale/Direzione generale/Ģenerāldirektorāts/Generalinis direktoratas/Főigazgatóság/Direttorat Generali/Direktoraten-generaal/Dyrekcja Generalna/Direcção-Geral/Direcții Generale/Generálne riaditeľstvo/Generalni direktorat/ Pääosasto/Generaldirektorat	
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Mollet	

- * (P) = Председател/Presidente/Předseda/Formand/Vorsitzender/Esimees/Πρόεδρος/Chair(wo)man/Président/Priekšsēdētājs/Pirmininkas/
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Vice-Chair(wo)man/Vice-Président/Priekšsēdētāja vietnieks/Pirmininko pavaduotojas/Alelnök/Víci President/Ondervoorzitter/
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Memburu/Lid/Członek/Membro/Membro/Člen/Poslanec/Jäsen/Ledamot
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Ierēdnis/Pareigūnas/Tisztviselő/Ufficial/Ambtenaar/Urzędnik/Funcionário/Funcionar/Úradník/Uradnik/Virkamies/Tjänsteman