



2018/0206(COD)

26.9.2018

AMENDMENTS

20 - 231

Draft report
Verónica Lope Fontagné
(PE625.203v01-00)

European Social Fund Plus (ESF+)

Proposal for a regulation
(COM(2018)0382 – C8-0232/2018 – 2018/0206(COD))

Amendment 20

Terry Reintke

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation

Citation 1 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

having regard to the UN Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities to which the European Union and all its Member States are parties,

Or. en

Amendment 21

Marian Harkin, Olga Sehnalová, Helga Stevens, Ádám Kósa, Martina Anderson

Proposal for a regulation

Citation 1 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

having regard to the UN Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities to which the EU and all its Member States are parties,

Or. en

Justification

The In Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities has to be included in the legal basis of the ESF+ as the EU and all Member States have ratified it.

Amendment 22

Brando Benifei, Georgi Pirinski, Agnes Jongerius, Emilian Pavel, Silvia Costa, Sergio Gutiérrez Prieto, Javi López, Elena Gentile, Claudiu Ciprian Tănăsescu, Miapetra Kumpula-Natri

Proposal for a regulation

Citation 5 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

having regard to the Interinstitutional Proclamation on the European Pillar of Social Rights (2017/C 428/09),

Or. en

Amendment 23

Brando Benifei, Georgi Pirinski, Agnes Jongerius, Emilian Pavel, Silvia Costa, Soraya Post, Sergio Gutiérrez Prieto, Javi López, Elena Gentile, Claudiu Ciprian Tănăsescu, Miapetra Kumpula-Natri

Proposal for a regulation

Citation 5 b (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

having regard to the United Nations Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities,

Or. en

Amendment 24

Brando Benifei, Georgi Pirinski, Agnes Jongerius, Emilian Pavel, Silvia Costa, Soraya Post, Elena Gentile, Claudiu Ciprian Tănăsescu, Sergio Gutiérrez Prieto, Javi López, Miapetra Kumpula-Natri, Maria João Rodrigues

Proposal for a regulation

Citation 5 c (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

having regard to the Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union,

Or. en

Amendment 25

Brando Benifei, Georgi Pirinski, Agnes Jongerius, Emilian Pavel, Silvia Costa, Soraya

Post, Miapetra Kumpula-Natri, Claudiu Ciprian Tănăsescu, Sergio Gutiérrez Prieto, Javi López, Elena Gentile, Maria João Rodrigues

Proposal for a regulation
Citation 5 d (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

*having regard to the European
Convention on Human Rights,*

Or. en

Amendment 26

Brando Benifei, Georgi Pirinski, Agnes Jongerius, Emilian Pavel, Silvia Costa, Elena Gentile, Miapetra Kumpula-Natri, Claudiu Ciprian Tănăsescu, Sergio Gutiérrez Prieto, Javi López

Proposal for a regulation
Recital -1 (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(-1) Pursuant to Article 3 TEU, the Union in establishing an Internal Market is working for a highly competitive social market economy, aiming at full employment and social progress; promoting equality between women and men, solidarity between generations and protection of the rights of the child; as well as combating social exclusion and discrimination. In accordance with Article 9 TFEU, the Union, in defining and implementing its policies and activities, is to take into account requirements linked to, inter alia, the promotion of a high level of employment, the guarantee of an adequate social protection, the fight against social exclusion, and the promotion of a high level of education, training and the protection of human health.

Or. en

Amendment 27

Terry Reintke

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 1

Text proposed by the Commission

(1) On 17 November 2017, the European Pillar of Social Rights was jointly proclaimed by the European Parliament, the Council and the Commission as a response to social challenges in Europe. The twenty key principles of the pillar are structured around three categories: equal opportunities and access to the labour market; fair working conditions; social protection and inclusion. The twenty principles of the European Pillar of Social Rights should guide the actions under the European Social Fund Plus (ESF+). In order to contribute to the implementation of the European Pillar of Social Rights the ESF+ should support investments in people and systems in the policy areas of employment, education and social inclusion, thereby supporting economic, territorial and social cohesion in accordance with Article 174 TFEU.

Amendment

(1) On 17 November 2017, the European Pillar of Social Rights was jointly proclaimed by the European Parliament, the Council and the Commission as a response to social challenges in Europe. ***The European Pillar of Social Rights sets out obligations for the Member States as regards social protection, social inclusion, decent working conditions, equal opportunities and access to the labour market.*** The twenty key principles of the pillar are structured around three categories: equal opportunities and access to the labour market; fair working conditions; social protection and inclusion. The twenty principles of the European Pillar of Social Rights should guide the actions under the European Social Fund Plus (ESF+). In order to contribute to the implementation of the European Pillar of Social Rights the ESF+ should support investments in people and systems in the policy areas of employment, education and social inclusion, thereby supporting economic, territorial and social cohesion in accordance with Article 174 TFEU.

Or. en

Amendment 28

Ulrike Trebesius

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 1

Text proposed by the Commission

(1) On 17 November 2017, the European Pillar of Social Rights was jointly proclaimed by the European Parliament, the Council and the Commission as a response to social challenges in Europe. The twenty key principles of the pillar are structured around three categories: equal opportunities and access to the labour market; fair working conditions; social protection and inclusion. The twenty principles of the European Pillar of Social Rights should guide the actions under the European Social Fund Plus (ESF+). In order to contribute to the implementation of the European Pillar of Social Rights the ESF+ should support investments in people and systems in the policy areas of employment, education and social inclusion, thereby supporting economic, territorial and social cohesion in accordance with Article 174 TFEU.

Amendment

(1) On 17 November 2017, the European Pillar of Social Rights was jointly proclaimed by the European Parliament, the Council and the Commission as a response to social challenges in Europe. ***The European Pillar of Social Rights is a declaration of political intent but not a legal framework. To reach the goals of the European Pillar of Social Rights, the goals of the European Social Fund Plus (ESF+) have to be grounded on a legal basis of the current EU acquis and cannot transcend it.*** The twenty key principles of the pillar are structured around three categories: equal opportunities and access to the labour market; fair working conditions; social protection and inclusion. The twenty principles of the European Pillar of Social Rights should guide the actions under the ESF+. In order to contribute to the implementation of the European Pillar of Social Rights the ESF+ should support investments in people and systems in the policy areas of employment, education and social inclusion, thereby supporting economic, territorial and social cohesion in accordance with Article 174 TFEU, ***while respecting the principles of subsidiarity and proportionality.***

Or. en

Amendment 29
Elisabeth Morin-Chartier

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 1

Text proposed by the Commission

(1) On 17 November 2017, the European Pillar of Social Rights was jointly proclaimed by the European

Amendment

(1) On 17 November 2017, the European Pillar of Social Rights was jointly proclaimed by the European

Parliament, the Council and the Commission as a response to social challenges in Europe. The twenty key principles of the pillar are structured around three categories: equal opportunities and access to the labour market; fair working conditions; social protection and inclusion. The twenty principles of the European Pillar of Social Rights should guide the actions under the European Social Fund Plus (ESF+). In order to contribute to the implementation of the European Pillar of Social Rights the ESF+ should support investments in people and systems in the policy areas of employment, education and social inclusion, thereby supporting economic, territorial and social cohesion in accordance with Article 174 TFEU.

Parliament, the Council and the Commission as a response to social challenges in Europe. The twenty key principles of the pillar are structured around three categories: equal opportunities and access to the labour market; fair working conditions; social protection and inclusion. The twenty principles of the European Pillar of Social Rights should guide the actions under the European Social Fund Plus (ESF+). In order to contribute to the implementation of the European Pillar of Social Rights the ESF+ should support investments in people and systems in the policy areas of employment, education and social inclusion, thereby supporting economic, territorial and social cohesion in accordance with Article 174 TFEU. ***All actions under the ESF+ should respect the Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union.***

Or. en

Amendment 30 **Verónica Lope Fontagné**

Proposal for a regulation **Recital 1**

Text proposed by the Commission

(1) On 17 November 2017, the European Pillar of Social Rights was jointly proclaimed by the European Parliament, the Council and the Commission as a response to social challenges in Europe. The twenty key principles of the pillar are structured around three categories: equal opportunities and access to the labour market; fair working conditions; social protection and inclusion. The twenty principles of the European Pillar of Social Rights should guide the actions under the European Social Fund Plus (ESF+). In

Amendment

(1) On 17 November 2017, the European Pillar of Social Rights was jointly proclaimed by the European Parliament, the Council and the Commission as a response to social challenges in Europe. The twenty key principles of the pillar are structured around three categories: equal opportunities and access to the labour market; fair working conditions; social protection and inclusion. The twenty principles of the European Pillar of Social Rights should guide the actions under the European Social Fund Plus (ESF+). In

order to contribute to the implementation of the European Pillar of Social Rights the ESF+ should support investments in people and systems in the policy areas of employment, education and social inclusion, thereby supporting economic, territorial and social cohesion in accordance with Article 174 TFEU.

order to contribute to the implementation of the European Pillar of Social Rights the ESF+ should support investments in people and systems in the policy areas of employment, education and social inclusion, thereby supporting economic, territorial and social cohesion in accordance with Article 174 **and 175** TFEU.

Or. es

Amendment 31

Mara Bizzotto, Dominique Martin, Joëlle Mélin

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 2

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(2) At Union level, the European Semester of economic policy coordination is the framework to identify national reform priorities and monitor their implementation. Member States develop their own national multiannual investment strategies in support of those reform priorities. Those strategies should be presented alongside the yearly National Reform Programmes as a way to outline and coordinate priority investment projects to be supported by national and/or Union funding. They should also serve to use Union funding in a coherent manner and to maximise the added value of the financial support to be received notably from the programmes supported by the Union under the European Regional Development Fund, the Cohesion Fund, the European Social Fund Plus, the European Maritime and Fisheries Fund and the European Agricultural Fund for Rural Development, the European Investment Stabilisation Function and InvestEU, where relevant.

deleted

Justification

The European Semester promotes an entirely opaque governance model, which is undemocratic and does not take into account the principle of subsidiarity.

Amendment 32

Gabriele Zimmer, Patrick Le Hyaric, Lynn Boylan

Proposal for a regulation**Recital 2***Text proposed by the Commission*

(2) At Union level, *the European Semester of economic policy coordination* is the framework *to identify national reform priorities and monitor their implementation*. Member States *develop their own national multiannual investment strategies in support of those reform priorities. Those strategies should be presented alongside the yearly National Reform Programmes as a way to outline and coordinate priority investment projects to be supported by national and/or Union funding*. They should also serve to use Union funding in a coherent manner and to maximise the *added* value of the financial support to be received notably from the programmes supported by the Union under the European Regional Development Fund, the Cohesion Fund, the European *Social Fund Plus, the European Maritime and Fisheries Fund and the European Agricultural Fund for Rural Development, the European Investment Stabilisation Function and InvestEU*, where relevant.

Amendment

(2) At Union level, *Article 151 TFEU and the rights enshrined in the revised European Social Charter (ETS No. 163)* set the framework *for the Union's and Member States' strategies implementing the ESF+*. They should also serve to use Union funding in a coherent manner and to maximise the *social* value of the financial support to be received notably from the programmes supported by the Union under the European Regional Development Fund, the Cohesion Fund, the European Maritime and Fisheries Fund and the European Agricultural Fund for Rural Development, where relevant.

Amendment 33

Terry Reintke

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 2

Text proposed by the Commission

(2) At Union level, the European Semester of economic policy coordination is the framework to identify national reform priorities and monitor their implementation. Member States develop their own national multiannual investment strategies in support of those reform priorities. Those strategies should be presented alongside the yearly National Reform Programmes as a way to outline and coordinate priority investment projects to be supported by national and/or Union funding. They should also serve to use Union funding in a coherent manner and to maximise the added value of the financial support to be received notably from the programmes supported by the Union under the European Regional Development Fund, the Cohesion Fund, the European Social Fund Plus, the European Maritime and Fisheries Fund and the European Agricultural Fund for Rural Development, the European Investment Stabilisation Function and InvestEU, where relevant.

Amendment

(2) At Union level, the European Semester of economic policy coordination is the framework to identify national reform priorities and monitor their implementation. Member States develop their own national multiannual investment strategies in support of those reform priorities. Those strategies should ***be developed in partnership between national, regional and local authorities, include a gender perspective and*** be presented alongside the yearly National Reform Programmes as a way to outline and coordinate priority investment projects to be supported by national and/or Union funding. They should also serve to use Union funding in a coherent manner and to maximise the added value of the financial support to be received notably from the programmes supported by the Union under the European Regional Development Fund, the Cohesion Fund, the European Social Fund Plus, the European Maritime and Fisheries Fund and the European Agricultural Fund for Rural Development, the European Investment Stabilisation Function and InvestEU, where relevant.

Or. en

Amendment 34

Javi López

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 2

Text proposed by the Commission

(2) At Union level, the European Semester of economic policy coordination

Amendment

(2) At Union level, the European Semester of economic policy coordination

is the framework to identify national reform priorities and monitor their implementation. Member States develop their own national multiannual investment strategies in support of those reform priorities. Those strategies should be presented alongside the yearly National Reform Programmes as a way to outline and coordinate priority investment projects to be supported by national and/or Union funding. They should also serve to use Union funding in a coherent manner and to maximise the added value of the financial support to be received notably from the programmes supported by the Union under the European Regional Development Fund, the Cohesion Fund, the European Social Fund Plus, the European Maritime and Fisheries Fund and the European Agricultural Fund for Rural Development, the European Investment Stabilisation Function and InvestEU, where relevant.

is the framework to identify national reform priorities and monitor their implementation. Member States develop their own national multiannual investment strategies in support of those reform priorities. Those strategies should be presented alongside the yearly National Reform Programmes, *developed with the proper involvement of the local and regional authorities and other relevant stakeholders*, as a way to outline and coordinate priority investment projects to be supported by national and/or Union funding. They should also serve to use Union funding in a coherent manner and to maximise the added value of the financial support to be received notably from the programmes supported by the Union under the European Regional Development Fund, the Cohesion Fund, the European Social Fund Plus, the European Maritime and Fisheries Fund and the European Agricultural Fund for Rural Development, the European Investment Stabilisation Function and InvestEU, where relevant.

Or. es

Amendment 35

Brando Benifei, Georgi Pirinski, Agnes Jongerius, Emilian Pavel, Elena Gentile, Miapetra Kumpula-Natri, Claudiu Ciprian Tănăsescu, Sergio Gutiérrez Prieto, Javi López

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 2

Text proposed by the Commission

(2) At Union level, the European Semester of economic policy coordination is the framework to identify national reform priorities and monitor their implementation. Member States develop their own national multiannual investment strategies in support of those reform priorities. Those strategies should be presented alongside the yearly National

Amendment

(2) At Union level, the European Semester of economic policy coordination is the framework to identify national reform priorities and monitor their implementation. Member States develop their own national multiannual investment strategies in support of those reform priorities. Those strategies should be *developed in partnership between*

Reform Programmes as a way to outline and coordinate priority investment projects to be supported by national and/or Union funding. They should also serve to use Union funding in a coherent manner and to maximise the added value of the financial support to be received notably from the programmes supported by the Union under the European Regional Development Fund, the Cohesion Fund, the European Social Fund Plus, the European Maritime and Fisheries Fund and the European Agricultural Fund for Rural Development, the European Investment Stabilisation Function and InvestEU, where relevant.

national, regional and local authorities and presented alongside the yearly National Reform Programmes as a way to outline and coordinate priority investment projects to be supported by national and/or Union funding. They should also serve to use Union funding in a coherent manner and to maximise the added value of the financial support to be received notably from the programmes supported by the Union under the European Regional Development Fund, the Cohesion Fund, the European Social Fund Plus, the European Maritime and Fisheries Fund and the European Agricultural Fund for Rural Development, the European Investment Stabilisation Function and InvestEU, where relevant.

Or. en

Amendment 36

Brando Benifei, Georgi Pirinski, Agnes Jongerius, Emilian Pavel, Elena Gentile, Miapetra Kumpula-Natri, Claudiu Ciprian Tănăsescu, Sergio Gutiérrez Prieto, Javi López, Maria João Rodrigues

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 2 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(2a) On 20 June 2017, the Council endorsed the Union response to the ‘UN 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development’ - a sustainable European future. The Council underlined the importance of achieving sustainable development across the three dimensions (economic, social and environmental), in a balanced and integrated way. It is vital that sustainable development is mainstreamed into all Union internal and external policy areas, and that the Union is ambitious in the policies it uses to address global challenges. The Council welcomed the Commission Communication on “Next steps for a

sustainable European future” of 22 November 2016 as a first step in mainstreaming the Sustainable Development Goals and applying sustainable development as an essential guiding principle for all Union policies, including through its budgetary programmes. The ESF+ should mainly contribute to implementing the Sustainable Development Goals by halving relative poverty and eradicating extreme forms of poverty (goal 1); good health and well-being (goal 3); quality and inclusive education (goal 4), promoting gender equality (goal 5), promoting sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all (goal 8), and reducing inequality (goal 10).

Or. en

Amendment 37

Gabriele Zimmer, Patrick Le Hyaric, Lynn Boylan

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 3

Text proposed by the Commission

(3) *The Council of [...] adopted revised guidelines for the employment policies of the Member States to align the text with the principles of the European Pillar of Social Rights, with a view to improving Europe’s competitiveness and making it a better place to invest, create jobs and foster social cohesion.* In order to ensure the full alignment of the ESF+ with the objectives *of these guidelines, particularly* as regards employment, education, training and the fight against social exclusion, poverty and discrimination, the ESF+ should support Member States, *taking account of the relevant Integrated Guidelines and*

Amendment

(3) In order to ensure the full alignment of the ESF+ with the *Union’s* objectives as regards employment, education, training and the fight against social exclusion, poverty and discrimination, the ESF+ should support Member States *and* contribute to relevant aspects of the implementation of key Union initiatives and activities, in particular the “Skills Agenda for Europe”, the European Education Area *and the Action Plan on the integration of third-country nationals*, relevant Council Recommendations and other initiatives such as the Youth Guarantee, Upskilling Pathways and on

relevant country-specific recommendations adopted in accordance with Article 121(2) TFEU and Article 148(4) TFEU and, where appropriate, at national level, the national reform programmes underpinned by national strategies. The ESF+ should also contribute to relevant aspects of the implementation of key Union initiatives and activities, in particular the “Skills Agenda for Europe” *and* the European Education Area, relevant Council Recommendations and other initiatives such as the Youth Guarantee, Upskilling Pathways and on Integration of the long-term unemployed.

Integration of the long-term unemployed.

Or. en

Amendment 38
Mara Bizzotto, Dominique Martin, Joëlle Mélin

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 3

Text proposed by the Commission

(3) The Council of [...] adopted revised guidelines for the employment policies of the Member States to align the text with the principles of the European Pillar of Social Rights, with a view to improving Europe's competitiveness and making it a better place to invest, create jobs and foster social cohesion. In order to ensure the full alignment of the ESF+ with the objectives of these guidelines, particularly as regards employment, education, training and the fight against social exclusion, poverty and discrimination, the ESF+ should support Member States, taking account of the relevant Integrated Guidelines *and relevant country-specific recommendations adopted in accordance with Article 121(2) TFEU and Article 148(4) TFEU and, where appropriate, at*

Amendment

(3) The Council of [...] adopted revised guidelines for the employment policies of the Member States to align the text with the principles of the European Pillar of Social Rights, with a view to improving Europe's competitiveness and making it a better place to invest, create jobs and foster social cohesion. In order to ensure the full alignment of the ESF+ with the objectives of these guidelines, particularly as regards employment, education, training and the fight against social exclusion, poverty and discrimination, the ESF+ should support Member States, taking account of the relevant Integrated Guidelines. The ESF+ should also contribute to relevant aspects of the implementation of key Union initiatives and activities, in particular the "Skills Agenda for Europe" and the

national level, the national reform programmes underpinned by national strategies. The ESF+ should also contribute to relevant aspects of the implementation of key Union initiatives and activities, in particular the "Skills Agenda for Europe" and the European Education Area, relevant Council Recommendations and other initiatives such as the Youth Guarantee, Upskilling Pathways and on Integration of the long-term unemployed.

European Education Area, relevant Council Recommendations and other initiatives such as the Youth Guarantee, Upskilling Pathways and on Integration of the long-term unemployed.

Or. it

Amendment 39
Claude Rolin

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 3

Text proposed by the Commission

(3) The Council of [...] adopted revised guidelines for the employment policies of the Member States to align the text with the principles of the European Pillar of Social Rights, with a view to improving Europe's competitiveness and making it a better place to invest, create jobs and foster social cohesion. In order to ensure the full alignment of the ESF+ with the objectives of these guidelines, particularly as regards employment, education, training and the fight against social exclusion, poverty and discrimination, the ESF+ should support Member States, taking account of the relevant Integrated Guidelines *and relevant country-specific recommendations adopted in accordance with Article 121(2) TFEU and Article 148(4) TFEU and, where appropriate, at national level, the national reform programmes underpinned by national strategies.* The ESF+ should also contribute to relevant aspects of the

Amendment

(3) The Council of [...] adopted revised guidelines for the employment policies of the Member States to align the text with the principles of the European Pillar of Social Rights, with a view to improving Europe's competitiveness and making it a better place to invest, create jobs and foster social cohesion. In order to ensure the full alignment of the ESF+ with the objectives of these guidelines, particularly as regards employment, education, training and the fight against social exclusion, poverty and discrimination, the ESF+ should support Member States, taking account of the relevant Integrated Guidelines. The ESF+ should also contribute to relevant aspects of the implementation of key Union initiatives and activities, in particular the "Skills Agenda for Europe" and the European Education Area, relevant Council Recommendations and other initiatives such as the Youth Guarantee, Upskilling Pathways and on Integration of the long-

implementation of key Union initiatives and activities, in particular the “Skills Agenda for Europe” and the European Education Area, relevant Council Recommendations and other initiatives such as the Youth Guarantee, Upskilling Pathways and on Integration of the long-term unemployed.

term unemployed.

Or. fr

Amendment 40

Brando Benifei, Georgi Pirinski, Agnes Jongerius, Emilian Pavel, Miapetra Kumpula-Natri, Elena Gentile, Claudiu Ciprian Tănăsescu, Sergio Gutiérrez Prieto, Javi López, Maria João Rodrigues

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 3

Text proposed by the Commission

(3) The Council of [...] adopted revised guidelines for the employment policies of the Member States to align *the text* with the principles of the European Pillar of Social Rights, with a view to improving Europe’s competitiveness and making *it* a better place to invest, *create jobs and foster social cohesion*. In order to ensure the full alignment of the ESF+ with the objectives of *these* guidelines, *particularly as regards employment, education, training and the fight against social exclusion, poverty and discrimination, the ESF+ should support* Member States, taking account of *the relevant Integrated Guidelines and* relevant country-specific recommendations adopted in accordance with Article *121(2) TFEU and Article 148(4) TFEU* and, *where appropriate*, at national level, the national reform programmes underpinned by national strategies. The ESF+ should also contribute to relevant aspects of the implementation of key Union initiatives and activities, in particular the “Skills Agenda for Europe” and the European

Amendment

(3) *The Guidelines for the employment policies of the Member States adopted by the Council in accordance with Article 148(2), namely: Boosting the demand for labour; Enhancing labour supply: access to employment, skills and competences; Enhancing the functioning of labour markets and the effectiveness of social dialogue and Promoting equal opportunities for all, fostering social inclusion and combatting poverty, together with the broad economic guidelines adopted in accordance with Article 121(2) form part of the Integrated Guidelines underpinning the Europe 2020 strategy.* The Council of [...] adopted revised guidelines for the employment policies of the Member States to align *them* with the principles of the European Pillar of Social Rights, with a view to, *stimulate creation of jobs and foster social cohesion, thus* improving Europe’s competitiveness and making *the Union* a better place to invest. In order to ensure the full alignment of the ESF+ with the objectives of *the* Guidelines, *for the*

Education Area, relevant Council Recommendations and other initiatives such as *the Youth Guarantee*, Upskilling Pathways *and* on Integration of the long-term unemployed.

employment *policies*, Member States *should programme the ESF+ support*, taking account of *those* Guidelines, *relevant for them, as well as of* relevant country-specific recommendations adopted in accordance with Article 148(4) TFEU and, at national level, *the employment and social aspects of* the national reform programmes underpinned by national strategies. The ESF+ should also contribute to relevant aspects of the implementation of key Union initiatives and activities, in particular the “Skills Agenda for Europe” and the European Education Area, *the Youth Guarantee and other* relevant Council Recommendations and other initiatives such as *Investing in children: breaking the cycle of disadvantage, the* Upskilling Pathways, on Integration of the long-term unemployed, *a Quality Framework for Traineeships and Apprenticeships and the Action Plan on the integration of third-country nationals.*

Or. en

Amendment 41

Terry Reintke

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 3

Text proposed by the Commission

(3) The Council of [...] adopted revised guidelines for the employment policies of the Member States to align the text with the principles of the European Pillar of Social Rights, with a view to improving Europe’s competitiveness and making it a better place to invest, create jobs and foster social cohesion. In order to ensure the full alignment of the ESF+ with the objectives of these guidelines, particularly as regards employment, education, training and the fight against

Amendment

(3) The Council of [...] adopted revised guidelines for the employment policies of the Member States to align the text with the principles of the European Pillar of Social Rights, with a view to improving Europe’s competitiveness and making it a better place to invest, create jobs and foster social cohesion. In order to ensure the full alignment of the ESF+ with the objectives of these guidelines, particularly as regards employment, education, training and the fight against

social exclusion, poverty and discrimination, the ESF+ should support Member States, taking account of the relevant Integrated Guidelines and relevant country-specific recommendations adopted in accordance with Article 121(2) TFEU and Article 148(4) TFEU and, where appropriate, at national level, the national reform programmes underpinned by national strategies. The ESF+ should also contribute to relevant aspects of the implementation of key Union initiatives and activities, in particular the “Skills Agenda for Europe” *and* the European Education Area, relevant Council Recommendations and other initiatives such as the Youth Guarantee, Upskilling Pathways and on Integration of the long-term unemployed.

social exclusion, poverty and discrimination, the ESF+ should support Member States, taking account of the relevant Integrated Guidelines and relevant country-specific recommendations adopted in accordance with Article 121(2) TFEU and Article 148(4) TFEU and, where appropriate, at national level, the national reform programmes underpinned by national strategies. The ESF+ should also contribute to relevant aspects of the implementation of key Union initiatives and activities, in particular the “Skills Agenda for Europe”, the European Education Area *and the Action Plan on the integration of third-country nationals*, relevant Council Recommendations and other initiatives such as the Youth Guarantee, Upskilling Pathways and on Integration of the long-term unemployed.

Or. en

Amendment 42

Brando Benifei, Georgi Pirinski, Agnes Jongerius, Emilian Pavel, Miapetra Kumpula-Natri, Claudiu Ciprian Tănăsescu, Sergio Gutiérrez Prieto, Javi López, Maria João Rodrigues

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 4

Text proposed by the Commission

(4) On 20 June 2017, the Council endorsed the Union response to the ‘UN 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development’ - a sustainable European future. The Council underlined the importance of achieving sustainable development across the three dimensions (economic, social and environmental), in a balanced and integrated way. It is vital that sustainable development is mainstreamed into all Union internal and external policy areas, and that the Union is ambitious in the policies it uses to address global challenges. The Council

Amendment

deleted

welcomed the Commission Communication on “Next steps for a sustainable European future” of 22 November 2016 as a first step in mainstreaming the Sustainable Development Goals and applying sustainable development as an essential guiding principle for all Union policies, including through its financing instruments.

Or. en

Amendment 43

Gabriele Zimmer, Patrick Le Hyaric, Lynn Boylan

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 4

Text proposed by the Commission

(4) On 20 June 2017, the Council endorsed the Union response to the ‘UN 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development’ - a sustainable European future. The Council underlined the importance of achieving sustainable development across the three dimensions (economic, social and environmental), in a balanced and integrated way. It is vital that sustainable development is mainstreamed into all Union internal and external policy areas, and that the Union is ambitious in the policies it uses to address global challenges. The Council welcomed the Commission Communication on “Next steps for a sustainable European future” of 22 November 2016 as a first step in mainstreaming the Sustainable Development Goals and applying sustainable development as an essential guiding principle for all Union policies, including through its financing instruments.

Amendment

(4) On 20 June 2017, the Council endorsed the Union response to the ‘UN 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development’ - a sustainable European future. The Council underlined the importance of achieving sustainable development across the three dimensions (economic, social and environmental), in a balanced and integrated way. It is vital that sustainable development is mainstreamed into all Union internal and external policy areas, and that the Union is ambitious in the policies it uses to address global challenges. The Council welcomed the Commission Communication on “Next steps for a sustainable European future” of 22 November 2016 as a first step in mainstreaming the Sustainable Development Goals and applying sustainable development as an essential guiding principle for all Union policies, including through its financing instruments.

The ESF+ contributes to implementing the Sustainable Development Goals to

halve relative poverty and eradicate extreme forms of poverty (goal 1); quality and inclusive education (goal 4), promoting gender equality (goal 5), promoting sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all (goal 8), and reducing inequality (goal 10).

Or. en

Amendment 44

Terry Reintke

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 4

Text proposed by the Commission

(4) On 20 June 2017, the Council endorsed the Union response to the ‘UN 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development’ - a sustainable European future. The Council underlined the importance of achieving sustainable development across the three dimensions (economic, social and environmental), in a balanced and integrated way. It is vital that sustainable development is mainstreamed into all Union internal and external policy areas, and that the Union is ambitious in the policies it uses to address global challenges. The Council welcomed the Commission Communication on “Next steps for a sustainable European future” of 22 November 2016 as a first step in mainstreaming the Sustainable Development Goals and applying sustainable development as an essential guiding principle for all Union policies, including through its financing instruments.

Amendment

(4) On 20 June 2017, the Council endorsed the Union response to the ‘UN 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development’ - a sustainable European future. The Council underlined the importance of achieving sustainable development across the three dimensions (economic, social and environmental), in a balanced and integrated way. It is vital that sustainable development is mainstreamed into all Union internal and external policy areas, and that the Union is ambitious in the policies it uses to address global challenges. The Council welcomed the Commission Communication on “Next steps for a sustainable European future” of 22 November 2016 as a first step in mainstreaming the Sustainable Development Goals and applying sustainable development as an essential guiding principle for all Union policies, including through its financing instruments. *The ESF+ can make a particular contribution to implementing the Sustainable Development Goals by halving relative poverty and eradicating*

extreme forms of poverty (goal 1); quality and inclusive education (goal 4), promoting gender equality (goal 5), promoting sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all (goal 8), and reducing inequality (goal 10) as well as the Paris Agreement.

Or. en

Amendment 45
Elena Gentile

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 4

Text proposed by the Commission

(4) On 20 June 2017, the Council endorsed the Union response to the ‘UN 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development’ - a sustainable European future. The Council underlined the importance of achieving sustainable development across the three dimensions (economic, social and environmental), in a balanced and integrated way. It is vital that sustainable development is mainstreamed into all Union internal and external policy areas, and that the Union is ambitious in the policies it uses to address global challenges. The Council welcomed the Commission Communication on “Next steps for a sustainable European future” of 22 November 2016 as a first step in mainstreaming the Sustainable Development Goals and applying sustainable development as an essential guiding principle for all Union policies, including through its financing instruments.

Amendment

(4) On 20 June 2017, the Council endorsed the Union response to the ‘UN 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development’ - a sustainable European future. The Council underlined the importance of achieving sustainable development across the three dimensions (economic, social and environmental), in a balanced and integrated way. It is vital that sustainable development is mainstreamed into all Union internal and external policy areas, and that the Union is ambitious in the policies it uses to address global challenges. The Council welcomed the Commission Communication on “Next steps for a sustainable European future” of 22 November 2016 as a first step in mainstreaming the Sustainable Development Goals and applying sustainable development as an essential guiding principle for all Union policies, including through its financing instruments. ***The ESF+ can contribute to implementing the Sustainable Development Goals by eradicating extreme forms of poverty (goal 1); quality and inclusive education (goal 4) promoting gender equality (goal 5) and***

reducing inequality (goal 10) among others.

Or. en

Amendment 46
Edouard Martin

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 4 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(4a) The Union endorsed the objectives of the Paris Agreement in 2015 and has adopted in 2018 new rules on the Governance of the Energy Union as a first step to implement this Agreement. The rules on the Governance of the Energy Union constitute a legally binding framework to identify national and European energy and climate related measures across the entire political spectrum to achieve a socially acceptable and just transition to a sustainable low carbon economy, taking into consideration citizens and regions which would be involved in this transition, so that the local and collective skills and welfare level is not adversely impacted, with the objective of maintaining the territorial production of added-value. Achieving greenhouse gas emission reduction should in particular go hand-in-hand with the creation of sustainable, local jobs and should lead to improvements of public health. The rules on the Governance of the Energy Union foresee the adoption of integrated national climate and energy plans based on a wide consultation with, inter alia, social partners and civil society (the same stakeholders already involved in ESF governance) and the issue of recommendations to the Members States in order to achieve EU agreed targets. The climate and Energy framework is as

important as the European Semester of economic policy coordination and should serve on equal footing and in a coherent manner with the European Semester of economic policy coordination to the use of Union funding.

Or. en

Amendment 47

Terry Reintke

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 4 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(4a) The Union and its Member States, having in mind the European Social Charter signed at Turin on 18 October 1961, should have in their objectives the promotion of employment, improved living and working conditions, with a view to lasting high levels of employment and combating exclusion, in accordance with Article 151 TFEU.

Or. en

Amendment 48

Mara Bizzotto, Dominique Martin, Joëlle Mélin

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 5

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(5) The Union *is* confronted with structural challenges arising from economic globalisation, *the management of migration flows and* the increased security threat, clean energy transition, technological change *and* an increasingly ageing workforce and growing skills and

(5) The Union *and the Member States are* confronted with structural challenges arising from economic globalisation *and dematerialisation, which are responsible for the substantial increase in immigration,* the increased security threat, clean energy transition, technological

labour shortages in some sectors and regions, experienced especially by SMEs. Taking into account the changing realities of the world of work, ***the Union should be prepared for the current and future challenges by investing*** in relevant skills, ***making*** growth ***more inclusive*** and ***by improving*** employment ***and social*** policies, ***including in view of labour mobility***.

change, ***the declining birth rate***, an increasingly ageing workforce and growing skills and labour shortages in some sectors and regions, experienced especially by SMEs. Taking into account the changing realities of the world of work ***and the new challenges that they present in terms of employment protection***, ***it is necessary to invest*** in relevant skills, growth ***and social*** and employment policies.

Or. it

Amendment 49

Terry Reintke

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 5

Text proposed by the Commission

(5) The Union is confronted with structural challenges arising from economic globalisation, the management of migration flows and ***the increased security threat***, clean energy transition, technological change ***and*** an increasingly ageing workforce and growing skills and labour shortages in some sectors and regions, experienced especially by SMEs. Taking into account the changing realities of the world of work, the Union should be prepared for the current and future challenges by investing in ***relevant*** skills, making ***growth*** more inclusive and by improving employment and social policies, including in view of labour mobility.

Amendment

(5) The Union is confronted with structural challenges arising from ***social inequalities***, economic globalisation, the management of migration flows and ***related inclusion challenges***, clean energy transition, technological change, ***demographic challenges, unequal access to education and social protection, unbalanced distribution of care responsibilities***, an increasingly ageing workforce, ***lack of employment opportunities*** and growing skills and labour shortages in some sectors and regions, experienced especially by SMEs. Taking into account the changing realities of the world of work, the Union should be prepared for the current and future challenges by ***engaging in the just transition***, investing in ***quality and inclusive education and training, lifelong learning and*** skills, making ***labour markets*** more inclusive and by improving employment, ***education*** and social policies, including in view of labour mobility ***and by fighting against gender gaps and***

women's discrimination.

Or. en

Amendment 50

Gabriele Zimmer, Patrick Le Hyaric, Lynn Boylan

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 5

Text proposed by the Commission

(5) The Union is confronted with structural challenges arising from economic globalisation, the management of migration *flows and the increased security threat*, clean energy transition, technological change and an increasingly ageing workforce and growing skills and labour shortages in some sectors and regions, *experienced especially by SMEs*. Taking into account the changing realities of the world of work, the Union should be prepared for the current and future challenges by investing in relevant skills, making growth *more* inclusive and by improving employment and social policies, including in view of labour mobility.

Amendment

(5) The Union is confronted with structural challenges arising from economic globalisation, the *impact of austerity policies, the* management of migration, clean energy transition, technological change and an increasingly ageing workforce and growing skills and labour shortages in some sectors and regions. Taking into account the changing realities of the world of work, the Union should be prepared for the current and future challenges by investing in relevant skills, making growth inclusive and by improving employment and social policies, including in view of labour mobility.

Or. en

Amendment 51

Brando Benifei, Georgi Pirinski, Agnes Jongerius, Emilian Pavel, Elena Gentile, Miapetra Kumpula-Natri, Claudiu Ciprian Tănăsescu, Sergio Gutiérrez Prieto, Javi López

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 5

Text proposed by the Commission

(5) The Union is confronted with structural challenges arising from economic globalisation, the management of migration flows *and the increased security*

Amendment

(5) The Union is confronted with structural challenges arising from economic globalisation, the management of migration flows, clean energy *and just*

threat, clean energy transition, technological change and an increasingly ageing workforce and growing skills and labour shortages in some sectors and regions, experienced especially by SMEs. Taking into account the changing realities of the world of work, the Union should be prepared for the current and future challenges by investing in relevant skills, making growth more inclusive and by improving employment and social policies, including in view of labour mobility.

transition, technological change, **demographic decline** and an increasingly ageing workforce and growing skills **shortages** and labour shortages in some sectors and regions, experienced especially by SMEs. Taking into account the changing realities of the world of work, the Union should be prepared for the current and future challenges by investing in relevant skills, making growth more inclusive and by improving **education and training**, employment and social policies, including in view of labour mobility.

Or. en

Amendment 52 **Claude Rolin**

Proposal for a regulation **Recital 5**

Text proposed by the Commission

(5) The Union is confronted with structural challenges arising from economic globalisation, the management of migration flows **and the increased security threat**, clean energy transition, technological change and an increasingly ageing workforce and growing skills and labour shortages in some sectors and regions, experienced especially by SMEs. Taking into account the changing realities of the world of work, the Union should be prepared for the current and future challenges by investing in relevant skills, making growth more inclusive and by improving employment and social policies, including in view of labour mobility.

Amendment

(5) The Union is confronted with structural challenges arising from economic globalisation, the management of migration flows, clean energy transition, technological change and an increasingly ageing workforce and growing skills and labour shortages in some sectors and regions, experienced especially by SMEs. Taking into account the changing realities of the world of work, the Union should be prepared for the current and future challenges by investing in relevant skills, making growth more inclusive and by improving employment and social policies, including in view of labour mobility.

Or. fr

Amendment 53 **Geoffroy Didier, Jérôme Lavrilleux, Elisabeth Morin-Chartier, Anne Sander**

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 5

Text proposed by the Commission

(5) The Union is confronted with structural challenges arising from economic globalisation, the management of migration flows and the increased security threat, clean energy transition, technological change and an increasingly ageing workforce and growing skills and labour shortages in some sectors and regions, experienced especially by SMEs. Taking into account the changing realities of the world of work, the Union should be prepared for the current and future challenges by investing in relevant skills, making growth more inclusive and by improving employment and social policies, including in view of labour mobility.

Amendment

(5) The Union is confronted with structural challenges arising from economic globalisation, the management of migration flows and the increased security threat, clean energy transition, technological change, ***unemployment in general and youth unemployment***, and an increasingly ageing workforce and growing skills and labour shortages in some sectors and regions, experienced especially by SMEs. Taking into account the changing realities of the world of work, the Union should be prepared for the current and future challenges by investing in relevant skills, making growth more inclusive and by improving employment and social policies, including in view of labour mobility.

Or. fr

Amendment 54
Ulrike Trebesius

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 5

Text proposed by the Commission

(5) The Union is confronted with structural challenges arising from economic globalisation, the management of migration flows and the increased security threat, clean energy transition, technological change and an increasingly ageing workforce and growing skills and labour shortages in some sectors and regions, experienced especially by SMEs. Taking into account the changing realities of the world of work, the Union should be prepared for the current and future

Amendment

(5) The Union is confronted with structural challenges arising from economic globalisation, the management of ***internal and external*** migration flows and the increased security threat, clean energy transition, technological change and an increasingly ageing workforce and growing skills and labour shortages in some sectors and regions, experienced especially by SMEs. Taking into account the changing realities of the world of work, the Union should be prepared for the current and

challenges by investing in relevant skills, making growth more inclusive and by improving employment and social policies, including in view of labour mobility.

future challenges by investing in relevant skills, making growth more inclusive and by improving employment and social policies, including in view of labour mobility *of EU citizens*.

Or. en

Amendment 55
Edouard Martin

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 5

Text proposed by the Commission

(5) The Union is confronted with structural challenges arising from economic globalisation, the management of migration flows and the increased security threat, clean energy transition, technological change and an increasingly ageing workforce and growing skills and labour shortages in some sectors and regions, experienced especially by SMEs. Taking into account the changing realities of the world of work, the Union should be prepared for the current and future challenges by investing in relevant skills, making growth more inclusive and by improving employment and social policies, including in view of labour mobility.

Amendment

(5) The Union is confronted with structural challenges arising from economic globalisation, the management of migration flows and the increased security threat, clean energy *and just* transition, technological change and an increasingly ageing workforce and growing skills and labour shortages in some sectors and regions, experienced especially by SMEs. Taking into account the changing realities of the world of work, the Union should be prepared for the current and future challenges by investing in relevant skills, making growth more inclusive and by improving employment and social policies, including in view of labour mobility.

Or. en

Amendment 56
Terry Reintke
on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 5 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(5a) To anticipate challenges and take

concrete steps towards a socially and environmentally sustainable economy, just transition roadmaps, developed in cooperation with local and regional governments and stakeholders, should be included in the operational programmes, outlining regional and local strategies towards a climate-friendly and resource efficient future, with the aim of social inclusion, quality job creation, sustainability and investment geared towards supporting future-oriented local development.

Or. en

Amendment 57
Heinz K. Becker

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 5 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(5a) The continuing high level of youth unemployment in Europe is deplorable, and many Member States still need to take urgent action in this area, including Greece, where the youth unemployment rate is roughly 40%. The objective of reducing youth unemployment must continue to be given priority in the country-specific recommendations.

Or. de

Amendment 58
Elena Gentile

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 6

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(6) Regulation (EU) No [...]

(6) Regulation (EU) No [...]

establishes the framework for action by the European Regional Development Fund (ERDF), the European Social Fund Plus (ESF+), the Cohesion Fund, the European Maritime and Fisheries Fund (EMFF), the Asylum and Migration Fund (AMIF), Internal Security Fund (ISF) and the Border Management and Visa Instrument (BMVI) as a part of the Integrated Border Management Fund (IBMF), and lays down, in particular, the policy objectives and the rules concerning programming, monitoring and evaluation, management and control for Union funds implemented under shared management. It is therefore necessary to specify the general objectives of the ESF+, and to lay down specific provisions concerning the type of activities that may be financed by the ESF+.

establishes the framework for action by the European Regional Development Fund (ERDF), the European Social Fund Plus (ESF+), the Cohesion Fund, the European Maritime and Fisheries Fund (EMFF), the Asylum and Migration Fund (AMIF), Internal Security Fund (ISF) and the Border Management and Visa Instrument (BMVI) as a part of the Integrated Border Management Fund (IBMF), and lays down, in particular, the policy objectives and the rules concerning programming, monitoring and evaluation, management and control for Union funds implemented under shared management. It is therefore necessary to specify the general objectives of the ESF+ **and its coordination with other funds**, and to lay down specific provisions concerning the type of activities that may be financed by the ESF+.

Or. en

Amendment 59

Brando Benifei, Georgi Pirinski, Agnes Jongerius, Emilian Pavel, Miapetra Kumpula-Natri, Claudiu Ciprian Tănăsescu, Sergio Gutiérrez Prieto, Javi López

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 6

Text proposed by the Commission

(6) Regulation (EU) No [...] establishes the framework for action by the European Regional Development Fund (ERDF), the European Social Fund Plus (ESF+), the Cohesion Fund, the European Maritime and Fisheries Fund (EMFF), the Asylum and Migration Fund (AMIF), Internal Security Fund (ISF) and the Border Management and Visa Instrument (BMVI) as a part of the Integrated Border Management Fund (IBMF), and lays down, in particular, the policy objectives and the rules concerning programming, monitoring and evaluation, management and control for Union funds implemented under shared

Amendment

(6) Regulation (EU) No [...] establishes the framework for action by the European Regional Development Fund (ERDF), the European Social Fund Plus (ESF+), the Cohesion Fund, the European Maritime and Fisheries Fund (EMFF), the Asylum and Migration Fund (AMIF), Internal Security Fund (ISF) and the Border Management and Visa Instrument (BMVI) as a part of the Integrated Border Management Fund (IBMF), and lays down, in particular, the policy objectives and the rules concerning programming, monitoring and evaluation, management and control for Union funds implemented under shared

management. It is therefore necessary to specify the general objectives of the ESF+, and to lay down specific provisions concerning the type of activities that may be financed by the ESF+.

management. It is therefore necessary to specify the general objectives of the ESF+, and to lay down specific provisions concerning the type of activities that may be financed by the ESF+ ***under shared management.***

Or. en

Amendment 60
Ulrike Trebesius

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 8

Text proposed by the Commission

(8) The types of financing and the methods of implementation under this Regulation should be chosen on the basis of their ability to achieve the specific objectives of the actions and to deliver results, taking into account, in particular, the costs of controls, the administrative burden, and the expected risk of non-compliance. For grants, this should include consideration of the use of lump sums, flat rates and unit costs, as well as financing not linked to costs as envisaged in Article 125(1) of the Financial Regulation. ***To implement measures linked to the socio-economic integration of third country nationals, and in accordance with Article 88 of the Common Provisions Regulation, the Commission may reimburse Member States using simplified cost options including the use of lump sums.***

Amendment

(8) The types of financing and the methods of implementation under this Regulation should be chosen on the basis of their ability to achieve the specific objectives of the actions and to deliver results, taking into account, in particular, the costs of controls, the administrative burden, and the expected risk of non-compliance. ***The distribution of financial resources between programmes may not be changed unless based on a parliamentary decision.*** For grants, this should include consideration of the use of lump sums, flat rates and unit costs, as well as financing not linked to costs as envisaged in Article 125(1) of the Financial Regulation.

Or. en

Amendment 61
Mara Bizzotto, Dominique Martin, Joëlle Mélin

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 8

Text proposed by the Commission

(8) The types of financing and the methods of implementation under this Regulation should be chosen on the basis of their ability to achieve the specific objectives of the actions and to deliver results, taking into account, in particular, the costs of controls, the administrative burden, and the expected risk of non-compliance. For grants, this should include consideration of the use of lump sums, flat rates and unit costs, as well as financing not linked to costs as envisaged in Article 125(1) of the Financial Regulation. To implement measures linked to the socio-economic integration of **third country nationals**, and in accordance with Article 88 of the Common Provisions Regulation, the Commission may reimburse Member States using simplified cost options including the use of lump sums.

Amendment

(8) The types of financing and the methods of implementation under this Regulation should be chosen on the basis of their ability to achieve the specific objectives of the actions and to deliver **practical** results **which accord with the interests, and meet the needs, of European citizens**, taking into account, in particular, the costs of controls, the administrative burden, and the expected risk of non-compliance. For grants, this should include consideration of the use of lump sums, flat rates and unit costs, as well as financing not linked to costs as envisaged in Article 125(1) of the Financial Regulation. To implement measures linked to the socio-economic integration of **citizens legally resident in the European Union**, and in accordance with Article 88 of the Common Provisions Regulation, the Commission may reimburse Member States using simplified cost options including the use of lump sums.

Or. it

Amendment 62

Terry Reintke

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 8

Text proposed by the Commission

(8) The types of financing and the methods of implementation under this Regulation should be chosen on the basis of their ability to achieve the specific objectives of the actions and to deliver results, taking into account, in particular, the costs of controls, the administrative burden, and the expected risk of non-

Amendment

(8) The types of financing and the methods of implementation under this Regulation should be chosen on the basis of their ability to achieve the specific objectives of the actions and to deliver results, taking into account, in particular, the costs of controls, the administrative burden, and the expected risk of non-

compliance. For grants, this should include consideration of the use of lump sums, flat rates and unit costs, as well as financing not linked to costs as envisaged in Article 125(1) of the Financial Regulation. To implement measures linked to the socio-economic *integration* of third country nationals, and in accordance with Article 88 of the Common Provisions Regulation, the Commission may reimburse Member States using simplified cost options including the use of lump sums.

compliance. For grants, this should include consideration of the use of lump sums, flat rates and unit costs, as well as financing not linked to costs as envisaged in Article 125(1) of the Financial Regulation. To implement measures linked to the socio-economic *inclusion* of third country nationals, and in accordance with Article 88 of the Common Provisions Regulation, the Commission may reimburse Member States using simplified cost options including the use of lump sums.

Or. en

Amendment 63

Brando Benifei, Georgi Pirinski, Agnes Jongerius, Emilian Pavel, Elena Gentile, Miapetra Kumpula-Natri, Claudiu Ciprian Tănăsescu, Sergio Gutiérrez Prieto, Javi López

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 9

Text proposed by the Commission

(9) In order to streamline and simplify the funding landscape and create additional opportunities for synergies through integrated funding approaches, the actions which were supported by the Fund for European Aid to the Most Deprived ('FEAD'), the European Union Programme for Employment and Social Innovation and the Programme for the Union's action in the field of health should be integrated into one ESF+. The ESF+ should therefore include three strands: the *ESF+* strand under shared management, the Employment and Social Innovation strand, and the Health strand. This should contribute to reducing the administrative burden linked to the management of different funds, in particular for Member States, whilst maintaining simpler rules for simpler operations such as the distribution of food and/or basic material assistance.

Amendment

(9) In order to streamline and simplify the funding landscape and create additional opportunities for synergies through integrated funding approaches, the actions which were supported by the Fund for European Aid to the Most Deprived ('FEAD'), the European Union Programme for Employment and Social Innovation and the Programme for the Union's action in the field of health should be integrated into one ESF+. The ESF+ should therefore include three strands: the *Social Cohesion and Social rights* strand under shared management, the Employment and Social Innovation strand, and the Health strand *under direct and indirect management*. This should contribute to reducing the administrative burden linked to the management of different funds, in particular for Member States, whilst maintaining simpler rules for simpler operations such as the distribution of food

and/or basic material assistance.

Or. en

Amendment 64

Terry Reintke

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 9

Text proposed by the Commission

(9) In order to streamline and simplify the funding landscape and create additional opportunities for synergies through integrated funding approaches, the actions which were supported by the Fund for European Aid to the Most Deprived ('FEAD'), the European Union Programme for Employment and Social Innovation and the Programme for the Union's action in the field of health should be integrated into one ESF+. The ESF+ should therefore include three strands: the ESF+ strand under shared management, the Employment and Social Innovation strand, and the Health strand. This should contribute to reducing the administrative burden linked to the management of different funds, in particular for Member States, whilst maintaining simpler rules for simpler operations such as the distribution of food and/or basic material assistance.

Amendment

(9) In order to streamline and simplify the funding landscape and create additional opportunities for synergies through integrated funding approaches, the actions which were supported by the Fund for European Aid to the Most Deprived ('FEAD'), the European Union Programme for Employment and Social Innovation and the Programme for the Union's action in the field of health should be integrated into one ESF+. The ESF+ should therefore include three strands: the ESF+ strand under shared management, the Employment and Social Innovation strand, and the Health strand. This should contribute to reducing the administrative burden linked to the management of different funds, in particular for Member States *and beneficiaries*, whilst maintaining simpler rules for simpler operations such as the distribution of food and/or basic material assistance.

Or. en

Amendment 65

Ulrike Trebesius

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 10

Text proposed by the Commission

(10) In view of this wider scope of the ESF+ it is appropriate to foresee that the aims to enhance the effectiveness of labour markets and promote access to quality employment, to improve the access to and the quality of education and training as well as to promote social inclusion and health and to reduce poverty are **not** only implemented under shared management, **but also under direct and indirect management under the Employment and Social Innovation and Health strands for actions required at Union level.**

Amendment

(10) ***The Union should contribute to the employment policies of the Member States by encouraging cooperation and by complementing their action.*** In view of this wider scope of the ESF+ it is appropriate to foresee that the aims to enhance the effectiveness of labour markets and promote access to quality employment, to improve the access to and the quality of education and training as well as to promote social inclusion and health and to reduce poverty are only implemented under shared management.

Or. en

Amendment 66

Brando Benifei, Georgi Pirinski, Agnes Jongerius, Emilian Pavel, Elena Gentile, Miapetra Kumpula-Natri, Claudiu Ciprian Tănăsescu, Sergio Gutiérrez Prieto, Javi López

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 10

Text proposed by the Commission

(10) In view of this wider scope of the ESF+ it is appropriate to foresee that the aims to enhance the effectiveness of labour markets and promote access to quality employment, to improve the access to and the quality of education and training as well as to promote social inclusion and health and to **reduce poverty are not only** implemented under shared management, **but also** under direct and indirect management under the Employment and Social Innovation and Health strands for actions required at Union level.

Amendment

(10) In view of this wider scope of the ESF+ it is appropriate to foresee that the aims to enhance the effectiveness of **inclusive and fair** labour markets and promote access to quality employment, to improve the access to and the quality of education and training as well as to promote social inclusion and health and to **eradicate poverty will continue to be** implemented **mainly** under shared management, **and where appropriate, complemented** under direct and indirect management under the Employment and Social Innovation and Health strands for actions required at Union level.

Or. en

Amendment 67

Terry Reintke

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 10

Text proposed by the Commission

(10) In view of this wider scope of the ESF+ it is appropriate to foresee that the aims to enhance the effectiveness of labour markets and promote access to quality employment, to improve the access to and the quality of education **and** training as well as to promote social inclusion and health and to **reduce** poverty are not only implemented under shared management, but also under direct and indirect management under the Employment and Social Innovation and Health strands for actions required at Union level.

Amendment

(10) In view of this wider scope of the ESF+ it is appropriate to foresee that the aims to enhance the effectiveness of **inclusive and gender-equal** labour markets and promote access to quality employment, to improve the access to and the quality of education, training **and care**, as well as to promote social inclusion and health and to **eradicate** poverty are not only implemented under shared management, but also under direct and indirect management under the Employment and Social Innovation and Health strands for actions required at Union level.

Or. en

Amendment 68

Jasenko Selimovic, António Marinho e Pinto, Yana Toom, Martina Dlabajová, Nathalie Griesbeck

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 10

Text proposed by the Commission

(10) In view of this wider scope of the ESF+ it is appropriate to foresee that the aims to enhance the effectiveness of labour markets and promote access to quality employment, to improve the access to and the quality of education and training as well as to promote social inclusion and health and to reduce poverty are not only implemented under shared management, but also under direct and indirect

Amendment

(10) In view of this wider scope of the ESF+ it is appropriate to foresee that the aims to enhance the effectiveness of **inclusive and open** labour markets and promote access to quality employment, to improve the access to and the quality of education and training as well as to promote social inclusion and health and to reduce poverty are not only implemented under shared management, but also under

management under the Employment and Social Innovation and Health strands for actions required at Union level.

direct and indirect management under the Employment and Social Innovation and Health strands for actions required at Union level.

Or. en

Amendment 69
Rosa Estaràs Ferragut

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 10

Text proposed by the Commission

(10) In view of this wider scope of the ESF+ it is appropriate to foresee that the aims to enhance the effectiveness of labour markets and promote access to quality employment, to improve the access to and the quality of education and training as well as to promote social inclusion and health and to reduce poverty are not only implemented under shared management, but also under direct and indirect management under the Employment and Social Innovation and Health strands for actions required at Union level.

Amendment

(10) In view of this wider scope of the ESF+ it is appropriate to foresee that the aims to enhance the effectiveness of ***inclusive*** labour markets and promote access to quality employment, to improve the access to and the quality of education and training as well as to promote social inclusion and health and to reduce poverty are not only implemented under shared management, but also under direct and indirect management under the Employment and Social Innovation and Health strands for actions required at Union level.

Or. en

Amendment 70
Brando Benifei, Georgi Pirinski, Agnes Jongerius, Emilian Pavel, Elena Gentile, Miapetra Kumpula-Natri, Claudiu Ciprian Tănăsescu, Sergio Gutiérrez Prieto, Javi López

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 12

Text proposed by the Commission

(12) This Regulation lays down a financial envelope for the ESF+. ***Parts of this financial envelope should be used*** for

Amendment

(12) This Regulation lays down a financial envelope for the ESF+ ***by specifying the allocations for actions to be***

actions to be implemented in direct and indirect management under the Employment and Social Innovation and Health strands.

implemented in shared management under the Social Cohesion and Social Rights strand and the allocations for actions to be implemented in direct and indirect management under the Employment and Social Innovation and Health strands.

Or. en

Amendment 71
Ulrike Trebesius

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 12

Text proposed by the Commission

(12) This Regulation lays down a financial envelope for the ESF+. Parts of this financial envelope should be used for actions to be implemented in direct and indirect management under the Employment and Social Innovation and Health strands.

Amendment

(12) This Regulation lays down a financial envelope for the ESF+. ***To shift money between purposes parliamentary consent is required.*** Parts of this financial envelope should be used for actions to be implemented in direct and indirect management under the Employment and Social Innovation and Health strands.

Or. en

Amendment 72
Terry Reintke
on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 13

Text proposed by the Commission

(13) The ESF+ should aim to promote employment through active interventions enabling (re)integration into the labour market, notably for youth, the long-term unemployed and the inactive, as well as through promoting self-employment and the social economy. The ESF+ should aim

Amendment

(13) The ESF+ should aim to promote ***high-quality*** employment through active interventions enabling (re)integration into the labour market, notably for youth, ***persons with disabilities and people with chronic diseases,*** the long-term unemployed and the ***economically*** inactive,

to improve the functioning of labour markets by supporting the modernisation of labour market institutions such as the Public Employment Services in order to improve their capacity to provide intensified targeted counselling and guidance during the job search and the transition to employment and to **enhance** workers' mobility. The ESF+ should promote **women's** participation in the labour market through measures aiming to ensure, amongst others, improved work/life balance and access to childcare. The ESF + should also aim to provide a healthy and well-adapted working environment in order to respond to health risks related to changing forms of work and the needs of the ageing workforce.

as well as **those facing multiple forms of discrimination** through promoting self-employment and the social economy. The ESF+ should aim to improve the functioning of labour markets by supporting the modernisation **and flexibility towards various target groups** of labour market institutions such as the Public Employment Services in order to improve their capacity to provide intensified targeted **and individual** counselling and guidance during the job search and the transition to employment and to **support** workers' mobility. The ESF+ should **aim at tackling precarious employment in order to ensure that all types of work contracts offer decent working conditions with proper social security coverage in line with Article 9 TFEU, the European Charter of Fundamental Rights, the European Social Charter and the ILO Decent Work Agenda.** The ESF+ should promote participation **of women and sustainable employment that guarantees equal opportunities with special attention to single mothers** in the labour market through measures aiming to ensure, amongst others, **the respect of the principle of equal pay for work of equal value**, improved work/life balance and access to **affordable childcare and other care services or support to foster gender equality**. The ESF + should also aim to provide a healthy and well-adapted working environment in order to respond to health risks related to changing forms of work and the needs of the ageing workforce. **The ESF+ should also support measures aimed to facilitate the transition of young people between education and employment.**

Or. en

Amendment 73

Brando Benifei, Georgi Pirinski, Agnes Jongerius, Soraya Post, Miapetra Kumpula-

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 13

Text proposed by the Commission

(13) The ESF+ should aim to promote employment through active interventions enabling (*re*)integration into the labour market, notably for youth, the long-term unemployed and the inactive, as well as through promoting self-employment and the social economy. The ESF+ should aim to improve the functioning of labour markets by supporting the modernisation of labour market institutions such as the Public Employment Services in order to improve their capacity to provide intensified targeted counselling and guidance during the job search and the transition to employment and to enhance workers' mobility. The ESF+ should promote women's participation in the labour market through measures aiming to ensure, amongst others, improved work/life balance and access to childcare. The ESF + should also aim to provide a healthy and well-adapted working environment in order to respond to health risks related to changing forms of work and the needs of the ageing workforce.

Amendment

(13) The ESF+ should aim to promote employment through active interventions enabling *the* integration *and re-integration* into the labour market, notably for youth, the long-term unemployed and the inactive, *people in vulnerable situations*, as well as through promoting self-employment and the social *and solidarity-based* economy. The ESF+ should aim to improve *the employment policies and* the functioning of labour markets by supporting the modernisation of labour market institutions such as the Public Employment Services in order to improve their capacity to provide intensified targeted counselling and guidance during the job search and the transition to employment and to enhance workers' mobility, *and to deliver their service in a non-discriminatory way*. The ESF+ should promote women's participation in the labour market through measures aiming to ensure, amongst others, improved work/life balance and *easy* access to *affordable or free quality* childcare, *eldercare and other care services or support of good quality*. The ESF + should also aim to provide a *safe*, healthy and well-adapted working environment in order to respond to health risks related to changing forms of work and the needs of the ageing workforce.

Or. en

Amendment 74

Krzysztof Hetman, Marek Plura, Danuta Jazłowiecka, Agnieszka Kozłowska-Rajewicz

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 13

Text proposed by the Commission

(13) The ESF+ should aim to promote employment through active interventions enabling (re)integration into the labour market, notably for youth, the long-term unemployed and the inactive, as well as through promoting self-employment and the social economy. The ESF+ should aim to improve the functioning of labour markets by supporting the modernisation of labour market institutions such as the Public Employment Services in order to improve their capacity to provide intensified targeted counselling and guidance during the job search and the transition to employment and to *enhance* workers' mobility. The ESF+ should promote women's participation in the labour market through measures aiming to ensure, amongst others, improved work/life balance and access to childcare. The ESF+ should also aim to provide a healthy and well-adapted working environment in order to respond to health risks related to changing forms of work and the needs of the ageing workforce.

Amendment

(13) The ESF+ should aim to promote employment through active interventions enabling (re)integration into the labour market, notably for youth, the long-term unemployed and the inactive, as well as through promoting self-employment and the social economy. The ESF+ should aim to improve the functioning of labour markets by supporting the modernisation of labour market institutions such as the Public Employment Services in order to improve their capacity to provide intensified targeted counselling and guidance during the job search and the transition to employment and to *facilitate* workers' mobility. The ESF+ should promote women's participation in the labour market through measures aiming to ensure, amongst others, improved work/life balance and access to childcare. The ESF+ should also aim to provide a healthy and well-adapted working environment in order to respond to health risks related to changing forms of work and the needs of the ageing workforce.

Or. en

Amendment 75

Mara Bizzotto, Dominique Martin, Joëlle Mélin

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 13

Text proposed by the Commission

(13) The ESF+ should aim to promote employment through active interventions enabling (re)integration into the labour market, notably for youth, the long-term unemployed and the inactive, as well as through promoting self-employment and the social economy. The ESF+ should aim to improve the functioning of labour

Amendment

(13) The ESF+ should aim to promote employment through active interventions enabling (re)integration into the labour market, notably for youth, the long-term unemployed and the inactive, as well as through promoting self-employment and the social economy. The ESF+ should aim to improve the functioning of labour

markets by supporting the modernisation of labour market institutions such as the Public Employment Services in order to improve their capacity to provide intensified targeted counselling and guidance during the job search and the transition to employment and to enhance workers' mobility. The ESF+ should promote women's participation in the labour market through measures aiming to ensure, amongst others, improved work/life balance and access to childcare. The ESF+ should also aim to provide a healthy and well-adapted working environment in order to respond to health risks related to changing forms of work and the needs of the ageing workforce.

markets by supporting the modernisation of labour market institutions such as the Public Employment Services in order to improve their capacity to provide intensified targeted counselling and guidance during the job search and the transition to employment and to enhance workers' mobility. The ESF+ should promote women's participation in the labour market through measures aiming to ensure, amongst others, improved work/life balance and access to childcare. ***The ESF+ should promote full and complete educational (at school level), professional and social inclusion of persons with disabilities by means of measures designed to ensure their independence and practical and effective support at all stages of life.*** The ESF+ should also aim to provide a healthy and well-adapted working environment in order to respond to health risks related to changing forms of work and the needs of the ageing workforce.

Or. it

Amendment 76

Marian Harkin, Martina Anderson, Ádám Kósa, Helga Stevens, Olga Sehnalová

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 13

Text proposed by the Commission

(13) The ESF+ should aim to promote employment through active interventions enabling (re)integration into the labour market, notably for youth, the long-term unemployed and the inactive, as well as through promoting self-employment and the social economy. The ESF+ should aim to improve the functioning of labour markets by supporting the modernisation of labour market institutions such as the Public Employment Services in order to improve their capacity to provide

Amendment

(13) The ESF+ should aim to promote employment through active interventions enabling (re)integration into the labour market, notably for youth, the long-term unemployed, ***family carers*** and the inactive, ***supported employment and reasonable accommodation for persons with disabilities*** as well as through promoting self-employment, ***entrepreneurship*** and the social economy. The ESF+ should aim to improve the functioning of labour markets by

intensified targeted counselling and guidance during the job search and the transition to employment and to enhance workers' mobility. The ESF+ should promote women's participation in the labour market through measures aiming to ensure, amongst others, improved work/life balance and access to childcare. The ESF + should also aim to provide a healthy and well-adapted working environment in order to respond to health risks related to changing forms of work and the needs of the ageing workforce.

supporting the modernisation of labour market institutions such as the Public Employment Services in order to improve their capacity to provide intensified targeted counselling and guidance during the job search and the transition to employment and to enhance workers' mobility. The ESF+ should promote women's participation in the labour market through measures aiming to ensure, amongst others, improved work/life balance and access to childcare **and other care services or support**. The ESF + should also aim to provide a healthy and well-adapted working environment in order to respond to health risks related to changing forms of work and the needs of the ageing workforce.

Or. en

Amendment 77 **Claude Rolin**

Proposal for a regulation **Recital 13**

Text proposed by the Commission

(13) The ESF+ should aim to promote employment through active interventions enabling (re)integration into the labour market, notably for youth, the long-term unemployed and the inactive, as well as through promoting self-employment and the social economy. The ESF+ should aim to improve the functioning of labour markets by supporting the modernisation of labour market institutions such as the Public Employment Services in order to improve their capacity to provide intensified targeted counselling and guidance during the job search and the transition to employment and to enhance workers' mobility. The ESF+ should promote women's participation in the labour market through measures aiming to

Amendment

(13) The ESF+ should aim to promote employment through active interventions enabling (re)integration into the labour market, notably for youth, the long-term unemployed, **the older unemployed, people with a disability**, and the inactive, as well as through promoting self-employment and the social economy. The ESF+ should aim to improve the functioning of labour markets by supporting the modernisation of labour market institutions such as the Public Employment Services in order to improve their capacity to provide intensified targeted counselling and guidance during the job search and the transition to employment and to enhance workers' mobility. The ESF+ should promote

ensure, amongst others, improved *work/life* balance and access to childcare. The ESF+ should also aim to provide a healthy and well-adapted working environment in order to respond to health risks related to changing forms of work and the needs of the ageing workforce.

women's participation in the labour market through measures aiming to ensure, amongst others, improved *work-life* balance and access to childcare. The ESF+ should also aim to provide a healthy and well-adapted working environment in order to respond to health risks related to changing forms of work and the needs of the ageing workforce.

Or. fr

Amendment 78 **Ulrike Trebesius**

Proposal for a regulation **Recital 13**

Text proposed by the Commission

(13) The ESF+ should aim to promote employment through active interventions enabling (re)integration into the labour market, notably for youth, the long-term unemployed and the inactive, as well as through promoting self-employment and the social economy. The ESF+ should aim to improve the functioning of labour markets by supporting the modernisation of labour market institutions such as the Public Employment Services in order to improve their capacity to provide intensified targeted counselling and guidance during the job search and the transition to employment and to enhance workers' mobility. The ESF+ should promote women's participation in the labour market through measures aiming to ensure, amongst others, improved work/life balance and access to childcare. The ESF+ should also aim to provide a healthy and well-adapted working environment in order to respond to health risks related to changing forms of work and the needs of the ageing workforce.

Amendment

(13) The ESF+ should, ***in close cooperation with the Member States***, aim to promote employment through active interventions enabling (re)integration into the labour market, notably for youth, the long-term unemployed and the inactive, as well as through promoting self-employment and the social economy. The ESF+ should aim to improve the functioning of labour markets by supporting the modernisation of labour market institutions such as the Public Employment Services in order to improve their capacity to provide intensified targeted counselling and guidance during the job search and the transition to employment and to enhance workers' mobility. The ESF+ should promote women's participation in the labour market through measures aiming to ensure, amongst others, improved work/life balance and access to childcare. The ESF+ should also aim to provide a healthy and well-adapted working environment in order to respond to health risks related to changing forms of work and the needs of

the ageing workforce.

Or. en

Amendment 79

Jasenko Selimovic, António Marinho e Pinto, Yana Toom, Nathalie Griesbeck

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 13

Text proposed by the Commission

(13) The ESF+ should aim to promote employment through active interventions enabling (re)integration into *the* labour market, notably for youth, the long-term unemployed *and* the inactive, as well as through promoting self-employment and the social economy. The ESF+ should aim to improve the functioning of labour markets by supporting the modernisation of labour market institutions such as the Public Employment Services in order to improve their capacity to provide intensified targeted counselling and guidance during the job search and the transition to employment and to enhance workers' mobility. The ESF+ should promote women's participation in the labour market through measures aiming to ensure, amongst others, improved work/life balance and access to childcare. The ESF + should also aim to provide a healthy and well-adapted working environment in order to respond to health risks related to changing forms of work and the needs of the ageing workforce.

Amendment

(13) The ESF+ should aim to promote employment through active interventions enabling (re)integration into *a* labour market, notably for youth, the long-term unemployed, the inactive *and migrants*, as well as through promoting self-employment and the social economy. The ESF+ should aim to improve the functioning of labour markets by supporting the modernisation of labour market institutions such as the Public Employment Services in order to improve their capacity to provide intensified targeted counselling and guidance during the job search and the transition to employment and to enhance workers' mobility. The ESF+ should promote women's participation in the labour market through measures aiming to ensure, amongst others, improved work/life balance and access to childcare. The ESF + should also aim to provide a healthy and well-adapted working environment in order to respond to health risks related to changing forms of work and the needs of the ageing workforce.

Or. en

Amendment 80

Jasenko Selimovic, António Marinho e Pinto, Yana Toom, Nathalie Griesbeck

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 13

Text proposed by the Commission

(13) The ESF+ should aim to promote employment through active interventions enabling (re)integration into the labour market, notably for youth, the long-term unemployed **and** the inactive, as well as through promoting self-employment and the social economy. The ESF+ should aim to improve the functioning of labour markets by supporting the modernisation of labour market institutions such as the Public Employment Services in order to improve their capacity to provide intensified targeted counselling and guidance during the job search and the transition to employment and to enhance workers' mobility. The ESF+ should promote women's participation in the labour market through measures aiming to ensure, amongst others, improved work/life balance and access to childcare. The ESF+ should also aim to provide a healthy and well-adapted working environment in order to respond to health risks related to changing forms of work and the needs of the ageing workforce.

Amendment

(13) The ESF+ should aim to promote employment through active interventions enabling (re)integration into the labour market, notably for youth, the long-term unemployed, the inactive, as well as through promoting self-employment, **entrepreneurship** and the social economy. The ESF+ should aim to improve the functioning of labour markets by supporting the modernisation of labour market institutions such as the Public Employment Services in order to improve their capacity to provide intensified targeted counselling and guidance during the job search and the transition to employment and to enhance workers' mobility. The ESF+ should promote women's participation in the labour market through measures aiming to ensure, amongst others, improved work/life balance and access to childcare **and other care services and support**. The ESF+ should also aim to provide a healthy and well-adapted working environment in order to respond to health risks related to changing forms of work and the needs of the ageing workforce.

Or. en

Amendment 81
Verónica Lope Fontagné

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 13 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(13a) With a view to supporting and unlocking the job creation potential in the social economy, the ESF+ shall contribute to improving the integration of

social economy enterprises in national employment and social innovation plans, and in their National Reform Programmes. The understanding of what a social economy enterprise is shall follow the definitions in the Member States' social economy laws and in Council Conclusions 15071/15 on the promotion of the social economy as a key driver of economic and social development in Europe.

Or. es

Amendment 82
Gabriele Zimmer, Patrick Le Hyaric, Lynn Boylan

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 13 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(13a) Member States should be committed to gender budgeting with fixed target values (share of funds at programme level for women) within the framework of budget management and evaluation of their operational programmes. Gender budgeting is an important instrument of equal opportunities policy in order to make gender gaps in equal participation transparent in the ESF+, thereby strengthening gender equality in the ESF+.

Or. en

Amendment 83
Terry Reintke
on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 14

Text proposed by the Commission

(14) The ESF+ should provide support to improving the quality, ***effectiveness and labour market relevance*** of education and training systems in order to facilitate the acquisition of key competences notably as regards digital skills which all individuals need for personal fulfilment and development, employment, social inclusion and active citizenship. The ESF+ should help progression within education and training and transition to work, support lifelong learning ***and employability***, and contribute to ***competitiveness*** and societal and economic innovation by supporting scalable and sustainable initiatives in these fields. This could be achieved for example through work-based learning and apprenticeships, lifelong guidance, skills anticipation in cooperation with industry, up-to-date training materials, ***forecasting and graduate tracking***, training of educators, validation of learning outcomes and recognition of qualifications.

Amendment

(14) The ESF+ should provide support to improving the quality, ***accessibility and non-discriminatory nature*** of education and training systems in order to facilitate the acquisition of key competences notably as regards digital ***skills, including data protection and information governance and transversal*** skills which all individuals need for personal fulfilment and development, employment, social inclusion and active citizenship. The ESF+ should help progression ***and flexibility*** within education and training and transition to work, support lifelong learning, and contribute to ***social cohesion, the reduction of horizontal and vertical segregation*** and societal and economic innovation by supporting scalable and sustainable initiatives in these fields. This could be achieved for example through ***high-quality*** work-based learning and apprenticeships, lifelong guidance, skills anticipation in cooperation with industry, up-to-date training materials, training of educators, ***support for informal and non-formal learning***, validation of learning outcomes and recognition of qualifications ***and prior learning***.

Or. en

Amendment 84

Anne Sander, Jérôme Lavrilleux, Geoffroy Didier, Elisabeth Morin-Chartier

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 14

Text proposed by the Commission

(14) The ESF+ ***should*** provide support to improving the quality, effectiveness and labour market relevance of education and training systems in order to facilitate the acquisition of key competences notably as

Amendment

(14) ***Given that it is the main Union instrument focused on employment and skills, it is essential that the ESF+ is able to contribute to social, economic, and territorial cohesion in all parts of Europe.***

regards digital skills which all individuals need for personal fulfilment and development, employment, social inclusion and active citizenship. The ESF+ **should** help progression within education and training and transition to work, support lifelong learning and employability, and contribute to competitiveness and societal and economic innovation by supporting scalable and sustainable initiatives in these fields. This **could** be achieved for example through work-based learning and apprenticeships, lifelong guidance, skills anticipation in cooperation with industry, up-to-date training materials, forecasting and graduate tracking, training of educators, validation of learning outcomes and recognition of qualifications.

To that end it must provide support to improving the quality, effectiveness and labour market relevance of education and training systems in order to facilitate the acquisition of key competences, notably as regards digital skills which all individuals need for personal fulfilment and development, employment, social inclusion and active citizenship. The ESF+ **must** help progression within education and training and transition to work, support lifelong learning and employability, and contribute to competitiveness and societal and economic innovation by supporting scalable and sustainable initiatives in these fields. This **can** be achieved for example through work-based learning and apprenticeships, lifelong guidance, skills anticipation in cooperation with industry, up-to-date training materials, forecasting and graduate tracking, training of educators, validation of learning outcomes and recognition of qualifications.

Or. fr

Amendment 85

Brando Benifei, Georgi Pirinski, Agnes Jongerius, Emilian Pavel, Silvia Costa, Soraya Post, Miapetra Kumpula-Natri, Claudiu Ciprian Tănăsescu, Sergio Gutiérrez Prieto, Javi López

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 14

Text proposed by the Commission

(14) The ESF+ should provide support to improving the quality, effectiveness and labour market relevance of education and training systems in order to facilitate the acquisition of key competences notably as regards digital skills which all individuals need for personal fulfilment and development, employment, social inclusion and active citizenship. The ESF+ should help progression within education and training and transition to work, support

Amendment

(14) The ESF+ should provide support to improving the quality, **non-discriminatory nature, accessibility, inclusiveness**, effectiveness and labour market relevance of education and training systems in order to facilitate the acquisition of key competences notably as regards **language skills and digital skills, including data protection and information governance**, which all individuals need for personal fulfilment and development,

lifelong learning and employability, and contribute to competitiveness and societal and economic innovation by supporting scalable and sustainable initiatives in these fields. This could be achieved for example through work-based learning and apprenticeships, lifelong guidance, skills anticipation in cooperation with *industry*, up-to-date training materials, forecasting and graduate tracking, training of educators, validation of learning outcomes and recognition of qualifications.

employment, social inclusion and active citizenship. ***In case of the long-term unemployed and people coming from a disadvantaged social background, special attention should be paid to empower them and to strengthen their self-confidence and ability to access and demand their rights.*** The ESF+ should help progression within education and training and transition to work, support lifelong learning and employability *of all*, and contribute to ***inclusiveness***, competitiveness and societal and economic innovation by supporting scalable and sustainable initiatives in these fields. This could be achieved for example through ***investments in vocational education, including dual education***, work-based learning and apprenticeships, lifelong guidance, skills anticipation in cooperation with ***the social partners***, up-to-date training materials, forecasting and graduate tracking, training of educators, validation of learning outcomes and recognition of qualifications.

Or. en

Amendment 86
Elena Gentile

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 14

Text proposed by the Commission

(14) The ESF+ should provide support to improving the quality, effectiveness and labour market relevance of education and training systems in order to facilitate the acquisition of key competences notably as regards digital skills which all individuals need for personal fulfilment and development, employment, social inclusion and active citizenship. The ESF+ should help progression within education and training and transition to work, support lifelong learning and employability, and

Amendment

(14) The ESF+ ***as the main EU instrument for investing in human capital and skills plays a key role in promoting social, economic and territorial cohesion.*** ***The ESF +*** should provide support to improving the quality, effectiveness and labour market relevance of education and training systems in order to facilitate the acquisition of key competences notably as regards digital skills which all individuals need for personal fulfilment and development, employment, social inclusion

contribute to competitiveness and societal and economic innovation by supporting scalable and sustainable initiatives in these fields. This could be achieved for example through work-based learning and apprenticeships, lifelong guidance, skills anticipation in cooperation with industry, up-to-date training materials, forecasting and graduate tracking, training of educators, validation of learning outcomes and recognition of qualifications.

and active citizenship. The ESF+ should help progression within education and training and transition to work, support lifelong learning and employability, and contribute to competitiveness and societal and economic innovation by supporting scalable and sustainable initiatives in these fields. This could be achieved for example through work-based learning and apprenticeships, lifelong guidance, skills anticipation in cooperation with industry, up-to-date training materials, forecasting and graduate tracking, training of educators, validation of learning outcomes and recognition of qualifications.

Or. en

Amendment 87

Laura Agea, Tiziana Beghin, Rosa D'Amato, Marco Valli

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 14

Text proposed by the Commission

(14) The ESF+ should provide support to improving the quality, effectiveness and labour market relevance of education and training systems in order to facilitate the acquisition of key competences notably as regards digital skills which all individuals need for personal fulfilment and development, employment, social inclusion and active citizenship. The ESF+ should help progression within education and training and transition to work, support lifelong learning and employability, and contribute to competitiveness and societal and economic innovation by supporting scalable and sustainable initiatives in these fields. This could be achieved for example through work-based learning and apprenticeships, lifelong guidance, skills anticipation in cooperation with industry, up-to-date training materials, forecasting and graduate tracking, training of

Amendment

(14) ***As the main EU instrument for investing in human capital and skills, the ESF+ plays a key role in promoting social and territorial cohesion.*** The ESF+ should provide support to improving the quality, effectiveness and labour market relevance of education and training systems in order to facilitate the acquisition of key competences notably as regards digital skills which all individuals need for personal fulfilment and development, employment, social inclusion and active citizenship. The ESF+ should help progression within education and training and transition to work, support lifelong learning and employability, and contribute to competitiveness and societal and economic innovation by supporting scalable and sustainable initiatives in these fields. This could be achieved for example through work-based learning and

educators, validation of learning outcomes and recognition of qualifications.

apprenticeships, lifelong guidance, skills anticipation in cooperation with industry, up-to-date training materials, forecasting and graduate tracking, training of educators, validation of learning outcomes and recognition of qualifications.

Or. en

Amendment 88 **Edouard Martin**

Proposal for a regulation **Recital 14**

Text proposed by the Commission

(14) The ESF+ should provide support to improving the quality, effectiveness and labour market relevance of education and training systems in order to facilitate the acquisition of key competences notably as regards digital skills which all individuals need for personal fulfilment and development, employment, social inclusion and active citizenship. The ESF+ should help progression within education and training and transition to work, support lifelong learning and employability, and contribute to competitiveness and societal and economic innovation by supporting scalable and sustainable initiatives in these fields. This could be achieved for example through work-based learning and apprenticeships, lifelong guidance, skills anticipation in cooperation with industry, up-to-date training materials, forecasting and graduate tracking, training of educators, validation of learning outcomes and recognition of qualifications.

Amendment

(14) The ESF+ should provide support to improving the quality, effectiveness and labour market relevance of education and training systems in order to facilitate the acquisition *or maintenance* of key competences notably as regards digital skills *and those induced by a just transition to a low carbon economy* which all individuals need for personal fulfilment and development, employment, social inclusion and active citizenship. The ESF+ should help progression within education and training and *a just* transition to work, support lifelong learning and employability, and contribute to competitiveness and societal and economic innovation by supporting scalable and sustainable initiatives in these fields. This could be achieved for example through work-based learning and apprenticeships, lifelong guidance, skills anticipation in cooperation with industry *and trade unions*, up-to-date training materials, forecasting and graduate tracking, training of educators, validation of learning outcomes and recognition of qualifications.

Or. en

Amendment 89
Heinz K. Becker

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 14

Text proposed by the Commission

(14) The ESF+ should provide support to improving the quality, effectiveness and labour market relevance of education and training systems in order to facilitate the acquisition of key competences notably as regards digital skills which all individuals need for personal fulfilment and development, employment, social inclusion and active citizenship. The ESF+ should help progression within education and training and transition to work, support lifelong learning and employability, and contribute to competitiveness and societal and economic innovation by supporting scalable and sustainable initiatives in these fields. This could be achieved for example through work-based learning and apprenticeships, lifelong guidance, skills anticipation in cooperation with industry, up-to-date training materials, forecasting and graduate tracking, training of educators, validation of learning outcomes and recognition of qualifications.

Amendment

(14) The ESF+ should provide support to improving the quality, effectiveness and labour market relevance of education and training systems in order to facilitate the acquisition of key competences notably as regards digital skills which all individuals need for personal fulfilment and development, employment, social inclusion and active citizenship. The ESF+ should help progression within education and training and transition to work, support lifelong learning and employability, and contribute to competitiveness and societal and economic innovation by supporting scalable and sustainable initiatives in these fields. This could be achieved for example through work-based learning and apprenticeships, *focusing in particular on the proven dual system combining teaching and work experience*, lifelong guidance, skills anticipation in cooperation with industry, up-to-date training materials, forecasting and graduate tracking, training of educators, validation of learning outcomes and recognition of qualifications.

Or. de

Amendment 90
Verónica Lope Fontagné

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 14

Text proposed by the Commission

(14) The ESF+ should provide support to improving the quality, effectiveness and labour market relevance of education and

Amendment

(14) The ESF+ should provide support to improving the quality, *non-discriminatory, accessibility*, effectiveness

training systems in order to facilitate the acquisition of key competences notably as regards digital skills which all individuals need for personal fulfilment and development, employment, social inclusion and active citizenship. The ESF+ should help progression within education and training and transition to work, support lifelong learning and employability, and contribute to competitiveness and societal and economic innovation by supporting scalable and sustainable initiatives in these fields. This could be achieved for example through work-based learning and apprenticeships, lifelong guidance, skills anticipation in cooperation with industry, up-to-date training materials, forecasting and graduate tracking, training of educators, validation of learning outcomes and recognition of qualifications.

and labour market relevance of education and training systems in order to facilitate the acquisition of key competences notably as regards digital skills which all individuals need for personal fulfilment and development, employment, social inclusion and active citizenship. The ESF+ should help progression within education and training and transition to work, support lifelong learning and employability, and contribute to competitiveness and societal and economic innovation by supporting scalable and sustainable initiatives in these fields. This could be achieved for example through work-based learning and apprenticeships, lifelong guidance, skills anticipation in cooperation with industry, up-to-date training materials, forecasting and graduate tracking, training of educators, validation of learning outcomes and recognition of qualifications.

Or. es

Amendment 91

Marian Harkin, Olga Sehnalová, Helga Stevens, Ádám Kósa, Martina Anderson

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 14

Text proposed by the Commission

(14) The ESF+ should provide support to improving the quality, effectiveness and labour market relevance of education and training systems in order to facilitate the acquisition of key competences notably as regards digital skills which all individuals need for personal fulfilment and development, employment, social inclusion and active citizenship. The ESF+ should help progression within education and training and transition to work, support lifelong learning and employability, and contribute to competitiveness and societal and economic innovation by supporting scalable and sustainable initiatives in these

Amendment

(14) The ESF+ should provide support to improving the quality, effectiveness and labour market relevance of education and training systems in order to facilitate the acquisition of key competences notably as regards digital skills which all individuals need for personal fulfilment and development, employment, social inclusion and active citizenship. The ESF+ should help progression within education and training and transition **to work and reintegration** to work, support lifelong learning and employability, and contribute to competitiveness and societal and economic innovation by supporting

fields. This could be achieved for example through work-based learning and apprenticeships, lifelong guidance, skills anticipation in cooperation with industry, up-to-date training materials, forecasting and graduate tracking, training of educators, validation of learning outcomes and recognition of qualifications.

scalable and sustainable initiatives in these fields. This could be achieved for example through work-based learning and apprenticeships, lifelong guidance, skills anticipation in cooperation with industry, up-to-date training materials, forecasting and graduate tracking, training of educators, validation of learning outcomes and recognition of qualifications.

Or. en

Amendment 92

Krzysztof Hetman, Marek Plura, Danuta Jazłowiecka, Agnieszka Kozłowska-Rajewicz

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 14

Text proposed by the Commission

(14) The ESF+ should provide support to improving the quality, effectiveness and labour market relevance of education and training systems in order to facilitate the acquisition of key competences notably as regards digital skills which all individuals need for personal fulfilment and development, employment, social inclusion and active citizenship. The ESF+ should help progression within education and training and transition to work, support lifelong learning and employability, and contribute to competitiveness and societal and economic innovation by supporting scalable and sustainable initiatives in these fields. This could be achieved for example through work-based learning and apprenticeships, lifelong guidance, skills anticipation in cooperation with industry, up-to-date training materials, forecasting and graduate tracking, training of educators, validation of learning outcomes and recognition of qualifications.

Amendment

(14) The ESF+ should provide support to improving the quality, effectiveness and labour market relevance of education and training systems in order to facilitate the acquisition of key competences notably as regards *entrepreneurial and* digital skills which all individuals need for personal fulfilment and development, employment, social inclusion and active citizenship. The ESF+ should help progression within education and training and transition to work, support lifelong learning and employability, and contribute to competitiveness and societal and economic innovation by supporting scalable and sustainable initiatives in these fields. This could be achieved for example through work-based learning and apprenticeships, lifelong guidance, skills anticipation in cooperation with industry, up-to-date training materials, forecasting and graduate tracking, training of educators, validation of learning outcomes and recognition of qualifications.

Or. en

Amendment 93

Terry Reintke

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 14 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(14a) The ESF+ should provide support to eradicate energy poverty and promote access to adequate and energy-efficient housing, including social housing, in line with the Commission Communication ‘The European Platform against Poverty and Social Exclusion: A European framework for social and territorial cohesion’ and Regulation (XX/XX) of the European Parliament and Council on the Governance Energy Union and Directive (XX/XX) of the European Parliament and Council amending Directive 2012/27/EU on energy efficiency;

Or. en

Amendment 94

Heinz K. Becker

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 14 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(14a) In future the allocation of ESF+ funding to Member States should be made contingent on provision of proof of effective involvement in projects to introduce or enhance, in the context of the Youth Guarantee, the dual system combining teaching and work experience.

Or. de

Amendment 95

Brando Benifei, Georgi Pirinski, Agnes Jongerius, Emilian Pavel, Soraya Post, Silvia Costa, Miapetra Kumpula-Natri, Claudiu Ciprian Tănăsescu, Sergio Gutiérrez Prieto, Javi López, Elena Gentile

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 15

Text proposed by the Commission

(15) Support through the ESF+ should be used to promote equal access for all, in particular for disadvantaged groups, to quality, non-segregated and inclusive education and training, from early childhood education and care through general and vocational education and training and to tertiary level, as well as adult education and learning, thereby fostering permeability between education and training sectors, preventing early school leaving, improving health literacy, reinforcing links with non-formal and informal learning and facilitating learning mobility for all. Synergies with the Erasmus programme, ***notably to facilitate the participation of disadvantaged learners in learning mobility, should be supported within this context.***

Amendment

(15) Support through the ESF+ should be used to promote equal access for all, in particular for disadvantaged groups, to quality, non-segregated and inclusive education and training, from early childhood education and care, ***paying special attention to children coming from a disadvantaged social background, such as children in institutional care and children experiencing homelessness,*** through general and vocational education and training and to tertiary level ***and re-integration into the education system,*** as well as adult education and learning, thereby ***preventing the transmission of poverty through generations,*** fostering permeability between education and training sectors, preventing early school leaving ***and social exclusion,*** improving health literacy, reinforcing links with non-formal and informal learning and facilitating learning mobility for all. Synergies with the Erasmus programme ***should be established in this context in order to properly and actively reach out and to prepare disadvantaged learners for mobility experiences abroad and increase their participation in cross-border learning mobility.***

Or. en

Amendment 96

Mara Bizzotto, Dominique Martin, Joëlle Mélin

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 15

Text proposed by the Commission

(15) Support through the ESF+ should be used to promote equal access for all, ***in particular for disadvantaged groups***, to quality, non-segregated and inclusive education and training, from early childhood education and care through general and vocational education and training and to tertiary level, as well as adult education and learning, thereby fostering permeability between education and training sectors, preventing early school leaving, improving health literacy, reinforcing links with non-formal and informal learning and facilitating learning mobility for all. Synergies with the Erasmus programme, notably to facilitate the participation of disadvantaged learners in learning mobility, should be supported within this context.

Amendment

(15) Support through the ESF+ should be used to promote equal access for all to quality, non-segregated and inclusive education and training, from early childhood education and care through general and vocational education and training and to tertiary level, as well as adult education and learning, thereby fostering permeability between education and training sectors, preventing early school leaving, improving health literacy, reinforcing links with non-formal and informal learning and facilitating learning mobility for all. Synergies with the Erasmus programme, notably to facilitate the participation of disadvantaged learners in learning mobility, should be supported within this context.

Or. it

Amendment 97

Terry Reintke

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 15

Text proposed by the Commission

(15) Support through the ESF+ should be used to promote equal access for all, in particular for disadvantaged groups, to ***quality***, non-segregated and inclusive education and training, from early childhood education and care through general and vocational education and training and to tertiary level, as well as adult education and learning, thereby fostering permeability between education and training sectors, preventing early school leaving, improving health literacy, reinforcing links with non-formal and

Amendment

(15) Support through the ESF+ should be used to promote equal access for all, in particular for disadvantaged groups, to ***high-quality***, non-segregated and inclusive education and training, from early childhood education and care through general and vocational education and training and to tertiary level, as well as adult education and learning, ***with special attention to children and young people coming from a disadvantaged background, such as children in institutional care and children***

informal learning and facilitating learning mobility for all. Synergies with the Erasmus programme, notably to facilitate the participation of disadvantaged learners in learning mobility, should be supported within this context.

experiencing homelessness or housing deprivation, thereby fostering permeability between education and training sectors, preventing early school leaving, improving health literacy, reinforcing links with non-formal and informal learning and facilitating learning mobility for all. Synergies with the Erasmus programme, ***to upscale innovative practices and*** notably to facilitate the participation of disadvantaged learners ***and young people in vulnerable situations*** in learning mobility, should be supported within this context. ***Policy coherence and complementarity between the Erasmus programme and the ESF+ should ensure a decent support to design and implement measures such as learning mobility for disadvantaged learners, particularly adult learners and persons with disabilities or chronic diseases.***

Or. en

Amendment 98

Terry Reintke

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 15 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(15a) The Commission and the Member States should ensure that gender equality and the integration of the gender perspective is a binding principle in all phases of programming, from shaping the priorities of the operational programmes to the implementation, monitoring and evaluation, and that key actions for gender mainstreaming receive support.

Or. en

Amendment 99
Silvia Costa

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 15 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(15a) Support from the ESF+ should be used to promote broad access to culture, participation in cultural life and exploitation of artistic and creative expression, in particular by developing synergies with the Creative Europe programme.

Or. it

Amendment 100
Rosa Estaràs Ferragut, Santiago Fisas Aixelà

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 15 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(15a) The ESF+ will be able to support innovative actions which use sport and physical activity to drive social inclusion, particularly for disadvantaged groups and to promote good health and disease prevention.

Or. es

Amendment 101
Rosa Estaràs Ferragut, Santiago Fisas Aixelà

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 15 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(15a) The ESF+ will be able to support innovative actions which use sport and

physical activity to drive social inclusion, particularly for disadvantaged groups and to promote good health and disease prevention.

Or. es

Amendment 102

Terry Reintke

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 15 b (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(15b) Synergies with the Asylum and Migration Fund should ensure that the ESF+ can mainstream and upscale equal access to high-quality, non-segregated and inclusive education and training, as well as social inclusion, integration into the labour market and access to healthcare for third-country nationals with special attention to the needs of women and children.

Or. en

Amendment 103

Brando Benifei, Agnes Jongerius, Emilian Pavel, Silvia Costa, Soraya Post, Miapetra Kumpula-Natri, Claudiu Ciprian Tănăsescu, Sergio Gutiérrez Prieto, Javi López

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 16

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(16) The ESF+ should promote flexible upskilling and reskilling opportunities for all, notably digital skills and key enabling technologies, with a view to providing people with skills adjusted to digitalisation, technological change, innovation and social and economic change, facilitating

(16) The ESF+ should promote flexible upskilling and reskilling opportunities for all, ***taking into consideration the challenges of different disadvantaged social groups***, notably digital skills and key enabling technologies, with a view to providing people with skills adjusted to

career transitions, mobility and supporting in particular low-skilled and/or poorly qualified adults, in line with the Skills Agenda for Europe.

digitalisation, technological change, innovation and social and economic change, ***such as the ones induced by the transition to a low carbon economy***, facilitating career transitions, mobility and supporting in particular low-skilled, ***persons with disabilities*** and/or poorly qualified adults, in line with the Skills Agenda for Europe ***and in coordination and complementarity with the Digital Europe Programme***.

Or. en

Amendment 104

Terry Reintke

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 16

Text proposed by the Commission

(16) The ESF+ should promote flexible upskilling and reskilling opportunities for all, ***notably*** digital skills and key enabling technologies, with a view to providing people with skills adjusted to digitalisation, technological change, innovation and social and economic change, facilitating career transitions, mobility and supporting in particular low-skilled and/or poorly qualified adults, in line with the Skills Agenda for Europe.

Amendment

(16) The ESF+ should promote flexible upskilling and reskilling opportunities for all ***through formal and non-formal education providers, including by developing*** digital skills and key enabling technologies, with a view to providing people with skills adjusted to digitalisation, technological change, innovation and social and economic change, facilitating ***the transition between education and employment***, career transitions, mobility and supporting in particular low-skilled, ***persons with disabilities or chronic diseases*** and/or poorly qualified adults, in line with the Skills Agenda for Europe.

Or. en

Amendment 105

Edouard Martin

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 16

Text proposed by the Commission

(16) The ESF+ should promote flexible upskilling and reskilling opportunities for all, notably digital skills and key enabling technologies, with a view to providing people with skills adjusted to digitalisation, technological change, innovation and social and economic change, facilitating career transitions, mobility and supporting in particular low-skilled and/or poorly qualified adults, in line with the Skills Agenda for Europe.

Amendment

(16) The ESF+ should promote flexible upskilling and reskilling opportunities for all, notably digital skills and key enabling technologies with a view to providing people **and local communities** with skills adjusted to digitalisation, technological change, innovation and social and economic change **notably the ones induced by the transition to a low carbon economy**, facilitating career transitions, mobility and supporting in particular low-skilled and/or poorly qualified adults, in line with the Skills Agenda for Europe.

Or. en

Amendment 106
Marian Harkin, Olga Sehnalová, Martina Anderson

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 16

Text proposed by the Commission

(16) The ESF+ should promote flexible upskilling and reskilling opportunities for all, notably digital skills and key enabling technologies, with a view to providing people with skills adjusted to digitalisation, technological change, innovation and social and economic change, facilitating career transitions, mobility and supporting in particular low-skilled and/or poorly qualified adults, in line with the Skills Agenda for Europe.

Amendment

(16) The ESF+ should promote flexible upskilling and reskilling opportunities for all, notably digital skills and key enabling technologies, with a view to providing people with skills adjusted to digitalisation, technological change, innovation and social and economic change, facilitating career transitions, mobility and supporting in particular low-skilled, **persons with disabilities** and/or poorly qualified adults, in line with the Skills Agenda for Europe.

Or. en

Amendment 107
Rosa Estaràs Ferragut

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 16

Text proposed by the Commission

(16) The ESF+ should promote flexible upskilling and reskilling opportunities for all, notably digital skills and key enabling technologies, with a view to providing people with skills adjusted to digitalisation, technological change, innovation and social and economic change, facilitating career transitions, mobility and supporting in particular low-skilled and/or poorly qualified adults, in line with the Skills Agenda for Europe.

Amendment

(16) The ESF+ should promote flexible upskilling and reskilling opportunities for all, notably digital skills and key enabling technologies, with a view to providing people with skills adjusted to digitalisation, technological change, innovation and social and economic change, facilitating career transitions, mobility and supporting in particular low-skilled, **persons with disabilities** and/or poorly qualified adults, in line with the Skills Agenda for Europe.

Or. en

Amendment 108

Krzysztof Hetman, Marek Plura, Danuta Jazłowiecka, Agnieszka Kozłowska-Rajewicz

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 16

Text proposed by the Commission

(16) The ESF+ should promote flexible upskilling and reskilling opportunities for all, notably digital skills and key enabling technologies, with a view to providing people with skills adjusted to digitalisation, technological change, innovation and social and economic change, facilitating career transitions, mobility and supporting in particular low-skilled and/or poorly qualified adults, in line with the Skills Agenda for Europe.

Amendment

(16) The ESF+ should promote flexible upskilling and reskilling opportunities for all, notably **entrepreneurial and** digital skills and key enabling technologies, with a view to providing people with skills adjusted to digitalisation, technological change, innovation and social and economic change, facilitating career transitions, mobility and supporting in particular low-skilled and/or poorly qualified adults, in line with the Skills Agenda for Europe.

Or. en

Amendment 109

Brando Benifei, Georgi Pirinski, Agnes Jongerius, Emilian Pavel, Claudiu Ciprian

Tănăsescu, Sergio Gutiérrez Prieto, Javi López

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 17

Text proposed by the Commission

(17) Synergies with the Horizon Europe programme should ensure that the ESF+ can mainstream and scale up innovative curricula supported by Horizon Europe in order to equip people with the skills and competences needed for the jobs of the future.

Amendment

(17) Synergies with the Horizon Europe programme should ensure that the ESF+ can mainstream and scale up innovative curricula supported by Horizon Europe in order to equip people with the skills and competences needed for ***their personal and professional development and for*** the jobs of the future. ***The Commission should ensure synergies between the Health Strand and the Horizon Europe programme in order to boost the results achieved in the area of health protection and diseases prevention.***

Or. en

Amendment 110

Terry Reintke

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 17

Text proposed by the Commission

(17) Synergies with the Horizon Europe programme should ensure that the ESF+ can mainstream and scale up innovative curricula supported by Horizon Europe in order to equip people with the skills and competences needed for the jobs of the future.

Amendment

(17) Synergies with the Horizon Europe programme should ensure that the ESF+ can mainstream and scale up innovative curricula supported by Horizon Europe in order to equip people with the skills and competences needed for the jobs of the future ***and to address current and future societal challenges.***

Or. en

Amendment 111

Brando Benifei, Georgi Pirinski, Agnes Jongerius, Emilian Pavel, Silvia Costa, Miapetra

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 18

Text proposed by the Commission

(18) The ESF+ should support Member States' efforts *to tackle* poverty with a view to breaking the cycle of disadvantage across generations and promote social inclusion by ensuring equal opportunities for all, *tackling* discrimination and addressing health inequalities. This implies mobilising a range of policies targeting the most disadvantaged people regardless of their age, including children, marginalised communities such as the Roma, and the working poor. The ESF+ should promote the active inclusion of people far from the labour market with a view to ensuring their socio-economic integration. The ESF+ should be also used to enhance timely and equal access to affordable, sustainable and high quality services such as healthcare and long-term care, in particular family and community-based care services. The ESF+ should contribute to the modernisation of social protection systems with a view in particular to promoting their accessibility.

Amendment

(18) The ESF+ should support Member States' efforts *at all levels of government including at regional and local level to eradicate* poverty, *including energy poverty as foreseen in the newly agreed rules on the Governance of the Energy Union*, with a view to breaking the cycle of disadvantage across generations and promote social inclusion by ensuring equal opportunities for all, *fighting* discrimination and addressing *social and* health inequalities. This implies mobilising a range of *pro-active and reactive* policies targeting the most disadvantaged people regardless of their age, including children, *in line with Principle 11 of the European Pillar of Social Rights*, marginalised communities such as the Roma, *persons with disabilities, people experiencing homelessness, third-country nationals* and the working poor. The ESF+ should promote the active inclusion of people far from the labour market with a view to ensuring their socio-economic integration *including through targeted support to the social and solidarity-based economy. Projects that promote active inclusion, integrated approaches based on the three pillars of access to services, income support and inclusive labour markets should be encouraged. Synergies between ESF+ funded measures and national strategies on income support, in the form of minimum income and/or structural income support measures combining income support with activation measures and with a reinforcement of services or social benefits, should be promoted to amplify the impact on final beneficiaries.* The ESF+ should be also used to enhance timely and equal access to *free or*

affordable, sustainable and high quality services such as healthcare and long-term care, in particular family and community-based care services **and services guiding access to adequate social or affordable housing**. The ESF+ should contribute to the modernisation of social protection systems with a view in particular to promoting their accessibility.

Or. en

Amendment 112

Terry Reintke

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 18

Text proposed by the Commission

(18) The ESF+ should support Member States' efforts to tackle poverty with a view to breaking the cycle of disadvantage across generations and promote social inclusion by ensuring equal opportunities for all, tackling discrimination and addressing health inequalities. This implies mobilising a range of policies targeting the most disadvantaged people regardless of their age, including children, marginalised communities such as the Roma, **and** the working poor. The ESF+ should promote the active inclusion of people far from the labour market with a view to ensuring their socio-economic **integration**. The ESF+ should be also used to enhance timely and equal access to affordable, sustainable and high quality services such as healthcare and long-term care, in particular family and community-based care services. The ESF+ should contribute to the modernisation of social protection systems with a view in particular to promoting their accessibility.

Amendment

(18) The ESF+ should support Member States' efforts **at all levels of government including at regional and local level** to tackle poverty with a view to breaking the cycle of disadvantage across generations and promote social inclusion by ensuring equal opportunities for all, tackling discrimination and addressing health inequalities **and housing deprivation, including homelessness, while putting special emphasis on combatting the feminisation of poverty**. This implies mobilising a range of policies targeting the most disadvantaged people regardless of their age, including children, marginalised communities such as the Roma, **people with disability, illness and/or chronic conditions, the working poor, the homeless, third-country nationals, including refugees, asylum seekers, undocumented migrants and stateless persons, and all other people facing multiple social challenges and multiple forms of discrimination**. The ESF+ should promote the active inclusion of people far from the labour market with a view to

ensuring their socio-economic *inclusion and full participation in society*. The ESF+ should be also used to enhance *social rights through* timely and equal access to affordable, sustainable and high quality services such as *counselling*, healthcare, *childcare and early childhood education* and long-term care, in particular family and community-based care services, *and access to decent energy-efficient affordable housing, including social housing*. The ESF+ should contribute to the modernisation of social protection systems *and social services* with a view in particular to promoting their accessibility *and coverage*.

Or. en

Amendment 113

Marian Harkin, Martina Anderson

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 18

Text proposed by the Commission

(18) The ESF+ should support Member States' efforts to tackle poverty with a view to breaking the cycle of disadvantage across generations and promote social inclusion by ensuring equal opportunities for all, tackling discrimination and addressing health inequalities. This implies mobilising a range of policies targeting the most disadvantaged people regardless of their age, including children, marginalised communities such as the Roma, and the working poor. The ESF+ should promote the active inclusion of people far from the labour market with a view to ensuring their socio-economic integration. The ESF+ should be also used to enhance timely and equal access to affordable, sustainable and high quality services such as healthcare and long-term care, in particular family and community-based care services. The ESF+

Amendment

(18) The ESF+ should support Member States' efforts *at all levels* to tackle poverty with a view to breaking the cycle of disadvantage across generations and promote social inclusion by ensuring equal opportunities for all, tackling discrimination and addressing health inequalities *and homelessness*. This implies mobilising a range of policies targeting the most disadvantaged people regardless of their age, including children, *persons with disabilities*, marginalised communities such as the Roma, and the working poor. The ESF+ should promote the active inclusion of people far from the labour market with a view to ensuring their socio-economic integration. *Projects that promote active inclusion and integration based on the three pillars of access to services, income support and inclusive*

should contribute to the modernisation of social protection systems with a view in particular to promoting their accessibility.

labour markets, should be encouraged. Synergies between ESF+ funded measures and income support, in the form of minimum income and social benefits, which are of national competence and therefore not eligible expenditure under the ESF+, should be fostered to amplify their impact on the final beneficiaries.

The ESF+ should be also used to enhance timely and equal access to affordable, sustainable and high quality services such as healthcare and long-term care, in particular family and community-based care services. The ESF+ should contribute to the modernisation of social protection systems with a view in particular to promoting their accessibility.

Or. en

Amendment 114

Laura Agea, Tiziana Beghin, Rosa D'Amato, Marco Valli

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 18

Text proposed by the Commission

(18) The ESF+ should support Member States' efforts to tackle poverty with a view to breaking the cycle of disadvantage across generations and promote social inclusion by ensuring equal opportunities for all, tackling discrimination and addressing health inequalities. This implies mobilising a range of policies targeting the most disadvantaged people regardless of their age, including children, marginalised communities such as the Roma, **and** the working poor. The ESF+ should promote the active inclusion of people far from the labour market with a view to ensuring their socio-economic integration. The ESF+ should be also used to enhance timely and equal access to affordable, sustainable and high quality services such as healthcare and long-term care, in particular family and

Amendment

(18) The ESF+ should support Member States' efforts to tackle poverty with a view to breaking the cycle of disadvantage across generations ***including through minimum income schemes in line with principle 14 of the European Pillar of Social Rights*** and promote social inclusion by ensuring equal opportunities for all, tackling discrimination and addressing health inequalities. This implies mobilising a range of policies targeting the most disadvantaged people regardless of their age, including children, marginalised communities such as the Roma, the working poor, ***the homeless and all other people facing multiple social challenges.*** The ESF+ should promote the active inclusion of people far from the labour market with a view to ensuring their socio-

community-based care services. The ESF+ should contribute to the modernisation of social protection systems with a view in particular to promoting their accessibility.

economic integration. The ESF+ should be also used to enhance timely and equal access to affordable, sustainable and high quality services such as healthcare and long-term care, in particular family and community-based care services. The ESF+ should contribute to the modernisation of social protection systems with a view in particular to promoting their accessibility ***and coverage, including for people in atypical situations.***

Or. en

Amendment 115

Gabriele Zimmer, Patrick Le Hyaric, Lynn Boylan

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 18

Text proposed by the Commission

(18) The ESF+ should support Member States' efforts to tackle poverty with a view to breaking the cycle of disadvantage across generations and promote social inclusion by ensuring equal opportunities for all, tackling discrimination and addressing health inequalities. This implies mobilising a range of policies targeting the most disadvantaged people regardless of their age, including children, marginalised communities such as *the Roma, and the working poor*. The ESF+ should promote the active inclusion of people far from the labour market with a view to ensuring their socio-economic integration. The ESF+ should be also used to enhance timely and equal access to affordable, sustainable and high quality services such as healthcare and long-term care, in particular family and community-based care services. The ESF+ should contribute to the modernisation of social protection systems with a view in particular to promoting their accessibility.

Amendment

(18) The ESF+ should support Member States' efforts to tackle poverty with a view to breaking the cycle of disadvantage across generations and promote social inclusion by ensuring equal opportunities for all, tackling discrimination and addressing health inequalities. This implies mobilising a range of policies targeting the most disadvantaged people regardless of their age, including children, marginalised communities such as Roma, working poor, ***homeless persons, persons with disabilities, third country nationals, asylum seekers and refugees, and all other people facing multiple social challenges.*** The ESF+ should promote the active inclusion of people far from the labour market with a view to ensuring their socio-economic integration. The ESF+ should be also used to enhance timely and equal access to affordable, sustainable and high quality services such as healthcare and long-term care, in particular family and community-based care services. The ESF+ should contribute to the modernisation of

social protection systems with a view in particular to promoting their accessibility, ***inclusiveness and comprehensive coverage.***

Or. en

Amendment 116

Mara Bizzotto, Dominique Martin, Joëlle Mélin

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 18

Text proposed by the Commission

(18) The ESF+ should support Member States' efforts to tackle poverty with a view to breaking the cycle of disadvantage across generations and promote social inclusion by ensuring equal opportunities for all, tackling discrimination and addressing health inequalities. This implies mobilising a range of policies targeting the most disadvantaged people regardless of their age, including children, ***marginalised communities such as the Roma***, and the working poor. The ESF+ should promote the active inclusion of people far from the labour market with a view to ensuring their socio-economic integration. The ESF+ should be also used to enhance timely and equal access to affordable, sustainable and high quality services such as healthcare and long-term care, in particular family and community-based care services. The ESF+ should contribute to the ***modernisation*** of social protection systems with a view in particular to promoting their accessibility.

Amendment

(18) The ESF+ should support Member States' efforts to tackle poverty with a view to breaking the cycle of disadvantage across generations and promote social inclusion by ensuring equal opportunities for all, tackling discrimination and addressing health inequalities. This implies mobilising a range of policies targeting the most disadvantaged people regardless of their age, including children and the working poor. The ESF+ should promote the active inclusion of people far from the labour market with a view to ensuring their socio-economic integration. The ESF+ should be also used to enhance timely and equal access to affordable, sustainable and high quality services such as healthcare and long-term care, in particular family and community-based care services. The ESF+ should contribute to the ***dissemination*** of social protection systems with a view in particular to promoting their accessibility.

Or. it

Amendment 117

Krzysztof Hetman, Marek Plura, Danuta Jazłowiecka, Agnieszka Kozłowska-Rajewicz

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 18

Text proposed by the Commission

(18) The ESF+ should support Member States' efforts to tackle poverty with a view to breaking the cycle of disadvantage across generations and promote social inclusion by ensuring equal opportunities for all, tackling discrimination and addressing health inequalities. This implies mobilising a range of policies targeting the most disadvantaged people regardless of their age, including children, marginalised communities such as the Roma, and the working poor. The ESF+ should promote the active inclusion of people far from the labour market with a view to ensuring their socio-economic integration. The ESF+ should be also used to enhance timely and equal access to affordable, sustainable and high quality services such as healthcare and long-term care, in particular family and community-based care services. The ESF+ should contribute to the modernisation of social protection systems with a view in particular to promoting their accessibility.

Amendment

(18) The ESF+ should support Member States' efforts to tackle poverty with a view to breaking the cycle of disadvantage across generations and promote social inclusion by ensuring equal opportunities for all, tackling discrimination and addressing health inequalities. This implies mobilising a range of policies **and strategies** targeting the most disadvantaged people regardless of their age, including children, **people with disabilities**, marginalised communities such as the Roma, and the working poor. The ESF+ should promote the active inclusion of people far from the labour market with a view to ensuring their socio-economic integration. The ESF+ should be also used to enhance timely and equal access to affordable, sustainable and high quality services such as healthcare and long-term care, in particular family and community-based care services. The ESF+ should contribute to the modernisation of social **security institutions and public employment services and social** protection systems with a view in particular to promoting their accessibility **and effectiveness in responding to the changing realities of world of work**.

Or. en

Amendment 118

Jasenko Selimovic, António Marinho e Pinto, Yana Toom, Martina Dlabajová, Nathalie Griesbeck

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 18

Text proposed by the Commission

(18) The ESF+ should support Member

Amendment

(18) The ESF+ should support Member

States' efforts to tackle poverty with a view to breaking the cycle of disadvantage across generations and promote social inclusion by ensuring equal opportunities for all, tackling discrimination and addressing health inequalities. This implies mobilising a range of policies targeting the most disadvantaged people regardless of their age, including children, marginalised communities such as the Roma, and the working poor. The ESF+ should promote the active inclusion of people far from the labour market with a view to ensuring their socio-economic integration. The ESF+ should be also used to enhance timely and equal access to affordable, sustainable and high quality services such as healthcare and long-term care, in particular family and community-based care services. The ESF+ should contribute to the modernisation of social protection systems with a view in particular to promoting their accessibility.

States' efforts *at all levels of government, including at local and regional level*, to tackle poverty with a view to breaking the cycle of disadvantage across generations and promote social inclusion by ensuring equal opportunities for all, tackling discrimination and addressing health inequalities *and homelessness*. This implies mobilising a range of policies targeting the most disadvantaged people regardless of their age, including children, *persons with disabilities*, marginalised communities such as the Roma, and the working poor. The ESF+ should promote the active inclusion of people far from the labour market with a view to ensuring their socio-economic integration. The ESF+ should be also used to enhance timely and equal access to affordable, sustainable and high quality services such as healthcare and long-term care, in particular family and community-based care services. The ESF+ should contribute to the modernisation of social protection systems with a view in particular to promoting their accessibility.

Or. en

Amendment 119 **Edouard Martin**

Proposal for a regulation **Recital 18**

Text proposed by the Commission

(18) The ESF+ should support Member States' efforts to tackle poverty with a view to breaking the cycle of disadvantage across generations and promote social inclusion by ensuring equal opportunities for all, tackling discrimination and addressing health inequalities. This implies mobilising a range of policies targeting the most disadvantaged people regardless of their age, including children, marginalised communities such as the Roma, and the

Amendment

(18) The ESF+ should support Member States' efforts to tackle poverty, *including energy poverty as foreseen in the newly agreed rules on the Governance of the Energy Union*, with a view to breaking the cycle of disadvantage across generations and promote social inclusion by ensuring equal opportunities for all, tackling discrimination and addressing health inequalities. This implies mobilising a range of policies targeting the most

working poor. The ESF+ should promote the active inclusion of people far from the labour market with a view to ensuring their socio-economic integration. The ESF+ should be also used to enhance timely and equal access to affordable, sustainable and high quality services such as healthcare and long-term care, in particular family and community-based care services. The ESF+ should contribute to the modernisation of social protection systems with a view in particular to promoting their accessibility.

disadvantaged people regardless of their age, including children, marginalised communities such as the Roma, and the working poor. The ESF+ should promote the active inclusion of people far from the labour market with a view to ensuring their socio-economic integration. The ESF+ should be also used to enhance timely and equal access to affordable, sustainable and high quality services such as healthcare and long-term care, in particular family and community-based care services. The ESF+ should contribute to the modernisation of social protection systems with a view in particular to promoting their accessibility.

Or. en

Amendment 120

Verónica Lope Fontagné

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 18

Text proposed by the Commission

(18) The ESF+ should support Member States' efforts to tackle poverty with a view to breaking the cycle of disadvantage across generations and promote social inclusion by ensuring equal opportunities for all, tackling discrimination and addressing health inequalities. This implies mobilising a range of policies targeting the most disadvantaged people regardless of their age, including children, marginalised communities such as the Roma, and the working poor. The ESF+ should promote the active inclusion of people far from the labour market with a view to ensuring their socio-economic integration. The ESF+ should be also used to enhance timely and equal access to affordable, sustainable and high quality services such as healthcare and long-term care, in particular family and community-based care services. The ESF+ should contribute to the modernisation of

Amendment

(18) The ESF+ should support Member States' **and local and regional authorities'** efforts to tackle poverty with a view to breaking the cycle of disadvantage across generations and promote social inclusion by ensuring equal opportunities for all, tackling discrimination and addressing health inequalities. This implies mobilising a range of policies targeting the most disadvantaged people regardless of their age, including children, marginalised communities such as the Roma, and the working poor. The ESF+ should promote the active inclusion of people far from the labour market with a view to ensuring their socio-economic integration. The ESF+ should be also used to enhance timely and equal access to affordable, sustainable and high quality services such as healthcare and long-term care, in particular family and community-based care services. The ESF+

social protection systems with a view in particular to promoting their accessibility.

should contribute to the modernisation of social protection systems with a view in particular to promoting their accessibility.

Or. es

Amendment 121

Mara Bizzotto, Dominique Martin, Joëlle Mélin

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 18 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(18a) Given the diversity of the level of development in the regions and different social realities across Europe, the degree of flexibility of the ESF+ should be sufficient to take the regional and territorial specificities into account.

Or. en

Amendment 122

Theodoros Zagorakis

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 18 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(18a) Given the diversity of the level of development in the regions and different social realities across Europe, the degree of flexibility of the ESF + should be sufficient to take the regional and territorial specificities into account.

Or. en

Justification

Greater flexibility is needed in the areas of intervention of the ESF+

Amendment 123

Anne Sander, Jérôme Lavrilleux, Geoffroy Didier, Elisabeth Morin-Chartier

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 18 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(18a) Given the differences in levels of development within Europe as a whole, ESF+ assistance must always be flexible enough to allow for specific regional and territorial characteristics.

Or. fr

Amendment 124

Brando Benifei, Georgi Pirinski, Agnes Jongerius, Emilian Pavel, Soraya Post, Miapetra Kumpula-Natri, Claudiu Ciprian Tănăsescu, Sergio Gutiérrez Prieto, Javi López, Maria João Rodrigues

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 19

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(19) The ESF+ should contribute to ***the reduction of*** poverty by supporting national schemes aiming to alleviate food and material deprivation and promote social integration of people at risk of poverty or social exclusion and the most deprived. ***With a view that at Union level at least 4% of the resources of the ESF+ strand under shared management supports the most deprived,*** Member States should allocate at least ***2%*** of their national resources of the ***ESF+ strand under*** shared management to ***address*** the forms of extreme poverty with the greatest social exclusion impact, such as homelessness, child poverty and food deprivation. Due to the nature of the operations and the type of end recipients, it is necessary that ***simpler*** rules apply to

(19) The ESF+ should contribute to poverty ***eradication*** by supporting national schemes aiming to alleviate food and material deprivation and promote social integration of people ***experiencing or*** at risk of poverty or social exclusion and the most deprived. Member States should allocate at least ***4%*** of their national resources of the ***Social Cohesion and Social Rights*** shared management to ***eradicate*** the forms of extreme poverty with the greatest social exclusion impact, such as homelessness, child poverty and food deprivation. Due to the nature of the operations and the type of end recipients, it is necessary that ***the simplest possible*** rules apply to support which addresses material deprivation of the most deprived.

support which addresses material deprivation of the most deprived.

Or. en

Amendment 125

Terry Reintke

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 19

Text proposed by the Commission

(19) The ESF+ should contribute to the reduction of poverty by supporting national schemes aiming to alleviate food and material deprivation and promote social *integration* of people at risk of poverty or social exclusion and the most deprived. ***With a view that at Union level at least 4% of the resources of the ESF+ strand under shared management supports the most deprived***, Member States should allocate at least **2%** of their national resources of the ESF+ strand under shared management to address the forms of extreme poverty with the greatest social exclusion impact, such as homelessness, child poverty and food deprivation. Due to the nature of the operations and the type of end recipients, it is necessary that simpler rules apply to support which addresses material deprivation of the most deprived.

Amendment

(19) The ESF+ should contribute to the reduction of poverty by supporting national schemes aiming to alleviate food and material deprivation and promote social *inclusion* of people at risk of poverty or social exclusion and the most deprived. Member States should allocate at least **4%** of their national resources of the ESF+ strand under shared management to address the forms of extreme poverty with the greatest social exclusion impact, such as homelessness, child poverty and food deprivation. Due to the nature of the operations and the type of end recipients, it is necessary that simpler rules apply to support which addresses material deprivation of the most deprived.

Or. en

Amendment 126

Gabriele Zimmer, Patrick Le Hyaric, Lynn Boylan

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 19

Text proposed by the Commission

(19) The ESF+ should contribute to the reduction of poverty by supporting national schemes aiming to alleviate food and material deprivation and promote social integration of people at risk of poverty or social exclusion and the most deprived. ***With a view that at Union level at least 4% of the resources of the ESF+ strand under shared management supports the most deprived,*** Member States should allocate at least **2%** of their national resources of the ESF+ strand under shared management to address the forms of extreme poverty with the greatest social exclusion impact, such as homelessness, child poverty and food deprivation. Due to the nature of the operations and the type of end recipients, it is necessary that simpler rules apply to support which addresses material deprivation of the most deprived.

Amendment

(19) The ESF+ should contribute to the reduction of poverty by supporting national schemes aiming to alleviate food and material deprivation and promote social integration of people at risk of poverty or social exclusion and the most deprived. Member States should allocate at least **4%** of their national resources of the ESF+ strand under shared management to address the forms of extreme poverty with the greatest social exclusion impact, such as homelessness, child poverty and food deprivation. Due to the nature of the operations and the type of end recipients, it is necessary that simpler rules apply to support which addresses material deprivation of the most deprived.

Or. en

Amendment 127

Laura Agea, Tiziana Beghin, Rosa D'Amato, Marco Valli

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 19

Text proposed by the Commission

(19) The ESF+ should contribute to the reduction of poverty by supporting national schemes aiming to alleviate food and material deprivation and promote social integration of people at risk of poverty or social exclusion and the most deprived. ***With a view that at Union level at least 4% of the resources of the ESF+ strand under shared management supports the most deprived,*** Member States should allocate at least **2%** of their national resources of the ESF+ strand under shared management to address the forms of extreme poverty with

Amendment

(19) The ESF+ should contribute to the reduction of poverty by supporting national schemes aiming to alleviate food and material deprivation and promote social integration of people at risk of poverty or social exclusion and the most deprived. Member States should allocate at least **4%** of their national resources of the ESF+ strand under shared management to address the forms of extreme poverty with the greatest social exclusion impact, such as homelessness, child poverty and food deprivation. Due to the nature of the

the greatest social exclusion impact, such as homelessness, child poverty and food deprivation. Due to the nature of the operations and the type of end recipients, it is necessary that simpler rules apply to support which addresses material deprivation of the most deprived.

operations and the type of end recipients, it is necessary that simpler rules apply to support which addresses material deprivation of the most deprived.

Or. en

Amendment 128
Heinz K. Becker

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 19

Text proposed by the Commission

(19) The ESF+ should contribute to the reduction of poverty by supporting national schemes aiming to alleviate food and material deprivation and promote social integration of people at risk of poverty or social exclusion and the most deprived. With a view that at Union level at least 4 % of the resources of the ESF+ strand under shared management supports the most deprived, Member States should allocate at least 2 % of their national resources of the ESF+ strand under shared management to address the forms of extreme poverty with the greatest social exclusion impact, such as homelessness, child poverty and food deprivation. Due to the nature of the operations and the type of end recipients, it is necessary that simpler rules apply to support which addresses material deprivation of the most deprived.

Amendment

(19) The ESF+ should contribute to the reduction of poverty by supporting national schemes aiming to alleviate food and material deprivation and promote social integration of people at risk of poverty or social exclusion and the most deprived. With a view that at Union level at least 4 % of the resources of the ESF+ strand under shared management supports the most deprived, Member States should allocate at least 2 % of their national resources of the ESF+ strand under shared management to address the forms of extreme poverty with the greatest social exclusion impact, such as homelessness, child poverty, *old-age poverty* and food deprivation. Due to the nature of the operations and the type of end recipients, it is necessary that simpler rules apply to support which addresses material deprivation of the most deprived.

Or. de

Amendment 129
Heinz K. Becker

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 19 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(19a) Old-age poverty is a European and a predominantly female problem. In 2014, the gender gap in pensions, which may be defined as the gap between the average pre-tax income received as a pension by women and that received by men, stood at 39.4% in the 65-and-over age group, and has increased in half of the Member States in the past five years. The financial and economic crisis which has affected Europe in recent years has had a negative impact on many women's incomes and in the long term on average is having a greater impact on women's incomes than men's. In some Member States between 11 and 36% of women have no pension entitlements whatsoever.

Or. de

Amendment 130
Gabriele Zimmer, Patrick Le Hyaric, Lynn Boylan

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 19 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(19a) In order to eradicate poverty and ensure greater social inclusion, the ESF+ should promote the active participation of specialised social NGOs and organisations representing and working with people living in poverty in the preparation, implementation and evaluation of the programmes dedicated to this.

Or. en

Amendment 131
Mara Bizzotto, Dominique Martin, Joëlle Mélin

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 20

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(20) *In light of the persistent need to enhance efforts to address the management of the migration flows in the Union as a whole and in order to ensure a coherent, strong and consistent support to the solidarity and responsibility-sharing efforts, the ESF+ should provide support to promote the socio-economic integration of third country nationals complementary to the actions financed under the Asylum and Migration Fund.* *deleted*

Or. it

Amendment 132
Ulrike Trebesius

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 20

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(20) *In light of the persistent need to enhance efforts to address the management of the migration flows in the Union as a whole and in order to ensure a coherent, strong and consistent support to the solidarity and responsibility-sharing efforts, the ESF+ should provide support to promote the socio-economic integration of third country nationals complementary to the actions financed under the Asylum and Migration Fund.* *deleted*

Or. en

Amendment 133

Terry Reintke

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 20

Text proposed by the Commission

(20) In light of the persistent need to enhance efforts to address the management of the migration flows in the Union as a whole and in order to ensure a coherent, strong and consistent support to the solidarity and responsibility-sharing efforts, the ESF+ should provide support to promote the socio-economic *integration* of third country nationals complementary to the actions financed under the Asylum and Migration Fund.

Amendment

(20) In light of the persistent need to enhance efforts to address the management of the migration flows in the Union as a whole and in order to ensure a coherent, strong and consistent support to the solidarity and responsibility-sharing efforts, the ESF+ should provide support to promote the socio-economic *inclusion* of third country nationals, *including refugees and asylum seekers*, complementary to the actions financed under the Asylum and Migration Fund. *Member States should allocate 2% of their ESF+ resources to the inclusion of third-country nationals and/or marginalised communities at local level.*

Or. en

Amendment 134

Brando Benifei, Agnes Jongerius, Emilian Pavel, Silvia Costa, Miapetra Kumpula-Natri, Claudiu Ciprian Tănăsescu, Sergio Gutiérrez Prieto, Javi López, Elena Gentile

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 20

Text proposed by the Commission

(20) In light of the persistent need to enhance efforts to address the management of the migration flows in the Union as a whole and in order to ensure a coherent, strong and consistent support to the solidarity and responsibility-sharing efforts, the ESF+ should provide support to promote the socio-economic integration of third country nationals complementary to the actions financed under the Asylum and

Amendment

(20) In light of the persistent need to enhance efforts to address the management of the migration flows in the Union as a whole and in order to ensure a coherent, strong and consistent support to the solidarity and *fair* responsibility-sharing efforts, the ESF+ should provide support to promote the socio-economic integration of third country nationals complementary to the actions financed under the Asylum and

Migration Fund.

Migration Fund, *the ERDF, and those funds which can have a positive effect on the inclusion of third-country nationals. Member States should allocate an appropriate amount of ESF+ resources to local authorities to meet the needs for third-country nationals' integration at local level.*

Or. en

Amendment 135

Jasenko Selimovic, António Marinho e Pinto, Yana Toom, Nathalie Griesbeck

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 20

Text proposed by the Commission

(20) In light of the persistent need to enhance efforts to address the management of the migration flows in the Union as a whole and in order to ensure a coherent, strong and consistent support to the solidarity and responsibility-sharing efforts, the ESF+ should provide support to promote the socio-economic integration of third country nationals complementary to the actions financed under the Asylum and Migration Fund.

Amendment

(20) In light of the persistent need to enhance efforts to address the management of the migration flows in the Union as a whole and in order to ensure a coherent, strong and consistent support to the solidarity and responsibility-sharing efforts, the ESF+ should provide support to promote the socio-economic integration of third country nationals complementary to the actions financed under the Asylum and Migration Fund. ***Member States should allocate adequate resources to local authorities for migrant integration at local level.***

Or. en

Amendment 136

Brando Benifei

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 20 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(20a) The management of the migration

flows has distinctive urban and local dimension and implications. Cities, local and regional authorities, social partners, socio-economic actors, civil society organisations have been proving capable of elaborating effective and innovative strategies, projects and initiatives to tackle short-term and long-term challenges related to the reception, social inclusion and integration of third-country nationals into society and the labour market. The ESF+ should offer direct support to cities and local stakeholders in order to scale-up local projects, in this field, with a view to offering a timely, targeted and effective support based on local needs.

Or. en

Amendment 137

Mara Bizzotto, Dominique Martin, Joëlle Mélin

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 20 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(20a) The ESF+ should not under any circumstances be used to give an incentive, directly or indirectly, to new illegal migration flows to the EU, but should remain a useful tool to promote the social and economic integration and employment of European citizens, in particular young people who, residing legally in the Union, experience poverty, material deprivation and social exclusion and who face difficulties in retaining a permanent place within the European labour market.

Or. it

Amendment 138

Gabriele Zimmer, Patrick Le Hyaric, Lynn Boylan

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 21

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(21) The ESF+ should support policy and system reforms in the fields of employment, social inclusion, healthcare and long-term care, and education and training. In order to strengthen alignment with the European Semester, Member States should allocate an appropriate amount of their resources of the ESF+ strand under shared management to implement relevant country-specific recommendations relating to structural challenges which it is appropriate to address through multiannual investments falling within the scope of the ESF+. The Commission and the Member States should ensure coherence, coordination and complementarity between the shared-management and Health strands of ESF+ and the Reform Support Programme, including the Reform Delivery Tool and the Technical Support Instrument. In particular, the Commission and the Member State should ensure, in all stages of the process, effective coordination in order to safeguard the consistency, coherence, complementarity and synergy among sources of funding, including technical assistance thereof.

deleted

Or. en

Amendment 139
Mara Bizzotto, Dominique Martin, Joëlle Mélin

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 21

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(21) The ESF+ should support policy and system reforms in the fields of

(21) The ESF+ should support policy and system reforms *in Member States* in

employment, social inclusion, healthcare and long-term care, and education and training. ***In order to strengthen alignment with the European Semester, Member States should allocate an appropriate amount of their resources of the ESF+ strand under shared management to implement relevant country-specific recommendations relating to structural challenges which it is appropriate to address through multiannual investments falling within the scope of the ESF+. The Commission and the Member States should ensure coherence, coordination and complementarity between the shared-management and Health strands of ESF+ and the Reform Support Programme, including the Reform Delivery Tool and the Technical Support Instrument. In particular, the Commission and the Member State should ensure, in all stages of the process, effective coordination in order to safeguard the consistency, coherence, complementarity and synergy among sources of funding, including technical assistance thereof.***

the fields of employment, social inclusion, healthcare and long-term care, and education and training.

Or. it

Amendment 140

Claude Rolin

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 21

Text proposed by the Commission

(21) The ESF+ should support policy and system reforms in the fields of employment, social inclusion, healthcare and long-term care, and education and training. ***In order to strengthen alignment with the European Semester, Member States should allocate an appropriate amount of their resources of the ESF+ strand under shared management to implement relevant country-specific***

Amendment

(21) The ESF+ should support policy and system reforms in the fields of employment, social inclusion, healthcare and long-term care, and education and training. In particular, the Commission and the Member ***States*** should ensure, in all stages of the process, effective coordination in order to safeguard the consistency, coherence, complementarity and synergy among sources of funding,

recommendations relating to structural challenges which it is appropriate to address through multiannual investments falling within the scope of the ESF+. The Commission and the Member States should ensure coherence, coordination and complementarity between the shared-management and Health strands of ESF+ and the Reform Support Programme, including the Reform Delivery Tool and the Technical Support Instrument. In particular, the Commission and the Member State should ensure, in all stages of the process, effective coordination in order to safeguard the consistency, coherence, complementarity and synergy among sources of funding, including technical assistance thereof.

including technical assistance thereof.

Or. fr

Amendment 141

Laura Agea, Tiziana Beghin, Rosa D'Amato, Marco Valli

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 21

Text proposed by the Commission

(21) The ESF+ should support policy and system reforms in the fields of employment, social inclusion, healthcare and long-term care, and education and training. ***In order to strengthen alignment with the European Semester***, Member States should allocate an appropriate amount of their resources of the ESF+ strand under shared management to ***implement*** relevant country-specific recommendations relating ***to structural challenges*** which ***it is appropriate to address through multiannual investments falling within the scope*** of the ESF+. The Commission and the Member States should ensure coherence, coordination and complementarity between the shared-management and Health strands of ESF+

Amendment

(21) The ESF+ should support policy and system reforms in the fields of employment, social inclusion, healthcare and long-term care, and education and training. Member States should allocate an appropriate amount of their resources of the ESF+ strand under shared management to ***those*** relevant country-specific recommendations relating which ***are consistent with the rationale*** of the ESF+. The Commission and the Member States should ensure coherence, coordination and complementarity between the shared-management and Health strands of ESF+ and the Reform Support Programme. In particular, the Commission and the Member State should ensure, in all stages of the process, effective coordination in

and the Reform Support Programme, ***including the Reform Delivery Tool and the Technical Support Instrument***. In particular, the Commission and the Member State should ensure, in all stages of the process, effective coordination in order to safeguard the consistency, coherence, complementarity and synergy among sources of funding, including technical assistance thereof.

order to safeguard the consistency, coherence, complementarity and synergy among sources of funding, including technical assistance thereof, ***always taking into account the objectives of economic, social and territorial cohesion set out in article 174 TFEU***.

Or. en

Amendment 142

Brando Benifei, Georgi Pirinski, Agnes Jongerius, Emilian Pavel, Miapetra Kumpula-Natri, Claudiu Ciprian Tănăsescu, Sergio Gutiérrez Prieto, Javi López

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 21

Text proposed by the Commission

(21) The ESF+ should support policy and system reforms in the fields of employment, social inclusion, healthcare and long-term care, ***and*** education and training. ***In order to strengthen alignment with*** the European Semester, Member States should allocate an appropriate amount of their resources of the ***ESF+*** strand ***under shared management*** to implement relevant country-specific recommendations relating to structural challenges which it is appropriate to address through multiannual investments falling within the scope of the ESF+. The Commission and the Member States should ensure coherence, coordination and complementarity between the shared-management and ***Health*** strands of ESF+ and the Reform Support Programme, including the Reform Delivery Tool and the Technical Support Instrument. In particular, the Commission and the Member State should ensure, in all stages of the process, effective coordination in order to safeguard the consistency,

Amendment

(21) The ESF+ should support policy and system reforms in the fields of employment, social inclusion, healthcare and long-term care, education and training ***and poverty eradication, linked to the challenges identified by the Social Scoreboard within*** the European Semester. Member States should allocate an appropriate amount of their resources of the ***Social Cohesion and Social Rights*** strand to implement relevant country-specific recommendations relating to structural challenges which it is appropriate to address through multiannual investments falling within the scope of the ESF+. The Commission and the Member States should ***involve local and regional authorities in the process to*** ensure coherence, coordination and complementarity between ***all levels of government and between*** the shared-management and ***direct and indirect management*** strands of ESF+, ***as well as between them*** and the Reform Support Programme, including the Reform Delivery Tool and the Technical Support

coherence, complementarity and synergy among sources of funding, including technical assistance thereof.

Instrument. In particular, the Commission and the Member State should ensure, in all stages of the process, effective coordination in order to safeguard the consistency, coherence, complementarity and synergy among sources of funding, including technical assistance thereof.

Or. en

Amendment 143

Terry Reintke

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 21

Text proposed by the Commission

(21) The ESF+ should support policy and system reforms in the fields of employment, social inclusion, healthcare and long-term care, and education and training. In order to strengthen alignment with the European Semester, Member States should allocate an appropriate amount of their resources of the ESF+ strand under shared management to implement relevant country-specific recommendations relating to structural challenges which it is appropriate to address through multiannual investments falling within the scope of the ESF+. The Commission and the Member States should ensure coherence, coordination and complementarity between the shared-management and Health strands of ESF+ and the Reform Support Programme, including the Reform Delivery Tool and the Technical Support Instrument. In particular, the Commission and the Member State should ensure, in all stages of the process, effective coordination in order to safeguard the consistency, coherence, complementarity and synergy among sources of funding, including

Amendment

(21) The ESF+ should support policy and system reforms in the fields of employment, social inclusion, healthcare and long-term care, and education and training. In order to strengthen alignment with the European Semester, Member States should allocate an appropriate amount of their resources of the ESF+ strand under shared management to implement relevant country-specific recommendations relating to structural challenges which it is appropriate to address through multiannual investments falling within the scope of the ESF+. The Commission ***should review the operational programmes to assess whether they sufficiently address the country-specific recommendations. The Commission and the Member States should involve local and regional authorities meaningfully in the process to*** ensure coherence, coordination and complementarity between ***all levels of government and between*** the shared-management ***and the EaSI*** and Health strands of ESF+ and the Reform Support Programme, including the Reform Delivery Tool and the Technical Support

technical assistance thereof.

Instrument. In particular, the Commission and the Member State should ensure, in all stages of the process, effective coordination in order to safeguard the consistency, coherence, complementarity and synergy among sources of funding, including technical assistance thereof *respecting the partnership principle*.

Or. en

Amendment 144
Edouard Martin

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 21

Text proposed by the Commission

(21) The ESF+ should support policy and system reforms in the fields of employment, social inclusion, healthcare and long-term care, and education and training. In order to strengthen alignment with the European Semester, Member States should allocate an appropriate amount of their resources of the ESF+ strand under shared management to implement relevant country-specific recommendations relating to structural challenges which it is appropriate to address through multiannual investments falling within the scope of the ESF+. The Commission and the Member States should ensure coherence, coordination and complementarity between the shared-management and Health strands of ESF+ and the Reform Support Programme, including the Reform Delivery Tool and the Technical Support Instrument. In particular, the Commission and the Member State should ensure, in all stages of the process, effective coordination in order to safeguard the consistency, coherence, complementarity and synergy among sources of funding, including

Amendment

(21) The ESF+ should support policy and system reforms in the fields of employment, social inclusion, healthcare and long-term care, and education and training. In order to strengthen alignment with the European Semester *and the new rules on the Governance of the Energy Union*, Member States should allocate an appropriate amount of their resources of the ESF+ strand under shared management to implement *in a just transition way* relevant country-specific recommendations relating to structural, *including climate and energy*, challenges, which it is appropriate to address through multiannual investments falling within the scope of the ESF+. The Commission and the Member States should ensure coherence, coordination and complementarity between the shared-management and Health strands of ESF+ and the Reform Support Programme, including the Reform Delivery Tool and the Technical Support Instrument. In particular, the Commission and the Member State should ensure, in all stages of the process, effective coordination in order to safeguard the consistency, coherence, complementarity

technical assistance thereof.

and synergy among sources of funding,
including technical assistance thereof.

Or. en

Amendment 145
Heinz K. Becker

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 21

Text proposed by the Commission

(21) The ESF+ should support policy and system reforms in the fields of employment, social inclusion, healthcare and long-term care, and education and training. In order to strengthen alignment with the European Semester, Member States should allocate an appropriate amount of their resources of the ESF+ strand under shared management to implement relevant country-specific recommendations relating to structural challenges which it is appropriate to address through multiannual investments falling within the scope of the ESF+. The Commission and the Member States should ensure coherence, coordination and complementarity between the shared-management and Health strands of ESF+ and the Reform Support Programme, including the Reform Delivery Tool and the Technical Support Instrument. In particular, the Commission and the Member State should ensure, in all stages of the process, effective coordination in order to safeguard the consistency, coherence, complementarity and synergy among sources of funding, including technical assistance thereof.

Amendment

(21) The ESF+ should support policy and system reforms in the fields of employment, social inclusion, healthcare and long-term care, and education and training. In order to strengthen alignment with the European Semester, Member States should allocate an appropriate amount of their resources of the ESF+ strand under shared management to implement relevant country-specific recommendations relating to structural challenges which it is appropriate to address through multiannual investments falling within the scope of the ESF+. The Commission and the Member States should ensure coherence, coordination and complementarity between the shared-management and Health strands of ESF+ and the Reform Support Programme, including the Reform Delivery Tool and the Technical Support Instrument, ***and that the sustainable development objectives set in the European Pillar of Social Rights are met***. In particular, the Commission and the Member State should ensure, in all stages of the process, effective coordination in order to safeguard the consistency, coherence, complementarity and synergy among sources of funding, including technical assistance thereof.

Or. de

Amendment 146

Jasenko Selimovic, António Marinho e Pinto, Yana Toom, Martina Dlabajová, Nathalie Griesbeck

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 21

Text proposed by the Commission

(21) The ESF+ should support policy and system reforms in the fields of employment, social inclusion, healthcare and long-term care, and education and training. In order to strengthen alignment with the European Semester, Member States should allocate an appropriate amount of their resources of the ESF+ strand under shared management to implement relevant country-specific recommendations relating to structural challenges which it is appropriate to address through multiannual investments falling within the scope of the ESF+. The Commission and the Member States should ensure coherence, coordination and complementarity between the shared-management and Health strands of ESF+ and the Reform Support Programme, including the Reform Delivery Tool and the Technical Support Instrument. In particular, the Commission and the Member State should ensure, in all stages of the process, effective coordination in order to safeguard the consistency, coherence, complementarity and synergy among sources of funding, including technical assistance thereof.

Amendment

(21) The ESF+ should support policy and system reforms in the fields of employment, social inclusion, healthcare and long-term care, and education and training. In order to strengthen alignment with the European Semester, Member States should allocate an appropriate amount of their resources of the ESF+ strand under shared management to implement relevant country-specific recommendations relating to structural challenges which it is appropriate to address through multiannual investments falling within the scope of the ESF+. The Commission and the Member States should ***involve local and regional authorities in the process to*** ensure coherence, coordination and complementarity between the shared-management and Health strands of ESF+ and the Reform Support Programme, including the Reform Delivery Tool and the Technical Support Instrument. In particular, the Commission and the Member State should ensure, in all stages of the process, effective coordination in order to safeguard the consistency, coherence, complementarity and synergy among sources of funding, including technical assistance thereof.

Or. en

Amendment 147

Jérôme Lavrilleux, Elisabeth Morin-Chartier, Anne Sander, Geoffroy Didier

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 21

Text proposed by the Commission

(21) The ESF+ should support policy and system reforms in the fields of employment, social inclusion, healthcare and long-term care, and education and training. In order to strengthen alignment with the European Semester, Member States should allocate an appropriate amount of their resources of the ESF+ strand under shared management to implement relevant country-specific recommendations relating to structural challenges which it is appropriate to address through multiannual investments falling within the scope of the ESF+. The Commission and the Member States should ensure coherence, coordination and complementarity between the shared-management and Health strands of ESF+ and the Reform Support Programme, including the Reform Delivery Tool and the Technical Support Instrument. In particular, the Commission and the Member *State* should ensure, in all stages of the process, effective coordination in order to safeguard the consistency, coherence, complementarity and synergy among sources of funding, including technical assistance thereof.

Amendment

(21) The ESF+ should support policy and system reforms in the fields of employment, social inclusion, healthcare and long-term care, and education and training. In order to strengthen alignment with the European Semester, Member States should allocate an appropriate amount of their resources of the ESF+ strand under shared management to implement relevant country-specific recommendations relating to structural challenges which it is appropriate to address through multiannual investments falling within the scope of the ESF+. The Commission and the Member States should ensure coherence, coordination and complementarity between the shared-management and Health strands of ESF+ and the Reform Support Programme, including the Reform Delivery Tool and the Technical Support Instrument, *as well as the European Pillar of Social Rights*. In particular, the Commission and the Member *States* should ensure, in all stages of the process, effective coordination in order to safeguard the consistency, coherence, complementarity and synergy among sources of funding, including technical assistance thereof.

Or. fr

Amendment 148

Brando Benifei, Georgi Pirinski, Agnes Jongerius, Emilian Pavel, Soraya Post, Silvia Costa, Miapetra Kumpula-Natri, Claudiu Ciprian Tănăsescu, Sergio Gutiérrez Prieto, Javi López

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 22

Text proposed by the Commission

(22) To ensure that the social dimension of Europe as set out in the European Pillar

Amendment

(22) To ensure that the social dimension of Europe as set out in the European Pillar

of Social Rights is duly put forward and that a minimum amount of resources is targeting those most in need Member States should allocate at least **25% of their national ESF+ resources** of the ESF+ strand *under shared management* to fostering social inclusion.

of Social Rights is duly put forward and that a minimum amount of resources is targeting those most in need Member States should allocate at least **30%** of the *Social Cohesion and Social Rights* Strand to fostering social inclusion *and poverty eradication. That percentage should be complementary to the national resources to address extreme poverty.*

Or. en

Amendment 149

Terry Reintke

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 22

Text proposed by the Commission

(22) To ensure that the social dimension of Europe as set out in the European Pillar of Social Rights is duly put forward and that a minimum amount of resources is targeting those most in need Member States should allocate at least **25%** of their national ESF+ resources of the ESF+ strand under shared management to fostering social inclusion.

Amendment

(22) To ensure that the social dimension of Europe as set out in the European Pillar of Social Rights is duly put forward and that a minimum amount of resources is targeting those most in need Member States should allocate at least **30%** of their national ESF+ resources of the ESF+ strand under shared management to fostering social inclusion *and fighting poverty. Member States should use this allocation to address challenges beyond unemployment with measures different than labour market activation measures to support anti-poverty and inclusion.*

Or. en

Amendment 150

Jasenko Selimovic, António Marinho e Pinto, Yana Toom, Nathalie Griesbeck

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 22

Text proposed by the Commission

(22) To ensure that the social dimension of Europe as set out in the European Pillar of Social Rights is duly put forward and that a minimum amount of resources is targeting those most in need Member States should allocate at least **25%** of their national ESF+ resources of the ESF+ strand under shared management to fostering social inclusion.

Amendment

(22) To ensure that the social dimension of Europe as set out in the European Pillar of Social Rights is duly put forward and that a minimum amount of resources is targeting those most in need Member States should allocate at least **30%** of their national ESF+ resources of the ESF+ strand under shared management to fostering social inclusion **and fighting absolute poverty**.

Or. en

Amendment 151

Laura Agea, Tiziana Beghin, Rosa D'Amato, Marco Valli

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 22

Text proposed by the Commission

(22) To ensure that the social dimension of Europe as set out in the European Pillar of Social Rights is duly put forward and that a minimum amount of resources is targeting those most in need Member States should allocate at least **25%** of their national ESF+ resources of the ESF+ strand under shared management to fostering social inclusion.

Amendment

(22) To ensure that the social dimension of Europe as set out in the European Pillar of Social Rights is duly put forward and that a minimum amount of resources is targeting those most in need Member States should allocate at least **30%** of their national ESF+ resources of the ESF+ strand under shared management to fostering social inclusion.

Or. en

Amendment 152

Gabriele Zimmer, Patrick Le Hyaric, Lynn Boylan

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 22

Text proposed by the Commission

(22) To ensure that the social dimension

Amendment

(22) To ensure that the social dimension

of Europe as set out in the European Pillar of Social Rights is duly put forward and that a minimum amount of resources is targeting those most in need Member States should allocate at least **25%** of their national ESF+ resources of the ESF+ strand under shared management to fostering social inclusion.

of Europe as set out in the European Pillar of Social Rights is duly put forward and that a minimum amount of resources is targeting those most in need Member States should allocate at least **30%** of their national ESF+ resources of the ESF+ strand under shared management to fostering social inclusion.

Or. en

Amendment 153

Ádám Kósa

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 22

Text proposed by the Commission

(22) To ensure that the social dimension of Europe as set out in the European Pillar of Social Rights is duly put forward and that a minimum amount of resources is targeting those most in need Member States should allocate at least **25%** of their national ESF+ resources of the ESF+ strand under shared management to fostering social inclusion.

Amendment

(22) To ensure that the social dimension of Europe as set out in the European Pillar of Social Rights is duly put forward and that a minimum amount of resources is targeting those most in need Member States should allocate at least **20%** of their national ESF+ resources of the ESF+ strand under shared management to fostering social inclusion.

Or. hu

Amendment 154

Ulrike Trebesius

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 22

Text proposed by the Commission

(22) To ensure that the social dimension of Europe as set out in the European Pillar of Social Rights is duly put forward and that a minimum amount of resources is targeting those most in need Member States should allocate at least **25%** of their national ESF+ resources of the ESF+

Amendment

(22) To ensure that the social dimension of Europe as set out in the European Pillar of Social Rights is duly put forward and that a minimum amount of resources is targeting those most in need Member States should allocate at least **20%** of their national ESF+ resources of the ESF+

strand under shared management to fostering social inclusion.

strand under shared management to fostering social inclusion.

Or. en

Amendment 155

Martina Dlabajová, Michaela Šojdrová, Renate Weber

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 22

Text proposed by the Commission

(22) To ensure that the social dimension of Europe as set out in the European Pillar of Social Rights is duly put forward and that a minimum amount of resources is targeting those most in need Member States should allocate at least **25%** of their national ESF+ resources of the ESF+ strand under shared management to fostering social inclusion.

Amendment

(22) To ensure that the social dimension of Europe as set out in the European Pillar of Social Rights is duly put forward and that a minimum amount of resources is targeting those most in need Member States should allocate at least **20%** of their national ESF+ resources of the ESF+ strand under shared management to fostering social inclusion.

Or. en

Justification

Current thematic concentration of the programming period 2014 -2020 on social inclusion on ESF (20 %) gives the Member States sufficient flexibility to invest into their priorities based on needs arising both from the European Pillar of Social Rights and Country Specific Recommendations.

Amendment 156

Heinz K. Becker

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 22

Text proposed by the Commission

(22) To ensure that the social dimension of Europe as set out in the European Pillar of Social Rights is duly put forward and that a minimum amount of resources is

Amendment

(22) To ensure that the social dimension of Europe as set out in the European Pillar of Social Rights is duly put forward and that a minimum amount of resources is

targeting those most in need Member States should allocate at least 25 % of their national ESF+ resources of the ESF+ strand under shared management to fostering social inclusion.

targeting those most in need Member States should allocate at least 25 % of their national ESF+ resources of the ESF+ strand under shared management to fostering social inclusion **and combating old-age poverty effectively**.

Or. de

Amendment 157

Brando Benifei, Georgi Pirinski, Agnes Jongerius, Emilian Pavel, Silvia Costa, Elena Gentile, Miapetra Kumpula-Natri, Claudiu Ciprian Tănăsescu, Sergio Gutiérrez Prieto, Javi López, Maria João Rodrigues

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 22 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(22a) All Member States have ratified the UN Convention on the Rights of the Child (UNCRC), which constitutes the standard in the promotion and protection of the rights of the child. The promotion of children's rights is an explicit objective of EU policies (Article 3 of the Lisbon Treaty), and the EU Charter of Fundamental Rights requires the best interests of the child to be a primary consideration in all EU action. The EU and Member States should make appropriate use of the ESF+ to break the cycle of disadvantage for children living in poverty and social exclusion, as defined in the 2013 European Commission Recommendation Investing in children. The ESF+ should support actions promoting effective interventions that contribute to the realisation of children's rights.

Or. en

Amendment 158

Terry Reintke

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 22 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(22a) All Member States have ratified the UN Convention on the Rights of the Child which constitutes the standard in the promotion and protection of the rights of the child. The promotion of children's rights is an explicit objective of Union policies, and the Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union requires that the best interests of the child be a primary consideration in all Union action. The ESF+ should support actions promoting effective interventions that contribute to the realisation of children's rights.

Or. en

Amendment 159

Javi López, Sergio Gutiérrez Prieto, Brando Benifei

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 22 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(22a) Poverty deprives children of respectable living conditions, education opportunities, access to healthy nutrition and health care, which in the long-run leads to a higher risk of unemployment, inter-generational poverty, malnutrition, illness, homelessness, early school dropouts and social exclusion. Growing up in poverty can dramatically change children's chances to enjoy their rights – as enshrined in the UN Convention on the Rights of the Child (UNCRC). Child poverty needs to be addressed from a child rights perspective and with a cross-sectorial and integrated approach.

Amendment 160

Terry Reintke

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 22 b (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(22b) Given the persistently high levels of child poverty and social exclusion in the Union, and having regard to principle 11 of the European Pillar of Social Rights which states that children have the right to protection from poverty, and children from disadvantaged backgrounds have the right to specific measures to enhance equal opportunities, Member States should allocate 10% of their ESF+ resources under shared management for the eradication of child poverty and social exclusion. Investing early in children yields significant returns for children and society as a whole and is crucial to break the cycle of disadvantage in early years and is key to reduce the risk of poverty and social exclusion for the entire society. Supporting children to develop skills and capabilities enables them to develop their full potential, bringing them the best educational and health outcomes, to become active members of society and to increase their chances on the labour market.

Or. en

Amendment 161

Brando Benifei, Georgi Pirinski, Agnes Jongerius, Emilian Pavel, Silvia Costa, Maria João Rodrigues

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 22 b (new)

(22b) In light of the persistently high levels of child poverty and social exclusion in the EU (26.4% in 2017), and the European Pillar of Social Rights which states that children have the right to protection from poverty, and children from disadvantaged backgrounds have the rights to specific measures to enhance equal opportunities, Member States should allocate at least 10% of ESF+ resources under shared management to European Child Guarantee scheme for the eradication of child poverty and social exclusion. Investing early in children yields significant returns for children and society as a whole. Supporting children to develop skills and capabilities enables them to develop their full potential, become active members of society and increase their chances on the labour market as young people.

Or. en

Amendment 162

Javi López, Sergio Gutiérrez Prieto, Brando Benifei

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 22 b (new)

(22b) The lifetime opportunities of children, especially the poorest, depend on a combination of the coverage of basic needs (nutrition and lodging), access to quality public services (health and education) and the stable conditions of parents in order to provide good parenting (social inclusion and labour market integration). Consequently, the European response to improving the living conditions of poor children must be multidimensional, rights-based and

integrated, aiming at ensuring that children and their families have access to adequate resources and quality services. The European Child Guarantee is a new integrated approach to tackling the multidimensional aspects of child poverty which should ensure that every European child at risk of poverty has access to free quality health care, free quality education, free quality childcare, decent housing and adequate nutrition. Covering these five areas of action through European and national action plans would ensure that the living conditions and opportunities of millions of children in Europe improve considerably and with a long-term perspective. The Child Guarantee is a key structural reform of this period and it should be considered as an investment in the stability and prosperity of the European Union, necessary for preserving the EU's growth potential. Investment in young children is the most important means of improving economic and social welfare.

Or. en

Amendment 163

Ulrike Trebesius

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 23

Text proposed by the Commission

(23) In the light of persistently high levels of youth unemployment and inactivity in a number of Member States and regions, in particular affecting young people who are neither in employment, nor in education or training, it is necessary that those Member States continue to invest sufficient resources of the ESF+ strand under shared management towards actions to promote youth employment including through the implementation of Youth

Amendment

(23) In the light of persistently high levels of youth unemployment and inactivity in a number of Member States and regions, in particular affecting young people who are neither in employment, nor in education or training, it is necessary that those Member States continue to invest sufficient resources of the ESF+ strand under shared management towards actions to promote youth employment including through the implementation of Youth

Guarantee schemes. Building on the actions supported by the Youth Employment Initiative in the 2014-2020 programming period targeting individual persons, Member States should further promote employment and education reintegration pathways and outreach measures for young people by prioritising, where relevant, long-term unemployed, inactive and disadvantaged young people including through youth work. Member States should also invest in measures aimed at facilitating school-to-work transition as well as reforming and adapting employment services with a view to providing tailor-made support to young people. ***Member States concerned should therefore allocate at least 10% of their national resources of the ESF+ strand under shared management to support youth employability.***

Guarantee schemes, ***if these programmes have proven to be successful according to external auditors. Monitoring of programmes and exchange of best practise should be a focal point of the ESF+ in order to maximise the efficiency of funding.*** Building on the actions supported by the Youth Employment Initiative in the 2014-2020 programming period targeting individual persons, Member States should further promote employment and education reintegration pathways and outreach measures for young people by prioritising, where relevant, long-term unemployed, inactive and disadvantaged young people including through youth work. Member States should also invest in measures aimed at facilitating school-to-work transition as well as reforming and adapting employment services with a view to providing tailor-made support to young people.

Or. en

Amendment 164

Brando Benifei, Agnes Jongerius, Emilian Pavel, Soraya Post, Silvia Costa, Elena Gentile, Miapetra Kumpula-Natri, Claudiu Ciprian Tănăsescu, Sergio Gutiérrez Prieto, Javi López

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 23

Text proposed by the Commission

(23) In the light of persistently high levels of youth unemployment and inactivity in a number of Member States and regions, in particular affecting young people who are neither in employment, nor in education or training, it is necessary that ***those*** Member States continue to invest ***sufficient*** resources of the ***ESF+ strand under shared management*** towards actions to promote youth employment ***including*** through the implementation of

Amendment

(23) In the light of persistently high levels of youth unemployment and inactivity in a number of Member States and regions, in particular affecting young people who are neither in employment, nor in education or training (***NEETs***), ***which levels are even higher in case of young people coming from a disadvantaged social background***, it is necessary that Member States continue to invest ***adequate*** resources of the ***Social Cohesion and***

Youth Guarantee schemes. Building on the actions supported by the Youth Employment Initiative in the 2014-2020 programming period targeting individual persons, Member States should further promote employment and education reintegration pathways and outreach measures for young people by prioritising, where relevant, long-term unemployed, inactive and disadvantaged young people including through youth work. Member States should also invest in measures aimed at facilitating school-to-work transition as well as reforming and adapting employment services with a view to providing tailor-made support to young people. Member States *concerned* should therefore allocate at least **10%** of their national resources of the *ESF+* strand *under shared management* to support youth employability.

Social Rights Strand towards actions to promote youth employment, *in particular* through the implementation of Youth Guarantee schemes. Building on the actions supported by the Youth Employment Initiative in the 2014-2020 programming period targeting individual persons, Member States should further promote *high-quality* employment and education reintegration pathways and *effective* outreach measures for young people by prioritising, where relevant, long-term unemployed, inactive and disadvantaged young people including through youth work. Member States should also invest in measures aimed at facilitating school-to-work transition as well as reforming and adapting employment services with a view to providing tailor-made support to young people, *and at delivering their service without discrimination of any kind*. Member States should therefore allocate at least **5%** of their national resources of the *Social Cohesion and Social Rights strand*, *or 15% of their national resources of the Social Cohesion and Social Rights strand when their NEET rate is too high*, to support *policies in the field of youth employability, continued education, quality jobs, apprenticeships and traineeships*.

Or. en

Amendment 165
Claude Rolin

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 23

Text proposed by the Commission

(23) In the light of persistently high levels of youth unemployment and inactivity in a number of Member States and regions, in particular affecting young

Amendment

(23) In the light of persistently high levels of youth unemployment and inactivity in a number of Member States and regions, in particular affecting young

people who are neither in employment, nor in education or training, it is necessary that those Member States continue to invest sufficient resources of the ESF+ strand under shared management towards actions to promote youth employment including through the implementation of Youth Guarantee schemes. Building on the actions supported by the Youth Employment Initiative in the 2014-2020 programming period targeting individual persons, Member States should further promote employment and education reintegration pathways and outreach measures for young people by prioritising, where relevant, long-term unemployed, inactive and disadvantaged young people including through youth work. Member States should also invest in measures aimed at facilitating school-to-work transition as well as reforming and adapting employment services with a view to providing tailor-made support to young people. Member States concerned should therefore allocate at least **10%** of their national resources of the ESF+ strand under shared management to support youth employability.

people who are neither in employment, nor in education or training, it is necessary that those Member States continue to invest sufficient resources of the ESF+ strand under shared management towards actions to promote youth employment, including through the implementation of Youth Guarantee schemes. Building on the actions supported by the Youth Employment Initiative in the 2014-2020 programming period targeting individual persons, Member States should further promote employment and education reintegration pathways and outreach measures for young people by prioritising, where relevant, long-term unemployed, inactive and disadvantaged young people, including through youth work. Member States should also invest in measures aimed at facilitating school-to-work transition as well as reforming and adapting employment services with a view to providing tailor-made support to young people. ***The*** Member States concerned, ***acting at the appropriate territorial level, taking into account their institutional, legal, and financial framework,*** should therefore allocate at least **15%** of their national resources of the ESF+ strand under shared management to support youth employability.

Or. fr

Amendment 166 **Verónica Lope Fontagné**

Proposal for a regulation **Recital 23**

Text proposed by the Commission

(23) In the light of persistently high levels of youth unemployment and inactivity in a number of Member States and regions, in particular affecting young people who are neither in employment, nor

Amendment

(23) In the light of persistently high levels of youth unemployment and inactivity in a number of Member States and regions, in particular affecting young people who are neither in employment, nor

in education or training, it is necessary that those Member States continue to invest sufficient resources of the ESF+ strand under shared management towards actions to promote youth employment including through the implementation of Youth Guarantee schemes. Building on the actions supported by the Youth Employment Initiative in the 2014-2020 programming period targeting individual persons, Member States should further promote employment and education reintegration pathways and outreach measures for young people by prioritising, where relevant, long-term unemployed, inactive and disadvantaged young people including through youth work. Member States should also invest in measures aimed at facilitating school-to-work transition as well as reforming and adapting employment services with a view to providing tailor-made support to young people. Member States concerned should therefore allocate at least **10%** of their national resources of the ESF+ strand under shared management to support youth employability.

in education or training, it is necessary that those Member States continue to invest sufficient resources of the ESF+ strand under shared management towards actions to promote youth employment including through the implementation of Youth Guarantee schemes. Building on the actions supported by the Youth Employment Initiative in the 2014-2020 programming period targeting individual persons, Member States should further promote employment and education reintegration pathways and outreach measures for young people by prioritising, where relevant, long-term unemployed, inactive and disadvantaged young people including through youth work. Member States should also invest in measures aimed at facilitating school-to-work transition as well as reforming and adapting employment services with a view to providing tailor-made support to young people, and at delivering their service without discrimination of any kind, ***paying particular attention to the young people who are hardest to reach***. Member States concerned should therefore allocate at least **15%** of their national resources of the ESF+ strand under shared management to support youth employability.

Or. es

Amendment 167

Laura Agea, Tiziana Beghin, Rosa D'Amato, Marco Valli

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 23

Text proposed by the Commission

(23) In the light of persistently high levels of youth unemployment and inactivity in a number of Member States and regions, in particular affecting young people who are neither in employment, nor in education or training, it is necessary that

Amendment

(23) In the light of persistently high levels of youth unemployment and inactivity in a number of Member States and regions, in particular affecting young people who are neither in employment, nor in education or training, it is necessary that

those Member States continue to invest sufficient resources of the ESF+ strand under shared management towards actions to promote youth employment including through the implementation of Youth Guarantee schemes. Building on the actions supported by the Youth Employment Initiative in the 2014-2020 programming period targeting individual persons, Member States should further promote employment and education reintegration pathways and outreach measures for young people by prioritising, where relevant, long-term unemployed, inactive and disadvantaged young people including through youth work. Member States should also invest in measures aimed at facilitating school-to-work transition as well as reforming and adapting employment services with a view to providing tailor-made support to young people. Member States concerned should therefore allocate at least **10%** of their national resources of the ESF+ strand under shared management to support youth employability.

those Member States continue to invest sufficient resources of the ESF+ strand under shared management towards actions to promote youth employment including through the implementation of Youth Guarantee schemes. Building on the actions supported by the Youth Employment Initiative in the 2014-2020 programming period targeting individual persons, Member States should further promote employment and education reintegration pathways and outreach measures for young people by prioritising, where relevant, long-term unemployed, inactive and disadvantaged young people including through youth work. Member States should also invest in measures aimed at facilitating school-to-work transition as well as reforming and adapting employment services with a view to providing tailor-made support to young people. Member States concerned should therefore allocate at least **12%** of their national resources of the ESF+ strand under shared management to support youth employability.

Or. en

Amendment 168

Terry Reintke

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 23

Text proposed by the Commission

(23) In the light of persistently high levels of youth unemployment and inactivity in a number of Member States and regions, in particular affecting young people who are neither in employment, nor in education or training, it is necessary that those Member States continue to invest sufficient resources of the ESF+ strand under shared management towards actions

Amendment

(23) In the light of persistently high levels of youth unemployment and inactivity in a number of Member States and regions, in particular affecting young people who are neither in employment, nor in education or training, it is necessary that those Member States continue to invest sufficient resources of the ESF+ strand under shared management towards actions

to promote youth employment including through the implementation of Youth Guarantee schemes. Building on the actions supported by the Youth Employment Initiative in the 2014-2020 programming period targeting individual persons, Member States should further promote employment and education reintegration pathways and outreach measures for young people by prioritising, where relevant, long-term unemployed, inactive and disadvantaged young people including through youth work. Member States should also invest in measures aimed at facilitating school-to-work transition as well as reforming and adapting employment services with a view to providing tailor-made support to young people. Member States concerned should therefore allocate at least 10% of their national resources of the ESF+ strand under shared management to support youth employability.

to promote youth employment **and young people's access to high-quality jobs**, including through the implementation of Youth Guarantee schemes. Building on the actions supported by the Youth Employment Initiative in the 2014-2020 programming period targeting individual persons, Member States should further promote employment and education reintegration pathways and outreach measures for young people by prioritising, where relevant, long-term unemployed, inactive and disadvantaged young people including through youth work. Member States should also invest in measures aimed at facilitating school-to-work transition as well as reforming and adapting employment services with a view to providing tailor-made support to young people **and in particular young people in vulnerable situations**. Member States concerned should therefore allocate at least 10% of their national resources of the ESF+ strand under shared management to support youth employability.

Or. en

Amendment 169
Heinz K. Becker

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 23 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(23a) The proven Austrian model of a dual system combining teaching and work experience is an effective way of combating youth unemployment. Member States should, therefore, introduce the dual system which is established as the leading model in the EU.

Or. de

Amendment 170

Geoffroy Didier, Jérôme Lavrilleux, Elisabeth Morin-Chartier, Anne Sander

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 23 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(23a) Disparities are growing at subregional level, including in more prosperous regions where there are pockets of poverty.

Or. fr

Amendment 171

Heinz K. Becker

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 23 b (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(23b) EURES must be strengthened on a long-term basis, in particular through the comprehensive development of the internet platform and the active involvement of the Member States. Member States should use the existing model more effectively and publish details of all vacant jobs in the EURES system.

Or. de

Amendment 172

Brando Benifei, Georgi Pirinski, Agnes Jongerius, Emilian Pavel, Miapetra Kumpula-Natri, Claudiu Ciprian Tănăsescu, Sergio Gutiérrez Prieto, Javi López

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 24

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(24) Member States should ensure coordination and complementarity between

(24) Member States *and the Commission* should ensure coordination

the actions supported by *these funds*.

and complementarity between the actions supported by *the ESF+ and the other Union Programmes and instruments such as European Globalisation Adjustment Fund, the European Regional Development Fund, the European Maritime and Fisheries Fund, Erasmus, the Asylum and Migration Fund, Horizon Europe, the European Agricultural Fund for Rural Development, the Digital Europe Programme.*

Or. en

Amendment 173

Silvia Costa

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 24

Text proposed by the Commission

(24) Member States should ensure coordination and complementarity between the actions supported by these funds.

Amendment

(24) Member States should ensure coordination and complementarity between the actions supported by these funds, *including funds for Erasmus, Creative Europe and the European Solidarity Corps.*

Or. it

Amendment 174

Mara Bizzotto, Dominique Martin, Joëlle Mélin

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 24

Text proposed by the Commission

(24) Member States should ensure coordination and complementarity between the actions supported by these funds.

Amendment

(24) Member States, *in cooperation with the competent regional and local authorities*, should ensure coordination and complementarity between the actions supported by these funds.

Amendment 175
Elisabeth Morin-Chartier

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 24 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(24a) In light of the persistently high levels of child poverty and social exclusion in the EU (26.4% in 2017), and the European Pillar of Social Rights which states that children have the right to protection from poverty, and children from disadvantaged backgrounds have the rights to specific measures to enhance equal opportunities; Member States should allocate appropriate amount of ESF+ resources under shared management for the reduction of child poverty and social exclusion. Investing early in children yields significant returns for children and society as a whole. Supporting children to develop skills and capabilities enables them to develop their full potential, become active members of society and increase their chances on the labour market as young people.

Or. en

Amendment 176
Theodoros Zagorakis

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 25

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(25) In accordance with **Article** 349 TFEU and Article 2 of Protocol No 6 to the 1994 Act of Accession, the outermost regions **and** the northern sparsely

(25) In accordance with **Articles** 349 **and 174** TFEU and Article 2 of Protocol No 6 to the 1994 Act of Accession, the outermost regions, the northern sparsely

populated regions are entitled to specific measures under common policies and EU programmes. Due to the permanent constraints these regions require specific support.

populated regions **and islands** are entitled to specific measures under common policies and EU programmes. Due to the permanent constraints these regions require specific support.

Or. el

Justification

The geographical extent of ESF+ needs to be clearly established.

Amendment 177

Mara Bizzotto, Dominique Martin, Joëlle Mélin

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 25

Text proposed by the Commission

(25) In accordance with **Article** 349 TFEU and Article 2 of Protocol No 6 to the 1994 Act of Accession, the outermost regions and the northern sparsely populated regions are entitled to specific measures under common policies and EU programmes. Due to the permanent constraints these regions require specific support.

Amendment

(25) In accordance with **Articles** 349 **and 174** TFEU and Article 2 of Protocol No 6 to the 1994 Act of Accession, the outermost regions, **islands** and the northern sparsely populated regions are entitled to specific measures under common policies and EU programmes. Due to the permanent constraints these regions require specific support.

Or. it

Amendment 178

Laura Agea, Tiziana Beghin, Rosa D'Amato, Marco Valli

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 25

Text proposed by the Commission

(25) In accordance with Article 349 TFEU and Article 2 of Protocol No 6 to the 1994 Act of Accession, the outermost regions and the northern sparsely populated regions are entitled to specific measures

Amendment

(25) In accordance with Article **174 and** 349 TFEU and Article 2 of Protocol No 6 to the 1994 Act of Accession, the outermost regions and the northern sparsely populated regions are entitled to

under common policies and EU programmes. Due to the permanent constraints these regions require specific support.

specific measures under common policies and EU programmes. Due to the permanent constraints these regions require specific support.

Or. en

Amendment 179

Mara Bizzotto, Dominique Martin, Joëlle Mélin

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 25 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(25a) The structural conditions in rural, mountainous and island areas require a targeted and specific ESF+ commitment to promote employment and training in these areas, in close cooperation with national, regional and local authorities, social and economic actors and the social partners, in order to support their competitiveness and to prevent depopulation.

Or. it

Amendment 180

Dominique Martin

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 26

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(26) Efficient and effective implementation of actions supported by the ESF+ depends on good governance and partnership between all actors at the relevant territorial levels and the socio-economic actors, in particular the social partners and civil society. It is therefore essential that Member States encourage the participation of social partners and

deleted

civil society in the implementation of the ESF+ under shared management.

Or. fr

Amendment 181

Javi López

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 26

Text proposed by the Commission

(26) Efficient and effective implementation of actions supported by the ESF+ depends on good governance and partnership between *all actors at the relevant* territorial levels *and* the socio-economic actors, in particular the social partners and *civil society*. It is therefore essential that Member States *encourage the participation of social partners and civil society* in the implementation of the ESF+ under shared management.

Amendment

(26) Efficient and effective implementation of actions supported by the ESF+ depends on good governance and partnership between *EU institutions and local, regional and national authorities, at the respective* territorial levels, *together with* the socio-economic actors, in particular the social partners and *non-governmental organisations*. It is therefore essential that Member States *involve local and regional authorities* in the implementation of the ESF+ under shared management, *given that they are better placed to identify social and economic needs at sub-national level and promote the participation of the social partners and civil society*.

Or. es

Amendment 182

Mara Bizzotto

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 26

Text proposed by the Commission

(26) Efficient and effective implementation of actions supported by the ESF+ depends on good governance and partnership between *all actors at the*

Amendment

(26) Efficient and effective implementation of actions supported by the ESF+ depends on good governance and partnership between *EU institutions and*

relevant territorial levels and the socio-economic actors, *in particular* the social partners and civil society. It is therefore essential that Member States encourage the participation of social partners and civil society in the implementation of the ESF+ under shared management.

local, regional and national authorities, together with the socio-economic actors, the social partners and civil society. It is therefore essential that Member States encourage the participation of *regional and local authorities*, social partners and civil society in the implementation of the ESF+ under shared management.

Or. it

Amendment 183

Terry Reintke

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 26

Text proposed by the Commission

(26) Efficient and effective implementation of actions supported by the ESF+ depends on good governance and partnership between all actors at the relevant territorial levels and the socio-economic actors, in particular the social partners and civil society. It is therefore essential that Member States *encourage the* participation of social partners and civil society in the *implementation* of the ESF+ under shared management.

Amendment

(26) Efficient and effective implementation of actions supported by the ESF+ depends on good governance and partnership between all actors at the relevant territorial levels and the socio-economic actors, in particular *regional and local authorities*, the social partners and civil society *with special emphasis on NGOs delivering employment, care, education and social services and working in the field of anti-discrimination and/or defending human rights*. It is therefore essential that Member States *ensure the meaningful* participation of *regional and local authorities*, social partners and civil society in the *strategic governance* of the ESF+ under shared management *from shaping priorities for operational programmes to implementing, monitoring and evaluating the results and impact. Furthermore, for the sake of safeguarding non-discrimination and equal opportunities, it is vital that equality bodies and national human rights institutions are also involved in each stage.*

Amendment 184

Brando Benifei, Georgi Pirinski, Agnes Jongerius, Emilian Pavel, Miapetra Kumpula-Natri, Claudiu Ciprian Tănăsescu, Sergio Gutiérrez Prieto, Javi López, Maria João Rodrigues

Proposal for a regulation**Recital 26***Text proposed by the Commission*

(26) Efficient and effective implementation of actions supported by the ESF+ depends on good governance and partnership between all actors at the relevant territorial levels and the socio-economic actors, in particular the social partners and civil society. It is therefore essential that Member States ***encourage the participation of*** social partners and civil society in the implementation of ***the ESF+ under shared management***.

Amendment

(26) Efficient and effective implementation of actions supported by the ESF+ depends on good governance and partnership between all actors at the relevant territorial levels and the socio-economic actors, in particular the social partners and civil society. It is therefore essential that Member States ***involve the preparation, monitoring, implementation and evaluation of ESF+ programmes***.

Amendment 185

Anne Sander, Jérôme Lavrilleux, Geoffroy Didier, Elisabeth Morin-Chartier

Proposal for a regulation**Recital 26***Text proposed by the Commission*

(26) Efficient and effective implementation of actions supported by the ESF+ depends on good governance and partnership between ***all actors at the relevant territorial levels*** and the socio-economic actors, in particular the social partners and civil society. It is therefore essential that Member States ***encourage the participation of social partners and civil society*** in the implementation of the ESF+ ***under shared management***.

Amendment

(26) Efficient and effective implementation of actions supported by the ESF+ depends on good governance and partnership between ***the European institutions and national, regional, and local authorities*** and the socio-economic actors, in particular the social partners and civil society. It is therefore essential that Member States ***involve regional and local authorities*** in the implementation of the ESF+, ***while also encouraging the***

participation of social partners and civil society.

Or. fr

Justification

The territorial dimension of the ESF+ has to be safeguarded, and regional and local authorities must therefore be fully involved in ESF+ implementation.

Amendment 186
Theodoros Zagorakis

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 26

Text proposed by the Commission

(26) Efficient and effective implementation of actions supported by the ESF+ depends on good governance and partnership between *all actors* at the relevant territorial levels *and* the socio-economic actors, *in particular* the social partners and civil society. It is therefore essential that Member States encourage the participation of social partners and civil society *in the implementation of the ESF+ under shared management.*

Amendment

(26) Efficient and effective implementation of actions supported by the ESF+ depends on good governance and partnership between *EU institutions and local, regional and national authorities*, at the *respective* relevant territorial levels, *together with* the socio-economic actors, the social partners and civil society. It is therefore essential that Member States *involve local and regional authorities in the implementation of the ESF + under shared management as they are best placed to know the social and economic needs at sub-national level and* encourage the participation of social partners and civil society.

Or. en

Justification

Ensure multilevel governance and the participation of local and regional authorities in the implementation of ESF+.

Amendment 187
Edouard Martin

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Proposal for a regulation
Recital 26

Text proposed by the Commission

(26) Efficient and effective implementation of actions supported by the ESF+ depends on good governance and partnership between all actors at the relevant territorial levels and the socio-economic actors, in particular the social partners and civil society. It is therefore essential that Member States *encourage* the participation of social partners and civil society in the implementation of the ESF+ under shared management.

Amendment

(26) Efficient and effective implementation of actions supported by the ESF+ depends on good governance and partnership between all actors at the relevant territorial levels and the socio-economic actors, in particular the social partners and civil society. It is therefore essential that Member States *foresee clear and binding rules on* the participation of social partners and civil society in the implementation of the ESF+ under shared management, *with a view to establishing a more strategic view of challenges and solutions at the level of local labour and living areas.*

Or. en

Amendment 188

Jasenko Selimovic, António Marinho e Pinto, Yana Toom, Martina Dlabajová, Nathalie Griesbeck

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 26

Text proposed by the Commission

(26) Efficient and effective implementation of actions supported by the ESF+ depends on good governance and partnership between all actors at the relevant territorial levels and the socio-economic actors, in particular the social partners and civil society. It is therefore essential that Member States encourage the participation of social partners and civil society in the implementation of the ESF+ under shared management.

Amendment

(26) Efficient and effective implementation of actions supported by the ESF+ depends on good governance and partnership between all actors at the relevant territorial levels and the socio-economic actors, in particular the social partners, and civil society. It is therefore essential that Member States encourage the participation of *local and regional authorities*, social partners and civil society in the implementation of the ESF+ under shared management.

Or. en

Amendment 189

Marian Harkin, Olga Sehnalová, Helga Stevens, Martina Anderson

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 26 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(26a) Good governance and partnership between managing authorities and the partners require the effective and efficient use of capacity building for stakeholders, to whom Member States should allocate an appropriate amount of ESF+ resources. As investment in institutional capacity and in the efficiency of public administration and public services at the national, regional and local levels with a view to reforms, better regulation and good governance, is no longer included an operational objective of the ESF+ under shared management, but has been included in the Structural Support Reform Programme, it is necessary that the Commission and the Member States ensure effective coordination between the two instruments.

Or. en

Amendment 190

Mara Bizzotto, Dominique Martin, Joëlle Mélin

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 26 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(26a) The achievement of the objectives of the ESF+ and access to its resources in the Member States are still very difficult, which significantly reduces its impact. It is therefore necessary to further simplify the administrative and bureaucratic burdens and complexities which hamper

the use of the ESF+ in the Member States, in particular for SMEs and local administrative authorities.

Or. it

Amendment 191

Brando Benifei, Georgi Pirinski, Agnes Jongerius, Emilian Pavel, Miapetra Kumpula-Natri, Claudiu Ciprian Tănăsescu, Sergio Gutiérrez Prieto, Javi López

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 27

Text proposed by the Commission

(27) With a view to rendering policies more responsive to social change and to encourage and support innovative solutions, support for social innovation is crucial. In particular, testing and evaluating innovative solutions before scaling them up is instrumental in improving the efficiency of the policies and thus justifies specific support from the ESF+.

Amendment

(27) With a view to rendering policies more responsive to social change and to encourage and support innovative solutions ***including at local level***, support for social innovation is crucial. In particular, testing and evaluating innovative solutions before scaling them up is instrumental in improving the efficiency of the policies and thus justifies specific support from the ESF+ ***and requires good coordination between the Social Cohesion and Social Rights strand and the Employment and Social Innovation strand.***

Or. en

Amendment 192

Elena Gentile

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 27

Text proposed by the Commission

(27) With a view to rendering policies more responsive to social change and to encourage and support innovative solutions, support for social innovation is crucial. In particular, testing and evaluating innovative solutions before scaling them up is instrumental in improving the efficiency

Amendment

(27) With a view to rendering policies more responsive to social change and to encourage and support innovative solutions, support for social innovation is crucial. In particular, ***developing and experimenting innovative solutions as well as*** testing and evaluating innovative

of the policies and thus justifies specific support from the ESF+.

solutions before scaling them up is instrumental in improving the efficiency of the policies and thus justifies specific support from the ESF+.

Or. en

Amendment 193
Verónica Lope Fontagné

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 27

Text proposed by the Commission

(27) With a view to rendering policies more responsive to social change and to encourage and support innovative solutions, support for social innovation is crucial. In particular, testing and evaluating innovative solutions before scaling them up is instrumental in improving the efficiency of the policies and thus justifies specific support from the ESF+.

Amendment

(27) With a view to rendering policies more responsive to social change and to encourage and support innovative solutions, support for social innovation **and the social economy** is crucial. In particular, testing and evaluating innovative solutions before scaling them up is instrumental in improving the efficiency of the policies and thus justifies specific support from the ESF+.

Or. es

Amendment 194
Terry Reintke
on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 27

Text proposed by the Commission

(27) With a view to rendering policies more responsive to social change and to encourage and support innovative solutions, support for social innovation is crucial. In particular, testing and evaluating innovative solutions before scaling them up is instrumental in improving the efficiency of the policies and thus justifies specific

Amendment

(27) With a view to rendering policies more responsive to social change and to encourage and support innovative solutions, support for social innovation is crucial. In particular, testing and evaluating innovative solutions **at local level** before scaling them up is instrumental in improving the efficiency of the policies

support from the ESF+.

and thus justifies specific support from the ESF+.

Or. en

Amendment 195

Brando Benifei, Agnes Jongerius, Emilian Pavel, Elena Gentile, Miapetra Kumpula-Natri, Claudiu Ciprian Tănăsescu, Sergio Gutiérrez Prieto, Javi López

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 27 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(27a) With a view to fully tapping into the potential of cross-sectorial cooperation and to improving synergies and coherence with other policy fields to achieve the general objectives of the ESF+, sport and physical activity should be used as a tool in ESF+ actions aimed, in particular, at fighting youth unemployment, improving social inclusion of marginalised communities, health promotion, and disease prevention.

Or. en

Amendment 196

Terry Reintke

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 27 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(27a) With a view to fully tapping into the potential of cross-sectorial cooperation and to improving synergies and coherence with other policy fields to achieve the general objectives of the ESF+, sport and physical activity should be used as a tool in ESF+ actions aimed, in particular, at fighting youth

unemployment, improving social inclusion of marginalised groups, health promotion, and disease prevention.

Or. en

Amendment 197

Terry Reintke

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 28

Text proposed by the Commission

(28) The Member States and the Commission should ensure that ESF+ contributes to the promotion of equality between women and men in accordance with Article 8 TFEU to foster equality of treatment and opportunities between women and men in all areas, including regarding participation in the labour market, terms and conditions of employment and career progression. **They** should **also** ensure that the ESF+ promotes equal opportunities for all, without discrimination in accordance with Article 10 TFEU and promotes the inclusion in society of persons with disabilities on equal basis with others and contributes to the implementation of the United Nations Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities. These principles should be taken into account in all dimensions and in all stages of the preparation, monitoring, implementation and evaluation of programmes, in a timely and consistent manner while ensuring that specific actions are taken to promote gender equality and equal opportunities. The ESF+ should also promote the transition from **residential/institutional** care to family and community-based care, in particular for those who face multiple discrimination. The ESF+ should not support any action that **contributes** to segregation or to social

Amendment

(28) The Member States and the Commission should ensure that ESF+ contributes to the promotion of equality between women and men in accordance with Article 8 TFEU to foster equality of treatment and opportunities between women and men in all areas, including regarding participation in the labour market, terms and conditions of employment and career progression **as well as the economic independence of women, education and skills upgrading and the reintegration of female victims of violence into society and into the labour market. Synergies and policy coherence with the Rights and Values programme in this should ensure that ESF+ can mainstream and upscale actions. The Commission and the Member States should** ensure that the ESF+ promotes equal opportunities for all, without discrimination in accordance with Article 10 TFEU and promotes the inclusion in society of persons with disabilities **and chronic diseases** on equal basis with others and contributes to the implementation of the United Nations Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities **with regard to, inter alia, education, work, employment and accessibility**. These principles should be taken into account in all dimensions and in all stages of the preparation, monitoring,

exclusion. Regulation (EU) No [future CPR] provides that rules on eligibility of expenditure are to be established at national level, with certain exceptions for which it is necessary to lay down specific provisions with regard to the ESF+ strand under shared management.

implementation and evaluation of programmes, in a timely and consistent manner while ensuring that specific actions are taken to promote gender equality and equal opportunities. The ESF+ should also promote ***accessibility in line with the UN Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities and*** the transition from ***institutional*** care to family and community-based care, in particular for those who face multiple discrimination. ***Measures for the shift from institutional to family and community-based care should be implemented through national deinstitutionalisation strategies and action plans.*** The ESF+ should not support any action that ***does not respect fundamental rights as set out in the Charter of Fundamental Rights and, in particular, actions that contribute*** to segregation or to social ***exclusion or the reproduction of gender stereotypes.*** **Regulation** (EU) No [future CPR] provides that rules on eligibility of expenditure are to be established at national level, with certain exceptions for which it is necessary to lay down specific provisions with regard to the ESF+ strand under shared management.

Or. en

Justification

According to the UN Guidelines on the Alternative Care of Children, States should guarantee that when a child is without or at risk of losing parental care “the most suitable forms of alternative care are identified and provided, under conditions that promote the child’s full and harmonious development”. This includes: kinship care, foster care, family-based or family-like care and residential care, which also implies community based care.

Amendment 198

Brando Benifei, Agnes Jongerius, Emilian Pavel, Soraya Post, Elena Gentile, Miapetra Kumpula-Natri, Claudiu Ciprian Tănăsescu, Sergio Gutiérrez Prieto, Javi López

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 28

(28) The Member States and the Commission should ensure that ESF+ contributes to the promotion of equality between women and men in accordance with Article 8 TFEU to foster equality of treatment and opportunities between women and men in all areas, including regarding participation in the labour market, terms and conditions of employment and career progression. **They** should also ensure that the ESF+ promotes equal opportunities for all, without discrimination in accordance with Article 10 TFEU and promotes the inclusion in society of persons with disabilities on equal basis with others and contributes to the implementation of the United Nations Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities. These principles should be taken into account in all dimensions and in all stages of the preparation, monitoring, implementation and evaluation of programmes, in a timely and consistent manner while ensuring that specific actions are taken to promote gender equality and equal opportunities. The ESF+ should also promote the transition from **residential/institutional** care to family and community-based care, in particular for those who face multiple discrimination. The ESF+ should not support any action that contributes to segregation or to social **exclusion. Regulation** (EU) No [future CPR] provides that rules on eligibility of expenditure are to be established at national level, with certain exceptions for which it is necessary to lay down specific provisions with regard to the **ESF+** strand **under shared management**.

(28) ***In line with the Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union***, the Member States and the Commission should ensure that ESF+ contributes to the promotion of equality between women and men in accordance with Article 8 TFEU to foster equality of treatment and opportunities between women and men in all areas, including regarding participation in the labour market, terms and conditions of employment and career progression. ***The gender aspect should be taken into account in all dimensions and in all stages of the planning and implementation of programmes. The Member States and the Commission*** should also ensure that the ESF+ promotes equal opportunities for all, without discrimination ***based on sex, racial or ethnic origin, religion or belief, disability, age, sexual orientation, sex characteristics or gender identity, based on*** in accordance with Article 10 TFEU and promotes the inclusion in society of persons with disabilities on equal basis with others and contributes to the implementation of the United Nations Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities, ***with regard inter alia to education, work, employment and accessibility***. These principles should be taken into account in all dimensions and in all stages of the preparation, monitoring, implementation and evaluation of programmes, in a timely and consistent manner while ensuring that specific actions are taken to promote gender equality and equal opportunities. The ESF+ should also promote the transition from ***institutional*** care to family and community-based care, in particular for those who face multiple ***and intersectional*** discrimination. The ESF+ should not support any action that contributes to segregation or to social ***exclusion. Regulation*** (EU) No [future

CPR] provides that rules on eligibility of expenditure are to be established at national level, with certain exceptions for which it is necessary to lay down specific provisions with regard to the *Social Cohesion and Social Rights* strand.

Or. en

Amendment 199

Verónica Lope Fontagné

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 28

Text proposed by the Commission

(28) The Member States and the Commission should ensure that ESF+ contributes to the promotion of equality between women and men in accordance with Article 8 TFEU to foster equality of treatment and opportunities between women and men in all areas, including regarding participation in the labour market, terms and conditions of employment and career progression. They should also ensure that the ESF+ promotes equal opportunities for all, without discrimination in accordance with Article 10 TFEU and promotes the inclusion in society of persons with disabilities on equal basis with others and contributes to the implementation of the United Nations Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities. These principles should be taken into account in all dimensions and in all stages of the preparation, monitoring, implementation and evaluation of programmes, in a timely and consistent manner while ensuring that specific actions are taken to promote gender equality and equal opportunities. The ESF+ should also promote the transition from residential/institutional care to family and community-based care, in particular for those who face multiple discrimination.

Amendment

(28) The Member States and the Commission should ensure that ESF+ contributes to the promotion of equality between women and men in accordance with Article 8 TFEU to foster equality of treatment and opportunities between women and men in all areas, including regarding participation in the labour market, terms and conditions of employment and career progression. They should also ensure that the ESF+ promotes equal opportunities for all, without discrimination in accordance with Article 10 TFEU and promotes the inclusion in society of persons with disabilities on equal basis with others and contributes to the implementation of the United Nations Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities, ***including with regard to the education, training, employment and accessibility of persons with disabilities.*** These principles should be taken into account in all dimensions and in all stages of the preparation, monitoring, implementation and evaluation of programmes, in a timely and consistent manner while ensuring that specific actions are taken to promote gender equality and equal opportunities. The ESF+ should also promote the transition from

The ESF+ should not support any action that contributes to segregation or to social exclusion. Regulation (EU) No [future CPR] provides that rules on eligibility of expenditure are to be established at national level, with certain exceptions for which it is necessary to lay down specific provisions with regard to the ESF+ strand under shared management.

residential/institutional care to family and community-based care, in particular for those who face multiple discrimination. The ESF+ should not support any action that contributes to segregation or to social exclusion. Regulation (EU) No [future CPR] provides that rules on eligibility of expenditure are to be established at national level, with certain exceptions for which it is necessary to lay down specific provisions with regard to the ESF+ strand under shared management.

Or. es

Amendment 200

Marian Harkin, Martina Anderson

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 28

Text proposed by the Commission

(28) The Member States and the Commission should ensure that ESF+ contributes to the promotion of equality between women and men in accordance with Article 8 TFEU to foster equality of treatment and opportunities between women and men in all areas, including regarding participation in the labour market, terms and conditions of employment and career progression. They should also ensure that the ESF+ promotes equal opportunities for all, without discrimination in accordance with Article 10 TFEU and promotes the inclusion in society of persons with disabilities on equal basis with others and contributes to the implementation of the United Nations Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities. These principles should be taken into account in all dimensions and in all stages of the preparation, monitoring, implementation and evaluation of programmes, in a timely and consistent manner while ensuring that specific actions

Amendment

(28) The Member States and the Commission should ensure that ESF+ contributes to the promotion of equality between women and men in accordance with Article 8 TFEU to foster equality of treatment and opportunities between women and men in all areas, including regarding participation in the labour market, terms and conditions of employment and career progression. They should also ensure that the ESF+ promotes equal opportunities for all, without discrimination in accordance with Article 10 TFEU and promotes the inclusion in society of persons with disabilities on equal basis with others and contributes to the implementation of the United Nations Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities ***with regard inter alia to education, work, employment and universal accessibility***. These principles should be taken into account in all dimensions and in all stages of the preparation, monitoring, implementation

are taken to promote gender equality and equal opportunities. The ESF+ should also promote the transition from residential/institutional care to family and community-based care, in particular for those who face multiple discrimination. The ESF+ should not support any action that contributes to segregation or to social exclusion. Regulation (EU) No [future CPR] provides that rules on eligibility of expenditure are to be established at national level, with certain exceptions for which it is necessary to lay down specific provisions with regard to the ESF+ strand under shared management.

and evaluation of programmes, in a timely and consistent manner while ensuring that specific actions are taken to promote gender equality and equal opportunities. The ESF+ should also promote the transition from residential/institutional care to family and community-based care, in particular for those who face multiple discrimination. The ESF+ should not support any action that contributes to segregation or to social exclusion. Regulation (EU) No [future CPR] provides that rules on eligibility of expenditure are to be established at national level, with certain exceptions for which it is necessary to lay down specific provisions with regard to the ESF+ strand under shared management.

Or. en

Amendment 201
Rosa Estaràs Ferragut

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 28

Text proposed by the Commission

(28) The Member States and the Commission should ensure that ESF+ contributes to the promotion of equality between women and men in accordance with Article 8 TFEU to foster equality of treatment and opportunities between women and men in all areas, including regarding participation in the labour market, terms and conditions of employment and career progression. They should also ensure that the ESF+ promotes equal opportunities for all, without discrimination in accordance with Article 10 TFEU and promotes the inclusion in society of persons with disabilities on equal basis with others and contributes to the implementation of the United Nations Convention on the Rights of Persons with

Amendment

(28) The Member States and the Commission should ensure that ESF+ contributes to the promotion of equality between women and men in accordance with Article 8 TFEU to foster equality of treatment and opportunities between women and men in all areas, including regarding participation in the labour market, terms and conditions of employment and career progression. They should also ensure that the ESF+ promotes equal opportunities for all, without discrimination in accordance with Article 10 TFEU and promotes the inclusion in society of persons with disabilities on equal basis with others and contributes to the implementation of the United Nations Convention on the Rights of Persons with

Disabilities. These principles should be taken into account in all dimensions and in all stages of the preparation, monitoring, implementation and evaluation of programmes, in a timely and consistent manner while ensuring that specific actions are taken to promote gender equality and equal opportunities. The ESF+ should also promote the transition from residential/institutional care to family and community-based care, in particular for those who face multiple discrimination. The ESF+ should not support any action that contributes to segregation or to social exclusion. Regulation (EU) No [future CPR] provides that rules on eligibility of expenditure are to be established at national level, with certain exceptions for which it is necessary to lay down specific provisions with regard to the ESF+ strand under shared management.

Disabilities *with regard inter alia to education, work, employment and universal accessibility*. These principles should be taken into account in all dimensions and in all stages of the preparation, monitoring, implementation and evaluation of programmes, in a timely and consistent manner while ensuring that specific actions are taken to promote gender equality and equal opportunities. The ESF+ should also promote the transition from residential/institutional care to family and community-based care, in particular for those who face multiple discrimination. The ESF+ should not support any action that contributes to segregation or to social exclusion. Regulation (EU) No [future CPR] provides that rules on eligibility of expenditure are to be established at national level, with certain exceptions for which it is necessary to lay down specific provisions with regard to the ESF+ strand under shared management.

Or. en

Amendment 202
Elisabeth Morin-Chartier

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 28

Text proposed by the Commission

(28) The Member States and the Commission should ensure that ESF+ contributes to the promotion of equality between women and men in accordance with Article 8 TFEU to foster equality of treatment and opportunities between women and men in all areas, including regarding participation in the labour market, terms and conditions of employment and career progression. They should also ensure that the ESF+ promotes equal opportunities for all, without

Amendment

(28) The Member States and the Commission should ensure that ESF+ contributes to the promotion of equality between women and men in accordance with Article 8 TFEU to foster equality of treatment and opportunities between women and men in all areas, including regarding participation in the labour market, terms and conditions of employment and career progression. They should also ensure that the ESF+ promotes equal opportunities for all, without

discrimination in accordance with Article 10 TFEU and promotes the inclusion in society of persons with disabilities on equal basis with others and contributes to the implementation of the United Nations Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities. These principles should be taken into account in all dimensions and in all stages of the preparation, monitoring, implementation and evaluation of programmes, in a timely and consistent manner while ensuring that specific actions are taken to promote gender equality and equal opportunities. The ESF+ should also promote the transition from residential/institutional care to family and community-based care, in particular for those who face multiple discrimination. The ESF+ should not support any action that contributes to segregation or to social exclusion. Regulation (EU) No [future CPR] provides that rules on eligibility of expenditure are to be established at national level, with certain exceptions for which it is necessary to lay down specific provisions with regard to the ESF+ strand under shared management.

discrimination in accordance with Article 10 TFEU and promotes the inclusion in society of persons with disabilities on equal basis with others and contributes to the implementation of the United Nations Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities. These principles should be taken into account in all dimensions and in all stages of the preparation, monitoring, implementation and evaluation of programmes, in a timely and consistent manner while ensuring that specific actions are taken to promote gender equality and equal opportunities. The ESF+ should also promote the transition from residential/institutional care to family and community-based care, in particular for those who face multiple discrimination. The ESF+ should not support any action that contributes to segregation or to social exclusion. Regulation (EU) No [future CPR] provides that rules on eligibility of expenditure are to be *in line with the Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union and* established at national level, with certain exceptions for which it is necessary to lay down specific provisions with regard to the ESF+ strand under shared management.

Or. en

Amendment 203
Verónica Lope Fontagné

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 28 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(28a) The ESF+ should support measures intended to protect and promote the rights of the child and to ensure equality of opportunities, measures which enable children to develop the skills that they need to become active members of society, improve their chances of entering

the labour market and end the vicious circle of poverty and social exclusion.

Or. es

Amendment 204

Brando Benifei, Georgi Pirinski, Agnes Jongerius, Emilian Pavel, Miapetra Kumpula-Natri, Claudiu Ciprian Tănăsescu, Sergio Gutiérrez Prieto, Javi López

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 31

Text proposed by the Commission

(31) Social experimentation *is a small-scale project testing which allows gathering evidence on the feasibility of social innovations*. It should be possible for feasible ideas to be pursued on a wider scale or in other contexts with financial support from the ESF+, as well as from other sources.

Amendment

(31) Social experimentation should be possible for feasible ideas to be pursued on a wider scale or in other contexts with financial support from the ESF+, as well as from other sources.

Or. en

Amendment 205

Terry Reintke

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 31

Text proposed by the Commission

(31) Social experimentation is a small-scale project testing which allows gathering evidence on the feasibility of social innovations. It should be possible for feasible ideas to be pursued on a wider scale or *in* other contexts with financial support from the ESF+, *as well as from* other sources.

Amendment

(31) Social experimentation is a small-scale project testing which allows gathering evidence on the feasibility of social innovations. It should be possible *and encouraged for ideas to be tested at local level and* for feasible *ones* ideas to be pursued on a wider scale or *transferred to* other contexts *in different regions or Member States* with financial support from the ESF+ *or in combination with* other sources.

Amendment 206

Elena Gentile

Proposal for a regulation**Recital 31***Text proposed by the Commission*

(31) Social experimentation is a small-scale project testing which allows gathering evidence on the feasibility of social innovations. It should be possible for feasible ideas to be pursued on a wider scale or in other contexts with financial support from the ESF+, as well as from other sources.

Amendment

(31) Social experimentation is a small-scale project testing which allows gathering evidence on the feasibility of social innovations. It should be possible for feasible ideas to be pursued on a wider scale ***-where appropriate -*** or in other contexts with financial support from the ESF+, as well as from other sources.

Or. en

Amendment 207

Gabriele Zimmer, Patrick Le Hyaric, Lynn Boylan

Proposal for a regulation**Recital 32***Text proposed by the Commission*

(32) ESF+ lays down provisions intended to achieve freedom of movement for workers on a non-discriminatory basis ***by ensuring the close cooperation of the central*** employment services of Member States ***with one another and with*** the Commission. The European network of employment services should promote ***a better functioning of the labour markets by facilitating the cross-border mobility of workers and a greater transparency of information on the labour markets.*** The ESF+ scope ***also*** includes developing and supporting targeted mobility schemes with a view to filling vacancies where labour market shortcomings have been identified.

Amendment

(32) ESF + lays down provisions intended to achieve freedom of movement for workers ***with high-quality social conditions and*** on a non-discriminatory basis. ***The public*** employment services of Member States, ***the social partners and*** the Commission ***should work closely together.*** The European network of employment services, ***together with social partners,*** should promote ***high-quality social conditions and easy access to*** information ***for mobile workers.*** The ESF+ scope includes developing and supporting targeted mobility schemes with a view to filling ***high-quality*** vacancies where labour market shortcomings have been identified.

Furthermore, the scope of the ESF + covers cross-border partnerships between regional public employment services and social partners and their activities to promote voluntary and fair mobility, as well as transparency and integration of cross-border labour markets through information, advice and placement. In many border regions they play an important role in the development of a genuine European labour market.

Or. en

Amendment 208

Terry Reintke

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 32

Text proposed by the Commission

(32) ESF+ lays down provisions intended to achieve freedom of movement for workers on a non-discriminatory basis **by ensuring the close cooperation of the central** employment services of Member States **with one another and with** the Commission. The European network of employment services should promote a better functioning of the labour markets by facilitating the cross-border mobility of workers and a greater transparency of information on the labour markets. The ESF+ scope also includes developing and supporting targeted mobility schemes with a view to filling vacancies where labour market shortcomings have been identified.

Amendment

(32) ESF+ lays down provisions intended to achieve freedom of movement for workers on a non-discriminatory basis. **The public** employment services of Member States, **the social partners and** the Commission **should work closely together**. The European network of employment services, **with the involvement of the social partners and relevant civil-society organisations**, should promote a better functioning of the labour markets by facilitating the cross-border mobility of workers **under fair conditions** and a greater transparency, **with gender-disaggregated data** of information on the labour markets **as well as greater skills recognition**. The ESF+ scope also includes developing and supporting targeted mobility schemes with a view to filling vacancies where labour market shortcomings have been identified. **Furthermore, the scope of the ESF+ covers cross-border partnerships between regional public employment services and**

social partners and their activities to promote voluntary and fair mobility, as well as transparency and integration of cross-border labour markets through information, advice and placement. In many border regions they play an important role in the development of a genuine European labour market.

Or. en

Amendment 209

Michael Detjen

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 32

Text proposed by the Commission

(32) ESF+ lays down provisions intended to achieve freedom of movement for workers on a non-discriminatory basis ***by ensuring the close cooperation of*** the central employment services of Member States with one another and ***with*** the Commission. The European network of employment services should promote a better functioning of the labour markets by facilitating the cross-border mobility of workers and a greater transparency of information on the labour markets. The ESF+ scope ***also*** includes developing and supporting targeted mobility schemes with a view to filling vacancies where labour market shortcomings have been identified.

Amendment

(32) ESF+ lays down provisions intended to achieve freedom of movement for workers on a non-discriminatory basis. The central employment services of Member States ***working*** with one another, ***the social partners and the Commission should cooperate closely.*** The European network of employment services, ***with the involvement of the social partners,*** should promote a better functioning of the labour markets by facilitating the cross-border mobility of workers ***under fair conditions*** and a greater transparency of information on the labour markets. The ESF+ scope includes developing and supporting targeted mobility schemes with a view to filling ***high-quality*** vacancies where labour market shortcomings have been identified. ***ESF+ also covers cross-border partnerships between regional public employment services and the social partners and the work done in the context of those partnerships to foster voluntary, fair mobility and the transparency and integration of cross-border labour markets, through the provision of information, advice and employment services. In many border regions these***

partnerships play an important role in the development of a genuinely European labour market.

Or. de

Amendment 210

Brando Benifei, Georgi Pirinski, Agnes Jongerius, Emilian Pavel, Miapetra Kumpula-Natri, Claudiu Ciprian Tănăsescu, Sergio Gutiérrez Prieto, Javi López

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 32

Text proposed by the Commission

(32) ESF+ lays down provisions intended to achieve freedom of movement for workers on a non-discriminatory basis by ensuring *the close cooperation of the central* employment services of Member States *with one another and with* the Commission. The European network of employment services should promote a better functioning of the labour markets by facilitating the cross-border mobility of workers and a greater transparency of information on the labour markets. The ESF+ scope also includes developing and supporting targeted mobility schemes with a view to filling vacancies where labour market shortcomings have been identified.

Amendment

(32) ESF+ lays down provisions intended to achieve freedom of movement for workers on a non-discriminatory basis, by ensuring *that Public* employment services of Member States, the Commission *and the social partners work in close cooperation*. The European network of employment services, *with the involvement of the social partners*, should promote a better functioning of the labour markets by facilitating the cross-border mobility of workers *under fair conditions* and a greater transparency of information on the labour markets. The ESF+ scope also includes developing and supporting targeted mobility schemes with a view to filling *high-quality* vacancies where labour market shortcomings have been identified.

Or. en

Amendment 211

Brando Benifei, Georgi Pirinski, Agnes Jongerius, Emilian Pavel, Elena Gentile, Miapetra Kumpula-Natri, Claudiu Ciprian Tănăsescu, Sergio Gutiérrez Prieto, Javi López

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 32 a (new)

(32a) *The ESF + covers cross-border partnerships between regional public employment services and social partners and their activities to promote voluntary and fair mobility, as well as transparency and integration of cross-border labour markets through information, advice and placement. In many border regions they play an important role in the development of a genuine European labour market.*

Or. en

Amendment 212

Brando Benifei, Georgi Pirinski, Agnes Jongerius, Emilian Pavel, Miapetra Kumpula-Natri, Claudiu Ciprian Tănăsescu, Sergio Gutiérrez Prieto, Javi López

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 33

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(33) Lack of access to finance for microenterprises, social economy and social enterprises is one of the main obstacles to business creation, especially among people furthest from the labour market. The ESF+ Regulation lays down provisions in order to ***create a market eco-system to*** increase the supply of and access to finance for social enterprises as well as to meet demand from those who need it most, and in particular the unemployed, women and vulnerable ***people*** who wish to start up or develop a microenterprise. ***This objective will also be addressed through financial instruments and budgetary guarantee under the social investment and skills policy window of the InvestEU Fund.***

(33) Lack of access to finance for microenterprises, social economy and social enterprises is one of the main obstacles to business creation, especially among people furthest from the labour market. The ESF+ Regulation lays down provisions in order to increase the supply of and access to finance ***and support services*** for social enterprises as well as to meet demand from those who need it most, and in particular the unemployed, women and ***people in*** vulnerable ***situations*** who wish to start up or develop a microenterprise.

Or. en

Amendment 213
Heinz K. Becker

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 33

Text proposed by the Commission

(33) Lack of access to finance for microenterprises, social economy and social enterprises is one of the main obstacles to business creation, especially among people furthest from the labour market. The ESF+ Regulation lays down provisions in order to create a market eco-system to increase the supply of and access to finance for social enterprises as well as to meet demand from those who need it most, ***and in particular the unemployed, women and vulnerable people who wish*** to start up or develop a microenterprise. This objective will also be addressed through financial instruments and budgetary guarantee under the social investment and skills policy window of the InvestEU Fund.

Amendment

(33) Lack of access to finance for microenterprises, social economy and social enterprises is one of the main obstacles to business creation, especially among people furthest from the labour market. ***Appropriate funding is available, for example through the European Fund for Regional Development and the European Programme for Social Change and Innovation. In that connection, it is important to make effective use of the budget, and access to EU funding must be made easier.*** The ESF+ Regulation lays down provisions in order to create a market eco-system to increase the supply of and access to finance for social enterprises as well as to meet demand from those who need it most, ***in order*** to start up or develop a microenterprise. This objective will also be addressed through financial instruments and budgetary guarantee under the social investment and skills policy window of the InvestEU Fund.

Or. de

Amendment 214
Elena Gentile

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 33

Text proposed by the Commission

(33) Lack of access to finance for microenterprises, social economy and social enterprises is one of the main obstacles to business creation, especially among people furthest from the labour

Amendment

(33) Lack of access to finance for microenterprises, social economy and social enterprises is one of the main obstacles to business creation, especially among people furthest from the labour

market. The ESF+ Regulation lays down provisions in order to create a market ecosystem to increase the supply of and access to finance for social enterprises as well as to meet demand from those who need it most, and in particular the unemployed, women and vulnerable people who wish to start up or develop a microenterprise. This objective will also be addressed through financial instruments and budgetary guarantee under the social investment and skills policy window of the InvestEU Fund.

market. The ESF+ Regulation lays down provisions in order to create a market ecosystem to increase the supply of and access to finance for *social economy and* social enterprises as well as to meet demand from those who need it most, and in particular the unemployed, women and vulnerable people who wish to start up or develop a microenterprise. This objective will also be addressed through financial instruments and budgetary guarantee under the social investment and skills policy window of the InvestEU Fund.

Or. en

Amendment 215

Verónica Lope Fontagné

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 33

Text proposed by the Commission

(33) Lack of access to finance for microenterprises, social economy and social enterprises is one of the main obstacles to business creation, especially among people furthest from the labour market. The ESF+ Regulation lays down provisions in order to create a market ecosystem to increase the supply of and access to finance for social enterprises as well as to meet demand from those who need it most, and in particular the unemployed, women and vulnerable people who wish to start up or develop a microenterprise. This objective will also be addressed through financial instruments and budgetary guarantee under the social investment and skills policy window of the InvestEU Fund.

Amendment

(33) Lack of access to finance for microenterprises, social economy and social enterprises is one of the main obstacles to business creation, especially among people furthest from the labour market. The ESF+ Regulation lays down provisions in order to create a market ecosystem to increase the supply of and access to finance for social *economy* enterprises as well as to meet demand from those who need it most, and in particular the unemployed, women and vulnerable people who wish to start up or develop a microenterprise. This objective will also be addressed through financial instruments and budgetary guarantee under the social investment and skills policy window of the InvestEU Fund.

Or. es

Amendment 216
Heinz K. Becker

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 33 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(33a) The Commission should introduce at Union level a ‘European Social Economy Label’ for social and solidarity-based enterprises, based on clear criteria designed to highlight the specific characteristics of these enterprises and their social impact, increase their visibility, create incentives for investment and facilitate access to funding and to the single market for those willing to expand nationally or into other Member States, in a manner consistent with the different legal forms and frameworks in the sector and in the Member States.

Or. de

Amendment 217
Elena Gentile

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 34

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(34) Social investment market players, including philanthropic actors, can play a **key** role in **achieving** several ESF+ objectives, as they offer financing as well as innovative and complementary approaches to combatting social exclusion and poverty, reducing unemployment and contributing to the UN Sustainable Development Goals. Therefore, philanthropic actors such as foundations and donors should be involved, as appropriate, in ESF+ actions **in particular in those aimed at developing the social investment market ecosystem.**

(34) Social investment market players, including philanthropic actors, can play a role in **supporting the achievement of** several ESF+ objectives, as they offer financing as well as innovative and complementary approaches to combatting social exclusion and poverty, reducing unemployment and contributing to the UN Sustainable Development Goals. Therefore, philanthropic actors such as foundations and donors should be involved, as appropriate, in ESF+ actions.

Amendment 218

Brando Benifei, Georgi Pirinski, Agnes Jongerius, Emilian Pavel, Miapetra Kumpula-Natri, Claudiu Ciprian Tănăsescu, Sergio Gutiérrez Prieto, Javi López

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 34

Text proposed by the Commission

(34) Social *investment market players*, including philanthropic actors, can play a key role in achieving several ESF+ objectives, as they offer financing as well as innovative and complementary approaches to combatting social exclusion and poverty, reducing unemployment and contributing to the UN Sustainable Development Goals. Therefore, philanthropic actors such as foundations and donors should be involved, as appropriate, in ESF+ actions in particular in those aimed *at developing the social investment market ecosystem*.

Amendment

(34) Social *investors*, including philanthropic actors, can play a key role in achieving several ESF+ objectives, as they offer financing as well as innovative and complementary approaches to combatting social exclusion and poverty, reducing unemployment and contributing to the UN Sustainable Development Goals. Therefore, philanthropic actors such as foundations and donors should be involved, as appropriate, in ESF+ actions in particular in those aimed *boosting social investments*.

Or. en

Amendment 219
Heinz K. Becker

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 34 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(34a) With a view to supporting EU initiatives designed to bring EU citizens and the European Union closer together, a second measure should be funded alongside the Interrail ticket for young people: the ‘99 Euro Europe Ticket’ for air, rail or bus travel, which any citizen can use to travel cheaply from any place in Europe in order to visit the EU

institutions (European Commission, European Parliament, Council) in Brussels, their country's permanent representation and the European Parliament in Strasbourg. Predetermined proof of attendance at an information event must be provided.

Or. de

Amendment 220

Brando Benifei, Georgi Pirinski, Agnes Jongerius, Emilian Pavel, Elena Gentile, Miapetra Kumpula-Natri, Claudiu Ciprian Tănăsescu, Sergio Gutiérrez Prieto, Javi López

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 34 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(34a) Transnational cooperation has significant added value and should therefore be supported by all Member States with the exception of duly justified cases taking into account the principle of proportionality. It is also necessary to reinforce the Commission's role in facilitating exchanges of experience and coordinating implementation of relevant initiatives.

Or. en

Amendment 221

Terry Reintke

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 34 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(34a) Transnational cooperation has significant added value and should therefore be supported by all Member States with the exception of duly justified

cases taking account of the principle of proportionality. It is also necessary to reinforce the Commission's role in facilitating exchanges of experience and coordinating implementation of relevant initiatives.

Or. en

Amendment 222
Marian Harkin, Martina Anderson

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 34 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(34a) Transnational cooperation has significant added value. It should therefore be supported by all Member States with the exception of duly justified cases taking into account the principle of proportionality. It is also necessary to reinforce the Commission's role in facilitating exchanges of experience and coordinating implementation of relevant initiatives.

Or. en

Amendment 223
Ulrike Trebesius

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 46

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(46) Reflecting the importance of tackling climate change in line with the Union's commitments to implement the Paris Agreement and the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals, this Regulation will contribute to mainstream climate action in the Union's policies **and**

(46) Reflecting the importance of tackling climate change in line with the Union's commitments to implement the Paris Agreement and the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals, this Regulation will contribute to mainstream climate action in the Union's policies.

to the achievement of an overall target of 25 % of the EU budget expenditures supporting climate objectives. Relevant actions will be identified during the preparation and implementation, and reassessed in the context of the mid-term evaluation.

Relevant actions will be identified during the preparation and implementation, and reassessed in the context of the mid-term evaluation.

Or. en

Amendment 224
Edouard Martin

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 46

Text proposed by the Commission

(46) Reflecting the importance of tackling climate change in line with the Union's commitments to implement the Paris Agreement and the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals, this Regulation will contribute to mainstream climate action in the Union's policies and to the achievement of an overall target of 25 % of the EU budget expenditures supporting climate objectives. Relevant actions will be identified during the preparation and implementation, and reassessed in the context of the mid-term evaluation.

Amendment

(46) Reflecting the importance of tackling climate change in line with the Union's commitments to implement the Paris Agreement and the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals, this Regulation will contribute to mainstream climate action *to ensure a socially acceptable and just transition to a sustainable low carbon economy* in the Union's policies and to the achievement of an overall target of 30 % of the EU budget expenditures supporting climate objectives. Relevant actions will be identified during the preparation and implementation, and reassessed in the context of the mid-term evaluation.

Or. en

Amendment 225
Brando Benifei, Georgi Pirinski, Agnes Jongerius, Emilian Pavel, Miapetra Kumpula-Natri, Claudiu Ciprian Tănăsescu, Sergio Gutiérrez Prieto, Javi López

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 46

Text proposed by the Commission

(46) Reflecting the importance of tackling climate change in line with the Union's commitments to implement the Paris Agreement and the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals, this Regulation will contribute to mainstream climate action in the Union's policies and to the achievement of an overall target of 25 % of the EU budget expenditures supporting climate objectives. Relevant actions will be identified during the preparation and implementation, and reassessed in the context of the mid-term evaluation.

Amendment

(46) Reflecting the importance of tackling climate change in line with the Union's commitments to implement the Paris Agreement and the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals, this Regulation will contribute to mainstream climate action ***to ensure a socially acceptable and just transition to a sustainable low carbon economy*** in the Union's policies and to the achievement of an overall target of 25 % of the EU budget expenditures supporting climate objectives. Relevant actions will be identified during the preparation and implementation, and reassessed in the context of the mid-term evaluation.

Or. en

Amendment 226

Terry Reintke

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 46

Text proposed by the Commission

(46) Reflecting the importance of tackling climate change in line with the Union's commitments to implement the Paris Agreement and the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals, this Regulation will contribute to mainstream climate action in the Union's policies and to the achievement of an overall target of 25 % of the EU budget expenditures supporting climate objectives. Relevant actions will be identified during the preparation and implementation, and reassessed in the context of the mid-term evaluation.

Amendment

(46) Reflecting the importance of tackling climate change ***and the just transition*** in line with the Union's commitments to implement the Paris Agreement and the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals, this Regulation will contribute to mainstream climate action in the Union's policies and to the achievement of an overall target of 25 % of the EU budget expenditures supporting climate objectives. Relevant actions will be identified during the preparation and implementation, and reassessed in the context of the mid-term evaluation.

Amendment 227

Elisabeth Morin-Chartier, Maurice Ponga, Geoffroy Didier, Anne Sander, Jérôme Lavrilleux

Proposal for a regulation**Recital 47***Text proposed by the Commission*

(47) Pursuant to Article [94 of Council Decision 2013/755/EU¹⁹], persons and entities established in Overseas Countries and Territories (OCTs) are to be eligible for funding subject to the rules and objectives of the Employment and Social Innovation and Health strands and possible arrangements applicable to the Member State to which the relevant OCTs are linked.

¹⁹Council Decision 2013/755/EU of 25 November 2013 on the association of the overseas countries and territories with the European Union (‘Overseas Association Decision’) (OJ L 344, 19.12.2013, p. 1).

Amendment

(47) Pursuant to Article [94 of Council Decision 2013/755/EU¹⁹], persons and entities established in Overseas Countries and Territories (OCTs) are to be eligible for funding subject to the rules and objectives of the Employment and Social Innovation and Health strands and possible arrangements applicable to the Member State to which the relevant OCTs are linked. ***The programme will need to allow for the particular constraints affecting persons and entities established in those territories in order to provide for proper access to those strands.***

¹⁹Council Decision 2013/755/EU of 25 November 2013 on the association of the overseas countries and territories with the European Union (‘Overseas Association Decision’) (OJ L 344, 19.12.2013, p. 1).

Or. fr

Amendment 228

Laura Agea, Tiziana Beghin, Rosa D'Amato, Marco Valli

Proposal for a regulation**Recital 50 a (new)***Text proposed by the Commission**Amendment*

(50a) Given the diversity of the level of development in the regions and different

social realities across Europe, the degree of flexibility of the ESF+ should be sufficient to take the regional and territorial specificities into account.

Or. en

Amendment 229

Laura Agea, Tiziana Beghin, Rosa D'Amato, Marco Valli

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 50 b (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(50b) Investments co-financed by the ESF+, in particular if related to measures aimed at social inclusion, should be deemed exempt from deficit and debt calculations in order to improve the investment capacity of the Member States.

Or. en

Amendment 230

Brando Benifei, Georgi Pirinski, Agnes Jongerius, Miapetra Kumpula-Natri, Claudiu Ciprian Tănăsescu, Sergio Gutiérrez Prieto, Javi López

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 51

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(51) Since the *objective* of this Regulation, namely enhancing the effectiveness of labour markets and promoting access to quality employment, improving the access to and the quality of education and training, promoting social inclusion and health and *reducing* poverty as well as the *actions* under the Employment and Social Innovation and Health strands, cannot be sufficiently achieved by the Member States but can rather, be better achieved at Union level,

(51) Since the *objectives* of this Regulation *under the Social Cohesion and Social Rights strand*, namely enhancing the effectiveness *and fairness* of labour markets and promoting access to quality employment, improving the access to and the quality of education and training, promoting social inclusion and health and *eradicating* poverty as well as the *objectives* under the Employment and Social Innovation and Health strands, cannot be sufficiently achieved by the

the Union may adopt measures, in accordance with the principle of subsidiarity as set out in Article 5 of the Treaty on European Union. In accordance with the principle of proportionality, as set out in that Article, this Regulation does not go beyond what is necessary in order to achieve *that objective*.

Member States but can rather, be better achieved at Union level, the Union may adopt measures, in accordance with the principle of subsidiarity as set out in Article 5 of the Treaty on European Union. In accordance with the principle of proportionality, as set out in that Article, this Regulation does not go beyond what is necessary in order to achieve *these objectives*.

Or. en

Amendment 231

Terry Reintke

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 51

Text proposed by the Commission

(51) Since the objective of this Regulation, namely enhancing the effectiveness of labour markets and promoting access to quality employment, improving the access to and the quality of education *and* training, promoting social inclusion and health and reducing poverty as well as the actions under the Employment and Social Innovation and Health strands, cannot be sufficiently achieved by the Member States but can rather, be better achieved at Union level, the Union may adopt measures, in accordance with the principle of subsidiarity as set out in Article 5 of the Treaty on European Union. In accordance with the principle of proportionality, as set out in that Article, this Regulation does not go beyond what is necessary in order to achieve that objective.

Amendment

(51) Since the objective of this Regulation, namely enhancing the effectiveness of labour markets and promoting access to quality employment, improving the access to and the quality of education, training *and care*, promoting social inclusion, *equal opportunities*, and health and reducing poverty as well as the actions under the Employment and Social Innovation and Health strands, cannot be sufficiently achieved by the Member States but can rather, be better achieved at Union level, the Union may adopt measures, in accordance with the principle of subsidiarity as set out in Article 5 of the Treaty on European Union. In accordance with the principle of proportionality, as set out in that Article, this Regulation does not go beyond what is necessary in order to achieve that objective.

Or. en