

28.5.2018

B8-0239/6

Amendment 21

João Ferreira, Miguel Viegas, João Pimenta Lopes, Xabier Benito Ziluaga
on behalf of the GUE/NGL Group

Motion for a resolution

B8-0239/2018

PPE, S&D, ALDE, Verts/ALE

2021-2027 multiannual financial framework and own resources

Motion for a resolution

Paragraph 9 a (new)

Motion for a resolution

Amendment

9a. Draws attention to the possibility of implementing coordinated taxation measures across the Member States, targeted on big capital and for the benefit of the people, the workers and their countries; rejects the notion of developing a ‘European tax policy’;

Or. en

28.5.2018

B8-0239/22

Amendment 22

João Ferreira, Miguel Viegas, João Pimenta Lopes, Xabier Benito Ziluaga
on behalf of the GUE/NGL Group

Motion for a resolution

B8-0239/2018

PPE, S&D, ALDE, Verts/ALE

2021-2027 multiannual financial framework and own resources

Motion for a resolution

Paragraph 10 a (new)

Motion for a resolution

Amendment

10a. Calls for the creation of support programmes for Member States wishing to negotiate a euro exit on the grounds that participation has become unsustainable and unbearable; considers that such programmes should provide for adequate compensation for the social and economic damage caused by joining the single currency;

Or. en

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B8-0239/23

Amendment 23

João Ferreira, Miguel Viegas, João Pimenta Lopes, Xabier Benito Ziluaga
on behalf of the GUE/NGL Group

Motion for a resolution

B8-0239/2018

PPE, S&D, ALDE, Verts/ALE

2021-2027 multiannual financial framework and own resources

Motion for a resolution

Paragraph 11 a (new)

Motion for a resolution

Amendment

11a. Calls for a renewed focus on one of the funding principles of the CAP, namely ‘to ensure a fair standard of living for farmers’, in order to combat the increased concentration of production, the reduction in numbers of small-scale farmers, and the increase in regional asymmetries and external dependence with regard to goods, which favours the biggest EU economies and large agri-businesses; regrets the fact that this phenomenon is putting at risk agricultural and rural heritage of global importance, while large agri-businesses are expanding their margins and imposing their model of a global food system, with destructive environmental consequences; emphasises the central role of farmers in agricultural and food policy;

Or. en

28.5.2018

B8-0239/24

Amendment 24

João Ferreira, Miguel Viegas, João Pimenta Lopes, Xabier Benito Ziluaga
on behalf of the GUE/NGL Group

Motion for a resolution

B8-0239/2018

PPE, S&D, ALDE, Verts/ALE

2021-2027 multiannual financial framework and own resources

Motion for a resolution

Paragraph 12 a (new)

Motion for a resolution

Amendment

12a. Calls for the reinforcement of the European Maritime and Fisheries Fund (EMFF), which is primarily aimed at supporting small-scale, coastal and artisanal fisheries, improving fleet security, working conditions and on-board health and hygiene, improving knowledge of national resources, and contributing to the scientific and technical capacity-building of Member States' R&D institutions; defends the creation of compensation and support mechanisms for fishermen's incomes in the context of the instability associated with fishing activity;

Or. en

28.5.2018

B8-0239/25

Amendment 25

João Ferreira, Miguel Viegas, João Pimenta Lopes, Xabier Benito Ziluaga
on behalf of the GUE/NGL Group

Motion for a resolution

B8-0239/2018

PPE, S&D, ALDE, Verts/ALE

2021-2027 multiannual financial framework and own resources

Motion for a resolution

Paragraph 13 a (new)

Motion for a resolution

Amendment

13a. Calls for the strengthening of budget lines that promote effective responses for the reception and social inclusion of refugees and migrants;

Or. en

28.5.2018

B8-0239/26

Amendment 26

João Ferreira, Miguel Viegas, João Pimenta Lopes, Xabier Benito Ziluaga
on behalf of the GUE/NGL Group

Motion for a resolution

B8-0239/2018

PPE, S&D, ALDE, Verts/ALE

2021-2027 multiannual financial framework and own resources

Motion for a resolution

Paragraph 14 a (new)

Motion for a resolution

Amendment

14a. Strongly rejects the establishment of the European Defence Fund and the European Defence Industrial Development Programme (EDIDP), as well as the creation of the new heading V ‘Security and Defence’ from which the European Defence Fund is to be financed after 2020; recalls that in accordance with Article 41(2) of the Treaty on European Union, expenditure arising from operations having military or defence implications shall not be charged to the Union budget; denounces and deeply deplores the unprecedented speed with which the EU is being militarised; urges disarmament, including nuclear disarmament, the demobilisation of troops, and an end to external military interventions; urges the dissolution of NATO; recalls that the best way of promoting peace is by supporting measures for poverty eradication, humanitarian aid, and sustainable and fair economic and social development; considers that external cooperation should be based on the principle of international solidarity and on total respect for each country’s desire for and pace of development;

Or. en

28.5.2018

B8-0239/27

Amendment 27

Luke Ming Flanagan

on behalf of the GUE/NGL Group

Motion for a resolution

B8-0239/2018

PPE, S&D, ALDE, Verts/ALE

2021-2027 multiannual financial framework and own resources

Motion for a resolution

Paragraph 14 b (new)

Motion for a resolution

Amendment

14b. Emphasises the need for a public CAP that prioritises the internal market, that places remunerative prices at the heart of agricultural policy and establishes instruments for the regulation of markets and production; rejects any attempt to renationalise CAP costs; stresses the need for mechanisms for public regulation of production and markets in order to ensure fair prices for production and a stable and fair income for farmers; calls for a renewed focus on one of the founding principles of the CAP, namely ‘to ensure a fair standard of living for farmers’, in order to combat the increased concentration of production, the reduction in numbers of small-scale farmers, and the increase in regional asymmetries and external dependence with regard to goods, which favours the biggest EU economies and large agri-businesses; regrets the fact that this phenomenon is putting at risk agricultural and rural heritage of global importance, while large agri-businesses are expanding their margins and imposing their model of a global food system, with destructive environmental consequences; emphasises the central role of farmers in agricultural and food policy; takes the view that since the inception of the CAP it has not delivered

on one of its founding principles, namely 'to ensure a fair standard of living for those working the land'; believes that in the upcoming reform there must be a renewed focus on this core principle in order to combat the increased concentration of production and the reduction in the numbers of small-scale farmers, which exacerbates the depopulation of the countryside; emphasises the central role of farmers in agricultural and food policy; strongly opposes the market domination and unfair price-setting practised by large agri-food businesses at the expense of food safety, quality and sovereignty, human and animal health, animal welfare and the environment; stresses the importance of fighting inequality in rural economies and facilitating generational renewal in the agricultural sector; calls on the Commission, on the eve of the upcoming CAP reform, to shift the focus of the current CAP, which is dominated by intensive farming and extensive monocultures, towards sustainable agriculture and food policy, by taking into account the various economic, social, environmental, nutritional and health issues and challenges; regrets, therefore, the cuts to the agriculture budget, and deeply regrets that these cuts are focused on vital rural development and agri-environment spending rather than on less-targeted direct payments; believes that these disproportionate cuts and the removal of ring-fenced money (so-called 'greening') for the environment in Pillar 1 demonstrates that despite the rhetoric, there is a general move away from agri-environmental innovation and towards embedding long-term behaviour that causes agri-environmental problems; calls on the Commission to put in place measures to increase the visibility and enhance the role of women in the agricultural sector; strongly condemns land-grabbing and demands swift action

from the Commission and the Member States; reaffirms that water is a universal right that should be guaranteed for every human being and should not be subject to privatisation; calls on the Commission to forbid all forms of seed patenting in order to protect farmers from the pressures of competition caused by multinationals producing seeds, and to protect local varieties and our genetic and cultural heritage; calls on the Commission, in cooperation with the Member States, to forbid the authorisation, cultivation and marketing of GMOs and to include Integrated Pest Management (IPM) as a conditionality in the new CAP in order to reduce the use of pesticides;

Or. en

28.5.2018

B8-0239/28

Amendment 28

Luke Ming Flanagan

on behalf of the GUE/NGL Group

Motion for a resolution

B8-0239/2018

PPE, S&D, ALDE, Verts/ALE

2021-2027 multiannual financial framework and own resources

Motion for a resolution

Paragraph 14 c (new)

Motion for a resolution

Amendment

14c. Calls for the EU to return to the core aims and principles of the Union and to put the focus on an open and free Europe where those fleeing persecution are received with open arms, and where resources are channelled into cooperation rather than confrontation with neighbouring countries; rejects the creation of a European Defence Union and the activation of the Permanent Structured Cooperation (PESCO), which also harms the consensus principle of CSFP/CSDP, leading instead to an EU army and pointing directly to more conflicts and less peace; opposes, therefore, increasing Member State budgets for security and defence; insists that the EU and its Member States should work for peace, for diplomatic and peaceful conflict resolution, including through mediation initiatives, and for disarmament, demobilisation and reintegration programmes in line with the UN Charter; supports the Nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty (NPT) regime and nuclear disarmament; firmly rejects the establishment of the European Defence Fund and the European Defence Industrial Development Programme (EDIDP), as well as the creation of the new heading V ‘Security and Defence’ from which the European Defence Fund

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is to be financed after 2020; recalls that in accordance with Article 41(2) of the Treaty on European Union expenditure arising from operations having military or defence implications shall not be charged to the Union budget; denounces and deeply deplores the unprecedented speed with which the EU is being militarised; urges disarmament, including nuclear disarmament, the demobilisation of troops, and an end to external military interventions; urges the dissolution of NATO; recalls that the best way of promoting peace is by supporting measures for poverty eradication, humanitarian aid, and sustainable and fair economic and social development; considers that external cooperation should be based on the principle of international solidarity and on total respect for each country's desire for and pace of development;

Or. en

28.5.2018

B8-0239/29

Amendment 29

Luke Ming Flanagan

on behalf of the GUE/NGL Group

Motion for a resolution

B8-0239/2018

PPE, S&D, ALDE, Verts/ALE

2021-2027 multiannual financial framework and own resources

Motion for a resolution

Citation ?? (new)

Motion for a resolution

Amendment

– having regard to the fact that the Commission proposes to fill the funding gap left by Brexit with additional revenue streams from own resources;

– having regard to the fact that there will thus be no reduction in the total amount of revenue for distribution;

– having regard to the fact that with the UK leaving the European Union, there will thus also be one less Member State in receipt of Union funds, and there should thus also be a greater proportional share available for all other Member States in areas such as the CAP, the CFP, the Cohesion Fund, etc.;

Or. en