



2016/2222(INI)

3.2.2017

AMENDMENTS

1 - 70

Draft opinion

Heidi Hautala

(PE594.062v02-00)

Palm oil and deforestation of rainforests
(2016/2222(INI))

Amendment 1

Heidi Hautala, Florent Marcellesi, Maria Heubuch
on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Draft opinion

Paragraph -1 (new)

Draft opinion

Amendment

-1. Recalls that sustainable agriculture, food security and sustainable forest management are core objectives of the SDGs; notes with concern that palm oil is an important driver of deforestation, particularly in Malaysia, Indonesia, Papua New Guinea, Liberia, Cameroon, Republic of Congo, Columbia and Peru; recalls that forests are essential for climate-change adaptation and mitigation;

Or. en

Amendment 2

Heidi Hautala, Florent Marcellesi, Maria Heubuch
on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Draft opinion

Paragraph -1 a (new)

Draft opinion

Amendment

-1 a. Highlights the low deforestation rates of indigenous lands with secured customary systems of tenure and resource management, which has high potential for cost-effective reduction of emissions and securing global ecosystem services; calls for utilization of international climate and development funds to secure indigenous and community lands and to support indigenous peoples and communities who invest in protecting their lands.

Or. en

Amendment 3

Heidi Hautala, Florent Marcellesi, Maria Heubuch

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Draft opinion

Paragraph -1 b (new)

Draft opinion

Amendment

-1 b. Recalls that poor rural women are especially dependent on forest resources for their subsistence; stresses the necessity to mainstream gender in national forest policies and institutions, so as to promote i.e. the equal access of women to the ownership of land and other resources;

Or. en

Amendment 4

Heidi Hautala, Florent Marcellesi, Maria Heubuch

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Draft opinion

Paragraph 1

Draft opinion

Amendment

1. Calls for improved coordination of forest, agriculture, land use and rural development policies with a view to achieving the sustainable development goals (SDGs) and the climate change commitments;

1. ***Notes with concern that agriculture remains the most significant driver of global deforestation and that around half of all tropical deforestation since 2000 has been due to illegal conversion of forests for commercial agriculture which may also entail a conflict risk;*** Calls for improved coordination of forest, agriculture, land use and rural development policies with a view to achieving the sustainable development goals (SDGs) and the climate change commitments;

Or. en

Amendment 5

Paavo Väyrynen

Draft opinion
Paragraph 1

Draft opinion

1. Calls for improved coordination of forest, agriculture, land use and rural development policies with a view to achieving the sustainable development goals (SDGs) and the climate change commitments;

Amendment

1. Calls for improved coordination of forest, agriculture, land use and rural development policies with a view to achieving the sustainable development goals (SDGs) and the climate change commitments; ***reiterates EU's commitment to its renewable energy targets;***

Or. en

Amendment 6
Ignazio Corrao

Draft opinion
Paragraph 1

Draft opinion

1. Calls for improved coordination of forest, agriculture, land use and rural development policies with a view to achieving the sustainable development goals (SDGs) and the climate change commitments;

Amendment

1. Calls for improved coordination of forest, agriculture, land use and rural development policies with a view to achieving the sustainable development goals (SDGs) and the climate change commitments; ***stresses the need for PCD also in this field;***

Or. en

Amendment 7
Heidi Hautala, Florent Marcellesi, Maria Heubuch
on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Draft opinion
Paragraph 1 a (new)

Draft opinion

Amendment

1 a. Notes with concern that the global rush for land is driven by increasing global demand for biofuel and raw materials, speculation on land and agricultural commodities; underlines the

*ECA's Special Report N° 18/2016
conclusion that the EU certification
system for the sustainability of biofuels is
not fully reliable; calls on the EU
Institutions to include as part of the
reform of the Renewable Energy Directive
specific verification procedures regarding
land tenure conflicts, forced/child labour,
poor working conditions for farmers and
dangers to health and safety in in its
voluntary scheme; likewise, calls on the
EU to take into account the impact of
ILUC and to include social responsibility
requirements in the reform of the RED;*

Or. en

Amendment 8
Jan Zahradil, Nirj Deva
on behalf of the ECR Group

Draft opinion
Paragraph 1 a (new)

Draft opinion

Amendment

*1 a. Stresses the key role palm oil
production plays in the economies of
palm-oil producing developing countries,
both as a valuable source of income and
employment;*

Or. en

Amendment 9
Seb Dance, Maria Noichl, Doru-Claudian Frunzuliță

Draft opinion
Paragraph 1 b (new)

Draft opinion

Amendment

*1 b. Reminds the Commission of its
Communication "Addressing the
challenges of deforestation and forest
degradation to tackle climate change and
biodiversity loss" emphasising a holistic*

approach to tropical deforestation, taking into account of all deforestation drivers, including palm oil production; reminds the Commission of its objective in the UNFCCC negotiations to halt global forest cover loss by 2030 at the latest and to reduce gross tropical deforestation by at least 50% by 2020 compared to current levels;

Or. en

Amendment 10

Jan Zahradil, Nirj Deva

on behalf of the ECR Group

Draft opinion

Paragraph 1 b (new)

Draft opinion

Amendment

1 b. Calls for assisting palm-oil producing countries in the elaboration and enforcement of relevant domestic policies and regulations aiming at minimising the impact of the industry on deforestation, ecosystem and natural heritage;

Or. en

Amendment 11

Heidi Hautala, Florent Marcellesi, Maria Heubuch

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Draft opinion

Paragraph 1 b (new)

Draft opinion

Amendment

1 b. Calls on the EU to establish a binding regulatory framework to ensure that all agricultural commodity importers' supply chains are traceable to the origin of the raw material;

Or. en

Amendment 12

Jan Zahradil, Nirj Deva

on behalf of the ECR Group

Draft opinion

Paragraph 1 c (new)

Draft opinion

Amendment

1 c. Recalls that Malaysia and Indonesia are the main producers of palm oil, with an estimated 85-90 % of global production and welcomes that Malaysian primary forest levels have increased since 1990, but remains concerned that current deforestation levels in Indonesia are running at a rate of -0.5% total loss every five years;

Or. en

Amendment 13

Jan Zahradil, Nirj Deva

on behalf of the ECR Group

Draft opinion

Paragraph 2

Draft opinion

Amendment

2. Recalls that the EU is a major importer of products resulting from illegal deforestation; calls for the immediate termination of EU subsidies for biofuels produced from food crops and for a phase-out of such fuels; stresses the inadequacy of voluntary certification schemes, such as the Round Table on Sustainable Palm Oil (RSPO), in addressing land grabs and human rights violations; calls for binding regulations on agricultural commodity importers' supply chains;

deleted

Or. en

Amendment 14
Maurice Ponga, Bogdan Brunon Wenta

Draft opinion
Paragraph 2

Draft opinion

2. *Recalls that the EU is a major importer of products resulting from illegal deforestation; calls for the immediate termination of EU subsidies for biofuels produced from food crops and for a phase-out of such fuels; stresses the inadequacy of voluntary certification schemes, such as the Round Table on Sustainable Palm Oil (RSPO), in addressing land grabs and human rights violations; calls for binding regulations on agricultural commodity importers' supply chains;*

Amendment

2. *Stresses that even if voluntary certification schemes, such as the Round Table on Sustainable Palm Oil (RSPO), have some flaws, they nonetheless help to promote respect for human rights and workers' rights in the palm oil sector; recalls, in this context, the commitment made by several Member States under the Amsterdam Declaration of 7 December 2015 to support the private sector's pledge to obtain 100% of its palm oil for Europe from sustainable sources by 2020;*

Or. fr

Amendment 15
György Hölvényi

Draft opinion
Paragraph 2

Draft opinion

2. *Recalls that the EU is a major importer of products resulting from illegal deforestation; calls for the immediate termination of EU subsidies for biofuels produced from food crops and for a phase-out of such fuels; stresses the inadequacy of voluntary certification schemes, such as the Round Table on Sustainable Palm Oil (RSPO), in addressing land grabs and human rights violations; calls for binding regulations on agricultural commodity importers' supply chains;*

Amendment

2. *Believes that the voluntary and mandatory standards that apply to palm oil: certification schemes, such as the Round Table on Sustainable Palm Oil (RSPO), voluntary initiatives, such as the Palm Oil Innovation Group (POIG) and the Sustainable Palm Oil Manifesto (SPOM), as well as mandatory national standards, have a potential of evolving to push for improved practices and make sustainable production of agricultural commodities the norm.*

Or. en

Amendment 16

Lola Sánchez Caldentey, Stelios Kouloglou, Sabine Lösing, Marina Albiol Guzmán

Draft opinion

Paragraph 2

Draft opinion

2. Recalls that the EU is a major importer of products resulting from illegal deforestation; calls for the immediate termination of EU subsidies for biofuels produced from food crops and for a phase-out of such fuels; stresses the inadequacy of voluntary certification schemes, such as the Round Table on Sustainable Palm Oil (RSPO), in addressing land grabs and human rights violations; calls for binding regulations on agricultural commodity importers' supply chains;

Amendment

2. Recalls that the EU is a major importer of products resulting from illegal deforestation ***with devastating impact on biodiversity by deforestation of natural rainforests for the expansion of commodities such as palm oil plantations; Stresses that biodiesel is now the main end product of imported palm oil in Europe***; calls for the immediate termination of EU subsidies for biofuels produced from food crops and for a phase-out of such fuels; stresses the inadequacy of voluntary certification schemes, such as the Round Table on Sustainable Palm Oil (RSPO), in addressing land grabs and human rights violations; calls for binding regulations on agricultural commodity importers' supply chains; ***urges the Commission to introduce appropriate due diligence regulation, mandatory certification and traceability mechanisms both upstream and downstream of the Palm Oil supply chain, aligned with globally adopted best standards and practices***;

Or. en

Amendment 17

Carolina Punset, Catherine Bearder

Draft opinion

Paragraph 2

Draft opinion

2. Recalls that the EU is a major importer of products resulting from illegal deforestation; calls for the immediate termination of EU subsidies for biofuels produced from food crops and for a phase-

Amendment

2. Recalls that the EU is a major importer of products resulting from illegal deforestation; calls for the immediate termination of EU subsidies for biofuels produced from food crops and for a phase-

out of such fuels; stresses the *inadequacy* of voluntary certification schemes, such as the Round Table on Sustainable Palm Oil (RSPO), in *addressing* land grabs and human rights violations; calls for binding regulations on agricultural commodity importers' supply chains;

out of such fuels; stresses the *need for improving the reliability* of voluntary certification schemes, such as the Round Table on Sustainable Palm Oil (RSPO), in *order to address more adequately* land grabs and human rights violations; calls for binding regulations on agricultural commodity importers' supply chains, *in order to ensure a fully sustainable palm oil supply chain by 2020, in line with the Amsterdam Palm Oil Declaration*;

Or. en

Amendment 18

Heidi Hautala, Florent Marcellesi, Maria Heubuch
on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Draft opinion Paragraph 2

Draft opinion

2. Recalls that the EU is a major importer of products resulting from *illegal* deforestation; calls for the immediate termination of EU subsidies for biofuels produced from food crops and for a phase-out of such fuels; stresses the inadequacy of voluntary certification schemes, such as the Round Table on Sustainable Palm Oil (RSPO), in addressing land grabs and human rights violations; calls *for binding regulations on agricultural commodity importers' supply chains*;

Amendment

2. Recalls that the EU is a major importer of products resulting from deforestation; calls for the immediate termination of EU subsidies for biofuels produced from food crops and for a phase-out of such fuels; stresses the inadequacy of voluntary certification schemes, such as the Round Table on Sustainable Palm Oil (RSPO), in addressing land grabs and human rights violations; calls *on the private sector and other stakeholders to upgrade certification standards to prevent land grabbing and minimise the risks of land conflict and rights abuses as well as to strengthen complaint procedures in certification systems*;

Or. en

Amendment 19 **Paavo Väyrynen**

Draft opinion Paragraph 2

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Draft opinion

2. Recalls that the EU is a major importer of products resulting from illegal deforestation; calls for the immediate termination of EU subsidies for biofuels produced from food crops and for a phase-out of such fuels; stresses the inadequacy of voluntary certification schemes, such as the Round Table on Sustainable Palm Oil (RSPO), in addressing land grabs and human rights violations; calls for binding regulations on agricultural commodity importers' supply chains;

Amendment

2. Recalls that the EU is a major importer of products resulting from illegal deforestation; calls for the immediate termination of EU subsidies for biofuels produced from food crops ***which are needed for human nutrition*** and for a phase-out of such fuels; stresses the inadequacy of voluntary certification schemes, such as the Round Table on Sustainable Palm Oil (RSPO), in addressing land grabs and human rights violations; calls for binding regulations on agricultural commodity importers' supply chains;

Or. en

Amendment 20

Seb Dance, Maria Noichl, Linda McAvan

Draft opinion

Paragraph 2

Draft opinion

2. Recalls that the EU is a major importer of products resulting from illegal deforestation; calls for the immediate termination of EU subsidies for biofuels produced from food crops and for a phase-out of such fuels; stresses ***the inadequacy of*** voluntary certification schemes, such as the Round Table on Sustainable Palm Oil (RSPO), in addressing land grabs and human rights violations; calls for binding regulations on agricultural commodity importers' supply chains;

Amendment

2. Recalls that the EU is a major importer of products resulting from illegal deforestation; calls for the immediate termination of EU subsidies for biofuels produced from food crops and for a phase-out of such fuels; stresses ***that*** voluntary certification schemes, such as the Round Table on Sustainable Palm Oil (RSPO), ***can be further strengthened to aid*** in addressing land grabs and human rights violations; calls for binding regulations on agricultural commodity importers' supply chains;

Or. en

Amendment 21

Louis Michel

Draft opinion
Paragraph 2

Draft opinion

2. Recalls that the EU is a major importer of products resulting from illegal deforestation; calls for the immediate termination of EU subsidies for biofuels produced from food crops **and for a phase-out of such fuels**; stresses the inadequacy of voluntary certification schemes, such as the Round Table on Sustainable Palm Oil (RSPO), in addressing land grabs and human rights violations; calls for binding regulations on agricultural commodity importers' supply chains;

Amendment

2. Recalls that the EU is a major importer of products resulting from illegal deforestation; calls for the immediate termination of EU subsidies for biofuels produced from food crops; stresses the inadequacy of voluntary certification schemes, such as the Round Table on Sustainable Palm Oil (RSPO), in addressing land **grabs, water** grabs and human rights violations; calls for binding regulations on agricultural commodity importers' supply chains;

Or. fr

Amendment 22
Ignazio Corrao

Draft opinion
Paragraph 2

Draft opinion

2. Recalls that the EU is a major importer of products resulting from illegal deforestation; calls for the immediate termination of EU subsidies for biofuels produced from food crops and for a phase-out of such fuels; **stresses the inadequacy of** voluntary certification schemes, such as the **Round Table on Sustainable Palm Oil (RSPO), in addressing land grabs and human rights violations**; calls for binding regulations on agricultural commodity importers' supply chains;

Amendment

2. Recalls that the EU is a major importer of products resulting from illegal deforestation; calls for the immediate termination of EU subsidies for biofuels produced from food crops and for a phase-out of such fuels; **recognizes that, despite some weaknesses in enforcement,** voluntary certification schemes such as the **RSPO help raise the bar on labour and human rights standards in the palm oil industry**; calls for binding regulations on agricultural commodity importers' supply chains;

Or. en

Amendment 23
Seb Dance, Maria Noichl, Doru-Claudian Frunzuliță, Linda McAvan

Draft opinion
Paragraph 2

Draft opinion

2. Recalls that the EU is a major importer of products resulting from illegal deforestation; calls for the immediate termination of EU subsidies for biofuels produced from food crops and for a phase-out of such fuels; stresses the inadequacy of voluntary certification schemes, such as the Round Table on Sustainable Palm Oil (RSPO), in addressing land grabs and human rights violations; calls for binding regulations on agricultural commodity importers' supply chains;

Amendment

2. Recalls that the EU is a major importer of products resulting from illegal deforestation; calls for the immediate termination of EU subsidies for biofuels produced from food crops and for a phase-out of such fuels; stresses the inadequacy of voluntary certification schemes, such as the Round Table on Sustainable Palm Oil (RSPO), in addressing land grabs and human rights violations; calls for binding regulations on agricultural commodity importers' supply chains;

Expresses its deep concerns that multiple investigations reveal widespread abuse of basic human rights at a time of establishment and running of palm oil plantations in many countries, including forced evictions, armed violence, child labour, debt bondage or discrimination of indigenous communities;

Or. en

Amendment 24
Jan Zahradil, Nirj Deva
on behalf of the ECR Group

Draft opinion
Paragraph 2 a (new)

Draft opinion

Amendment

2 a. Stresses the importance of improving production conditions of palm oil through supporting existing certification systems, ensuring that they are easily accessible for SMEs and understandable for consumers confirming that the palm oil in question has been produced in line with sustainability guideline, including the requirement that the product is effectively and transparently traceable throughout the entire supply chain;

Amendment 25

Heidi Hautala, Florent Marcellesi, Maria Heubuch
on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Draft opinion

Paragraph 2 a (new)

Draft opinion

Amendment

2 a. Embraces the objective set in the Amsterdam Declaration of 2015 in Support of a Fully Sustainable Palm Oil Supply Chain by 2020; and encourages the EU to engage major players such as India and China on strengthening responsible and sustainable production in the palm oil supply chain;

Or. en

Amendment 26

Seb Dance, Maria Noichl

Draft opinion

Paragraph 2 a (new)

Draft opinion

Amendment

2 a. Calls on the Commission to work closely with other significant consumers of palm oil, such as China and India, and with palm oil producing countries to raise their awareness and to explore common solutions to the problem of tropical deforestation and forest degradation;

Or. en

Amendment 27

Heidi Hautala

Draft opinion

Paragraph 2 a (new)

Draft opinion

Amendment

2 a. *Recalls the role of the food industry in utilizing a notable share of palm oil produced alongside the biofuel industry; calls on the EU to create incentives to work towards a sustainable palm oil uptake of 100% in Europe by 2020;*

Or. en

Amendment 28
Seb Dance, Maria Noichl

Draft opinion
Paragraph 2 b (new)

Draft opinion

Amendment

2 b. *Calls on the Commission to work with the palm oil producing countries to enhance biodiversity in the plantation areas, notably through measures such as establishment of wildlife corridors;*

Or. en

Amendment 29
Seb Dance, Maria Noichl

Draft opinion
Paragraph 2 c (new)

Draft opinion

Amendment

2 c. *Recalls that 30-50% of fires in Indonesia in 2015, which are typically result of clearing of land for palm oil plantations and other agricultural use, occurred in coal-rich peatlands, turning Indonesia into one of the greatest contributors to global warming on Earth;*

Or. en

Amendment 30
György Hölvényi

Draft opinion
Paragraph 3

Draft opinion

3. Calls on the Commission to **put** in place mechanisms to address the conversion of forests for commercial agriculture within the FLEGT Voluntary Partnership Agreement (VPA) framework; calls for increased EU financial and technical assistance to producer countries and their local authorities with a view to combating corruption and improving governance;

Amendment

3. Calls on the Commission to **assess the necessity of putting** in place mechanisms to address the conversion of forests for commercial agriculture within the FLEGT Voluntary Partnership Agreement (VPA) framework; calls for increased EU financial and technical assistance to producer countries and their local authorities with a view to combating corruption and improving governance;

Or. en

Amendment 31
Lola Sánchez Caldentey, Stelios Kouloglou, Sabine Lösing, Marina Albiol Guzmán

Draft opinion
Paragraph 3

Draft opinion

3. Calls on the Commission to put in place mechanisms to address the conversion of forests for commercial agriculture within the FLEGT Voluntary Partnership Agreement (VPA) framework; calls for increased EU financial and technical assistance to producer countries and their local authorities with a view to combating corruption and improving governance;

Amendment

3. Calls on the Commission to put in place mechanisms to address the conversion of forests for commercial agriculture within the FLEGT Voluntary Partnership Agreement (VPA) framework ***while enhancing the empowering and role of civil society organisations and forest communities, enabling them to play a greater role in policy processes; Highlights that the EU's forest footprint has continued to increase since the FLEGT Action Plan was adopted***; calls for increased EU financial and technical assistance to producer countries and their local authorities with a view to combating corruption and improving governance;

Or. en

Amendment 32

Heidi Hautala, Florent Marcellesi, Maria Heubuch

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Draft opinion

Paragraph 3

Draft opinion

3. Calls on the Commission to put in place mechanisms to address the conversion of forests for commercial agriculture within the FLEGT Voluntary Partnership Agreement (VPA) framework; calls for increased EU financial and technical assistance to producer countries and their local authorities with a view to combating corruption and improving governance;

Amendment

3. Calls on the Commission to put in place mechanisms to address the conversion of forests for commercial agriculture within the FLEGT **Action Plan**, Voluntary Partnership Agreement (VPA) framework; calls for increased EU financial and technical assistance to producer countries and their local authorities with a view to combating corruption and improving governance; ***calls on the Commission to urgently put forward an EU action plan on deforestation and forest degradation;***

Or. en

Amendment 33

Louis Michel

Draft opinion

Paragraph 3

Draft opinion

3. Calls on the Commission to put in place mechanisms to address the conversion of forests for commercial agriculture within the FLEGT Voluntary Partnership Agreement (VPA) framework; calls for increased EU financial and technical assistance to producer countries and their local authorities with a view to combating corruption ***and improving governance;***

Amendment

3. Calls on the Commission to put in place mechanisms to address the conversion of forests for commercial agriculture within the FLEGT Voluntary Partnership Agreement (VPA) framework; calls for increased EU financial and technical assistance to producer countries and their local authorities with a view to combating corruption, ***improving governance and promoting sustainable production methods;***

Or. fr

Amendment 34
Carolina Punset, Catherine Bearder

Draft opinion
Paragraph 3

Draft opinion

3. Calls on the Commission to put in place mechanisms to address the conversion of forests for commercial agriculture within the FLEGT Voluntary Partnership Agreement (VPA) framework; calls for increased EU financial and technical assistance to producer countries and their local authorities with a view to combating corruption and improving governance;

Amendment

3. Calls on the Commission to put in place mechanisms to address the conversion of forests for commercial agriculture within the FLEGT Voluntary Partnership Agreement (VPA) framework; calls for increased EU financial and technical assistance to producer countries and their local authorities with a view to combating corruption and improving governance ***and transparency***;

Or. en

Amendment 35
Seb Dance, Maria Noichl, Doru-Claudian Frunzulică, Linda McAvan

Draft opinion
Paragraph 3 a (new)

Draft opinion

Amendment

3 a. Notes that palm oil can be cultivated responsibly and can make a real contribution to the economic development of a country, offering viable economic opportunities to farmers, provided that no deforestation occurs, that no plantations are established on peat lands, that plantations are managed using modern agroecological techniques to minimise adverse environmental and social outcomes and that land rights, the rights of indigenous communities as well as human rights and workers' rights are respected;

Or. en

Amendment 36
Carolina Punset, Catherine Bearder

Draft opinion
Paragraph 3 a (new)

Draft opinion

Amendment

3 a. Calls on the Commission to set the example for other countries by establishing accounting rules for greenhouse gas emissions from managed wetlands and for land-use changes of wetlands in European legislation;

Or. en

Amendment 37
Ignazio Corrao

Draft opinion
Paragraph 3 a (new)

Draft opinion

Amendment

3 a. Urges the EU to support micro-, small- and family based local rural enterprises and to promote national and local legal registration of property or possession of the land;

Or. en

Amendment 38
Louis Michel

Draft opinion
Paragraph 3 a (new)

Draft opinion

Amendment

3a. Calls for the strengthening of the rights of indigenous peoples to use their land and for gender equality in access to land;

Or. fr

Amendment 39
Seb Dance, Maria Noichl, Doru-Claudian Frunzulică

Draft opinion
Paragraph 3 b (new)

Draft opinion

Amendment

3 b. *Notes that latest research proves that agroforestry polycropping applied to palm oil plantations can offer combined benefits in terms of biodiversity, productivity and positive social outcomes;*

Or. en

Amendment 40
Maurice Ponga, Bogdan Brunon Wenta

Draft opinion
Paragraph 4

Draft opinion

Amendment

4. *Calls for the revision of the Non-Financial Reporting Directive to include land grabbing and deforestation risks in the non-financial key performance indicators; calls for inclusion of agribusiness in the scope of companies required by the Accounting Directive to report on payments to governments;*

deleted

Or. fr

Amendment 41
Jan Zahradil, Nirj Deva
on behalf of the ECR Group

Draft opinion
Paragraph 4

Draft opinion

Amendment

4. *Calls for the revision of the Non-*

deleted

Financial Reporting Directive to include land grabbing and deforestation risks in the non-financial key performance indicators; calls for inclusion of agribusiness in the scope of companies required by the Accounting Directive to report on payments to governments;

Or. en

Amendment 42
Ignazio Corrao

Draft opinion
Paragraph 4

Draft opinion

4. ***Calls*** for the revision of the Non-Financial Reporting Directive to include land grabbing and deforestation risks in the non-financial key performance indicators; calls for inclusion of agribusiness in the scope of companies required by the Accounting Directive to report on payments to governments;

Amendment

4. ***Strongly*** calls for the revision of the Non-Financial Reporting Directive to include land grabbing and deforestation risks in the non-financial key performance indicators; calls for inclusion of agribusiness in the scope of companies required by the Accounting Directive to report on payments to governments;

Or. en

Amendment 43
György Hölvényi

Draft opinion
Paragraph 4

Draft opinion

4. Calls for the revision of the Non-Financial Reporting Directive ***to include*** land grabbing and deforestation risks in the non-financial key performance indicators; calls for inclusion of agribusiness in the scope of companies required by the Accounting Directive to report on payments to governments;

Amendment

4. Calls for the ***assessment if*** a revision of the Non-Financial Reporting Directive ***is necessary in order to determine*** land grabbing and deforestation risks in the non-financial key performance indicators; calls for inclusion of agribusiness in the scope of companies required by the Accounting Directive to report on payments to governments ***if assessed as duly justified;***

Amendment 44

Seb Dance, Maria Noichl, Doru-Claudian Frunzuliță, Linda McAvan

Draft opinion

Paragraph 4 a (new)

Draft opinion

Amendment

4 a. Calls on the Commission to support the development of new binding regulations for deforestation-free and conflict-free palm oil, backed by appropriate and mandatory due diligence framework and traceability mechanisms throughout the supply chain. These would be imposed on supply chain operators for forest-risk and conflict-risk palm oil commodities and should be aligned with globally adopted best standards and practices.

Or. en

Amendment 45

Louis Michel

Draft opinion

Paragraph 4 a (new)

Draft opinion

Amendment

4a. Recalls the need to help developing countries to improve their human capacities;

Or. fr

Amendment 46

György Hölvényi

Draft opinion

Paragraph 5

Draft opinion

5. *Is* alarmed by the impacts of palm oil production on the human rights of indigenous peoples and small farmers; calls on governments of palm-oil-producing countries to commit to and implement the ILO core labour standards and Decent Work agenda;

Amendment

5. ***Stresses that the palm oil industry has had both positive and negative impacts on workers, indigenous peoples and residents of palm oil-producing communities:*** is alarmed by the ***negative*** impacts of palm oil production on the human rights of indigenous peoples and small farmers, ***as well as on the environment***; calls on governments of palm-oil-producing countries to commit to and implement the ILO core labour standards and Decent Work agenda;

Or. en

Amendment 47

Maurice Ponga, Bogdan Brunon Wenta

**Draft opinion
Paragraph 5**

Draft opinion

5. Is alarmed by the ***impacts of*** palm oil production on the human rights of indigenous peoples and small farmers; calls on governments of palm-oil-producing countries to commit to and implement the ILO core labour standards and Decent Work agenda;

Amendment

5. Is alarmed by the ***negative impact of irresponsible*** palm oil production on the human rights of indigenous peoples and small farmers; calls on governments of palm-oil-producing countries to commit to and implement the ILO core labour standards and Decent Work agenda;

Or. fr

Amendment 48

Lola Sánchez Caldentey, Stelios Kouloglou, Sabine Lösing, Marina Albiol Guzmán

**Draft opinion
Paragraph 5**

Draft opinion

5. Is alarmed by the impacts of palm oil production on ***the*** human rights of indigenous peoples and small farmers; calls on governments of palm-oil-producing

Amendment

5. Is alarmed by the impacts of palm oil production on ***land use, soil fertility, biodiversity, forest degradation and increases in greenhouse gas***

countries to commit to and implement the ILO core labour standards and Decent Work agenda;

emissions and by the links of this production to serious land tenure and human rights abuses of indigenous peoples, *local communities* and small farmers; calls on governments of palm-oil-producing countries to commit to and implement the ILO core labour standards and Decent Work agenda;

Or. en

Amendment 49
Lola Sánchez Caldentey

Draft opinion
Paragraph 5

Draft opinion

5. Is alarmed by the impacts of palm oil production on *the* human rights of indigenous peoples and small farmers; calls on governments of palm-oil-producing countries to commit to and implement the ILO core labour standards and Decent Work agenda;

Amendment

5. Is alarmed by the impacts of palm oil production on *land use, soil fertility, biodiversity, forest degradation and increases in greenhouse gas emissions and by the links of this production to serious land tenure and human rights abuses* of indigenous peoples, *local communities* and small farmers, *putting at risk the livelihood of populations whose lives depend on the forests for food* ; calls on governments of palm-oil-producing countries to commit to and implement the ILO core labour standards and Decent Work agenda;

Or. en

Amendment 50
Heidi Hautala, Florent Marcellesi, Maria Heubuch
on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Draft opinion
Paragraph 5

Draft opinion

5. Is alarmed by the impacts of palm oil production on the human rights of

Amendment

5. Is alarmed by the impacts of palm oil production on the human rights of

indigenous peoples and small farmers; calls on governments of palm-oil-producing countries to commit to and implement the ILO core labour standards and Decent Work agenda;

indigenous peoples and small farmers, ***including their customary systems of tenure and resource management***; calls on governments of palm-oil-producing countries to commit to and implement the ILO core labour standards and Decent Work agenda; ***calls for the elimination of all forms of forced or compulsory labor, including child labour; improvement of the position of migrant workers; freedom of association; and the establishment of a legitimate, accessible, and transparent grievance mechanism, consistent with international best practices***;

Or. en

Amendment 51
Ignazio Corrao

Draft opinion
Paragraph 5

Draft opinion

5. Is alarmed by the impacts of palm oil production on the human rights of indigenous peoples and small farmers; calls on governments of palm-oil-producing countries to commit to and implement the ILO core labour standards and Decent Work agenda;

Amendment

5. Is alarmed by the impacts of palm oil production on the human rights of indigenous peoples and small farmers; ***recalls the crucial role played by "ancestral lands" in the culture and in the life of indigenous people and in the enjoyment of their civil, political, economic, social and cultural rights***; calls on governments of palm-oil-producing countries to commit to and implement the ILO core labour standards and Decent Work agenda;

Or. en

Amendment 52
João Ferreira, Lola Sánchez Caldentey

Draft opinion
Paragraph 5 a (new)

Draft opinion

Amendment

5a. *Underlines the urgent need to place the right of access to land and social and environmental valorisation above the purely economics-based logic of maximising profit when designing, evaluating and implementing the various strategies for forestry development;*

Or. pt

Amendment 53

João Ferreira, Lola Sánchez Caldentey

Draft opinion

Paragraph 5 b (new)

Draft opinion

Amendment

5b. *Rejects simplistic concepts and definitions of forest that define forests only as a collection of trees per percentage of area covered, leading to the adoption of equally simplistic concepts of deforestation and reforestation; points out that these approaches have made it possible, for example, for vast palm oil monocultures, which destroy huge areas of tropical forest, to be classified as reforestation;*

Or. pt

Amendment 54

João Ferreira, Lola Sánchez Caldentey

Draft opinion

Paragraph 5 c (new)

Draft opinion

Amendment

5c. *Urges the Member States and Commission to establish a definition of forest that includes biological, social and cultural diversity, so as to prevent monoforestation and give priority to*

native species, thereby protecting ecosystems, habitats and local communities;

Or. pt

Amendment 55

João Ferreira, Lola Sánchez Caldentey

Draft opinion

Paragraph 5 d (new)

Draft opinion

Amendment

5d. Draws attention to the fact that maximizing profits from vast palm oil monocultures (using methods that include the abuse of market power and pricing dominance, the occupation of land, poor working conditions and pesticide use) is incompatible with protecting the environment, combating hunger and guaranteeing and complying with the four basic elements of the human right to food and nutrition - adequacy, availability, accessibility and sustainability;

Or. pt

Amendment 56

João Ferreira, Lola Sánchez Caldentey

Draft opinion

Paragraph 5 e (new)

Draft opinion

Amendment

5e. Calls for measures that hinder access to adequate food and nutrition to be rejected and not to be implemented, including measures that hinder access to and use of indigenous resources that are essential to the survival and food sovereignty of local populations, particularly in countries where palm oil is (intensively) produced;

Amendment 57

Ignazio Corrao

Draft opinion

Paragraph 6

Draft opinion

6. Is **concerned** that many land deals breach the principle of local communities' free, prior and informed consent; calls for the EU and its Member States to ensure that EU-based investors adhere fully to international standards on responsible investment in agriculture, and to take steps to ensure access to remedy for victims of corporate abuses.

Amendment

6. Is **alarmed** that many land deals breach the principle of local communities' free, prior and informed consent; calls for the EU and its Member States to ensure that EU-based investors adhere fully to international standards on responsible investment in agriculture, and **urges them** to take steps to ensure access to remedy for victims of corporate abuses, **also in this field**.

Amendment 58

Maurice Ponga, Bogdan Brunon Wenta

Draft opinion

Paragraph 6

Draft opinion

6. Is concerned that **many** land deals breach the principle of local communities' free, prior and informed consent; calls for the EU and its Member States to ensure that EU-based investors adhere fully to international standards on responsible investment in agriculture, **and to take steps to ensure access to remedy for victims of corporate abuses**.

Amendment

6. Is concerned that **some** land deals breach the principle of local communities' free, prior and informed consent; calls for the EU and its Member States to ensure that EU-based investors adhere fully to international standards on responsible investment in agriculture.

Amendment 59

György Hölvényi

Draft opinion
Paragraph 6

Draft opinion

6. Is concerned that **many** land deals **breach** the principle of local communities' free, prior and informed consent; calls for the EU and its Member States to ensure that EU-based investors adhere fully to international standards on responsible investment in agriculture, and to take steps to ensure access to remedy for victims of corporate abuses.

Amendment

6. Is concerned that **some** land deals **do not follow** the principle of local communities' free, prior and informed consent; calls for the EU and its Member States to ensure that EU-based investors adhere fully to international standards on responsible investment in agriculture, and to take steps to ensure access to remedy for victims of corporate abuses.

Or. en

Amendment 60
Jan Zahradil, Nirj Deva
on behalf of the ECR Group

Draft opinion
Paragraph 6

Draft opinion

6. Is concerned that many land deals breach the principle of local communities' free, prior and informed consent; calls for the EU and its Member States to ensure that EU-based investors adhere fully to international standards on responsible investment in agriculture, **and to take steps to ensure access to remedy for victims of corporate abuses.**

Amendment

6. Is concerned that many land deals breach the principle of local communities' free, prior and informed consent; calls for the EU and its Member States to ensure that EU-based investors adhere fully to international standards on responsible investment in agriculture.

Or. en

Amendment 61
Lola Sánchez Caldentey, Stelios Kouloglou, Sabine Lösing, Marina Albiol Guzmán

Draft opinion
Paragraph 6

Draft opinion

Amendment

6. Is concerned that many land deals breach the principle of local communities' free, prior and informed consent; calls for the EU and its Member States to ensure that EU-based investors adhere fully to international standards on responsible investment in agriculture, and to take steps to ensure access to remedy for victims of corporate abuses.

6. Is concerned that many land deals breach the principle of local communities' free, prior and informed consent ***in accordance with ILO Convention 169***; calls for the EU and its Member States to ensure that EU-based investors adhere fully to international standards on responsible investment in agriculture, and to take steps to ensure access to remedy for victims of corporate abuses.

Or. en

Amendment 62
Carolina Punset, Catherine Bearder

Draft opinion
Paragraph 6

Draft opinion

6. Is concerned that many land deals breach the principle of local communities' free, prior and informed consent; calls for the EU and its Member States to ensure that EU-based investors adhere fully to international standards on responsible investment in agriculture, and to take steps to ensure access to remedy for victims of corporate abuses.

Amendment

6. Is concerned that many land deals breach the principle of local communities' free, prior and informed consent; calls for the EU and its Member States to ensure that EU-based investors adhere fully to international standards on responsible ***and sustainable*** investment in agriculture, and to take steps to ensure access to remedy for victims of corporate abuses.

Or. en

Amendment 63
Heidi Hautala, Florent Marcellesi, Maria Heubuch
on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Draft opinion
Paragraph 6

Draft opinion

6. Is concerned that many land deals breach the principle of local communities' free, prior and informed consent; calls for the EU and its Member States to ensure that EU-based investors adhere fully to

Amendment

6. Is concerned that many land deals breach the principle of local communities' free, prior and informed consent; calls for the EU and its Member States to ensure that EU-based investors adhere fully to

international standards on responsible investment in agriculture, ***and*** to take steps to ensure access to remedy for victims of corporate abuses.

international standards on responsible investment in agriculture, ***notably the FAO-OECD Guidance for Responsible Agricultural Supply Chains; the FAO voluntary guidelines on land tenure; the Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights and the OECD's Guidelines on Multinational Enterprises; underlines the need*** to take steps to ensure access to remedy for victims of corporate abuses.

Or. en

Amendment 64

Lola Sánchez Caldentey, Stelios Kouloglou, Sabine Lösing, Marina Albiol Guzmán

Draft opinion

Paragraph 6 a (new)

Draft opinion

Amendment

6 a. Calls for all trade deals to contain strong and effective sustainable development chapters with enforcement, verification and compliance procedures, complaints and redress mechanisms and rules and sanctions for the protection of indigenous communities and the environment; Stresses that social considerations should be a binding part of sustainability standards contained in the Trade and Sustainable Development chapter, including the requirement for palm oil producers to respect customary rights and the "Free prior and informed consent" principle.

Or. en

Amendment 65

Maria Noichl

Draft opinion

Paragraph 6 a (new)

6a. *Points out that demand from Europe for protein-rich plants creates significant land pressure in third countries; calls in this connection on the Commission to draw up sustainability criteria for the import of vegetable proteins, from whose indicators conclusions on the extent of land use change and deforestation can be drawn;*

Or. de

Amendment 66

Heidi Hautala, Florent Marcellesi, Maria Heubuch
on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Draft opinion

Paragraph 6 a (new)

6 a. *Insists on development financial institutions ensuring that their social and environmental safeguard policies are binding, fully aligned with international human rights law; calls for increased transparency to the funding of private financial institutions and public financial bodies;*

Or. en

Amendment 67

Seb Dance, Maria Noichl, Doru-Claudian Frunzulică

Draft opinion

Paragraph 6 a (new)

6 a. *Calls on the Commission to require all palm oil imports arriving in the EU to be certified according to the established sustainability criteria;*

Amendment 68

Seb Dance, Maria Noichl, Doru-Claudian Frunzulică

Draft opinion

Paragraph 6 b (new)

Draft opinion

Amendment

6 b. calls on the European Commission to completely phase out the use of biofuels made from food crops after 2020 by making these ineligible to meet all EU 2030 climate and energy targets, in particular of biodiesel that has created an unsustainable demand for palm oil;

Or. en

Amendment 69

Maria Noichl

Draft opinion

Paragraph 6 b (new)

Draft opinion

Amendment

6b. Draws attention to the problems associated with land concentration processes and land use changes that arise when monocultures such as palm oil plantations are created;

Or. de

Amendment 70

Heidi Hautala, Florent Marcellesi, Maria Heubuch
on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Draft opinion

Paragraph 6 b (new)

Draft opinion

Amendment

6 b. Calls on the Commission to put forward an EU action plan on responsible business conduct;

Or. en