



2018/0209(COD)

23.10.2018

AMENDMENTS

63 - 242

Draft report
Gerben-Jan Gerbrandy
(PE627.845v01-00)

Establishing a Programme for the Environment and Climate Action (LIFE)

Proposal for a regulation
(COM(2018)0385 – C8-0249/2018 – 2018/0209(COD))

Amendment 63
György Hölvényi

Proposal for a regulation
Citation 6 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

the programme shall continue to focus on maintaining geographical balance between Member States in respect of the distribution of funds,. The regulation shall refer at least to geographical balance, which may be further defined in the multiannual work programmes.

Or. hu

Amendment 64
Michel Dantin, Nicola Caputo, Cláudia Monteiro de Aguiar, Maurice Ponga, Pilar Ayuso, Annie Schreijer-Pierik, Dubravka Šuica, Angélique Delahaye

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 1

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(1) Union environmental, climate and relevant clean energy policy and legislation have delivered substantial improvements to the state of the environment. However, major environmental and climate challenges remain, which if left unaddressed, will have significant negative consequences for the Union and the well-being of its citizens.

(1) Union environmental, climate and relevant clean energy policy and legislation have delivered substantial improvements to the state of the environment. ***The gradual mainstreaming of environmental and climate actions within other European public policies, such as agriculture and energy, has also contributed to this improvement.*** However, major environmental and climate challenges remain, which if left unaddressed, will have significant negative consequences for the Union and the well-being of its citizens.

Or. fr

Amendment 65
Luke Ming Flanagan

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 1

Text proposed by the Commission

(1) Union environmental, climate and relevant clean energy policy and legislation have delivered substantial improvements to the state of the environment. However, major environmental and climate challenges remain, which if left unaddressed, will have significant negative consequences for the Union and the well-being of its citizens.

Amendment

(1) Union environmental, climate and relevant clean energy policy and legislation have delivered substantial improvements to the state of the environment. However ***this is clearly insufficient***; major environmental and climate challenges remain, which if left unaddressed, will have significant negative consequences for the Union and the well-being of its citizens.

Or. en

Amendment 66
Mireille D'Ornano

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 1

Text proposed by the Commission

(1) Union environmental, climate and relevant clean energy policy and legislation have ***delivered substantial improvements to the state of the environment. However,*** major environmental and climate challenges remain, which if left unaddressed, will have significant negative consequences for the Union and the well-being of its citizens.

Amendment

(1) Union environmental, climate and relevant clean energy policy and legislation have ***not achieved the objectives pursued in this area.*** Major environmental and climate challenges remain, which if left unaddressed, will have significant negative consequences for the Union and the well-being of its citizens.

Or. fr

Amendment 67

Luke Ming Flanagan

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 2

Text proposed by the Commission

(2) The Programme for the Environment and Climate Action (LIFE), established by Regulation (EU) No 1293/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council⁶ for the period 2014 to 2020 is the latest in a series of Union programmes over 25 years which support the implementation of environmental and climate legislation and policy priorities. ***It*** was positively assessed in a recent mid-term evaluation⁷ as being on track to be effective, efficient and relevant. The 2014-2020 LIFE Programme should therefore be continued with certain modifications identified in the mid-term evaluation and subsequent assessments. Accordingly, a Programme for the Environment and Climate Action (LIFE) (the ‘Programme’) should be established for the period starting 2021.

⁶ Regulation (EU) No 1293/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 December 2013 on the establishment of a Programme for the Environment and Climate Action (LIFE) and repealing Regulation (EC) No 614/2007 (OJ L 347, 20.12.2013, p. 185).

⁷ Report on the Mid-term Evaluation of the Programme for Environment and Climate Action (LIFE)(SWD(2017) 355 final).

Amendment

(2) The Programme for the Environment and Climate Action (LIFE), established by Regulation (EU) No 1293/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council⁶ for the period 2014 to 2020 is the latest in a series of Union programmes over 25 years which support the implementation of environmental and climate legislation and policy priorities, ***all of which have been clearly lacking in scope, ambition and implementation. This Programme*** was positively assessed in a recent mid-term evaluation⁷ as being on track to be effective, efficient and relevant. The 2014-2020 LIFE Programme should therefore be continued with certain modifications identified in the mid-term evaluation and subsequent assessments. Accordingly, a Programme for the Environment and Climate Action (LIFE) (the ‘Programme’) should be established for the period starting 2021.

⁶ Regulation (EU) No 1293/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 December 2013 on the establishment of a Programme for the Environment and Climate Action (LIFE) and repealing Regulation (EC) No 614/2007 (OJ L 347, 20.12.2013, p. 185).

⁷ Report on the Mid-term Evaluation of the Programme for Environment and Climate Action (LIFE)(SWD(2017) 355 final).

Or. en

Amendment 68

Benedek Jávor

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 2

Text proposed by the Commission

(2) The Programme for the Environment and Climate Action (LIFE), established by Regulation (EU) No 1293/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council⁶ for the period 2014 to 2020 is the latest in a series of Union programmes over 25 years which support the implementation of environmental and climate legislation and policy priorities. It was positively assessed in a recent mid-term evaluation⁷ as being on track to be effective, efficient and relevant. The 2014-2020 LIFE Programme should therefore be continued with certain modifications identified in the mid-term evaluation and subsequent assessments. Accordingly, a Programme for the Environment and Climate Action (LIFE) (the ‘Programme’) should be established for the period starting 2021.

⁶ Regulation (EU) No 1293/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 December 2013 on the establishment of a Programme for the Environment and Climate Action (LIFE) and repealing Regulation (EC) No 614/2007 (OJ L 347, 20.12.2013, p. 185).

⁷ Report on the Mid-term Evaluation of the Programme for Environment and Climate Action (LIFE)(SWD(2017) 355 final).

Amendment

(2) The Programme for the Environment and Climate Action (LIFE), established by Regulation (EU) No 1293/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council⁶ for the period 2014 to 2020 is the latest in a series of Union programmes over 25 years which support the implementation of environmental and climate legislation and policy priorities. It was positively assessed in a recent mid-term evaluation⁷ as being **highly cost-effective and** on track to be effective, efficient and relevant. The 2014-2020 LIFE Programme should therefore be continued with certain modifications identified in the mid-term evaluation and subsequent assessments. Accordingly, a Programme for the Environment and Climate Action (LIFE) (the ‘Programme’) should be established for the period starting 2021.

⁶ Regulation (EU) No 1293/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 December 2013 on the establishment of a Programme for the Environment and Climate Action (LIFE) and repealing Regulation (EC) No 614/2007 (OJ L 347, 20.12.2013, p. 185).

⁷ Report on the Mid-term Evaluation of the Programme for Environment and Climate Action (LIFE)(SWD(2017) 355 final).

Or. en

Amendment 69

Benedek Jávor

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 3 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(3a) Given its characteristics and size, the LIFE Programme cannot solve all environmental and climate problems. Rather, its objective should be to act as a catalyst for changes in policy development and implementation, by mainstreaming relevant nature and biodiversity into other EU policies and financing programmes, by providing and disseminating solutions and best practices to achieve environmental and climate goals, and by promoting innovative environmental, climate change and nature-based solutions towards a net-zero emission European society. In that endeavour, the LIFE Programme should support the implementation of the on-going and future General Union Environment Action Programmes to be developed pursuant to Article 192(3) TFEU.

Or. en

Amendment 70
Luke Ming Flanagan

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 3

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(3) Pursuing the achievement of the Union's objectives and targets set by environmental, climate and related clean energy legislation, policy, plans and international commitments, the Programme should contribute to the shift towards a clean, circular, energy-efficient, low-carbon and climate-resilient economy, to the protection and improvement of the

(3) Pursuing the achievement of the Union's objectives and targets set by environmental, climate and related clean energy legislation, policy, plans and international commitments, the Programme should contribute to the shift towards a clean, circular, energy-efficient, low-carbon and climate-resilient economy, to the protection and improvement of the

quality of the environment and to halting and reversing biodiversity loss, either through direct interventions or by supporting the integration of those objectives in other policies.

quality of the environment and to halting and reversing biodiversity loss, either through direct interventions or by supporting the integration of those objectives in other policies. *A problem yet to be acknowledged by the Commission, however, never mind being addressed, is the very real negative environmental effect that major trade deals such as TTIP, CETA, Mercosur etc. that it is currently negotiating/completing will have, the increased global transport of goods those deals will inevitably bring. At the very least those potential impacts must be independently studied and quantified, then balanced against the expected benefits of those trade deals.*

Or. en

Amendment 71

Benedek Jávor

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 3

Text proposed by the Commission

(3) Pursuing the achievement of the Union's objectives and targets set by environmental, climate and related clean energy legislation, policy, plans and international commitments, the Programme should contribute to the shift towards a **clean**, circular, energy-efficient, **low-carbon** and climate-resilient economy, to the protection and improvement of the **quality of the** environment and to halting and reversing biodiversity loss, either through direct interventions or by supporting the integration of those objectives in other policies.

Amendment

(3) Pursuing the achievement of the Union's objectives and targets set by environmental, climate and related clean energy legislation, policy, plans and international commitments, the Programme should contribute to the shift towards a **sustainable**, circular, **resource- and** energy-efficient, **net zero-emission** and climate-resilient economy, to the protection and improvement of the environment, **and of people's health and well-being**, and to halting and reversing biodiversity loss, **including through the support of the Natura 2000 network and tackling the degradation of ecosystems and their services** either through direct interventions or by supporting the integration of those

objectives in other policies.

Or. en

Amendment 72

Michel Dantin, Nicola Caputo, Maurice Ponga, Pilar Ayuso, Françoise Grossetête, Renaud Muselier, Ricardo Serrão Santos, Annie Schreijer-Pierik, Dubravka Šuica, Angélique Delahaye

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 3

Text proposed by the Commission

(3) Pursuing the achievement of the Union's objectives and targets set by environmental, climate and related clean energy legislation, policy, plans and international commitments, the Programme should contribute to the shift towards a clean, circular, energy-efficient, low-carbon and climate-resilient economy, to the protection and improvement of the quality of the environment and to halting and reversing biodiversity loss, either through direct interventions or by supporting the integration of those objectives in other policies.

Amendment

(3) Pursuing the achievement of the Union's objectives and targets set by environmental, climate and related clean energy legislation, policy, plans and international commitments, the Programme should contribute to the shift towards a clean, circular, energy-efficient, low-carbon and climate-resilient economy, to the protection and improvement of the quality of the environment and to halting and reversing biodiversity loss ***while ensuring that fauna and flora are appropriately managed in the Union,*** either through direct interventions or by supporting the integration of those objectives in other policies.

Or. fr

Amendment 73

Mireille D'Ornano

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 3

Text proposed by the Commission

(3) Pursuing the achievement of the Union's objectives and targets set by environmental, climate and related clean

Amendment

(3) Pursuing the achievement of the Union's objectives and targets set by environmental, climate and related clean

energy legislation, policy, plans and international commitments, the Programme **should** contribute to the shift towards a clean, circular, energy-efficient, low-carbon and climate-resilient economy, to the protection and improvement of the quality of the environment and to halting and reversing biodiversity loss, either through direct interventions or by supporting the integration of those objectives in other policies.

energy legislation, policy, plans and international commitments, the Programme **aims to** contribute to the shift towards a clean, circular, energy-efficient, low-carbon and climate-resilient economy, to the protection and improvement of the quality of the environment and to halting and reversing biodiversity loss, either through direct interventions or by supporting the integration of those objectives in other policies.

Or. fr

Amendment 74
Younous Omarjee

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 3

Text proposed by the Commission

(3) Pursuing the achievement of the Union's objectives and targets set by environmental, climate and related clean energy legislation, policy, plans and international commitments, the Programme should contribute to the shift towards a clean, circular, energy-efficient, low-carbon and climate-resilient economy, to the protection and improvement of **the quality of** the environment and to halting and reversing biodiversity loss, either through direct interventions or by supporting the integration of those objectives in other policies.

Amendment

(3) Pursuing the achievement of the Union's objectives and targets set by environmental, climate and related clean energy legislation, policy, plans and international commitments, the Programme should contribute to the shift towards a clean, circular, energy-efficient, low-carbon and climate-resilient economy, to the protection and improvement of the environment **and health** and to halting and reversing biodiversity loss, either through direct interventions or by supporting the integration of those objectives in other policies.

Or. fr

Amendment 75
Younous Omarjee

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 3 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(3a) Given its characteristics and size, the LIFE Programme cannot solve all environmental and climate problems. Its aim should be, instead, to focus on the most urgent problems, and to act as a catalyst for the drafting and implementation of policies, while providing and disseminating solutions and best practices for achieving the environmental and climate objectives, and promoting innovative technologies relating to the environment and climate change. To that end, the LIFE Programme should support the implementation of the Union's general action programme for the environment.

Or. fr

Amendment 76

Michel Dantin, Pilar Ayuso, Annie Schreijer-Pierik, Dubravka Šuica, Angélique Delahaye

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 3 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(3a) Since 1992, LIFE programmes have played an essential role for better solidarity and responsibility sharing in preserving the common good of the Union's environment and climate. Environmental assets are unevenly distributed across the Union, but their benefits concern, and are felt by, the Union as a whole. The Union's obligation to preserve those assets calls for the consistent application of the principles of solidarity and responsibility sharing.

Or. en

Amendment 77
Younous Omarjee

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 3 b (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(3b) The success of integrated projects is dependent on close cooperation between national, regional and local authorities and the non-state actors associated with the LIFE Programme's objectives. The principles of transparency and disclosure of decisions concerning the development, implementation, assessment and monitoring of projects should therefore be adhered to.

Or. fr

Amendment 78
Younous Omarjee

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 3 c (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(3c) The Union is a party to the United Nations Economic Commission for Europe (UNECE) Convention on Access to Information, Public Participation and Access to Justice in Environmental Matters (the 'Aarhus Convention'). The work of non-governmental organisations (NGOs) and networks of non-profit-making entities which pursue an aim of general Union interest should therefore be supported, since they are effective in supporting the aims of the Aarhus Convention by advocating the concerns and views of Union citizens as part of the policy development process as well as in

supporting its implementation, and in raising awareness of environmental and climate-related problems and policy responses. It is appropriate for the LIFE Programme to support a broad range of NGOs as well as networks of non-profit-making entities which pursue an aim of general Union interest, primarily active in the field of environment or climate action, through the competitive and transparent award of operating grants, in order to help them make effective contributions to Union policy, and to promote and strengthen implementation and enforcement of Union environmental and climate objectives, as well as strengthen their capacity to become more efficient partners.

Or. fr

Amendment 79

Benedek Jávor

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 4

Text proposed by the Commission

(4) The Union is committed to developing a comprehensive response to the sustainable development goals of the United Nations 2030 Agenda for the Sustainable Development, which highlight the intrinsic connection between the management of natural resources to ensure their long-term availability, ecosystem services, their link to human health and sustainable and socially inclusive economic **growth**. In this spirit, the Programme should make a material contribution to both economic development and social cohesion.

Amendment

(4) The Union is committed to developing a comprehensive response to the sustainable development goals of the United Nations 2030 Agenda for the Sustainable Development, which highlight the intrinsic connection between the management of natural resources to ensure their long-term availability, ecosystem services, their link to human health and sustainable and socially inclusive economic **development**. In this spirit, the Programme should **allow for a high level of solidarity and responsibility** and make a material contribution to both economic development and social cohesion.

Amendment 80

Benedek Jávor

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 4 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(4a) In view of promoting sustainable development, environmental and climate protection requirements should be integrated into the definition and implementation of all Union's policies and activities. Synergies and complementary with other Union funding programmes should therefore be promoted, including by facilitating the funding of activities that complement strategic integrated projects and strategic nature projects and support the uptake and replication of solutions developed under the Programme. Coordination is required to prevent double funding. The Commission and Member States should take steps to prevent overlap and additional administrative burden on project beneficiaries arising from reporting obligations from different financial instruments.

Amendment 81

Benedek Jávor

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 5

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(5) The Programme should contribute

(5) The Programme should contribute

to sustainable development and to the achievement of the objectives and targets of the Union environment, climate and relevant clean energy legislation, strategies, plans *and international commitments*, in particular the United Nations 2030 Agenda for the Sustainable Development⁸, the Convention on Biological Diversity⁹ *and* the Paris Agreement adopted under the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change¹⁰ ("Paris Agreement on Climate Change").

⁸ Agenda 2030, Resolution adopted by UN GA on 25/09/2015.

⁹ 93/626/EEC: Council Decision of 25 October 1993 concerning the conclusion of the Convention on Biological Diversity, (OJ L 309, 13.12.1993, p. 1).

¹⁰ OJ L 282, 19.10.2016, p. 4.

to sustainable development and to the achievement of *the international commitments, linked to* the objectives and targets of the Union environment, climate and relevant clean energy legislation, strategies, plans, in particular the United Nations 2030 Agenda for the Sustainable Development⁸ *and its sustainable development goals*, the Convention on Biological Diversity⁹, the Paris Agreement adopted under the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change¹⁰ ("Paris Agreement on Climate Change"), *the UNECE Convention on Access to Information, Public Participation and Access to Justice in Environmental Matters (the "Aarhus Convention")*, *the Convention on long-range transboundary air pollution, and the UN Basel, Rotterdam and Stockholm Conventions*.

⁸ Agenda 2030, Resolution adopted by UN GA on 25/09/2015.

⁹ 93/626/EEC: Council Decision of 25 October 1993 concerning the conclusion of the Convention on Biological Diversity, (OJ L 309, 13.12.1993, p. 1).

¹⁰ OJ L 282, 19.10.2016, p. 4.

Or. en

Amendment 82

Luke Ming Flanagan

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 5

Text proposed by the Commission

(5) The Programme should contribute to sustainable development and to the achievement of the objectives and targets of the Union environment, climate and

Amendment

(5) The Programme should contribute to sustainable development and to the achievement of the objectives and targets of the Union environment, climate and

relevant clean energy legislation, strategies, plans and international commitments, in particular the United Nations 2030 Agenda for the Sustainable Development⁸, the Convention on Biological Diversity⁹ and the Paris Agreement adopted under the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change¹⁰ ("Paris Agreement on Climate Change").

¹⁰ OJ L 282, 19.10.2016, p. 4.

⁸ Agenda 2030, Resolution adopted by UN GA on 25/09/2015.

⁹ 93/626/EEC: Council Decision of 25 October 1993 concerning the conclusion of the Convention on Biological Diversity, (OJ L 309, 13.12.1993, p. 1).

relevant clean energy legislation, strategies, plans and international commitments, in particular the United Nations 2030 Agenda for the Sustainable Development⁸, the Convention on Biological Diversity⁹ and the Paris Agreement adopted under the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change¹⁰ ("Paris Agreement on Climate Change"). ***To this end, comprehensive independent studies must be commissioned into the environmental impact of 'fracking', with a view to assessing whether the negative effects make this a viable option under the Paris Agreement.***

¹⁰ OJ L 282, 19.10.2016, p. 4.

⁸ Agenda 2030, Resolution adopted by UN GA on 25/09/2015.

⁹ 93/626/EEC: Council Decision of 25 October 1993 concerning the conclusion of the Convention on Biological Diversity, (OJ L 309, 13.12.1993, p. 1).

Or. en

Amendment 83 **Younous Omarjee**

Proposal for a regulation **Recital 5**

Text proposed by the Commission

(5) The Programme should contribute to sustainable development and to the achievement of the objectives and targets of the Union environment, climate and relevant clean energy legislation, strategies, plans and international commitments, in particular the United Nations 2030 Agenda for the Sustainable Development⁸, the Convention on

Amendment

(5) The Programme should contribute to sustainable development and to the achievement of the objectives and targets of the Union environment, climate and relevant clean energy legislation, strategies, plans and international commitments, in particular the United Nations 2030 Agenda for the Sustainable Development⁸, the Convention on

Biological Diversity⁹ *and* the Paris Agreement adopted under the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change¹⁰ ("Paris Agreement on Climate Change").

¹⁰ OJ L 282, 19.10.2016, p. 4.

⁸ Agenda 2030, Resolution adopted by UN GA on 25/09/2015.

⁹ 93/626/EEC: Council Decision of 25 October 1993 concerning the conclusion of the Convention on Biological Diversity, (OJ L 309, 13.12.1993, p. 1).

Biological Diversity⁹, the Paris Agreement adopted under the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change¹⁰ ("Paris Agreement on Climate Change"), *the United Nations Basel, Rotterdam and Stockholm Conventions, the REACH and Seveso III Directives and the Convention on Long-range Transboundary Air Pollution.*

¹⁰ OJ L 282, 19.10.2016, p. 4.

⁸ Agenda 2030, Resolution adopted by UN GA on 25/09/2015.

⁹ 93/626/EEC: Council Decision of 25 October 1993 concerning the conclusion of the Convention on Biological Diversity, (OJ L 309, 13.12.1993, p. 1).

Or. fr

Amendment 84

Benedek Jávor

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 6

Text proposed by the Commission

(6) For achieving the overarching objectives, the implementation of the Circular economy package¹¹, the 2030 Climate and Energy Policy Framework^{12, 13, 14}, Union nature legislation¹⁵, as well as of related policies^{16, 17, 18, 19, 20}, is of particular importance.

Amendment

(6) For achieving the overarching objectives, the *full* implementation of *the ongoing and future Environmental Action Programme^{10a}, encompassing all themes of the priority areas*, the Circular economy package¹¹, the 2030 Climate and Energy Policy Framework^{12, 13, 14}, *the EU Biodiversity Strategy^{14a}, The Birds^{14b} and Habitats Directives^{14c} and the related Action Plan for nature¹⁵*, and any related Union nature legislation, as well as of related policies^{16, 17, 18, 19, 20}, is of particular importance.

¹¹ COM(2015) 614 final, 02.12.2015.

¹² 2030 Climate and Energy Policy Framework, COM(2014)15, 22.01.2014.

¹³ EU Strategy on adaptation to climate change, COM(2013)216, 16.04.2013.

¹⁴ Clean Energy for all Europeans package, COM(2016) 860, 30.11.2016.

¹⁵ Action Plan for nature, people and the economy, COM(2017)198, 27.04.2017.

¹⁶ Clean Air Programme for Europe, COM(2013)918.

¹⁷ Directive 2000/60/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 October 2000 establishing a framework for Community action in the field of water policy (OJ L 327, 22.12.2000, p. 1).

¹⁸ Thematic Strategy for Soil Protection, COM(2006)231.

¹⁹ Low Emission Mobility Strategy, COM/2016/0501 final.

²⁰ Action Plan on Alternative Fuels Infrastructure under Article 10(6) of Directive 2014/94/EU, 8.11.2017.

^{10a} Decision No 1386/2013/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 November 2013 on a General Union Environment Action Programme to 2020 ‘Living well, within the limits of our planet’ (OJ L 354, 28.12.2013, p. 171).

¹¹ COM(2015) 614 final, 02.12.2015.

¹² 2030 Climate and Energy Policy Framework, COM(2014)15, 22.01.2014.

¹³ EU Strategy on adaptation to climate change, COM(2013)216, 16.04.2013.

¹⁴ Clean Energy for all Europeans package, COM(2016) 860, 30.11.2016.

^{14a} Our life insurance, our natural capital: an EU biodiversity strategy to 2020, COM/2011/0244 final

^{14b} Directive 2009/147/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 30 November 2009 on the conservation of wild birds

^{14c} Council Directive 92/43/EEC of 21 May 1992 on the conservation of natural habitats and of wild fauna and flora

¹⁵ Action Plan for nature, people and the economy, COM(2017)198, 27.04.2017.

¹⁶ Clean Air Programme for Europe, COM(2013)918.

¹⁷ Directive 2000/60/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 October 2000 establishing a framework for Community action in the field of water policy (OJ L 327, 22.12.2000, p. 1).

¹⁸ Thematic Strategy for Soil Protection, COM(2006)231.

¹⁹ Low Emission Mobility Strategy, COM/2016/0501 final.

²⁰ Action Plan on Alternative Fuels Infrastructure under Article 10(6) of Directive 2014/94/EU, 8.11.2017.

Or. en

Amendment 85

Michel Dantin, Nicola Caputo, Maurice Ponga, Annie Schreijer-Pierik, Dubravka Šuica, Angélique Delahaye

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 6

Text proposed by the Commission

(6) For achieving the overarching objectives, the implementation of the Circular economy package¹¹, the 2030 Climate and Energy Policy Framework^{12,13,14}, Union nature legislation¹⁵, as well as of related policies^{16,17,18,19,20}, is of particular importance.

¹¹ COM(2015) 614 final, 02.12.2015.

¹² 2030 Climate and Energy Policy Framework, COM(2014)15, 22.01.2014.

¹³ EU Strategy on adaptation to climate change, COM(2013)216, 16.04.2013.

¹⁴ Clean Energy for all Europeans package, COM(2016) 860, 30.11.2016.

¹⁵ Action Plan for nature, people and the economy, COM(2017)198, 27.04.2017.

¹⁶ Clean Air Programme for Europe, COM(2013)918.

¹⁷ Directive 2000/60/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 October 2000 establishing a framework for Community action in the field of water policy (OJ L 327, 22.12.2000, p. 1).

¹⁸ Thematic Strategy for Soil Protection, COM(2006)231.

¹⁹ Low Emission Mobility Strategy, COM(2016) 501;

²⁰ Action Plan on Alternative Fuels Infrastructure under Article 10(6) of Directive 2014/94/EU, 8.11.2017.

Amendment

(6) For achieving the overarching objectives, the implementation of the Circular economy package¹¹, the 2030 Climate and Energy Policy Framework^{12,13,14}, Union nature legislation¹⁵, as well as of related policies^{16,17,18,19,20,20a}, is of particular importance.

¹¹ COM(2015) 614 final, 02.12.2015.

¹² 2030 Climate and Energy Policy Framework, COM(2014)15, 22.01.2014.

¹³ EU Strategy on adaptation to climate change, COM(2013)216, 16.04.2013.

¹⁴ Clean Energy for all Europeans package, COM(2016) 860, 30.11.2016.

¹⁵ Action Plan for nature, people and the economy, COM(2017)198, 27.04.2017.

¹⁶ Clean Air Programme for Europe, COM(2013)918.

¹⁷ Directive 2000/60/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 October 2000 establishing a framework for Community action in the field of water policy (OJ L 327, 22.12.2000, p. 1).

¹⁸ Thematic Strategy for Soil Protection, COM(2006)231.

¹⁹ Low Emission Mobility Strategy, COM(2016) 501;

²⁰ Action Plan on Alternative Fuels Infrastructure under Article 10(6) of Directive 2014/94/EU, 8.11.2017.

Amendment 86
Younous Omarjee

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 6

Text proposed by the Commission

(6) For achieving the overarching objectives, the implementation of the Circular economy package¹¹, the 2030 Climate and Energy Policy Framework^{12,13,14}, Union nature legislation¹⁵, as well as of related policies^{16,17,18,19,20}, is of particular importance.

¹¹ COM(2015) 614 final, 02.12.2015.

¹² 2030 Climate and Energy Policy Framework, COM(2014)15, 22.01.2014.

¹³ EU Strategy on adaptation to climate change, COM(2013)216, 16.04.2013.

¹⁴ Clean Energy for all Europeans package, COM(2016) 860, 30.11.2016.

¹⁵ Action Plan for nature, people and the economy, COM(2017)198, 27.04.2017.

¹⁶ Clean Air Programme for Europe, COM(2013)918.

¹⁷ Directive 2000/60/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 October 2000 establishing a framework for Community action in the field of water policy (OJ L 327, 22.12.2000, p. 1).

¹⁸ Thematic Strategy for Soil Protection, COM(2006)231.

¹⁹ Low Emission Mobility Strategy,

Amendment

(6) For achieving the overarching objectives, the implementation of the Circular economy package¹¹, the 2030 Climate and Energy Policy Framework^{12,13,14}, Union nature legislation¹⁵, as well as of related policies^{16,17,18,19,20}, **and of the REACH, pesticides and biocides regulations**, is of particular importance.

¹¹ COM(2015) 614 final, 02.12.2015.

¹² 2030 Climate and Energy Policy Framework, COM(2014)15, 22.01.2014.

¹³ EU Strategy on adaptation to climate change, COM(2013)216, 16.04.2013.

¹⁴ Clean Energy for all Europeans package, COM(2016) 860, 30.11.2016.

¹⁵ Action Plan for nature, people and the economy, COM(2017)198, 27.04.2017.

¹⁶ Clean Air Programme for Europe, COM(2013)918.

¹⁷ Directive 2000/60/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 October 2000 establishing a framework for Community action in the field of water policy (OJ L 327, 22.12.2000, p. 1).

¹⁸ Thematic Strategy for Soil Protection, COM(2006)231.

¹⁹ Low Emission Mobility Strategy,

COM(2016) 501;

²⁰ Action Plan on Alternative Fuels Infrastructure under Article 10(6) of Directive 2014/94/EU, 8.11.2017.

COM(2016) 501;

²⁰ Action Plan on Alternative Fuels Infrastructure under Article 10(6) of Directive 2014/94/EU, 8.11.2017.

Or. fr

Amendment 87

Benedek Jávor

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 6 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(6a) The European Union attaches great importance to the long-term sustainability of the results of LIFE projects, thus the capacity to secure and maintain them after the project implementation, inter alia by continuation, replication and/or transfer. This implies special requirements for the applicants as well as the need for EU-level guarantees to ensure that other EU funded projects are not undermining the results of any implemented LIFE projects.

Or. en

Amendment 88

Benedek Jávor

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 7

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(7) Complying with the Union's commitments under the Paris Agreement on Climate Change requires the transformation of the Union into an energy

(7) Complying with the Union's commitments under the Paris Agreement on Climate Change **and enhancing the Union's efforts to achieve the**

efficient, **low carbon** and climate resilient society. This in turn requires actions, with a special focus on sectors that contribute most to the current levels of CO₂ output and pollution, contributing to the implementation of the 2030 energy and climate policy framework and the Member States' Integrated National Energy and Climate Plans and preparations for the Union's mid-century and long-term **climate and energy** strategy. The Programme should also include measures contributing to the implementation of the Union's climate adaptation policy to decrease vulnerability to the adverse effects of climate change.

SDGs requires the transformation of the Union into an energy- **and resource** efficient, **net zero-emission** and climate resilient society. This in turn requires actions, with a special focus on sectors that contribute most to the current levels of CO₂ output and pollution, contributing to the implementation of the 2030 energy and climate policy framework and the Member States' Integrated National Energy and Climate Plans and preparations for **and implementation of** the Union's mid-century and long-term **decarbonisation** strategy. **Many of those measures will bring significant benefits to the health and well-being of EU citizen.** The Programme should also include measures contributing to the implementation of the Union's climate adaptation policy to decrease vulnerability to the adverse effects of climate change.

Or. en

Amendment 89 **Younous Omarjee**

Proposal for a regulation **Recital 7**

Text proposed by the Commission

(7) Complying with the Union's commitments under the Paris Agreement on Climate Change requires the transformation of the Union into an energy efficient, low carbon and climate resilient society. This in turn requires actions, with a special focus on sectors that contribute most to the current levels of CO₂ output and pollution, contributing to the implementation of the 2030 energy and climate policy framework and the Member States' Integrated National Energy and Climate Plans and preparations for the Union's mid-century and long-term climate

Amendment

(7) Complying with the Union's commitments under the Paris Agreement on Climate Change requires the transformation of the Union into an energy efficient, low carbon and climate resilient society. This in turn requires actions, with a special focus on sectors that contribute most to the current levels of CO₂ output and pollution **as well as actions designed to reduce and eliminate the extraction, use and subsidising of fossil fuels,** contributing to the implementation of the 2030 energy and climate policy framework and the Member States' Integrated National

and energy strategy. The Programme should also include measures contributing to the implementation of the Union's climate adaptation policy to decrease vulnerability to the adverse effects of climate change.

Energy and Climate Plans and preparations for the Union's mid-century and long-term climate and energy strategy. The Programme should also include measures contributing to the implementation of the Union's climate adaptation *and mitigation* policy to decrease vulnerability to the adverse effects of climate change.

Or. fr

Amendment 90
Mireille D'Ornano

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 7

Text proposed by the Commission

(7) Complying with the Union's commitments under the Paris Agreement on Climate Change requires the transformation of the Union into an energy efficient, low carbon and climate resilient society. This in turn requires actions, with a special focus on sectors that contribute most to the current levels of CO₂ output and pollution, contributing to the implementation of the 2030 energy and climate policy framework and the Member States' Integrated National Energy and Climate Plans and preparations for the Union's mid-century and long-term climate and energy strategy. The Programme should also include measures contributing to the implementation of the Union's climate adaptation policy to decrease vulnerability to the adverse effects of climate change.

Amendment

(7) Complying with the Union's commitments under the Paris Agreement on Climate Change requires the transformation of the Union into an energy efficient, low carbon and climate resilient society. This *is far from being achieved, as confirmed, for example, by the rise in carbon emissions across the European Union as a whole in 2016 and 2017*. It in turn requires actions, with a special focus on sectors that contribute most to the current levels of CO₂ output and pollution, contributing to the implementation of the 2030 energy and climate policy framework and the Member States' Integrated National Energy and Climate Plans and preparations for the Union's mid-century and long-term climate and energy strategy. The Programme should also include measures contributing to the implementation of the Union's climate adaptation policy to decrease vulnerability to the adverse effects of climate change.

Or. fr

Amendment 91

Nicola Caputo, Soledad Cabezón Ruiz, Susanne Melior, Simona Bonafè, Monika Beňová, Jo Leinen

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 7

Text proposed by the Commission

(7) Complying with the Union's commitments under the Paris Agreement on Climate Change requires the transformation of the Union into **an energy** efficient, low carbon and climate resilient society. This in turn requires actions, with a special focus on sectors that contribute most to the current levels of **CO₂** output and pollution, contributing to the implementation of the 2030 **energy and climate policy framework** and the Member States' Integrated National Energy and Climate Plans and preparations for the Union's mid-century and long-term climate and energy strategy. The Programme should also include measures contributing to the implementation of the Union's climate adaptation policy to decrease vulnerability to the adverse effects of climate change.

Amendment

(7) Complying with the Union's commitments under the Paris Agreement on Climate Change requires the transformation of the Union into **a circular-energy efficient, renewable energy based**, low carbon and climate resilient society. This in turn requires actions, with a special focus on sectors that contribute most to the current levels of **greenhouse gas** output and pollution, contributing to the implementation of the 2030 **European Union objectives agreed in the Climate and Energy legislation** and the Member States' Integrated National Energy and Climate Plans and preparations for the Union's mid-century and long-term climate and energy strategy. The Programme should also include measures contributing to the implementation of the Union's climate adaptation policy to decrease vulnerability to the adverse effects of climate change.

Or. en

Amendment 92

Benedek Jávor

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 8

Text proposed by the Commission

(8) The transition to **clean** energy is an essential contribution to the mitigation of climate change with co-benefits for the

Amendment

(8) The transition to **highly energy-efficient and fully renewables-based energy system** is an essential contribution

environment. Actions for capacity building supporting the *clean energy* transition, funded until 2020 under Horizon 2020, should be integrated in the Programme since their objective is not to fund excellence and generate innovation, but to facilitate the uptake of already available technology that will contribute to climate mitigation. The inclusion of these capacity building activities into the Programme offers potential for synergies between the sub-programmes and increases the overall coherence of Union funding. Therefore, data should be collected and disseminated on the uptake of existing research and innovation solutions in the LIFE projects, including from the Horizon Europe programme and its predecessors.

to the mitigation of climate change with co-benefits for the environment. Actions for capacity building supporting the transition *towards a highly energy-efficient and renewables-based energy system*, funded until 2020 under Horizon 2020, should be integrated in the Programme since their objective is not to fund excellence and generate innovation, but to facilitate the uptake of already available technology *with decreasing costs especially for energy efficiency improvements* that will contribute to climate mitigation. The inclusion of these capacity building activities into the Programme offers potential for synergies between the sub-programmes and increases the overall coherence of Union funding. Therefore, data should be collected and disseminated on the uptake of existing research and innovation solutions in the LIFE projects, including from the Horizon Europe programme and its predecessors.

Or. en

Amendment 93

Michel Dantin, Pilar Ayuso, Annie Schreijer-Pierik, Dubravka Šuica, Angélique Delahaye

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 8

Text proposed by the Commission

(8) The transition to clean energy is an essential contribution to the mitigation of climate change with co-benefits for the environment. Actions for capacity building supporting the clean energy transition, funded until 2020 under Horizon 2020, should be integrated in the Programme since their objective is not to fund excellence and generate innovation, but to facilitate the uptake of already available technology that will contribute to climate

Amendment

(8) The transition to clean energy is an essential contribution to the mitigation of climate change with co-benefits for the environment. Actions for capacity building supporting the clean energy transition, funded until 2020 under Horizon 2020, should be integrated in the Programme since their objective is not to fund excellence and generate innovation, but to facilitate the uptake of already available technology that will contribute to climate

mitigation. The inclusion of these capacity building activities into the Programme offers potential for synergies between the sub-programmes and increases the overall coherence of Union funding. Therefore, data should be collected and disseminated on the uptake of existing research and innovation solutions in the LIFE projects, including from the Horizon Europe programme and its predecessors.

mitigation. The ***Programme should involve all sectors involved in a clean energy transition, such as electricity producers, buildings, industry, transport and agriculture.*** The inclusion of these capacity building activities into the Programme offers potential for synergies between the sub-programmes and increases the overall coherence of Union funding. Therefore, data should be collected and disseminated on the uptake of existing research and innovation solutions in the LIFE projects, including from the Horizon Europe programme and its predecessors.

Or. en

Amendment 94
Luke Ming Flanagan

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 8

Text proposed by the Commission

(8) The transition to clean energy is an essential contribution to the mitigation of climate change with co-benefits for the environment. Actions for capacity building supporting the clean energy transition, funded until 2020 under Horizon 2020, should be integrated in the Programme since their objective is not to fund excellence and generate innovation, but to facilitate the uptake of already available technology that will contribute to climate mitigation. The inclusion of these capacity building activities into the Programme offers potential for synergies between the sub-programmes and increases the overall coherence of Union funding. Therefore, data should be collected and disseminated on the uptake of existing research and innovation solutions in the LIFE projects, including from the Horizon Europe programme and its predecessors.

Amendment

(8) The transition to clean energy, ***including through domestic production and use***, is an essential contribution to the mitigation of climate change with co-benefits for the environment. Actions for capacity building supporting the clean energy transition, funded until 2020 under Horizon 2020 ***and including the above-mentioned domestic energy production via solar/wind etc.***, should be integrated in the Programme since their objective is not to fund excellence and generate innovation, but to facilitate the uptake of already available technology that will contribute to climate mitigation. The inclusion of these capacity building activities into the Programme offers potential for synergies between the sub-programmes and increases the overall coherence of Union funding. Therefore, data should be collected and disseminated on the uptake of existing

research and innovation solutions in the LIFE projects, including from the Horizon Europe programme and its predecessors.

Or. en

Amendment 95

Benedek Jávor

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 9

Text proposed by the Commission

(9) The impact assessments of the Clean Energy legislation estimate that the delivery of the Union's 2030 energy targets will require additional investments of EUR 177 billion annually in the period 2021-2030. The biggest gaps relate to the investments in buildings decarbonisation (energy efficiency and small-scale renewable energy sources), where capital needs to be channelled towards projects of highly distributed nature. One of the objectives of the *Clean Energy Transition* sub-programme is to build capacity for projects development and aggregation, thereby also helping to absorb funds from the European Structural and Investment Funds and catalyse investments in *clean* energy also using the financial instruments provided under InvestEU.

Amendment

(9) The impact assessments of the Clean Energy legislation estimate that the delivery of the Union's 2030 energy targets will require additional investments of EUR 177 billion annually in the period 2021-2030. The biggest gaps relate to the investments in buildings decarbonisation (energy efficiency and small-scale renewable energy sources), where capital needs to be channelled towards projects of highly distributed nature. One of the objectives of the *Renewable Energy, Energy Efficiency and Sustainable Energy Communities* sub-programme is to build capacity for projects development and aggregation, thereby also helping to absorb funds from the European Structural and Investment Funds and catalyse investments in *renewable energy and energy efficiency* also using the financial instruments provided under InvestEU.

Or. en

Amendment 96

Luke Ming Flanagan

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 9

Text proposed by the Commission

(9) The impact assessments of the Clean Energy legislation estimate that the delivery of the Union's 2030 energy targets will require additional investments of EUR 177 billion annually in the period 2021-2030. The biggest gaps relate to the investments in **buildings** decarbonisation (energy efficiency and small-scale renewable energy sources), where capital needs to be channelled towards projects of highly distributed nature. One of the objectives of the Clean Energy Transition sub-programme is to build capacity for projects development and aggregation, thereby also helping to absorb funds from the European Structural and Investment Funds and catalyse investments in clean energy also using the financial instruments provided under InvestEU.

Amendment

(9) The impact assessments of the Clean Energy legislation estimate that the delivery of the Union's 2030 energy targets will require additional investments of EUR 177 billion annually in the period 2021-2030. The biggest gaps relate to the investments in decarbonisation **of buildings** (energy efficiency and small-scale renewable energy sources), where capital needs to be channelled towards projects of **a** highly distributed nature. One of the objectives of the Clean Energy Transition sub-programme is to build capacity for projects development and aggregation, thereby also helping to absorb funds from the European Structural and Investment Funds and catalyse investments in clean energy also using the financial instruments provided under InvestEU.

Or. en

Amendment 97

Benedek Jávor

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 9 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(9a) The LIFE programme has a high potential of supporting projects piloting or demonstrating eco-innovations and nature-based solutions that bring nature and natural features, processes to urban areas, landscapes and seascapes while generating social and economic benefits. In this regard, coherence with research and innovation programmes, including Horizon Europe and well as facilitating a high uptake of NCFs that allow for nature conservation, green infrastructure

development, sustainable land use, agriculture, forest, soil and water management solutions, are of key importance.

Or. en

Amendment 98

Benedek Jávor

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 10

Text proposed by the Commission

(10) Synergies with Horizon Europe should ensure that research and innovation needs to tackle environmental, climate and energy challenges within the EU are identified and established during Horizon Europe's strategic research and innovation planning process. LIFE should continue to act as a catalyst for implementing EU environment, climate and clean energy **policy and** legislation, including by taking up and applying research and innovation results from Horizon Europe and help deploying them on a larger scale where it can help address environmental, climate or clean energy transition issues. Horizon Europe's European Innovation Council can provide support to scale up and commercialise new breakthrough ideas that may result from the implementation of LIFE projects.

Amendment

(10) Synergies with Horizon Europe should ensure that research and innovation needs to tackle environmental, climate and energy challenges within the EU are identified and established during Horizon Europe's strategic research and innovation planning process. LIFE should continue to **act as** a catalyst for implementing EU environment, climate and clean energy legislation **and decarbonisation policy**, including by taking up and applying research and innovation results from Horizon Europe, **inter alia in the fields of integrated urban planning and transdisciplinary landscape design**, and help deploying them on a larger scale where it can help address environmental, climate, **sustainable consumption and production, food security** or clean energy transition issues. Horizon Europe's European Innovation Council can provide support to scale up and commercialise new breakthrough ideas that may result from the implementation of LIFE projects.

Or. en

Amendment 99

Benedek Jávor

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 12

Text proposed by the Commission

(12) The Union's most recent Environmental Implementation Review package²¹ indicates that significant progress is required to accelerate implementation of the Union environment acquis and enhance the integration of environmental and climate objectives into other policies. The Programme should therefore act as a catalyst to achieve the required progress through developing, testing and replicating new approaches; supporting policy development, monitoring and review; **enhancing** stakeholder involvement; mobilising investments across Union investment programmes or other financial sources and supporting actions to overcome the various obstacles to the effective implementation of **key plans required by** environment legislation.

²¹ Communication from the Commission to the European Parliament, the Council, the European Economic and Social Committee and the Committee of the Regions - The EU Environmental Implementation Review: Common challenges and how to combine efforts to deliver better results (COM/2017/063 final).

Amendment

(12) The Union's most recent Environmental Implementation Review package²¹ indicates that significant progress is required to accelerate implementation of the Union environment acquis and enhance the integration **and mainstreaming** of environmental, **biodiversity** and climate objectives into other policies. The Programme should therefore act as a catalyst to **tackle horizontal, systemic challenges as well as the root causes for implementation deficiencies as identified in the EIR and to** achieve the required progress through **capacity building**, developing, testing and replicating new approaches; supporting **compatible** policy development, monitoring and review, **good governance, awareness raising and enhanced stakeholder involvement including regional, local authorities, NGOs, research and business**; mobilising investments across Union investment programmes or other financial sources and supporting actions to overcome the various obstacles to the effective implementation of **existing** environment legislation.

²¹ Communication from the Commission to the European Parliament, the Council, the European Economic and Social Committee and the Committee of the Regions - The EU Environmental Implementation Review: Common challenges and how to combine efforts to deliver better results (COM/2017/063 final).

Or. en

Amendment 100

Nicola Caputo, Soledad Cabezón Ruiz, Susanne Melior, Simona Bonafè, Monika Beňová, Jo Leinen

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 12

Text proposed by the Commission

(12) The Union's most recent Environmental Implementation Review package²¹ indicates that significant progress is required to accelerate implementation of the Union environment acquis and enhance the integration of environmental and climate objectives into other policies. The Programme should therefore act as a catalyst to achieve the required progress through developing, testing and replicating new approaches; supporting policy development, monitoring and review; enhancing stakeholder involvement; mobilising investments across Union investment programmes or other financial sources and supporting actions to overcome the various obstacles to the effective implementation of key plans required by environment legislation.

²¹ Communication from the Commission to the European Parliament, the Council, the European Economic and Social Committee and the Committee of the Regions - The EU Environmental Implementation Review: Common challenges and how to combine efforts to deliver better results (COM/2017/063 final).

Amendment

(12) The Union's most recent Environmental Implementation Review package²¹ indicates that significant progress is required to accelerate implementation of the Union environment acquis and enhance the integration of environmental and climate objectives into other policies. The Programme should therefore act as a catalyst to achieve the required progress through developing, testing and replicating new approaches; supporting policy development, monitoring and review; ***promoting greater awareness and communication; developing good governance***; enhancing stakeholder involvement; mobilising investments across Union investment programmes or other financial sources and supporting actions to overcome the various obstacles to the effective implementation of key plans required by environment legislation.

²¹ Communication from the Commission to the European Parliament, the Council, the European Economic and Social Committee and the Committee of the Regions - The EU Environmental Implementation Review: Common challenges and how to combine efforts to deliver better results (COM/2017/063 final).

Or. en

Amendment 101

Benedek Jávor

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 13

Text proposed by the Commission

(13) Halting and reversing biodiversity loss, including in marine ecosystems, requires support for the development, implementation, enforcement and assessment of relevant Union legislation and policy, including the EU Biodiversity Strategy to 2020²², Council Directive 92/43/EEC²³ and Directive 2009/147/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council²⁴ and Regulation (EU) 1143/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council²⁵, in particular by developing the knowledge base for policy development and implementation and by developing, testing, demonstrating and applying best practices and solutions on small scale or tailored to specific local, regional or national contexts, including integrated approaches for the implementation of the prioritised action frameworks prepared on the basis of Directive 92/43/EEC. The Union should track *its* biodiversity-related expenditure to fulfil *its* reporting obligations under the Convention on Biological Diversity. Requirements for tracking in other relevant Union legislation should also be met.

²² COM(2011) 244 final.

²³ Council Directive 92/43/EEC of 21 May 1992 on the conservation of natural habitats and of wild fauna and flora (OJ L

Amendment

(13) Halting and reversing biodiversity loss ***and the degradation of natural capital and ecosystem services***, including in marine ***and freshwater*** ecosystems, requires support for the development, implementation, enforcement and assessment of relevant Union legislation and policy, including the EU Biodiversity Strategy to 2020²², Council Directive 92/43/EEC²³ and Directive 2009/147/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council²⁴ and Regulation (EU) 1143/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council²⁵, in particular by developing the knowledge base for policy development and implementation and by developing, testing, demonstrating and applying best practices and solutions on small scale or tailored to specific local, regional or national contexts, including integrated approaches for the implementation of the prioritised action frameworks prepared on the basis of Directive 92/43/EEC. The Union ***and the Member States*** should ***systematically*** track ***their*** biodiversity-related expenditure ***across all financial instruments, both ex-ante and ex-post, combining top-down and bottom-up approaches, inter alia*** to fulfil ***their*** reporting obligations under the Convention on Biological Diversity. Requirements for tracking in other relevant Union legislation should also be met.

²² COM(2011) 244 final.

²³ Council Directive 92/43/EEC of 21 May 1992 on the conservation of natural habitats and of wild fauna and flora (OJ L

206, 22.7.1992, p. 7).

²⁴ Directive 2009/147/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 30 November 2009 on the conservation of wild birds (OJ L 20, 26.1.2010, p. 7).

²⁵ Regulation (EU) No 1143/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 October 2014 on the prevention and management of the introduction and spread of invasive alien species (OJ L 317, 4.11.2014, p. 35).

206, 22.7.1992, p. 7).

²⁴ Directive 2009/147/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 30 November 2009 on the conservation of wild birds (OJ L 20, 26.1.2010, p. 7).

²⁵ Regulation (EU) No 1143/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 October 2014 on the prevention and management of the introduction and spread of invasive alien species (OJ L 317, 4.11.2014, p. 35).

Or. en

Amendment 102

Michel Dantin, Herbert Dorfmann, Maurice Ponga, Françoise Grossetête, Pilar Ayuso, Renaud Muselier, Ricardo Serrão Santos, Annie Schreijer-Pierik, Dubravka Šuica, Angélique Delahaye

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 13

Text proposed by the Commission

(13) Halting and reversing biodiversity loss, including in marine ecosystems, requires support for the development, implementation, enforcement and assessment of relevant Union legislation and policy, including the EU Biodiversity Strategy to 2020²², Council Directive 92/43/EEC²³ and Directive 2009/147/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council²⁴ and Regulation (EU) 1143/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council²⁵, in particular by developing the knowledge base for policy development and implementation and by developing, testing, demonstrating and applying best practices and solutions on small scale or tailored to specific local, regional or national contexts, including integrated approaches for the implementation of the prioritised action frameworks prepared on the basis of Directive 92/43/EEC. The

Amendment

(13) Halting and reversing biodiversity loss and the degradation of ecosystems, including in marine ecosystems, ***alongside appropriate management of fauna and flora, particularly for certain species suffering from overpopulation, such as the large carnivores***, requires support for the development, implementation, enforcement and assessment of relevant Union legislation and policy, including the EU Biodiversity Strategy to 2020²², Council Directive 92/43/EEC²³ and Directive 2009/147/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council²⁴ and Regulation (EU) 1143/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council²⁵, in particular by developing the knowledge base for policy development and implementation and by developing, testing, demonstrating and applying best practices and solutions on small scale or tailored to

Union should track its biodiversity-related expenditure to fulfil its reporting obligations under the Convention on Biological Diversity. Requirements for tracking in other relevant Union legislation should also be met.

specific local, regional or national contexts, including integrated approaches for the implementation of the prioritised action frameworks prepared on the basis of Directive 92/43/EEC. The Union should track its biodiversity-related expenditure to fulfil its reporting obligations under the Convention on Biological Diversity. Requirements for tracking in other relevant Union legislation should also be met.

²² COM(2011) 244 final.

²² COM(2011) 244 final.

²³ Council Directive 92/43/EEC of 21 May 1992 on the conservation of natural habitats and of wild fauna and flora (OJ L 206, 22.7.1992, p. 7).

²³ Council Directive 92/43/EEC of 21 May 1992 on the conservation of natural habitats and of wild fauna and flora (OJ L 206, 22.7.1992, p. 7).

²⁴ Directive 2009/147/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 30 November 2009 on the conservation of wild birds (OJ L 20, 26.1.2010, p. 7).

²⁴ Directive 2009/147/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 30 November 2009 on the conservation of wild birds (OJ L 20, 26.1.2010, p. 7).

²⁵ Regulation (EU) No 1143/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 October 2014 on the prevention and management of the introduction and spread of invasive alien species (OJ L 317, 4.11.2014, p. 35).

²⁵ Regulation (EU) No 1143/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 October 2014 on the prevention and management of the introduction and spread of invasive alien species (OJ L 317, 4.11.2014, p. 35).

Or. fr

Amendment 103

Luke Ming Flanagan

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 13

Text proposed by the Commission

(13) Halting and reversing biodiversity loss, including in marine ecosystems, requires support for the development, implementation, enforcement and assessment of relevant Union legislation and policy, including the EU Biodiversity Strategy to 2020²², Council Directive

Amendment

(13) Halting and reversing biodiversity loss, including in marine ecosystems, requires support for the development, implementation, enforcement and assessment of relevant Union legislation and policy, including the EU Biodiversity Strategy to 2020²², Council Directive

92/43/EEC²³ and Directive 2009/147/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council²⁴ and Regulation (EU) 1143/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council²⁵, in particular by developing the knowledge base for policy development and implementation and by developing, testing, demonstrating and applying best practices and solutions on *small scale* or tailored to specific local, regional or national contexts, including integrated approaches for the implementation of the prioritised action frameworks prepared on the basis of Directive 92/43/EEC. The Union should track its biodiversity-related expenditure to fulfil its reporting obligations under the Convention on Biological Diversity. Requirements for tracking in other relevant Union legislation should also be met.

²² COM(2011) 244 final.

²³ Council Directive 92/43/EEC of 21 May 1992 on the conservation of natural habitats and of wild fauna and flora (OJ L 206, 22.7.1992, p. 7).

²⁴ Directive 2009/147/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 30 November 2009 on the conservation of wild birds (OJ L 20, 26.1.2010, p. 7).

²⁵ Regulation (EU) No 1143/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 October 2014 on the prevention and management of the introduction and spread of invasive alien species (OJ L 317, 4.11.2014, p. 35).

92/43/EEC²³ and Directive 2009/147/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council²⁴ and Regulation (EU) 1143/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council²⁵, in particular by developing the knowledge base for policy development and implementation and by developing, testing, demonstrating and applying best practices and solutions on *small-scale enterprises*, or tailored to specific local, regional or national contexts, including integrated approaches for the implementation of the prioritised action frameworks prepared on the basis of Directive 92/43/EEC. The Union should track its biodiversity-related expenditure to fulfil its reporting obligations under the Convention on Biological Diversity. Requirements for tracking in other relevant Union legislation should also be met.

²² COM(2011) 244 final.

²³ Council Directive 92/43/EEC of 21 May 1992 on the conservation of natural habitats and of wild fauna and flora (OJ L 206, 22.7.1992, p. 7).

²⁴ Directive 2009/147/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 30 November 2009 on the conservation of wild birds (OJ L 20, 26.1.2010, p. 7).

²⁵ Regulation (EU) No 1143/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 October 2014 on the prevention and management of the introduction and spread of invasive alien species (OJ L 317, 4.11.2014, p. 35).

Or. en

Amendment 104 **Mireille D'Ornano**

Proposal for a regulation **Recital 14**

Text proposed by the Commission

(14) Recent evaluations and assessments, including the mid-term review of the EU Biodiversity Strategy to 2020 and the Fitness Check of Nature legislation, indicate that one of the main underlying causes for insufficient implementation of Union nature legislation and of the biodiversity strategy is the lack of adequate financing. The main Union funding instruments, including the [European Regional Development Fund, the Cohesion Fund, the European Agricultural Fund for Rural Development and the European Maritime and Fisheries Fund], can make a significant contribution towards meeting those needs. The Programme can **further improve** the efficiency of such mainstreaming through strategic nature projects dedicated to catalysing the implementation of Union nature and biodiversity legislation and policy, including the actions set out in the Priority Action Frameworks developed in accordance with Directive 92/43/EEC. The strategic nature projects should support programmes of actions in Member States for the mainstreaming of relevant nature and biodiversity objectives into other policies and financing programmes, thus ensuring that appropriate funds are mobilised for implementing these policies. Member States could decide within their Strategic Plan for the Common Agricultural Policy to use a certain share of the European Agricultural Fund for Rural Development allocation to leverage support for actions that complement the Strategic Nature Projects as defined under this Regulation.

Amendment

(14) Recent evaluations and assessments, including the mid-term review of the EU Biodiversity Strategy to 2020 and the Fitness Check of Nature legislation, indicate that one of the main underlying causes for insufficient implementation of Union nature legislation and of the biodiversity strategy is the lack of adequate financing. The main Union funding instruments, including the [European Regional Development Fund, the Cohesion Fund, the European Agricultural Fund for Rural Development and the European Maritime and Fisheries Fund], can make a significant contribution towards meeting those needs. The Programme can **contribute to** the efficiency of such mainstreaming through strategic nature projects dedicated to catalysing the implementation of Union nature and biodiversity legislation and policy, including the actions set out in the Priority Action Frameworks developed in accordance with Directive 92/43/EEC. The strategic nature projects should support programmes of actions in Member States for the mainstreaming of relevant nature and biodiversity objectives into other policies and financing programmes, thus ensuring that appropriate funds are mobilised for implementing these policies. Member States could decide within their Strategic Plan for the Common Agricultural Policy to use a certain share of the European Agricultural Fund for Rural Development allocation to leverage support for actions that complement the Strategic Nature Projects as defined under this Regulation.

Or. fr

Amendment 105

Michel Dantin, Pilar Ayuso, Maurice Ponga, Annie Schreijer-Pierik, Dubravka Šuica, Angélique Delahaye

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 14

Text proposed by the Commission

(14) Recent evaluations and assessments, including the mid-term review of the EU Biodiversity Strategy to 2020 and the Fitness Check of Nature legislation, indicate that one of the main underlying causes for insufficient implementation of Union nature legislation and of the biodiversity strategy is the lack of adequate financing. The main Union funding instruments, including the [European Regional Development Fund, the Cohesion Fund, the European Agricultural Fund for Rural Development and the European Maritime and Fisheries Fund], can make a significant contribution towards meeting those needs. The Programme can further improve the efficiency of such mainstreaming through strategic nature projects dedicated to catalysing the implementation of Union nature and biodiversity legislation and policy, including the actions set out in the Priority Action Frameworks developed in accordance with Directive 92/43/EEC. The strategic nature projects should support programmes of actions in Member States for the mainstreaming of relevant nature and biodiversity objectives into other policies and financing programmes, thus ensuring that appropriate funds are mobilised for implementing these policies. Member States could decide within their Strategic Plan **for the Common Agricultural Policy** to use a certain share of the European Agricultural Fund for Rural Development allocation to leverage support for actions that complement the Strategic Nature Projects as defined under this Regulation.

Amendment

(14) Recent evaluations and assessments, including the mid-term review of the EU Biodiversity Strategy to 2020 and the Fitness Check of Nature legislation, indicate that one of the main underlying causes for insufficient implementation of Union nature legislation and of the biodiversity strategy is the lack of adequate financing. The main Union funding instruments, including the [European Regional Development Fund, the Cohesion Fund, the European Agricultural Fund for Rural Development and the European Maritime and Fisheries Fund], can make a significant contribution towards meeting those needs, **while complying with the sectoral policy objectives and eligibility criteria defined by the Union for each of the funds, and ensuring that funding is complementary.** The Programme can further improve the efficiency of such mainstreaming through strategic nature projects dedicated to catalysing the implementation of Union nature and biodiversity legislation and policy, including the actions set out in the Priority Action Frameworks developed in accordance with Directive 92/43/EEC. The strategic nature projects should support programmes of actions in Member States for the mainstreaming of relevant nature and biodiversity objectives into other policies and financing programmes, thus ensuring that appropriate funds are mobilised for implementing these policies. Member States could decide within their **CAP** Strategic Plan to use a certain share of the European Agricultural Fund for Rural Development allocation to leverage support for actions that complement the

Strategic Nature Projects as defined under this Regulation, *provided that the eligibility criteria defined in Regulation (EU).../... [Regulation on CAP Strategic Plans] and supplemented by the CAP national strategic plans are complied with.*

Or. fr

Amendment 106

Benedek Jávor

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 14

Text proposed by the Commission

(14) Recent evaluations and assessments, including the mid-term review of the EU Biodiversity Strategy to 2020 and the Fitness Check of Nature legislation, indicate that one of the main underlying causes for insufficient implementation of Union nature legislation and of the biodiversity strategy is the lack of adequate financing. The main Union funding instruments, including the [European Regional Development Fund, the Cohesion Fund, the European Agricultural Fund for Rural Development and the European Maritime and Fisheries Fund], can make a significant contribution towards meeting those needs. The Programme can further improve the efficiency of such mainstreaming through strategic nature projects dedicated to catalysing the implementation of Union nature and biodiversity legislation and policy, including the actions set out in the Priority Action Frameworks developed in accordance with Directive 92/43/EEC. The strategic nature projects should support programmes of actions in Member States for the mainstreaming of relevant nature

Amendment

(14) Recent evaluations and assessments, including the mid-term review of the EU Biodiversity Strategy to 2020 and the Fitness Check of Nature legislation, indicate that one of the main underlying causes for insufficient implementation of Union nature legislation and of the biodiversity strategy is the lack of adequate financing. The main Union funding instruments, including the [European Regional Development Fund, the Cohesion Fund, the ***Agricultural Guarantee Fund***, the European Agricultural Fund for Rural Development and the European Maritime and Fisheries Fund], can make a significant contribution towards meeting those needs, ***with the prerequisite that all these funding instruments are fitted with proper sustainability safeguards and address adequately the drivers behind environmental degradation and climate change.*** The Programme can further improve the efficiency of such mainstreaming through strategic nature projects dedicated to catalysing the implementation of Union

and biodiversity objectives into other policies and financing programmes, thus ensuring that appropriate funds are mobilised for implementing these policies. Member States could decide within their Strategic Plan for the Common Agricultural Policy to use a certain share of the European Agricultural Fund for Rural Development allocation to leverage support for actions that complement the Strategic Nature Projects as defined under this Regulation.

nature and biodiversity legislation and policy, including the actions set out in the Priority Action Frameworks developed in accordance with Directive 92/43/EEC. The strategic nature projects should support programmes of actions in Member States for the mainstreaming of relevant nature and biodiversity objectives into other policies and financing programmes, thus ensuring that appropriate funds are mobilised for implementing these policies. Member States could decide within their Strategic Plan for the Common Agricultural Policy to use a certain share of the ***Agricultural Guarantee Fund and the European Agricultural Fund for Rural Development*** allocation to leverage support for actions that complement the Strategic Nature Projects as defined under this Regulation.

Or. en

Amendment 107
Younous Omarjee

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 14 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(14a) The outermost regions of the EU account for a considerable part of the world's biodiversity (around 20% of the world's lagoons and coral reefs) and are at greater risk of the catastrophic and irreversible effects of global warming and the erosion of biodiversity than any other European regions. The outermost regions must therefore be given a specific minimum budget, in particular the French outermost regions, which were unjustly excluded by the EU from the Birds and Habitats Directives and are therefore not covered by a binding regulatory framework for the protection

of species and habitats. They do not receive Natura 2000 funds either, even though they are all global biodiversity hubs and some are classified, or are in the process of being classified, as UNESCO world heritage sites. The French outermost regions have not been fairly treated in the allocation of the various European funds for the protection and funding of biodiversity in these territories. At least 2% of funding for the LIFE programme should therefore be allocated to the outermost regions to protect their invaluable biodiversity, and at least 1% to the French outermost regions to compensate for the years of funding they have missed out on.

Or. fr

Amendment 108

Michel Dantin, Cláudia Monteiro de Aguiar, Maurice Ponga, Françoise Grossetête, Pilar Ayuso, Ricardo Serrão Santos, Dubravka Šuica, Angélique Delahaye

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 15

Text proposed by the Commission

(15) The voluntary scheme for Biodiversity and Ecosystem Services in Territories of European Overseas (BEST) promotes the conservation of biodiversity, including marine biodiversity, and sustainable use of ecosystem services, including ecosystem-based approaches to climate change adaptation and mitigation, in the Union's Outermost Regions and Overseas Countries and Territories. BEST has helped to raise awareness for the ecological importance of the Outermost Regions and Overseas Countries and Territories *for* conserving global biodiversity. In their Ministerial Declarations in 2017 and 2018, Overseas Countries and Territories have expressed

Amendment

(15) The voluntary scheme for Biodiversity and Ecosystem Services in Territories of European Overseas (BEST) promotes the conservation of biodiversity, including marine biodiversity, and sustainable use of ecosystem services, including ecosystem-based approaches to climate change adaptation and mitigation, in the Union's Outermost Regions and Overseas Countries and Territories. ***Through the BEST preparatory action adopted in 2011 and the subsequent BEST 2.0 and BEST RUP programmes,*** BEST has helped to raise awareness for the ecological importance of the Outermost Regions and Overseas Countries and Territories ***and their key role in*** conserving

their appreciation for this small grant scheme for biodiversity. It is appropriate to *allow the Programme to continue financing small grants for biodiversity* in both the Outermost Regions and the Overseas Countries and Territories.

global biodiversity. *Through its support, 90 projects have been established, enabling the European Union to give direct support to local stakeholders. 80% of European biodiversity is in European overseas countries and territories and the Commission's impact study estimates that the need for financial support for projects on the ground in these territories is EUR 8 million per year.* In their Ministerial Declarations in 2017 and 2018, Overseas Countries and Territories have expressed their appreciation for this small grant scheme for biodiversity. It is *therefore* appropriate to *include the BEST initiative within this Programme, including capacity building and the capitalisation of actions funded* in both the Outermost Regions and the Overseas Countries and Territories.

Or. fr

Amendment 109
Younous Omarjee

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 15

Text proposed by the Commission

(15) The voluntary scheme for Biodiversity and Ecosystem Services in Territories of European Overseas (BEST) promotes the conservation of biodiversity, including marine biodiversity, and sustainable use of ecosystem services, including ecosystem-based approaches to climate change adaptation and mitigation, in the Union's Outermost Regions and Overseas Countries and Territories. ***BEST has helped to raise awareness for the ecological importance of the Outermost Regions and Overseas Countries and Territories for conserving global biodiversity. In their Ministerial***

Amendment

(15) The voluntary scheme for Biodiversity and Ecosystem Services in Territories of European Overseas (BEST) promotes the conservation of biodiversity, including marine biodiversity, and sustainable use of ecosystem services, including ecosystem-based approaches to climate change adaptation and mitigation, in the Union's Outermost Regions and Overseas Countries and Territories, ***but has barely contributed to the protection of biodiversity. It is far from enough to fight biodiversity loss in these regions. It should therefore be made more permanent by integrating it into the LIFE Programme***

Declarations in 2017 and 2018, Overseas Countries and Territories have expressed their appreciation for this small grant scheme for biodiversity. It is appropriate to allow the Programme to continue financing small grants for biodiversity in both the Outermost Regions and the Overseas Countries and Territories.

and increasing its budget. It is not, however, a substitute for the other funds granted under the LIFE Programme to the Outermost Regions.

Or. fr

Amendment 110

Francesc Gambús, Pilar Ayuso, Rosa Estaràs Ferragut

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 15 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(15a) Like all the funds made available by the Union, the LIFE programme must take into account EU territories with island status, whether or not they are Union overseas territories, as well as the potential associated problems. Various studies show that climate change will have a particularly marked effect on island territories, mainly as a result of the rise in sea and ocean levels. Moreover, in addition to the challenges of rising sea levels the Mediterranean faces acidification due to absorption of the carbon present in the atmosphere, which will also affect island territories.

Or. es

Amendment 111

Francesc Gambús, Pilar Ayuso, Rosa Estaràs Ferragut

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 15 b (new)

(15b) In the summer of 2018 there were extreme weather events in the Mediterranean, with features of severe tropical storms. The damage caused was extremely serious, even resulting in the loss of human life. In addition to the possibility of extraordinary funds being made available for individual disasters, a holistic approach must be taken to these events within the context of the European Union's climate change adaptation strategy.

Or. es

Amendment 112
Mireille D'Ornano

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 16

Text proposed by the Commission

(16) Promoting the circular economy requires a mentality shift in the way of designing, producing, consuming and disposing of materials and products, including plastics. The Programme should contribute to the transition to a circular economy model through financial support targeting a variety of actors (businesses, public authorities and consumers), in particular by applying, developing, and replicating best technology, practices and solutions tailored to specific local, regional or national contexts, including through integrated approaches for the implementation of waste management and prevention plans. Through supporting the implementation of the plastics strategy, action can be taken to address the problem of marine litter in particular.

Amendment

(16) Promoting the circular economy requires a mentality shift in the way of designing, producing, consuming and disposing of materials and products, including plastics. The Programme should contribute to the transition to a circular economy model through financial support targeting a variety of actors (businesses, public authorities and consumers), in particular by applying, developing, and replicating best technology, practices and solutions tailored to specific local, regional or national contexts, including through integrated approaches for the implementation of waste management and prevention plans. Through supporting the implementation of the plastics strategy, action can be taken to ***increase the proportion of plastic waste recycled and to*** address the problem of marine litter in particular, ***which currently constitutes a***

major ecological emergency.

Or. fr

Amendment 113

Benedek Jávor

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 16

Text proposed by the Commission

(16) Promoting *the* circular economy requires a mentality shift in the way of designing, producing, consuming and disposing of materials and products, including plastics. The Programme should contribute to the transition to a circular economy model through financial support targeting a variety of actors (businesses, public authorities and consumers), in particular by applying, developing, and replicating best technology, practices and solutions tailored to specific local, regional or national contexts, including through integrated approaches for the implementation of waste management and prevention plans. Through supporting the implementation of the plastics strategy, action can be taken to address the problem of marine litter in particular.

Amendment

(16) Promoting *a resource-efficient and* circular economy requires a mentality shift in the way of designing, producing, consuming and disposing of materials and products, including plastics. The Programme should contribute to the transition to a *resource-efficient and* circular economy model through financial support targeting a variety of actors (businesses, *civil society organisations*, public authorities and consumers), in particular by applying, developing, and replicating best technology, practices and solutions tailored to specific local, regional or national contexts, including through integrated approaches for the implementation of *the waste hierarchy, sustainable* waste management and prevention plans. Through supporting the implementation of the plastics strategy, action can be taken to address the problem of marine *and freshwater* litter in particular.

Or. en

Amendment 114

Benedek Jávor

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 16 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(16a) A high level of environmental protection is fundamental for the health and well-being of EU citizens. The Programme should support the Union's objective to produce and use chemicals in ways that lead to the minimisation of significant adverse effects on human health and the environment, and to develop a Union strategy for a non-toxic environment. The Programme should also support activities to facilitate the implementation of Directive 2002/49/EC of the Parliament and of the Council (Noise Directive) in order to achieve noise levels that do not give rise to significant negative impacts on and risks to human health.

Or. en

Amendment 115

Nicola Caputo, Soledad Cabezón Ruiz, Simona Bonafè, Monika Beňová, Damiano Zoffoli

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 17

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(17) The Union's long-term objective for air policy is to achieve levels of air quality that do not cause significant negative impacts on and risks to human health. Public awareness about air pollution is high and citizens expect authorities to act. Directive (EU) 2016/2284 of the European Parliament and of the Council²⁶ stresses the role Union funding can play in achieving clean air objectives. Therefore, the Programme should support projects, including strategic integrated projects, which have the potential to leverage public

(17) The Union's long-term objective for air policy is to achieve levels of air quality that do not cause significant negative impacts on and risks to human health. Public awareness about air pollution is high and citizens expect authorities to act. Directive (EU) 2016/2284 of the European Parliament and of the Council²⁶ stresses the role Union funding can play in achieving clean air objectives. Therefore, the Programme should support projects, including strategic integrated projects, which have the potential to leverage public

and private funds, to be showcases of good practice and catalysts for the implementation of air quality plans and legislation at local, regional, multi-regional, national and trans-national level.

and private funds, to be showcases of good practice and catalysts for the implementation of air quality plans and legislation at local, regional, multi-regional, national and trans-national level.
These efforts to improve air quality should be consistent with the greenhouse gas lowering requirements and the long term need to decarbonise the European economy, gradually replacing fossil-based energy infrastructures with infrastructures based on renewable energy sources, where technically possible.

²⁶ Directive (EU) 2016/2284 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 December 2016 on the reduction of national emissions of certain atmospheric pollutants, amending Directive 2003/35/EC and repealing Directive 2001/81/EC (OJ L 344, 17.12.2016, p. 1).

²⁶ Directive (EU) 2016/2284 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 December 2016 on the reduction of national emissions of certain atmospheric pollutants, amending Directive 2003/35/EC and repealing Directive 2001/81/EC (OJ L 344, 17.12.2016, p. 1).

Or. en

Amendment 116

Mireille D'Ornano

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 17

Text proposed by the Commission

(17) The Union's long-term objective for air policy is to achieve levels of air quality that do not cause significant negative impacts on and risks to human health. Public awareness about air pollution is high and citizens expect authorities to act. Directive (EU) 2016/2284 of the European Parliament and of the Council²⁶ stresses the role Union funding can play in achieving clean air objectives. Therefore, the Programme should support projects, including strategic integrated projects,

Amendment

(17) The Union's long-term objective for air policy is to achieve levels of air quality that do not cause significant negative impacts on and risks to human health. Public awareness about air pollution is high and citizens expect authorities to act, ***whereas studies carried out in major population centres often show that no progress is being made, or even that there has been an increase in air pollution.*** Directive (EU) 2016/2284 of the European Parliament and of the Council²⁶ stresses the

which have the potential to leverage public and private funds, to be showcases of good practice and catalysts for the implementation of air quality plans and legislation at local, regional, multi-regional, national and trans-national level.

role Union funding can play in achieving clean air objectives. Therefore, the Programme should support projects, including strategic integrated projects, which have the potential to leverage public and private funds, to be showcases of good practice and catalysts for the implementation of air quality plans and legislation at local, regional, multi-regional, national and trans-national level.

²⁶ Directive (EU) 2016/2284 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 December 2016 on the reduction of national emissions of certain atmospheric pollutants, amending Directive 2003/35/EC and repealing Directive 2001/81/EC (OJ L 344, 17.12.2016, p. 1).

²⁶ Directive (EU) 2016/2284 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 December 2016 on the reduction of national emissions of certain atmospheric pollutants, amending Directive 2003/35/EC and repealing Directive 2001/81/EC (OJ L 344, 17.12.2016, p. 1).

Or. fr

Amendment 117

Younous Omarjee

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 17

Text proposed by the Commission

(17) The Union's long-term objective for air policy is to achieve levels of air quality that do not cause significant negative impacts on and risks to human health. Public awareness about air pollution is high and citizens expect authorities to act. Directive (EU) 2016/2284 of the European Parliament and of the Council²⁶ stresses the role Union funding can play in achieving clean air objectives. Therefore, the Programme should support projects, including strategic integrated projects, which have the potential to leverage public and private funds, to be showcases of good practice and catalysts for the implementation of air quality plans and

Amendment

(17) The Union's long-term objective for air policy is to achieve levels of air quality that do not cause significant negative impacts on and risks to human health. Public awareness about air pollution is high and citizens expect authorities to act. Directive (EU) 2016/2284 of the European Parliament and of the Council²⁶ stresses the role Union funding can play in achieving clean air objectives. Therefore, the Programme should support projects, including strategic integrated projects, which have the potential to leverage public and private funds, to be showcases of good practice and catalysts for the implementation of air quality plans and

legislation at local, regional, multi-regional, national and trans-national level.

legislation at local, regional, multi-regional, national and trans-national level.

The Programme should prioritise funding for actions to tackle climate change and air quality at the same time.

²⁶ Directive (EU) 2016/2284 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 December 2016 on the reduction of national emissions of certain atmospheric pollutants, amending Directive 2003/35/EC and repealing Directive 2001/81/EC (OJ L 344, 17.12.2016, p. 1).

²⁶ Directive (EU) 2016/2284 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 December 2016 on the reduction of national emissions of certain atmospheric pollutants, amending Directive 2003/35/EC and repealing Directive 2001/81/EC (OJ L 344, 17.12.2016, p. 1).

Or. fr

Amendment 118

Benedek Jávor

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 17

Text proposed by the Commission

(17) The Union's long-term objective for air policy is to achieve levels of air quality that do not cause significant negative impacts on and risks to human health. Public awareness about air pollution is high and citizens expect authorities to act. Directive (EU) 2016/2284 of the European Parliament and of the Council²⁶ stresses the role Union funding can play in achieving clean air objectives. Therefore, the Programme should support projects, including strategic integrated projects, which have the potential to leverage public and private funds, to be showcases of good practice and catalysts for the implementation of air quality plans and legislation at local, regional, multi-regional, national and trans-national level.

Amendment

(17) The Union's long-term objective for air policy is to achieve levels of air quality that do not cause significant negative impacts on and risks to human health, ***the environment and biodiversity***. Public awareness about air pollution is high and citizens expect authorities to act. Directive (EU) 2016/2284 of the European Parliament and of the Council²⁶ stresses the role Union funding can play in achieving clean air objectives. Therefore, the Programme should support projects, including strategic integrated projects, which have the potential to leverage public and private funds, to be showcases of good practice and catalysts for the implementation of air quality plans and legislation at local, regional, multi-regional, national and trans-national level.

²⁶ Directive (EU) 2016/2284 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 December 2016 on the reduction of national emissions of certain atmospheric pollutants, amending Directive 2003/35/EC and repealing Directive 2001/81/EC (OJ L 344, 17.12.2016, p. 1).

²⁶ Directive (EU) 2016/2284 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 December 2016 on the reduction of national emissions of certain atmospheric pollutants, amending Directive 2003/35/EC and repealing Directive 2001/81/EC (OJ L 344, 17.12.2016, p. 1).

Or. en

Amendment 119

Nicola Caputo, Soledad Cabezón Ruiz, Simona Bonafè, Monika Beňová

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 17 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(17a) Special attention should be given to promoting the abandonment of sources of air pollution, in particular fossil-fuel based domestic heating and power plants. To address the problem of air pollution, efforts should be focused on switching to renewable energy sources, thereby favouring a long-term perspective.

Or. en

Justification

In the EU, coal-based domestic heating is a major source of air pollution and has harmful impacts on citizens' health. When technically feasible, the switch to renewable energy sources should be encouraged, in line with the decarbonisation targets for the building sector, as provided for by the Energy Performance of Buildings Directive.

Amendment 120

Luke Ming Flanagan

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 18

Text proposed by the Commission

(18) Directive 2000/60/EC established a framework for the protection of the Union's surface waters, coastal waters, transitional waters and groundwater. The objectives of the Directive are supported by the Blueprint to Safeguard Europe's Water Resources²⁷ which calls for better implementation and increased integration of water policy objectives into other policy areas. The Programme should therefore support projects which contribute to the effective implementation of Directive 2000/60/EC and of other Union water legislation that contributes to achieving a good status of the Union's water bodies through applying, developing and replicating best practices, as well as through mobilising complementary actions under other Union programmes or financial sources.

²⁷ COM(2012) 673 final.

Amendment

(18) Directive 2000/60/EC established a framework for the protection of the Union's surface waters, coastal waters, transitional waters and groundwater. ***In this regard a comprehensive and independent study is needed to establish the impact on such waters of 'fracking' for oil.*** The objectives of the Directive are supported by the Blueprint to Safeguard Europe's Water Resources²⁷ which calls for better implementation and increased integration of water policy objectives into other policy areas. The Programme should therefore support projects which contribute to the effective implementation of Directive 2000/60/EC and of other Union water legislation that contributes to achieving a good status of the Union's water bodies through applying, developing and replicating best practices, as well as through mobilising complementary actions under other Union programmes or financial sources.

²⁷ COM(2012) 673 final.

Or. en

Amendment 121

Benedek Jávor

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 18

Text proposed by the Commission

(18) Directive 2000/60/EC established a framework for the protection of the Union's surface waters, coastal waters, transitional waters and groundwater. The objectives of the Directive are supported by the Blueprint to Safeguard Europe's

Amendment

(18) Directive 2000/60/EC established a framework for the protection of the Union's surface waters, coastal waters, transitional waters and groundwater. The objectives of the Directive are supported by the Blueprint to Safeguard Europe's

Water Resources²⁷ which calls for better implementation and increased integration of water policy objectives into other policy areas. The Programme should therefore support projects which contribute to the effective implementation of Directive 2000/60/EC and of other Union water legislation that contributes to achieving a good status of the Union's water bodies through applying, developing and replicating best practices, as well as through mobilising complementary actions under other Union programmes or financial sources.

²⁷ COM(2012) 673 final.

Water Resources²⁷ which calls for better implementation and increased integration of water policy objectives into other policy areas. The Programme should therefore support projects which **improve the integrity of water resources and** contribute to the effective implementation of Directive 2000/60/EC and of other Union water legislation that contributes to achieving a good status of the Union's water bodies through applying, developing and replicating best practices, as well as through mobilising complementary actions under other Union programmes or financial sources.

²⁷ COM(2012) 673 final.

Or. en

Amendment 122

Benedek Jávor

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 19 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(19a) The Common Agricultural Policy plays a decisive role in achieving the Union's environmental, biodiversity, climate and sustainability goals. A systemic evaluation, a „fitness check“ of the CAP has not been undertaken by the European Commission, despite strong demands from key stakeholders including the REFIT platform. Nevertheless, a recent evidence-based study^{28a} following the better regulation rules of the European Commission clearly show that the environmental engagement of the CAP is insufficient to halt biodiversity decline or environmental degradation. CAP does not address SDGs adequately

either. CAP in its current form will not provide adequate ecosystem services in the EU and will completely fail to address the challenges of climate change.

Synergies with CAP shall ensure that, CAP, after a comprehensive reform, better meets current challenges, that resources are shifted away from direct payments which are not efficient nor well-justified and farmers who commit themselves to sustainable agricultural practices and actively contribute to biodiversity and environment objectives, inter alia via Natura2000 site management, eco-schemes and organic farming, are better rewarded.

^{28a} G.Pe'er, S. Lakner, R. Müller, G. Passoni, V. Bontzorlos, D. Clough, F. Moreira, C. Azam, J. Berger, P. Bezak, A. Bonn, B. Hansjürgens, L. Hartmann, J. Kleemann, A. Lomba, A. Sahrbacher, S. Schindler, C. Schleyer, J. Schmidt, S. Schüler, C. Sirami, M. von Meyer-Höfer, and Y. Zinngrebe (2017). Is the CAP Fit for purpose? An evidence based fitness-check assessment. Leipzig, German Centre for Integrative Biodiversity Research (iDiv) Halle-Jena-Leipzig.

Or. en

Amendment 123

Benedek Jávor

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 19 b (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(19b) The current conservation status of Natura 2000 sites in agricultural land is very poor, which indicates that these areas

are still in need of protection.

Current CAP payments for Natura 2000 areas are the most effective mean of preserving biodiversity in agricultural areas.^{28a} However, such payments are insufficient and they do not represent their high value to society. To incentivise environmental protection of these areas, CAP payments for Natura 2000 areas should therefore be increased.

^{28a} *G. Pe'er, S. Lakner, R. Müller, G. Passoni, V. Bontzorlos, D. Clough, F. Moreira, C. Azam, J. Berger, P. Bezak, A. Bonn, B. Hansjürgens, L. Hartmann, J. Kleemann, A. Lomba, A. Sahrbacher, S. Schindler, C. Schleyer, J. Schmidt, S. Schüler, C. Sirami, M. von Meyer-Höfer, and Y. Zinngrebe (2017). Is the CAP Fit for purpose? An evidence based fitness-check assessment. Leipzig, German Centre for Integrative Biodiversity Research (iDiv) Halle-Jena-Leipzig.*

Or. en

Amendment 124

Benedek Jávor

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 20

Text proposed by the Commission

(20) The improvement of governance on environmental, climate change and ***related clean energy transition matters*** requires ***involvement of civil society by raising public awareness, consumer engagement, and broadening of stakeholder involvement, including non-governmental organisations, in consultation on*** and

Amendment

(20) The improvement of governance on environmental, ***biodiversity***, climate change and ***the transition towards a net-zero emission society*** requires ***a multilevel approach with robust and evidence-based procedures and broader engagement, including of local and regional authorities and civil society, in the preparation and implementation of related policies, and in***

implementation of related policies.

raising public awareness. The work of non-governmental organisations (NGOs) and network of non-profit-making entities which pursue an aim of general Union interest and are primarily active in the field of environment and climate action should therefore receive increased support from this Programme. Standard action projects in this regard are of particular importance, therefore the technical details including the minimum total amount of projects should be set in a way that enables good NGO participation in the Programme.

Or. en

Amendment 125

Nicola Caputo, Soledad Cabezón Ruiz, Susanne Melior, Simona Bonafè, Monika Beňová, Jo Leinen

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 20

Text proposed by the Commission

(20) The improvement of governance on environmental, climate change and related clean energy transition matters requires involvement of civil society by raising public awareness, consumer engagement, **and broadening of stakeholder involvement**, including non-governmental organisations, in consultation on and implementation of related policies.

Amendment

(20) The improvement of governance on environmental, climate change and related clean energy transition matters requires involvement of civil society by raising public awareness, **including through a communication strategy that takes into account the new media and social networks, increases** consumer engagement **and broadens** stakeholder involvement, including non-governmental organisations, in consultation on and implementation of related policies.

Or. en

Justification

It is important to spell out the need for modern communication.

Amendment 126
Luke Ming Flanagan

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 20

Text proposed by the Commission

(20) The improvement of governance on environmental, climate change and related clean energy transition matters **requires** involvement of civil society by raising public awareness, consumer engagement, and broadening of stakeholder involvement, including non-governmental organisations, in consultation on and implementation of related policies.

Amendment

(20) The improvement of governance on environmental, climate change and related clean energy transition matters **will not succeed without buy-in and the total involvement of civil society. This can be achieved** by raising public awareness, **by** consumer engagement, and **by the** broadening of stakeholder involvement, including non-governmental organisations, in consultation on and implementation of related policies.

Or. en

Amendment 127
György Hölvényi

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 20

Text proposed by the Commission

(20) The improvement of governance on environmental, climate change and related clean energy transition matters requires involvement of civil society by raising public awareness, consumer engagement, and broadening of stakeholder involvement, including non-governmental organisations, in consultation on and implementation of related policies.

Amendment

(20) The improvement of governance on environmental, climate change and related clean energy transition matters requires involvement of civil society by raising public awareness, consumer engagement, and broadening of stakeholder involvement, including non-governmental organisations, **churches and religious communities** in consultation on and implementation of related policies.

Or. hu

Amendment 128

Elisabetta Gardini

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 20

Text proposed by the Commission

(20) The improvement of governance on environmental, climate change and related clean energy transition matters requires **involvement of civil society by** raising public awareness, consumer engagement, and broadening of stakeholder involvement, **including non-governmental organisations, in consultation on and implementation of related policies.**

Amendment

(20) The improvement of governance on environmental, climate change and related clean energy transition matters requires raising public awareness, consumer engagement, and broadening of stakeholder involvement, **in particular civil society organisations, churches and religious associations or communities, in consultation on and implementation and evaluation of related policies.**

Or. it

Justification

The proposed amendment seeks to recognise the key role played by churches and religious associations or communities in relation to environmental policies. It also seeks to implement Article 17 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, which requires a distinction to be made between the above-mentioned entities and civil society bodies.

Amendment 129

Michel Dantin, Cláudia Monteiro de Aguiar, Maurice Ponga, Pilar Ayuso, Annie Schreijer-Pierik, Dubravka Šuica, Angélique Delahaye

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 20

Text proposed by the Commission

(20) The improvement of governance on environmental, climate change and related clean energy transition matters requires involvement of civil society **by raising** public awareness, consumer engagement, and broadening of stakeholder involvement, **including non-governmental organisations, in consultation on and implementation of related policies.**

Amendment

(20) The improvement of governance on environmental, climate change and related clean energy transition matters requires involvement **and participation** of civil society **and socio-professional stakeholders, local partners and elected representatives to raise** public awareness, consumer engagement, and broadening of stakeholder involvement.

Amendment 130

Michel Dantin, Renaud Muselier, Maurice Ponga, Françoise Grossetête, Pilar Ayuso, Annie Schreijer-Pierik, Dubravka Šuica, Angélique Delahaye

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 20 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(20a) The Programme should help actors and territories to strengthen their capacity for resilience, by supporting the development and implementation of local and regional strategies for adapting coastal areas to climate change.

Or. fr

Amendment 131

Benedek Jávor

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 21

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(21) Whilst improving governance at all levels should be a cross-cutting objective for all sub-programmes of the Programme, the Programme should support the development and implementation of the horizontal legislation on the environmental governance, including the legislation implementing the United Nations Economic Commission for Europe (UNECE) Convention on Access to Information, Public Participation in Decision-Making and Access to Justice in Environmental Matters²⁹.

(21) Whilst improving governance at all levels should be a cross-cutting objective for all sub-programmes of the Programme, the Programme should support the development and implementation ***and effective compliance with and enforcement of the environment and climate acquis, in particular*** of the horizontal legislation on the environmental governance, including the legislation implementing the United Nations Economic Commission for Europe (UNECE) Convention on Access to Information, Public Participation in Decision-Making and Access to Justice in Environmental Matters^{29 29a}, ***also with***

*regard to the Aarhus Convention Compliance Committee.
The Programme should, in particular, support the development of cooperation platforms and the sharing of best practices for more effective compliance and enforcement of environmental and climate policy and legislation, including training programmes for judges and public prosecutors, as well as awareness raising activities with regards to access to information and access to justice on environmental and climate matters.*

²⁹ OJ L 124, 17.5.2005, p. 4.

²⁹ OJ L 124, 17.5.2005, p. 4.

^{29a} OJ L 264, 25.9.2006, pp. 13-19.

Or. en

Amendment 132 **Soledad Cabezón Ruiz**

Proposal for a regulation **Recital 22**

Text proposed by the Commission

(22) The Programme should prepare and support market players for the shift towards a clean, circular, energy-efficient, low-carbon and climate-resilient economy by testing new business opportunities, upgrading professional skills, facilitating consumers' access to sustainable products and services, engaging and empowering influencers and testing novel methods to adapt the existing processes and business landscape. To support a broader market uptake of sustainable solutions, general public acceptance and consumer engagement should be promoted.

Amendment

(22) The **LIFE** Programme should prepare and support market players for the shift towards a clean, circular, energy-efficient, **renewable energy-based** low-carbon and climate-resilient economy by testing new business opportunities, upgrading professional skills, facilitating consumers' access to sustainable products and services, engaging and empowering influencers and testing novel methods to adapt the existing processes and business landscape. To support a broader market uptake of sustainable solutions, general public acceptance and consumer engagement should be promoted. **Within the Sub-Programme Clean Energy Transition, the final consuming sectors involving energy efficiency, as buildings,**

services, industry and transport should be included, along with the integration of renewable energy in these sectors.

Or. en

Amendment 133

Nicola Caputo, Susanne Melior, Simona Bonafè, Monika Beňová, Jo Leinen

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 22

Text proposed by the Commission

(22) The Programme should prepare and support market players for the shift towards a clean, circular, energy-efficient, low-carbon and climate-resilient economy by testing new business opportunities, upgrading professional skills, facilitating consumers' access to sustainable products and services, engaging and empowering influencers and testing novel methods to adapt the existing processes and business landscape. To support a broader market uptake of sustainable solutions, general public acceptance and consumer engagement should be promoted.

Amendment

(22) The Programme should prepare and support market players for the shift towards a clean, circular, energy-efficient, ***renewable energy based***, low-carbon and climate-resilient economy by testing new business opportunities, upgrading professional skills, facilitating consumers' access to sustainable products and services, engaging and empowering influencers and testing novel methods to adapt the existing processes and business landscape. To support a broader market uptake of sustainable solutions, general public acceptance and consumer engagement should be promoted. ***The final consuming sectors such as buildings, services, industry and transport should be included in the sub-programme Clean Energy Transition to contribute to energy efficiency and renewable energy use.***

Or. en

Amendment 134

Luke Ming Flanagan

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 22

Text proposed by the Commission

(22) The Programme should prepare and support market players for the shift towards a clean, circular, energy-efficient, low-carbon and climate-resilient economy by testing new business opportunities, upgrading professional skills, facilitating consumers' access to sustainable products and services, engaging and empowering influencers and testing novel methods to adapt the existing processes and business landscape. To support a broader market uptake of sustainable solutions, general public acceptance and consumer engagement should be promoted.

Amendment

(22) The Programme should prepare and support market players for the shift towards a clean, circular, energy-efficient, low-carbon and climate-resilient economy by testing new business opportunities, upgrading professional skills, facilitating consumers' access to sustainable products and services, engaging and empowering influencers and testing novel methods to adapt the existing processes and business landscape. To support a broader market uptake of sustainable solutions, general public acceptance and consumer engagement should be promoted. ***It should also include a drive at Union level in both production and consumption towards a more climate-friendly plant-based diet, with a parallel reduction in both production and consumption of meat.***

Or. en

Amendment 135

Benedek Jávor

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 22

Text proposed by the Commission

(22) The Programme should prepare and support market players for the shift towards a ***clean***, circular, energy-efficient, ***low-carbon*** and climate-resilient economy by testing new business opportunities, upgrading professional skills, facilitating consumers' access to sustainable products and services, ***engaging and empowering influencers*** and testing novel methods to adapt the existing processes and business landscape. To support a broader market uptake of sustainable solutions, general public acceptance and consumer

Amendment

(22) The Programme should prepare and support market players for the shift towards a ***sustainable***, circular, ***resource- and*** energy-efficient, ***net zero-emission*** and climate-resilient economy by testing new business opportunities, upgrading professional skills, facilitating consumers' access to sustainable products and services, and testing novel methods to adapt the existing processes and business landscape. To support a broader market uptake of sustainable solutions, general public acceptance and consumer engagement

engagement should be promoted.

should be promoted.

Or. en

Amendment 136

Benedek Jávor

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 23

Text proposed by the Commission

(23) At Union level, large investments in environmental and climate actions are primarily funded by major Union funding programmes (mainstreaming). In the context of their catalytic role, strategic integrated projects and strategic nature projects to be developed under the Programme should leverage financing opportunities under those funding programmes and other sources of funding such as national funds, and create synergies.

Amendment

(23) At Union level, large investments in environmental and climate actions are primarily funded by major Union funding programmes.

It is therefore primordial to step up the mainstreaming efforts, to ensure sustainability, biodiversity and climate proofing of other Union funding programmes and fitting all EU instruments with sustainability safeguards. The Commission should have the power to adopt a common methodology and take effective measures to ensure that LIFE projects are not negatively affected by other Union programmes and policies. In the context of their catalytic role, strategic integrated projects and strategic nature projects to be developed under the Programme should leverage financing opportunities under those funding programmes and other sources of funding such as national funds, and create synergies.

Or. en

Amendment 137

Mr Stanislav Polčák

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 23

Text proposed by the Commission

(23) At Union level, large investments in environmental and climate actions are primarily funded by major Union funding programmes (mainstreaming). In the context of their catalytic role, strategic integrated projects and strategic nature projects to be developed under the Programme should leverage financing opportunities under those funding programmes and other sources of funding such as national funds, and create synergies.

Amendment

(23) At Union level, large investments in environmental and climate actions are primarily funded by major Union funding programmes (mainstreaming). In the context of their catalytic role, strategic integrated projects and strategic nature projects to be developed under the Programme should leverage financing opportunities ***while respecting the principle of geographical balance***, under those funding programmes and other sources of funding such as national funds, and create synergies.

Or. cs

Amendment 138

Benedek Jávör

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 23 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(23a) The success of strategic integrated projects and strategic nature projects is dependent on close cooperation between national, regional and local authorities and the non-state actors concerned by the LIFE Programme's objectives. The principles of transparency and disclosure of decisions concerning the development, implementation, assessment and monitoring of projects should therefore be applied, in particular when the Programme is implemented in synergies with other sources of funding.

Or. en

Amendment 139

Benedek Jávör

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 23 b (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(23b) As the European Union spans across different regions, challenges related to the sub-programmes of LIFE, including the proper management of Natura 2000 sites as well as tackling climate changes impacts and vulnerabilities, often vary due to natural, biogeographical characteristics and factors. Areas across Member States with similar characteristics can better work towards the objectives of this Programme by working together at regional level, via solutions tailored to their specific needs, applying biogeographical regions and delineations as a guiding principle.

Or. en

Amendment 140

Jean-François Jalkh, Sylvie Goddyn, Joëlle Mélin

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 24

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(24) Reflecting the importance of tackling climate change in line with the Union's commitments to implement the Paris Agreement and the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals, this Programme will contribute to mainstream climate actions and to the achievement of an overall target of 25 % of the EU budget expenditures supporting climate objectives. Actions under this Programme are expected to contribute 61% of the overall financial envelope of the Programme to climate objectives. Relevant actions will be

(24) In view of the measures (justified by the current state of science) deployed to tackle climate change in line with the Union's commitments to implement the Paris Agreement and the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals, this Programme will contribute to mainstream climate actions and to the achievement of an overall target of 25 % of the EU budget expenditures supporting climate objectives. Actions under this Programme are expected to contribute 61% of the overall financial envelope of the Programme to

identified during the Programme's preparation and implementation, and *reassessed in the context of the relevant evaluations and review processes.*

climate objectives. Relevant actions will be identified during the Programme's preparation and implementation, and *regularly reassessed using data from the scientific research to be carried out on the subject in order to determine the adequacy of such a policy.*

Or. fr

Amendment 141

Nicola Caputo, Soledad Cabezón Ruiz, Susanne Melior, Simona Bonafè, Michel Dantin, Monika Beňová

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 24

Text proposed by the Commission

(24) *Reflecting the importance of* tackling climate change in line with the Union's commitments to implement the Paris Agreement and the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals, this Programme will contribute to mainstream climate actions and to the achievement of an overall target of 25 % of the EU budget expenditures supporting climate objectives. Actions under this Programme are expected to contribute 61% of the overall financial envelope of the Programme to climate objectives. Relevant actions will be identified during the Programme's preparation and implementation, and reassessed in the context of the relevant evaluations and review processes.

Amendment

(24) Tackling climate change *is one of the most important global challenges requiring a coordinated and ambitious response.* In line with the Union's commitments to implement the Paris Agreement and the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals, this Programme will contribute to mainstream climate actions and to the achievement of an overall target of 25 % of the EU budget expenditures supporting climate objectives. Actions under this Programme are expected to contribute 61% of the overall financial envelope of the Programme to climate objectives. Relevant actions will be identified during the Programme's preparation and implementation, and reassessed in the context of the relevant evaluations and review processes.

Or. en

Amendment 142

Benedek Jávor

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 24

Text proposed by the Commission

(24) Reflecting the importance of tackling climate change in line with the Union's commitments to implement the Paris Agreement and the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals, this Programme will contribute to mainstream climate actions and to the achievement of an overall target of **25** % of the EU budget expenditures supporting climate objectives. Actions under this Programme are expected to contribute 61% of the overall financial envelope of the Programme to climate objectives. Relevant actions will be identified during the Programme's preparation and implementation, and reassessed in the context of the relevant evaluations and review processes.

Amendment

(24) Reflecting the importance of tackling climate change in line with the Union's commitments to implement the Paris Agreement and the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals, this Programme will contribute to mainstream climate actions and to the achievement of an overall target of **50** % of the EU budget expenditures supporting climate objectives. Actions under this Programme are expected to contribute **at least** 61% of the overall financial envelope of the Programme to climate objectives. Relevant actions will be identified during the Programme's preparation and implementation, and reassessed in the context of the relevant evaluations and review processes.

Or. en

Amendment 143

Younous Omarjee

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 25

Text proposed by the Commission

(25) In the implementation of the Programme due consideration should be given to the strategy for outermost regions³⁰ in view of Article 349 TFEU and the specific needs and vulnerabilities of these regions. Union policies other than environmental, climate and relevant clean energy transition policies should also be taken into account.

Amendment

(25) In the implementation of the Programme due consideration should be given to the strategy for outermost regions³⁰ in view of Article 349 TFEU and the specific needs and vulnerabilities of these regions. ***The LIFE funding granted to these regions should therefore be increased significantly, given that it does not currently reflect the real needs and urgency of meeting the objectives of this regulation, in particular: to contribute to***

the shift towards a clean, circular, energy-efficient, low-carbon and climate-resilient economy, including through the transition to clean energy, to the protection and improvement of the quality of the environment and to halting and reversing biodiversity loss, thereby contributing to sustainable development. Union policies other than environmental, climate and relevant clean energy transition policies should also be taken into account.

³⁰ COM(2017) 623 final

³⁰ COM(2017) 623 final

Or. fr

Amendment 144
Guillaume Balas, Louis-Joseph Manscour

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 25

Text proposed by the Commission

(25) In the implementation of the Programme due consideration should be given to the strategy for outermost regions³⁰ in view of Article 349 TFEU and the specific needs and vulnerabilities of these regions. Union policies other than environmental, climate and relevant clean energy transition policies should also be taken into account.

Amendment

(25) In the implementation of the Programme due consideration should be given to the strategy for outermost regions³⁰ in view of Article 349 TFEU and the specific needs and vulnerabilities of these regions. ***The funding granted to these regions under the LIFE programme should therefore be increased significantly, given that it does not currently reflect the real needs and urgency of meeting the objectives of this regulation, in particular: to contribute to the shift towards a clean, circular, energy-efficient, low-carbon and climate-resilient economy, including through the transition to clean energy, to the protection and improvement of the quality of the environment and to halting and reversing biodiversity loss, thereby contributing to sustainable development.*** Union policies other than environmental, climate and

relevant clean energy transition policies should also be taken into account.

³⁰ COM(2017) 623 final

³⁰ COM(2017) 623 final

Or. en

Amendment 145

Michel Dantin, Cláudia Monteiro de Aguiar, Maurice Ponga, Françoise Grossetête, Pilar Ayuso, Annie Schreijer-Pierik, Dubravka Šuica, Angélique Delahaye

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 25

Text proposed by the Commission

(25) In the implementation of the Programme due consideration should be given to the strategy for outermost regions³⁰ in view of Article 349 TFEU and the specific needs and vulnerabilities of these regions. Union policies other than environmental, climate and relevant clean energy transition policies should also be taken into account.

Amendment

(25) In the implementation of the Programme due consideration should be given to the strategy for outermost regions³⁰ in view of Article 349 TFEU and the specific needs and vulnerabilities of these regions. ***The outermost regions and the overseas countries and territories of EU Member States should also be covered by the Programme's action in favour of biodiversity following the incorporation of BEST into the LIFE programme. Union policies other than environmental, climate and relevant clean energy transition policies should also be taken into account.***

³⁰ COM(2017) 623 final

³⁰ COM(2017) 623 final

Or. fr

Amendment 146

Mireille D'Ornano

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 25

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(25) In the implementation of the Programme due consideration should be given to the strategy for outermost regions³⁰ in view of Article 349 TFEU and the specific needs and vulnerabilities of these regions. Union policies other than environmental, climate and relevant clean energy transition policies should also be taken into account.

³⁰ COM(2017) 623 final

(25) In the implementation of the Programme due consideration should be given to the strategy for outermost regions³⁰ in view of Article 349 TFEU and the specific needs and vulnerabilities of these regions, *with particular reference to sea and ocean pollution*. Union policies other than environmental, climate and relevant clean energy transition policies should also be taken into account.

³⁰ COM(2017) 623 final

Or. fr

Amendment 147

Nicola Caputo, Soledad Cabezón Ruiz, Susanne Melior, Simona Bonafè, Monika Beňová, Jo Leinen

Proposal for a regulation Recital 25

Text proposed by the Commission

(25) In the implementation of the Programme due consideration should be given to the strategy for outermost regions³⁰ in view of Article 349 TFEU and the specific needs and vulnerabilities of these regions. Union policies other than environmental, climate and relevant clean energy transition policies should also be taken into account.

³⁰ COM(2017) 623 final

Amendment

(25) In the implementation of the Programme due consideration should be given to the strategy for outermost regions³⁰ in view of Article 349 TFEU and the specific needs and vulnerabilities of these regions. Union policies other than environmental, climate, *circular economy* and relevant clean energy transition policies should also be taken into account.

³⁰ COM(2017) 623 final

Or. en

Amendment 148

Benedek Jávor

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 25

Text proposed by the Commission

(25) In the implementation of the Programme due consideration should be given to the strategy for outermost regions³⁰ in view of Article 349 TFEU and the specific needs and vulnerabilities of these regions. Union policies other than environmental, climate and relevant ***clean energy transition*** policies should also be taken into account.

³⁰ COM(2017) 623 final

Amendment

(25) In the implementation of the Programme due consideration should be given to the strategy for outermost regions³⁰ in view of Article 349 TFEU and the specific needs and vulnerabilities of these regions. Union policies other than environmental, climate and relevant ***decarbonisation*** policies should also be taken into account.

³⁰ COM(2017) 623 final

Or. en

Amendment 149
Benedek Jávor

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 26

Text proposed by the Commission

(26) In support of the implementation of the Programme, the Commission should collaborate with the Programme's national contact points, organise seminars and workshops, publish lists of projects funded under the Programme or undertake other activities to disseminate project results and to facilitate exchanges of experience, knowledge and best practices and the replication of project results across the Union. Such activities should in particular target Member States with a low uptake of funds and should facilitate the communication and cooperation between project beneficiaries, applicants or stakeholders of completed and ongoing projects in the same field.

Amendment

(26) In support of the implementation of the Programme, the Commission should collaborate with the Programme's national contact points, ***including in the set-up of an advisory network at local level to facilitate the development of projects with high added-value and policy impact and to ensure the provision of information on complementary financing, transferability of projects as well as long-term sustainability***, organise seminars and workshops, publish lists of projects funded under the Programme or undertake other activities to disseminate project results and to facilitate exchanges of experience, knowledge and best practices and the replication of project results across the Union. Such activities should in particular

target Member States with a low uptake of funds and should facilitate the communication and cooperation between project beneficiaries, applicants or stakeholders of completed and ongoing projects in the same field.

Or. en

Amendment 150

Jean-François Jalkh, Sylvie Goddyn, Joëlle Mélin

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 27

Text proposed by the Commission

(27) The European Union Network for the Implementation and Enforcement of Environmental Law (IMPEL), the European Network of Prosecutors for the Environment (ENPE) and the European Union Forum of judges for the environment (EUFJE) have been created to facilitate the collaboration between Member States and play a unique role in the enforcement of the Union environmental legislation. They provide a substantial contribution to reinforce consistency in the implementation and enforcement of Union environmental legislation across the Union, avoiding distortions of competition, contribute to improving the quality of the environmental inspection and the law enforcement mechanisms through a networking system at both, Union and Member State level, and provide exchange of information and experience at different administrative levels, as well as through training and in-depth discussions on environmental issues and enforcement aspects, including monitoring and permitting processes. In view of their contribution to the objectives of the Programme, it is appropriate to authorise the award of grants to IMPEL,

Amendment

(27) The European Union Network for the Implementation and Enforcement of Environmental Law (IMPEL), the European Network of Prosecutors for the Environment (ENPE) and the European Union Forum of judges for the environment (EUFJE) have been created to facilitate the collaboration between Member States and play a unique role in the enforcement of the Union environmental legislation. They provide a substantial contribution to reinforce consistency in the implementation and enforcement of Union environmental legislation across the Union, avoiding distortions of competition, contribute to improving the quality of the environmental inspection and the law enforcement mechanisms through a networking system at both, Union and Member State level, and provide exchange of information and experience at different administrative levels, as well as through training and in-depth discussions on environmental issues and enforcement aspects, including monitoring and permitting processes. In view of their contribution to the objectives of the Programme, it is appropriate to authorise the award of grants to IMPEL,

ENPE and EUFJE without a call for proposals so as to continue to provide support to the activities of these associations. In addition, in other cases a call may not be required pursuant to the general requirements of the Financial Regulation, e.g. for bodies designated by the Member States and operating under their responsibility, where those Member States are identified as beneficiaries of a grant by a legislative act of the Union.

ENPE and EUFJE without a call for proposals, *in duly substantiated cases*, so as to continue to provide support to the activities of these associations. In addition, in other cases a call may not be required pursuant to the general requirements of the Financial Regulation, e.g. for bodies designated by the Member States and operating under their responsibility, where those Member States are identified as beneficiaries of a grant by a legislative act of the Union.

Or. fr

Amendment 151

Benedek Jávor

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 28

Text proposed by the Commission

(28) It is appropriate to lay down a financial envelope for the Programme which is to constitute the prime reference amount, within the meaning of point 17 of the Interinstitutional Agreement of 2 December 2013 between the European Parliament, the Council and the Commission on budgetary discipline, on cooperation in budgetary matters and on sound financial management³¹, for the European Parliament and the Council during the annual budgetary procedure.

³¹ OJ C 373, 20.12.2013, p. 1.

Amendment

(28) It is appropriate to lay down a financial envelope for the Programme *of 1% of the overall Union budget for 2021-2028, and* which is to constitute the prime reference amount, within the meaning of point 17 of the Interinstitutional Agreement of 2 December 2013 between the European Parliament, the Council and the Commission on budgetary discipline, on cooperation in budgetary matters and on sound financial management³¹, for the European Parliament and the Council during the annual budgetary procedure.

³¹ OJ C 373, 20.12.2013, p. 1.

Or. en

Amendment 152

Benedek Jávor
on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 28 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(28a) *The maximum co-financing rates should be set at such levels that are necessary to maintain the effective level of support provided by the Programme, while taking into account the necessary flexibility and adaptability that is needed to respond to the existing range of actions and entities.*

Or. en

Amendment 153
Jean-François Jalkh, Sylvie Goddyn, Joëlle Mélin

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 29

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(29) Horizontal financial rules adopted by the European Parliament and the Council on the basis of Article 322 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union apply to this Regulation. These rules are laid down in the Financial Regulation and determine in particular the procedure for establishing and implementing the budget through grants, procurement, prizes, indirect implementation, and provide for checks on the responsibility of financial actors. ***Rules adopted on the basis of Article 322 TFEU also concern the protection of the Union's budget in case of generalised deficiencies as regards the rule of law in the Member States, as the respect for the rule of law is an essential precondition for sound financial management and effective EU funding.***

(29) Horizontal financial rules adopted by the European Parliament and the Council on the basis of Article 322 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union apply to this Regulation. These rules are laid down in the Financial Regulation and determine in particular the procedure for establishing and implementing the budget through grants, procurement, prizes, indirect implementation, and provide for checks on the responsibility of financial actors.

Amendment 154
Pilar Ayuso

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 30 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(30a) The technical methodology for the project selection and the selection and award criteria should be included by the Commission in the multiannual work programmes, for reasons of transparency. Quality should serve as the overarching criterion governing the project evaluation and award process in the Programme.

Or. en

Amendment 155
Michel Dantin, Nicola Caputo, Pilar Ayuso, Annie Schreijer-Pierik, Dubravka Šuica, Angélique Delahaye

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 31

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(31) The types of financing and the methods of implementation should be chosen on the basis of their ability to achieve the specific objectives of the actions and to deliver results, taking into account, in particular, the costs of controls, the administrative burden, and the expected risk of non-compliance. As regards grants, this should include consideration of the use of lump sums, flat rates and scales of unit costs.

(31) The types of financing and the methods of implementation should be chosen on the basis of their ability to achieve the specific objectives of the actions and to deliver results, taking into account, in particular, the costs of controls, the administrative burden, and the expected risk of non-compliance. As regards grants, this should include consideration of the use of lump sums, flat rates and scales of unit costs. ***The European Commission must ensure that implementation is easy to understand, and must promote genuine simplification for project developers.***

Amendment 156
Guillaume Balas

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 33

Text proposed by the Commission

(33) Pursuant to Article 94 of Council Decision 2013/755/EU³⁷, entities established in overseas countries and territories are eligible for funding subject to the rules and objectives of the Programme and possible arrangements applicable to the Member State to which the relevant overseas country or territory is linked. ***The participation of these entities to this Programme should focus primarily on projects under sub-programme Nature and Biodiversity.***

³⁷ Council Decision 2013/755/EU of 25 November 2013 on the association of the overseas countries and territories with the European Union (Overseas Association Decision) (OJ L 344, 19.12.2013, p. 1).

Amendment

(33) Pursuant to Article 94 of Council Decision 2013/755/EU³⁷, entities established in overseas countries and territories are eligible for funding subject to the rules and objectives of the Programme and possible arrangements applicable to the Member State to which the relevant overseas country or territory is linked.

³⁷ Council Decision 2013/755/EU of 25 November 2013 on the association of the overseas countries and territories with the European Union (Overseas Association Decision) (OJ L 344, 19.12.2013, p. 1).

Amendment 157
Luke Ming Flanagan

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 34

Text proposed by the Commission

(34) The Programme should be open to third countries in accordance with the agreements between the Union and those countries establishing the specific

Amendment

(34) ***Subject to fully complying with all its rules and regulations,*** the Programme should be open to third countries in accordance with the agreements between the Union and those countries establishing

conditions for their participation;

the specific conditions for their participation;

Or. en

Amendment 158
Luke Ming Flanagan

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 35

Text proposed by the Commission

(35) Third countries which are members of the European Economic Area (EEA) may participate in Union programmes in the framework of the cooperation established under the EEA agreement, which provides for the implementation of the programmes by a decision under that agreement. Third countries may also participate on the basis of other legal instruments. A specific provision should be introduced in this Regulation to grant the necessary rights for and access to the authorizing officer responsible, the European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF) as well as the European Court of Auditors to comprehensively exert their respective competences.

Amendment

(35) ***Subject to fully complying with all its rules and regulations,*** third countries which are members of the European Economic Area (EEA) may participate in Union programmes in the framework of the cooperation established under the EEA agreement, which provides for the implementation of the programmes by a decision under that agreement. Third countries may also participate on the basis of other legal instruments. A specific provision should be introduced in this Regulation to grant the necessary rights for and access to the authorizing officer responsible, the European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF) as well as the European Court of Auditors to comprehensively exert their respective competences.

Or. en

Amendment 159
Benedek Jávor
on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 36

Text proposed by the Commission

(36) Pursuant to points 22 and 23 of the

Amendment

(36) Pursuant to points 22 and 23 of the

Inter-institutional agreement of 13 April 2016 on Better Law-Making, there is a need to evaluate this Programme on the basis of information collected through specific monitoring requirements, while avoiding overregulation and administrative burdens, in particular on Member States. These requirements, where appropriate, may include measurable indicators, as a basis for evaluating the effects of the Programme on the ground. The full impact of the Programme accrues through indirect, long-term and difficult-to-measure contributions towards achieving the full range of Union environment and climate objectives. For monitoring of the Programme, direct output indicators and tracking requirements set out in this Regulation should be complemented by aggregation of specific project level indicators to be described in work programmes or calls for proposals, inter alia regarding *Natura 2000 and* emissions of certain atmospheric pollutants.

Inter-institutional agreement of 13 April 2016 on Better Law-Making, there is a need to evaluate this Programme on the basis of information collected through specific monitoring requirements, while avoiding overregulation and administrative burdens, in particular on Member States. These requirements, where appropriate, may include measurable indicators, as a basis for evaluating the effects of the Programme on the ground. The full impact of the Programme accrues through indirect, long-term and difficult-to-measure contributions towards achieving the full range of Union environment and climate objectives. For monitoring of the Programme, direct output indicators and tracking requirements set out in this Regulation should be complemented by aggregation of specific project level indicators to be described in work programmes or calls for proposals, inter alia regarding *the changes in natural value (the status and distribution of selected species and habitats including fragmentation, ecosystem coverage), land use change (shifts to natural semi-natural land categories, the surface area of green infrastructure, rehabilitated land or Natura2000 sites covered by protection and restoration measures), financing of biodiversity management, shift towards green economy or climate resilience and governance (emissions of certain atmospheric pollutants, nitrogen balance, water quality, chemicals, noise, ecological footprint), public awareness and the population benefitting from quality improvement measures or having access to upgraded land or green infrastructure.*

Or. en

Amendment 160

Jean-François Jalkh, Sylvie Goddyn, Joëlle Mélin

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 38

Text proposed by the Commission

(38) *Since the objectives of this Regulation, namely contributing to sustainable development and to the achievement of the objectives and targets of the Union environment, climate and relevant clean energy legislation, strategies, plans or international commitments cannot be sufficiently achieved by the Member States but can rather, by reason of scale and effects of this Regulation, be better achieved at Union level,* the Union may adopt measures, in accordance with the principle of subsidiarity as set out in Article 5 of the Treaty on European Union. In accordance with the principle of proportionality as set out in that Article, this Regulation does not go beyond what is necessary in order to achieve those objectives.

Amendment

(38) The Union may adopt measures, in accordance with the principle of subsidiarity as set out in Article 5 of the Treaty on European Union. In accordance with the principle of proportionality as set out in that Article, this Regulation does not go beyond what is necessary in order to achieve those objectives.

Or. fr

Amendment 161

Benedek Jávor

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 38

Text proposed by the Commission

(38) Since the objectives of this Regulation, namely contributing to *sustainable development* and to the achievement of the objectives and targets of the Union environment, climate and relevant *clean* energy legislation, strategies, plans or international commitments cannot be sufficiently achieved by the Member States but can rather, by reason of scale and effects of this

Amendment

(38) Since the objectives of this Regulation, namely contributing to *high level of environmental protection and ambitious climate action with good governance and a multi-stakeholder approach* and to the achievement of the objectives and targets of the Union environment, *biodiversity*, climate, *circular economy* and relevant *renewable energy and energy efficiency* legislation,

Regulation, be better achieved at Union level, the Union may adopt measures, in accordance with the principle of subsidiarity as set out in Article 5 of the Treaty on European Union. In accordance with the principle of proportionality as set out in that Article, this Regulation does not go beyond what is necessary in order to achieve those objectives.

strategies, plans or international commitments cannot be sufficiently achieved by the Member States but can rather, by reason of scale and effects of this Regulation, be better achieved at Union level, the Union may adopt measures, in accordance with the principle of subsidiarity as set out in Article 5 of the Treaty on European Union. In accordance with the principle of proportionality as set out in that Article, this Regulation does not go beyond what is necessary in order to achieve those objectives.

Or. en

Amendment 162
Nicola Caputo, Soledad Cabezón Ruiz

Proposal for a regulation
Article 1 – paragraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

This Regulation establishes *the* Programme for the Environment and Climate Action (LIFE) (the ‘Programme’).

Amendment

This Regulation establishes *a* Programme for the Environment and Climate Action (LIFE) (the ‘Programme’), *covering the period from 1 January 2021 to 31 December 2027*.

Or. en

Amendment 163
Michel Dantin, Pilar Ayuso, Annie Schreijer-Pierik, Dubravka Šuica, Angélique Delahaye

Proposal for a regulation
Article 1 – paragraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

This Regulation establishes *the* Programme for the Environment and Climate Action (LIFE) (the ‘Programme’).

Amendment

This Regulation establishes *a* Programme for the Environment and Climate Action (LIFE) (the ‘Programme’) *covering the*

period from 1 January 2021 to 31 December 2027.

Or. en

Amendment 164

Nicola Caputo, Soledad Cabezón Ruiz

Proposal for a regulation

Article 1 – paragraph 2

Text proposed by the Commission

It lays down the objectives of the Programme, the budget for *the* period **2021-2027**, the forms of Union funding and the rules for providing such funding.

Amendment

It lays down the objectives of the **LIFE** Programme, the budget for *this* period, the forms of Union funding and the rules for providing such funding.

Or. en

Amendment 165

Michel Dantin, Pilar Ayuso, Annie Schreijer-Pierik, Dubravka Šuica, Angélique Delahaye

Proposal for a regulation

Article 1 – paragraph 2

Text proposed by the Commission

It lays down the objectives of the Programme, the budget for *the* period **2021-2027**, the forms of Union funding and the rules for providing such funding.

Amendment

It lays down the objectives of the Programme, the budget for *this* period, the forms of Union funding and the rules for providing such funding.

Or. en

Amendment 166

Benedek Jávor

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation

Article 2 – paragraph 1 – point 1

Text proposed by the Commission

(1) 'strategic nature projects' means projects that support the achievement of Union nature and biodiversity objectives by implementing coherent programmes of action in the Member States to mainstream these objectives and priorities into other policies and financing instruments, including through coordinated implementation of the priority action frameworks established pursuant to Directive 92/43/EEC;

Amendment

(1) 'strategic nature projects' means projects that support the achievement of Union nature and biodiversity objectives, ***laid down in particular in Directive 2009/147/EC and Council Directive 92/43/EEC***, by implementing coherent programmes of action in the Member States to mainstream these objectives and priorities into other policies and financing instruments, including through coordinated implementation of the priority action frameworks established pursuant to Directive 92/43/EEC;

Or. en

Amendment 167

Damiano Zoffoli, Nicola Caputo

Proposal for a regulation

Article 2 – paragraph 1 – point 1

Text proposed by the Commission

(1) 'strategic nature projects' means projects that support the achievement of Union nature and biodiversity objectives by implementing coherent programmes of action in the Member States to mainstream these objectives and priorities into other policies and financing instruments, including through coordinated implementation of the priority action frameworks established pursuant to Directive 92/43/EEC;

Amendment

(1) 'strategic nature projects' means projects ***on a regional, multi-regional, national or trans-national scale*** that support the achievement of Union nature and biodiversity objectives by implementing coherent programmes of action in the Member States to mainstream these objectives and priorities into other policies and financing instruments, including through coordinated implementation of the priority action frameworks established pursuant to Directive 92/43/EEC;

Or. it

Amendment 168

Benedek Jávör

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation

Article 2 – paragraph 1 – point 2

Text proposed by the Commission

(2) 'strategic integrated projects' means projects that implement on a regional, multi-regional, national or transnational scale, environmental or climate strategies or action plans developed by Member States' authorities and required by specific environmental, climate or relevant clean energy Union legislation or policy, while ensuring involvement of stakeholders and promoting the coordination with and mobilisation of at least one other Union, national or private funding source;

Amendment

(2) 'strategic integrated projects' means projects that implement on a regional, multi-regional, **metropolitan**, national or transnational scale, environmental or climate strategies or action plans developed by Member States' authorities and required by specific environmental, climate or relevant clean energy Union legislation or policy, while ensuring involvement of stakeholders and promoting the coordination with and mobilisation of at least one other Union, national or private funding source;

Or. en

Amendment 169

Younous Omarjee

Proposal for a regulation

Article 2 – paragraph 1 – point 6 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(6a) 'quality of life' means a high level of health and well-being in all sections of the population, particularly for those persons most exposed to environmental degradation and climate change, as well as access to environmental information and justice and a reduction in health and energy poverty inequalities;

Or. fr

Amendment 170

Luke Ming Flanagan

Proposal for a regulation

Article 2 – paragraph 1 – point 6 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(6a) *'fracking' shall be defined as the process of injecting liquid at high pressure into subterranean rocks, boreholes, etc. so as to force open existing fissures and extract oil or gas;*

Or. en

Amendment 171

Michel Dantin, Maurice Ponga, Pilar Ayuso, Cláudia Monteiro de Aguiar, Annie Schreijer-Pierik, Dubravka Šuica, Angélique Delahaye

Proposal for a regulation

Article 2 – paragraph 1 – point 6 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(6a) *'potential candidate' means a country or entity with a clear perspective of joining the Union in the future, but which has not yet been granted candidate status.*

Or. fr

Amendment 172

Michel Dantin, Maurice Ponga, Pilar Ayuso, Cláudia Monteiro de Aguiar, Annie Schreijer-Pierik, Dubravka Šuica, Angélique Delahaye

Proposal for a regulation

Article 2 – paragraph 1 – point 6 b (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(6b) *'overseas countries and territories' means the overseas countries or territories linked to a European Union Member State covered by Part 4 of the Treaty on*

the Functioning of the European Union (TFEU) and listed in Annex II to the TFEU.

Or. fr

Amendment 173
Soledad Cabezón Ruiz

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

1. The general objective of the Programme *is* to contribute to the shift towards a **clean**, circular, energy-efficient, low-carbon and climate-resilient economy, **including through the transition to clean energy**, to the protection and improvement of the quality of the environment and to halting and reversing biodiversity loss, thereby contributing to sustainable development.

Amendment

1. The general objective of the Programme **shall be** to contribute to the shift towards a circular, energy-efficient, **renewable energy-based, low-emissions**, low-carbon and climate-resilient economy, to the protection and improvement of the quality of the environment and to halting and reversing biodiversity loss, **including through supporting the implementation and management of the Natura 2000 network and tackling the degradation of ecosystems**, thereby contributing to sustainable development. **The LIFE Programme shall also support the implementation of General action programmes on environment and climate policy adopted in accordance with Article 192(3) TFEU.**

Or. en

Amendment 174
Benedek Jávor
on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

1. The general objective of the Programme is to contribute to the shift towards a **clean**, circular, energy-efficient, **low-carbon** and climate-resilient economy, including through the transition to **clean** energy, **to the protection and improvement of the quality of the environment and to halting and reversing biodiversity loss**, thereby contributing to sustainable development.

1. The general objective of the Programme is to **substantially improve the state of environment, to halt and reverse the loss and the degradation of natural capital and ecosystem services including clean air, water and soil, to support the implementation and long-term management of the Natura2000 network**, to contribute to the shift towards a **sustainable**, circular, **green, resource-and** energy-efficient, **net zero-emission** and climate-resilient economy, including through the transition to **a highly energy-efficient and renewables-based energy system**, thereby contributing to sustainable development, **a high level of environmental protection and ambitious climate action**.

Or. en

Amendment 175 **Younous Omarjee**

Proposal for a regulation **Article 3 – paragraph 1**

Text proposed by the Commission

1. The general objective of the Programme is to contribute to the shift towards a clean, circular, energy-efficient, low-carbon and climate-resilient economy, including through the transition to clean energy, to the protection and improvement of **the quality of** the environment and to halting and reversing biodiversity loss, thereby contributing to sustainable development.

Amendment

1. The general objective of the Programme is **to protect and improve the quality of the environment, to halt and reverse the loss of biodiversity and the degradation of ecosystems, to support the implementation and management of the Natura 2000 network**, to contribute to the shift towards a **sustainable**, clean, circular, energy-efficient, low-carbon and climate-resilient economy, including through the transition to **healthy ecosystems**, clean **and renewable** energy, to the protection and improvement of the environment **and health** and to halting and reversing biodiversity loss, thereby contributing to sustainable development.

Amendment 176

Nicola Caputo, Soledad Cabezón Ruiz, Susanne Melior, Simona Bonafè, Monika Beňová, Jo Leinen

Proposal for a regulation**Article 3 – paragraph 1***Text proposed by the Commission*

1. The general objective of the Programme is to contribute to the shift towards a **clean**, circular, energy-efficient, low-carbon and climate-resilient economy, including through the transition to **clean** energy, to the protection and improvement of the quality of the environment and to halting and reversing biodiversity loss, thereby contributing to sustainable development.

Amendment

1. The general objective of the Programme is to contribute to the shift towards a **sustainable**, circular, **resource- and** energy-efficient, low-carbon and climate-resilient economy, including through the transition to **an energy-efficient and renewables-based** energy system, to the protection and improvement of the quality of the environment and to halting and reversing biodiversity loss, thereby contributing to sustainable development. **The Programme shall also contribute to better environmental and climate governance at all levels, including better involvement of civil society, NGOs and local actors.**

Amendment 177

Michel Dantin, Herbert Dorfmann, Maurice Ponga, Renaud Muselier, Pilar Ayuso, Françoise Grossetête, Ricardo Serrão Santos, Annie Schreijer-Pierik, Dubravka Šuica, Angélique Delahaye

Proposal for a regulation**Article 3 – paragraph 1***Text proposed by the Commission*

1. The general objective of the Programme is to contribute to the shift towards a clean, circular, energy-efficient, low-carbon and climate-resilient economy, including through the transition to clean

Amendment

1. The general objective of the Programme is to contribute to the shift towards a clean, circular, energy-efficient, low-carbon and climate-resilient economy, including through the transition to clean

energy, *to* the protection and improvement of the quality of the environment *and to* halting and reversing biodiversity loss, thereby contributing to sustainable development.

and renewable energy *and to promote* the protection and improvement of the quality of the environment *as well as* halting and reversing biodiversity loss *while ensuring that fauna and flora are appropriately managed, including the management of large carnivores*, thereby contributing to sustainable development.

Or. fr

Amendment 178

Jan Huitema, Fredrick Federley

Proposal for a regulation

Article 3 – paragraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

1. The general objective of the Programme is to contribute to the shift towards a clean, circular, energy-efficient, low-carbon and climate-resilient economy, including through the transition to clean energy, to the protection and improvement of the quality of the environment and to halting and reversing biodiversity loss, thereby contributing to sustainable development.

Amendment

1. The general objective of the Programme is to contribute to the shift towards a clean, circular, energy-efficient, low-carbon and climate-resilient economy, including through the transition to clean energy, to the protection and improvement of the quality of the environment and to halting and reversing biodiversity loss, thereby contributing to sustainable development. *The Programme shall also contribute to better involvement of all relevant stakeholders in environment, energy and climate action.*

Or. en

Amendment 179

Francesc Gambús

Proposal for a regulation

Article 3 – paragraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

1. The general objective of the

Amendment

1. The general objective of the

Programme is to contribute to the shift towards a clean, circular, energy-efficient, low-carbon and climate-resilient economy, including through the transition to clean energy, to the protection and improvement of the quality of the environment and to halting and reversing biodiversity loss, thereby contributing to sustainable development.

Programme is to contribute to the shift towards a clean, circular, energy-efficient, low-carbon and climate-resilient economy, including through the transition to clean energy, to the protection and improvement of the quality of the environment and to halting and reversing biodiversity loss, thereby contributing to sustainable development. ***The Programme's objectives must also include the adaptation of European cities and regions to climate change.***

Or. es

Amendment 180
Francesc Gambús

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 2 – point a

Text proposed by the Commission

(a) to develop, demonstrate and promote innovative techniques and approaches for reaching the objectives of the Union legislation and policy on environment and climate action, including the transition to clean energy, and to contribute to the application of best practice in relation to nature and biodiversity;

Amendment

(a) to develop, demonstrate and promote innovative techniques and approaches for reaching the objectives of the Union legislation and policy on environment and climate action, including the transition to clean energy, and to contribute to the application of best practice in relation to nature and biodiversity, ***including combating invasive species such as the golden apple snail and the bullfrog;***

Or. es

Amendment 181
Michel Dantin, Pilar Ayuso, Maurice Ponga, Ricardo Serrão Santos, Annie Schreijer-Pierik, Dubravka Šuica, Angélique Delahaye

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 2 – point a

Text proposed by the Commission

(a) to develop, demonstrate and promote innovative techniques and approaches for reaching the objectives of the Union legislation and policy on environment and climate action, including the transition to clean energy, and to contribute to the application of best practice in relation to nature **and** biodiversity;

Amendment

(a) to develop, demonstrate and promote innovative techniques and approaches for reaching the objectives of the Union legislation and policy on environment and climate action, including the transition to clean energy, and to contribute to the application of best practice in relation to nature, ***the preservation and management of biodiversity and supporting the transition to more sustainable farming practices;***

Or. fr

Amendment 182

Nicola Caputo, Soledad Cabezón Ruiz, Susanne Melior, Simona Bonafè, Monika Beňová, Jo Leinen

Proposal for a regulation

Article 3 – paragraph 2 – point a

Text proposed by the Commission

(a) to develop, demonstrate and promote innovative techniques and approaches for reaching the objectives of the Union legislation and policy on environment and climate action, including the transition to ***clean*** energy, and to contribute to the application of best practice in relation to nature and biodiversity;

Amendment

(a) to develop, demonstrate and promote innovative techniques and approaches for reaching the objectives of the Union legislation and policy on environment and climate action, including the transition to ***renewable*** energy ***and increased energy efficiency***, and to contribute to the application of best practice ***and to improve the knowledge*** in relation to nature and biodiversity;

Or. en

Amendment 183

Jan Huitema, Fredrick Federley

Proposal for a regulation

Article 3 – paragraph 2 – point a

Text proposed by the Commission

(a) to develop, demonstrate and promote innovative techniques and approaches for reaching the objectives of the Union legislation and policy on environment and climate action, including the transition to clean energy, and to contribute to the application of best practice in relation to nature **and** biodiversity;

Amendment

(a) to develop, demonstrate and promote innovative techniques and approaches for reaching the objectives of the Union legislation and policy on environment and climate action, including the transition to clean energy, and to contribute to the application of best practice in relation to nature, biodiversity **as well as the sustainable and efficient use of natural resources**;

Or. en

Amendment 184
Younous Omarjee

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 2 – point a

Text proposed by the Commission

(a) to develop, demonstrate and promote innovative techniques and approaches for reaching the objectives of the Union legislation and policy on environment and climate action, including the transition to clean energy, and to contribute to the application of best practice in relation to nature and biodiversity;

Amendment

(a) to develop, demonstrate and promote innovative techniques and approaches for reaching the objectives of the Union legislation and policy on environment and climate action, including the transition to clean **and renewable** energy **and better health protection**, and to contribute to the application of best practice in relation to nature and biodiversity;

Or. fr

Amendment 185
Benedek Jávor
on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 2 – point a

Text proposed by the Commission

(a) to develop, demonstrate and promote innovative techniques and approaches for reaching the objectives of the Union legislation and policy on environment and climate action, including the transition to *clean* energy, and to contribute to the application of best practice in relation to nature and biodiversity;

Amendment

(a) to develop, demonstrate and promote innovative techniques and approaches for reaching the objectives of the Union legislation and policy on environment and climate action, including the transition to *renewable* energy **and improving energy efficiency**, and to contribute to the application of best practice in relation to nature and biodiversity;

Or. en

Amendment 186

Soledad Cabezón Ruiz

Proposal for a regulation

Article 3 – paragraph 2 – point a

Text proposed by the Commission

(a) to develop, demonstrate and promote innovative techniques and approaches for reaching the objectives of the Union legislation and policy on environment **and** climate action, including the transition to *clean* energy, **and to contribute to the application of best practice in relation to nature and biodiversity**;

Amendment

(a) to develop, demonstrate and promote innovative techniques and approaches for reaching the objectives of the Union legislation and policy on environment, **including nature and biodiversity or** climate action, including the transition to *renewable* energy **or increased energy efficiency**;

Or. en

Amendment 187

Michel Dantin, Pilar Ayuso, Annie Schreijer-Pierik, Renaud Muselier, Dubravka Šuica, Angélique Delahaye

Proposal for a regulation

Article 3 – paragraph 2 – point a a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(aa) to contribute to the application of best practice and to improve the knowledge base in relation to nature and biodiversity;

Or. en

Amendment 188
Soledad Cabezón Ruiz

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 2 – point a a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(aa) to contribute to the application of best practice and to improve the knowledge base in relation to nature and biodiversity

Or. en

Amendment 189
Michel Dantin, Pilar Ayuso, Annie Schreijer-Pierik, Dubravka Šuica, Angélique Delahaye

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 2 – point a b (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(ab) supporting the implementation and management of the Natura 2000 network and tackling the degradation of ecosystems, thereby contributing to sustainable development. The Programme shall also support the implementation of general action programmes on environment and climate policy adopted in accordance with Article 192(3) of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union;

Or. en

Amendment 190

Benedek Jávor

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation

Article 3 – paragraph 2 – point b

Text proposed by the Commission

(b) to support the development, implementation, monitoring and enforcement of the relevant Union legislation and policy, including by **improving** governance through enhancing capacities of public and private actors **and** the involvement of civil society;

Amendment

(b) to support the development, implementation, monitoring, **effective compliance** and enforcement of the **Union's General Environment Action Programme under Article 192(3) TFEU and other** relevant Union legislation and policy, including by **supporting better environmental and climate** governance **at all levels, including** through enhancing capacities of public and private actors, **improving awareness-raising and reinforcing** the involvement of civil society, **NGOs and local actors**.

Or. en

Amendment 191

Annie Schreijer-Pierik

Proposal for a regulation

Article 3 – paragraph 2 – point b

Text proposed by the Commission

(b) to support the development, implementation, monitoring and enforcement of the relevant Union legislation and policy, including by improving governance through enhancing capacities of public and private actors and the involvement of civil society;

Amendment

(b) to support the development, implementation, monitoring and enforcement of the relevant Union legislation and policy, including by improving governance through enhancing capacities of public and private actors, **including agriculture, horticulture, forestry and fisheries**, and the involvement of civil society;

Or. en

Amendment 192
Younous Omarjee

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 2 – point b

Text proposed by the Commission

(b) to support the development, implementation, monitoring and enforcement of the relevant Union legislation and policy, including by improving governance through enhancing capacities of public and private actors and the involvement of civil society;

Amendment

(b) to support the development, implementation, monitoring and enforcement of the relevant Union legislation and policy, including by improving governance through enhancing capacities of public and private actors and the **capacities and** involvement of civil society, **NGOs and other local actors**;

Or. fr

Amendment 193
Elisabetta Gardini

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 2 – point b

Text proposed by the Commission

(b) to support the development, implementation, monitoring and enforcement of the relevant Union legislation and policy, including by improving governance through enhancing capacities of public and private actors and the involvement of civil society;

Amendment

(b) to support the development, implementation, monitoring and enforcement of the relevant Union legislation and policy, including by improving governance through enhancing capacities of public and private actors and the involvement of civil society **and churches and religious associations or communities**;

Or. it

Justification

The proposed amendment seeks to recognise the key role played by churches and religious associations or communities in relation to environmental policies. It also seeks to implement

Article 17 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, which requires a distinction to be made between the above-mentioned entities and civil society bodies.

Amendment 194
György Hölvényi

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 2 – point b

Text proposed by the Commission

(b) to support the development, implementation, monitoring and enforcement of the relevant Union legislation and policy, including by improving governance through enhancing capacities of public and private actors and the involvement of civil society;

Amendment

(b) to support the development, implementation, monitoring and enforcement of the relevant Union legislation and policy, including by improving governance through enhancing capacities of public and private actors and the involvement of civil society ***and church and religious communities;***

Or. hu

Amendment 195
Francesc Gambús, Pilar Ayuso, Rosa Estaràs Ferragut

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 2 – point c a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(ca) to adapt European territories to the effects of climate change, paying special attention to island and coastal territories.

Or. es

Amendment 196
Younous Omarjee

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 2 – point c a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(ca) to support the implementation of the EU's environmental action

programmes.

Or. fr

Amendment 197

Annie Schreijer-Pierik

Proposal for a regulation

Article 3 – paragraph 2 – point c a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(ca) The Programme shall not undermine the objectives of other Union legislation and policy;

Or. en

Justification

Unfortunately, LIFE projects in some Member States have caused unnecessary public controversy and conflicts in the past years e.g. because of expropriation of family farms. Conflicts of application of LIFE with other Union legislation and policy such as the CAP and protection of young farmers and family farms should be avoided. Cooperation with e.g. farmers and landowners, but also SMEs and the private sector must be reinforced in the LIFE fund regulation.

Amendment 198

Benedek Jávor

Proposal for a regulation

Article 4 – paragraph 1 – point 1 – point b

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(b) the sub-programme Circular Economy and Quality of Life;

(b) the sub-programme Circular Economy, **Health** and Quality of Life;

Or. en

Amendment 199

Younous Omarjee

Proposal for a regulation

Article 4 – paragraph 1 – point 1 – point b

Text proposed by the Commission

(b) the sub-programme Circular Economy and Quality of Life;

Amendment

(b) the sub-programme Circular Economy, **Health** and Quality of Life;

Or. fr

Amendment 200

Michel Dantin, Pilar Ayuso, Maurice Ponga, Annie Schreijer-Pierik, Dubravka Šuica, Angélique Delahaye

Proposal for a regulation

Article 4 – paragraph 1 – point 1 – point b a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(ba) the sub-programme Sustainable Farming Practices;

Or. fr

Amendment 201

Benedek Jávor

Proposal for a regulation

Article 4 – paragraph 1 – point 2 – point a

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(a) the sub-programme Climate Change Mitigation and Adaptation;

(a) the sub-programme Climate Change **Governance**, Mitigation and Adaptation;

Or. en

Amendment 202

Benedek Jávor

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation
Article 4 – paragraph 1 – point 2 – point b

Text proposed by the Commission

(b) the sub-programme ***Clean Energy Transition***.

Amendment

(b) the sub-programme ***Renewable Energy, Energy Efficiency and Sustainable Energy Communities***.

Or. en

Amendment 203
Benedek Jávor
on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation
Article 5 – paragraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

1. The financial envelope for the implementation of the Programme for the period 2021-2027 shall ***be EUR 5 450 000 000 in current prices***.

Amendment

1. The financial envelope for the implementation of the Programme for the period 2021-2027 shall ***amount to at least 1% of the total EU budget for the period 2021-2027***.

Or. en

Amendment 204
Arne Gericke

Proposal for a regulation
Article 5 – paragraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

1. The financial envelope for the implementation of the Programme for the period 2021-2027 shall be EUR 5 450 000 000 in current prices.

Amendment

1. The financial envelope for the ***multiannual*** implementation of the Programme for the period 2021-2027 shall be EUR 5 450 000 000 in current prices.

Or. en

Amendment 205

Nicola Caputo, Soledad Cabezón Ruiz, Susanne Melior, Simona Bonafè, Biljana Borzan, Monika Beňová, Jo Leinen

Proposal for a regulation

Article 5 – paragraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

1. The financial envelope for the implementation of the Programme for the period 2021-2027 shall be **EUR 5 450 000 000** in current prices.

Amendment

1. The financial envelope for the implementation of the Programme for the period 2021-2027 shall be **EUR 7 272 000 000** in current prices.

Or. en

Amendment 206

Younous Omarjee

Proposal for a regulation

Article 5 – paragraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

1. The financial envelope for the implementation of the Programme for the period 2021-2027 shall be **EUR 5 450 000 000** in current prices.

Amendment

1. The financial envelope for the implementation of the Programme for the period 2021-2027 shall be **1% of the MFF** in current prices.

Or. fr

Amendment 207

Eleonora Evi, Piernicola Pedicini

Proposal for a regulation

Article 5 – paragraph 2 – point a – introductory part

Text proposed by the Commission

(a) EUR 3 500 000 000 for the field Environment, **of which**

Amendment

(a) EUR 3 500 000 000 for the field Environment, **to be allocated as follows:**

Amendment 208

Nicola Caputo, Soledad Cabezón Ruiz, Susanne Melior, Simona Bonafè, Biljana Borzan, Monika Beňová, Damiano Zoffoli, Jo Leinen

Proposal for a regulation

Article 5 – paragraph 2 – point a – introductory part

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(a) EUR 3 500 000 000 for the field Environment, of which

(a) EUR 5 322 000 000 for the field Environment, of which

Or. en

Amendment 209

Michel Dantin, Cláudia Monteiro de Aguiar, Maurice Ponga, Pilar Ayuso, Françoise Grossetête, Dubravka Šuica, Angélique Delahaye

Proposal for a regulation

Article 5 – paragraph 2 – point a – introductory part

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(a) EUR 3 500 000 000 for the field Environment, of which

(a) EUR 5 322 000 000 for the field Environment, of which

Or. fr

Amendment 210

Younous Omarjee

Proposal for a regulation

Article 5 – paragraph 2 – point a – introductory part

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(a) EUR 3 500 000 000 for the field Environment, of which

(a) 64.2% for the field Environment, of which

Or. fr

Amendment 211

Benedek Jávor

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation

Article 5 – paragraph 2 – point a – introductory part

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(a) **EUR 3 500 000 000** for the field Environment, of which

(a) **73,19%** for the field Environment, of which

Or. en

Amendment 212

Nicola Caputo, Soledad Cabezón Ruiz, Susanne Melior, Simona Bonafè, Biljana Borzan, Monika Beňová, Damiano Zoffoli, Jo Leinen

Proposal for a regulation

Article 5 – paragraph 2 – point a – point 1

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(1) **EUR 2 150 000 000** for the sub-programme Nature and Biodiversity and

(1) **EUR 3 261 420 000** for the sub-programme Nature and Biodiversity and

Or. en

Amendment 213

Michel Dantin, Cláudia Monteiro de Aguiar, Maurice Ponga, Pilar Ayuso, Dubravka Šuica, Angélique Delahaye

Proposal for a regulation

Article 5 – paragraph 2 – point a – point 1

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(1) **EUR 2 150 000 000** for the sub-programme Nature and Biodiversity and

(1) **EUR 2 672 000 000** for the sub-programme Nature and Biodiversity and

Or. fr

Amendment 214

Benedek Jávor

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation

Article 5 – paragraph 2 – point a – point 1

Text proposed by the Commission

(1) **EUR 2 150 000 000** for the sub-programme Nature and Biodiversity and

Amendment

(1) **61,28%** for the sub-programme Nature and Biodiversity and

Or. en

Amendment 215

Eleonora Evi, Piernicola Pedicini

Proposal for a regulation

Article 5 – paragraph 2 – point a – point 1

Text proposed by the Commission

(1) **EUR 2 150 000 000** for the sub-programme Nature and Biodiversity and

Amendment

(1) **60%** for the sub-programme Nature and Biodiversity and

Or. it

Amendment 216

Younous Omarjee

Proposal for a regulation

Article 5 – paragraph 2 – point a – point 1

Text proposed by the Commission

(1) **EUR 2 150 000 000** for the sub-programme Nature and Biodiversity and

Amendment

(1) **61.4%** for the sub-programme Nature and Biodiversity and

Or. fr

Amendment 217

Nicola Caputo, Soledad Cabezón Ruiz, Susanne Melior, Simona Bonafè, Biljana Borzan, Monika Beňová, Damiano Zoffoli, Jo Leinen

Proposal for a regulation

Article 5 – paragraph 2 – point a – point 2

Text proposed by the Commission

(2) EUR **1 350 000 000** for the sub-programme Circular Economy and Quality of Life;

Amendment

(2) EUR **2 060 580 000** for the sub-programme Circular Economy and Quality of Life;

Or. en

Amendment 218

Benedek Jávor

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation

Article 5 – paragraph 2 – point a – point 2

Text proposed by the Commission

(2) EUR **1 350 000 000** for the sub-programme Circular Economy and Quality of Life;

Amendment

(2) **38,72%** for the sub-programme Circular Economy, **Health**, and Quality of Life;

Or. en

Amendment 219

Eleonora Evi, Piernicola Pedicini

Proposal for a regulation

Article 5 – paragraph 2 – point a – point 2

Text proposed by the Commission

(2) EUR **1 350 000 000** for the sub-programme Circular Economy and Quality of Life;

Amendment

(2) **40%** for the sub-programme Circular Economy and Quality of Life;

Or. it

Amendment 220
Younous Omarjee

Proposal for a regulation
Article 5 – paragraph 2 – point a – point 2

Text proposed by the Commission

(2) **EUR 1 350 000 000** for the sub-programme Circular Economy and Quality of Life;

Amendment

(2) **38.6%** for the sub-programme Circular Economy and Quality of Life;

Or. fr

Amendment 221
Michel Dantin, Pilar Ayuso, Maurice Ponga, Cláudia Monteiro de Aguiar, Angélique Delahaye, Dubravka Šuica, Renaud Muselier

Proposal for a regulation
Article 5 – paragraph 2 – point a – point 2 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

(2a) EUR 1 300 000 000 for the sub-programme Sustainable Farming Practices;

Amendment

Or. fr

Amendment 222
Eleonora Evi, Piernicola Pedicini

Proposal for a regulation
Article 5 – paragraph 2 – point b – introductory part

Text proposed by the Commission

(b) EUR 1 950 000 000 for the field Climate Action, *of which*

Amendment

(b) EUR 1 950 000 000 for the field Climate Action, *to be allocated as follows:*

Or. it

Amendment 223

Benedek Jávor

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation

Article 5 – paragraph 2 – point b – introductory part

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(b) **EUR 1 950 000 000** for the field
Climate Action, of which

(b) **26,81%** for the field Climate
Action, of which

Or. en

Amendment 224

Younous Omarjee

Proposal for a regulation

Article 5 – paragraph 2 – point b – introductory part

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(b) **EUR 1 950 000 000** for the field
Climate Action, of which

(b) **35.8%** for the field Climate Action,
of which

Or. fr

Amendment 225

Benedek Jávor

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation

Article 5 – paragraph 2 – point b – point 1

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(1) **EUR 950 000 000** for the sub-
programme Climate Change Mitigation
and Adaptation and

(1) **48,72%** for the sub-programme
Climate Change **Governance**, Mitigation
and Adaptation and

Or. en

Amendment 226
Eleonora Evi, Piernicola Pedicini

Proposal for a regulation
Article 5 – paragraph 2 – point b – point 1

Text proposed by the Commission

(1) **EUR 950 000 000** for the sub-programme Climate Change Mitigation and Adaptation and

Amendment

(1) **50%** for the sub-programme Climate Change Mitigation and Adaptation and

Or. it

Amendment 227
Younous Omarjee

Proposal for a regulation
Article 5 – paragraph 2 – point b – point 1

Text proposed by the Commission

(1) **EUR 950 000 000** for the sub-programme Climate Change Mitigation and Adaptation and

Amendment

(1) **48.8%** for the sub-programme Climate Change Mitigation and Adaptation and

Or. fr

Amendment 228
Benedek Jávor
on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation
Article 5 – paragraph 2 – point b – point 2

Text proposed by the Commission

(2) **EUR 1 000 000 000** for the sub-programme ***Clean Energy Transition***.

Amendment

(2) **51,28%** for the sub-programme ***Renewable Energy, Energy Efficiency and Sustainable Energy Communities***.

Or. en

Amendment 229
Eleonora Evi, Piernicola Pedicini

Proposal for a regulation
Article 5 – paragraph 2 – point b – point 2

Text proposed by the Commission

(2) **EUR 1 000 000 000** for the sub-programme Clean Energy Transition.

Amendment

(2) **50%** for the sub-programme Clean Energy Transition.

Or. it

Amendment 230
Younous Omarjee

Proposal for a regulation
Article 5 – paragraph 2 – point b – point 2

Text proposed by the Commission

(2) **EUR 1 000 000 000** for the sub-programme Clean Energy Transition.

Amendment

(2) **51.2%** for the sub-programme Clean Energy Transition.

Or. fr

Amendment 231
Younous Omarjee

Proposal for a regulation
Article 5 – paragraph 2 – point b a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(ba) At least 2% of all funding from the LIFE programme must be allocated to the outermost regions, and at least 1% to the French outermost regions;

Or. fr

Amendment 232
Guillaume Balas, Louis-Joseph Manscour

Proposal for a regulation
Article 5 – paragraph 2 – point b a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(ba) At least 2% of all funding from the LIFE programme must be allocated to the outermost regions;

Or. en

Amendment 233
Soledad Cabezón Ruiz

Proposal for a regulation
Article 5 – paragraph 3 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

3a. Notwithstanding paragraph 2, at least 60 % of the budgetary resources under the field Environment referred to in point (a) in paragraph 2 shall be dedicated to grants for projects supporting the Sub-programme Nature and Biodiversity referred to in point i) of point (a) in paragraph 2.

Or. en

Amendment 234
Pilar Ayuso

Proposal for a regulation
Article 5 – paragraph 3 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

3a. At least 60 % of the budgetary resources under the field Environment referred to in point (a) in paragraph 2 shall be dedicated to grants for projects supporting the sub-programme Nature and Biodiversity referred to in point (1) of letter (a) in paragraph 2.

Amendment 235
Susanne Melior

Proposal for a regulation
Article 5 – paragraph 3 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

3a. At least 61 % of the budgetary resources allocated to projects supported by way of action grants under the field Environment shall be dedicated to projects of the sub-programme nature and biodiversity.

Or. en

Justification

The protection of nature and biodiversity is one of the main objectives of the LIFE programme. It should therefore be ensured that funding is channelled into these areas. This complies with the current LIFE Regulation.

Amendment 236
Benedek Jávor

Proposal for a regulation
Article 5 – paragraph 4

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

4. The amount referred to in paragraph 1 may be used for technical and administrative assistance for the implementation of the Programme, such as preparatory, monitoring, control, audit and evaluation activities including **corporate information technology systems**.

4. The amount referred to in paragraph 1 may be used for technical and administrative assistance for the implementation of the Programme, such as preparatory, monitoring, control, audit and evaluation activities including **a systemic ex-post evaluation on the long-term sustainability and maintenance of the results achieved by the Programme**.

Or. en

Amendment 237

Arne Gericke

Proposal for a regulation

Article 5 – paragraph 4

Text proposed by the Commission

4. The amount referred to in paragraph 1 may be used for technical and administrative assistance for the implementation of the Programme, such as preparatory, monitoring, control, audit and evaluation activities including corporate information technology systems.

Amendment

4. The amount referred to in paragraph 1 may be used for technical and administrative assistance for the implementation of the Programme, such as preparatory, monitoring, control, audit, **cost benefit analysis** and evaluation activities including corporate information technology systems.

Or. en

Amendment 238

Benedek Jávor

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation

Article 5 – paragraph 5 – introductory part

Text proposed by the Commission

5. The Programme may finance activities implemented by the Commission in support of the preparation, implementation and mainstreaming of Union environmental, climate or relevant **clean energy transition** legislation and policies for the purpose of achieving the objectives set out in Article 3. Such activities may include:

Amendment

5. The Programme may finance activities implemented by the Commission in support of the preparation, implementation and mainstreaming of Union environmental, **biodiversity**, climate or relevant **renewable energy and energy efficiency** legislation and policies for the purpose of achieving the objectives set out in Article 3. Such activities may include:

Or. en

Amendment 239

Arne Gericke

Proposal for a regulation
Article 5 – paragraph 5 – point a

Text proposed by the Commission

(a) information and communication, including awareness raising campaigns. Financial resources allocated to communication activities pursuant to this Regulation shall **also** cover corporate communication **regarding the political priorities of the Union, as well as** regarding the implementation and transposition status of Union environmental, climate or relevant clean energy legislation;

Amendment

(a) information and communication, including awareness raising campaigns. Financial resources allocated to communication activities pursuant to this Regulation shall cover corporate communication regarding the implementation and transposition status of Union environmental, climate or relevant clean energy legislation;

Or. en

Amendment 240
Benedek Jávor
on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation
Article 5 – paragraph 5 – point a

Text proposed by the Commission

(a) information and communication, including awareness raising campaigns. Financial resources allocated to communication activities pursuant to this Regulation shall also cover corporate communication regarding the political priorities of the Union, as well as regarding the implementation and transposition status of Union environmental, climate or relevant **clean** energy legislation;

Amendment

(a) information and communication, including awareness raising campaigns. Financial resources allocated to communication activities pursuant to this Regulation shall also cover corporate communication regarding the political priorities of the Union, as well as regarding the implementation and transposition status of Union environmental, **biodiversity**, climate or relevant **renewable** energy **and energy efficiency** legislation;

Or. en

Amendment 241

Benedek Jávör

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation

Article 5 – paragraph 5 – point c a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(ca) capacity building to improve governance;

Or. en

Amendment 242

Benedek Jávör

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Proposal for a regulation

Article 5 – paragraph 5 – point d

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(d) workshops, conferences and meetings;

(d) workshops, *trainings*, conferences and meetings;

Or. en