

Coronavirus: Latest developments

A year and a quarter after the Covid-19 pandemic first broke out, the disease continues to wreak havoc in many countries around the world. The process of vaccination continues at varying speeds across the globe, but with a clear discrepancy between rich and poor countries. Significant pressure is being applied by NGOs, international institutions and a number of national governments to help poor countries with vaccinations, notably because of actual or potential dangerous mutations of the coronavirus. Meanwhile, the EU institutions are close to finalising a 'digital green certificate' to facilitate safe and free movement between Member States, by providing proof that a person has either been vaccinated against Covid-19, received a negative test result, or recovered from the disease and carries antibodies.

This note offers links to recent **commentaries, studies and reports from international think tanks** on the coronavirus and related issues. More studies on the topics can be found in a [previous edition](#) in this series, published in February 2021.

[A new multilateralism for the post-Covid world: What role for the EU-Africa partnership?](#)
European Think Tank Group, April 2021

[Built to order: How Europe can rebuild multilateralism after Covid-19](#)
European Council on Foreign Relations, April 2021

[Under cover of Covid, Poland is stifling free media – and all Europe should be worried](#)
European Council on Foreign Relations, April 2021

[Belt and Road in Kenya: Covid-19 sparks a reckoning with debt and dissatisfaction](#)
European Council on Foreign Relations, March 2021

[A year on, the 'Color of Covid' still matters](#)
Council on Foreign Relations, March 2021

[The military in the time of Covid-19: Versatile, vulnerable, and vindicating](#)
Egmont, March 2021

[Towards cutting-edge European humanitarian leadership](#)
Egmont, March 2021

[African intra and inter-continental migration during Covid-19](#)
Egmont, February 2021

[The unequal inequality impact of the Covid-19 pandemic](#)
Bruegel, March 2021

[An update: Vaccination in the EU](#)

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[Persistent Covid-19: Exploring potential economic implications](#)

Bruegel, March 2021

[When and how to unwind Covid support measures to the banking system?](#)

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[Self-employment, Covid-19, and the future of work for knowledge workers](#)

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[The EU's fiscal stance, its recovery fund, and how they relate to the fiscal rules](#)

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[The impact of Covid-19 on the Internal Market](#)

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[New EU insolvency rules could underpin business rescue in the Covid-19 aftermath](#)

Bruegel, March 2021

[Covid-19 credit-support programmes in Europe's five largest economies](#)

Bruegel, February 2021

[Aiming for zero Covid-19: Europe needs to take action](#)

Bruegel, February 2021

[Will Covid accelerate productivity growth?](#)

Bruegel, February 2021

[Everything will be different: How the pandemic is changing EU economic governance](#)

Jacques Delors Institute, February 2021

[Spending EU subsidies well: A challenge for member states](#)

Jacques Delors Institute, February 2021

[A European vaccine passport? A healthy debate](#)

Jacques Delors Institute, February 2021

[Why Europe should spend big like Biden](#)

Centre for European Reform, March 2021

[How Greece can recover from Covid](#)

Centre for European Reform, February 2021

[The EU's troubled leadership: You get what you pay for](#)

Centre for European Reform, February 2021

[An unequal recovery would be politically explosive](#)

Centre for European Reform, January 2021

[Trade policy and medical supplies during Covid-19](#)

Chatham House, February 2021

[Managing global liquidity through Covid-19 and beyond](#)

Chatham House, February 2021

[Prioritizing equity after Covid-19](#)

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[Fiscal policy and the post-Covid-19 recovery](#)

Chatham House, February 2021

[The Covid-19 pandemic and trends in technology](#)

Chatham House, February 2021

[The geo-economics and geopolitics of Covid-19: Implications for European security](#)

International Institute for Strategic Studies, March 2021

[The European Union in the Covid-19 storm: Economic, political and stability challenges](#)

International Institute for Strategic Studies, February 2021

[Covid-19 vaccine race: The black market opportunity](#)

International Institute for Strategic Studies, February 2021

[Non-standard workers and the self-employed in the EU: Social protection during the Covid-19 pandemic](#)

European Trade Union Institute, February 2021

[Covid-19 and conservation: Crisis response strategies that benefit people and nature](#)

German Development Institute, February 2021

[Health and public communication in the era of conspiracy theories](#)

EUROPEUM, February 2021

[Covid 19 and Europe-wide income disparities](#)

Friedrich Ebert Stiftung, February 2021

[Economic Assessment of the Euro Area](#)

EURORAME, 2021

[2020: Das schwierige Covid-19-Jahr auf dem Westbalkan](#)

Österreichische Institut für Internationale Politik, January 2021

[Impacts of the Covid-19 pandemic on EU industries](#)

Centre for European Policy Studies, March 2021

[What can the ECB achieve in a lockdown recession?](#)

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[Vaccines: How to use market-based incentives to ramp up production](#)

Centre for European Policy Studies, February 2021

[A transatlantic cure to the pandemic and structural global health](#)

Clingendael, March 2021

[One year in, Covid-19's uneven spread across the US continues](#)

Brookings Institution, March 2021

[Getting the Covid-19 vaccine: Progress, and equity questions for the next phase](#)

Brookings Institution, March 2021

[Putting girls at the center of the Covid-19 pandemic response in Africa](#)

Brookings Institution, March 2021

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