

## TRANSWEL

Mobile Welfare in Transnational Europe: portability regimes of social security rights









### TRANSWEL project overview



- Investigates
  - regulations, practices and experiences
  - social security portability
  - between 4 pairs of EU member states
    - Bulgaria-Germany, Estonia-Sweden, Hungary-Austria, Poland-UK
- Generates new qualitative and quantitative comparative data on social security portability for mobile EU worker
- Runs from February 2015-January 2018
- Is funded by NORFACE Welfare State Futures programme



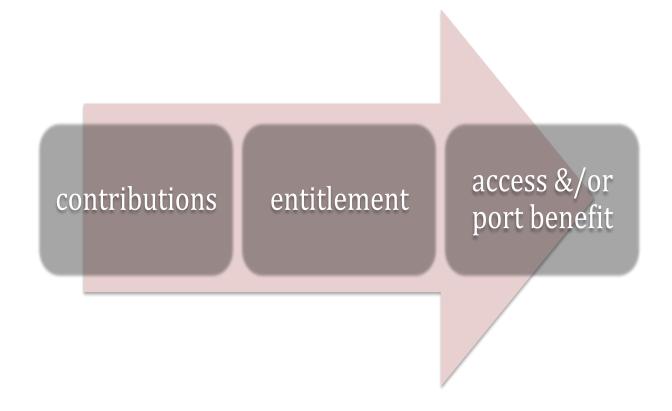






# Regulating social security portability I: the classic concept













# Regulating social security portability II: the TRANSWEL results













# Social security portability regulation: barriers and blockages



Regulatory and institutional complexity hides barriers to <u>access and</u> <u>portability</u> of social security, especially for more frequent movers and those in more precarious work

- Social security system differences
- Co-existence of residency rules
- Procedural requirements
- Administrative discretion





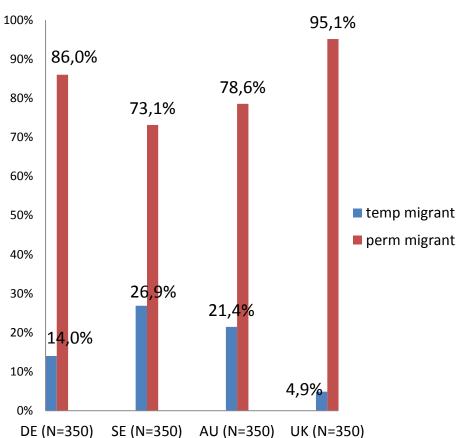




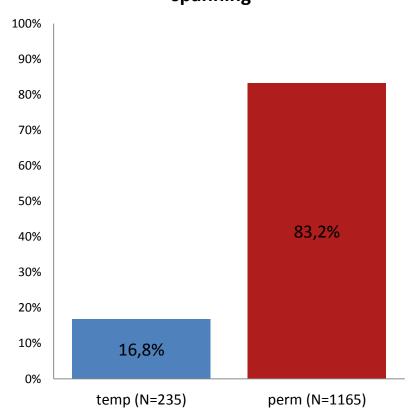
### Type of migration







## Type of migration: country-pairs spanning









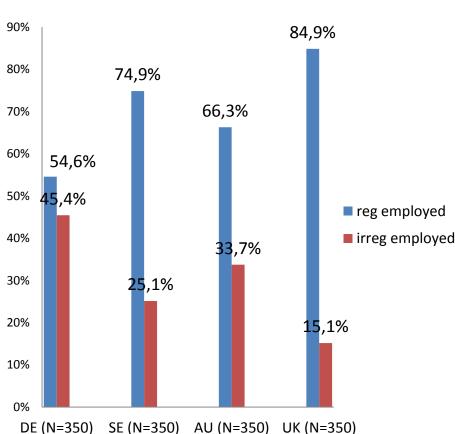




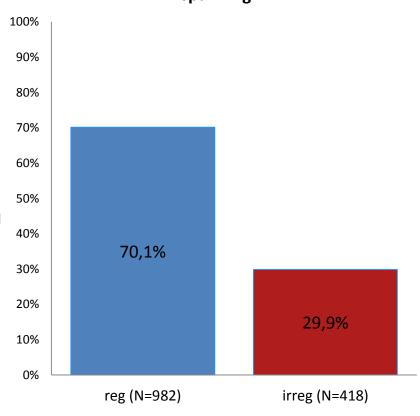
#### Type of employment



#### Status of employment: country-pairs



### Status of employment: country-pair spanning







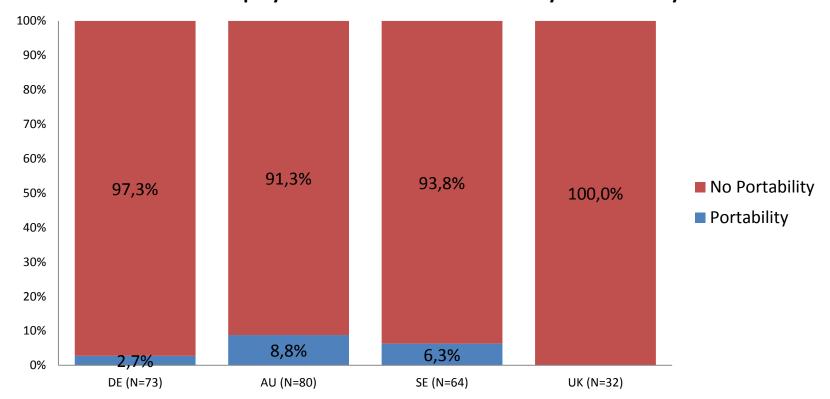






#### Portability of unemployment benefits

## Application for transfer of unemployment benefits as % of all those who claimed unemployment benefits in either country in the last 5 years







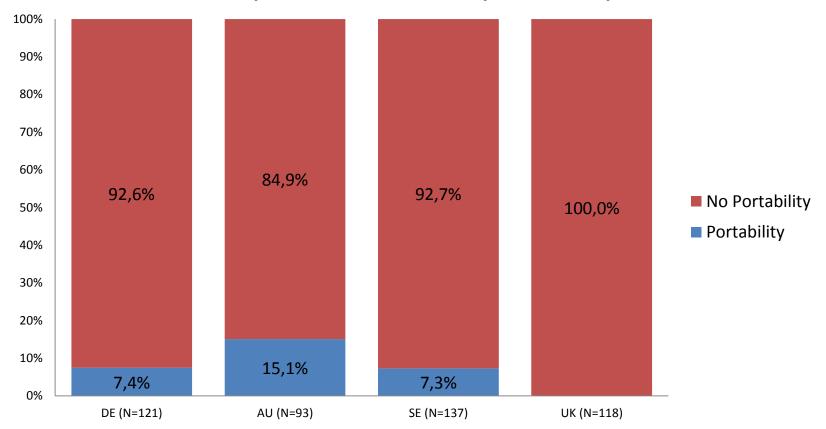






#### Portability of family benefits

## Application for transfer of family benefits as a % of all those who applied for family benefits in either country in the last 5 years









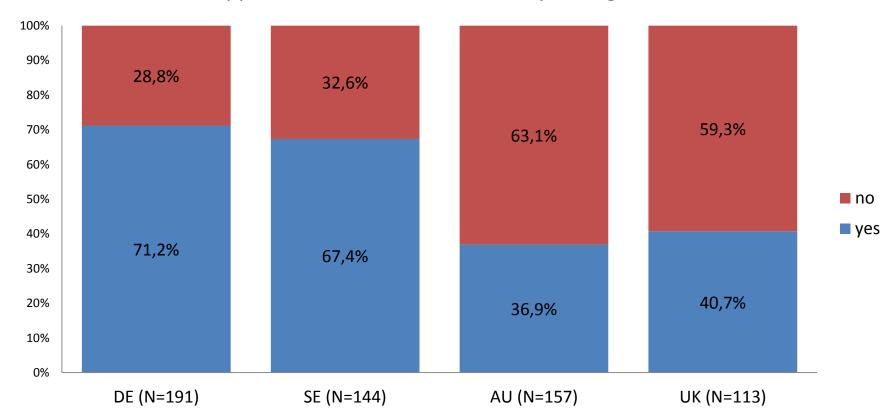




#### Healthcare



#### Application for EHIC in the country of origin











#### TRANSWEL results so far



#### Findings from our regulatory analysis and survey are mutually supportive

- Application of EU law in and between member states can restrict workers' ability to
  - generate entitlements
  - access and port benefits
- Social security of mobile EU workers and their families is marked by inequalities and contingency as much as "rights"
- More mobile and more precarious are most vulnerable and least likely to access these rights.











#### Thank you for your attention

www.transwel.org







