EU's actions on endocrine disruptors: The untapped public health & economic opportunity

Natacha Cingotti

Health and Environment Alliance

22nd March 2018, European Parliament

"Endocrine disruptors: is the EU regulating in the right way?"



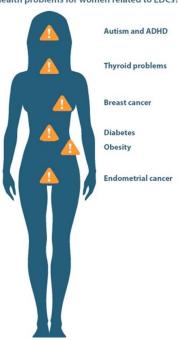
Take away message

- EDCs are linked to numerous health conditions that weigh a heavy burden on the EU's economy
- Taking action to regulate them has major yet untapped public health and economic benefits
- Extraordinary public health and civil society demand for action
- EU's response: too slow, too narrow, too fragmented
- The clock is ticking...
 - Human exposure keeps increasing
 - Where is the new EDC strategy? What about yet unaddressed critical areas (toys, cosmetics, food packs)?



Challenges & opportunities for health

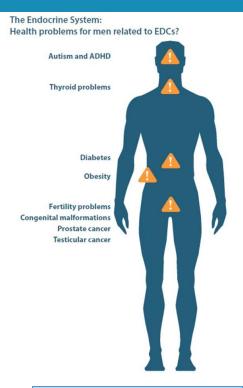
The Endocrine System: Health problems for women related to EDCs?



Ob-gyns from 125 countries say...



Tell policymakers to listen.



European Cancer Leagues Wendy Tse Yared,

« Curbing exposure to endocrine disrupting chemicals should become a central part of cancer prevention strategy in Europe »



EDC-2: The Endocrine Society's Second Scientific Statement on Endocrine-Disrupting Chemicals

A. C. Gore, V. A. Chappell, S. E. Fenton, J. A. Flaws, A. Nadal, G. S. Prins, J. Toppari, and R. T. Zoeller

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Reducing exposure to endocrine disrupting chemicals will benefit healthcare systems and economies as a whole.



PRESIDENT OF THE INTERNATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF MUTUAL BENEFIT SOCIETIES (AIM)



Health savings from regulating EDCs

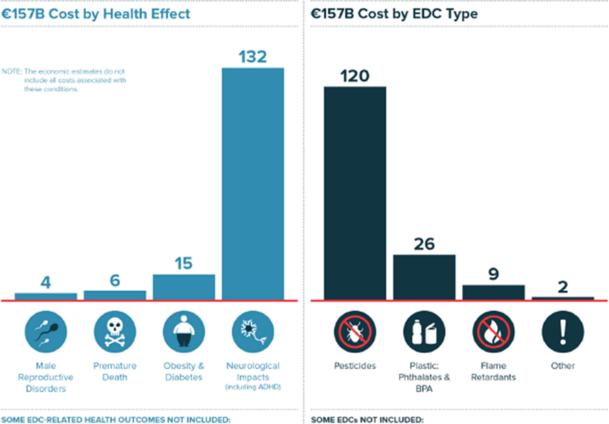


HEALTH EFFECTS FROM ENDOCRINE DISRUPTING CHEMICALS COST THE EU 157 BILLION EUROS EACH YEAR.

This is the tip of the iceberg: Costs may be as high as €270B.

pdated figure:

Promoting environmental policy that contributes to good health



- Breast Cancer
- · Prostate Cancer
- Immune Disorders
- Female Reproductive Disorders
- Liver Cancer

- · Parkinson's Disease
- Osteoporosis
- Endometriosis
- · Thyroid Disorders

- Atrazine
- · 2,4-D
- Styrene Triclosan
- Nonylphenol

- Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons
- Bisphenol S
- Cadmium
- Arsenic · Ethylene glycol

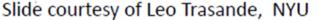


Endocrine Disrupting Chemicals (EDCs) interfere with hormone action to cause adverse health effects in people.

"THE TIP OF THE **ICEBERG**"

The data shown to the left are based on fewer than 5% of likely EDCs. Many EDC health conditions were not included in this study because key data are lacking. Other health outcomes will be the focus of future research.

See Trasande et al. The Journal of Clinical Endocrinology & Metabolism http://press.endocrine.org/edc



The EU's inadequate response

- Too little, too late, inconsistent
- **Pesticides/Biocides**
 - Delay: lobbying, ECJ court case
 - Burden of proof too high
 - Application under question
- **REACH**
 - Case by case identification
 - **BPA** identified ED human health... in June 2017...



ban harmful EDCs





"The EU Commission's proposed criteria on EDCs will likely fail to identify those chemicals that are currently causing human harm"

The Endocrine Society

European Society for Endocrinology

European Society for Paediatric Endocrinology



Obvious gaps









Moving forward – Act NOW

- Keep your promises Bring your new strategy out now
 - « The adopted criteria will provide a stepping stone for further actions to protect health and the environment by enabling the Commission to start working on a new strategy to minimise exposure of EU citizens to endocrine disruptors, beyond pesticides and biocides. The strategy will aim to cover for example toys, cosmetics and food packaging » Vytenis Andriukaitis, 4th July 2017
- Make pesticides/biocides criteria applicable: finalise guidance in a health protective way
- Speed up REACH EDC identification
- Learn from MS strategies (FR, DK, and soon BE?) and make EU regulations on EDCs consistent with each other







● @EDCFree

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