

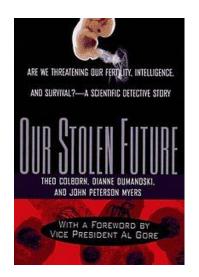
EU policy on Endocrine Disruptors

22 March 2018

Peter Korytár European Commission, DG Environment, Sustainable chemicals



EU policy on EDs: Where does it come from?



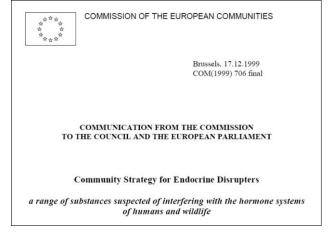
March 1996 ED hypothesis



December 1996
European workshop on
the impact of EDs on
human health and
wildlife, Weybridge



October 1998
Parliament resolution
Call to COM to take specific action



December 1999 Community Strategy for EDs



Policy on EDs

To minimise exposure to endocrine disruptors



Living well, within the limits of our planet

7th Environment Action Programme

- further develop and implement approaches to effectively address safety concerns related to EDs in all relevant Union legislation;
- increase efforts to ensure that, by 2020, all relevant substances of very high concern, including substances with endocrine-disrupting properties are placed on the REACH candidate list;
- develop harmonised hazard-based criteria for the identification of EDs;



Legislation regulating EDs

- Multiple pieces of chemical legislation in place safeguarding also from ED effects
- Specific legal provisions on EDs
 - Water Framework Directive (2000)
 - REACH (2006)
 - Plant Protection Products Regulation (2009)
 - Biocidal Products Regulation (2012)
 - Regulation on Medical Devices (2017)
 - Proposal for Drinking Water Directive (2017)



Legislation on PPP and BP: New scientific criteria for EDs





- Biocides
 - Applicable from 7 June 2018 to new and on-going applications
- Pesticides (plant protection products):
 - Under scrutiny of EP and Council (8 January to 9 April 2018)
 - If not opposed, COM will adopt the criteria and they will be applicable from November 2018 onwards to new and on-going applications



Legislation on PPP and BP: New scientific criteria for EDs

Endocrine mode of action

Causality /Correlation

Adverse effect

(WHO/IPCS definition 2009)

- All available scientific information: in-vivo, in-vitro, in-silico (read-across); standard studies (data requirements) & other scientific data (no hierarchy)
- Animal evidence considered for HH (unless otherwise proven)
- Weight of evidence



Implementation of the ED criteria

- Development of a joint EFSA/ECHA guidance on the implementation of the criteria
 - Public consultation (Dec 2017 Jan 2018)
 - Workshop with member states and stakeholders on the applicability of the guidance (Feb 2018)
 - Final guidance document is expected in mid of 2018



Development of test guidelines

Achievements under OECD

- Some 13 test guidelines developed specifically for EDs
- Conceptual Framework for Testing and Assessment of EDs
- Guidance Document No. 150 on Standardised Test Guidelines for Evaluating Chemicals for Endocrine Disruption

Gaps remain in the test methods













Development of test guidelines

- Projects finalised
 - Workshop on thyroid disruption
 - Development of DRP on retinoid signaling pathway
 - Temporal aspects in the testing of chemicals for endocrine disrupting effects
 - Setting priorities for further development and validation of test methods and testing approaches for evaluating endocrine disruptors



Development of test guidelines

- Improvement of test methods for thyroid disruption
 - In vitro
 - In vivo
- Enhancing scientific development in test methods
 - Horizon 2020 research call
 - TOPIC: New testing and screening methods to identify endocrine disrupting chemicals
 - Deadline: 18 April 2018
 - http://ec.europa.eu/research/participants/portal/desktop/en/ opportunities/h2020/topics/sc1-bhc-27-2018.html



Thank you for your attention