Booking.com Facts.



Founded 1996 in Amsterdam



1.5 million active properties, representing 28 million listings across 228 countries/territories



Over 1,6 million room nights booked every 24 hours



Customer support in 43 languages



200+ offices in 70 countries



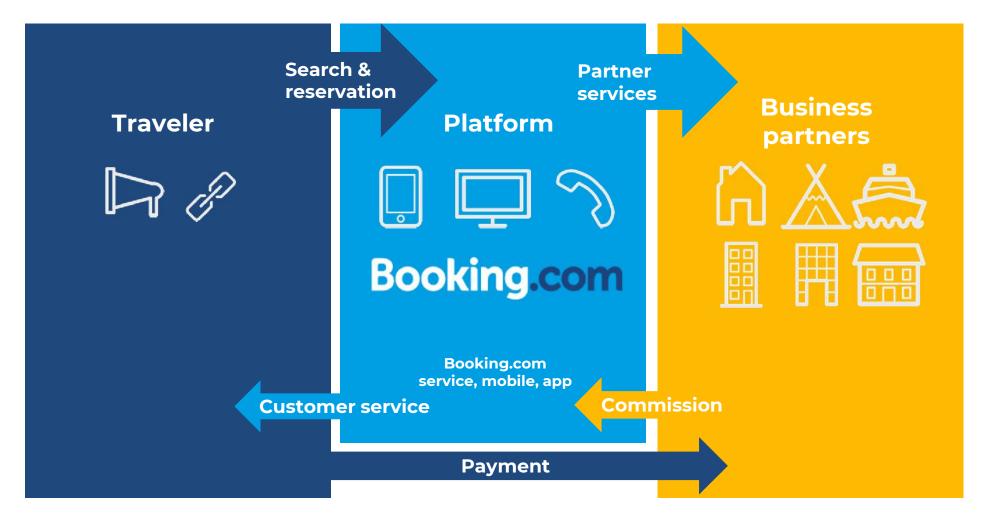
17.000 employees worldwide



149mn verified guest reviews

The travel market is fragmented and complex.





Risk-free commission model: no revenue, no fee	Global visibility	Online marketing	Tech innovation, e.g. chatbot messenger
Booking.com	Tailor-made opportunities for revenue growth	Content and 24/7 customer service in 43 languages	17.000+ Strategic Partnerships

Transparency in sign-up process.

Pricing and commission

Our pricing structure is based around the idea that the price you set is what guests pay. We don't add anything on top so that you can price your property competitively and receive more guests.

Commission in Amsterdam: 15%

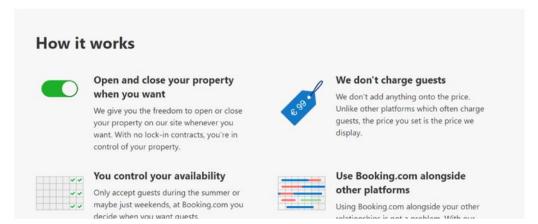
- Strong search engine presence for more bookings

mance



Finding a place to stay is also about recommendations

From influencers to travel writers to prominent media outlets, we make sure our brand is always being talked about. Meaning more people turn to Booking.com when it comes to searching for accommodation.





Many travellers begin with search engines

That's why we don't wait for guests to come to us, but actively promote your property on search engines all across the globe.

Transparency in ranking.

Default ranking finds the best fit for a type of guest.



Dozens of metrics included



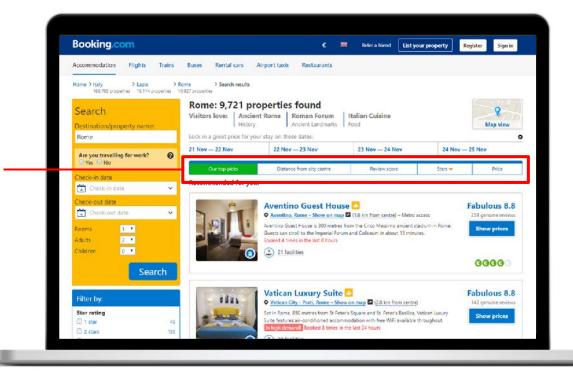
Fully automated and dynamic



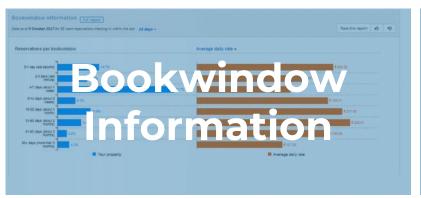
Alternative sort orders and filters



Main parameters and possibilities to influence ranking: T&Cs and screen



Transparency about market insights.







- Pace report
- Guest review scores
- Cancellation characteristic

Booking.com

Observations on the Commission proposal.

- Clarify definitions in order to facilitate consistent implementation and prevent abuse (e.g. art. 9: what's a complaint? Eligible only in case of non-compliance with the Regulation?)
- Maintain level playing field between online intermediation services and (large) direct online sellers (e.g. art. 5: ranking)
- Don't mix up P2B and P2C aspects (e.g. art. 8 requirement to make information available to the general public)
- Don't open Pandora's box and/or interfere with other procedures (e.g. art. 8 MFN)

