

ENVI Health Working Group - 2018

Cardiovascular Diseases and Lifestyle

EHN's experience in promoting evidence-based input for the implementation of EU health strategies, policies and legislative initiatives for the promotion of cardiovascular health

> Susanne Løgstrup, Director, European Heart Network 9 October, 2018

EHN is a not-for-profit, non-governmental organisation independent of political parties and economic interests.

EHN is funded by its members and in 2018 has also received an operating grant from the EU. EHN receives no funds from any industry



European Heart Network - EHN

The European Heart Network is a Brussels-based alliance of foundations and associations dedicated to fighting heart disease and stroke and supporting patients throughout Europe

EHN plays a leading role in the prevention and reduction of cardiovascular diseases, in particular heart disease and stroke, through advocacy, networking, capacity-building, patient support, and research, so that they are no longer a major cause of premature death and disability throughout Europe



European Heart Network - EHN

EHN's VISION

Every European has a right to a life free from avoidable cardiovascular diseases



European Heart Network - EHN

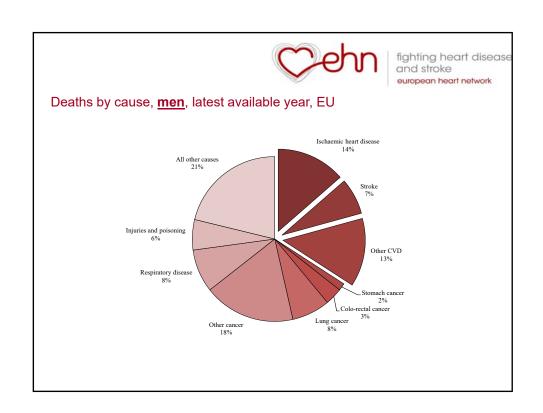
World Health Organization – WHO

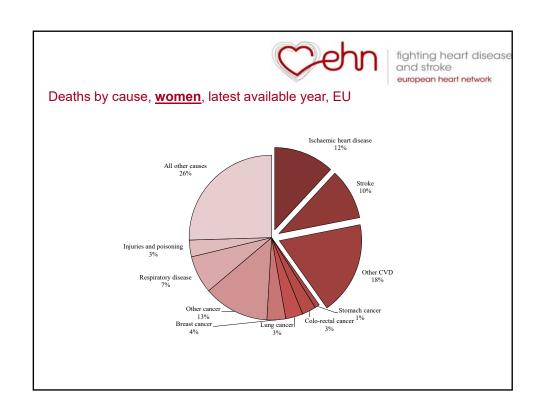
"Although heart attacks and strokes are major killers in all parts of the world, 80% of premature deaths from these causes could be avoided by controlling the main risk factors: tobacco, unhealthy diet and physical inactivity."

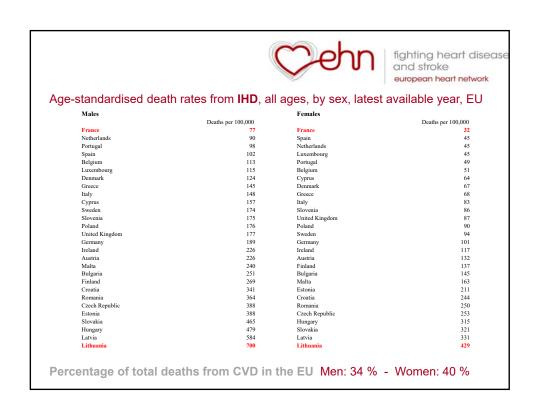


Burden of cardiovascular diseases in the EU*

- More than 1.8 million people die from CVD in the EU every year
 - ➤ Of these
 - > 436 000 die before they reach the age of 75
 - > 192 000 die before they reach the age of 65
- Almost 49 million people in the EU live with CVD
- There are over 6 million new cases of CVD per year in the EU
- * http://www.ehnheart.org/cvd-statistics.html











Burden of cardiovascular diseases in the EU *

Heart disease

Between France and Lithuania there is a **9-fold difference** in death rates in men and a **13-fold difference** in women

Stroke

Between France and Bulgaria there is a **6-fold difference** in death rates in men and in women

*http://www.ehnheart.org/cvd-statistics.html



Economic Burden*

- CVD is estimated to cost the economies of the EU **€210 billion** (2015 figures)
- Of total cost:
 - -€111bn (53%) was spent on healthcare
 - €54bn (26%) on productivity losses
 - €45bn (21%) on informal care costs

*http://www.ehnheart.org/cvd-statistics.html



EU and health

- The EU has a real competence in health → Art. 168 of the TFEU
- But does EU have a true health strategy?
- Certainly, EU does not have a strategy on chronic diseases with individual chapters for the four major chronic diseases and thus cardiovascular disease



EU and lifestyles

- The 'big four' lifestyle-related risk factors in reality better described as societal-related risk factors:
 - > Tobacco
 - > Unhealthy diets/foods
 - ➤ Alcohol
 - ➤ Physical inactivity



Tobacco

- ➤ Tobacco advertising ban 2003
- **▶** Tobacco products directive 2014
- **≻**Tobacco excise duties 2010 (under revision)



Unhealthy diets/foods

- > Nutrition and Health Claims 2003
- >School Fruit Scheme 2009
- **Food Information to Consumers 2011 (FOP nutrition labelling)**
- ➤ Trans fatty acids 2018?



Major EU policies impacting on cardiovascular health

- Common Agricultural Policy
 - ➤ the EC proposal, adopted on 1 June 2018, included the objective to "improve the response of EU agriculture to societal demands on food and health, including safe, nutritious and sustainable food..."



WHO Best Buys*

Tobacco use

- Increase excise taxes and prices on tobacco products
- Implement plain/standardised packaging and/or large graphic health warnings on all tobacco packages
- Enact and enforce comprehensive bans on tobacco advertising, promotion and sponsorship

*http://www.who.int/ncds/management/best-buys/en



WHO Best Buys*

Unhealthy diets

- Reduce salt intake through:
 - the reformulation of food products to contain less salt, and the setting of target levels for the amount of salt in foods and meals
 - the implementation of front-of-pack labelling
- Eliminate industrial trans-fats through the development of legislation to ban their use in the food chain

*http://www.who.int/ncds/management/best-buys/en