### HORIZON 2020

# The EU Framework Programme For Research and Innovation (2014-2020)

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### Outline of the presentation

- 1. Context
- 2. Outline of the proposal
- 3. Cross-cutting issues
- 4. Timetable







#### The Multiannual Financial Framework 2014-2020:

Commission's proposals of 29 June 2011

**Key challenge:** stabilise the financial and economic system while taking measures to create economic opportunities

1. Smart & inclusive growth (€491bn)

Education, Youth, Sport Connecting Cohesion Competitive Business SMEs

Horizon
2020

- 2. Sustainable growth, natural resources (€383bn)
- 3. Security and citizenship (€18.5bn)
- 4. Global Europe (€70bn)
- 5. Administration (€62.6bn)

Total: € 1,025bn







### What is Horizon 2020

- Commission proposal for a 80 billion euro research and innovation funding programme (2014-20)
- A core part of Europe 2020, Innovation Union & European Research Area:
  - Responding to the economic crisis to invest in future jobs and growth
  - Addressing peoples' concerns about their livelihoods, safety and environment.
  - Strengthening the EU's global position in research, innovation and technology







### **Active involvement of stakeholders**

- European Parliament reports: Carvalho (simplification), Merkies (Innovation Union), Audy (FP 7 evaluation) and Matias (Green Paper)
- **EU Presidencies**: **Sweden** (societal challenges-based approach), **Spain** (integration of research and innovation), **Belgium** (simplification) **Hungary** (FP7 interim evaluation), **Poland** (widening participation); **European Council conclusions** from 4.2.2011 (Common Framework to bring together all EU research and innovation funding)
- Overwhelming response to the public consultation on Horizon 2020 (more then 2000 contributions)
- Survey on administrative costs for participants in FP7
- **25 workshops on the content** of Horizon 2020







### **EP views and Horizon 2020**

EP position	Horizon 2020
Integration of European research and innovation funding	<b>√</b>
Radical simplification	$\sqrt{}$
Importance of science base (excellence in research)	$\sqrt{}$
Focus on societal challenges	$\sqrt{}$
Multi-disciplinarity	$\sqrt{}$
Widening participation	$\sqrt{}$
Address the whole innovation cycle (including social innovation)	$\sqrt{}$
Greater involvement of SMEs	$\sqrt{}$







### Three priorities:

1 Excellent science

2 Industrial leadership

3 Societal challenges







### **Priority 1 Excellent science**

### Why:

- World class science is the foundation of tomorrow's technologies, jobs and wellbeing
- Europe needs to develop, attract and retain research talent
- Researchers need access to the best infrastructures







### Proposed funding (million euro, 2014-20)

European Research Council	13 268
Frontier research by the best individual teams	
Future and Emerging Technologies	3 100
Collaborative research to open new fields of innovation	
Marie Curie actions	5 572
Opportunities for training and career development	
Research infrastructures (including e-infrastructure)	2 478
Ensuring access to world-class facilities	







### **Priority 2 Industrial leadership**

#### Why:

- Strategic investments in key technologies (e.g. advanced manufacturing, micro-electronics) underpin innovation across existing and emerging sectors
- Europe needs to attract more private investment in research and innovation
- Europe needs more innovative SMEs to create growth and jobs







### Proposed funding (million euro, 2014-20)

Leadership in enabling and	13 781
industrial technologies (ICT,	
nanotechnologies, materials,	
biotechnology, manufacturing, space)	
Access to risk finance	3 538
Leveraging private finance and venture capital for research and innovation	
Innovation in SMEs	619 complemented by
Fostering all forms of innovation in all	6 829 (expected 15% of
types of SMEs	societal challenges + LEIT) and
	'Access to risk finance' with strong
	SME focus









### **Priority 3 Societal challenges**

#### Why:

- Concerns of citizens and society/EU policy objectives (climate, environment, energy, transport etc) cannot be achieved without innovation
- Breakthrough solutions come from multi-disciplinary collaborations, including social sciences & humanities
- Promising solutions need to be tested, demonstrated and scaled up





### Proposed funding (million euro, 2014-20)

Health, demographic change and wellbeing	8 033
	0000
Food security, sustainable agriculture, marine and	4 152
maritime research & the bioeconomy	
Secure, clean and efficient energy*	5 782
Smart, green and integrated transport	6 802
Climate action, resource efficiency and raw materials	3 160
Inclusive, innovative and secure societies	3 819

<sup>\*</sup>Additional €1 788m for nuclear safety and security from the Euratom Treaty activities (2014-18). Does not include ITER.







### Social sciences and humanities

- Integrated approach: SSH included as an integral part of the activities, working beyond 'silos' (e.g. understanding the determinants of health and optimising the effectiveness of healthcare systems).
- The 'Inclusive, Innovative and Secure Societies' challenge: issues such as smart and sustainable growth, social transformations, social innovation and creativity, the position of Europe as a global actor as well as the social dimension of a secure society (SSH have the tools to contribute to addressing security challenges, enhancing the societal dimension of security policy and research).
- Bottom-up funding: ERC, MCA, Research Infrastructures.







### Strong participation by SMEs

- Integrated approach around 15% of the total budget for societal challenges and LEITs to go to SMEs.
- Simplification of particular benefit to SMEs (e.g. single entry point).
- A new SME instrument, building on the SBIR model, will be used across all societal challenges as well as for the LEITs
- A dedicated activity for research-intensive SMEs in 'Innovation in SMEs'.
- 'Access to risk finance' will have a strong SME focus (debt and equity facility)







### Widening participation

- Principle of excellence: continue to allocate funding on the basis of competitive calls, selecting only the best projects.
- Clear division of labour between cohesion policy and Horizon 2020.
  - Cohesion policy: support for regions in building up their research and innovation capacity.
  - Horizon 2020: widen participation, better coordination between the two Union funding programmes, support policy learning reforms.
- Accompanying measures in Horizon 2020 to ensure that excellence prevails wherever it exists, including: twinning, ERA chairs, support for access to international networks, development of smart specialisation strategies.







### International cooperation

- International cooperation is crucial to address many Horizon 2020 objectives.
- Principle of general openness: the programme will remain to be the most open funding programme in the world.
- Horizon 2020 shall be open to the association of: acceding countries, candidate countries and potential candidates and selected third countries that fulfil the relevant criteria (capacity, track record, close economic and geographical links to the Union, etc.).
- Targeted actions to be implemented taking a strategic approach to international cooperation (dedicated measures in the 'Inclusive, innovative and secure societies' challenge).







#### Role of the EIT and JRC in Horizon 2020

#### Three priorities to be supported by:

European Institute of Innovation and Technology (EIT) Combining research, innovation & training in Knowledge and Innovation Communities	1 360 + 1 440*
Joint Research Centre (JRC)**  Providing a robust, evidence base for EU policies	1 962

<sup>\*</sup> Second tranche pro rata from LEIT and Societal challenges (subject to review)







<sup>\*\*</sup>Additional €656 m for the JRC to be funded from the Euratom Treaty activities

#### Simplification: Rules for Participation (1)

#### 1. A SINGLE SET OF RULES

- > Adapted for the whole research and innovation cycle
- Covering all research programmes and funding bodies
- > Aligned to the Financial Regulation, coherent with other new EU Programmes.

#### 2. ONE PROJECT - ONE FUNDING RATE.

- Maximum of 100% of total eligible costs (except for actions close to market, where a 70% maximum will apply)
- Indirect eligible costs: a flat rate of 20% of direct eligible costs

#### 3. SIMPLE EVALUATION CRITERIA

- Excellence Impact Implementation (Excellence only, for the ERC)
- **4. NEW FORMS OF FUNDING** aimed at innovation: pre-commercial procurement, inducement prizes, dedicated loan and equity instruments.
- 5. INTERNATIONAL PARTICIPATION: facilitated but better protecting EU interests.







#### Simplification: Rules for Participation (2)

**6. SIMPLER RULES FOR GRANTS:** broader acceptance of participants accounting practices for direct costs, flat rate for indirect costs, no time-sheets for personnel working full time on a project, possibility of output-based grants.

#### 7. FEWER, BETTER TARGETED CONTROLS AND AUDITS

- Lowest possible level of requirements for submission of audit certificates without undermining sound financial management;
- Audit strategy focused on risk and fraud prevention.

#### 8. IMPROVED RULES ON INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

- Balance between legal security and flexibility;
- Tailor-made IPR provisions for new forms of funding;
- > A new emphasis on open access to research publications.

Beyond the Rules: further simplified provisions in the Grant Agreement and implementing procedures to facilitate access to Horizon 2020 (e.g. common IT platform).







## Simplification: Summary (Mrs Carvalho's checklist)

	Horizon 2020
Single set of simpler and more coherent participation rules	
New balance between trust and control	$\sqrt{}$
Moving from several funding rates for different beneficiaries and activities to just two	V
Full alignment of the rules for participation with the revised Financial Regulation	V
Simplifications for research directly introduced in revised Financial Regulation (prizes, interest on pre-financing, VAT, extrapolation)	V
Broader acceptance of usual accounting practices of the beneficiaries	
Simplified time recording; abolition of time-sheets for staff working fully on the EU project	V
Reducing Time to grant	







# Contributing to the European Research Area (ERA)

- ERA framework proposal in 2012 to create a single market for knowledge research and innovation.
- Complemented by Horizon 2020:
  - Boosting support to ERA priorities mobility,
     infrastructures, knowledge transfer, policy learning
  - Stronger partnerships with Member States and private sector to invest more efficiently
  - Taking account of gender, ethical issues, researcher careers and open access to results







### **Euratom Programme 2014-2018**

- Budget: TOTAL: € 1665 million, including: Fission: €336million;
   Fusion € 673 million; JRC: € 656 million
- Programme for 5 years, in line with the Euratom Treaty (art. 7)
- What is new?
  - Stronger focus on nuclear safety and nuclear training
  - A single Euratom programme bringing together three separate decisions
  - The same rules for participation as in the Horizon 2020 simplified access
  - Programme contributes to the implementation of priorities of the 'Horizon 2020'
  - Fusion research programme will be restructured
- Funding for ITER outside MFF in a separate supplementary programme: € 2573 million for 2014-2018



### **Links to COSME**

- Horizon 2020 and COSME are complementary programmes to generate growth and jobs
- Different focus:
  - Horizon 2020 = innovation driven growth
  - COSME = support to create favourable business environment and competitiveness
- Closely coordinated, for instance:
  - Integrated financial instruments (debt and equity), with facilities in both programmes serving complementary objectives
  - Enterprise Europe Network set up under COSME, but support to SMEs for EU funding







### **Next steps**

**Ongoing:** Parliament and Council negotiations on the

basis of the Commission proposals

**Ongoing:** Parliament and Council negotiations on EU

budget 2014-20 (including overall budget for

Horizon 2020)

Mid 2012: Final calls under 7th Framework Programme

for Research to bridge gap towards Horizon

2020

Mid 2013: Adoption of legislative acts by Parliament and

Council on Horizon 2020

1/1/2014: Horizon 2020 starts; launch of first calls







### Thank you for your attention!

Find out more:

www.ec.europa.eu/research/horizon2020





