

Proposal for a Directive of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Union legal framework for customs infringements and sanctions

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Overview:

1. Current situation in the Member States

2. The context

3. Some preliminary considerations

4. Main features of TAXUD's proposal



Current situation in the MS (based on the Main findings of the Report by 24 MS)

•16 out of 24 Member States provide for both <u>criminal</u> and <u>non-criminal</u> sanctions.

•8 out of 24 Member States only have criminal sanctions

•<u>Financial thresholds</u>: between 266 and 50.000 euros

•<u>Strict liability infringements</u> (in 11 out of 24 MS)



Current situation in the MS (2) (based on the Main findings of the Report by 24 MS)

- <u>Time limits</u> to initiate a sanction procedure, to impose a customs sanction and to execute it; from 1 to 30 years. (1 MS does not foresee any time limit at all).
- Legal Persons' liability: in 15 out of 24 Member States.
- <u>Settlement</u> :15 out of 24 Member States have this procedure for customs infringements



An example

• Company X lodged an export declaration at the customs office of export 2 days after the goods were loaded in the export container.

Sanctions	MS	Туре
Criminal	9	a) Pecuniary from 1250 EUR to 1.800.000 EUR
	2 (from the 9)	b)Imprisonment
Non criminal	15	Pecuniary from 393 to 500.000 EUR
No sanction	1	
Settlement	15	



The context

(other EU texts with direct impact on the customs sanctions)

1.The "PIF Directive" (proposal for a Directive on the fight against fraud to the Union's financial interests) COM (2012) 363

2.Council Regulation (EC, Euratom) N° 2988/95 on the protection of the ECs financial interests, OJ L 312, 23.12.1995

3. Regulation EU N° 952/2013 of .10.2013(UCC)



Some preliminary considerations 1.The "cross border" dimension of customs infringements 2.The need for co-operation between the MS justfied mainly by:

-The need to have common reference(= common language) on which the cooperation is based

-The "spill over" effect to other policy sectors (eg. Agriculture, environment VAT) and the pivotal role of customs

-"ne bis in idem" principle



Main features of TAXUD's proposal (1)

1. The aim and objectives

. Bridge the gap between different legal regimes in order to achieve a more uniform and effective application of EU customs law in every part of the EU through:

- a common "nomenclature" of behaviours that must be considered infringements of the Union's customs rules

- a common framework for imposing sanctions to these infringements



Main features of TAXUD's proposal (2)

1. The legal instrument

a Directive which Member States will have to transpose in their national legislation (flexibility, respect of the different legal system, time for transposition).

2. A common list of infringements stemming from the UCC obligations (Art. 3 to 6)

-strict liability infringements

-infringements committed with negligence

-infringements committed with intent



Main features of TAXUD's proposal (3)

3. An "approximation" of customs sanctions

- A common scale of effective proportionate and dissuasive sanctions (Art. 9 to 11)
- ✓ The type of sanction : pecuniary
- The criteria: value of the goods or specific amount
- The relevant circumstances to take into account by the competent authorities (Art. 12)



Main features of TAXUD's proposal (4)

4. Liability of legal persons (Art. 8)

5. <u>Some procedural aspects</u> (Art. 13 to 15) on: -limitation period for proceedings concerning a customs infringement (Art. 13)

-suspension of the proceedings where criminal proceedings have been initiated against the same person in connection with the same facts (Art.14)

- Jurisdiction in case more than one MS is involved and territorial competence (Art.15)



Main features of TAXUD's proposal (4) 6. <u>Co-operation between customs</u> <u>authorities (Art. 16)</u>

<u>Seizure as temporary measure (Art.</u> 17)

- of the goods
- means of transport
- and any other instrument used to commit the infringement



The proposal is balanced, flexible, respectful of the differences and based on "common features" between MS, as identified in the Report by 24 MS in July 2010.

It certainly can be further improved through your constructive co-operation, assuming you share the same objectives as the COM!

THANK YOU FOR THE ATTENTION!