



A revised EU framework for medical devices

S. LECRENIER

European Commission Health and Consumers Directorate-General Health Technology and Cosmetics unit

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Current regulatory framework for medical devices

- -Dir. 90/385/EEC on active implantable medical devices
- -Dir. 93/42/EEC on medical devices

-Dir. 98/79/EC on *in vitro* diagnostic medical devices





Current regulatory framework for medical devices

Main objectives

-High level of patients and users safety

-Free movement of devices within the EU internal market



Current regulatory framework for medical devices

Main strengths

- Flexibility
- Cost-effectiveness
- SMEs friendly
- Support to innovation and competitiveness





Revision of the current regulatory framework for medical devices: Why?

Main reasons

- -To adapt to technological and scientific progress
- -To address the weaknesses of the system
- -To provide transparency
- -To ensure a uniform application of the rules
- -To take over international developments
- -To respond to public expectations



Future regulatory framework

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- Communication on safe, effective and innovative medical devices and *in vitro* diagnostic medical devices for the benefit of patients, consumers and healthcare professionals
- Proposal for a Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council on medical devices
- Proposal for a Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council on *in vitro* diagnostic medical devices





Impact Assessment

Problems definition

- Oversight of Notified bodies
- Post-market safety (Vigilance and Market Surveillance)
- Regulatory status of products
- Lack of transparency and harmonised traceability
- > Access to external expertise
- Unclear and insufficient obligations and responsibilities for economic operators
- Management of the regulatory system





Impact Assessment

Overall objectives

- Ensure a high level of protection of human health and safety
- > Ensure the smooth functioning of the internal market
- Provide for a regulatory framework which is supportive of innovation and competitiveness
- **Specific objectives**



IA – specific issues for MD

Scope - regulatory gaps and uncertainties

>Adaptation of requirements to technological, scientific and regulatory developments

Clinical evaluation and clinical investigations





IA - Specific issues for IVD

Scope - regulatory gaps or uncertainties

Classification of IVD and their conformity assessment

>Adaptation of requirements to technological, scientific and regulatory developments





PIP stress test

- > Reinforced role of Notified Bodies
- > Implant card
- Person responsible for regulatory compliance





Future regulatory framework

Main changes

- -Scope
- -Pre-market obligations
- -Post-market obligations
- -Transparency
- -Governance



Scope

- -Products manufactured utilising non-viable human tissues/cells
- -Invasive devices without medical purpose (*e.g.* aesthetic)
- -Reprocessing of single-use devices
- -Genetic tests
- -Companion diagnostics
- -"In house" tests
- -Devices used for diagnostic services at a distance





Risk classification for MD adapted

Experience on the application of the current rules

Examples: in vitro fertilisation products

Scientific and technological progress

Examples: devices containing nanomaterials

Vigilance issues

Examples: devices used for apheresis

Development at international level (GHTF)



New risk classification for IVD

Risk

 Class A : Low Individual Risk and Low Public Health Risk *Example: specimen receptacles* Class B : Moderate Individual Risk and/or Low Public Health

Example: vitamin B12 tests

Class C : High Individual Risk and/or Moderate Public Health Risk

Example: genetic tests

Class D : High Individual Risk and High Public Health Risk Example: HIV tests



Notified Bodies

-Stricter and more detailed minimum legal requirements

–Uniform practice for designation and monitoring

-"Joint assessment" for new designations and monitoring





Notified Bodies

- Unannounced factory inspections, testing of products
- Rotation of the personnel
- "Scrutiny mechanism" for high risk devices





Clinical evidence

-Clinical data to be submitted for pre-market assessment

-Post-market (clinical) follow-up

-Rules on clinical investigations / clinical performance studies and assessment coordination





Vigilance and market surveillance

- -Centralised reporting of serious incidents
- -Enhanced coordination between national CAs
- -Trend analysis
- -Community measures
- Strengthened involvement of HC professionals and patients





Transparency

- -Central registration system for devices and operators
- -Summary of safety and (clinical) performance
- -Unique Device Identification
- -Implant card





Governance

-Harmonised interpretation and implementation: Medical Device Coordination Group

-Scientific, technical and logistic support (incl. IT infrastructure) by the Commission;

-Cross-sectoral solution of borderline cases



Access to external expertise

Designation of "**EU reference laboratories**" to provide scientific advice and technical assistance to the Commission, MS and NBs.



THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION!

S. LECRENIER

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http://ec.europa.eu/health/medical-devices/documents/revision/index_en.htm

