

MODERNISATION OF MINIMUM. COMMON TRAINING PRINCIPIES TRAINING REQUIRENTS & GROWILL & MOBILITY MODERNISMS THE PROFESSIONAL OUALIFICATIONS DIRECTIVE EP IMCO COMMITTEE HEARING BRUSSES, 25th ARRIL 2017



UEMS POLICY ON ENSURING QUALITY OF CARE: FUNCTIONS

The UEMS

created in 1958
35 European countries
50 medical specialities

Standards and Ethics

Medical Regulation

Ensuring fitness topractise

Medical Education

Certification & Registration

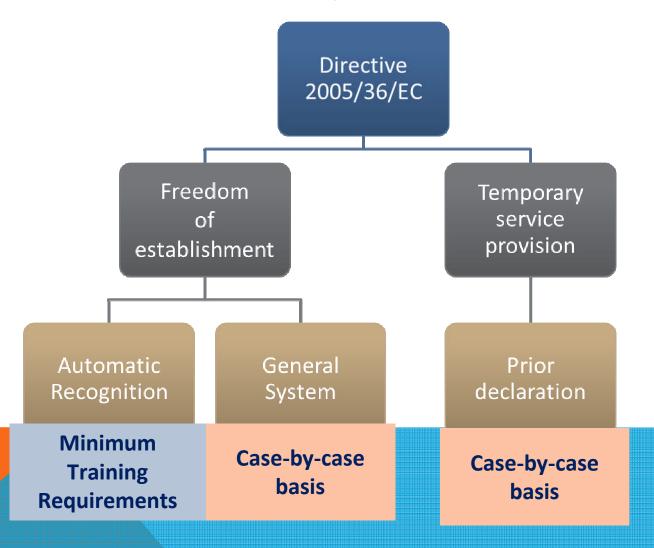


HEALTH CARE AND THE EU

- Subsidiarity the organisation & delivery of health care is the responsibility of each Member State
- Co-ordination of health issues is challenging at the European level
- Subsidiarity and medical specialist training:
 - national rules and regulations prevail
 - not as in education where the EU can have effects
 - directives can be introduced
 - difficulties to implement at the national level



THE PROFESSIONAL QUALIFICATIONS DIRECTIVE





MODERNISING TRAINING REQUIREMENTS

GENERAL SURGERY Minimum length of training course: 5 years		
Belgique/België/Belgien	Chirurgie/Heelkunde	
България	Хирургия	
Česká republika	Chirurgie	
Danmark	Kirurgi eller kirurgiske sygdomme	
Deutschland	(Allgemeine) Chirurgie	
Eesti	Üldkirurgia	
Ελλάς	Χειρουργική	

Ref. Annex 5.1.3 of Directive 2005/36/EC



CONTINUUM OF MEDICAL EDUCATION LIFELONG LEARNING





MODERNISING TRAINING REQUIREMENTS

NEED TO SHIFT OUR APPROACH...

Medical training should be **DURATION**-

but also **COMPETENCE**-based

Introduce the concept of competences

Specialty training ≥ 5 years

In line with ECTS (or other comparable system)

Revise denomination of medical specialties

Facilitate emergence of new specialties (e.g. "particular competences")

Ref: 4th Report of Advisory Committee on Medical Training XV/E/8306/3/96-EN – European Commission, Directorate General XV, Brussels, 15 January 1997



UEMS EUROPEAN SET OF COMPETENCES AND REQUIREMENTS*

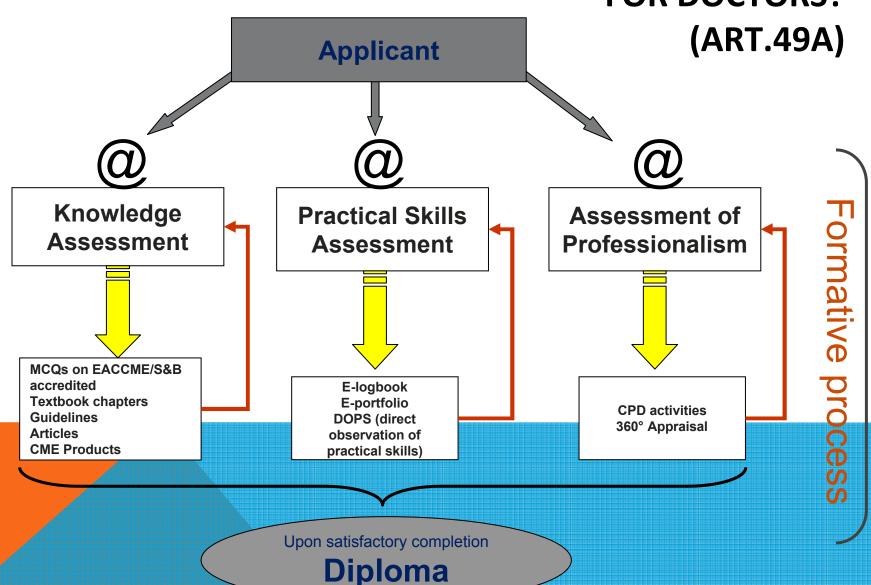
The 7 core competences

- 1. Communication
- 2. Problem solving
- 3. Applying knowledge and science
- 4. Patient examination
- 5. Patient management / treatment
- 6. Using the social and community contexts of health care
- 7. (Self)-Reflection

* Ref: UEMS, 2011



ALT #1 – A EUROPEAN TRAINING FRAMEWORK FOR DOCTORS?





ALT #1 – A EUROPEAN TRAINING FRAMEWORK FOR DOCTORS? (ART.49A)

Towards a voluntary 29th Regime?

To complement -but not supersedethe existing national regimes



ASSESSMENT & CERTIFICATION

Professionalism

Skills

Knowledge

Structured curriculum

Formative and summative assessments

Tools



ASSESSMENT & CERTIFICATION

Professionalism

Skills

Structured approach to become proficient

Real life training and assessment

Simulation

Tools



ASSESSMENT & CERTIFICATION

Professionalism

Decision making, communication and leadership, etc.

Continuing Medical Education and Professional Development (CME-CPD)

Team training – Peer Review – Reflection Behaviour & Attitudes

Tools



HOW TO HARMONISE MEDICAL SPECIALISTS QUALIFICATIONS?

- to adopt UEMS harmonised curricula in each specialty
- to ensure that all Member States «translate» them into their national systems
- to ensure that all European Medical Specialists have the same main core competences



ALT #2 – COMMON TRAINING ASSESSMENTS FOR DOCTORS? (ART.49B)

Towards harmonised Aptitude Tests?



25th Anniversary of the European Diploma in Anaesthesiology Milan, 6-9 June 2009



QUALITY IN MOBILITY

The view of patients' and citizens' groups...









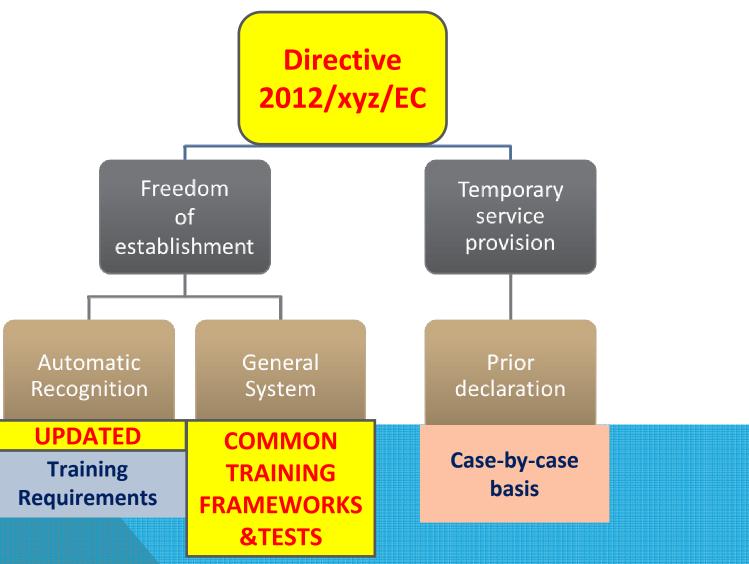
JOINT STATEMENT

in the context of the public consultation on the Green Paper on Modernising the Professional Qualifications Directive (Directive 2005/36/EC)

HEALTH PROFESSIONALS' EDUCATION MUST NOT BE COMPROMISED IN NAME OF THE SINGLE MARKET

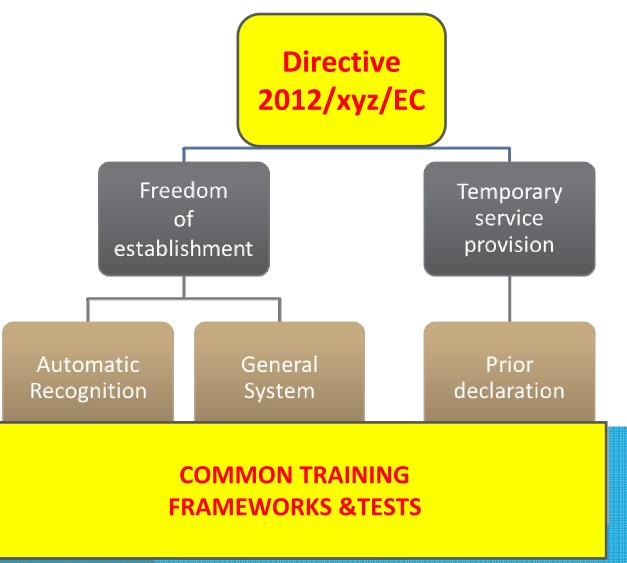


QUALIFICATIONS DIRECTIVE





A PROFESSIONAL QUALIFICATIONS DIRECTIVE



THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTEMTION

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