Indicators for sustainable regional development Setting targets and tracking results of cohesion policy

The Legislative Package Improving policy effectiveness through simplification and result orientation

EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT COMMITTEE ON REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT

Markus Trilling CEE Bankwatch Brussels - 20.03.2011





A new approach towards result orientation

"6. Despite the claimed focus on results, the scheme remains fundamentally input-based, and therefore **oriented towards compliance rather than performance. The latter objective is essentially left to the introduction of** a performance reserve (whose success will depend on the capacity to develop suitable indicators) and of Joint Action Plans with specific objectives, **result indicators** and outputs as a basis for payments (with the expectation that the current input based management structure will not be needed anymore)."

COURT OF AUDITORS OPINION No 7/2011 17.2.2012

REGI hearing "Improving effectiveness", 20.03.2012 - Result indicators for sustainable regional development



A system of result indicators

ANNEX IV/CPR, General ex-ante conditionalities

7. Statistical systems and result indicators	The existence of a statistical system necessary to undertake evaluations to assess the effectiveness and impact of the programmes. The existence of an effective system of result indicators necessary to monitor progress towards results and to undertake impact evaluation.	_	 A multi-annual plan for timely collection and aggregation of data is in place that includes: the identification of sources and mechanisms to ensure statistical validation;
			 arrangements for publication and public availability. an effective system of results indicators including:
		Reference	 the selection of result indicators for each programme providing information on those aspects of the well-being and progress of people that motivate policy actions financed by the programme; the establishment of targets for these indicators;
			 the respect for each indicator of the following requisites: robustness and statistical validation, clarity of normative interpretation, responsiveness to policy, timely collection and public availability of data;
			 adequate procedures in place to ensure that all operations financed by the programme adopt an effective system of indicators.



Functions of result oriented indicators

1. Target setting related to policy objectives (Europe 2020,

environmental acquis, Sustainable Development Strategy)

- 2. Communication and steering of policy implementation
- 3. Assessment of policy implementation

REGI hearing "Improving effectiveness", 20.03.2012 - Result indicators for sustainable regional development



Proposed Common Indicators

ANNEX

Common indicators for ERDF support under the Investment for growth and jobs goal (Article 6)

	UNIT	NAME	
Productive investment			
	enterprises	Number of enterprises receiving grants	
	enterprises	Number of enterprises receiving financial supported other than grants	
	enterprises	Number of enterprises receiving non-financial support	
	enterprises	Number of new enterprises supported	
	EUR	Private investment matching public support to SMEs (grants)	



Proposed Common Indicators

- Insufficient link to Europe 2020 objectives and milestones (EE/RE, resource use, poverty, research)
- Poor informative value and sometimes missing any resultsoriented element -> reporting = focus on "up-take"?
- Cutting-edge? result indictors already in place (e.g. SK)





Result indicators for sustainable regional development

Thematic objectives CSF fund	Linked target and result indicator	
(1) strengthening research, technological development and innovation;	 Innovations with environmental benefits 	
(3) enhancing the competitiveness of small	 Energy intensity of the economy 	
and medium-sized enterprises, the agricultural sector (for the EAFRD) and the fisheries and aquaculture sector (for the EMFF);	Resource productivity	
(4) supporting the shift towards a low- carbon economy in all sectors;	 Greenhouse gases (GHG) emissions by sector 	
	 Renewable Energy share in final energy consumption 	
	 Gross energy consumption per sector 	
(5) promoting climate change adaptation, risk prevention and management;	 Area of land with increased capacity to prevent and mitigate floods and extreme weather conditions 	



Thematic objectives CSF fund	Linked target and result indicator	
(6) protecting the environment and	Household waste arising per person	
promoting resource efficiency;	 Domestic material consumption (DMC) per inhabitant 	
	 Population served by public schemes for waste separation and recycling 	
	Land take	
	 Fragmentation of landscape and habitats 	
	 Exposure to air pollution and noise 	
	 Extent of green infrastructure and green space in urban areas 	
(7) promoting sustainable transport and	 Modal split of passenger transport 	
removing bottlenecks in key network infrastructures;	 Modal split of freight transport 	
	GHG by transport mode	



Performance Framework – the place for result indicators

ANNEX I/CPR

Table 1: Standard format for the performance framework

Priority	Indicator and measurement unit, where appropriate	Milestone for 2016	Milestone for 2018	Target for 2022
Low-carbon economy	Energy consumption Housing sector	6% of ERDF 200.' dwellings	12% of ERDF 400.' dwellings	30% energy reduction



EU funds for Sustainable Regional Development

Thank you for your attention!



