

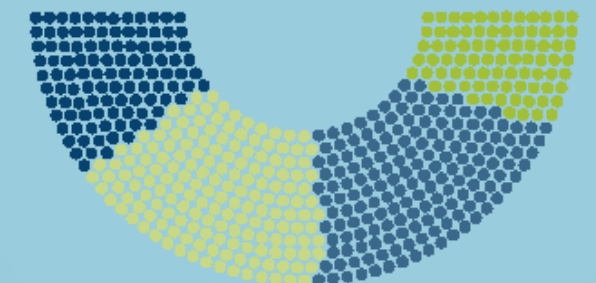
ParlaMint

The Impact of Parliamentary Datasets for Society and (Data) Science

Maciej Ogrodniczuk and the ParlaMint Team

DH Forum | European Parliament's STOA Panel | Brussels, April 26, 2023

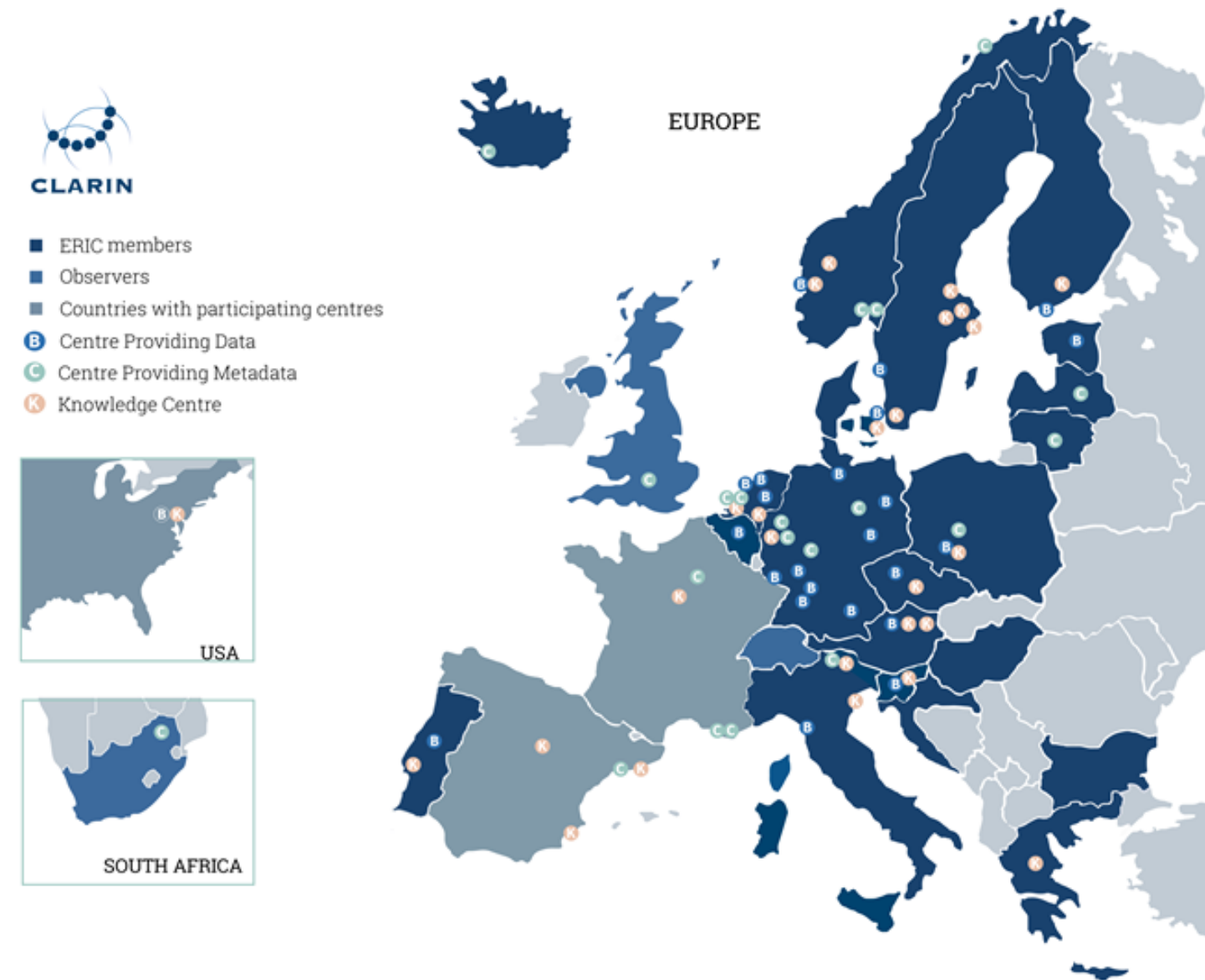
ParlaMint



ABOUT CLARIN

Common Language Resources and Technology Infrastructure:

- a **distributed network** of more than 60 centres
- **ERIC** status since 2012
- provides easy and sustainable **access** for scholars in the **humanities and social sciences** and beyond
- to **digital language data** (in written, spoken, video or multimodal form)
- and **advanced tools** to discover, explore, exploit, annotate, analyse or combine them
- through a **single sign-on** environment
- that serves as an **ecosystem for knowledge exchange**
- with many services **integrated in EOSC** (European Open Science Cloud)



THE MOTIVATION

Debates are:

- a verified communication channel between the elected political representatives and society
- a reflection of the interests of the whole national community

We need to be able to:

- **analyze** such data in multiple languages
- **compare** the data in a cross-lingual context
- **track** the pan-European discussion
- make this data **interpretable** and highly communicative with respect to society

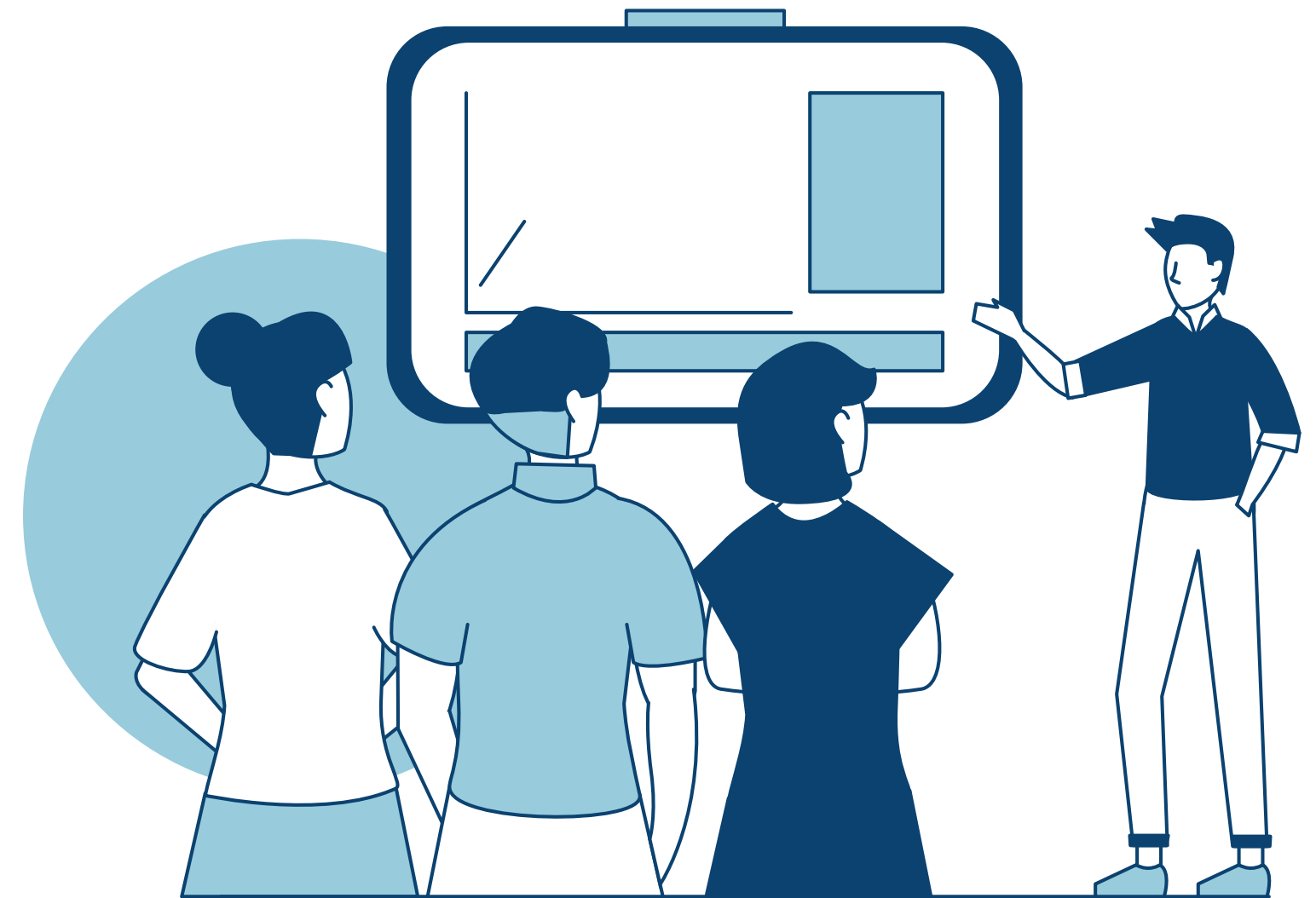


THE PROBLEM

This data is really **valuable** and **timely released** by national parliaments.

But:

- each country has a **different parliamentary system**
- the data comes in **different formats**, with **different metadata**
- the debates have **varied structures**



THE SOLUTION: PARLAMINT

A CLARIN-ERIC project which managed to:

- propose a harmonised **representation format** for parliamentary debates
- compile a collection of **parliamentary datasets**
- process the compiled corpora **linguistically**
- make them available for **download and search**
- initiated several **use cases**



METHODOLOGY

Key properties:

- use of **virtual subcorpora** to enable the tracking of various phenomena in the data
- this methodology is **scalable** to current events: pandemics, economic crises, environmental issues, wars
- observe democratic processes through **parliamentary analytics**



PARLAMINT INFRASTRUCTURE

Not just:

- **the dataset**
- its **joint representation model**
- common **metadata, document structure, linguistic annotation**

But also:

- good practice **guidelines**
- validation **procedures**
- **documentation** and **samples**



THE PARLAMINT TEAM

We are:

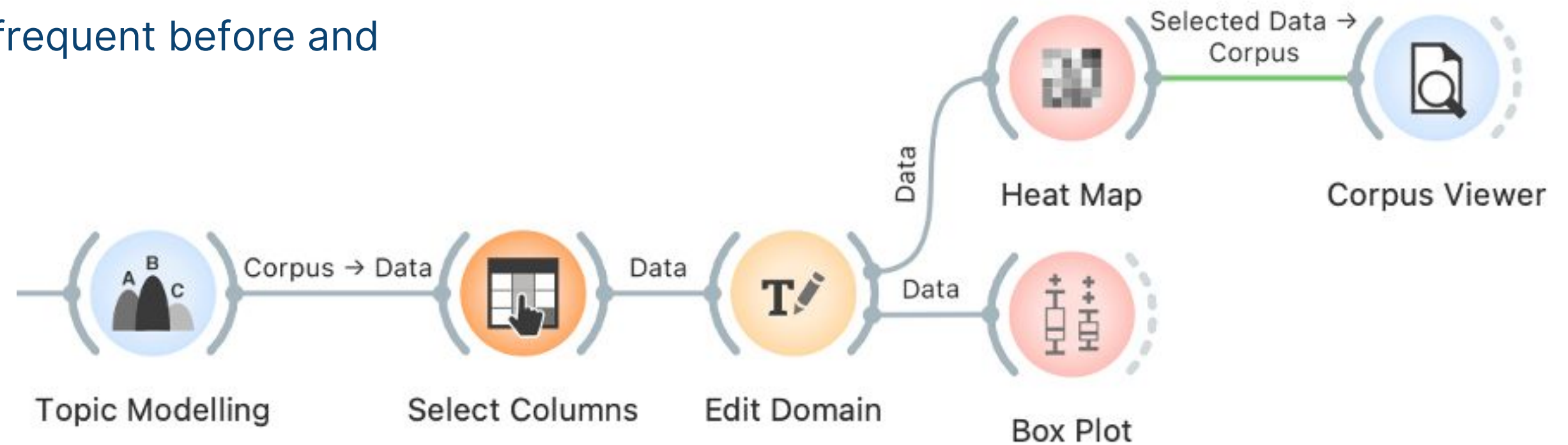
- a wide, **pan-European community**
- offering **linguistic expertise**
- developing **tutorials**
- creating **impact stories**
- organizing **hackathons**
- using this data for creating **language models** to be used in data science



SHOWCASE 1: What's on the agenda?

Research questions:

- Which topics are characteristic of the corpus?
- Which topics did MPs debate the most?
- Which topics were more frequent before and during the pandemic?



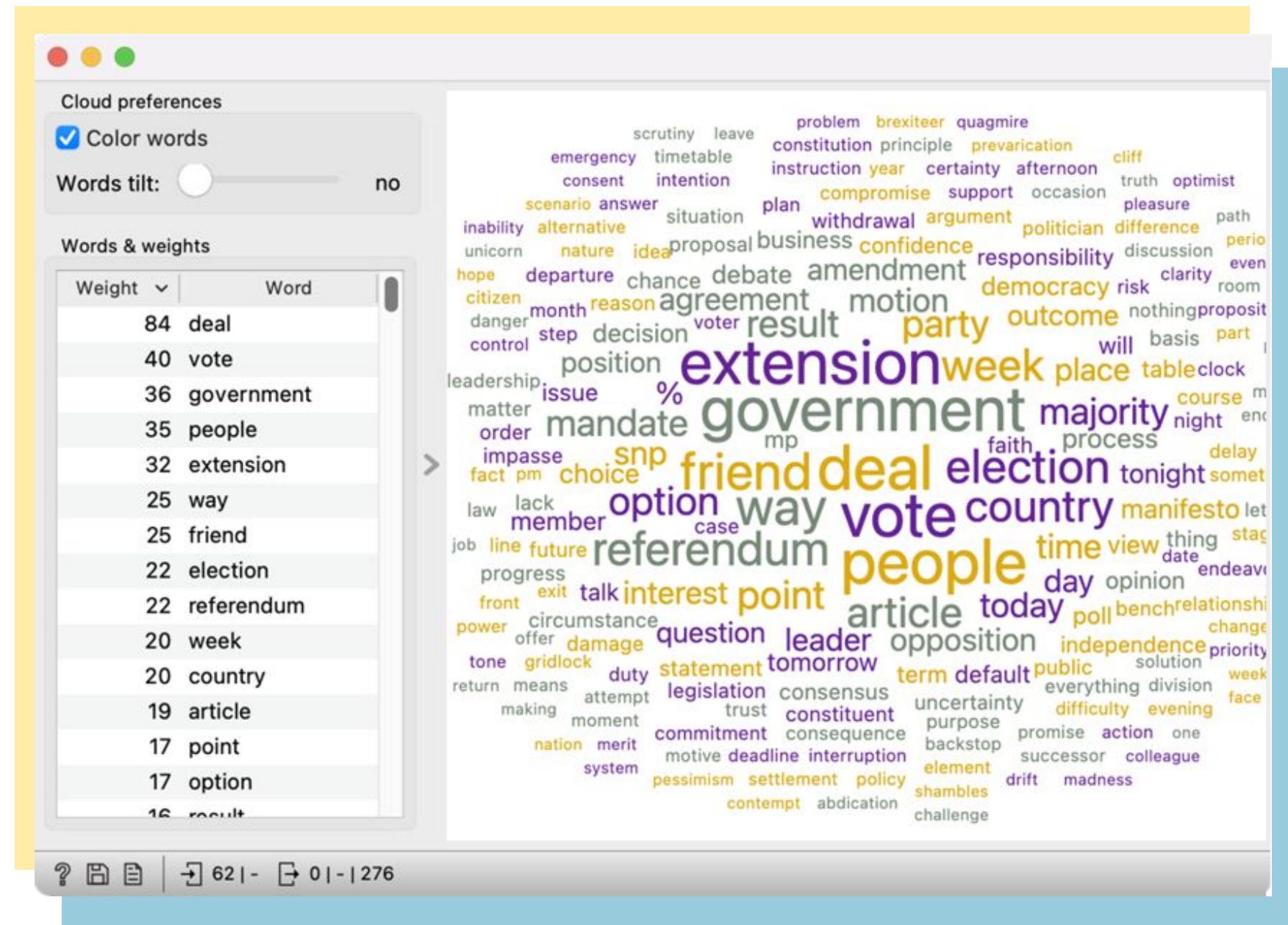
Pretnar Žagar A., Pahor de Maiti K., Fišer D. (2022). *What's on the agenda? Topic modelling parliamentary debates before and during the COVID-19 pandemic.*

<https://sidih.github.io/agenda/>

SHOWCASE 1: What's on the agenda?

A few findings from the British corpus:

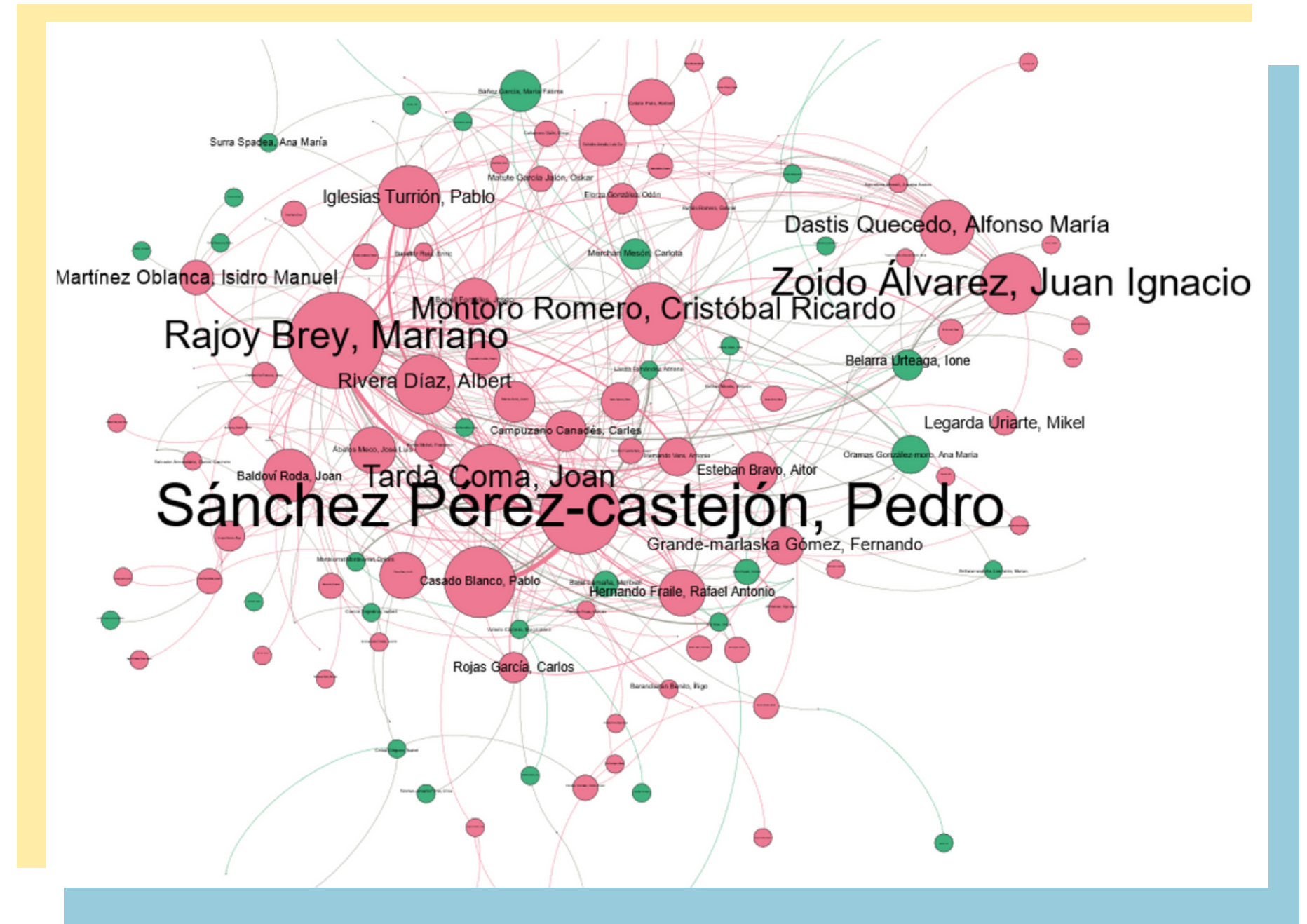
- deals, voting, government, people, and extension were most frequently discussed
- speeches characterized by *referendum* probably refer to Brexit
- surprisingly, the word *virus* was quite infrequent



SHOWCASE 2: Networks of Power

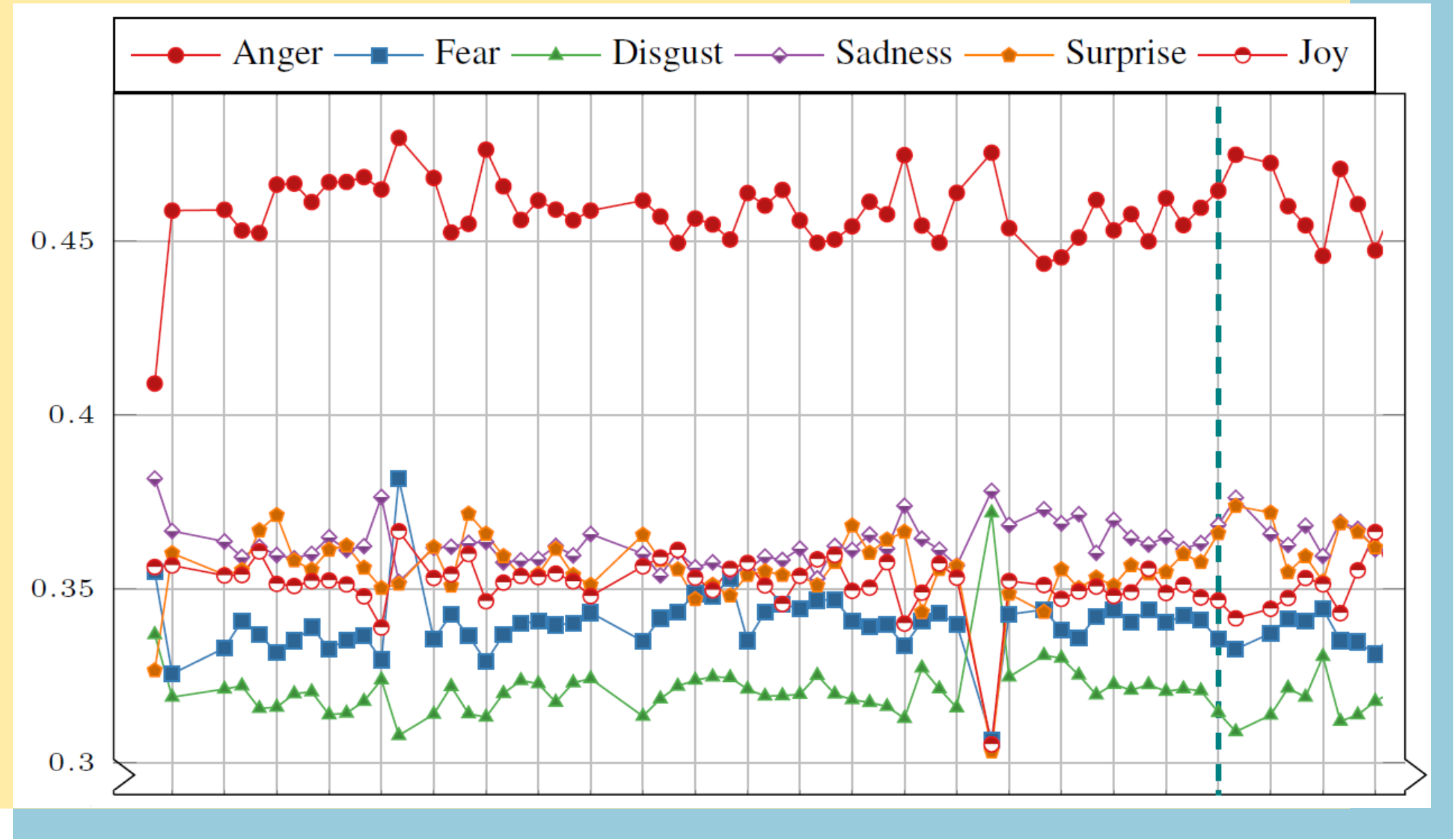
Analyzing the networks that emerge from parliamentarians mentioning one another:

- **Argumentative Power:** How can speeches and mentions give insights into the power of MPs?
- **Structural Power:** How do the speech practices of female and male MPs relate to topic and power distribution?



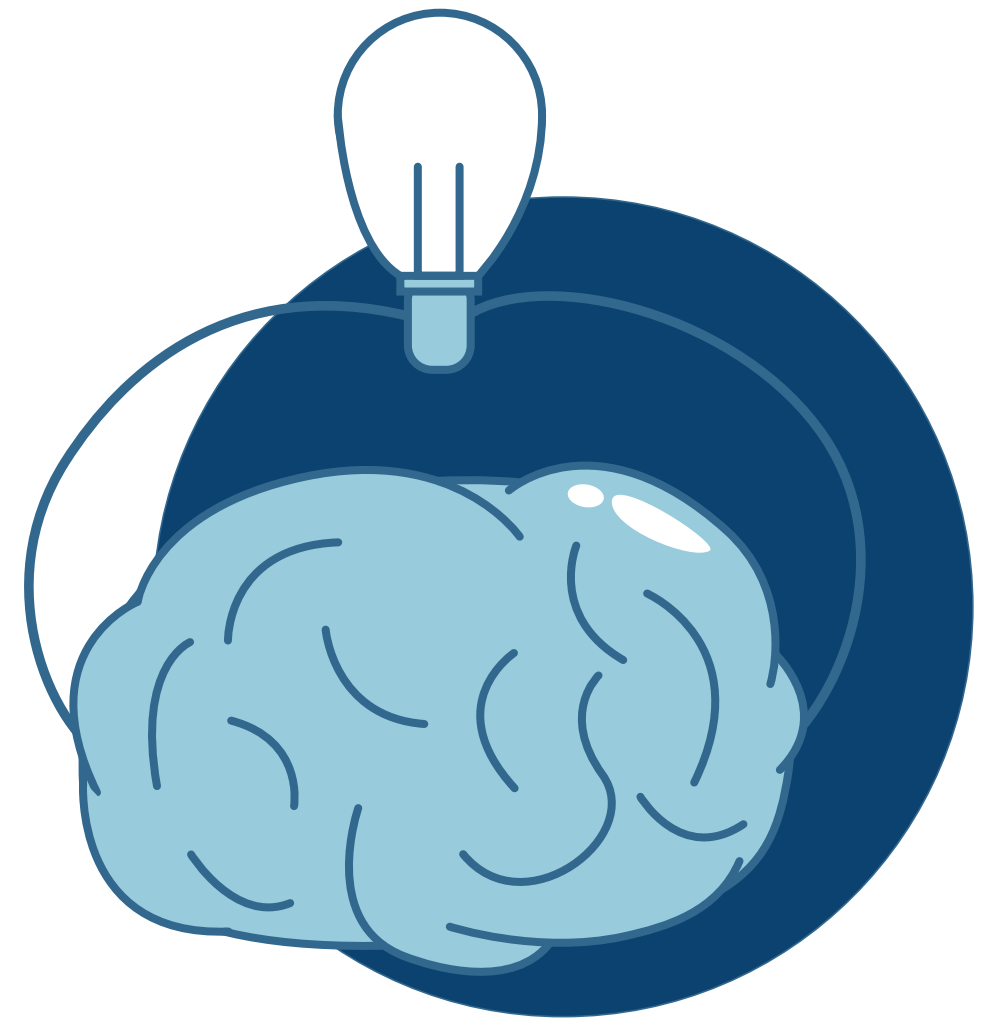
SHOWCASE 3: Emotions Running High

- Investigating **polarization** of politics by assigning emotion scores to speeches
- **anger** being the dominant emotion
- the ruling party showing more stable emotions compared to the opposition



FROM SHOWCASES TO REAL APPLICATIONS

- The project will **boost research** in digital humanities, linguistics, political science, social science and other related fields.
- Different reference corpora could be produced with parliamentary records and different analyses could use **our methodology**.



CURRENT ACTIONS

ParlaMint is a constant effort!

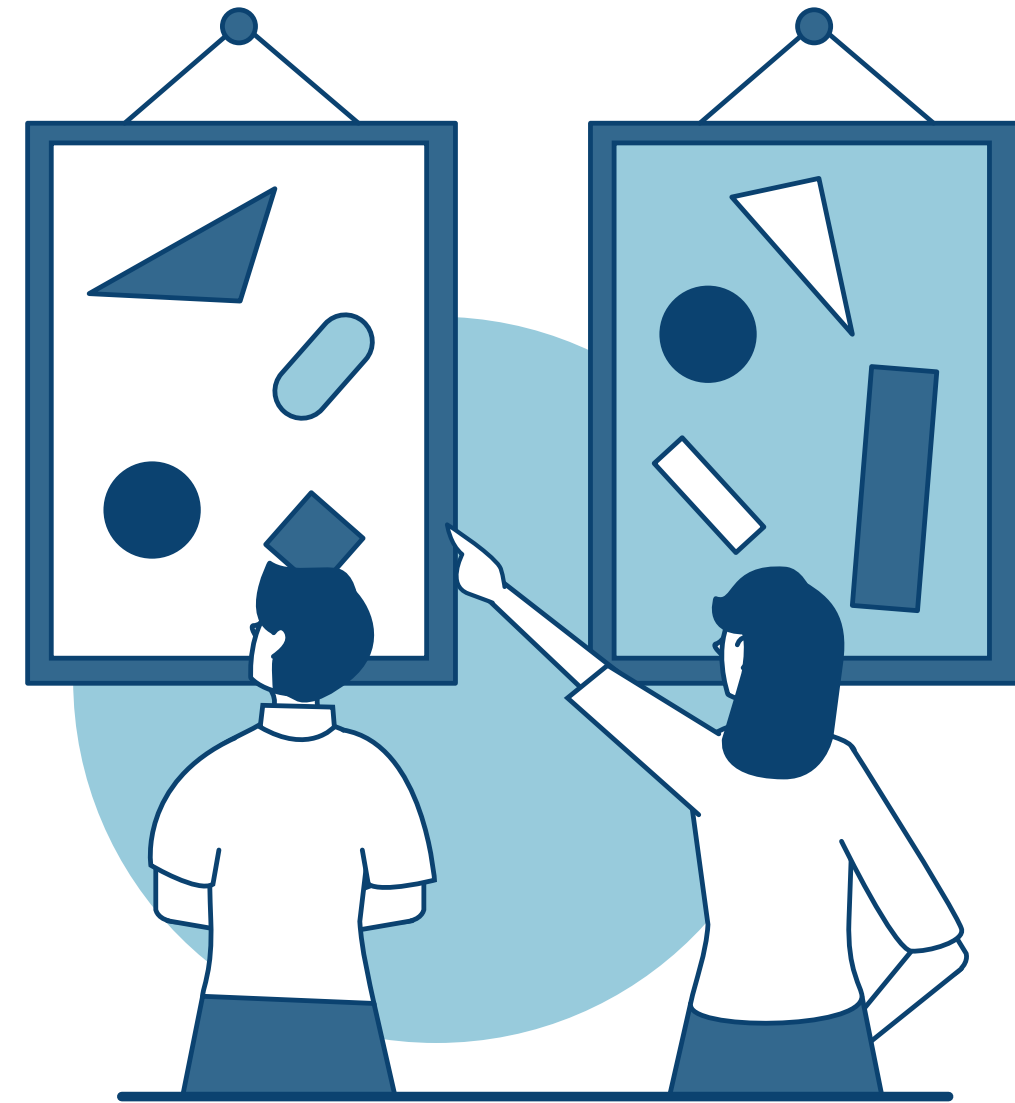
- 10 more languages
- new subcorpus starting with the date of the Russian invasion on Ukraine
- translating all data to English to perform semantic tagging
- a multimodal experiment of aligning audio recordings with transcriptions



BEYOND PARLAMINT

Into the future:

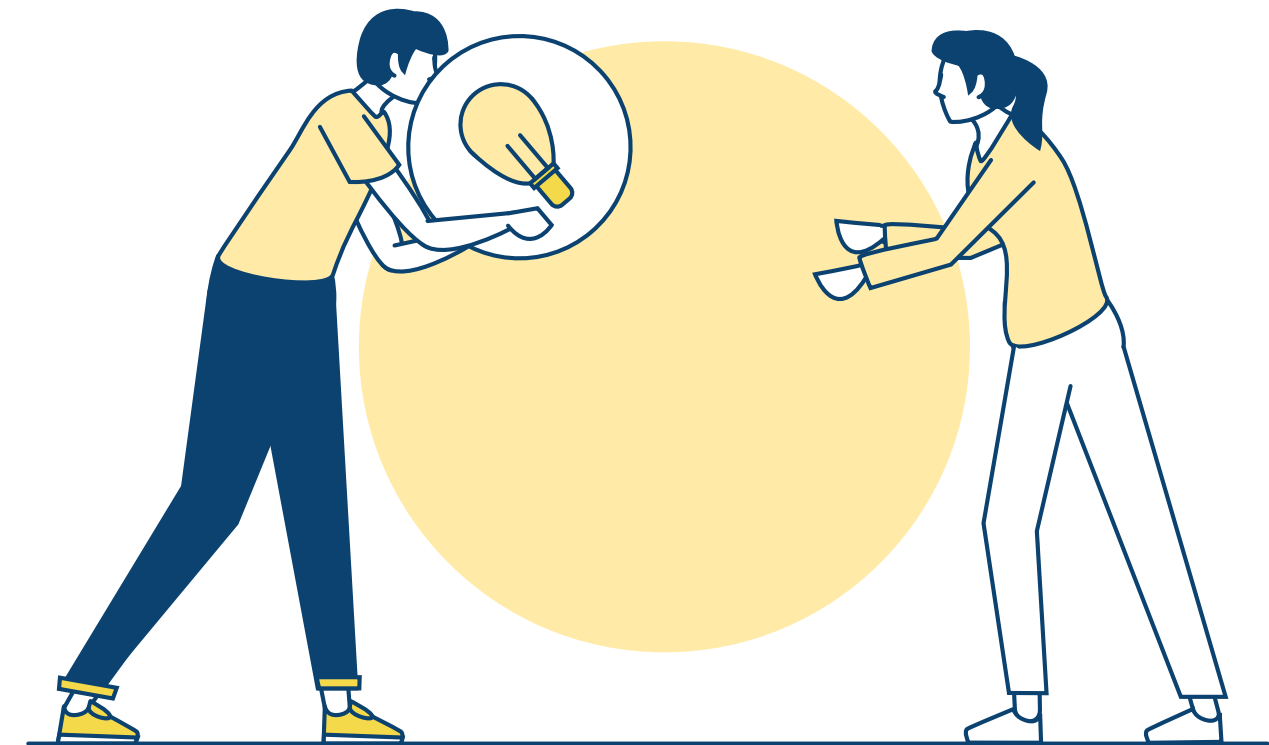
- data coming from the **European Parliament** and **regional parliaments**
- **voting results**
- documents related to the **law-making** process
- new and emerging technologies, concentrating on processing **multimodal data** or producing **live datasets**



KEY TAKEAWAYS

ParlaMint is a **solid data-intensive infrastructure** to make parliamentary debates across Europe more transparent and comparable.

It starts a long-term impact action of **bringing the accurate and trustworthy information** to all interested parties in a cross-lingual perspective never possible before!



The ParlaMint logo is a circular emblem composed of a grid of small dots. The dots are colored in shades of blue and yellow, arranged in a pattern that suggests a stylized 'U' or a speech bubble. The text 'ParlaMint' is written in a dark blue, sans-serif font above the logo.

ParlaMint

Thank you for your attention!

<https://www.clarin.eu/parlamint>