

Multispecies Management Plan for Fisheries, the next step:

Lessons learned for the development of the Multispecies

Management Plans for the North Sea and other waters

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- CFP reform and progress so far
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- 3. Lessons learned from Baltic MAP process





#### **Summary of Observations**

- Overfishing continues;
- Ambitious reform has been followed by intransigence;
- ➤ European Parliament attention is crucial.





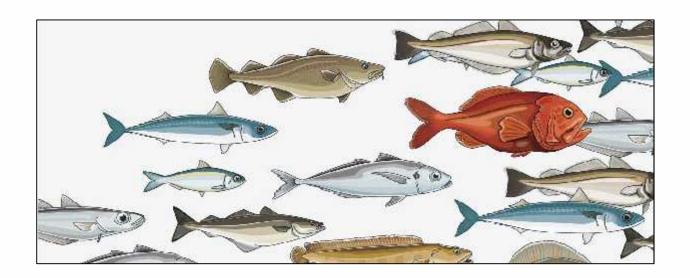
### 1. CFP reform and progress so far



#### **CFP**

New CFP is a paradigm shift, and once in a lifetime reform:

- End overfishing;
- Ecosystem & precautionary approaches; and
- Long term perspective multiannual plans (MAPs)





#### Progress so far: overfishing continues

#### Fishing above F<sub>MSY</sub>

## Stocks outside safe biological limits

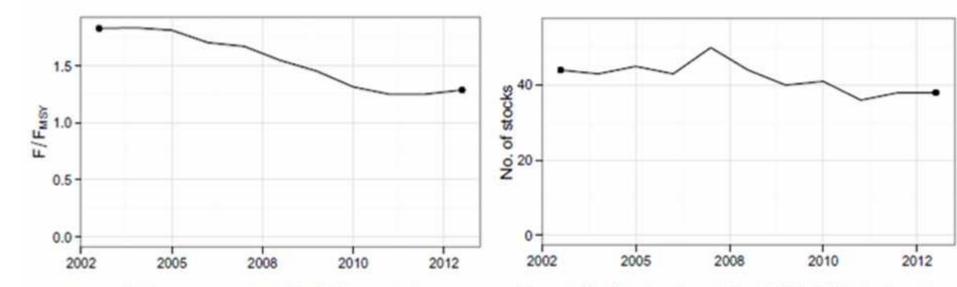


Figure 10: Arithmetic mean value of the  $F/F_{MSY}$  ratio by year.

Figure 6: Number of stocks outside safe biological limits by year.

Scientific, Technical and Economic Committee for Fisheries (STECF): Monitoring the performance of the Common Fisheries Policy (STECF-15-04)



#### **Overfishing continues**

- Commission's State of Stocks report:
  - TACs do not yet reflect CFP's ambition.
- STECF report:
  - Mean overfishing increased in recent years.
- > 2015 TACs:
  - In December 2014, Council set majority of TACs higher than scientific advice.

And: annual reporting does not yet reflect CFP





#### **Overfishing data**

Source	What do data show?	Figures
STECF: Monitoring the performance of the Common Fisheries Policy <a href="http://stecf.jrc.ec.europa.eu/documents/43805/55543/2015-03_STECF+15-04+-+Monitoring+the+CFP_JRCxxx.pdf">http://stecf.jrc.ec.europa.eu/documents/43805/55543/2015-03_STECF+15-04+-+Monitoring+the+CFP_JRCxxx.pdf</a> Dataset: Stocks where Bpa is defined for: Baltic Sea, North Sea, Western Europe, and widely distributed stocks.	No. of stocks inside /outside safe biological limits (latest data 2013)	24 stocks inside / 38 outside (39% / 61%)
Commission Communication: Consultation on Fishing Opportunities 2016) http://ec.europa.eu/dgs/maritimeaffairs_fisheries/consultations/fishing-opportunities-2016/doc/com_2015_239_annex_en.pdf Dataset: Stocks with MSY estimates in North-East Atlantic and adjacent waters.	Stocks fished at or below F <sub>MSY</sub> / stocks fished above F <sub>MSY</sub>	32 stocks at or below $F_{MSY}$ / 30 above $F_{MSY}$ (52% / 48%)
Pew analysis of 2015 TACs <a href="http://www.pewtrusts.org/~/media/Assets/2015/05/AllowableCatch-esinEuropesNWWatersApril2015.pdf?la=en">http://www.pewtrusts.org/~/media/Assets/2015/05/AllowableCatch-esinEuropesNWWatersApril2015.pdf?la=en</a> Dataset: 95 TACs with scientific advice in North-East Atlantic and adjacent waters (North, Celtic and Irish Seas, and Atlantic west of Scotland).	No. of TACs set above scientific advice	56 out of 95 TACs ( <b>59%</b> )
	Average amount above scientific advice across TACs	36%



#### 2. Lessons learned from CFP reform



#### **Lessons learned from CFP reform**

#### 1. An engaged civil society can motivate political courage







#### Lessons learned from the CFP reform

2. The European Parliament can secure ambitious reform of failing fisheries management.





#### Lessons learned from the CFP reform

3. The more ambitious the objectives, the more resistance there is to implementation.





# 3. Lessons learnt from Baltic MAP process



## Lessons learned from the Baltic Multiannual Plan process

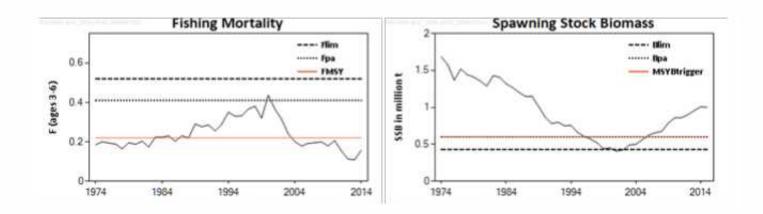
## 1. Commission proposal lacks ambition of CFP:

- F ranges 'around MSY' (i.e. ranges exceed F<sub>MSY</sub> limit);
- Lower objectives for stock biomass; and
- Lower reference points.





#### **Example: Central Baltic Herring**



- $\triangleright$  ICES advice on F<sub>MSY</sub> (2016 catch): 201,000 tonnes
- ➤ Catch equating to upper limit of F range in Council position: 250,000 tonnes

ICES Advice on central Baltic herring (18<sup>th</sup> June2015) (<a href="http://www.ices.dk/sites/pub/Publication%20Reports/Advice/2015/2015/her-2532-gor.pdf">http://www.ices.dk/sites/pub/Publication%20Reports/Advice/2015/2015/her-2532-gor.pdf</a>)



## Lessons learned from the Baltic Multiannual Plan process

#### 2. Civil society still cares:

"upper limit for F ranges must be  $F_{MSY}$ "



"compliance with all Article 2 elements".



"All species need to be covered by the plan"



"Biomass reference points that achieve the article 2.2 objective".



## Lessons learned from the Baltic Multiannual Plan process

- 3. Without the European Parliament, CFP objectives would already have been lost:
  - Council: welcomed Commission's approach
  - European Parliament: rejected
  - Impasse



### Jarosław Wałęsa Member of the European Parliament (Vice-Chair of the Fisheries Committee)

"The Council blatantly refuses to honour the Common Fisheries Reform. It seems like they insist on business as usual, keeping their right to over-exploit fish stocks."

#BalticMAP



#### **Recommendations for future MAPs**

- 1. MAP objectives need to reflect those of the CFP.
- 2. Limits and reference points need to respect those objectives (F<sub>MSY</sub> is an upper limit).
- 3. Please hold the line in Trilogue!





### **THANK YOU**

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