REPORT


Committee on the Environment, Public Health and Food Safety

Rapporteur: Cristian-Silviu Buşoi
Symbols for procedures

* Consultation procedure
*** Consent procedure
***I Ordinary legislative procedure (first reading)
***II Ordinary legislative procedure (second reading)
***III Ordinary legislative procedure (third reading)

(The type of procedure depends on the legal basis proposed by the draft act.)

Amendments to a draft act

Amendments by Parliament set out in two columns

Deletions are indicated in bold italics in the left-hand column. Replacements are indicated in bold italics in both columns. New text is indicated in bold italics in the right-hand column.

The first and second lines of the header of each amendment identify the relevant part of the draft act under consideration. If an amendment pertains to an existing act that the draft act is seeking to amend, the amendment heading includes a third line identifying the existing act and a fourth line identifying the provision in that act that Parliament wishes to amend.

Amendments by Parliament in the form of a consolidated text

New text is highlighted in bold italics. Deletions are indicated using either the ▼ symbol or strikeout. Replacements are indicated by highlighting the new text in bold italics and by deleting or striking out the text that has been replaced.

By way of exception, purely technical changes made by the drafting departments in preparing the final text are not highlighted.
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DRAFT EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT LEGISLATIVE RESOLUTION

on the proposal for a regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council on the establishment of a Programme for the Union's action in the field of health – for the period 2021-2027 and repealing Regulation (EU) No 282/2014 ("EU4Health Programme")

(Ordinary legislative procedure: first reading)

The European Parliament,

– having regard to the Commission proposal to Parliament and the Council (COM(2020)0405),

– having regard to Article 294(2) and Article 168(5) of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, pursuant to which the Commission submitted the proposal to Parliament (C9-0152/2020),

– having regard to Article 294(3) of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

– having regard to the opinion of the European Economic and Social Committee of ...

1

– having regard to the opinion of the Committee of the Regions of ...

2

– having regard to Rules 59 of its Rules of Procedure,

– having regard to the opinion of the Committee on Budgets and the position in the form of amendments of the Committee on Women’s Rights and Gender Equality,

– having regard to the report of the Committee on the Environment, Public Health and Food Safety (A9-0196/2020),

1. Adopts its position at first reading hereinafter set out;

2. Calls on the Commission to refer the matter to Parliament again if it replaces, substantially amends or intends to substantially amend its proposal;

3. Instructs its President to forward its position to the Council, the Commission and the national parliaments.

† OJ C ... / Not yet published in the Official Journal.
‡ OJ C ... / Not yet published in the Official Journal.
Amendment 1
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 1 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

(1 a) According to Article 8 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, in all its activities, the Union shall aim to eliminate inequalities, and to promote equality, between men and women, establishing the principle of gender mainstreaming.

Amendment 2
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 2

Text proposed by the Commission

(2) In accordance with Articles 9 and 168 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union (TFEU) and Article 35 of the Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union (the Charter), a high level of human health protection is to be ensured in the definition and implementation of all Union policies and activities.

Amendment 3
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 3

Text proposed by the Commission

(3) Article 168 TFEU provides that the Union is to complement and support national health policies, encourage cooperation between Member States and promote the coordination between their programmes, in full respect of the responsibilities of the Member States for the definition of their health policies and
the organisation and delivery of health services and medical care.

define their own health policy and to organise, deliver and manage health services and medical care.

Amendment 4

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 5

Text proposed by the Commission


Amendment

(5) On 11 March 2020 the World Health Organization (WHO), due to an exponential increase of cases, declared COVID-19 (the disease resulting from the novel coronavirus SARS-CoV-2), and associated respiratory disease outbreak a global pandemic. The COVID-19 pandemic and more specifically the moderate to severe cases of the disease that need intermediate and intensive medical care pushed several health systems to breaking point within and outside of the Union, caused an unprecedented worldwide health crisis with severe socio-economic consequences and human suffering, particularly affecting people with chronic conditions, causing both premature death and chronic conditions, and hitting the most vulnerable, patients, women, children, carers and the elderly the hardest. The severity of the crisis demonstrates also the importance of Union action and of adequately responding to threats deriving from infectious diseases, and in general of strengthening the Union’s actions to complement national policies in the field of public health.

Amendment 5

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 5 a (new)
Text proposed by the Commission

(5 a) Health care workers, which have been essential during the COVID-19 crisis, are predominantly women, and have been exposed to greater health risks during the crisis.

Amendment 6
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 5 b (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

(5 b) Taking into account that the effects of diseases can be different between men and women, as it seems clear with the Covid 19, which has a higher mortality rate in men, the Programme should study the causes of diseases’ behaviour in order to advance as regards pathology, treatment and cures.

Amendment 7
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 6

Text proposed by the Commission

(6) While Member States are responsible for their health policies, they are expected to protect public health in a spirit of European solidarity. Experience from the ongoing COVID-19 crisis has demonstrated that there is a need for a further firm action at Union level to support cooperation and coordination among the Member States in order to improve the prevention and control of the spread of severe human diseases across borders, to combat other serious cross-border threats to health and to safeguard the health and well-being of people in the
develop and make available products for the prevention and treatment of diseases, to combat other serious cross-border threats to health, and to safeguard and improve the health and well-being of all people in the Union. Preparedness is the key to improving resilience to future threats, and Member States, given their responsibility for the provision of healthcare, should carry out stress tests on their healthcare systems to identify weaknesses and verify that they are prepared for a possible future health crisis.

Amendment 8

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 6 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

(6 a) While the Union’s action in the field of health is limited, the Union should follow a coherent public health strategy in order to respond to existing epidemics taking into consideration regional and national specificities and have the capacity to face future worrying realities and health threats, such as pandemics and cross-border threats, including antimicrobial resistance, environmental health and the health impacts of the climate change. The Union should support Member States in reducing health inequalities and in achieving universal health coverage, including provision of sexual and reproductive health services, addressing healthcare associated

8 Communication to the European Parliament, the European Council, the Council, the European Central Bank, the European Investment Bank and the Eurogroup on coordinated economic response to the COVID-19 outbreak, COM(2020)112 final of 13.03.220.
infections, addressing the challenges of vulnerable groups, such as children, infant and maternal care, ageing population, of chronic diseases, and disease prevention, in promoting a healthy lifestyle, prevention services and preparing their health systems for emerging technologies in order to fully benefit from the digital revolution while seeking synergies with other relevant Union programmes such as Horizon Europe, Digital Europe, the Connecting Europe Facility programme or the Union’s Space Programme.

Amendment 9
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 7

Text proposed by the Commission

(7) It is therefore appropriate to establish a new Programme for the Union's action in the field of health, called EU4Health Programme ('the Programme') for the period 2021-2027. In line with the goals of the Union action and its competences in the area of public health the Programme should place emphasis on actions in relation to which there are advantages and efficiency gains from collaboration and cooperation at Union level and actions with an impact on the internal market.

Amendment

(7) It is therefore appropriate to establish a new Programme for the Union's action in the field of public health, called EU4Health Programme ('the Programme') for the period 2021-2027. In line with the goals of the Union action and its competences in the area of public health the Programme should place emphasis on actions in relation to which there are advantages and efficiency gains from collaboration at Union level as well as from cross-border cooperation at regional level and actions with an impact on the internal market. A holistic approach is needed to improve health outcomes, and EU policy-makers should ensure that the principle of 'health in all policies' is applied in all policy-making.

Amendment 10
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 10
Due to the serious nature of cross-border health threats, the Programme should support coordinated public health measures at Union level, as well as between neighbouring regions to address different aspects of such threats. With a view to strengthen the capability in the Union to prepare for, respond to and manage health crisis, the Programme should provide support to the actions taken in the framework of the mechanisms and structures established under Decision No 1082/2013/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council and other relevant mechanisms and structures established at Union level. This could include strategic stockpiling of essential medical supplies or capacity building in crisis response, preventive measures related to vaccination and immunisation, strengthened surveillance programmes. In this context the Programme should foster Union-wide and cross-sectoral crisis prevention, preparedness, surveillance, management and response capacity of actors at the Union, national, regional and local level, including contingency planning and preparedness exercises, in keeping with the “One Health” approach. It should facilitate the setting up of an integrated cross-cutting risk communication framework working in all phases of a health crisis - prevention, preparedness and response.

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Proposal for a regulation
Recital 11

**Text proposed by the Commission**

(11) _As in the time of health crisis emergency_ health technology assessment _as well as_ clinical trials can contribute to the rapid development of medical countermeasures _the Programme should provide support to facilitate such actions_. The Commission has adopted a proposal\(^1\) on Health Technology Assessment (HTA) to support cooperation on health technology assessment at Union level.


Proposal for a regulation
Recital 12

**Text proposed by the Commission**

(12) _With a view to protect people in vulnerable situations, including those suffering from mental illnesses and chronic diseases, the Programme should also promote actions which address the collateral impacts of the health crisis on people belonging to such vulnerable groups._

**Amendment**

(12) _With a view to protect people in vulnerable situations, including those suffering from mental illnesses, _living with or most affected by communicable or non-communicable diseases_ and chronic diseases, _such as obesity, cancer, diabetes, cardiovascular disease and neurological disorders_, the Programme should also promote actions which address the collateral impacts of the health crisis on people belonging to such vulnerable groups. _With a view to guaranteeing continued high standards of essential healthcare services, including prevention, the Programme should, in particular in times of crisis and pandemics, encourage a transition to accessible and affordable_
telemedicine, at-home administration of medication and implementation of preventative and self-care plans, where possible and appropriate, while ensuring that access to healthcare and prevention services is provided to chronic patients and patients at risk.

Amendment 13

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 13

Text proposed by the Commission

(13) The COVID-19 crisis has highlighted many challenges in ensuring the supply of medicines, medical devices as well as personal protective equipment needed in the Union during the pandemics. The Programme therefore should provide support to actions which foster the production, procurement and management of crisis relevant products ensuring complementarity with other Union instruments.

Amendment

(13) The COVID-19 crisis has highlighted many challenges including the Union’s dependency on third countries in ensuring the supply of chemical raw and starting materials, active pharmaceutical ingredients, medicines, medical devices as well as personal protective equipment needed in the Union during the pandemics. The Programme therefore should provide support to actions which will increase the security of production, procurement, management and distribution of medicinal products and medical devices in the Union and reduce dependency on third countries by encouraging the diversification of supply chains, fostering the production in the Union and joint procurement and management of crisis relevant products ensuring complementarity with other Union instruments, to mitigate the risk of shortages, especially in periods of health crises.

Amendment 14

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 14
(14) In order to minimise the public health consequences of serious cross-border threats to health it should be possible for actions supported under the Programme to cover coordination of the activities which strengthen the interoperability and coherence of Member States’ health-systems through benchmarking, cooperation and exchange of best practices and ensure their capability to respond to health emergencies, that includes contingency planning, preparedness exercises and the upskilling of health care and public health staff and the establishment of mechanisms for the efficient monitoring and needs-driven distribution or allocation of goods and services needed in time of crisis.

Amendment 15

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 14 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

(14a) The establishment of a communication portal for the public would allow the Union to share validated information, send alerts to European citizens and fight against disinformation. It could include a wide range of information, prevention campaigns and youth education programs. This portal could also be used to promote, in cooperation with the European Centre for Disease Control (‘ECDC’), a strong immunization coverage at European level.
Amendment 16

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 15

Text proposed by the Commission

(15) Experience from the COVID-19 crisis has indicated that there is a general need for the support to structural transformation of and systemic reforms of health systems across the Union to improve their effectiveness, accessibility and resilience. In the context of such transformation and reforms, the Programme should promote, in synergy with the Digital Europe Programme, actions which advance digital transformation of health services and increase their interoperability, contribute to the increased capacity of health systems to foster disease prevention and health promotion, to provide new care models and to deliver integrated services, from the community and primary health care to the highly specialised services, based on people's needs and ensure an efficient public health workforce equipped with the right skills, including digital skills. The development of a European health data space would provide health care systems, researchers and public authorities with means to improve the availability and quality of healthcare. Given the fundamental right to access to preventive healthcare and medical treatment enshrined in Article 35 of the Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union and in view to the common values and principles in European Union Health Systems as set out in the Council Conclusions of 2 June 2006\textsuperscript{12} the Programme should support actions ensuring the universality and inclusivity of health care, meaning that no-one is barred access to health care, and those ensuring that patients’ rights, including on the privacy of their data, are duly respected.

Amendment

(15) Experience from the COVID-19 crisis has indicated that there is a general need for the support to structural transformation of and systemic reforms of health systems across the Union to improve their effectiveness, accessibility, sustainability and resilience. In the context of such transformation and reforms, the Programme should promote, in synergy with the Digital Europe Programme, actions which advance digital transformation of health services and increase their interoperability, contribute to the increased capacity of health systems to foster primordial, primary, secondary, tertiary and quaternary disease prevention and health promotion, to provide new outcome-based care models and to deliver integrated services, from the community and primary health care to the highly specialised services, based on people's needs enhancing citizens’ levels of health literacy and digital health literacy, and ensure an efficient public health workforce equipped with the right skills, including digital skills, regularly updated in the light of scientific and technological progress, as provided for in Directive 2005/36 on the recognition of professional qualifications. The synergy between the European Health Programme and the Digital Europe Programme should contribute to the implementation and expansion of e-health, reducing unnecessary travel and unmet healthcare needs. The development of a European health data space and of a European electronic health record would provide health care systems, researchers and public authorities with means to improve the accessibility, affordability, availability and quality of healthcare, increasing the
amount of data available to patients and health workers, and thereby improving the quality of healthcare and the patient’s freedom of movement around the Union. Given the fundamental right to access to preventive healthcare and medical treatment enshrined in Article 35 of the Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union and in view to the common values and principles in European Union Health Systems as set out in the Council Conclusions of 2 June 2006 the Programme should support actions ensuring the universality and inclusivity of health care, meaning that no-one is barred access to health care, and those ensuring that patients’ rights, including on the privacy of their data, are duly respected. **The Programme should support access to and sharing of personal health data, without prejudice to the application of GDPR and increase the digital skills of patients.**


**Amendment 17**

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 15 a (new)

*Text proposed by the Commission*

15 a) Gender and sex sensitivity and knowledge needs to be improved in the education of health care professionals, the research, diagnosis, treatment and impact of medicines and therapeutics to better understand and treat both sexes.


**Amendment 18**

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 15 b (new)
Under Article 153 TFEU, the Union is to support and complement the activities of Member States concerning improvement of the working environment, and protection of workers' health, safety and working conditions. It is important to take account of the large amount of time that workers spend in their workplaces and the potential health risk they could be exposed to, such as health hazard substances and carcinogens and to repeated movements, leading to a high burden as regards incapacity and number of work days lost, which in turn has consequences for the individual, family and society. The Programme should also reflect the importance of occupational health and its impact on health workers and societies. The Commission should work with Member States to create new legislation to improve workers health conditions, improve their working conditions, the balance between work and life, promote wellbeing and better mental health, prevent early-retirement due to ill health and poor health management.

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 15 c (new)

The programme should facilitate the revision of the EU-OSHA’s mandate to promote healthy and safe workplaces across the Union and to support the Agency’s activities and analysis regarding occupational safety and health. The Commission should propose a new Union strategic framework on occupational safety and health for the period 2021 – 2027 and continue updating the directive on the protection of workers from the
risks related to carcinogens or mutagens at work. The programme should also support actions to facilitate people’s return to the workplace after long-term sick leave and to better include people who are chronically sick or have a disability in the workforce.

Amendment 20

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 16

Text proposed by the Commission

(16) Keeping people healthy and active longer and empowering them to take an active role in managing their health will have positive effects on health, health inequalities, quality of life, productivity, competitiveness and inclusiveness, while reducing pressures on national budgets. The Commission has committed to help Member States to reach the sustainable development targets set in the 'UN 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development' in particular Sustainable Development Goal 3 "Ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages". The Programme therefore should contribute to the actions taken towards reaching these goals.

Amendment

(16) Health is an investment and the Programme should have this concept at its core. Keeping people healthy and active longer and empowering them to take an active role in managing their health, by improving their health literacy, will have positive effects on health, health inequalities, health inequities, quality of life, productivity, competitiveness and inclusiveness, while reducing pressures on national health systems and budgets. The Programme should also support action to reduce inequalities in the provision of healthcare, in rural and remote areas including in the outermost regions, for the purposes of achieving inclusive growth.

The Commission has committed to help Member States to reach the sustainable development targets set in the 'UN 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development' in particular Sustainable Development Goal 3 "Ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages". The Programme therefore should contribute to the actions taken towards reaching the SDGs goals, and consequently improve the social determinants of health and enhance the health of the Union’s citizens.

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13 Communication from the Commission to the European Parliament, the Council, the European Economic and Social Committee

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13 Communication from the Commission to the European Parliament, the Council, the European Economic and Social Committee

Amendment 21
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 17

Text proposed by the Commission

(17) Non-communicable diseases are a result of a combination of genetic, physiological, environmental and behavioural factors. Such non-communicable diseases as cardiovascular diseases, cancer, chronic respiratory diseases, and diabetes, represent major causes of disability, ill-health, health-related retirement, and premature death in the Union, resulting in considerable social and economic impacts. To decrease the impact of non-communicable diseases on individuals and society in the Union and reach goal 3 of the Sustainable Development Goals, Target 3.4, to reduce premature mortality from non-communicable diseases by one third by 2030, it is key to provide an integrated response focusing on prevention across sectors and policy fields, combined with efforts to strengthen health systems.

Amendment

(17) Non-communicable diseases are a result of a combination of genetic and health determinants (physiological, behavioural, and environmental) Such non-communicable diseases, as cardiovascular diseases, cancer, obesity, chronic respiratory diseases, diabetes, mental health illness and neurologic disorder represent major causes of disability, ill-health, health-related retirement, and premature death in the Union, while non-communicable diseases were responsible for 87% of Disability-Adjusted Life Years (DALYs) in the Union in 2017, resulting in considerable affective, social and economic impacts. To decrease the impact of non-communicable diseases on individuals and society in the Union and reach goal 3 of the Sustainable Development Goals, particularly but not exclusively Target 3.4, to reduce premature mortality from non-communicable diseases by one third by 2030, it is key to provide an integrated response focusing on health promotion and prevention across sectors, specialities and policy fields, taking into account the interrelated nature of most non-communicable diseases, combined with efforts to strengthen health systems and the supply of appropriate medicines, on strengthening the implementation of the WHO Framework Convention on Tobacco Control is crucial to achieving an effective, sustainable reduction in preventable non-communicable diseases. The Program should support actions
aimed at integrating mental health into all areas, including in the workspace and in schools, and promote actions to combat depression and suicide and to implement integrative mental health care.

Amendment 22
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 18

Text proposed by the Commission

(18) The Programme therefore should contribute to disease prevention throughout the lifetime of an individual and to health promotion by addressing health risk factors, such as the use of tobacco and related products and exposure to their emissions, the harmful use of alcohol, and the consumption of illicit drugs. The Programme should also contribute to the reduction of drugs-related health damage, unhealthy dietary habits and physical inactivity, and exposure to environmental pollution, and foster supportive environments for healthy lifestyles in order to complement Member States action in these areas. The Programme should also therefore contribute to the objectives of the European Green Deal, the Farm to Fork Strategy and the Biodiversity Strategy.

Amendment

(18) Health promotion and health prevention are vastly more cost-efficient than treatment, both in terms of money and of quality-adjusted life years, therefore the Programme should contribute to disease prevention throughout the lifetime of an individual and to health promotion by addressing determinants of health, such as the use of tobacco and related products and exposure to their emissions, the harmful use of alcohol, an unhealthy food environment, and the consumption of illicit drugs and psychoactive substances. To achieve the best health status possible, the Programme should tackle all the health determinants. Health promotion, health protection and disease prevention throughout the lifetime of an individual should be at the core of the programme by addressing health and mental risk factors, such as the use of tobacco and related products and exposure to their emissions, the harmful use of alcohol, and the consumption of drugs and other addictive behaviours. The Programme should also contribute to the reduction of drugs-related health damage, obesity and unhealthy dietary habits, physical inactivity, and exposure to environmental pollution, and foster supportive environments for healthy lifestyles in order to complement Member States action in these areas. The Programme therefore should contribute to a high level of human health protection.
and prevention, throughout the entire lifetime of an individual, including through the promotion of physical activity, nutritional care and promotion of health education. The Programme should also strengthen and support the implementation of Union’s health-related legislation, including in the area of environmental health, and fostering the ‘Health in All Policies’ approach. The Programme should also contribute to the objectives of the European Green Deal, the Farm to Fork Strategy and the Biodiversity Strategy and the Chemicals strategy for sustainability.

Amendment 23
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 18 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(18a) The Programme should continue supporting actions in the area of reducing and preventing alcohol related harm in the perspective of a revised Union alcohol strategy. Protecting children from alcohol commercial communication as well as product placement and sponsorship of alcohol brands, especially in the online environment, should be one of the Programme’s priorities.

Amendment 24
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 18 b (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(18 b) The burden of chronic diseases is still significant in the Union. Chronic diseases develop slowly, are long-lasting and often incurable. Chronic diseases are, in many cases, associated with more than one comorbidity, which makes them even
more difficult to treat and manage. They have caused great human suffering and also placed an enormous burden on health systems. However, many chronic diseases, such as cardiovascular diseases and type 2 diabetes, could be prevented by healthy lifestyle choices, while other illnesses, for instance neurological diseases, can be managed to slow the onset if detected early, or helping patients feel their best and remain active for longer. The Union and the Member States can therefore greatly reduce the burden of Member States by working together to achieve a better and more effective management of diseases, and the Programme should support actions in this area. The Programme should support the development of specific European preventive and diseases management guidelines in the area of both communicable and non-communicable diseases, such as cardiovascular diseases, neurodegenerative diseases, respiratory diseases and diabetes.

Amendment 25
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 19

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(19) Cancer is the second leading cause of mortality in the Member States after cardiovascular diseases. It is also one of non-communicable diseases that share common risk factors and the prevention and control of which would benefit the majority of citizens. In 2020 the Commission announced the ‘Europe’s Beating Cancer Plan’ which would cover the entire cycle of the disease starting from prevention and early diagnosis to treatment and quality of life of patients and survivors. The measures should benefit from the Programme and from

*Amendment*

(19) Cancer is the second leading cause of mortality in the Member States after cardiovascular diseases. Cancer is caused by many factors and therefore requires a new prevention paradigm that addresses individual health determinants (genetic, lifestyle) and wider (populations) determinants related to occupational, environmental and social exposure factors; It is also one of non-communicable diseases that share common risk factors with others and the prevention and control of which would benefit the majority of citizens. Poor nutrition, physical inactivity, obesity, tobacco and
alcohol are risk factors common to other chronic diseases, such as cardiovascular diseases, and therefore cancer prevention programmes should be implemented within the context of an integrated chronic disease prevention programme. In 2020 the Commission announced the ‘Europe’s Beating Cancer Plan’ which would cover every key stage of the disease: prevention, diagnosis, treatment, life as a cancer survivor, reinsertion and palliative care and pain management. The programme should promote actions to complement Europe’s Beating Cancer Plan and thus improve cancer patients’ quality of life. The measures should benefit from the Programme and from Horizon Europe’s Mission on Cancer in particular by initiatives which support the mid- and long-term goals of the Plan, and address cancer’s common risk factors and synergies with other major non-communicable diseases.

Amendment 26

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 20

Text proposed by the Commission

(20) The Programme will work in synergy and complementarity with other EU policies, programmes and funds such as actions implemented under the Digital Europe Programme, Horizon Europe, rescEU reserve under the Union Civil Protection Mechanism, Emergency Support Instrument, European Social Fund+ (ESF+, including as regards synergies on better protecting the health and safety of millions of workers in the EU), including the Employment and Social Innovation Strand (EaSI), the InvestEU fund, Single Market Programme, European Regional Development Fund (ERDF), Recovery and Resilience Facility including

Amendment

(20) The Programme will work in synergy and complementarity with other EU policies, programmes and funds such as actions implemented under the Digital Europe Programme, Horizon Europe, rescEU reserve under the Union Civil Protection Mechanism, Emergency Support Instrument, European Social Fund+ (ESF+, including as regards synergies on better protecting the health and safety of millions of workers in the EU), including the Employment and Social Innovation Strand (EaSI), the InvestEU fund, Single Market Programme, European Regional Development Fund (ERDF), including Interreg, Recovery and
the Reform Delivery Tool, Erasmus, European Solidarity Corps, Support to mitigate Unemployment Risks in an Emergency (SURE), and EU external action instruments, such as the Neighbourhood, Development and International Cooperation Instrument and the Instrument for Pre-accession Assistance III. Where appropriate, common rules will be established in view of ensuring consistency and complementarity between funds, while making sure that specificities of these policies are respected, and in view of aligning with the strategic requirements of these policies, programmes and funds, such as the enabling conditions under ERDF and ESF+.

Resilience Facility including the Reform Delivery Tool, Erasmus, European Solidarity Corps, Support to mitigate Unemployment Risks in an Emergency (SURE), and EU external action instruments, such as the Neighbourhood, Development and International Cooperation Instrument and the Instrument for Pre-accession Assistance III. Where appropriate, common rules will be established in view of ensuring consistency and complementarity between funds, avoiding any overlap or duplication of financing, while making sure that specificities of these policies are respected, and in view of aligning with the strategic requirements of these policies, programmes and funds, such as the enabling conditions under ERDF and ESF+.

Amendment 27

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 21

Text proposed by the Commission

(21) In accordance with Article 114 TFEU, a high level of health protection should be ensured in the legislation adopted by the Union for the establishment and the functioning of the internal market. On the basis of Article 114 TFEU and point (c) of Article 168(4) TFEU, a considerable body of Union acquis was developed which guarantees the high standards of quality and safety for medicinal products and medical devices. Given the rising healthcare demand, Member States’ healthcare systems face challenges in the availability and affordability of medicines and medical devices. To ensure a better public health protection as well as the safety and empowerment of patients in the Union, it is essential that patients and health systems have access to high quality healthcare

Amendment

(21) In accordance with Article 114 TFEU, a high level of health protection should be ensured in the legislation adopted by the Union for the establishment and the functioning of the internal market. On the basis of Article 114 TFEU and point (c) of Article 168(4) TFEU, a considerable body of Union acquis was developed which guarantees the high standards of quality and safety for medicinal products and medical devices. Given the rising healthcare demand, Member States’ healthcare systems face challenges in the availability and affordability of medicines and medical devices. To ensure a better public health protection as well as the safety and empowerment of patients in the Union, it is essential that patients and health systems have access to sustainable, efficient, equitable, affordable and high quality healthcare.
products and can fully benefit from them. healthcare products, including in a cross-border context, and can fully benefit from them, based on transparent, consistent, patient-oriented medical information.

Amendment 28

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 22

Text proposed by the Commission

(22) The Programme should therefore support actions to monitor shortages of medicines, medical devices and other healthcare products and to ensure greater availability and affordability of those products while limiting the dependency of their supply chains on third countries. In particular, in order to address unmet medical needs, the Programme should provide support to clinical trials so as to speed up the development, authorisation and access to innovative and effective medicines, promote incentives to develop such medicinal products as antimicrobials and foster the digital transformation of healthcare products and platforms for monitoring and collecting information on medicines.

Amendment

(22) The Programme should support the development of a European monitoring, reporting and notification system for shortages of medicines, medical devices, vaccines, diagnostic tools, and other healthcare products, to avoid fragmentation of the single market and to ensure greater availability and affordability of those products while limiting the dependency of their supply chains on third countries. The Programme should, therefore encourage the production of medicinal products and medical devices within the Union. In particular, in order to address unmet medical needs, the Programme should provide support to clinical and real world evidence generation to enable the development, authorisation, evaluation of and access to effective medicines, including generics and biosimilars, medical devices, and treatment, promote research and the development of new medicinal products, with particular attention to be given to antimicrobials and vaccines to tackle AMR and vaccine-preventable diseases, promote incentives to boost the production capacity for antimicrobials, personalized treatment and vaccination, and foster the digital transformation of healthcare products and platforms for monitoring and collecting information on medicines. The Programme should also strengthen decision-making on medicines by enabling access to and analysis of real-world healthcare data by regulators and
health technology assessments (‘HTA’), bodies. The Programme should also help to ensure best use of research results and facilitate the uptake, scaling-up and deployment of health innovation in healthcare systems and clinical practice.

Amendment 29
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 22 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

(22 a) A harmonised definition should be laid down at Union level for the terms ‘shortage’, ‘tension’, ‘supply disruptions’, ‘stock-out’ and ‘overstocking’. The Commission should work towards developing such harmonised definitions in close cooperation with the Member States and all the relevant stakeholders, including patient organisations. Moreover, the Commission should, in particular, reinforce the definition of ‘shortage’ proposed by the European Medicines Agency (EMA) and the Heads of Medicines Agencies (HMA) joint Task Force in 2019.

Amendment 30
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 23

Text proposed by the Commission

(23) As the optimal use of medicines and antimicrobials in particular yields benefits for individuals and health systems, the Programme should promote their prudent and efficient use. In line with the European One Health Action Plan against Antimicrobial Resistance, adopted in June 2017 following the request from Member States, and given the experience

(23) As the optimal use of medicines and antimicrobials in particular yields benefits for individuals and health systems, the Programme should promote their prudent and efficient use. In line with the European One Health Action Plan against Antimicrobial Resistance, adopted in June 2017 following the request from Member States, and given that infections
with the bacterial secondary infections related to COVID-19, it is essential that the Programme supports actions aimed at the prudent use of antimicrobials in humans, animals and crops, in the framework of an integrated policy on patient safety and prevention of medical errors.

and sepsis caused by antibiotic-resistant bacteria are responsible for a high number of deaths in the Union, it is essential that the Programme supports actions aimed at the prudent use of antimicrobials in humans, animals and crops, and actions including the use of non-antibiotic integrative treatments, in the framework of an integrated policy on patient safety and prevention of medical errors. The Programme should support the monitoring and surveillance programmes on the usage of antimicrobials and AMR, and the support to the implementation of local, regional and national plans to fight against AMR, supported by evidence-based strategies and the sharing of good practices within the Union.


Amendment 31
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 24

Text proposed by the Commission

(24) Since environmental pollution caused by human and veterinary pharmaceutical substances is an emerging environmental problem that can impact on public health, the Programme should foster measures to strengthen the assessment and appropriate management of environmental risks associated with the production, use and disposal of medicinal products, in line with the European Union Strategic Approach to Pharmaceuticals in the Environment15.

Amendment

(24) Since the pollution caused by human and veterinary pharmaceutical substances is an emerging environmental problem that can impact on public health, the Programme should foster measures to strengthen the assessment and appropriate management of environmental risks associated with the production, use and disposal of medicinal products, in line with the European Union Strategic Approach to Pharmaceuticals in the Environment15.
(25) The Union health legislation has an immediate impact on public health and safety, the lives of citizens, the efficiency and resilience of the health systems and the good functioning of the internal market. The regulatory framework for medical products and technologies (medicinal products, medical devices and substances of human origin), as well as for tobacco legislation, patients’ rights in cross-border healthcare and serious cross-border threats to health is essential to health protection in the Union. The Programme therefore should support the development, implementation and enforcement of Union health legislation and provide high quality, unbiased, comparable and reliable data, including real-world healthcare data collected locally across Europe, through a well-defined homogeneous methodology, to underpin policymaking and monitoring, set targets and develop tools to measure progress.
(26) Cross-border cooperation in the provision of healthcare to patients moving between Member States, collaboration on health technology assessments (HTA), and European Reference Networks (ERNs) are examples of areas where integrated work among Member States has shown to have strong added value and great potential to increase the efficiency of health systems and thus health in general. The Programme should therefore support activities to enable such integrated and coordinated work, which also serves to foster the implementation of high-impact practices that are aimed at distributing in the most effective way the available resources to the concerned population and areas so as to maximise their impact.

Amendment 34

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 26 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

(26 a) Solidarity and unity are principles of the Union and the programme should ensure that the Union has a coherent approach to combating cross-border health-threats. In order to respond to public health threats, the Programme should under Article 168 TFEU support the creation of a European Health Response Mechanism, coordinated by the ECDC and led by the Commissioner for Health and the Commissioner for Crisis Management, fully articulated with the other EU health agencies. This Mechanism with its own medical resources under a strengthened Union Civil Protection Mechanism should be
prepared with a pandemic emergency plan, in order to have a coordinated response and the capacity to rapidly scale up the response to future health crises, based on standardised information.

Amendment 35
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 27

Text proposed by the Commission

(27) The ERNs, established pursuant to Directive 2011/24/EU of the European Parliament and the Council\(^\text{16}\) are virtual networks involving healthcare providers across Europe. They aim to facilitate discussion on complex or rare diseases and conditions that require highly specialised treatment, and concentrated knowledge and resources. As the Networks can improve the access to diagnosis and the provision of high-quality healthcare to patients with rare conditions and can be focal points for medical training and research and dissemination of information, the Programme should contribute to the upscaling of networking through the ERNs, and other transnational networks. It should consider the extension of ERNs beyond rare diseases to communicable and non-communicable diseases such as cancer.

Amendment

(27) The ERNs, established pursuant to Directive 2011/24/EU of the European Parliament and the Council\(^\text{16}\) are virtual networks involving healthcare providers across Europe. They aim to facilitate discussion on complex or rare diseases and conditions that require highly specialised treatment, and concentrated knowledge and resources. ERNs are a ground-breaking platform that represents a unique opportunity and which, based on the innovative use and sharing of knowledge and health data across borders, aims to improve diagnosis and care for people living with a rare or complex disease. The Programme should, therefore, provide adequate funding to support the coordination and collaborative activities of both existing and future ERNs through grants or other instruments that are fit for purpose. It should increase upscale current funding to ensure that ERNs fulfil the objectives set out in their mission. As the Networks can improve the access to diagnosis and the provision of high-quality healthcare to patients with rare conditions and can be focal points for medical training and research and dissemination of information, the Programme should also contribute to the upscaling of networking through the ERNs, and other transnational networks. It should consider reinforcing ERNs, supporting the creation of new ERNs to cover infectious diseases, complex pregnancies and rare
and complex mental health diseases. The reinforcement of ERNs can play a key role in supporting the adoption of a common newly developed screening framework at Union level, starting from disease selection criteria and mechanisms, with the aim of overcoming existing inequalities in terms of screening coverage across Member States. The Programme should also consider the development of excellence networks in the field of communicable and non-communicable diseases, including cancer and paediatric cancer, cardiovascular disease, chronic respiratory disease, diabetes, mental health conditions, neurodegenerative diseases and other major chronic diseases, and in the field of health crisis management.

Amendment 36

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 27 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

(27 a) The ERNs face significant challenges as regards ensuring they are financially sustainable and are able to operate effectively within and across national healthcare systems, as highlighted by the European Court of Auditors, in their “Special report no 07/2019: EU actions for cross-border healthcare”

Amendment 37
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 30

Text proposed by the Commission

(30) In order to optimise the added value and impact from investments funded wholly or in part through the budget of the Union, synergies should be sought in particular between the Programme for the Union's action in the field of health and other Union programmes, including those under shared-management. To maximise those synergies, key enabling mechanisms should be ensured, including cumulative funding in an action from the Programme for the Union's action in the field of health and another Union programme, as long as such cumulative funding does not exceed the total eligible costs of the action. For that purpose, this Regulation should set out appropriate rules, in particular on the possibility to declare the same cost or expenditure on a pro-rata basis to Programme for the Union's action in the field of health and another Union programme.

Amendment

(30) In order to optimise the added value and impact from investments funded wholly or in part through the budget of the Union, synergies should be sought in particular between the Programme for the Union's action in the field of health and other Union programmes, including those under shared-management, in particular the Interreg programme, which already addresses cross-border cooperation in the field of health and helps to facilitate the cross-border mobility of patients and health professionals, and to develop access to high quality healthcare through the use of common equipment, shared services and joint facilities in cross-border areas. To maximise those synergies, and avoid duplications, key enabling mechanisms should be ensured, including cumulative funding in an action from the Programme for the Union's action in the field of health and another Union programme, as long as such cumulative funding does not exceed the total eligible costs of the action. For that purpose, this Regulation should set out appropriate rules, in particular on the possibility to declare the same cost or expenditure on a pro-rata basis to Programme for the Union's action in the field of health and another Union programme, guaranteeing detailed and transparent reporting.

Amendment 38
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 31

Text proposed by the Commission

(31) Given the specific nature of the

Amendment

(31) Given the specific nature of the
objectives and actions covered by the Programme, the respective competent authorities of the Member States are best placed in some cases to implement the related activities. Those authorities, designated by the Member States themselves, should therefore be considered to be identified beneficiaries for the purpose of Article 195 of the Financial Regulation and the grants be awarded to such authorities without prior publication of calls for proposals.

**Amendment 39**

**Proposal for a regulation**

Recital 31 a (new)

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(31 a) In order to ensure that each of these objectives is implemented at the Union level, the Commission should increase the budget and should submit a proposal to strengthen the mandates of the ECDC and of EMA, which are already pursuing some of the EU4Health objectives at their level, and should have a greater role in the implementation of the Programme.

**Amendment 40**

**Proposal for a regulation**

Recital 33

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(33) Given the common agreed values of solidarity towards equitable and universal coverage of quality health services as a basis for the Union’s policies in this area

(33) Given the common agreed values of solidarity towards **accessible**, equitable and universal coverage of quality health services, *including in a cross-border*
and that the Union has a central role to play in accelerating progress on global health challenges, the Programme should support the Union’s contribution to international and global health initiatives with a view to improve health, address inequalities and increase protection against global health threats.

19 Council conclusions on the EU role in Global Health, 3011th Foreign Affairs Council meeting, Brussels, 10 May 2010.

Amendment 41

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 34

Text proposed by the Commission

(34) In order to maximise the effectiveness and efficiency of actions at Union and international level, cooperation should be developed with relevant international organisations such as the United Nations and its specialised agencies, in particular the WHO, the World Bank, as well as with the Council of Europe and the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) to implement the Programme. Pursuant to Article 94 of Council Decision 2013/755/EU, persons and entities established in Overseas Countries and Territories (OCTs) are eligible for funding subject to the rules and objectives of the Programme and possible arrangements applicable to the Member State to which the relevant OCTs are linked.


Amendment

(34) In order to maximise the effectiveness and efficiency of actions at Union and international level, cooperation should be developed with the Member States and with relevant international organisations such as the United Nations and its specialised agencies, in particular the WHO, the World Bank, as well as with the Council of Europe and the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) to implement the Programme. Pursuant to Article 94 of Council Decision 2013/755/EU, persons and entities established in Overseas Countries and Territories (OCTs) are eligible for funding subject to the rules and objectives of the Programme and possible arrangements applicable to the Member State to which the relevant OCTs are linked.

Amendment 42
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 34 a (new)

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(34 a) The programme should guarantee that there is strong involvement of civil society, in particular patients’ associations, and academics, in particular healthcare professionals' societies, to ensure a balanced representation and participation in achieving public health goals. European health organisations should contribute to the implementation and the evaluation of the programme.

Amendment 43
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 34 b (new)

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(34 b) To achieve a coherent implementation of the actions included in the Programme, a EU4Health Steering Group should be established.

Amendment 44
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 39 a (new)

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(39a) According to the WHO, climate change affects the social and environmental determinants of health, including clean air, safe drinking water, sufficient food and secure shelter, and that 250 000 additional deaths, from malnutrition, malaria, diarrhoea and heat
stress, are expected every year between 2030 and 2050, with extreme high air temperatures contributing directly to deaths particularly amongst the elderly and vulnerable individuals. Through flood, heatwaves, drought and fires, climate change has a considerable impact on human health, including under nutrition, cardiovascular and respiratory diseases, and vector-borne infections.

Amendment 45

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 40

Text proposed by the Commission

(40) Reflecting the importance of tackling climate change in line with the Union's commitments to implement the Paris Agreement and the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals, this Programme will contribute to mainstream climate action in the Union's policies and to the achievement of an overall target of 25% of the EU budget expenditures supporting climate objectives. Relevant actions will be identified during the Programme's preparation and implementation, and reassessed in the context of its mid-term evaluation.

Amendment

(40) Reflecting the importance of tackling climate change in line with the Union's commitments to implement the Paris Agreement and the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals, this Programme will contribute to mainstream climate action in the Union's policies and to the achievement of an overall target of 30% of the EU budget expenditures supporting climate objectives. Relevant actions will be identified during the Programme's preparation and implementation, and reassessed in the context of its mid-term evaluation.

Amendment 46

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 40 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

(40 a) Recognising the importance of achieving gender equality, this Programme should contribute to mainstream gender equality in the Union's policies. It should use gender mainstreaming and gender budgeting

Amendment

(40 a) Recognising the importance of achieving gender equality, this Programme should contribute to mainstream gender equality in the Union's policies. It should use gender mainstreaming and gender budgeting
tools to ensure that health crises are responded to in a gender-sensitive and transformative manner and that women’s and girls’ specific health needs are addressed during and in the aftermath of a health crisis.

Amendment 47

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 43

Text proposed by the Commission

(43) Given the nature and potential scale of cross-border threats to human health, the objective of protecting people in the Union from such threats and to increase crisis prevention and preparedness cannot be sufficiently achieved by the Member States acting alone. In accordance with the principle of subsidiarity as set out in Article 5 of the Treaty on the European Union, action at Union level can also be taken to support Member States’ efforts in the pursuit of a high level of protection of public health, to improve the availability and affordability in the Union of medicines, medical devices and other crisis relevant products, to support innovation and to support integrated and coordinated work and implementation of best practices among Member States, and to address inequalities in access to health throughout the EU in a manner that creates efficiency gains and value-added impacts that could not be generated by action taken at national level while respecting the Member States’ competence and responsibility in the areas covered by the Programme. In accordance with the principle of proportionality, as set out in that Article, this Regulation does not go beyond what is necessary in order to achieve those objectives.

Amendment

(43) Given the nature and potential scale of cross-border threats to human health, the objective of protecting people in the Union from such threats and to increase crisis prevention and preparedness cannot be sufficiently achieved by the Member States acting alone. In accordance with the principle of subsidiarity as set out in Article 5 of the Treaty on the European Union, action at Union level should also be taken to support Member States’ efforts in the pursuit of a high level of protection of public health, to improve the availability, sustainability, acceptability, accessibility, safety and affordability in the Union of medicines, medical devices and other health crisis relevant products and services, to support innovation and to support integrated and coordinated work and implementation of best practices among Member States and among their regions, and to address inequalities and inequities in access to health throughout the EU in a manner that creates efficiency gains and value-added impacts that could not be generated by action taken at national level while respecting the Member States’ competence and responsibility in the areas covered by the Programme. In accordance with the principle of proportionality, as set out in that Article, this Regulation does not go beyond what is necessary in order to achieve those objectives.
Amendment 48
Proposal for a regulation
Article 2 – paragraph 1 – point 5

Text proposed by the Commission

(5) ‘One Health approach’ means an approach which recognises that human and animal health are interconnected, that diseases may be transmitted from humans to animals and vice versa and must therefore be tackled in both, and that the environment links humans and animals;

Amendment

(5) ‘One Health approach’ means an approach which recognises the interconnection between the human, animal and environmental spheres, that diseases may be transmitted from one pillar to another and must therefore be tackled in a holistic approach;

Amendment 49
Proposal for a regulation
Article 2 – paragraph 3

Text proposed by the Commission

3) ‘health crisis’ means any crisis or serious incident arising from a threat of human, animal, plant, food or environment origin, having a health dimension and which requires urgent action by authorities;

Amendment

(3) ‘health crisis’ means any crisis or serious incident arising from a threat of human, animal, plant, food, chemical, biological, radiological, nuclear, environmental or unknown origin, having a health dimension and which requires urgent action by authorities;

Amendment 50
Proposal for a regulation
Article 2 – paragraph 4

Text proposed by the Commission

(4) ‘crisis relevant products’ means products and substances necessary, in the context of a health crisis, to prevent, diagnose or treat a disease and its consequences, included but not limited to: medicinal products - including vaccines - and their intermediates, active pharmaceutical ingredients and raw

Amendment

4) ‘crisis relevant products’ means products, tools and substances necessary, in the context of a health crisis, to prevent, diagnose or treat a disease and its consequences, and for the monitoring and the epidemiological surveillance of diseases and infections, including but not limited to: medicinal products - including
materials; medical devices; hospital and medical equipment (such as ventilators, protective clothing and equipment, diagnostic materials and tools); personal protective equipment; disinfectants and their intermediary products and raw materials necessary for their production);

vaccines - and their intermediates, active pharmaceutical ingredients and raw materials; medical devices; hospital and medical equipment (such as ventilators, protective clothing and equipment, diagnostic materials and tools); personal protective equipment; disinfectants and their intermediary products and raw materials necessary for their production);

Amendment 51

Proposal for a regulation
Article 2 – paragraph 9

Text proposed by the Commission

(9) ‘serious cross-border threat to health’ means a life-threatening or otherwise serious hazard to health of biological, chemical, environmental or unknown origin which spreads or entails a significant risk of spreading across the national borders of Member States, and which may necessitate coordination at Union level in order to ensure a high level of human health protection;

Amendment

9) ‘serious cross-border threat to health’ means a life-threatening or otherwise serious hazard to health of biological, chemical, radiological, nuclear, environmental or unknown origin which spreads or entails a significant risk of spreading across the national borders of Member States, and which may necessitate coordination at Union level in order to ensure a high level of human health protection;

Amendment 52

Proposal for a regulation
Article 2 – paragraph 9 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

(9) ‘Health in all policies’ means an approach to the development, implementation and review of public policies, regardless of the sector, whereby the health implications of decisions are taken into account, and which seeks to achieve synergies, and to avoid harmful health impacts being caused by such policies, in order to improve the health of the population and health equity;

Amendment
Amendment 53

Proposal for a regulation
Article 2 – paragraph 9 b (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

(9b) “Health determinants” means a range of factors, such as behaviour-related, biological, socio-economic and environmental factors, that influence the health status of a person;

Amendment 54

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 1 – introductory part

Text proposed by the Commission

The Programme shall pursue the following general objectives, in keeping with the “One Health” approach where relevant:

Amendment

The Programme shall pursue the following general objectives, in keeping with the “Health in all policies” approach where applicable, and with the “One Health” approach:

Amendment 55

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 1 – point 1

Text proposed by the Commission

1) protect people in the Union from serious cross-border threats to health;

Amendment

(1) improve and foster health in the Union, by supporting health promotion and disease prevention, reducing health inequalities and ensuring equal and full access to health;

Amendment 56

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 1 – point 1 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

(1a) protect people in the Union from any serious cross-border threats to health;
support the development and implementation of better preparedness and coordination within and between Member States as regards health emergencies;

Amendment 57
Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 1 – point 2

Text proposed by the Commission

(2) improve the availability in the Union of medicines, medical devices and other crisis relevant products, contribute to their affordability, and support innovation;

Amendment

(2) supporting existing and future Union legislation and policies, in order to, inter alia, restore pharmaceutical independence and address shortages, improve the availability, accessibility and affordability of health care and services in the Union, and support research and innovation as well as development in health and healthcare without duplicating efforts under other programmes, including Horizon Europe;

Amendment 58
Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 1 – point 3

Text proposed by the Commission

(3) strengthen health systems and the healthcare workforce, including by digital transformation and by increased integrated and coordinated work among the Member States, sustained implementation of best practice and data sharing, to increase the general level of public health.

Amendment

(3) strengthen health systems and their sustainability, as well as the healthcare workforce, including by digital transformation and by increased integrated and coordinated work among the Member States, including at national, regional and local level, by sustained implementation of best practices, and by sharing of comparable and interoperable data, with the aim of increasing the general level of public health, health literacy and make health systems more resilient and responsive.
Amendment 59
Proposal for a regulation
Article 4 – paragraph 1 – introductory part

**Text proposed by the Commission**

The general objectives referred to in Article 3 shall be pursued through the following specific objectives, *in keeping with the ‘One Health’ approach* where relevant:

**Amendment**

The general objectives referred to in Article 3 shall be pursued through the following specific objectives, in keeping with the “Health in all policies” approach *where applicable*, and with the “One Health” approach:

Amendment 60
Proposal for a regulation
Article 4 – paragraph 1 – point 1

**Text proposed by the Commission**

(1) strengthen the capability of the Union for prevention, preparedness and response to serious cross-border threats to health, and the management of health crises, including through coordination, provision and deployment of emergency health care capacity, data gathering and surveillance;

**Amendment**

(1) strengthen the capability of the Union for prevention, preparedness and rapid response to serious cross-border threats to health, and the management of health crises, including through coordination, provision and deployment of emergency health care capacity, data gathering and surveillance, *and the coordination of stress testing of national healthcare systems*;

Amendment 61
Proposal for a regulation
Article 4 – paragraph 1 – point 2

**Text proposed by the Commission**

(2) ensure the availability in the Union of reserves or stockpiles of crisis relevant products, and a reserve of medical, healthcare and support staff to be mobilised in case of a crisis;

**Amendment**

(2) support actions to allow medical staff to be mobilised in case of a crisis, such as staff of the European Medical Corps, including by, improving the training of health professionals and updating their knowledge;
Amendment 62

Proposal for a regulation
Article 4 – paragraph 1 – point 3

Text proposed by the Commission

(3) **support actions** to ensure **appropriate** availability, accessibility and affordability of **crisis relevant** products and other necessary health supplies;

Amendment

(3) **strengthen the European Medicines Market**, to ensure **in a sustainable manner** the availability, accessibility and affordability of **medicinal products**, **e-health solutions**, **medical devices** and other necessary health related supplies and **crisis relevant medical products**;

Amendment 63

Proposal for a regulation
Article 4 – paragraph 1 – point 4

Text proposed by the Commission

(4) **strengthen the effectiveness**, **accessibility**, **sustainability** and **resilience** of health systems, including by supporting digital transformation, **the uptake of digital tools and services**, systemic reforms, implementation of new care models and universal health coverage, **and address** inequalities in health;

Amendment

(4) **strengthen the effectiveness**, **accessibility**, **sustainability** and **resilience** of health systems, including by supporting digital transformation, **including the creation and implementation of a European Health Data Space**, systemic reforms, implementation of new care models **enhance the equal and timely access to quality, sustainable affordable, person-centred, outcome-based healthcare and related care services**, and the **achievement of** universal health coverage, **reduce** inequalities and inequities in health;

Amendment 64

Proposal for a regulation
Article 4 – paragraph 1 – point 4 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

(4a) **strengthen the Union’s innovation to ensure the development and uptake of**
the next generation of medicines, vaccines and medical devices to meet increasing healthcare challenges and expectations that arise;

Amendment 65
Proposal for a regulation
Article 4 – paragraph 1 – point 5

Text proposed by the Commission

(5) support actions aimed at strengthening health system’s ability to foster disease prevention and health promotion, patient rights and cross-border healthcare, and promote the excellence of medical and healthcare professionals;

Amendment

(5) support actions aimed at strengthening health system’s ability to foster disease prevention, screening and early diagnosis, and implement health promotion, address health determinants, improve health literacy, patient rights and safety and cross-border healthcare;

Amendment 66
Proposal for a regulation
Article 4 – paragraph 1 – point 6 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

(6a) strengthen the Union fight against cancer in synergy with the Europe’s Beating Cancer Plan, including by supporting actions for the surveillance, prevention, early diagnosis and treatment and care of cancer, including paediatric cancer, and by supporting the establishment of the European Cancer Institute;

Amendment

(6b) strengthen the fight against communicable diseases and health
Amendment 68
Proposal for a regulation
Article 4 – paragraph 1 – point 6 c (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

(6c) address vaccine hesitancy, and support action for the elimination of vaccine preventable diseases, including cancers;

Amendment

Amendment 69
Proposal for a regulation
Article 4 – paragraph 1 – point 7

Text proposed by the Commission

(7) foster and support the informed, prudent and efficient use of medicines, and in particular of antimicrobials, and more environmentally friendly production and disposal of medicines and medical devices;

Amendment

(7) foster and support the informed, prudent and efficient use of medicines, and in particular of antimicrobials, the development of medicines that are intrinsically less harmful for the environment, more environmentally friendly production of medicines and environmentally sound disposal of medicinal products and medical devices;

Amendment 70
Proposal for a regulation
Article 4 – paragraph 1 – point 8

Text proposed by the Commission

(8) support the development, implementation and enforcement of Union health legislation and provide high-quality, comparable and reliable data to underpin policy making and monitoring, and promote the use of health impact assessments of relevant policies;

Amendment

(8) support the development, implementation and enforcement and, when necessary, the revision, of Union health legislation, and provide high-quality, comparable, and reliable, data to underpin policy making and monitoring, support the delivery of care and respond to unmet medical needs, and promote the
use of health impact assessments of other relevant Union policies;

Amendment 71
Proposal for a regulation
Article 4 – paragraph 1 – point 9

Text proposed by the Commission

(9) support integrated work among Member States, and in particular their health systems, including the implementation of high-impact prevention practices, and scaling up networking through the European Reference Networks and other transnational networks;

Amendment

(9) support integrated work among Member States, and in particular their health systems, including the implementation of high-impact prevention practices, support the identification of health technologies that are required to undergo a Union assessment, and strengthening and scaling up networking through the ERNs, develop and implement excellence networks for high prevalence communicable and non-communicable diseases and other transnational networks, in full synergy with Horizon Europe and its Missions and Partnerships, and aim to increase the coverage of patients and the response to diseases, and health problems, in greater numbers;

Amendment 72
Proposal for a regulation
Article 4 – paragraph 1 – point 10

Text proposed by the Commission

(10) support the Union’s contribution to international and global health initiatives.

Amendment

(10) support the Union’s contribution to international and global health commitments and initiatives;
Amendment 73

Proposal for a regulation
Article 5 – paragraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

1. The financial envelope for the implementation of the Programme for the period 2021-27 shall be EUR 1 946 614 000 in current prices.

Amendment

1. The financial envelope for the implementation of the Programme for the period 2021-27 shall be EUR 10 398 000 000 in current prices (EUR 9 370 000 000 in constant prices).

Amendment 74

Proposal for a regulation
Article 5 – paragraph 2

Text proposed by the Commission

2. The amount referred to in paragraph 1 may be used for technical and administrative assistance for the implementation of the Programme, such as preparatory, monitoring, control, audit and evaluation activities including corporate information technology systems.

Amendment

2. The amount referred to in paragraph 1 may be also used for technical and administrative assistance for the implementation of the Programme, such as preparatory, monitoring, control, audit and evaluation activities including corporate information technology systems. The administrative expenses related to indirect actions shall not exceed 5% of the total amount under the Programme.

Amendment 75

Proposal for a regulation
Article 6

Text proposed by the Commission

Article 6

Resources from the European Union Recovery Instrument

Measures referred to in Article 2 of Regulation [European Union Recovery Instrument] shall be implemented under the Programme through an amount of up to EUR 8 451 000 000 in current prices referred to in point (iii) of Article 3(2)(a)

Amendment
deleted
of that Regulation, subject to its Article 5(4) and (8).

These amounts shall constitute external assigned revenue in accordance with Article 21(5) of Regulation (EU, Euratom) 2018/1046.

Amendment 76
Proposal for a regulation
Article 7 – paragraph 1 – point 1 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

(1 a) The contributions of all associated countries shall be included in the relevant parts of the Programme. The Commission shall report to the Council and the Parliament during the annual budgetary procedure the total budget of each part of the Programme, identifying each of the associated countries, individual contributions and their financial balance.

Amendment 77
Proposal for a regulation
Article 8 – paragraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

1. The Programme shall be implemented in direct management in accordance with Regulation (EU, Euratom) 2018/1046 or in indirect management with the bodies referred to in Article 62(1) (c) of Regulation (EU, Euratom) 2018/1046.

Amendment 78
Proposal for a regulation
Article 8 – paragraph 2

Text proposed by the Commission

1. The Programme shall be implemented in direct management in accordance with Regulation (EU, Euratom) 2018/1046 or in indirect management with the bodies referred to in Article 62(1) (c) of Regulation (EU, Euratom) 2018/1046, to ensure there is no overlap or duplication with other funding programmes at the Union level.
2. The Programme may provide funding in any of the forms laid down in Regulation (EU, Euratom) 2018/1046, in particular grants, prizes and procurement. The Commission shall seek to achieve effective and balanced geographical coverage across the Union, including by supporting Member States to increase the quality of the projects through capacity building.

Amendment 79

Proposal for a regulation
Article 8 – paragraph 4 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

4 a. The Commission shall facilitate the consistent implementation of the Programme while seeking maximal administrative simplification. The Commission and the Member States shall, commensurate to their respective responsibilities, foster synergies and ensure effective coordination between the Programme and the other Union programmes and funds.

For that purpose, they shall:

(a) ensure that there is complementarity, synergy, coherence and consistency among different instruments at Union, national and, where appropriate, regional levels, in particular in relation to measures financed by Union funds, both in the planning phase and during implementation;

(b) optimise coordination mechanisms to avoid duplication of effort;

(c) ensure that close cooperation exists between those responsible for implementation at Union, national and, where appropriate, regional levels to
deliver coherent and streamlined support actions under the instrument.

Amendment 80
Proposal for a regulation
Article 8 – paragraph 4 b (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

4b. The Commission shall develop cooperation with relevant international organisations such as the United Nations and its specialised agencies, in particular the World Health Organisation (WHO), as well as with the Council of Europe and the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) when implementing the Programme, in order to maximise the effectiveness and efficiency of actions at Union and international level.

Amendment 81
Proposal for a regulation
Article 8 – paragraph 4 c (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

4c. The Commission shall consult the health authorities of the Member States in the Steering Group on Health Promotion, Disease Prevention and Management of Non-Communicable Diseases or in other relevant Commission expert groups as well as stakeholders, in particular professional bodies in the health sector and NGOs active in the field, at all stages of the implementation of the Programme.

Amendment 82
Proposal for a regulation
Article 9 a (new)
Article 9a
Award criteria

The award criteria shall be defined in the work programmes referred to in Article 18 and in the calls for proposals taking into account, to the extent applicable, the following elements:

(a) consistency with the specific objectives provided for in Article 4;
(b) contribution to the accessibility and affordability of the health system;
(c) cross-border dimension;
(d) contribution to digital transformation;
(e) social impact (benefits and costs);
(f) consistency with the provisions of Annex 1;
(g) contribution to the prevention of diseases and notably of cancer;
(h) contribution to access to medicine;
(i) maturity of the action in the project development;
(j) soundness of the implementation plan proposed.

Amendment 83
Proposal for a regulation
Article 12 – paragraph 3 a (new)

A reliable and efficient mechanism shall be created in order to avoid any duplication of funding and to ensure synergies between the different Union programmes and policies that are pursuing health objectives. All data on funding operations and actions financed under different Union programmes and funds shall be centralised under this
mechanism. It shall follow the principles of transparency and accountability and shall allow better monitoring and evaluation of actions pursuing health objectives.

Amendment 84
Proposal for a regulation
Article 14 – paragraph 1 – point b

Text proposed by the Commission
(b) any legal entity created under Union law or any international organisation;

Amendment
(b) any legal entity created under Union law or any relevant international organisation such as public authorities, public sector bodies, health establishments, research institutes, universities and higher education establishments, patient associations;

Amendment 85
Proposal for a regulation
Article 14 – paragraph 3

Text proposed by the Commission
3. Legal entities established in a third country which is not associated to the Programme should in principle bear the cost of their participation.

Amendment
3. Legal entities established in a third country which is not associated to the Programme should bear the cost of their participation.

Amendment 86
Proposal for a regulation
Article 14 – paragraph 5

Text proposed by the Commission
5. Under the Programme, direct grants may be awarded without a call for proposals to fund actions having a clear Union added value co-financed by the competent authorities that are responsible

Amendment
5. Under the Programme, direct grants may be awarded without a call for proposals to fund actions if such grants are duly justified, if they have a clear Union added value co-financed by the
local, regional or national competent authorities that are responsible for health in the Member States or in the third countries associated to the Programme, relevant international health organisations or by Interreg programmes, public sector bodies and non-governmental bodies, acting individually or as a network, mandated by those competent authorities.

Amendment 87

Proposal for a regulation
Article 14 – paragraph 6

Text proposed by the Commission

6. Under the Programme, direct grants may be awarded without a call for proposals to European Reference Networks. Direct grants may also be awarded to other transnational networks set out in accordance with EU rules.

Amendment

6. Under the Programme, direct grants shall be awarded without a call for proposals to ERNs with a simplified financial and technical reporting system. Direct grants may also be awarded to other transnational networks, including to Interreg programmes, set out in accordance with Union law.

Amendment 88

Proposal for a regulation
Article 14 – paragraph 6 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

6a. Adequate funding shall be ensured to consolidate and expand the ERN model of cross-border healthcare by securing the provision of a range of clinical services through different channels, including online second opinions and specialist advice for patients on treatment and management and “online out-patient” clinics.
Amendment 89
Proposal for a regulation
Article 16 – paragraph 1

_text proposed by the Commission_

1. The Commission shall consult the health authorities of the Member States in the Steering Group on Health Promotion, Disease Prevention and Management of Non-Communicable Diseases on the work plans established for the Programme and its priorities and strategic orientations and its implementation.

Amendment

1. The Commission shall consult the health authorities of the Member States in the Steering Group on Health Promotion, Disease Prevention and Management of Non-Communicable Diseases on the annual work plans established for the Programme and its priorities and strategic orientations and its implementation and on possible synergies with Member States’ own resources to ensure long-term effectiveness and sustainability of actions.

Amendment 90
Proposal for a regulation
Article 16 – paragraph 2 a (new)

_text proposed by the Commission_

2a. The Commission shall consult the EU4Health Steering Group on the annual work plans established for the Programme and on the Programme’s priorities, strategic orientations and implementation, and on possible synergies with European funds to ensure the long-term effectiveness and sustainability of actions.

Amendment

2a. The Commission shall consult the EU4Health Steering Group on the annual work plans established for the Programme and on the Programme’s priorities, strategic orientations and implementation, and on possible synergies with European funds to ensure the long-term effectiveness and sustainability of actions.

Amendment 91
Proposal for a regulation
Article 16 – paragraph 2 b (new)

_text proposed by the Commission_

2b. The Commission shall also consult relevant Union decentralised agencies and stakeholders, such as representatives of civil society organisations, in particular patients’ organisations, on the annual
work plans established for the Programme and the Programme’s priorities, strategic orientations and implementation.

Amendment 92
Proposal for a regulation
Article 16 – paragraph 2 c (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

2c. The Commission shall adopt the annual work plans by means of delegated acts. Those delegated acts shall be adopted in accordance with Article 24 of this Regulation.

Amendment 93
Proposal for a regulation
Article 16 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

Article 16 a

Establishment of EU4Health Steering Group

1. The Commission shall establish a EU4Health Steering Group (‘the Steering Group’).

2. The Steering Group shall:

(i) provide input, in the form of a comprehensive strategy and steering, and contribute to the annual work plans for the Programme;

(ii) elaborate a blueprint for steering coordination, cooperation and synergies between the Programme and other Programmes in which a health dimension is integrated;

(iii) provide value-oriented health actions, sustainability, better health solutions, foster access to health and reduce health inequalities, promote
engagement by patients and society.

3. The Steering Group shall be an independent stakeholder group, composed of actors in the field of public health, such as representatives of the European Parliament, independent health experts and patient representatives.

4. The Steering Group shall be composed of 20 high-level individuals respecting the principle of geographical and gender balance, drawn from various disciplines and activities referred to in paragraph 3.

5. The members of the Steering Board shall be appointed by the Commission in consultation with the Parliament, following an open call for nominations or for expression of interest.

The members shall be appointed for the period referred to in Article 1(2). The Commission shall also appoint a Chair from among its members.

6. The Steering Group shall meet at least three times a year, which allows regular and transparent exchanges of views.

The blueprint for steering coordination, cooperation and synergies shall facilitate ensuring visibility and coordination of all the existing financial mechanisms relevant to health, and shall help to steer coordination and cooperation.

The Commission may consult the Steering Group on matters other than those referred to in paragraph 2.

Proposal for a regulation
Article 18 – paragraph 1

**Text proposed by the Commission**

The Programme shall be implemented by work programmes referred to in Article 110 of Regulation (EU, Euratom)

**Amendment**

The Programme shall be implemented by **annual** work programmes referred to in Article 110 of Regulation (EU, Euratom)
2018/1046. Work programmes shall set out, where applicable, the overall amount reserved for blending operations.

Amendment 95
Proposal for a regulation
Article 18 – paragraph 1 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission
Amendment

The work programmes shall be informed by a gender impact assessment.

Amendment 96
Proposal for a regulation
Article 19 – paragraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission
Amendment

1. Indicators to report on progress of the Programme towards the achievement of the general and specific objectives set out in Articles 3 and 4 are set out in Annex II.

1. Indicators, including programme- and action-specific indicators, to report on progress of the Programme towards the achievement of the general and specific objectives set out in Articles 3 and 4 are set out in Annex II.

Amendment 97
Proposal for a regulation
Article 19 – paragraph 1 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission
Amendment

1 a. The Commission shall monitor continuously the management and implementation of the Programme. In order to enhance transparency, the constantly updated data on the management and implementation shall be made publicly available in an accessible manner on the Commission’s website.

In particular, data for projects funded shall be included in the same database.
Those data shall include:

(a) information on the types of financing and the types of beneficiaries, that allows for a transparent tracking of the financial allocations; a detailed overview of the synergies with other Union programmes, including the activities implemented by Union agencies, that allows for a proper analysis of the complementarity between different activities to be carried out.

(b) the levels of expenditure disaggregated at project level in order to allow for specific analysis, including per intervention area as defined in Article 13 and Annex I.

Amendment 98

Proposal for a regulation
Article 19 – paragraph 2

   Text proposed by the Commission

   2. The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 24 concerning amendments to Annex II to amend and supplement the indicators where considered necessary.

Amendment

   2. The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 24 concerning amendments to Annex II to amend and supplement the indicators, including programme- and action-specific ones, where considered necessary.

Amendment 99

Proposal for a regulation
Article 19 – paragraph 2 a (new)

   Text proposed by the Commission

   2 a. Indicators shall be collected, where relevant, disaggregated by gender.

Amendment

   2 a. Indicators shall be collected, where relevant, disaggregated by gender.
Text proposed by the Commission

3. The performance reporting system shall ensure that data for monitoring programme implementation and results are collected efficiently, effectively, and in a timely manner. To that end, proportionate reporting requirements shall be imposed on recipients of Union funds and, where relevant, on Member States.

Amendment

3. The performance reporting system shall ensure that data for monitoring programme implementation and results are collected efficiently, effectively, and in a timely manner without increasing the administrative burden for beneficiaries. To that end, proportionate reporting requirements shall be imposed on recipients of Union funds and, where relevant, on Member States.

Amendment 101

Proposal for a regulation
Article 20 – paragraph 4

Text proposed by the Commission

4. The Commission shall communicate the conclusions of the evaluations accompanied by its observations, to the European Parliament, the Council, the European Economic and Social Committee and the Committee of the Regions.

Amendment

4. The Commission shall publish, communicate and present the conclusions of both the interim and final evaluations accompanied by its observations, to the European Parliament, the Council, the European Economic and Social Committee and the Committee of the Regions.

Amendment 102

Proposal for a regulation
Article 21 – paragraph 1 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

The audit system for the Programme shall ensure an appropriate balance between trust and control, taking into account administrative and other costs of controls at all levels, especially for beneficiaries. Audit rules shall be clear, consistent and coherent throughout the Programme.

Amendment

The audit system for the Programme shall ensure an appropriate balance between trust and control, taking into account administrative and other costs of controls at all levels, especially for beneficiaries. Audit rules shall be clear, consistent and coherent throughout the Programme.
Proposal for a regulation
Article 21 – paragraph 1 b (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

The audit strategy for the Programme shall be based on the financial audit of a representative sample of expenditure across the Programme as a whole. The representative sample shall be complemented by a selection based on an assessment of the risks related to expenditure. Actions that receive joint funding from different Union programmes shall be audited only once, covering all programmes involved and their respective applicable rules.

Amendment 104

Proposal for a regulation
Article 21 – paragraph 1 c (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

The Commission or the funding body may rely on combined system reviews at beneficiary level. Such combined reviews shall be optional for certain types of beneficiaries and shall consist in a systems and process audit, complemented by an audit of transactions, carried out by a competent independent auditor qualified to carry out statutory audits of accounting documents in accordance with Directive 2006/43/EC. They may be used by the Commission or funding body to verify overall assurance on the sound financial management of expenditure and for reconsideration of the level of ex-post audits and certificates on financial statements.

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1a Directive 2006/43/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 May 2006 on statutory audits of annual accounts and consolidated accounts,

Amendment 105
Proposal for a regulation
Article 21 – paragraph 1 d (new)

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

Audits may be carried out up to two years after the payment of the balance.

Amendment 106
Proposal for a regulation
Article 21 – paragraph 1 e (new)

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

The Commission shall publish audit guidelines with the aim of ensuring that there is reliable and uniform application and interpretation of the audit procedures and rules throughout the duration of the programme.

Amendment 107
Proposal for a regulation
Article 24 – paragraph 2

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

2. The power to adopt delegated acts referred to in Article 19(2) shall be conferred on the Commission *until 31 December 2028.*

2. The power to adopt delegated acts referred to in Article 19(2) shall be conferred on the Commission *for a period of three years from [date of entry into force of this Regulation].* The Commission shall draw up a report in respect of the delegation of power not later than nine months before the end of the three-year period. The delegation of power shall be tacitly extended for periods
of an identical duration, unless the European Parliament or the Council opposes such extension not later than three months before the end of each period.

Amendment 108
Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point a – point ii

Text proposed by the Commission
(ii) **Critical health infrastructure**
relevant in the context of health crises, tools, structures, processes, production and laboratory capacity, including tools for surveillance, modelling, forecast, prevention and management of outbreaks.

Amendment
(ii) **Coordinated action** relevant in the context of health crises, tools, **mechanisms**, structures, processes, production and laboratory capacity, including tools for surveillance, modelling, forecast, prevention and management of outbreaks.

Amendment 109
Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point b

Text proposed by the Commission
(b) Transfer, adaptation and roll-out of best practices and innovative solutions with established Union level added-value between Member States, and country-specific tailor made support to countries, or groups of countries, with the highest needs, through the funding of specific projects including twinning, expert advice and peer support.

Amendment
(b) Transfer, adaptation and roll-out of best practices and innovative solutions with established Union level added-value between Member States **or regions**, and country-specific tailor made support to **regions** **or** countries, or groups of **regions** **or** countries, with the highest needs, through the funding of specific projects including twinning, expert advice and peer support.

Amendment 110
Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point c – point i
(i) Surveys, studies, collection of data and statistics, methodologies, classifications, microsimulations, indicators, knowledge brokering and benchmark exercises;

Amendment

(i) Surveys, studies, collection of comparable data and statistics, where relevant including disaggregated data by gender and age methodologies, classifications, microsimulations, pilot studies, indicators, knowledge brokering and benchmark exercises;

Amendment 111

Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point c – point iii

Text proposed by the Commission

(iii) Expert groups and panels providing advice, data and information to support health policy development and implementation;

Amendment

(iii) Expert groups and panels, including representatives of relevant stakeholders where applicable, providing advice, evaluation, data and information to support health policy development and implementation, including follow-up evaluations of the implementation of health policies;

Amendment 112

Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point c – point iv

Text proposed by the Commission

(iv) Studies and analysis, and scientific advice to support policymaking, and support to the scientific committees on "Consumer Safety" and on "Health, Environmental and Emerging Risks".

Amendment

(iv) Studies and analysis, systematic health impact assessment of other Union policy actions and scientific advice to support evidence-based policymaking, and support to the scientific committees on "Consumer Safety" and on "Health, Environmental and Emerging Risks", as well as the expert group on "Health Systems Performance Assessment".

Amendment 113
Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point d – introductory part

_text proposed by the Commission_

(d) Development and implementation of Union health legislation and action, in particular through support to:

 Amend

(d) Development, implementation, and evaluation, of Union health legislation and action, in particular through support to:

Proposal 114

Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point d – point i

_text proposed by the Commission_

(i) Implementation, enforcement, monitoring of Union health legislation and action; and technical support to the implementation of legal requirements;

 Amend

(i) Implementation, enforcement, monitoring of Union health legislation and action, including promotion of health; and technical support to the full implementation of legal and operational requirements throughout Member States;

Proposal 115

Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point d – point iv

_text proposed by the Commission_

(iv) Development and operation of databases and digital tools and their interoperability, including where appropriate with other sensing technologies, such as space-based;

 Amend

(iv) Development, operation and maintenance of databases and digital tools and their interoperability, including already established projects, where appropriate with other sensing technologies, such as space-based and artificial intelligence;

Proposal 116

Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point d – point v
Text proposed by the Commission

(v) Auditing and assessment work in accordance with Union legislation;

Amendment

(v) Auditing, assessment and inspection work in accordance with Union legislation;

Amendment 117

Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point d – point x

Text proposed by the Commission

(x) National contact points providing guidance, information and assistance related to the implementation of Union health legislation and of the Programme;

Amendment

(x) National contact points providing guidance, information and assistance related to the promotion and implementation of Union health legislation and of the Programme;

Amendment 118

Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point d – point xi

Text proposed by the Commission

(xi) Stakeholders in view of transnational cooperation.

Amendment

(xi) Stakeholders in view of transnational and regional cooperation.

Amendment 119

Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point e

Text proposed by the Commission

(e) Structural stockpile and crisis preparation:

(i) Establishment and support of a mechanism to develop, procure and manage crisis relevant products;

(ii) Establishment and management of EU reserves and stockpiles of crisis

deleted
relevant products in complementarity with other Union instruments;

(iii) Establishment and support of mechanisms for the efficient monitoring and allocation of available care facilities (such as hospital beds and places in ICUs), for the distribution or allocation of goods and services needed in the case of a health crisis, and to ensure the supply and safe use of medicines, investigational medicines and medical devices;

(iv) Procurement of goods and services necessary for the prevention and management of health crises and action to secure access to those essential goods and services;

(v) Establishment and operation of a Union reserve of medical and healthcare staff and experts and of a mechanism to deploy such staff and experts as necessary to prevent or respond to a health crisis throughout the Union; establishment and operation of a Union Health Emergency team to provide expert advice and technical assistance on request by the Commission in the case of a health crisis;

Amendment 120

Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point f – point i

Text proposed by the Commission

(i) Actions to foster Union-wide and cross-sectoral health crisis prevention, preparedness, management and response capacity of actors at Union, national, regional and local level, including contingency planning and preparedness exercises and the upskilling of medical, healthcare and public health staff;

Amendment

(i) Actions to foster Union-wide and cross-sectoral health crisis prevention, preparedness, management and the response capacity of actors at Union, national, regional and local level, including stress tests, contingency planning and preparedness exercises and the upskilling of medical, healthcare and public health staff;

Amendment 121
Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point f – point i a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

(i a) Establishment of a European Health Response Mechanism (EHRM) to respond to all types of health treats and crises and to strengthen operational coordination at European level, coordinated by ECDC with the assistance of relevant agencies;

Amendment 122

Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point f – point iii

Text proposed by the Commission

(iii) Support and/or procure emergency production of medical countermeasures, including essential chemicals and active substances, and the financing of cooperation on emergency health technology assessments and clinical trials;

deleted

Amendment 123

Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point f – point iv

Text proposed by the Commission

(iv) Preventive actions to protect vulnerable groups from health threats and actions to adjust the response to and management of crisis to the needs of those vulnerable groups;

(iv) Preventive actions to protect all citizens, in particular vulnerable groups from health threats and actions to adjust the response to and management of crisis to the needs of those vulnerable groups, such as securing basic care for chronic disease patients in need of palliative care and pain management treatment;
Amendment 124
Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point f – point iv a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

(iv a) Actions to support e-health, such as the transition to telemedicine, at-home administration of medication and implementation of preventative / self-care plans, where possible and appropriate;

Amendment 125
Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point f – point iv b (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

(iv b) Actions to support cross-border cooperation to ensure access to rapid treatment to all patients across the Union, particularly to those who suffer from a rare disease;

Amendment 126
Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point f – point v

Text proposed by the Commission

(v) Actions to address the collateral health consequences of a health crisis, in particular those on mental health, on patients suffering from chronic diseases and other vulnerable groups;

Amendment 127
Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point f – point viii a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

(viii a) Support action regarding epidemiological surveillance, focusing on national health entities, thus contributing to assessment of factors that affect or determine the health of citizens;

Amendment 128

Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point f – point viii b (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

(viii b) Actions to ensure that access to medicines is undisrupted, , and that there is continuity of care and treatment, in particular for patients suffering from chronic conditions;

Amendment 129

Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point g – introductory part

Text proposed by the Commission

(g) Strengthen national health systems: (g) Strengthen national health systems, promote and protect health and prevent diseases:

Amendment 130

Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point g – point i

Text proposed by the Commission

(i) Support knowledge transfer actions and Union level cooperation to assist national reform processes towards

(i) Support knowledge transfer actions and Union level cooperation to assist national reform processes towards
improved effectiveness, accessibility, sustainability and resilience, in particular to address the challenges identified by the European Semester and to strengthen primary care, reinforce the integration of care and aim at universal health coverage and equal access to healthcare; improved effectiveness, accessibility, sustainability and resilience, while linking available Union funding, in particular to address the challenges identified by the European Semester and Country Specific Recommendations on health, and to strengthen primary care, reinforce the integration of care, aim at universal health coverage and reach equal access to good quality healthcare;

Amendment 131

Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point g – point i a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

(i a) Support implementing policies and actions to reduce health inequalities and inequities in relation to healthcare;

Amendment

Amendment 132

Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point g – point ii

Text proposed by the Commission

(ii) Training programmes for medical and healthcare staff, and programmes for temporary exchanges of staff;

(ii) Support in synergy with other Programmes training, educational and mobility programmes for medical and healthcare staff, including online programmes, and programmes for temporary exchanges of staff, in particular with the aim of improving their curricula and digital skills;

Amendment 133

Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point g – point iii
Text proposed by the Commission

(iii) Support to improve the geographical distribution of healthcare workforce and avoidance of ‘medical deserts’;

Amendment

(iii) Support in synergy with other Programmes to improve the geographical distribution of the healthcare workforce, while ensuring that such distribution of the workforce is also proportionate to the population of the area or region in question, and thus avoiding ‘medical deserts’ and promote and implement retention policies;

Amendment 134

Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point g – point iv

Text proposed by the Commission

(iv) Support the establishment and coordination of Union Reference Laboratories and Centres, and of Centres of excellence;

Amendment

(iv) Support the establishment, coordination and deployment of Union Reference Laboratories and Centres, Centres of Excellence and EU disease-specific platforms for the exchange, comparison and benchmarking of best practices between Member States;

Amendment 135

Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point g – point v

Text proposed by the Commission

(v) Audit of Member States preparedness and response arrangements (such as crisis management, antimicrobial resistance, vaccination);

Amendment

(v) Audit of Member States preparedness and response arrangements (such as crisis management, antimicrobial resistance, vaccination) and the implementation of their health promotion and disease prevention national strategies or programmes;

Amendment 136
Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point g – point viii a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

(viii a) Support a Union framework and the related interoperable digital tools to strengthen health technology assessment cooperation among Member States and in networks, including networks needed in order to enable Member States to deliver and exchange timely, reliable and high quality joint clinical assessments, and joint scientific consultations and other relevant activities to support decision-makers to exchange outcomes of cooperation regarding HTA;

Amendment

Amendment 137

Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point g – point ix

Text proposed by the Commission

(ix) Support the establishment and implementation of programmes assisting Member States and their action to improve health promotion and disease prevention (for communicable and non-communicable diseases);

Amendment

Amendment 138

Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point g – point ix a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

(ix a) Support the establishment and functioning of disease-specific Union platforms for the exchange, comparison

and benchmarking of best practices between Member States, in the form of excellence networks in the field of communicable and non-communicable diseases, in particular in the area of chronic diseases;

Amendment 139

Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point g – point ix b (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(ix b) Support the development of guidelines for preventing and managing diseases in the area of both communicable and non-communicable diseases;

Amendment 140

Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point g – point x

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(x) Support Member States’ actions to put in place healthy and safe urban, work and school environments, to promote mental health, health education, enable healthy life choices and promote regular physical activity and healthy diets taking into account the needs of people at every stage of their life with the aim of promoting life-long health;

Amendment 141

Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point g – point x a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(x a) Support Member States actions to
address health determinants, including reducing alcohol related harm and the tobacco use;

Amendment 142
Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point g – point x b (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(x b)  Support Member States actions to ensure access to sexual and reproductive health services and related medicinal products, and support integrated and intersectional approaches to prevention, diagnosis, treatment and care;

Amendment 143
Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point g – point x c (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(x c)  Actions promoting care and support for victims of gender-based violence;

Amendment 144
Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point g – point x d (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(x d)  Actions promoting equal access to health services and related facilities and care for people with disabilities;

Amendment 145
Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point g – point xi a (new)
(xi a) Support Member States in the revision of their rare disease national plans to put in place the necessary financial and organisational arrangements to integrate effectively the European Reference Networks system into the national health systems by also supporting the development and implementation of the set of policies, rules and procedures required to anchor the ERN system to the national level;

Amendment 146

Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point g – point xi b (new)

(xi b) Support the implementation of the ERNs’ system for continuous assessment, monitoring, evaluation and quality improvement system;

Amendment 147

Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point g – point xi c (new)

(xi c) Earmark funding to create effective and permanent mechanisms for the collaboration of ERNs to address the multi-systemic needs arising from low prevalence diseases and rare diseases and to facilitate diagonal networking between different specialities and disciplines;

Amendment 148
Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point g – point xi d (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

(xi d) Support Member States in strengthening their Centres of Expertise for rare diseases to increase the capacities of national health systems to diagnose, treat and manage such diseases, transnational cooperation on codification, information and knowledge in the field of rare diseases, in particular the Orphanet database;

Amendment 149

Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point g – point xii a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

(xii a) Support cooperation and coordination between Member States for the creation of a European Network for Hospitals Excellence, improving the cross-border treatment for rare diseases and increasing access to treatment for all Union citizens;

Amendment 150

Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point h – introductory part

Text proposed by the Commission

(h) Actions on cancer: (h) Actions on cancer, including paediatric cancer:

Amendment 151

Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point h – point i
(i) Support Member States and NGOs in the promotion and implementation of the recommendations of the European Code against Cancer;

Amendment 152
Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point h – point i a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

(i a) Support the establishment of a European Cancer Institute (ECI) as a platform for the implementation of the European Reference Cancer Networks, the collection of clinical data among centres from all participating countries across the Union and the prioritisation of academic and clinical research programmes of excellence in the area of cancer including paediatric cancer;

Amendment 153
Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point h – point iii

Text proposed by the Commission

(iii) Support prevention programmes on the main cancer risk factors;

Amendment

(iii) Support prevention programmes on the main cancer risk factors that are of demonstrated effectiveness and supported by established evidence;

Amendment 154
Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point h – point iv a (new)
(iv a) Action to support the implementation of cancer registries in all Member States;

Amendment 155

Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point h – point v

Text proposed by the Commission

(v) Actions supporting access to cancer services and to innovative medicines for cancer;

Amendment

(v) Actions supporting implementing policies, national programmes and guidelines, in line with the Europe’s Beating Cancer plan, to reduce inequalities and grant access to cancer services, supportive and palliative care, and to innovative, accessible and effective screening, treatments and medicines for cancer across all Member States, in full synergy with Horizon Europe and its missions and partnerships;

Amendment 156

Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point h – point v a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

(v a) Actions supporting equal and timely access to new and innovative medicines and therapies, including for supportive and palliative care, for paediatric malignancies, across Europe, and foster the availability and affordability of such medicines and treatments in child-friendly doses and formulations;

Amendment 157
Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point h – point v b (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

(\textit{v b}) Actions to address the unmet needs of children and adolescents with cancer, and of survivors of cancer, through dedicated programmes and plans that will enable the ERN, including those on Paediatric Cancer;

Amendment 158

Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point h – point vii

Text proposed by the Commission

(vii) Actions supporting quality in cancer prevention and care including diagnosis and treatment;

Amendment

(vii) Actions supporting quality in cancer prevention and care including diagnosis and treatment, \textit{follow-up, and supportive and palliative care};

Amendment 159

Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point h – point viii

Text proposed by the Commission

(viii) Actions supporting the quality of life of cancer survivors and care givers;

Amendment

(viii) Actions supporting the quality of life of cancer survivors and care givers, \textit{including provision of psychological support, pain management, and professional re-integration};

Amendment 160

Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point h – point ix

Text proposed by the Commission

(ix) Support to the implementation of

Amendment

(ix) Support to the implementation of
the Union’s tobacco control policy and legislation; the Union’s tobacco control policy and legislation and other related legislation in the area of prevention and health promotion, including aimed at reducing alcohol related harm;

Amendment 161

Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point h – point x

Text proposed by the Commission

(x) Establishment and support of a mechanisms for cross-specialty capacity building and continuous education in the area of cancer care.

Amendment

(x) Establishment and support of a mechanisms for cross-specialty capacity building and continuous education of healthcare professionals and informal carers in the area of cancer care, screening and early diagnosis, in particular in the area of paediatric cancer, with the aim to improve the quality of care;

Amendment 162

Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point h – point x a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

(x a) Actions to support an integrative, coordinated, multi-disciplinary and patient-centred approach concerning cancer patients and survivors;

Amendment

Amendment 163

Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point i – point ii

Text proposed by the Commission

(ii) Support actions to fight vaccine hesitancy; (ii) Support actions to fight vaccine hesitancy and disinformation, and promote immunization throughout all stages of a person’s lifetime;
Amendment 164
Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point i – point ii a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission  

(ii a) Support tools and platforms to collect real-world evidence on the safety, effectiveness and impact of vaccines after use, without prejudice to the generation of robust evidence in the pre-approval phase;

Amendment 165
Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point i – point ii b (new)

Text proposed by the Commission  

(ii b) Support action for the elimination of vaccine preventable diseases;

Amendment 166
Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point i – point iii

Text proposed by the Commission  

(iii) Support clinical trials to speed up the development, authorisation and access to innovative, safe and effective medicines and vaccines;

(iii) Support clinical trials and the use of real world data, including those involving increased coordination at Union level and with EMA, to speed up the development, authorisation and access to innovative, safe and effective medicines and vaccines;

Amendment 167
Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point i – point iii a (new)
Text proposed by the Commission

(iii a) Support actions aimed at creating and developing a European digital mechanism for better reporting, notification and monitoring of potential shortages, in the form of a Union platform for shortages of medicines, vaccines and medical devices, based on one harmonised and interoperable data-collection model and national reporting systems for shortages, including the full implementation of an effective Union telematics infrastructure that will link data on medicines and supply chains;

Amendment 168
Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point i – point iii b (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

(iii b) Support actions aimed at stimulating the increase in the production of essential APIs and medicinal products in the Union, including by diversifying supply chain production of active ingredients and generics within the Union to reduce the Member States’ dependence on certain third countries;

Amendment 169
Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point i – point iv

Text proposed by the Commission

(iv) Support action to ensure greater availability in the Union of medicines and medical devices and contribute to their affordability for patients and health systems;

Amendment
(iv) Support action to ensure greater availability in the Union of medicinal products and medical devices and contribute to their affordability for patients and health systems;
Amendment 170
Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point i – point v

Text proposed by the Commission

(v) Support action to encourage the development of innovative products and of less commercially interesting products such as antimicrobials;

Amendment

(v) Support action to encourage the discovery and development of innovative medicines and vaccines to meet rising healthcare challenges and patients’ needs;

Amendment 171
Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point i – point v a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

(v a) Support actions to foster innovation in repurposing, reformulation and combining of off-patent medicines that deliver relevant improvements for patients, healthcare professionals and healthcare systems;

Amendment

Amendment 172
Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point i – point v b (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

(v b) Action to address market failures with regard to antibiotics and encourage sustainable investments for the discovery and development of new antimicrobials, of medicines for rare diseases and of medicines to fight against communicable diseases, while ensuring equitable access;

Amendment 173
Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point i – point vi

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(vi) Support action to monitor shortages of medicines and medical devices occurring in hospitals and community pharmacies, to address such shortages, and to increase security of supplies;

*Amendment*

(vi) Support action to monitor, prevent, manage, report and notify shortages of medicines and medical devices occurring in hospitals and community pharmacies, to collect reported shortages in a centralized database, interoperable with databases that contained regulatory data on medicines, to address such shortages, and to increase security of supplies;

Amendment 174

Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point i – point viii

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(viii) Action to strengthen the environmental risk assessment of pharmaceuticals;

*Amendment*

(viii) Action to strengthen the environmental risk assessment of pharmaceuticals and medical devices;

Amendment 175

Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point i – point ix

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(ix) Action to promote the prudent use and disposal of antimicrobials;

*Amendment*

(ix) Action to promote the prudent use and disposal of medicines, especially antimicrobials and to reduce the overall use of medicines, action to support the surveillance of antimicrobial use and to support the fight against antimicrobial resistance (AMR);

Amendment 176

Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point i – point x
(x) Support action to foster international regulatory **convergence on medicines** and medical devices.

(x) Support action to foster international regulatory **convergence and reliance on medicinal products** and medical devices, and to improve regulatory oversight by the Union.

**Amendment 177**

Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point j – point i

**Text proposed by the Commission**

(i) Support for the deployment, operation and maintenance of mature interoperable digital service infrastructures and data **quality** assurance processes for data exchange, access, use and reuse; support for cross border networking, including through the use of electronic health records, registries and other databases;

**Amendment**

(i) Support for the deployment, operation and maintenance of mature interoperable digital service infrastructures and data **security and quality** assurance processes for data exchange, access, use and reuse; support for cross border networking, including through **improvement and better** use of electronic health records, registries and other databases;

**Amendment 178**

Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point j – point i a (new)

**Text proposed by the Commission**

(i a) Establish the European Electronic Health Record and support its implementation in the Member States in order to increase the use of e-health and improve the sustainability and resilience of healthcare systems;

**Amendment**

(i a) Establish the European Electronic Health Record and support its implementation in the Member States in order to increase the use of e-health and improve the sustainability and resilience of healthcare systems;

**Amendment 179**

Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point j – point i b (new)
(i b) Support Member States to improve and further develop and implement ERN registries;

Amendment 180

Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point j – point ii

(ii) Support to the digital transformation of health care and health systems including through benchmarking and capacity building for the uptake of innovative tools and technologies; digital upskilling of health care professionals;

Amendment

(ii) Support to the digital transformation of health care and health systems including through benchmarking and capacity building for the uptake of innovative tools and technologies and strengthening the safe use and re-use of health data, in line with GDPR; support and implement; digital upskilling of health care professionals and citizens, through enhanced education, training and (digital) health literacy measures;

Amendment 181

Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point j – point iii

(iii) Support the deployment and interoperability of digital tools and infrastructures within and between Member States and with Union Institutions and bodies; develop appropriate governance structures and sustainable, interoperable Union health information systems, as part of the European Health Data Space and strengthen citizens’ access to and control over their health data;

Amendment

(iii) Support the deployment and interoperability of digital tools and infrastructures within and between Member States and with Union Institutions, agencies and bodies; develop appropriate governance structures and sustainable, interoperable Union health information systems, as part of the European Health Data Space and with a view to having safe and efficient deployment of AI in health care strengthening and facilitating citizens’ access to and control over their health data;
support uptake and broader implementation of current successful initiatives and projects on person-centred digital health and health data;

Amendment 182

Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point j – point iv

Text proposed by the Commission

(iv) Support optimal use of telemedicine/telehealth, including through satellite communication for remote areas, foster digitally-driven organisational innovation in healthcare facilities and promote digital tools supporting citizen empowerment and person-centred care.

Amendment

(iv) Support access to and optimal use of telemedicine/telehealth, including through satellite communication for remote areas, foster digitally-driven organisational innovation in healthcare facilities and promote digital tools supporting citizen empowerment and person-centred care; promote involvement of patients and care professionals in the co-design and co-development of user-friendly, accessible, secure and efficient telemedicine/telehealth and other digital solutions.

Amendment 183

Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point k – point iii

Text proposed by the Commission

(iii) Communication to promote disease prevention and healthy lifestyles, in cooperation with all concerned actors at international, Union and national level.

Amendment

(iii) Communication to promote health, healthy lifestyles and disease prevention, in cooperation with all concerned actors at international, Union, national and regional level;

Amendment 184

Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point k – point iii a (new)
(iii a) Awareness-raising campaigns for the general population as well as for targeted groups and stakeholder-led projects, including prevention of and combating disinformation;

Amendment 185
Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point k – point iii b (new)

(iii b) Communication activities aimed at fighting against misinformation and disinformation, such as fake news, regarding medicines, vaccines, health products, causes and treatments of diseases;

Amendment 186
Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point k – point iii c (new)

(iii c) Communication to citizens on health risks and health determinants;

Amendment 187
Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point k – point iii d (new)

(iii d) Communication, information and awareness campaigns on blood components, organs, tissues and cells donation that alert the public to the importance of such donation, in terms of...
solidarity, health policy and therapeutical benefits.

Amendment 188
Proposal for a regulation
Annex II – part 1 – point I

*Text proposed by the Commission*

I. Quality and completeness of EU and MS preparedness and response planning for serious cross border threats to health

*Amendment*

I. Quality and completeness of the preparedness and response planning of the Union and of Member States for serious cross border threats to health, *including resilience assessment indicators across the Union*

Amendment 189
Proposal for a regulation
Annex II – part 1 – point II

*Text proposed by the Commission*

II. Access to centrally authorised medicines, e.g. number of orphan authorisations, Advanced Therapy Medicinal Products, Paediatric Use Medicinal Products or vaccines, for unmet needs

*Amendment*

II. Access to centrally authorised medicines and medical devices, e.g. number of *existing and new* orphan authorisations, Advanced Therapy Medicinal Products, Paediatric Use Medicinal Products or vaccines, for unmet needs

Amendment 190
Proposal for a regulation
Annex II – part 1 – point III

*Text proposed by the Commission*

III. Number of actions and best practices directly contributing to the SDG 3.4/Member State

*Amendment*

III. Number of actions and best practices directly contributing to achieve *Universal Health Coverage*/ Member State
Amendment 191
Proposal for a regulation
Annex II – part 1 – point IV

Text proposed by the Commission
IV. Implementation of best practices by EU Member States

Amendment
IV. Implementation of health programmes by EU Member States, that promote health, prevent diseases and address health inequalities

Amendment 192
Proposal for a regulation
Annex II – part 1 – point IV a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission
IV a. Implementation of the European Health Data Space (EHDS)

Amendment

Amendment 193
Proposal for a regulation
Annex II – part 2 – point 1 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission
I a. Number of new procedures for accelerated development and assessment of medicines for major public health needs, where relevant taking into account novel technologies

Amendment

Amendment 194
Proposal for a regulation
Annex II – part 2 – point 1 b (new)

Text proposed by the Commission
I b. Number of Member States with adequate level of digital health infrastructure
Amendment 195
Proposal for a regulation
Annex II – part 2 – point 1 c (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

1 c. Number of Member States that implemented the European Electronic Health Record

Amendment 196
Proposal for a regulation
Annex II – part 2 – point 1 d (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

1 d. Proportion of Member States’ population of citizens with access to their data on the EHDS, per Member State

Amendment 197
Proposal for a regulation
Annex II – part 2 – point 3

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

3. Number of vaccine doses distributed

3. Number of vaccine doses made available by type and by Member States

Amendment 198
Proposal for a regulation
Annex II – part 2 – point 3 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

3 a. Vaccination coverage, by age, and by vaccine-preventable-disease

Amendment 199
Proposal for a regulation
Annex II – part 2 – point 6

Text proposed by the Commission

6. Age-standardised five-year net survival of *cervical, breast and colorectal* cancer

Amendment

6. Age-standardised five-year net survival of cancer *by type, age, gender and Member State*

Amendment 200

Proposal for a regulation
Annex II – part 2 – point 6 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

6 a. Age-standardised five-year net survival rate for paediatric cancer *by type, age, gender and Member State*

Amendment

Amendment 201

Proposal for a regulation
Annex II – part 2 – point 6 b (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

6 b. Screening coverage for breast, cervical and colorectal cancer screening programmes, *by type, age, gender and Member State*

Amendment

Amendment 202

Proposal for a regulation
Annex II – part 2 – point 7

Text proposed by the Commission

7. Ratio of Cancer Registries (CRs) and number of Member States (MSs) reporting information on *cervical, breast, and colorectal* cancer stage at diagnosis

Amendment

7. Ratio of Cancer Registries (CRs) and number of Member States (MSs) reporting information on cancer stage at diagnosis
Amendment 203
Proposal for a regulation
Annex II – part 2 – point 7 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

7 a. Ratio of palliative care admissions and outcome result for cancer, and paediatric cancer, by type, age, gender and Member State

Amendment 204
Proposal for a regulation
Annex II – part 2 – point 7 b (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

7 b. Ratio of Paediatric Cancer Registries (CRs) /Member State and number of Member States (MSs) reporting information on paediatric cancer stage at diagnosis

Amendment 205
Proposal for a regulation
Annex II – part 2 – point 7 c (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

7 c. Prevalence of major chronic diseases per Member State, by diseases, gender and age

Amendment 206
Proposal for a regulation
Annex II – part 2 – point 7 d (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

7 d. Age-standardized NCD mortality rate (per 100 000 people), by disease
Amendment 207
Proposal for a regulation
Annex II – part 2 – point 7 e (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

7 e. Percentage of HIV/AIDS, patients with access to adequate treatment, by Member State, gender and age

Amendment 208
Proposal for a regulation
Annex II – part 2 – point 7 f (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

7 f. Proportion of tuberculosis patients with access to adequate treatment, by Member State, gender and age

Amendment 209
Proposal for a regulation
Annex II – part 2 – point 8

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

8. Smoking prevalence

8. Age standardized prevalence of tobacco use, by gender

Amendment 210
Proposal for a regulation
Annex II – part B – point 9

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

9. Number of shortages of medicines in the single point of contact network

9. Number of shortages of medicines in the Member States
Amendment 211
Proposal for a regulation
Annex II – part 2 – point 9 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

9 a. Actions aimed at stimulating the production of essential APIs and medicinal products in the EU

Amendment 212
Proposal for a regulation
Annex II – part 2 – point 12 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

12 a. Antimicrobial use by ATC type and per Member States

Amendment 213
Proposal for a regulation
Annex II – part 2 – point 12 b (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

12 b. Attributable mortality to Healthcare Associated Infections, by age, gender and Member State

Amendment 214
Proposal for a regulation
Annex II – part 2 – point 12 c (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

12 c. Avoidable deaths attributed to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, DALYs attributable to the NCDs and QALYs, chronic respiratory disease, for persons aged less than 75 years, by gender and Member State
Amendment 215
Proposal for a regulation
Annex II – part 2 – point 13

Text proposed by the Commission

13. Number of hospital units involved in ERN and of patients diagnosed and treated by the members of ERN networks

Amendment

13. Number of health units involved in ERN and of patients diagnosed and treated by the members of ERN networks

Amendment 216
Proposal for a regulation
Annex II – part 2 – point 14 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

14 a. Number of health impact assessments of Union policies

Amendment

Amendment 217
Proposal for a regulation
Annex II – part 2 – point 14 b (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

14 b. Age-standardised obesity prevalence, by gender, age and Member State

Amendment

Amendment 218
Proposal for a regulation
Annex II – part 2 – point 14 c (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

14 c. Maternal mortality ratio, by age and by Member State

Amendment
Amendment 219

Proposal for a regulation
Annex II – part 2 – point 14 d (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

14 d. Infant mortality rate by Member State
EXPLANATORY STATEMENT

Introduction

On 28 May 2020, the Commission put forward a new stand-alone 9.4 billion EUR EU4Health Programme for 2021-2027 as part of the Recovery Plan, which has been a long-standing request of ENVI, to build resilient health systems in the EU by tackling cross-border health threats, making medicines available and affordable, and strengthening health systems. The Health Programme was under the initial MFF 2021-2027 proposal an integral part, as one of strands, of the European Social Fund Plus (ESF+).

The aim of the new Programme proposed by the Commission is to make sure that the EU remains the healthiest region in the world and has all possible tools available to address health challenges at national and EU level and is better prepared for any new emerging health threat that may endanger the population of the EU. The EU4Health Programme provides for new actions, which will fill in gaps that the COVID-19 pandemic has revealed in terms of the development and manufacturing of medicinal products, the adequate supply of medicines and equipment in hospitals and sufficient medical human resources, the uptake of digital tools and services that enable continuity of care, and the need to maintain access to essential goods and services in times of crisis. This will allow the EU to have more tools to take quick, decisive and coordinated action with the Member States in both preparing for and managing crises.

The Commission proposed an ambitious stand-alone EU4Health Programme to provide dedicated support for the health challenges ahead as identified in the needs assessment. Under this proposal, funding for the new Programme in the amount of EUR 9.4 billion will be a major reinforcement as compared to previous proposals under the ESF+ (EUR 413 million). The Programme will be funded from the upcoming MFF (EUR 1.7 billion) and Recovery Instrument (now called the “Next Generation EU”) (EUR 7.7 billion).

Rapporteur’s views

The Rapporteur welcomes the Commission proposal for a stand-alone EU4Health Programme, with significantly increased budget, compared to its predecessor. He reiterates that only a separate and robust Programme will have the capacity to deliver on future pandemics and health threats, and very importantly, make EU health systems more resilient, able to face current weaknesses, such as medicine shortages, health inequalities and support health sector in the digital transition.

At the same time, the Rapporteur considers it important that the EU4Health Programme is more than just a response to the COVID-19 crisis. It should deliver not only on short-term crisis management but also on long-term objectives. It should be part of a common plan for action to support health policies in the EU over the next seven years. The Programme is an important element in ensuring the development of strong and resilient health systems in Member States in order to be able to cope with a possible second wave of COVID-19 and any other future health crises; at the same time, the Programme should also support Member States’ health systems and public health policies to address long-term challenges, such as antimicrobial resistance, ageing, communicable and non-communicable diseases, and at the same time prepare for emerging technologies.
Also, it should be noted that the majority of the EUR 9.4 billion health budget is frontloaded, meaning that there is a need for clear and focused objectives, thus this proposals will need to be very well structured and concrete.

Bearing in mind the above, the Rapporteur considers that the Commission proposal for the EU4Health Programme should be reinforced in the following main aspects:

- More investment into the healthcare systems is needed, in particular in infrastructure, including at the level of primary care, to work towards the long-term strengthening of health systems, well beyond the current health challenges.

- There is a need for concrete and clear proposals for the frontloading, including shifting the funds to better healthcare, equal access to healthcare and resilient health systems.

- All actions of the Programme should have a person-centred and outcome-based health approach, with the focus on prevention, individual's specific healthcare needs taking into account the patient's own goals in treatment alongside the provider's best clinical expertise in the topic as a medical professional.

- Health inequalities need to be at the core of the Programme, taking into account the fact that they are avoidable inequalities in health between groups of people within countries and between countries, and that they arise from inequalities within and between societies. Inequalities in health status among population groups, countries and regions, and access to affordable, preventive and curative health care of good quality are also among major challenges in the areas of health security and health systems impeding their overall functioning.

- The Programme should have better focus on disease prevention throughout the lifetime of an individual and health promotion by addressing health risk factors, such as the use of tobacco and related products and exposure to their emissions, the harmful use of alcohol, the consumption of illicit drugs and psychoactive substances, obesity and unhealthy dietary habits, and physical inactivity. Disease prevention and health promotion should be the lead general objective of the Programme.

- The Programme should support investments into early diagnosis and screening in order to strengthen the prevention and screening for both communicable and non-communicable diseases, such as cardiovascular diseases, neurodegenerative diseases, respiratory diseases, diabetes, cancer and paediatric cancer.

- The Programme should support the development of the Electronic European Health Record that would provide health care systems with means to improve the availability and quality of healthcare, and patients to get access to treatment more rapidly and easily.

- The Commission should develop guidelines on patient safety, and promote investments in modernizing health systems to overcome and reduce to minimum, Healthcare Associated Infections (HAIs), taking into account the fact that HAIs can happen in any health care facility, including hospitals, ambulatory surgical centres, end-stage renal disease facilities, and long-term care facilities.

- There is a need for European guidelines for the management of chronic diseases, namely
in form of European Diseases Management Guidelines sectorial for each disease, communicable and non-communicable diseases, such as cancer. In addition, there is a need for the reinforcement of existing European Reference Networks (ERNs) and their extension in the form of Excellence Networks in the field of communicable and non-communicable diseases.

- It is important to reinforce the role and functioning of EU agencies, such as the European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control (ECDC) and the European Medicines Agency (EMA).

- It should be ensured that the EU4Health Programme creates synergies and complementarities with other Programmes, for the establishment and implementation of a Strategy for the Health Workforce with the aim of improving the curricula of health professionals and their digital skills, the health service coverage and quality of health, but also with the aim of addressing the brain drain and unbalanced mobility.

- It is also important to have a governance mechanism to ensure complementarity, coordination and synergies between the EU4Health Programme and other EU funding instruments and programmes, such as the Enhanced Union Civil Protection Mechanism (UCPM/rescEU), the European Regional Development Fund (ERDF), the European Social Fund Plus (ESF+), Horizon Europe, the Digital Europe programme (DEP) and the Connecting Europe Facility Programme 2 Digital (CEF Digital). The Programme should also significantly contribute to the reinforcement of patient’s rights in the EU as rights of everyone to the enjoyment of the highest attainable standard of physical and mental health, and foster the full implementation of the Cross-border Healthcare Directive, guaranteeing a high level of public health protection while respecting the principle of the free movement of persons within the internal market.

- A EU4Health Steering Board should be created with a focus on creating synergies between the Programme and other programmes where a health dimension is integrated, through coordination and cooperation, promoting patients and society engagement, and providing scientific advice and recommendations.

- In order to ensure effective governance and active participation of Member States it is important to involve Member States and the Steering Board better in the implementation of the Programme, including in the adoption and implementation of annual working programmes.

- Mental health and ageing. Most of EU countries are currently facing a major demographic challenge. The implications are yet to be calculated – but governments and policy-makers already agree that we will soon have to make important changes in how we deal with the growing number of elderly people who ask for adequate support and demand and deserve full participation in our societies. The Programme should therefore support Member States efforts in areas such as early diagnosis, treatment, support and prevention, training of practitioners in mental health or awareness raising and ensuring that mental health issues of elderly people are better known and properly addressed.

- Finally yet importantly, vaccine hesitancy which, according to the ECDC, refers to delay in acceptance or refusal of vaccines despite availability of vaccination services, and which
is complex and context specific varying across time, place and vaccines, is another important challenge in health care where the Programme should focus on. The WHO declared vaccine hesitancy, including complacency and lack of confidence and convenience, one of ten threats to global health in 2019. The Programme should therefore support action aimed at ensuring equitable access to vaccines for all EU citizens, fighting disinformation, and improving vaccine confidence.

**Conclusion**

The Rapporteur considers that the Commission proposal for the stand-alone EU4Health Programme is a good basis for Parliament as co-legislator to work on and formulate its position in a speedy manner (the Regulation establishing the Programme will be apply as of 1 January 2021). The Rapporteur has identified, after listening attentively to the views of different stakeholders, a number of areas where the Commission proposal needs to be clarified or further reinforced in order to ensure the best possible Health Programme for European citizens.
4.9.2020

OPINION OF THE COMMITTEE ON BUDGETS

for the Committee on the Environment, Public Health and Food Safety


Rapporteur for opinion: Nicolae Ștefănăță

SHORT JUSTIFICATION

The crisis have shown that one of the lessons to draw from this Covid-19 pandemic is to build an ambitious EU Health Fund/Programme. Never again we want to experience the shortages of medical equipment. Never again should healthcare workers be put in the position to choose which patients receive life-saving equipment. The Covid-19 pandemic is the context to agree that there is a need for a stronger coordination and cooperation between the different national health systems. It is about responding to the calls of our citizens to have a more active role for the EU in the area of health.

The European Parliament has often times discussed, put this forward this issue, and only small steps were taken forward, not even using to the maximum the limited possibilities offered by the Treaties. The pandemic showed that if one national health system is fragile, or less resilient, it could have an impact for the entire EU.

The Rapporteur therefore welcomes the Commission proposal for this EU4Health Programme. It is a historic game changer, when we are looking at the ambition and the philosophy of the programme. We finally received a self-standing programme at a relevant scale. Still, according to a communication from the Commission, the Covid-19 pandemic showed a need for at least 70 billion Euro for investments in health infrastructure1.

The Commission proposes 3 general objectives, and 10 specific objectives. Annex I indicates 50 possible type of eligible actions. The expectation is that this tool-box should strengthen the resilience of the health systems in all the Member States. The rapporteur therefore proposes a wide and balanced geographical coverage of the actions.

The size of the budget is considerably increased compared to the original health strand budget within the proposed ESF+. Nonetheless, the biggest share of financial allocation is proposed to

come as external assigned revenues from the Next Generation EU (NGE) and is to be frontloaded in the first years. For the rapporteur, two things seem sure. First, the proposed overall amount is a minimum if we want to respond to the citizens expectations and to the well-known weaknesses of our health systems amplified by the pandemic. And second, the need for an ambitious EU Health programme will remain also after 2024.

Considering that the European Parliament as budgetary authority has formally no power to decide on the amount of the NGE budget, the Rapporteur therefore proposes in his draft opinion to increase the resources stemming from the MFF.

As regards the funding, governance, and implementation of the Programme, the Rapporteur understands that the Commission has worked on this proposal under extreme time pressure, he nevertheless believes that the proposed enormous flexibility should not prejudice principles of good governance, involvement of the European Parliament, transparency and accountability. He therefore proposes to strengthen the synergies and complementarity with other EU bodies, programmes and funds, notably through the creation of a reliable and efficient mechanism that would help to avoid any duplication of funding and ensure synergies. He also calls for a reinforcement of the mandates and budgets of the EU agencies dealing with health objectives. Moreover, he insists as well on the importance of the evaluation of this Programme and its audit. The proposed amendments seek to clarify these aspects and are intended to make the proposal also clearer and more predictable for the stakeholders as well as clearly ensure the EU added value of such a Programme.

**AMENDMENTS**

The Committee on Budgets calls on the Committee on the Environment, Public Health and Food Safety, as the committee responsible, to take into account the following amendments:

**Amendment 1**

**Proposal for a regulation**

**Recital 7 a (new)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Text proposed by the Commission</th>
<th>Amendment</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(7a) The Programme should support the creation of permanent common European Medical emergency units, under the name of EU Blue Medical Corps. This new corps should be composed of medical and emergency intervention professionals from different Member States and the medical emergency units should be in charge of providing support for cross-border and pan-European medical situations or crisis. The EU Blue Medical Corps should use the positive outcomes of the voluntary</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Amendment 2
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 10

Text proposed by the Commission

(10) Due to the serious nature of cross-border health threats, the Programme should support coordinated public health measures at Union level to address different aspects of such threats. With a view to strengthen the capability in the Union to prepare for, respond to and manage health crisis the Programme should provide support to the actions taken in the framework of the mechanisms and structures established under Decision No 1082/2013/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council\textsuperscript{10} and other relevant mechanisms and structures established at Union level. This could include strategic stockpiling of essential medical supplies or capacity building in crisis response, preventive measures related to vaccination and immunisation, strengthened surveillance programmes. In this context the Programme should foster Union-wide and cross-sectoral crisis prevention, preparedness, surveillance, management and response capacity of actors at the Union, national, regional and local level, including contingency planning and preparedness exercises, in keeping with the “One Health” approach. It should facilitate the setting up of an integrated cross-cutting risk communication framework working in all phases of a health crisis - prevention, preparedness and response.

Amendment

(10) Due to the serious nature of cross-border health threats, the Programme should support coordinated public health measures at Union level to address different aspects of such threats. With a view to strengthen the capability in the Union to prepare for, respond to and manage health crisis the Programme should provide support to the actions taken in the framework of the mechanisms and structures established under Decision No 1082/2013/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council\textsuperscript{10} and other relevant mechanisms and structures established at Union level. This could include strategic stockpiling of essential medical supplies, in addition to the reactive reserve created under rescEU during the Covid-19 pandemic or capacity building in crisis response, preventive measures related to vaccination and immunisation, strengthened surveillance programmes. In this context the Programme should foster Union-wide and cross-sectoral crisis prevention, preparedness, surveillance, management and response capacity of actors at the Union, national, regional and local level, including contingency planning and preparedness exercises, in keeping with the “One Health” approach. It should facilitate the setting up of an integrated cross-cutting risk communication framework working in all phases of a health crisis - prevention, preparedness and response.

\textsuperscript{10} Decision No 1082/2013/EU of the

Amendment 3
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 10 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

(10a) Considering that an ambitious Programme should continue in place also after Next Generation EU and after the Multiannual Financial Framework for the years (2021-2027), it would be important to go further, towards achieving an European Health Union which could give the Union a far stronger role in the area of health by providing a European strategy and a coordinated and inclusive response to public health needs. The continuation of the Programme even after 2027 should be taken into consideration, following an assessment report approved by the European Parliament, since its continuation would help consolidate its results.

Amendment 4
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 11

Text proposed by the Commission

(11) As in the time of health crisis emergency health technology assessment as well as clinical trials can contribute to the rapid development of medical countermeasures the Programme should provide support to facilitate such actions. The Commission has adopted a proposal\(^{11}\) on Health Technology Assessment (HTA) to support cooperation on health

(11) As in the time of health crisis emergency health technology assessment as well as clinical trials can contribute to the rapid development of medical countermeasures the Programme should provide support to facilitate such actions. The Commission has adopted a proposal\(^{11}\) on Health Technology Assessment (HTA) to support cooperation on health
technology assessment at Union level.

When adopted HTA should give clearance for new medical devices and medicines to enter the market once they have passed clinical trials, as well as offer guidance and support for researchers by laying down requirements for clinical trials, thereby limiting the need for a new product to undergo clinical trials in all Member States.


Amendment 5

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 12

Text proposed by the Commission

(12) With a view to protect people in vulnerable situations, including those suffering from mental illnesses and chronic diseases, the Programme should also promote actions which address the collateral impacts of the health crisis on people belonging to such vulnerable groups.

Amendment

(12) With a view to protect people in vulnerable situations, including those suffering from mental illnesses, chronic diseases, heart diseases, lung diseases, cancer and autism, the Programme should also promote actions which address the collateral impacts of the health crisis on people belonging to such vulnerable groups.

Amendment 6

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 13

Text proposed by the Commission

(13) The COVID-19 crisis has highlighted many challenges in ensuring the supply of medicines, medical devices as well as personal protective equipment needed in the Union during the pandemics.

Amendment

(13) The COVID-19 crisis has highlighted many challenges in ensuring the supply of medicines, medical devices as well as personal protective equipment needed in the Union during the pandemics.
The Programme therefore should provide support to actions which foster the production, procurement and management of crisis relevant products ensuring complementarity with other Union instruments.

It has highlighted, in particular, the Union’s dependency on third countries for manufacturing capacity, the supply of active pharmaceutical ingredients and starting materials. The Programme therefore should provide support to actions which foster the production, procurement and management of crisis relevant products ensuring complementarity with other Union instruments.

Amendment 7

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 14

Text proposed by the Commission

(14) In order to minimise the public health consequences of serious cross-border threats to health it should be possible for actions supported under the Programme to cover coordination of the activities which strengthen the interoperability and coherence of Member States’ health-systems through benchmarking, cooperation and exchange of best practices and ensure their capability to respond to health emergencies, that includes contingency planning, preparedness exercises and the upskilling of health care and public health staff and the establishment of mechanisms for the efficient monitoring and needs-driven distribution or allocation of goods and services needed in time of crisis.

Amendment

(14) In order to minimise the public health consequences of serious cross-border threats to health it should be possible for actions supported under the Programme to cover coordination of the activities which strengthen the interoperability and coherence of Member States’ health-systems through benchmarking, cooperation and exchange of best practices and ensure their capability to respond to health emergencies, that includes contingency planning, preparedness exercises and the upskilling of health care and public health staff and the establishment of mechanisms for the efficient monitoring and needs-driven and equitable distribution or allocation of goods and services needed in time of crisis.

In order to pursue the Programme’s objectives and to strengthen the synergies and complementarity between the European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control and other Union bodies, the Commission should broaden the Centre’s mandate and increase its budget.
Amendment 8
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 15

Text proposed by the Commission

(15) Experience from the COVID-19 crisis has indicated that there is a general need for the support to structural transformation of and systemic reforms of health systems across the Union to improve their effectiveness, accessibility and resilience. In the context of such transformation and reforms, the Programme should promote, in synergy with the Digital Europe Programme, actions which advance digital transformation of health services and increase their interoperability, contribute to the increased capacity of health systems to foster disease prevention and health promotion, to provide new care models and to deliver integrated services, from the community and primary health care to the highly specialised services, based on people's needs and ensure an efficient public health workforce equipped with the right skills, including digital skills. The development of a European health data space would provide health care systems, researchers and public authorities with means to improve the availability and quality of healthcare. Given the fundamental right to access to preventive healthcare and medical treatment enshrined in Article 35 of the Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union and in view to the common values and principles in European Union Health Systems as set out in the Council Conclusions of 2 June 2006 the Programme should support actions ensuring the universality and inclusivity of health care, meaning that no-one is barred access to health care, and those ensuring that patients' rights, including on the privacy of their data, are duly respected.

Amendment

(15) Experience from the COVID-19 crisis has indicated that there is a general need for the support to structural transformation of and systemic reforms of health systems across the Union to improve their effectiveness, accessibility and resilience. In the context of such transformation and reforms, the Programme should promote, in synergy with the Digital Europe Programme and the European Medicines Agency, actions which advance digital transformation of health services and increase their interoperability, implementing the EU Telematics Strategy on digitalisation of medical products and medicine, contribute to the increased capacity of health systems to foster disease prevention and health promotion, to provide new care models and to deliver integrated services, from the community and primary health care to the highly specialised services, based on people's needs and ensure an efficient public health workforce equipped with the right skills, including digital skills. The development of a European health data space would provide health care systems, researchers and public authorities with means to improve the availability and quality of healthcare. Given the fundamental right to access to preventive healthcare and medical treatment enshrined in Article 35 of the Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union and in view to the common values and principles in European Union Health Systems as set out in the Council Conclusions of 2 June 2006 the Programme should support actions ensuring the universality and inclusivity of health care, meaning that no-one is barred access to health care, and those ensuring that patients’ rights,
including on the privacy of their data, are duly respected.

Amendment 9
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 17

Text proposed by the Commission

(17) Non-communicable diseases are a result of a combination of genetic, physiological, environmental and behavioural factors. Such non-communicable diseases as cardiovascular diseases, cancer, chronic respiratory diseases, and diabetes, represent major causes of disability, ill-health, health-related retirement, and premature death in the Union, resulting in considerable social and economic impacts. To decrease the impact of non-communicable diseases on individuals and society in the Union and reach goal 3 of the Sustainable Development Goals, Target 3.4, to reduce premature mortality from non-communicable diseases by one third by 2030, it is key to provide an integrated response focusing on prevention across sectors and policy fields, combined with efforts to strengthen health systems.

Amendment

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Amendment 10
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 18

Text proposed by the Commission

(18) The Programme therefore should contribute to disease prevention throughout

Amendment

(18) Health promotion and health prevention are vastly more cost-efficient
the lifetime of an individual and to health promotion by addressing health risk factors, such as the use of tobacco and related products and exposure to their emissions, the harmful use of alcohol, and the consumption of illicit drugs. The Programme should also contribute to the reduction of drugs-related health damage, unhealthy dietary habits and physical inactivity, and exposure to environmental pollution, and foster supportive environments for healthy lifestyles in order to complement Member States action in these areas. The Programme should also therefore contribute to the objectives of the European Green Deal, the Farm to Fork Strategy and the Biodiversity Strategy.

than treatment, both in terms of money and of quality-adjusted life years. The Programme therefore should contribute to disease prevention throughout the lifetime of an individual and to health promotion by addressing health risk factors, such as the use of tobacco and related products and exposure to their emissions, the harmful use of alcohol, and the consumption of illicit drugs. The Programme should also contribute to the reduction of drugs-related health damage, unhealthy dietary habits and physical inactivity, and exposure to environmental pollution, and foster supportive environments for healthy lifestyles in order to complement Member States action in these areas. The Programme should also therefore contribute to the objectives of the European Green Deal, the Farm to Fork Strategy and the Biodiversity Strategy and in line with the Paris Agreement and the Union’s climate neutrality objectives.

Amendment 11

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 20

Text proposed by the Commission

(20) The Programme will work in synergy and complementarity with other EU policies, programmes and funds such as actions implemented under the Digital Europe Programme, Horizon Europe, rescEU reserve under the Union Civil Protection Mechanism, Emergency Support Instrument, European Social Fund+ (ESF+, including as regards synergies on better protecting the health and safety of millions of workers in the EU), including the Employment and Social Innovation Strand (EaSI), the InvestEU fund, Single Market Programme, European Regional Development Fund (ERDF), Recovery and Resilience Facility including the Reform Delivery Tool, Erasmus,

Amendment

(20) The Programme will work in synergy and complementarity with other EU policies, programmes, and funds such as actions implemented under the Digital Europe Programme, Horizon Europe, rescEU reserve under the Union Civil Protection Mechanism, Emergency Support Instrument, European Social Fund+ (ESF+, including as regards synergies on better protecting the health and safety of millions of workers in the EU), including the Employment and Social Innovation Strand (EaSI), the InvestEU fund, Single Market Programme, European Regional Development Fund (ERDF), Recovery and Resilience Facility including the Reform Delivery Tool, Erasmus,
European Solidarity Corps, Support to mitigate Unemployment Risks in an Emergency (SURE), and EU external action instruments, such as the Neighbourhood, Development and International Cooperation Instrument and the Instrument for Pre-accession Assistance III. Where appropriate, common rules will be established in view of ensuring consistency and complementarity between funds, while making sure that specificities of these policies are respected, and in view of aligning with the strategic requirements of these policies, programmes and funds, such as the enabling conditions under ERDF and ESF+.

Amendment 12

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 22

Text proposed by the Commission

(22) The Programme should therefore support actions to monitor shortages of medicines, medical devices and other healthcare products and to ensure greater availability and affordability of those products while limiting the dependency of their supply chains on third countries. In particular, in order to address unmet medical needs, the Programme should provide support to clinical trials so as to speed up the development, authorisation and access to innovative and effective medicines, promote incentives to develop such medicinal products as antimicrobials and foster the digital transformation of healthcare products and platforms for monitoring and collecting information on medicines.

Amendment

(22) The Programme should therefore support actions to monitor and to prevent shortages of medicines, medical devices and other healthcare products and to ensure greater availability and affordability of those products while limiting the dependency of their supply chains on third countries. In particular, in order to address unmet medical needs, the Programme should provide support to clinical trials so as to speed up the development, authorisation and access to innovative and effective medicines, promote incentives to develop such medicinal products as antimicrobials and foster the digital transformation of healthcare products and platforms for monitoring and collecting information on medicines.
Amendment 13
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 23

Text proposed by the Commission

(23) As the optimal use of medicines and antimicrobials in particular yields benefits for individuals and health systems, the Programme should promote their prudent and efficient use. In line with the European One Health Action Plan against Antimicrobial Resistance\(^\text{14}\), adopted in June 2017 following the request from Member States, and given the experience with the bacterial secondary infections related to COVID 19, it is essential that the Programme supports actions aimed at the prudent use of antimicrobials in humans, animals and crops, in the framework of an integrated policy on patient safety and prevention of medical errors.

Amendment

(23) As the optimal use of medicines and antimicrobials in particular yields benefits for individuals and health systems, the Programme should promote their prudent and efficient use. In line with the European One Health Action Plan against Antimicrobial Resistance\(^\text{14}\), adopted in June 2017 following the request from Member States, and given the experience with the bacterial secondary infections related to COVID 19, it is essential that the Programme supports actions aimed at the prudent use of antimicrobials in humans, animals and crops, in the framework of an integrated policy on patient safety and prevention of medical errors. The Programme funding should be based on actions that are traceable, setting Union-wide reduction targets for antibiotics and medicine use, and should support the research and development of new antibiotics.


Amendment 14
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 25

Text proposed by the Commission

(25) The Union health legislation has an immediate impact on public health, the

Amendment

(25) The Union health legislation has an immediate impact on public health, the
lives of citizens, the efficiency and resilience of the health systems and the good functioning of the internal market. The regulatory framework for medical products and technologies (medicinal products, medical devices and substances of human origin), as well as for tobacco legislation, patients’ rights in cross-border healthcare and serious cross-border threats to health is essential to health protection in the Union. The Programme therefore should support the development, implementation and enforcement of Union health legislation and provide high quality, comparable and reliable data to underpin policymaking and monitoring.

Amendment 15

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 29

(29) The types of financing and the methods of implementation under this Regulation should be chosen on the basis of their ability to achieve the specific objectives of the actions and to deliver results, taking into account, in particular, the costs of controls, the administrative burden, and the expected risk of non-compliance. This should include consideration of the use of lump sums, flat rates and unit costs, as well as financing not linked to costs as envisaged in Article 125(1) of the Financial Regulation.

Text proposed by the Commission

(29) The types of financing and the methods of implementation under this Regulation should be chosen on the basis of their ability to achieve the specific objectives of the actions and to deliver results, taking into account, in particular, the costs of controls, the administrative burden, and the expected risk of non-compliance. This should include consideration of the use of lump sums, flat rates and unit costs, as well as financing not linked to costs as envisaged in Article 125(1) of the Financial Regulation.

Amendment

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Amendment 16

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 30

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(30) In order to optimise the added value and impact from investments funded wholly or in part through the budget of the Union, synergies should be sought in particular between the Programme for the Union's action in the field of health and other Union programmes, including those under shared-management. To maximise those synergies, key enabling mechanisms should be ensured, including cumulative funding in an action from the Programme for the Union's action in the field of health and another Union programme, as long as such cumulative funding does not exceed the total eligible costs of the action. For that purpose, this Regulation should set out appropriate rules, in particular on the possibility to declare the same cost or expenditure on a pro-rata basis to Programme for the Union's action in the field of health and another Union programme.

*Amendment*

(30) In order to optimise the added value and impact from investments funded wholly or in part through the budget of the Union, synergies should be sought in particular between the Programme for the Union's action in the field of health and other Union programmes, including those under shared-management and the Union agencies. To maximise those synergies, key enabling mechanisms should be ensured, including cumulative funding in an action from the Programme for the Union's action in the field of health and another Union programme, as long as such cumulative funding does not exceed the total eligible costs of the action. For that purpose, this Regulation should set out appropriate rules, in particular on the possibility to declare the same cost or expenditure on a pro-rata basis to Programme for the Union's action in the field of health and another Union programme and should require that detailed and transparent reporting be carried out.

Amendment 17

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 30 a (new)

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(30 a) In order to ensure that each of these objectives is implemented at the Union level, the Commission should increase the budget and should submit a proposal to strengthen the mandates of the Union agencies, such as the European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, the European Medicines Agency,
the European Food Safety Authority, the European Chemicals Agency, and the European Agency for Safety and Health at Work, which are already pursuing some of the EU4Health objectives at their level, and should have a greater role in the governance of the Programme.

Amendment 18
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 31

Text proposed by the Commission

(31) Given the specific nature of the objectives and actions covered by the Programme, the respective competent authorities of the Member States are best placed in some cases to implement the related activities. Those authorities, designated by the Member States themselves, should therefore be considered to be identified beneficiaries for the purpose of Article 195 of the Financial Regulation and the grants be awarded to such authorities without prior publication of calls for proposals.

Amendment

(31) Given the specific nature of the objectives and actions covered by the Programme, the respective competent authorities of the Member States are best placed in some cases to implement the related activities if it is well justified in the work programmes. Those authorities, designated by the Member States themselves, should therefore be considered to be identified beneficiaries for the purpose of Article 195 of the Financial Regulation and the grants be awarded to such authorities without prior publication of calls for proposals.

Amendment 19
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 33

Text proposed by the Commission

(33) Given the common agreed values of solidarity towards equitable and universal coverage of quality health services as a basis for the Union’s policies in this area and that the Union has a central role to play in accelerating progress on global health challenges19, the Programme should support the Union’s contribution to international and global health initiatives with a view to improve health, address

Amendment

(33) Given the common agreed values of solidarity towards equitable and universal coverage of quality health services as a basis for the Union’s policies in this area and that the Union has a central role to play in accelerating progress on global health challenges19, the Programme should in a manner that complements and achieves synergies y with other relevant Union programmes and using the potential
inequalities and increase protection against global health threats.

19 Council conclusions on the EU role in Global Health, 3011th Foreign Affairs Council meeting, Brussels, 10 May 2010.

Amendment 20
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 42

Text proposed by the Commission

(42) The implementation of the Programme should be such that the responsibilities of the Member States, for the definition of their health policy and for the organisation and delivery of health services and medical care, are respected.

Amendment

(42) The implementation of the Programme should be such that the responsibilities of the Member States, for the definition of their health policy and for the organisation and delivery of health services and medical care, are respected and evidenced. In order to help with the implementation of the Programme, technical assistance should be provided to Member States in need so as to ensure adequate geographical coverage for the implementation of the Programme.

Amendment 21
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 43

Text proposed by the Commission

(43) Given the nature and potential scale of cross-border threats to human health, the objective of protecting people in the Union from such threats and to increase crisis prevention and preparedness cannot be sufficiently achieved by the Member States

Amendment

(43) Given the nature and potential scale of cross-border threats to human health, the objective of protecting people living in the Union from such threats and to increase crisis prevention and preparedness cannot be sufficiently achieved by the Member
acting alone. In accordance with the principle of subsidiarity as set out in Article 5 of the Treaty on the European Union, action at Union level can also be taken to support Member States’ efforts in the pursuit of a high level of protection of public health, to improve the availability and affordability in the Union of medicines, medical devices and other crisis relevant products, to support innovation and to support integrated and coordinated work and implementation of best practices among Member States, and to address inequalities in access to health throughout the EU in a manner that creates efficiency gains and value-added impacts that could not be generated by action taken at national level while respecting the Member States’ competence and responsibility in the areas covered by the Programme. In accordance with the principle of proportionality, as set out in that Article, this Regulation does not go beyond what is necessary in order to achieve those objectives.

Amendment 22

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 1 – introductory part

Text proposed by the Commission

The Programme shall pursue the following general objectives, in keeping with the “One Health” approach where relevant:

Amendment

The Programme shall pursue the following general objectives of contributing to a high level of human health protection and disease prevention, in keeping with the “One Health” approach where relevant and guided by Sustainable Development Goals (SDG) to ensure that the Union and Member States reach the targets of SDG 3 "Ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages":
Amendment 23

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 1 – point -1 (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(-1) making healthcare safer, reducing health inequalities, increasing life expectancy at birth, and strengthening and supporting Union health-related legislation, including in the area of environmental health, and fostering Health in All Policies;

Amendment 24

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 1 – point 3

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(3) strengthen health systems and the healthcare workforce, including by digital transformation and by increased integrated and coordinated work among the Member States, sustained implementation of best practice and data sharing, to increase the general level of public health.

(3) contribute to effectiveness, accessibility and resilience of health systems and the healthcare workforce, including by digital transformation and by increased integrated and coordinated work among the Member States, sustained implementation of best practice and data sharing, to increase the general level of public health.

Amendment 25

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 1 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

The Programme shall maximise Union added value by focusing on objectives and actions that can only be effectively achieved by Member States if they act in
Amendment 26
Proposal for a regulation
Article 4 – paragraph 1 – point 1

Text proposed by the Commission
(1) strengthen the capability of the Union for prevention, preparedness and response to serious cross-border threats to health, and the management of health crises, including through coordination, provision and deployment of emergency health care capacity, data gathering and surveillance;

Amendment
(1) strengthen the capability of the Union for prevention, preparedness and response to serious cross-border threats to health, and the management of health crises, including through coordination, provision and deployment of emergency health care capacity, data gathering, support for the infrastructure of hospitals and surveillance;

Amendment 27
Proposal for a regulation
Article 4 – paragraph 1 – point 1 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission
(1 a) support the implementation of the European Electronic Health Record programme in all Member States in order to make health data easily transferable from one Member State to another.

Amendment
(1 a) support the implementation of the European Electronic Health Record programme in all Member States in order to make health data easily transferable from one Member State to another.

Amendment 28
Proposal for a regulation
Article 4 – paragraph 1 – point 2

Text proposed by the Commission
(2) ensure the availability in the Union of reserves or stockpiles of crisis relevant products, and a reserve of medical, healthcare and support staff to be mobilised in case of a crisis;

Amendment
(2) ensure the availability in the Union of strategic reserves or stockpiles of crisis relevant products, and a reserve of medical, healthcare and support staff to be mobilised in case of a crisis;
Amendment 29
Proposal for a regulation
Article 4 – paragraph 1 – point 4

Text proposed by the Commission
(4) strengthen the effectiveness, accessibility, sustainability and resilience of health systems, including by supporting digital transformation, the uptake of digital tools and services, systemic reforms, implementation of new care models and universal health coverage, and address inequalities in health;

Amendment
(4) strengthen the effectiveness, accessibility, sustainability and resilience of health systems, including by supporting digital transformation, the uptake of digital tools and services, systemic reforms, implementation of new care models and universal health coverage, and address inequalities in health and in access to healthcare and medicine; ensuring standardised data that can be easily transferred and shared between national health systems of Member States.

Amendment 30
Proposal for a regulation
Article 4 – paragraph 1 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment
The objectives of Article 4 shall be achieved in a consistent and transparent way and in a manner that is coordinated with the actions of other Union programmes and agencies.

Amendment 31
Proposal for a regulation
Article 5 – paragraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission
1. The financial envelope for the implementation of the Programme for the period 2021-27 shall be EUR 1 946 614 000 in current prices.

Amendment
1. The financial envelope for the implementation of the Programme for the period 2021-27 shall be EUR 10 398 000 000 in current prices (EUR 9 370 000 000 in constant prices).
Amendment 32
Proposal for a regulation
Article 5 – paragraph 2

Text proposed by the Commission

2. The amount referred to in paragraph 1 may be used for technical and administrative assistance for the implementation of the Programme, such as preparatory, monitoring, control, audit and evaluation activities including corporate information technology systems.

Amendment

2. The amount referred to in paragraph 1 may be used for technical and administrative assistance for the implementation of the Programme, such as preparatory, monitoring, control, audit and evaluation activities including corporate information technology systems. The administrative expenses related to indirect actions shall not exceed 5% of the total amount under the Programme.

Amendment 33
Proposal for a regulation
Article 6 – paragraph 1 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

These amounts shall primarily be used to support actions that can strengthen the resilience of national health systems in the regions most affected by the Covid-19 crisis and in the regions with the least resilient health systems.

Amendment

(1 a) The contributions of all associated countries shall be included in the relevant parts of the Programme. The Commission shall report to the Council and the Parliament during the annual budgetary procedure the total budget of each part of
the Programme, identifying each of the associated countries, individual contributions and their financial balance.

Amendment 35

Proposal for a regulation
Article 8 – paragraph 2

Text proposed by the Commission

2. The Programme may provide funding in any of the forms laid down in Regulation (EU, Euratom) 2018/1046, in particular grants, prizes and procurement.

Amendment

2. The Programme may provide funding in any of the forms laid down in Regulation (EU, Euratom) 2018/1046, in particular grants, prizes and procurement. The Commission shall seek to achieve effective and balanced geographical coverage across the Union, including by supporting Member States to increase the quality of the projects through capacity building.

Amendment 36

Proposal for a regulation
Article 8 – paragraph 2 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

2 a. The resources from Next generation EU shall be targeted and benefit the Member States most affected by the Covid-19 pandemic and that have the least resilient health systems, while seeking to achieve overall balanced geographical coverage.

Amendment

2 a. The resources from Next generation EU shall be targeted and benefit the Member States most affected by the Covid-19 pandemic and that have the least resilient health systems, while seeking to achieve overall balanced geographical coverage.

Amendment 37

Proposal for a regulation
Article 8 – paragraph 4 a (new)
4a. The Commission shall facilitate the consistent implementation of the Programme while seeking maximal administrative simplification. The Commission and the Member States shall, commensurate to their respective responsibilities, foster synergies and ensure effective coordination between the Programme and the other Union programmes and funds.

For that purpose, they shall:

(a) ensure that there is complementarity, synergy, coherence and consistency among different instruments at Union, national and, where appropriate, regional levels, in particular in relation to measures financed by Union funds, both in the planning phase and during implementation;

(b) optimise coordination mechanisms to avoid duplication of effort;

(c) ensure that close cooperation exists between those responsible for implementation at Union, national and, where appropriate, regional levels to deliver coherent and streamlined support actions under the instrument.

Amendment 38

Proposal for a regulation
Article 8 – paragraph 4 b (new)

4b. The Commission shall develop cooperation with relevant international organisations such as the United Nations and its specialised agencies, in particular the World Health Organisation (WHO), as well as with the Council of Europe and the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD)
when implementing the Programme, in order to maximise the effectiveness and efficiency of actions at Union and international level.

Amendment 39
Proposal for a regulation
Article 8 – paragraph 4 c (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

4c. The Commission shall consult the health authorities of the Member States in the Steering Group on Health Promotion, Disease Prevention and Management of Non-Communicable Diseases or in other relevant Commission expert groups as well as stakeholders, in particular professional bodies in the health sector and NGOs active in the field, at all stages of the implementation of the Programme.

Amendment 40
Proposal for a regulation
Article 9 – paragraph 2 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

2 a. Beneficiaries from countries with weak administrative capacity may request technical assistance in order to ensure that there is a fair opportunity to be awarded the grants to all the projects.

Amendment 41
Proposal for a regulation
Article 12 – paragraph 3 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

The Commission shall create reliable and efficient mechanism in order to avoid any
duplication of funding and to ensure synergies between the different Union programmes and policies that are pursuing health objectives. All the data on funding operations and actions financed under different Union programmes and funds shall be centralised under this mechanism. It shall follow the principles of transparency, traceability and accountability and shall allow better monitoring and evaluation of actions pursuing health objectives.

Amendment 42
Proposal for a regulation
Article 13 – paragraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

Only actions implementing the objectives referred to in Articles 3 and 4, including those set out in Annex I, shall be eligible for funding.

Amendment

Actions implementing the objectives referred to in Articles 3 and 4, including those set out in Annex I, shall be eligible for funding. Actions not listed in Annex I shall only be eligible on an exceptional basis if work programmes specifically justify the need for them.

Amendment 43
Proposal for a regulation
Article 14 – paragraph 1 – point b

Text proposed by the Commission

(b) any legal entity created under Union law or any international organisation;

Amendment

(b) any legal entity created under Union law or any relevant international organisation;

Amendment 44
Proposal for a regulation
Article 14 – paragraph 3
3. Legal entities established in a third country which is not associated to the Programme should **in principle** bear the cost of their participation.

**Amendment**

3. Legal entities established in a third country which is not associated to the Programme should bear the cost of their participation.

### Amendment 45

**Proposal for a regulation**

**Article 14 – paragraph 5**

**Text proposed by the Commission**

5. Under the Programme, direct grants may be awarded without a call for proposals to fund actions **having** a clear Union added value co-financed by the competent authorities that are responsible for health in the Member States or in the third countries associated to the Programme, relevant international health organisations or by public sector bodies and non-governmental bodies, acting individually or as a network, mandated by those competent authorities.

**Amendment**

5. Under the Programme, direct grants may be awarded without a call for proposals to fund actions **if such grants are duly justified, if they have** a clear Union added value **and if they are** co-financed by the competent authorities that are responsible for health in the Member States or in the third countries associated to the Programme, relevant international health organisations or by public sector bodies and non-governmental bodies, acting individually or as a network, mandated by those competent authorities.

### Amendment 46

**Proposal for a regulation**

**Article 16 – paragraph 1**

**Text proposed by the Commission**

The Commission shall consult the health authorities of the Member States in the Steering Group on Health Promotion, Disease Prevention and Management of Non-Communicable Diseases on the work **plans** established for the Programme and its priorities and strategic orientations and its implementation.

**Amendment**

The Commission shall consult the health authorities of the Member States in the Steering Group on Health Promotion, Disease Prevention and Management of Non-Communicable Diseases, the **Union agencies, the external independent experts** on the work **programmes** established for the Programme and its priorities and strategic orientations and its implementation.
Amendment 47

Proposal for a regulation
Article 18 – paragraph 1

**Text proposed by the Commission**

The _Programme_ shall be implemented by work programmes referred to in Article 110 of Regulation (EU, Euratom) 2018/1046. Work programmes shall set out, where applicable, the overall amount reserved for blending operations.

**Amendment**

The Commission shall adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 19 in order to supplement this Regulation by establishing work programmes referred to in Article 110 of Regulation (EU, Euratom) 2018/1046. Those work programmes shall set out in particular the details of the actions envisaged including the amounts provided for, the types and geographical location of the expected beneficiaries, the types of financing and the methods of implementation under this Regulation, and where applicable, the overall amount reserved for blending operations.

Amendment 48

Proposal for a regulation
Article 19 – paragraph 1 a (new)

**Text proposed by the Commission**

1 a. The Commission shall monitor continuously the management and implementation of the Programme. In order to enhance transparency, the constantly updated data on the management and implementation shall be made publicly available in an accessible manner on the Commission’s website.

In particular, data for projects funded shall be included in the same database. Those data shall include:

(a) information on the types of financing and the types of beneficiaries, that allows for a transparent tracking of the financial allocations; a detailed overview of the synergies with other Union programmes,
including the activities implemented by Union agencies, that allows for a proper analysis of the complementarity between different activities to be carried out.

(b) the levels of expenditure disaggregated at project level in order to allow for specific analysis, including per intervention area as defined in Article 13 and Annex I.

Amendment 49

Proposal for a regulation
Article 19 – paragraph 3

Text proposed by the Commission

3. The performance reporting system shall ensure that data for monitoring programme implementation and results are collected efficiently, effectively, and in a timely manner. To that end, proportionate reporting requirements shall be imposed on recipients of Union funds and, where relevant, on Member States.

Amendment

3. The performance reporting system shall ensure that data for monitoring programme implementation and results are collected efficiently, effectively, and in a timely manner without increasing the administrative burden for beneficiaries. To that end, proportionate reporting requirements shall be imposed on recipients of Union funds and, where relevant, on Member States.

Amendment 50

Proposal for a regulation
Article 20 – paragraph 2

Text proposed by the Commission

2. The interim evaluation of the Programme shall be performed once there is sufficient information available about their implementation, but not later than four years after the start of the implementation.

Amendment

2. The interim evaluation of the Programme shall be performed and submitted to the European Parliament and to the Council once there is sufficient information available about their implementation, but not later than four years after the start of the implementation.
Amendment 51
Proposal for a regulation
Article 20 – paragraph 3

Text proposed by the Commission
3. At the end of the implementation period, but no later than four years after the end of the period specified in Article 1, a final evaluation shall be carried out by the Commission.

Amendment
3. At the end of the implementation period, but no later than four years after the end of the period specified in Article 1, a final evaluation shall be carried out by the Commission \textit{and submitted to the European Parliament and to the Council}.

Amendment 52
Proposal for a regulation
Article 20 – paragraph 4

Text proposed by the Commission
4. The Commission shall communicate the conclusions of the evaluations accompanied by its observations, to the European Parliament, the Council, the European Economic and Social Committee and the Committee of the Regions.

Amendment
4. The Commission shall \textit{publish and communicate the conclusions of the evaluations accompanied by its observations and shall present them} to the European Parliament, the Council, the European Economic and Social Committee and the Committee of the Regions.

Amendment 53
Proposal for a regulation
Article 20 – paragraph 4 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission
4 a. The evaluation shall cover at least the following:

(a) qualitative and quantitative aspects of the implementation of the Programme;
(b) efficiency of the use of resources;
(c) the degree to which the objectives of all the measures have been achieved, specifying where possible, results and impacts;

Amendment
(d) the extent to which synergies between the objectives have been reached and its complementarity with other relevant Union programmes;

(e) the Union added value and long-term impact of the Programme, with a view to taking a decision on the renewal, modification or suspension of some objectives and measures;

(f) the extent to which stakeholders have been involved;

(g) an analysis of the geographical coverage across the Union, as referred to in Article 8, and, if no such coverage is reached, an analysis of the underlying reasons.

Amendment 54
Proposal for a regulation
Article 21 – paragraph 1 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

The audit system for the Programme shall ensure an appropriate balance between trust and control, taking into account administrative and other costs of controls at all levels, especially for beneficiaries. Audit rules shall be clear, consistent and coherent throughout the Programme.

Amendment 55
Proposal for a regulation
Article 21 – paragraph 1 b (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

The audit strategy for the Programme shall be based on the financial audit of a representative sample of expenditure across the Programme as a whole. The representative sample shall be complemented by a selection based on an
assessment of the risks related to expenditure. Actions that receive joint funding from different Union programmes shall be audited only once, covering all programmes involved and their respective applicable rules.

Amendment 56

Proposal for a regulation
Article 21 – paragraph 1 c (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

The Commission or funding body may rely on combined system reviews at beneficiary level. Such combined reviews shall be optional for certain types of beneficiaries and shall consist in a systems and process audit, complemented by an audit of transactions, carried out by a competent independent auditor qualified to carry out statutory audits of accounting documents in accordance with Directive 2006/43/EC.¹a They may be used by the Commission or funding body to verify overall assurance on the sound financial management of expenditure and for reconsideration of the level of ex-post audits and certificates on financial statements.


Amendment 57

Proposal for a regulation
Article 21 – paragraph 1 d (new)
Audits may be carried out up to two years after the payment of the balance.

Amendment 58

Proposal for a regulation
Article 21 – paragraph 1 e (new)

The Commission shall publish audit guidelines with the aim of ensuring that there is reliable and uniform application and interpretation of the audit procedures and rules throughout the duration of the programme.

Amendment 59

Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point a – point ii

(ii) Critical health infrastructure relevant in the context of health crises, tools, structures, processes, production and laboratory capacity, including tools for surveillance, modelling, forecast, prevention and management of outbreaks, in particular with investment in the least resilient national health systems;

Amendment 60

Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point a – point ii a (new)

(ii a) Support the building of hospitals and basic health infrastructure in the less developed regions of the Union; the
Programme should participate in synergy and complementarity with the funds from the cohesion policy;

Amendment 61

Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point c – point iv a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(iva) Activities designed to monitor the cumulative health impacts of environmental risk factors, including those arising from contaminants in food, water, air and other sources as well as activities monitoring the health impacts of Union legislation, such as pharmacovigilance and similar;

Amendment 62

Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point d – point i

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(i) Implementation, enforcement, monitoring of Union health legislation and action; and technical support to the implementation of legal requirements including in the area of environmental health;

Amendment 63

Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point d – point i a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(ia) Union policy-making to foster integrating health in all policies and in particular measures to strengthen the assessment and appropriate management of environmental risks associated with
production, use and disposal of medical products;

Amendment 64
Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point d – point viii

Text proposed by the Commission

(viii) Networking by non-governmental organisations and their involvement in projects covered by the Programme;

Amendment

(viii) Networking by non-governmental organisations including European level civil society organisations and their involvement in projects covered by the Programme;

Amendment 65
Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point e – point ii

Text proposed by the Commission

(ii) Establishment and management of EU reserves and stockpiles of crisis relevant products in complementarity with other Union instruments;

Amendment

(ii) Establishment and management of additional strategic EU reserves and stockpiles of crisis relevant products in complementarity with other Union instruments;

Amendment 66
Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point f – point iv

Text proposed by the Commission

(iv) Preventive actions to protect vulnerable groups from health threats and actions to adjust the response to and management of crisis to the needs of those vulnerable groups;

Amendment

(iv) Preventive actions to protect vulnerable groups from health threats and actions to adjust the response to and management of crisis to the needs of those vulnerable groups, also including provision of adequate and appropriate information to those concerned, with particular attention being given to people
with disabilities;

Amendment 67
Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point f – point v

Text proposed by the Commission
(v) Actions to address the collateral health consequences of a health crisis, in particular those on mental health, on patients suffering from chronic diseases and other vulnerable groups;

Amendment
(v) Actions to mitigate the collateral health consequences of a health crisis, in particular in terms of mental health, as well as the specific consequences for on patients suffering from chronic diseases and people with disabilities and other vulnerable groups;

Amendment 68
Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point f – point vi

Text proposed by the Commission
(vi) Actions to strengthen surge capacity, research, development, laboratory capacity, production and deployment of crisis-relevant niche products;

Amendment
(vi) Actions to strengthen surge capacity, research, development, laboratory capacity, production and deployment of crisis-relevant niche products and ensuring product availability;

Amendment 69
Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point f – point viii

Text proposed by the Commission
(viii) Actions to support investigation, risk assessment and risk management work on the link between animal health, environmental factors, and human diseases, including during health crises.

Amendment
(viii) Actions to support investigation, risk assessment and risk management work on the link between animal health, the impact of climate change and biodiversity loss, and other environmental factors, and human diseases, including during health crises.
Amendment 70
Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point g – point i

Text proposed by the Commission
(i) Support knowledge transfer actions and Union level cooperation to assist national reform processes towards improved effectiveness, accessibility, sustainability and resilience, in particular to address the challenges identified by the European Semester and to strengthen primary care, reinforce the integration of care and aim at universal health coverage and equal access to healthcare;

Amendment
(i) Support knowledge transfer actions and Union level cooperation to assist national reform processes towards improved effectiveness, accessibility, sustainability and resilience, in particular to address the challenges identified by the European Semester and to strengthen primary care, reinforce the integration of care and aim at universal health coverage and equal access to healthcare; in particular in the less developed regions of the Union;

Amendment 71
Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point g – point ii

Text proposed by the Commission
(ii) Training programmes for medical and healthcare staff, and programmes for temporary exchanges of staff;

Amendment
(ii) Training programmes for medical and healthcare staff, accessibility to information on new care models, digital transformation, tools and services and programmes for temporary exchanges of staff;

Amendment 72
Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point g – point ix

Text proposed by the Commission
(ix) Support the establishment and implementation of programmes assisting Member States and their action to improve health promotion and disease prevention

Amendment
(ix) Support the establishment and implementation of programmes assisting Member States and their action to improve health promotion and disease prevention
(for communicable and non-communicable diseases); (for communicable and non-communicable diseases), in particular in the less developed regions;

Amendment 73
Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point g – point xiii a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission Amendment
(xiii a) Support cooperation and coordination between Member States for the creation of a European Network for Hospitals Excellence, improving the cross-border treatment for rare diseases and increasing access to treatment for all Union citizens.

Amendment 74
Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point j – point ii

Text proposed by the Commission Amendment
(ii) Support to the digital transformation of health care and health systems including through benchmarking and capacity building for the uptake of innovative tools and technologies; digital upskilling of health care professionals; (ii) Support to the digital transformation of health care and health systems including through benchmarking and capacity building for the uptake of innovative tools and technologies and the healthcare literacy of the general population; digital upskilling of health care professionals;

Amendment 75
Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point j – point iii

Text proposed by the Commission Amendment
(iii) Support the deployment and interoperability of digital tools and infrastructures within and between Member States and with Union Institutions (iii) Support the deployment and interoperability of digital tools and infrastructures within and between Member States and with Union Institutions
and bodies; develop appropriate governance structures and sustainable, interoperable Union health information systems, as part of the European Health Data Space and strengthen citizens’ access to and control over their health data; and bodies, with full respect for the protection of individuals’ data, develop appropriate governance structures and sustainable, interoperable Union health information systems, as part of the European Health Data Space and strengthen citizens’ access to, management of and control over their health data;

Amendment 76

Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point j – point iv

Text proposed by the Commission

(iv) Support optimal use of telemedicine/telehealth, including through satellite communication for remote areas, foster digitally-driven organisational innovation in healthcare facilities and promote digital tools supporting citizen empowerment and person-centred care.

Amendment

(iv) Support optimal use of telemedicine/telehealth by making use of the latest digital technologies available, such as robotics, AI and use of satellite communication for remote areas, foster digitally-driven organisational innovation in healthcare facilities and promote digital tools supporting citizen empowerment and person-centred care that limit health-care inequalities.

Amendment 77

Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point k

Text proposed by the Commission

(k) Communication and outreach to stakeholders and citizens, in particular:

Amendment

(k) Communication and outreach to stakeholders, including European level civil society organisations working on health and health related issues and citizens, in particular:

Amendment 78

Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point k – point iii a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(iii) Communication aimed at addressing fake news regarding medical therapies or causes of disease.

PROCEDURE – COMMITTEE ASKED FOR OPINION

| Title | Establishment of a Programme for the Union’s action in the field of health – for the period 2021-2027 and repealing Regulation (EU) No 282/2014 (“EU4Health Programme”) |
| Committee responsible | ENVI 17.6.2020 |
| Opinion by | BUDG 17.6.2020 |
| Rapporteur | Nicolae Ștefănuță 18.6.2020 |
| Discussed in committee | 13.7.2020 |
| Date adopted | 1.9.2020 |
| Result of final vote | +: 37  
| | −: 1  
| | 0: 2 |
| Substitutes present for the final vote | Petros Kokkalis |
### FINAL VOTE BY ROLL CALL IN COMMITTEE ASKED FOR OPINION

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<td>VERTS/ALE</td>
<td>Rasmus ANDRESEN, David CORMAND, Alexandra GESE, Francisco GUERREIRO</td>
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| 1 | - |   |
| ID | Joachim KUHS |

| 2 | 0 |   |
| ID | Anna BONFRISCO, Valentino GRANT |

**Key to symbols:**
- + : in favour
- - : against
- 0 : abstention
POSITION IN THE FORM OF AMENDMENTS
OF THE COMMITTEE ON WOMEN'S RIGHTS AND GENDER EQUALITY

for the Committee on the Environment, Public Health and Food Safety

on the proposal for a regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council on the
establishment of a Programme for the Union's action in the field of health –for the period
2021-2027 and repealing Regulation (EU) No 282/2014 (“EU4Health Programme”)

On behalf of the Committee on Women's Rights and Gender Equality: Chrysoula
Zacharopoulou (rapporteur)

AMENDMENTS

The Committee on Women's Rights and Gender Equality presents the following amendments
to the Committee on the Environment, Public Health and Food Safety, as the committee
responsible:

Amendment 1
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 1 a (new)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Text proposed by the Commission</th>
<th>Amendment</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(1 a) According to Article 8 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, in all its activities, the Union shall aim to eliminate inequalities, and to promote equality, between men and women, establishing the principle of gender mainstreaming.</td>
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</tbody>
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Amendment 2
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 5
On 11 March 2020 the World Health Organization (WHO) declared the novel coronavirus (COVID-19) outbreak a global pandemic. That pandemic has caused an unprecedented worldwide health crisis with severe socio-economic consequences and human suffering, particularly in certain groups in society, including patients, women, carers and the elderly.

Amendment 3
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 5 a (new)

On 11 March 2020 the World Health Organization (WHO) declared the novel coronavirus (COVID-19) outbreak a global pandemic. That pandemic has caused an unprecedented worldwide health crisis with severe socio-economic consequences and human suffering, particularly in certain groups in society, including patients, women, carers and the elderly.

Amendment 3
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 5 a (new)

Women have been disproportionately impacted by the pandemic and response measures, and the long-term effects must not compound existing inequities. Women across the lifespan remain under-represented in biomedical and health research and data. Consequently, the evidence base is weaker for women as well as for older people, many conditions are underdiagnosed in women, such as cardiovascular disease. Medicinal products are safer and more effective for everyone when clinical research studies include diverse population groups. To reduce inequalities and health disparities, sex and gender should be incorporated throughout the health process from design of clinical trial protocols, data analysis, health technology assessment and access to care.

Amendment 4
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 6
(6) While Member States are responsible for their health policies, they are expected to protect public health in a spirit of European solidarity. Experience from the ongoing COVID-19 crisis has demonstrated that there is a need for a further firm action at Union level to support cooperation and coordination among the Member States in order to improve the prevention and control of the spread of severe human diseases across borders, to combat other serious cross-border threats to health and to safeguard the health and well-being of people in the Union.

8 Communication to the European Parliament, the European Council, the Council, the European Central Bank, the European Investment Bank and the Eurogroup on coordinated economic response to the COVID-19 outbreak, COM(2020)112 final of 13.03.220.

Amendment 5

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 6 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

(6 a) The Union shall support Member States in reducing gender-related health prevention and treatment inequalities.

8 Communication to the European Parliament, the European Council, the Council, the European Central Bank, the European Investment Bank and the Eurogroup on coordinated economic response to the COVID-19 outbreak, COM(2020)112 final of 13.03.220.
Amendment 6
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 6 b (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

(6 b) Taking into account that the effects of diseases can be different between men and women, as it seems clear with the Covid 19, which has a higher mortality rate in men, it proposes to study the causes of this behaviour in order to advance in the pathology, treatment and cure.

Amendment 7
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 10

Text proposed by the Commission

(10) Due to the serious nature of cross-border health threats, the Programme should support coordinated public health measures at Union level to address different aspects of such threats. With a view to strengthen the capability in the Union to prepare for, respond to and manage health crisis the Programme should provide support to the actions taken in the framework of the mechanisms and structures established under Decision No 1082/2013/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council and other relevant mechanisms and structures established at Union level. This could include strategic stockpiling of essential medical supplies or capacity building in crisis response, preventive measures related to vaccination and immunisation, strengthened surveillance programmes. In this context the Programme should foster Union-wide and cross-sectoral crisis prevention, preparedness, surveillance, management

(10) Due to the serious nature of cross-border health threats, the Programme should support coordinated public health measures at Union level to address different aspects of such threats. With a view to strengthen the capability in the Union to prepare for, respond to and manage all aspects of health crises and their related impact on health service provision in a holistic manner, the Programme should provide support to the actions taken in the framework of the mechanisms and structures established under Decision No 1082/2013/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council and other relevant mechanisms and structures established at Union level. This could include strategic stockpiling of essential medical supplies or capacity building in crisis response, contingency planning to ensure continued necessary health service provision and accessibility, preventive measures related to health
and response capacity of actors at the Union, national, regional and local level, including contingency planning and preparedness exercises, in keeping with the “One Health” approach. It should facilitate the setting up of an integrated cross-cutting risk communication framework working in all phases of a health crisis - prevention, preparedness and response.


Amendment 8
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 10 a (new)

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(10 a) Given the impact that the COVID-19 crisis is having on access to and provision of healthcare services, in particular for women and girls, which are not directly related to the treatment of COVID-19 infections but remain essential healthcare services, including sexual and reproductive healthcare services, the Programme should respond to health crises in a holistic manner and support actions guaranteeing ongoing access to essential healthcare services.

Amendment 9
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 10 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission  

Amendment

(10 a) The COVID-19 crisis is having a disproportioned impact on women and girls due to existing inequalities that lead to, among others, an increased risk of gender based violence during the lockdown.

Amendment 10

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 10 c (new)

Text proposed by the Commission  

Amendment

(10 c) Health care workers, which have been essential during the COVID-19 crisis, are predominantly women, and have been exposed to greater health risks during the crisis.

Amendment 11

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 12

Text proposed by the Commission  

Amendment

(12) With a view to protect people in vulnerable situations, including children, older people, socioeconomically disadvantaged people, women, victims/survivors of sexual and gender-based violence, LGBTI+ people, racial and ethnic minorities, migrant people, people with disabilities and those suffering from mental illnesses and chronic diseases, the Programme should also promote actions which address the collateral impacts of the health crisis on people belonging to such vulnerable groups.
collateral impacts of the health crisis on people belonging to vulnerable and underserved groups such as pregnant women, through high standards of essential healthcare services, in particular in times of crisis, encouraging a transition to telemedicine, at-home administration of medication and implementation of preventative and self-care plans, including in the area of sexual and reproductive healthcare and taking into account specific health needs with a view to ensuring continued access to all healthcare services.

Amendment 12
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 12 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission
(12 a) In order to minimise the consequences of the pandemic on women’s health and build more resilient gender-responsive health systems, gender mainstreaming should be applied throughout this Programme which should support actions which address women’s specific health needs, including health related issues for victims of sexual and gender-based violence, specific types of cancer and sexual and reproductive health and rights, collect disaggregated and gender-specific data whenever relevant and provide gender-sensitive health information, education and promotion, prevention measures and treatment.

Amendment 13
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 12 a (new)
(12 a) This Programme should contribute to achieving the common objectives set out in the Council conclusions on women's health of 22 June 2006 and in the Gender Equality Strategy.

Amendment 14
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 13

(13) The COVID-19 crisis has highlighted many challenges in ensuring the supply of medicines, medical devices as well as personal protective equipment needed in the Union during the pandemics. The Programme therefore should provide support to actions which foster the production, procurement and management of crisis relevant products ensuring complementarity with other Union instruments.

Amendment 15
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 14

(14) In order to minimise the public health consequences of serious cross-border threats to health it should be possible for actions supported under the Programme to cover coordination of the
activities which strengthen the interoperability and coherence of Member States’ health-systems through benchmarking, cooperation and exchange of best practices and ensure their capability to respond to health emergencies, that includes contingency planning, preparedness exercises and the upskilling of health care and public health staff and the establishment of mechanisms for the efficient monitoring and needs-driven distribution or allocation of goods and services needed in time of crisis.

Amendment 16
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 15

(15) Experience from the COVID-19 crisis has indicated that there is a general need for the support of structural transformation of and systemic reforms of health systems across the Union to improve their effectiveness, accessibility and resilience. In the context of such transformation and reforms, the Programme should promote, in synergy with the Digital Europe Programme, actions which advance digital transformation of health services and increase their interoperability, contribute to the increased capacity of health systems to foster disease prevention and health promotion, to provide new care models and to deliver integrated services, from the community and primary health care to the highly specialised services, based on continued provision, accessibility to and needs-driven distribution or allocation of goods and services needed in times of crisis, including those related to sexual and reproductive health and rights, including contraception, abortion care, fertility treatment, HIV and STI testing, reproductive cancer screenings and maternal healthcare.
people's needs and ensure an efficient public health workforce equipped with the right skills, including digital skills. The development of a European health data space would provide health care systems, researchers and public authorities with means to improve the availability and quality of healthcare. Given the fundamental right to access to preventive healthcare and medical treatment enshrined in Article 35 of the Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union and in view to the common values and principles in European Union Health Systems as set out in the Council Conclusions of 2 June 200612 the Programme should support actions ensuring the universality and inclusivity of health care, meaning that no-one is barred access to health care, and those ensuring that patients’ rights, including on the privacy of their data, are duly respected.

improved care models, including the provision of care to older people and persons with disabilities, and to deliver integrated services covering all aspects of health, from the community and primary health care to the highly specialised services including sexual and reproductive health services, based on people's needs, taking an intersectional and gender-sensitive approach to address social determinants of health and differential vulnerabilities leading to inequitable health outcomes, and ensure an efficient public health workforce equipped with the right skills, including digital skills. The development of a European health data space would provide health care systems, researchers and public authorities with means to improve the availability and quality of healthcare. This Programme should support the gathering of data that is high-quality, comparable, reliable, comprehensive and disaggregated by age and gender as well as gender-specific data, to measure progress towards all SDG 3 targets including SDG 3.7 in line with the SDG global indicator framework. Given the fundamental right to access to preventive healthcare and medical treatment enshrined in Article 35 of the Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union and in view to the common values and principles in European Union Health Systems as set out in the Council Conclusions of 2 June 200612 the Programme should support actions ensuring the universality and inclusivity of health care, meaning that no-one is prohibited from barred access to health care, and those ensuring that patients’ rights, including the right to respectful and dignified care free from all forms of discrimination, mistreatment or violence, the right to receive accurate, unbiased information on all aspects of health, including sexual and reproductive health, the right to patient confidentiality and the right to privacy of their data, are

Amendment 17

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 16

Text proposed by the Commission

(16) Keeping people healthy and active longer and empowering them to take an active role in managing their health will have positive effects on health, health inequalities, quality of life, productivity, competitiveness and inclusiveness, while reducing pressures on national budgets. The Commission has committed to help Member States to reach the sustainable development targets set in the 'UN 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development’ in particular Sustainable Development Goal 3 "Ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages". The Programme therefore should contribute to the actions taken towards reaching these goals.

Amendment

(16) Keeping people healthy and active longer and empowering them to take an active role in managing their health taking into account gender-specific risk factors, will have positive effects on health, health inequalities, quality of life, productivity, competitiveness and inclusiveness, while reducing pressures on national budgets. The Commission has committed to help Member States to reach the sustainable development targets set in the 'UN 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development’ in particular Sustainable Development Goal 3 "Ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages". The Programme therefore should contribute to the actions taken towards reaching these goals including targets 3.7, 3.8, 3.B and 5.6.

13 Communication from the Commission to the European Parliament, the Council, the European Economic and Social Committee and the Committee of the Regions Next steps for a sustainable European future. European action for sustainability COM (2016) 739 final of 22.11.2016.

Amendment 18

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 16 a (new)

13 Communication from the Commission to the European Parliament, the Council, the European Economic and Social Committee and the Committee of the Regions Next steps for a sustainable European future. European action for sustainability COM (2016) 739 final of 22.11.2016.
(16 a) Disparities in access to healthcare exist in all Member States: women from rural and remote areas have less access to medical practitioners, mental health programs, screening, healthcare facilities, family planning services, which means less preventative care and longer response times in emergencies. The Programme therefore should contribute more to facilitating equal access to healthcare services for all Europeans especially those living in extra urban, rural and montanious regions.

Amendment 19
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 16 a (new)

(16 a) Gender and sex sensitivity and knowledge needs to be improved in the education of health care professionals, the research, diagnosis, treatment and impact of medicines and therapeutics to better understand and treat both sexes.

Amendment 20
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 17

(17) Non-communicable diseases are a result of a combination of genetic, physiological, environmental and behavioural factors. Such non-communicable diseases as cardiovascular diseases, cancer, chronic respiratory diseases, and diabetes, represent major causes of disability, ill-health, health-related retirement, and premature death in
the Union, resulting in considerable social and economic impacts. To decrease the impact of non-communicable diseases on individuals and society in the Union and reach goal 3 of the Sustainable Development Goals, Target 3.4, to reduce premature mortality from non-communicable diseases by one third by 2030, it is key to provide an integrated response focusing on prevention across sectors and policy fields, combined with efforts to strengthen health systems.

In addition to SDG 3.4, it will be essential to achieve SDG 3.7 on sexual and reproductive health and rights. This Programme should therefore contribute to the universal access to and full respect of SRHR at the Union and international level.

Amendment 21
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 17 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

(17 a) Communicable diseases such as HIV/AIDS, tuberculosis and viral hepatitis can affect differently men and women and have a social dimension that needs to be addressed in a multidisciplinary manner. They should be tackled not only with antivirals and vaccines, but also with education, information, and appropriate social and psychological measures. This approach is well understood for problems such as drug or alcohol addiction. To this end, it is essential to invest in innovative community-based approaches to communicable disease control and prevention strategies for sexually transmitted infections.
Amendment 22
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 17 b (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(17 b) Sexually transmitted diseases represent a growing health burden, with added risks of cancer and multi-resistance.

Amendment 23
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 18

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(18) The Programme therefore should contribute to disease prevention throughout the lifetime of an individual and to health promotion by addressing health risk factors, such as the use of tobacco and related products and exposure to their emissions, the harmful use of alcohol, and the consumption of illicit drugs. The Programme should also contribute to the reduction of drugs-related health damage, unhealthy dietary habits and physical inactivity, and exposure to environmental pollution, and foster supportive environments for healthy lifestyles in order to complement Member States action in these areas. The Programme should also therefore contribute to the objectives of the European Green Deal, the Farm to Fork Strategy and the Biodiversity Strategy.

Amendment 24
Proposal for a regulation

Text proposed by the Commission
Recital 19

**Text proposed by the Commission**

(19) Cancer is the second leading cause of mortality in the Member States after cardiovascular diseases. It is also one of non-communicable diseases that share common risk factors and the prevention and control of which would benefit the majority of citizens. In 2020 the Commission announced the ‘Europe’s Beating Cancer Plan’ which would cover the entire cycle of the disease starting from prevention and early diagnosis to treatment and quality of life of patients and survivors. The measures should benefit from the Programme and from Horizon Europe’s Mission on Cancer.

**Amendment**

(19) Cancer is the second leading cause of mortality in the Member States after cardiovascular diseases. It is also one of non-communicable diseases that share common risk factors and the prevention and control of which would benefit the majority of citizens. In 2020 the Commission announced the ‘Europe’s Beating Cancer Plan’ which would cover the entire cycle of the disease starting from prevention and early diagnosis to treatment and quality of life of patients and survivors. The measures should benefit from the Programme and from Horizon Europe’s Mission on Cancer. **Specific attention should be given to reproductive cancers, including breast cancer.**

Amendment 25

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 20

**Text proposed by the Commission**

(20) The Programme will work in synergy and complementarity with other EU policies, programmes and funds such as actions implemented under the Digital Europe Programme, Horizon Europe, rescEU reserve under the Union Civil Protection Mechanism, Emergency Support Instrument, European Social Fund+ (ESF+, including as regards synergies on better protecting the health and safety of millions of workers in the EU), including the Employment and Social Innovation Strand (EaSI), the InvestEU fund, Single Market Programme, European Regional Development Fund (ERDF), Recovery and Resilience Facility including the Reform Delivery Tool, Erasmus, European Solidarity Corps, Support to mitigate Unemployment Risks in an

**Amendment**

(20) The Programme will work in synergy and complementarity with other EU policies, programmes and funds such as actions implemented under the Digital Europe Programme, Horizon Europe, rescEU reserve under the Union Civil Protection Mechanism, Emergency Support Instrument, European Social Fund+ (ESF+, including as regards synergies on better protecting the health and safety of millions of workers in the EU), including the Employment and Social Innovation Strand (EaSI), the InvestEU fund, Single Market Programme, European Regional Development Fund (ERDF), Recovery and Resilience Facility including the Reform Delivery Tool, Erasmus, European Solidarity Corps, **the Justice, Rights and Values programme**, Support to
Emergency (SURE), and EU external action instruments, such as the Neighbourhood, Development and International Cooperation Instrument and the Instrument for Pre-accession Assistance III. Where appropriate, common rules will be established in view of ensuring consistency and complementarity between funds, while making sure that specificities of these policies are respected, and in view of aligning with the strategic requirements of these policies, programmes and funds, such as the enabling conditions under ERDF and ESF+.

Amendment 26
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 22

(22) The Programme should therefore support actions to monitor shortages of medicines, medical devices and other healthcare products and to ensure greater availability and affordability of those products while limiting the dependency of their supply chains on third countries. In particular, in order to address unmet medical needs, the Programme should provide support to clinical trials so as to speed up the development, authorisation and access to innovative and effective medicines, promote incentives to develop such medicinal products as antimicrobials and foster the digital transformation of healthcare products and platforms for monitoring and collecting information on medicines.

Amendment
(22) The Programme should therefore support actions to monitor shortages of medicines, medical devices, and other healthcare products, including sexual and reproductive health supplies, and products essential to the maintenance of healthy lifestyles and to ensure greater availability and affordability of those products while limiting the dependency of their supply chains on third countries. In particular, in order to address unmet medical needs, the Programme should provide support to clinical trials so as to speed up the development, authorisation and access to innovative and effective medicines for all, including pregnant women, promote incentives to develop such medicinal products as antimicrobials and foster the digital transformation of healthcare products and platforms for monitoring and collecting information on medicines, whilst ensuring that clinical trials take into account the diversity, including gender equality, of the European population in
Amendment 27
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 25

Text proposed by the Commission

(25) The Union health legislation has an immediate impact on public health, the lives of citizens, the efficiency and resilience of the health systems and the good functioning of the internal market. The regulatory framework for medical products and technologies (medicinal products, medical devices and substances of human origin), as well as for tobacco legislation, patients’ rights in cross-border healthcare and serious cross-border threats to health is essential to health protection in the Union. The Programme therefore should support the development, implementation and enforcement of Union health legislation and provide high quality, comparable and reliable data to underpin policymaking and monitoring.

Amendment

(25) The Union health legislation has an immediate impact on public health, the lives of citizens, the efficiency and resilience of the health systems and the good functioning of the internal market. The regulatory framework for medical products and technologies (medicinal products, medical devices and substances of human origin), as well as for tobacco legislation, patients’ rights in cross-border healthcare and serious cross-border threats to health is essential to health protection in the Union. The Programme therefore should support the development, implementation and enforcement of Union health legislation and provide high quality, comparable, sex-disaggregated and reliable data to underpin policymaking and monitoring.

Amendment 28
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 26

Text proposed by the Commission

(26) Cross-border cooperation in the provision of healthcare to patients moving between Member States, collaboration on health technology assessments (HTA), and European Reference Networks (ERNs) are examples of areas where integrated work among Member States has shown to have strong added value and great potential to increase the efficiency of health systems and thus health in general. The Programme

Amendment

(26) Cross-border cooperation in the provision of healthcare to patients moving between Member States, collaboration on health technology assessments (HTA), and European Reference Networks (ERNs) are examples of areas where integrated work among Member States has shown to have strong added value and great potential to increase the efficiency of health systems and thus health in general. The Programme
should therefore support activities to enable such integrated and coordinated work, which also serves to foster the implementation of high-impact practices that are aimed at distributing in the most effective way the available resources to the concerned population and areas so as to maximise their impact by reducing inequalities through the consideration of sex, gender and age and the establishment of a Reference Network for safe use of medicines in pregnancy and lactation.

Amendment 29
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 27 a (new)

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(27 a) The programme should ensure timely access to goods that are needed for the safe provision of sexual and reproductive health and rights (e.g. medicines, contraceptives of multiple types, medical equipment for SRHR procedures).

Amendment 30
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 33

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(33) Given the common agreed values of solidarity towards equitable and universal coverage of quality health services as a basis for the Union’s policies in this area and that the Union has a central role to play in accelerating progress on global health challenges, the Programme should support the Union’s contribution to international and global health initiatives with a view to improve health, address inequalities and increase protection against sexual and reproductive health, address inequalities, in particular gender.
global health threats.

inequalities, and increase protection against global health threats.

—

19 Council conclusions on the EU role in Global Health, 3011th Foreign Affairs Council meeting, Brussels, 10 May 2010.

Amendment 31
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 40

Text proposed by the Commission

(40) Reflecting the importance of tackling climate change in line with the Union's commitments to implement the Paris Agreement and the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals, this Programme will contribute to mainstream climate action in the Union's policies and to the achievement of an overall target of 25 % of the EU budget expenditures supporting climate objectives. Relevant actions will be identified during the Programme's preparation and implementation, and reassessed in the context of its mid-term evaluation.

Amendment

(40) Reflecting the importance of tackling climate change, and its impact on women and girls, in line with the Union's commitments to implement the Paris Agreement and the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals, this Programme will contribute to mainstream climate action in the Union's policies and to the achievement of an overall target of 25 % of the EU budget expenditures supporting climate objectives. Relevant actions will be identified during the Programme's preparation and implementation, and reassessed in the context of its mid-term evaluation.

Amendment 32
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 40 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

(40 a) Recognising the importance of achieving gender equality, this Programme will contribute to mainstream gender equality in the Union's policies. It will use gender mainstreaming and gender budgeting tools to ensure that health crises are responded to in a gender-sensitive and transformative manner and that women’s and girls’
Amendment 33
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 43

Text proposed by the Commission

(43) Given the nature and potential scale of cross-border threats to human health, the objective of protecting people in the Union from such threats and to increase crisis prevention and preparedness cannot be sufficiently achieved by the Member States acting alone. In accordance with the principle of subsidiarity as set out in Article 5 of the Treaty on the European Union, action at Union level can also be taken to support Member States’ efforts in the pursuit of a high level of protection of public health, to improve the availability and affordability in the Union of medicines, medical devices and other crisis relevant products, to support innovation and to support integrated and coordinated work and implementation of best practices among Member States, and to address inequalities in access to health throughout the EU in a manner that creates efficiency gains and value-added impacts that could not be generated by action taken at national level while respecting the Member States’ competence and responsibility in the areas covered by the Programme. In accordance with the principle of proportionality, as set out in that Article, this Regulation does not go beyond what is necessary in order to achieve those objectives.

Amendment

(43) Given the nature and potential scale of cross-border threats to human health, the objective of protecting people in the Union from such threats and to increase crisis prevention and preparedness cannot be sufficiently achieved by the Member States acting alone. In accordance with the principle of subsidiarity as set out in Article 5 of the Treaty on the European Union, action at Union level can also be taken to support Member States’ efforts in the pursuit of a high level of protection of public health, to improve the availability and affordability in the Union of medicines, medical devices and other crisis relevant products, to support innovation and to support integrated and coordinated work and implementation of best practices among Member States, and to address inequalities in access to health throughout the EU. The implementation of best practices should be supported in all aspects of health including gender aspects, as stated by the Gender Equality Strategy. Health inequalities should be tackled both between and within Member States, addressing all social determinants of health including gender. These actions should be carried out in a manner that creates efficiency gains and value-added impacts that could not be generated by action taken at national level while respecting the Member States’ competence and responsibility in the areas covered by the Programme. In accordance with the principle of proportionality, as set out in that Article, this Regulation does not go beyond what is necessary in order to
achieve those objectives.

Amendment 34
Proposal for a regulation
Article 2 – paragraph 1 – point 4

Text proposed by the Commission

(4) ‘crisis relevant products’ means products and substances necessary, in the context of a health crisis, to prevent, diagnose or treat a disease and its consequences, included but not limited to: medicinal products - including vaccines - and their intermediates, active pharmaceutical ingredients and raw materials; medical devices; hospital and medical equipment (such as ventilators, protective clothing and equipment, diagnostic materials and tools); personal protective equipment; disinfectants and their intermediary products and raw materials necessary for their production);

Amendment

(4) ‘crisis relevant products’ means products and substances necessary, in the context of a health crisis, to prevent, diagnose or treat a disease and its consequences, as well as other medical products and substances which remain essential in the wider healthcare context during a health crisis, included but not limited to: medicinal products - including vaccines - and their intermediates, active pharmaceutical ingredients and raw materials; medical devices; hospital and medical equipment (such as ventilators, protective clothing and equipment, diagnostic materials and tools); personal protective equipment; disinfectants and their intermediary products and raw materials necessary for their production);

Amendment 35
Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 1 – point 1 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

(1 a) aim to eliminate inequalities, and to promote equality, between men and women;

Amendment

(1 a) aim to eliminate inequalities, and to promote equality, between men and women;

Amendment 36
Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 1 – point 2
(2) improve the availability in the Union of medicines, medical devices and other crisis relevant products, contribute to their affordability, and support innovation;

Amendment 37

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 1 – point 3

(3) strengthen health systems and the healthcare workforce, including by digital transformation and by increased integrated and coordinated work among the Member States, sustained implementation of best practice and data sharing, to increase the general level of public health.

Amendment 38

Proposal for a regulation
Article 4 – paragraph 1 – point 3

(3) support actions to ensure appropriate availability, accessibility and affordability of crisis relevant products and other necessary health supplies;

Amendment 39

Proposal for a regulation
Article 4 – paragraph 1 – point 4

(3) support actions to ensure appropriate availability, accessibility and affordability of crisis relevant products, products essential to the maintenance of healthy lifestyles and other essential health supplies;
Text proposed by the Commission

(4) strengthen the effectiveness, accessibility, sustainability and resilience of health systems, including by supporting digital transformation, the uptake of digital tools and services, systemic reforms, implementation of new care models and universal health coverage, and address inequalities in health;

Amendment

(4) strengthen the effectiveness, accessibility, sustainability and resilience of health systems, including by supporting digital transformation, the uptake of digital tools and services, systemic reforms, implementation of new care models, including the provision of care to older people and persons with disabilities, the achievement of universal health coverage encompassing access to sexual and reproductive health and rights, and address inequalities in healthcare and healthcare provision, including gender and intersectional inequalities;

Amendment 40

Proposal for a regulation
Article 4 – paragraph 1 – point 5

Text proposed by the Commission

(5) support actions aimed at strengthening health system’s ability to foster disease prevention and health promotion, patient rights and cross-border healthcare, and promote the excellence of medical and healthcare professionals;

Amendment

(5) support actions aimed at strengthening health system’s ability to foster disease prevention and health promotion, information and education using a gender-perspective, patient rights and to promote cross-border healthcare, and promote the excellence of medical and healthcare professionals;

Amendment 41

Proposal for a regulation
Article 4 – paragraph 1 – point 6

Text proposed by the Commission

(6) support action for the surveillance, prevention, diagnosis and treatment and care of non-communicable diseases, and notably of cancer;

Amendment

(6) support action for the surveillance, prevention, diagnosis and treatment and care of non-communicable diseases, and notably of cancer, with a specific attention given to reproductive cancers, including
Amendment 42
Proposal for a regulation
Article 4 – paragraph 1 – point 6 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

(6 a) support actions aimed at addressing health issues related to gender-based violence and supporting patients victims of gender-based violence;

Amendment

Amendment 43
Proposal for a regulation
Article 4 – paragraph 1 – point 8

Text proposed by the Commission

(8) support the development, implementation and enforcement of Union health legislation and provide high-quality, comparable and reliable data to underpin policy making and monitoring, and promote the use of health impact assessments of relevant policies;

Amendment

(8) support the development, implementation and enforcement of Union health legislation and provide high-quality, comparable, reliable, comprehensive and disaggregated data by gender and age and gender-specific data to underpin policy making and monitoring, support the delivery of care and respond to unmet medical needs, and promote the use of gender-responsive health impact assessments of relevant policies;

Amendment 44
Proposal for a regulation
Article 4 – paragraph 1 – point 10

Text proposed by the Commission

(10) support the Union’s contribution to international and global health initiatives.

 Amendment

(10) support the Union’s contribution to international and global health initiatives, including global initiatives supporting safe and timely provision of and access to sexual and reproductive health, services.
Amendment 45

Proposal for a regulation
Article 16 – paragraph 1

*Text proposed by the Commission*

The Commission shall consult the health authorities of the Member States in the Steering Group on Health Promotion, Disease Prevention and Management of Non-Communicable Diseases on the work plans established for the Programme and its priorities and strategic orientations and its implementation.

*Amendment*

The Commission shall consult the health authorities *and the relevant gender equality bodies* of the Member States in the Steering Group on Health Promotion, Disease Prevention and Management of Non-Communicable Diseases on the work plans established for the Programme and its priorities and strategic orientations and its implementation.

Amendment 46

Proposal for a regulation
Article 18 – paragraph 1 a (new)

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

The work programmes shall be informed by a gender impact assessment.

Amendment 47

Proposal for a regulation
Article 19 – paragraph 2 a (new)

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

2 a. *Indicators shall be collected, where relevant, disaggregated by gender.*

Amendment 48

Proposal for a regulation
Article 20 – paragraph 1 a (new)
Text proposed by the Commission

1 a. Evaluations shall be gender-responsive. Special attention shall be paid to track spending dedicated to gender equality related goals.

Amendment

Amendment 49
Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point b

(b) Transfer, adaptation and roll-out of best practices and innovative solutions with established Union level added-value between Member States, and country-specific tailor made support to countries, or groups of countries, with the highest needs, through the funding of specific projects including twinning, expert advice and peer support.

Amendment

Amendment 50
Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point c – point iii

(iii) Expert groups and panels providing advice, data and information to support health policy development and implementation;

Amendment

Amendment 51
Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point c – point iv

(iii) Expert groups and panels providing advice, data and information to support health policy development and implementation; all funded expert groups and panels shall be gender balanced;
(iv) Studies and analysis, and scientific advice to support policymaking, and support to the scientific committees on "Consumer Safety" and on "Health, Environmental and Emerging Risks"; all funded studies and analysis, and scientific advice shall be gender responsive.

Amendment 52
Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point d – point i

Text proposed by the Commission

(i) Implementation, enforcement, monitoring of Union health legislation and action; and technical support to the implementation of legal requirements;

Amendment

(i) Implementation, enforcement, monitoring of Union health legislation and action, including the health aspects of the EU Gender Equality Strategy; and technical support to the implementation of legal requirements;

Amendment 53
Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point e – point iv

Text proposed by the Commission

(iv) Procurement of goods and services necessary for the prevention and management of health crises and action to secure access to those essential goods and services;

Amendment

(iv) Procurement of goods and services essential for the prevention and management of health crises and action to secure access to those essential goods and services;

Amendment 54
Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point e – point v

Text proposed by the Commission

(v) Establishment and operation of a
Union reserve of medical and healthcare staff and experts and of a mechanism to deploy such staff and experts as necessary to prevent or respond to a health crisis throughout the Union; establishment and operation of a Union Health Emergency team to provide expert advice and technical assistance on request by the Commission in the case of a health crisis;

**Amendment 55**

**Proposal for a regulation**

**Annex I – point g – point i**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(i) Support knowledge transfer actions and Union level cooperation to assist national reform processes towards improved effectiveness, accessibility, sustainability and resilience, in particular to address the challenges identified by the European Semester and to strengthen primary care, reinforce the integration of care and aim at universal health coverage and equal access to healthcare;

*Amendment*

(i) Support knowledge transfer actions and Union level cooperation to assist national reform processes towards improved effectiveness, accessibility, sustainability, resilience and mainstreaming of the gender perspective, in particular to address the challenges identified by the European Semester and to strengthen primary care, reinforce the integration of care and the achievement of universal health coverage which includes access to sexual and reproductive health and rights and equal access to healthcare including by combating gender and intersectional inequalities in health systems;

**Amendment 56**

**Proposal for a regulation**

**Annex I – point g – point iii a (new)**
Amendment 57
Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point g – point xi

Text proposed by the Commission

(xii) Support the functioning of the European Reference Networks and the establishment and operation of new transnational networks set out in accordance with Union health legislation, and support Member States’ actions to coordinate the activities of these networks with the operation of national health systems;

Amendment

(xii) Support the functioning of the European Reference Networks and the establishment and operation of new transnational networks set out in accordance with Union health legislation, and support Member States’ actions to coordinate the activities of these networks with the operation of national health systems; all funded networks shall be composed by at least 50% of women and shall include experts on sexual and reproductive health and rights and other gender related aspects of health;

Amendment 58
Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point h a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

(h a) Actions on sexual and reproductive health services:

(i) Support Member States and NGOs in the promotion and provision of universal access to sexual and reproductive health and rights services including for family planning, information and education, and the integration of reproductive health into national strategies and programmes in accordance with the Programme of Action of the International Conference on
Population and Development and the Beijing Platform for Action and the outcome documents of their review conferences and UN SDGs 3 and 5;

(ii) Actions supporting access to sexual and reproductive health services and related medicines and products;

(iii) Actions supporting the continuity of sexual and reproductive care (integrated and intersectional care approaches for prevention, diagnosis, treatment and follow-up care);

Amendment 59
Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point h a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

(h a) Actions on heath issues related to gender-based violence and support to patients victims of gender-based violence:

(i) Actions preventing and reducing violence against women with health problems or disabilities;

(ii) Actions to support health related issues of victims of violence against women, including forced sterilisation and forced abortion;

(iii) Training and capacity-building for professionals to support victims of violence against women;

(iv) Awareness-raising campaigns on rights and access to justice for victims of violence against women.

Amendment 60
Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point i – point iv
Text proposed by the Commission

(iv) Support action to ensure greater availability in the Union of medicines and medical devices and contribute to their affordability for patients and health systems;

Amendment

(iv) Support action to ensure greater availability and accessibility in the Union of medicines and medical devices and contribute to their affordability for patients and health systems;

Amendment 61

Proposal for a regulation
Annex I – point j – point ii

Text proposed by the Commission

(ii) Support to the digital transformation of health care and health systems including through benchmarking and capacity building for the uptake of innovative tools and technologies; digital upskilling of health care professionals;

Amendment

(ii) Support to the digital transformation of health care and health systems including through benchmarking and capacity building for the uptake of innovative tools and technologies; digital upskilling of health care professionals, notably to close the gender digital gap;

Amendment 62

Proposal for a regulation
Annex II – part 1 – point III a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

III a. Number of actions and best practices directly contributing to the SDG 3.7/Member State

Amendment

Amendment 63

Proposal for a regulation
Annex II – part 1 – point III b (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

III b. Number of actions and best practices directly contributing to the SDG
Amendment 64
Proposal for a regulation
Annex II – part 1 – point III c (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

III c. Budget allocated to actions and best practices directly contributing to the SDG 3.7/Member State

Amendment 65
Proposal for a regulation
Annex II – part 1 – point III d (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

III d. Budget allocated to actions and best practices directly contributing to the SDG 5/Member State

Amendment 66
Proposal for a regulation
Annex II – part 2 – point 8 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

8 a. Sexually transmitted infections;

Amendment 67
Proposal for a regulation
Annex II – part 2 – point 14 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

14 a. Gender pay gap in the healthcare workforce
# PROCEDURE – COMMITTEE RESPONSIBLE

| Title | Establishment of a Programme for the Union’s action in the field of health – for the period 2021-2027 and repealing Regulation (EU) No 282/2014 (“EU4Health Programme”) |
| Date submitted to Parliament | 28.5.2020 |
| Committee responsible | ENVI 17.6.2020 |
| Date announced in plenary | |
| Committees asked for opinions | BUDG 17.6.2020, EMPL 17.6.2020, ITRE 17.6.2020, IMCO 17.6.2020 |
| Date announced in plenary | |
| Not delivering opinions | FEMM 23.7.2020 |
| Date of decision | EMPL 25.6.2020, ITRE 25.6.2020, IMCO 15.6.2020 |
| Rapporteurs | Cristian-Silviu Buşoi 2.6.2020 |
| Date appointed | |
| Discussed in committee | 7.7.2020 |
| Date adopted | 14.10.2020 |
| Result of final vote | +: 74, -: 5, 0: 1 |
| Substitutes present for the final vote | Kateřina Konečná |
| Date tabled | 20.10.2020 |
### Final Vote by Roll Call in Committee Responsible

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<td>Pascal CANFIN, Fredrick FEDERLEY, Andreas GLÜCK, Martin HOJSÍK, Jan HUITEMA, Frédérique RIES, Maria Soraya RODRÍGUEZ RAMOS, Nicolae ȘTEFĂNUȚĂ, Linea SÖGAARD-LIDELL, Nils TORVALDS, Véronique TRILLET-LENOIR</td>
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<td>S&amp;D</td>
<td>Nikos ANDROULAKIS, Marek Paweł BALT, Monika BEŇOVÁ, Simona BONAFÉ, Delara BURKHARDT, Sara CERDAS, Mohammed CHAHIM, Tudor CIUHODARU, Miriam DALLI, Jytte GUTELAND, Javi LÓPEZ, César LUENA, Alessandra MORETTI, Sándor RÓNAI, Günther SIDL, Petar VITANOV, Tiemo WOLKEN</td>
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<td>VERTS/ALE</td>
<td>Margrete AUKEN, Bas EICKHOUT, Pär HOLMGREN, Yannick JADOT, Tilly METZ, Ville NIINISTÖ, Grace O’SULLIVAN, Jutta PAULUS</td>
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| ID | Aurelia BEIGNEUX, Catherine GRISSET, Teuvo HAKKARAINEN, Sylvia LIMMER, Joëlle MÉLIN |

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| ECR | Rob ROOKEN |

**Key to symbols:**
- + : in favour
- - : against
- 0 : abstention