Amendment 1
Heléne Fritzon, Alessandra Moretti, Nicolás González Casares
on behalf of the S&D Group

Report
Véronique Trillet-Lenoir
Strengthening Europe in the fight against cancer
(2020/2267(INI))

Motion for a resolution
Citation 32 a (new)

Motion for a resolution

— having regard to the final opinion of the Commission’s Scientific Committee on Health, Environmental and Emerging Risks (SCHEER) of 16 April 2021 on electronic cigarettes,

Or. en
Amendment 2
Heléne Fritzon, Alessandra Moretti, Nicolás González Casares
on behalf of the S&D Group

Report
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Strengthening Europe in the fight against cancer
(2020/2267(INI))

Motion for a resolution
Citation 32 b (new)

Motion for a resolution

— having regard to the World Health Organization report of 27 July 2021 on the global tobacco epidemic 2021: addressing new and emerging products,

Or. en
Amendment 3
Heléne Fritzon, Alessandra Moretti, Nicolás González Casares
on behalf of the S&D Group

Report
Véronique Trillet-Lenoir
Strengthening Europe in the fight against cancer
(2020/2267(INI))

Motion for a resolution
Recital S a (new)

Motion for a resolution
Amendment

Sa. whereas the WHO has warned that electronic nicotine delivery systems (ENDS) are addictive and not without harm and should be strictly regulated to ensure the maximum protection of public health;

Or. en
Motion for a resolution
Recital S b (new)

Motion for a resolution

Sb. whereas the WHO has cautioned that ENDS and electronic non-nicotine delivery systems should not be promoted as a cessation aid until adequate evidence is available and the public health community can agree on the effectiveness of these specific products as cessation aids;

Or. en
Amendment 5
Heléne Fritzon, Alessandra Moretti, Nicolás González Casares
on behalf of the S&D Group

Report
Véronique Trillet-Lenoir
Strengthening Europe in the fight against cancer
(2020/2267(INI))

Motion for a resolution
Paragraph 7 a (new)

Motion for a resolution

7a. Recalls that decades of legislative control measures, increased taxation on tobacco products and information campaigns to limit tobacco consumption targeting the general public and young people in particular have reduced the number of tobacco consumers and ultimately saved lives; urges the Commission and the Member States to continue supporting those policies and to further develop them; regrets that the results obtained, in particular among young people and women, risk being jeopardised by the arrival on the market of novel tobacco products and electronic cigarettes; recalls that the WHO has warned that although many of the long-term health effects of these novel products are still unknown, there is growing evidence that they are not harmless; urges the Commission to use the precautionary principle when updating legislation on these new products in order to protect the most vulnerable; calls on the Commission to further promote information campaigns, targeting young people in particular, in order to raise awareness of the health threats and associated risks of these new products;
Amendment 6
Heléne Fritzon, Alessandra Moretti, Nicolás González Casares
on behalf of the S&D Group

Report
Véronique Trillet-Lenoir
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Motion for a resolution
Paragraph 12

12. Calls on the Commission to follow up on the scientific evaluations of the health risks related to electronic cigarettes, heated tobacco products and novel tobacco products, including the assessment of the risks of using these products compared to consuming other tobacco products, and the establishment at European level of a list of substances contained in, and emitted by, these products; considers that electronic cigarettes could allow some smokers to progressively quit smoking; considers at the same time that e-cigarettes should not be attractive to minors and non-smokers; calls on the Commission, therefore, to evaluate, in the framework of the Tobacco Products Directive, which flavours in e-cigarettes are in particular attractive to minors and non-smokers, and to propose a ban on these, and furthermore, to propose a ban on all characteristic flavours in heated tobacco products and novel tobacco products;
flavours in heated tobacco products and novel tobacco products;

Or. en
Amendment 7
Heléne Fritzon, Alessandra Moretti, Nicolás González Casares
on behalf of the S&D Group

Report
Véronique Trillet-Lenoir
Strengthening Europe in the fight against cancer
(2020/2267(INI))

Motion for a resolution
Paragraph 26

Motion for a resolution

26. Acknowledges that around 2 % of the European cancer burden can be attributed to ionising radiation and that indoor exposure to radon and its decay products is the second leading cause of lung cancer in Europe; looks forward to the results of the Euratom Research and Training Programme50, which will improve knowledge on exposure to radon, and the proposed countermeasures to reduce its accumulation in dwellings; recalls that ionising radiation could also be present in private households; encourages therefore the Commission and Member States to map current and potential critical areas in order to effectively react to this threat; calls on the Commission to allocate funds to the creation of such a forecast map and to promote information campaigns for the public in order to raise awareness on this matter; encourages Member States to regularly update their national plans to reduce exposure to radon, as requested in the Directive on Exposure to Radioactive Sources51 and to update guidelines on radon mitigation for new constructions; calls on the Commission to assess the implementation and effectiveness of current measures to protect workers exposed to ionising radiation such as airline crews, nuclear power plant workers, workers in relevant industrial settings and

Amendment

26. Acknowledges that around 2 % of the European cancer burden can be attributed to ionising radiation and that indoor exposure to radon and its decay products is the second leading cause of lung cancer in Europe; looks forward to the results of the Euratom Research and Training Programme50, which will improve knowledge on exposure to radon, and the proposed countermeasures to reduce its accumulation in dwellings; recalls that ionising radiation could also be present in private households; encourages therefore the Commission and Member States to map current and potential critical areas in order to effectively react to this threat; calls on the Commission to allocate funds to the creation of such a forecast map and to promote information campaigns for the public in order to raise awareness on this matter; encourages Member States to regularly update their national plans to reduce exposure to radon, as requested in the Directive on Exposure to Radioactive Sources51 and to update guidelines on radon mitigation for new constructions; calls on the Commission to assess the implementation and effectiveness of current measures to protect workers exposed to ionising radiation such as airline crews, nuclear power plant workers, workers in relevant industrial settings and
Researchers and health professionals working in the radiology, radiotherapy or nuclear medicine sectors, and to review these measures where necessary and proportionate;


Researchers, health professionals and veterinarians working in the radiology, radiotherapy or nuclear medicine sectors, and to review these measures where necessary and proportionate;
