# **European Parliament**

2019-2024



## Plenary sitting

A9-0054/2022

21.3.2022

\*

# **REPORT**

on the proposal for a Council regulation on the establishment and operation of an evaluation and monitoring mechanism to verify the application of the Schengen acquis and repealing Regulation (EU) No 1053/2013 (COM(2021)0278 – C9-0349/2021 – 2021/0140(CNS))

Committee on Civil Liberties, Justice and Home Affairs

Rapporteur: Sara Skyttedal

RR\1252323EN.docx PE703.016v02-00

## Symbols for procedures

\* Consultation procedure

\*\*\* Consent procedure

\*\*\*I Ordinary legislative procedure (first reading)

\*\*\*II Ordinary legislative procedure (second reading)

\*\*\*III Ordinary legislative procedure (third reading)

(The type of procedure depends on the legal basis proposed by the draft act.)

# Amendments to a draft act

#### Amendments by Parliament set out in two columns

Deletions are indicated in *bold italics* in the left-hand column. Replacements are indicated in *bold italics* in both columns. New text is indicated in *bold italics* in the right-hand column.

The first and second lines of the header of each amendment identify the relevant part of the draft act under consideration. If an amendment pertains to an existing act that the draft act is seeking to amend, the amendment heading includes a third line identifying the existing act and a fourth line identifying the provision in that act that Parliament wishes to amend.

# Amendments by Parliament in the form of a consolidated text

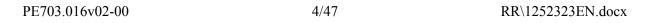
New text is highlighted in **bold italics**. Deletions are indicated using either the symbol or strikeout. Replacements are indicated by highlighting the new text in **bold italics** and by deleting or striking out the text that has been replaced.

By way of exception, purely technical changes made by the drafting departments in preparing the final text are not highlighted.



# **CONTENTS**

	Page
DRAFT EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT LEGISLATIVE RESOLUTION	5
PROCEDURE – COMMITTEE RESPONSIBLE	46
FINAL VOTE BY ROLL CALL IN COMMITTEE RESPONSIBLE	47



## DRAFT EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT LEGISLATIVE RESOLUTION

on the proposal for a Council regulation on the establishment and operation of an evaluation and monitoring mechanism to verify the application of the Schengen *acquis* and repealing Regulation (EU) No 1053/2013 (COM(2021)0278 – C9-0349/2021 – 2021/0140(CNS))

(Special legislative procedure – consultation)

The European Parliament,

- having regard to the Commission proposal to the Council (COM(2021)0278),
- having regard to Article 70 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, pursuant to which the Council consulted Parliament (C9-0349/2021),
- having regard to the contributions submitted by the Czech Senate, the Spanish
  Parliament, the Portuguese Parliament and the Romanian Senate on the draft legislative
  act,
- having regard to Rule 82 of its Rules of Procedure,
- having regard to the report of the Committee on Civil Liberties, Justice and Home Affairs (A9-0054/2022),
- 1. Approves the Commission proposal as amended;
- 2. Calls on the Commission to alter its proposal accordingly, in accordance with Article 293(2) of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union;
- 3. Calls on the Council to notify Parliament if it intends to depart from the text approved by Parliament;
- 4. Asks the Council to consult Parliament again if it intends to substantially amend the Commission proposal;
- 5. Instructs its President to forward its position to the Council, the Commission and the national parliaments.

# Proposal for a regulation Recital 1

Text proposed by the Commission

(1) The Schengen area without border control at internal borders relies on the effective and efficient application by the Member States of the Schengen acquis. That acquis comprises measures in the area of external borders, compensatory measures for the absence of controls at internal borders and a strong monitoring framework, which together *facilitate* free movement *and ensures* a high level of security, justice and protection of fundamental rights, including the protection of personal data.

#### Amendment

(1) The Schengen area without border control at internal borders relies on the effective and efficient application by the Member States of the Schengen acquis. That acquis comprises measures in the area of external borders, compensatory measures for the absence of controls at internal borders and a strong monitoring framework, which together *ensures* free movement *as well as* a high level of security, justice and protection of fundamental rights, including the protection of personal data.

#### Amendment 2

# Proposal for a regulation Recital 4

Text proposed by the Commission

(4) In order to increase its effectiveness and efficiency, the Schengen evaluation and monitoring mechanism should be enhanced. The revised evaluation and monitoring mechanism should aim at maintaining a high level of mutual trust among Member States by guaranteeing that Member States apply the Schengen acquis effectively following the agreed common standards, fundamental principles and norms, *thereby contributing to a well-functioning* Schengen area.

#### Amendment

(4) In order to increase its effectiveness and efficiency, the Schengen evaluation and monitoring mechanism should be enhanced. The revised evaluation and monitoring mechanism should aim at maintaining a high level of mutual trust among Member States by guaranteeing that Member States apply the Schengen acquis effectively following the agreed common standards, fundamental principles and norms, *in order to ensure* a well-functioning Schengen area, *in full respect for fundamental rights and without internal border controls* 

## **Amendment 3**

Proposal for a regulation Recital 5

PE703.016v02-00 6/47 RR\1252323EN.docx

(5) The evaluation and monitoring mechanism should achieve these goals through objective and impartial evaluations that are able to quickly identify deficiencies in the application of the Schengen acquis that could disrupt the correct functioning of the Schengen area, ensure that these deficiencies are swiftly addressed, and provide the basis for a dialogue on the functioning of the Schengen area as a whole. This requires close cooperation between the Member States and the Commission, a balanced distribution of shared responsibilities and maintaining the peer review nature of the system. It also requires a closer involvement of the European Parliament. Given the extent of the changes, Regulation (EU) No 1053/2013 should be repealed and replaced by a new Regulation.

## Amendment

(5) The evaluation and monitoring mechanism should achieve these goals through objective and impartial evaluations that are able to quickly identify deficiencies in the application of the Schengen acquis that could disrupt the correct functioning of the Schengen area, ensure that these deficiencies are swiftly addressed, and provide the basis for a genuine political dialogue among Member **States** on the functioning of the Schengen area as a whole. This requires close cooperation between the Member States and the Commission, a balanced distribution of shared responsibilities and maintaining the peer review nature of the system. It also requires a closer involvement of the European Parliament. Given the extent of the changes, Regulation (EU) No 1053/2013 should be repealed and replaced by a new Regulation.

## **Amendment 4**

# Proposal for a regulation Recital 6

Text proposed by the Commission

(6) The evaluation and monitoring mechanism *may* cover all areas of the Schengen acquis - present and future - except those where a specific evaluation mechanism already exists under Union law. The evaluation and monitoring mechanism should encompass all relevant legislation and operational activities contributing to the functioning of *Schengen area*.

### Amendment

(6) The evaluation and monitoring mechanism *should* cover all areas of the Schengen acquis - present and future - except those where a specific evaluation mechanism already exists under Union law. The evaluation and monitoring mechanism should *cover both the efficiency of border controls at external borders and the absence of border controls at internal borders. The evaluation and monitoring mechanism should* encompass all relevant legislation and operational activities contributing to the functioning of *an area without border control at internal borders*.

# Proposal for a regulation Recital 7

Text proposed by the Commission

**(7)** The correct functioning of the authorities that apply the Schengen acquis should be taken into account in all the evaluations in line with the European Council conclusions of 1 and 2 March 2012. The evaluation should also cover the practices of private entities, such as airlines or external service providers, as far as they are involved in or affected by the implementation of the Schengen acquis while cooperating with the Member States. Equally, given the increasing role of Union bodies, offices and agencies in the implementation of the Schengen acquis, the evaluation and monitoring mechanism should support the verification of the activities of these Union bodies, offices and agencies in so far as they perform functions on behalf of the Member States to assist in the operational application of provisions of the Schengen acquis. Verification of these activities in this regard should be embedded into the evaluation of the Member States and carried out without prejudice to and in full respect of the responsibilities attributed to the Commission and to the relevant governing bodies of the agencies, offices and bodies concerned by their establishing regulations and their own evaluation and monitoring procedures therein. Should evaluations identify deficiencies in relation to functions fulfilled or supported by Union bodies, offices and agencies, the Commission should *inform* their relevant governing bodies.

#### Amendment

The correct functioning of the **(7)** authorities that apply the Schengen acquis and their compliance with the Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union (the 'Charter') should be taken into account in all the evaluations in line with the European Council conclusions of 1 and 2 March 2012. The evaluation should also cover the practices of private entities, such as airlines or external service providers, as far as they are involved in or affected by the implementation of the Schengen acquis while cooperating with the Member States. Equally, given the increasing role of Union bodies, offices and agencies in the implementation of the Schengen acquis, the evaluation and monitoring mechanism should support the verification of the activities of these Union bodies, offices and agencies in so far as they perform functions on behalf of the Member States to assist in the operational application of provisions of the Schengen acquis. Verification of these activities in this regard should be embedded into the evaluation of the Member States and carried out without prejudice to and in full respect of the responsibilities attributed to the Commission and to the relevant governing bodies of the agencies, offices and bodies concerned by their establishing regulations and their own evaluation and monitoring procedures therein. Should evaluations identify deficiencies in relation to functions fulfilled or supported by Union bodies, offices and agencies, the Commission should *include that in the* evaluation report and involve their relevant governing bodies.

# Proposal for a regulation Recital 9

Text proposed by the Commission

(9) The vulnerability assessment carried out by Frontex is a complementary mechanism to the evaluation and monitoring mechanism established by this Regulation for guaranteeing quality control at Union level and ensuring constant preparedness at both Union and national levels to respond to any challenges at the external border. Both mechanisms constitute a component of the European Integrated Border Management. Synergies between the vulnerability assessment and the evaluation and monitoring mechanism should be maximised with a view to establishing an improved situational picture of the functioning of the Schengen area, avoiding, to the extent possible, duplication of efforts and conflicting recommendations. For that purpose, regular exchange of information between Frontex and the Commission on the results of both mechanisms should take place. Increasing the strategic focus and more targeted evaluation design also requires increasing synergies further with the relevant mechanisms and platforms operated by Union agencies and national administrations, such as the European Multidisciplinary Platform Against Criminal Threats ('EMPACT') or the oversight conducted by the Commission with the support of eu-LISA as regards the preparation of the Member States for the implementation of relevant IT systems as well as the findings of the national quality control mechanisms.

## Amendment

(9) The vulnerability assessment carried out by Frontex is a complementary mechanism to the evaluation and monitoring mechanism established by this Regulation for guaranteeing quality control at Union level and ensuring constant preparedness at both Union and national levels to respond to any challenges at the external border. That vulnerability assessment should feed into the annual evaluation programme, thus ensuring an up-to-date situational awareness. Both mechanisms constitute a component of the European Integrated Border Management. Synergies between the vulnerability assessment and the evaluation and monitoring mechanism should be maximised with a view to establishing an improved situational picture of the functioning of the Schengen area, avoiding, to the extent possible, duplication of efforts and conflicting recommendations. For that purpose, regular exchange of information between Frontex and the Commission on the results of both mechanisms should take place. Increasing the strategic focus and more targeted evaluation design also requires increasing synergies further with the relevant mechanisms and platforms operated by Union agencies and national administrations, such as the European Multidisciplinary Platform Against Criminal Threats ('EMPACT') or the oversight conducted by the Commission with the support of eu-LISA as regards the preparation of the Member States for the implementation of relevant IT systems as well as the findings of the national quality control mechanisms.

# Proposal for a regulation Recital 10

Text proposed by the Commission

During the evaluation, particular attention should be paid to verifying respect for fundamental rights in the application of the Schengen acquis in addition to the evaluation of the correct implementation and application of the data protection requirements of the Schengen acquis carried out by separate evaluations. To increase the capacity of the evaluation and monitoring mechanism to identify violations of fundamental rights in relevant policy areas, additional measures should be implemented. Schengen evaluators should be properly trained in this regard, relevant information from the European Agency for Fundamental Rights should be better utilised and its experts better involved in the design and implementation of evaluations. Furthermore, evidence which is made public or provided through independent monitoring mechanisms or by relevant third parties at their own initiative such as ombudspersons, authorities monitoring the respect of fundamental rights, non-governmental and international organisations, should be taken into account in the programming, design and implementation of evaluations.

#### Amendment

(10)During the evaluation, particular attention should be paid to verifying respect for fundamental rights in the application of the Schengen acquis in addition to the evaluation of the correct implementation and application of the data protection requirements of the Schengen acquis carried out by separate evaluations. To increase the capacity of the evaluation and monitoring mechanism to identify violations of fundamental rights in relevant policy areas, additional measures should be implemented. Schengen evaluators should be properly trained in this regard, relevant information from the European Agency for Fundamental Rights should be better utilised and its experts better involved in the design and implementation of evaluations. In particular, the Commission, in cooperation with the European Union Agency for Fundamental Rights, should develop specific benchmarks, to be included in the standard questionnaire, against which compliance with fundamental rights can **be assessed.** Furthermore, evidence which is made public or provided through independent monitoring mechanisms or by relevant third parties at their own initiative such as ombudspersons, authorities monitoring the respect of fundamental rights, non-governmental and international organisations, should be taken into account in the programming, design and implementation of evaluations.

# **Amendment 8**

Proposal for a regulation Recital 12

The forms of evaluations and (12)methods should be made more flexible to increase the efficiency of the evaluation and monitoring mechanism and its capacity to adapt to new circumstances and legislative developments and to streamline the use of the resources of the Member States, Commission and the Union bodies, offices and agencies. Periodic evaluations through visits should be the primary means of evaluation. The proportion of unannounced visits and thematic evaluations should be gradually increased to ensure a more balanced use of available tools. The forms of evaluation should be clearly defined. Depending on the policy area and the nature of the evaluation and monitoring activity, the evaluation and monitoring mechanism should allow the evaluation of several Member States at the same time and conduct entirely or partly remote evaluations as well as to combine the evaluation of policy fields. The evaluation and monitoring mechanism should strive towards drawing comprehensive Member State evaluation reports assessing the Member State's overall performance in the application of the Schengen acquis.

## Amendment

The forms of evaluations and (12)methods should be made more flexible to increase the efficiency of the evaluation and monitoring mechanism and its capacity to adapt to new circumstances and legislative developments and to streamline the use of the resources of the Member States, Commission and the Union bodies, offices and agencies. Periodic evaluations through visits should be the primary means of evaluation. The proportion of unannounced visits and thematic evaluations should be gradually increased to ensure a more balanced use of available tools. The forms of evaluation should be clearly defined. Depending on the policy area and the nature of the evaluation and monitoring activity, the evaluation and monitoring mechanism should allow the evaluation of several Member States at the same time and conduct entirely or partly remote evaluations as *complementary* evaluation methods to physical visits, as well as to combine the evaluation of policy fields. The evaluation and monitoring mechanism should strive towards drawing comprehensive Member State evaluation reports assessing the Member State's overall performance in the application of the Schengen acquis.

## Amendment 9

# Proposal for a regulation Recital 13

Text proposed by the Commission

(13) Thematic evaluations should be used more frequently to provide a comparative analysis of Member State practices. They should take place to assess the implementation of major legislative changes as they start to apply and of new initiatives, as well as to assess issues across

#### Amendment

(13) Thematic evaluations should be used more frequently to provide a comparative analysis of Member State practices. They should take place to assess the implementation of major legislative changes as they start to apply and of new initiatives, as well as to assess issues across

policy areas or practices of Member States facing similar challenges.

policy areas or *similar policies and* practices *across the* Member States.

#### Amendment 10

# Proposal for a regulation Recital 14

Text proposed by the Commission

Unannounced visits, being one of the most effective tools to verify Member States practices should, depending on their purpose, take place without prior notification to the Member State concerned or with only short prior notification. Unannounced visits without prior notification should take place for 'investigative' purposes in order to verify compliance with obligations under the Schengen acquis, including, in response to indications as regards the emergence of systemic problems that could potentially have a significant impact on the functioning of the Schengen area or to fundamental rights violations, in particular allegations of serious violations of fundamental rights at the external borders. In such cases, the provision of advance notice would defeat the objective of the visit. Unannounced visits with a 24-hour advance notice should take place if the main purpose of the visit is to carry out a random check of the Member State's implementation of the Schengen acquis.

## Amendment

(14) Unannounced visits, being one of the most effective tools to verify Member States practices, should take place without prior notification to the Member State concerned. Unannounced visits should take place for 'investigative' purposes in order to verify compliance with obligations under the Schengen acquis, including, in response to indications as regards the emergence of systemic problems that could potentially *negatively* impact the functioning of the Schengen area or *lead* to fundamental rights violations, in particular allegations of serious violations of fundamental rights at the external borders.

## **Amendment 11**

Proposal for a regulation Recital 14 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(14a) A maximum of 24 hours' notice should be given to a Member State prior to a short notice visit, which is a

PE703.016v02-00 12/47 RR\1252323EN.docx

complementary tool. A short-notice visit should take place only where the main purpose of the visit is to carry out a random check of the implementation of the Schengen acquis by a Member State.

#### **Amendment 12**

# Proposal for a regulation Recital 15

Text proposed by the Commission

Programming the activities carried out under this Regulation via multiannual and annual evaluation programmes has already proven its added value to ensure predictability and certainty. Therefore, the Commission, in cooperation with the Member States should adopt multiannual and annual evaluation programmes. These programmes should also provide the necessary flexibility to be able to adapt to the dynamic nature of the Schengen acquis over time. In the event of force majeure adjustments to the programmes should be made in agreement with the Member States concerned without the need for a formal amendment of the programmes. The multiannual evaluation programme, adopted for seven years, should identify the specific priority areas to be covered by the periodic evaluations. This approach should allow for more flexibility, better prioritisation and a more balanced and strategic use of all tools available. The extension of the multiannual evaluation programme from five to seven years should also lead to an increased, closer and more targeted monitoring of the Member States without reducing the level of scrutiny.

## Amendment

Programming the activities carried out under this Regulation via multiannual and annual evaluation programmes has already proven its added value to ensure predictability and certainty. Therefore, the Commission, in cooperation with the Member States should adopt multiannual and annual evaluation programmes. These programmes should also provide the necessary flexibility to be able to adapt to the dynamic nature of the Schengen acquis over time. In the event of force majeure adjustments to the programmes should be made in agreement with the Member States concerned without the need for a formal amendment of the programmes. The multiannual evaluation programme, adopted for seven years, should identify the specific priority areas to be covered by the periodic evaluations. This approach should allow for more flexibility, adaptability based on the up-to-date information collected by the various analyses with a view to establishing an improved situational picture of the functioning of the Schengen area, better prioritisation as well as a more balanced and strategic use of all tools available. The extension of the multiannual evaluation programme from five to seven years should also lead to an increased, closer and more targeted monitoring of the Member States without reducing the level of scrutiny.

# Proposal for a regulation Recital 16

Text proposed by the Commission

(16)Evaluation and monitoring activities should be carried out by teams consisting of Commission representatives and experts designated by Member States. These representatives and experts should have appropriate qualifications, including a solid theoretical knowledge and practical experience. In order to ensure the participation of sufficient number of experienced experts in a faster and less burdensome way, a pool of experts should be established and maintained by the Commission in close cooperation with the Member States. The pool should be the primary source of experts for evaluation and monitoring activities.

## Amendment

(16)Evaluation and monitoring activities should be carried out by teams consisting of Commission representatives and experts designated by Member States and Union observers. These representatives and experts should have appropriate qualifications, including a solid theoretical knowledge and practical experience, and have undertaken the appropriate training. In order to ensure the integrity of evaluation reports drawn up by teams following an evaluation, where the activities of a Union body, office or agency involved in the implementation of the Schengen acquis are evaluated together with the authorities of a Member State, Union observers should not have any conflict of interest. In order to ensure the participation of sufficient number of experienced experts in a faster and less burdensome way, a pool of experts should be established and maintained by the Commission in close cooperation with the Member States. The pool should be the primary source of experts for evaluation and monitoring activities.

## **Amendment 14**

# Proposal for a regulation Recital 19

Text proposed by the Commission

(19) Evaluation reports should be concise and *succinct*. They should focus on deficiencies with significant impact and highlight areas where important improvements could be made. Minor findings should not form part of the

## Amendment

(19) Evaluation reports should be concise and *give an account of* deficiencies *identified* and highlight areas where improvements *should* be made. The team should communicate the findings to the evaluated Member State at the end of

PE703.016v02-00 14/47 RR\1252323EN.docx

reports. The team should nevertheless communicate these findings to the evaluated Member State at the end of the evaluation activity, including to the authorities responsible for the relevant national quality control mechanism. The team should actively seek to identify best practices which should be added to the reports. In particular, new and innovative measures that significantly improve the implementation of the common rules and that could be put in practice by other Member States should be highlighted as a best practice for the purposes of the report.

the evaluation activity, including to the authorities responsible for the relevant national quality control mechanism. The team should actively seek to identify best practices which should be added to the reports. In particular, new and innovative measures that significantly improve the implementation of the common rules and that could be put in practice by other Member States should be highlighted as a best practice for the purposes of the report.

#### Amendment 15

# Proposal for a regulation Recital 20

Text proposed by the Commission

Evaluation reports should, as a rule, contain recommendations on how to remedy deficiencies identified (including fundamental rights violations) and be adopted in a single act by the Commission by means of implementing acts through the examination procedure in accordance with Article 5 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011<sup>36</sup>. The consolidation of the report and recommendations within a single document and subject to a single adoption procedure reinforces the intrinsic connection between the evaluation findings and recommendations. In addition, the accelerated publication of the recommendations should enable Member States to address the deficiencies faster and more efficiently. At the same time, the use of the examination procedure should ensure Member State's engagement in the decision-making process leading to the adoption of the recommendations.

### Amendment

Evaluation reports should, as a rule, (20)contain recommendations on how to remedy deficiencies identified (including fundamental rights violations) and be adopted in a single act by the Commission by means of implementing acts through the examination procedure in accordance with Article 5 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011<sup>36</sup> and without unnecessary delay. Attention should, in particular, be paid to identifying and remedying fundamental rights violations. The consolidation of the report and recommendations within a single document and subject to a single adoption procedure reinforces the intrinsic connection between the evaluation findings and recommendations. In addition, the accelerated publication of the recommendations should enable Member States to address the deficiencies faster and more efficiently. At the same time, the use of the examination procedure should ensure Member State's engagement in the decision-making process leading to the

<sup>36</sup> OJ L 55, 28.2.2011, p. 13.

<sup>36</sup> OJ L 55, 28.2.2011, p. 13.

## **Amendment 16**

# Proposal for a regulation Recital 22

Text proposed by the Commission

In addition, where evaluations (22)identify a serious deficiency, specific provisions should apply to ensure the prompt adoption of remedial measures. Given the risk posed by such deficiency, as soon as the evaluated Member State is informed about a serious deficiency, the evaluated Member State should start immediately implementing actions to remedy the deficiency including, where necessary, mobilising all available operational and financial means. Remedial action should be subject to tighter deadlines and closer political scrutiny and monitoring throughout the process. In this regard, the Commission should immediately inform the Council and the European Parliament when an evaluation establishes the existence of a serious deficiency and organise a 'serious deficiency' revisit no later than one year from the date of the evaluation to verify whether the Member State has remedied the shortcomings concerned. The Commission should present a revisit report to the Council following the revisit.

## Amendment

In addition, where evaluations (22)identify a serious deficiency, specific provisions should apply to ensure the prompt adoption of remedial measures. Given the risk posed by such deficiency, as soon as the evaluated Member State is informed about a serious deficiency, the evaluated Member State should start immediately implementing actions to remedy the deficiency including, where necessary, mobilising all available operational and financial means. Remedial action should be subject to tighter deadlines and closer political scrutiny and monitoring throughout the process. In this regard, the Commission should immediately inform the Council and the European Parliament when an evaluation establishes the existence of a serious deficiency and report on any infringement proceedings that are ongoing or to be brought against the evaluated Member State. The Commission should also organise a 'serious deficiency' revisit no later than 180 days from the date of the evaluation to verify whether the Member State has remedied the shortcomings concerned. The Commission should present a revisit report to the Council and to the European Parliament following the revisit. Considering the severe impact that a serious deficiency might have on the Schengen area, the Commission should launch without delay an infringement procedure in accordance with the Treaty on the Functioning of the European

PE703.016v02-00 16/47 RR\1252323EN.docx

# Union in order to address the identified shortcomings.

#### Amendment 17

# Proposal for a regulation Recital 23

Text proposed by the Commission

The identification of a serious (23)deficiency requires a thorough case-bycase assessment on the basis of clear criteria regarding the nature, scale and potential impact of the problems, which may be different for each policy area. Different key elements for the effective implementation of the Schengen acquis and different combination of factors could lead to the classification of a finding as a serious deficiency. However, if it is considered that a shortcoming identified is or in a short-term has the potential of putting the overall functioning of the area without internal border control at risk, or have a significant negative impact on the rights of individuals, such shortcoming is to be regarded as a serious deficiency. Where a serious deficiency in the carrying out of external border control is identified in an evaluation report, Articles 21 and 29 of Regulation (EU) 2016/399 of the European Parliament and of the Council<sup>37</sup> may apply.

#### Amendment

The identification of a serious (23)deficiency requires a thorough case-bycase assessment on the basis of clear criteria regarding the nature, scale and potential impact of the problems, which may be different for each policy area. Different key elements for the effective implementation of the Schengen acquis and different combination of factors could lead to the classification of a finding as a serious deficiency. However, if it is considered that a shortcoming identified is or in a short-term has the potential of putting the overall functioning of the area without internal border control at risk, or of negatively impacting fundamental rights or have a significant negative impact on the rights of individuals, such shortcoming is to be regarded as a serious deficiency. Where a serious deficiency in the carrying out of external border control is identified in an evaluation report, Articles 21 and 29 of Regulation (EU) 2016/399 of the European Parliament and of the Council<sup>37</sup> may apply.

# **Amendment 18**

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>37</sup> Regulation (EU) 2016/399 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 March 2016 on a Union Code on the rules governing the movement of persons across borders (Schengen Borders Code) (OJ L 77, 23.3.2016, p. 1).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>37</sup> Regulation (EU) 2016/399 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 March 2016 on a Union Code on the rules governing the movement of persons across borders (Schengen Borders Code) (OJ L 77, 23.3.2016, p. 1).

# Proposal for a regulation Recital 26

Text proposed by the Commission

It is essential and desirable that the (26)European Parliament and the Council regularly hold discussions at political level in order to raise awareness of the importance of the implementation of the Schengen acquis, hold Member States who persistently breach the common rules accountable, and increase pressure on them to remedy the deficiencies identified. The Commission should provide adequate input to facilitate these discussions including through the adoption of a comprehensive annual report covering the evaluations carried out during the previous year and state of implementation of recommendations, which would be part of the 'State of Schengen' report. The European Parliament is encouraged to adopt resolutions and the Council should adopt conclusions to increase pressure on Member States making insufficient progress. The 'Schengen Forum', as a unique stage to discuss Schengen at high level with representatives of the European Parliament, Member States and the Commission should provide a platform for informal discussions aiming at better implementation of the Schengen acquis.

## Amendment

It is essential and desirable that the (26)European Parliament and the Council regularly hold discussions at political level in order to raise awareness of the importance of the implementation of the Schengen acquis, hold Member States who persistently breach the common rules accountable, and increase pressure on them to remedy the deficiencies identified. Both institutions should be fully and equally informed of all developments in the implementation of the Schengen acquis in the Member States. The Commission should provide adequate input to facilitate these discussions including through the adoption of a comprehensive annual report covering the evaluations carried out during the previous year and state of implementation of recommendations, which would be part of the 'State of Schengen' report. The European Parliament is encouraged to adopt resolutions and the Council should adopt conclusions to increase pressure on Member States making insufficient progress. The 'Schengen Forum', as a unique stage to discuss Schengen at high level with representatives of the European Parliament. Member States and the Commission should provide a platform for informal discussions aiming at better implementation of the Schengen acquis.

## **Amendment 19**

# Proposal for a regulation Recital 28

Text proposed by the Commission

(28) The classification status of the evaluation and revisit reports should be determined in accordance with the

### Amendment

(28) The classification status of the evaluation and revisit reports should be determined in accordance with the

PE703.016v02-00 18/47 RR\1252323EN.docx

applicable security rules set out in Commission Decision (EU, Euratom) 2015/444<sup>38</sup>. The evaluated Member State should nevertheless retain the possibility to request the classification of all or parts of the report in accordance with the applicable security rules.

applicable security rules set out in Commission Decision (EU, Euratom) 2015/444<sup>38</sup>. The evaluated Member State should, *in exceptional cases*, nevertheless retain the possibility to request the classification of all or parts of the report in accordance with the applicable security rules.

## Amendment 20

# Proposal for a regulation Recital 29

Text proposed by the Commission

In view of the particular role entrusted to the European Parliament and to the national parliaments under the last sentence of Article 70 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union (TFEU), as underlined in Article 12, point (c), of the Treaty on European Union (TEU) as regards the national parliaments, the Council and the Commission should fully inform the European Parliament and the national Parliaments of the content and results of the evaluations. In addition, should the Commission submit a proposal to amend this Regulation, the Council would, in accordance with Article 19(7), point (h), of its Rules of Procedure<sup>39</sup>, consult the European Parliament in order to take into consideration its opinion, to the fullest extent possible, before adopting a final text.

In view of the particular role entrusted to the European Parliament and to the national parliaments under the last sentence of Article 70 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union (TFEU), as underlined in Article 12, point (c), of the Treaty on European Union (TEU) as regards the national parliaments, the Council and the Commission should fully inform the European Parliament and the national Parliaments of the content and results of the evaluations no later than 14 days after the evaluation procedure has been concluded. In addition, should the Commission submit a proposal to amend this Regulation, the Council would, in accordance with Article 19(7), point (h), of its Rules of Procedure<sup>39</sup>, consult the European Parliament in order to take into consideration its opinion, to the fullest extent possible, before adopting a final text.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>38</sup> Commission Decision (EU, Euratom) 2015/444 of 13 March 2015 on the security rules for protecting EU classified information (OJ L 72, 17.3.2015, p. 53).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>38</sup> Commission Decision (EU, Euratom) 2015/444 of 13 March 2015 on the security rules for protecting EU classified information (OJ L 72, 17.3.2015, p. 53).

Amendment

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>39</sup> Council Decision 2009/937/EU of 1 December 2009 adopting the Council's

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>39</sup> Council Decision 2009/937/EU of 1 December 2009 adopting the Council's

Rules of Procedure (OJ L 325 11.12.2009, p. 35).

Rules of Procedure (OJ L 325 11.12.2009, p. 35).

## Amendment 21

# Proposal for a regulation Article 1 – paragraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

1. This Regulation establishes an evaluation and monitoring mechanism for the purpose of ensuring that Member States apply the Schengen acquis effectively, *thereby contributing to* a well-functioning area without internal border controls.

#### Amendment

1. This Regulation establishes an evaluation and monitoring mechanism for the purpose of ensuring that Member States apply the Schengen acquis effectively *in order to ensure* a well-functioning area without internal border controls, *and with full respect for fundamental rights*.

#### **Amendment 22**

# Proposal for a regulation Article 1 – paragraph 3

Text proposed by the Commission

3. Evaluations may cover all aspects of the Schengen acquis *and take into account the functioning of the authorities that apply* the Schengen *acquis*.

### Amendment

3. Evaluations may cover all aspects of the Schengen acquis, including the effective and efficient application by the Member States of accompanying measures in the areas of external borders, visa policy, the Schengen Information System, data protection, police cooperation, judicial cooperation, as well as the absence of border control at internal borders. All evaluations shall comprise an assessment of compliance with fundamental rights in the context of the aspects covered.

## **Amendment 23**

Proposal for a regulation Article 2 – paragraph 1 – point d

PE703.016v02-00 20/47 RR\1252323EN.docx

(d) 'unannounced evaluation' means an evaluation, which is not included in the multiannual and annual evaluation programmes, to verify the application of the Schengen *acquis* by one or more Member States in one or more policy fields:

## Amendment

(d) 'unannounced evaluation' means an evaluation, which *is conducted without* any prior notice and which is not included in the multiannual and annual evaluation programmes, to verify the application of the Schengen acquis by one or more Member States in one or more policy fields;

#### Amendment 24

Proposal for a regulation Article 2 – paragraph 1 – point f a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

#### Amendment

(fa) 'short-notice visit' means a visit, which is conducted with a maximum 24-hour advance notice and with the purpose of carrying out a random check of the implementation of the Schengen acquis by a Member State;

## Amendment 25

Proposal for a regulation Article 2 – paragraph 1 – point i

Text proposed by the Commission

(i) 'serious deficiency' means one or more deficiencies which concern the effective application *of key elements* of the Schengen acquis and which individually or in combination, *have*, or risk *to have over time*, *a significant negative impact on* the rights of individuals or *on* the functioning of the Schengen area;

# Amendment

(i) 'serious deficiency' means one or more deficiencies which concern the effective application of the Schengen acquis, or part of it, including upholding the Charter, and which individually or in combination negatively impact or risk negatively impacting freedom of movement, the rights of individuals or the functioning of the Schengen area;

## **Amendment 26**

# Proposal for a regulation Article 2 – paragraph 1 – point k

Text proposed by the Commission

(k) 'team' means a group comprising experts designated by Member States and Commission representatives who carry out evaluations and monitoring activities.

## Amendment

(k) 'team' means a group comprising experts designated by Member States and Commission representatives *and observers designated by relevant Union institutions, bodies or agencies,* who carry out evaluations and monitoring activities.

#### Amendment 27

Proposal for a regulation Article 2 – paragraph 1 – point k a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(ka) 'Union observer' means an individual designated by a Union institution, body, office or agency as referred to in Article 7(1) participating in an evaluation or monitoring activity.

## **Amendment 28**

Proposal for a regulation Article 3 – paragraph 3

Text proposed by the Commission

3. The Member States *and* the Commission shall cooperate fully at all stages of evaluations in order to ensure the effective implementation of this Regulation.

## Amendment

3. The Member States, the Commission and the Council shall cooperate fully at all stages of evaluations in order to ensure the effective implementation of this Regulation, while ensuring that the European Parliament is kept fully informed of all substantive developments.

## **Amendment 29**

Proposal for a regulation Article 3 – paragraph 4 – subparagraph 1

PE703.016v02-00 22/47 RR\1252323EN.docx

They shall ensure that the Commission and the teams carrying out evaluation and monitoring activities are able to perform their tasks effectively, in particular by granting the possibility to the Commission and the teams to address directly relevant persons and by providing full and unimpeded access to all areas, premises and documents to which access has been requested, including national and internal guidelines and instructions, also classified ones.

## Amendment

They shall ensure that the Commission and the teams carrying out evaluation and monitoring activities are able to perform their tasks effectively, in particular by granting the possibility to the Commission and the teams to address directly *and individually* relevant persons and by providing full and unimpeded access to all areas, premises and documents to which access has been requested, including national and internal guidelines and instructions, also classified ones.

#### Amendment 30

Proposal for a regulation Article 3 – paragraph 5 – subparagraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

The Commission shall bear the travel and accommodation costs for experts *and the observer* referred to in Article 16(2) participating in the visits.

#### Amendment

The Commission shall bear the travel and accommodation costs for experts *as well as for the observers* referred to in Article 16(2) *and Union observers* participating in the visits.

# **Amendment 31**

Proposal for a regulation Article 4 – paragraph 1 – point c a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(c a) evaluations conducted with shortnotice;

#### Amendment 32

Proposal for a regulation Article 4 – paragraph 2 – point a

# (a) to evaluate practices at internal borders;

#### Amendment

(a) to evaluate practices at internal borders, in particular where internal border controls have been in place for longer than 180 days and locations were there are evidence of fundamental rights violations.

## **Amendment 33**

# Proposal for a regulation Article 4 – paragraph 2 – point b

Text proposed by the Commission

(b) when it becomes aware of emerging or *systemic* problems that could potentially have a *significant* negative impact on the functioning of the Schengen area;

## Amendment

(b) when it becomes aware of emerging or *existing* problems that could potentially have a significant negative impact on the functioning of the Schengen area, *including circumstances that could give rise to internal security threats*.

## **Amendment 34**

# Proposal for a regulation Article 4 – paragraph 2 – point c

Text proposed by the Commission

(c) when it has grounds to consider that a Member State is *seriously* neglecting its obligations under the Schengen acquis *including* allegations of serious fundamental rights violations at the external borders.

# Amendment

(c) when it has grounds to consider that a Member State is neglecting its obligations under the Schengen acquis, *in particular* allegations of serious fundamental rights violations at the external borders.

#### Amendment 35

Proposal for a regulation Article 4 – paragraph 3

3. The Commission may organise thematic evaluations in particular to assess the implementation of significant legislative changes, as they start to apply, and of new initiatives, or to assess issues across policy areas *or* practices *of* Member States *facing similar challenges*.

## Amendment

3. The Commission may organise thematic evaluations in particular to assess the implementation of significant legislative changes, as they start to apply, and of new initiatives, or to assess issues across policy areas, *or similar policies and* practices *across* Member States.

## **Amendment 36**

# Proposal for a regulation Article 6 – subparagraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

Evaluations and monitoring activities referred to in Articles 4 and 5 may be carried out by means of announced or unannounced visits, and questionnaires or other remote methods.

### Amendment

Evaluations and monitoring activities referred to in Articles 4 and 5 may be carried out by means of announced, *short-notice* or unannounced visits, and questionnaires or other remote methods. *That should only be done when physical visits are not deemed necessary*.

## Amendment 37

# Proposal for a regulation Article 7 – paragraph 1 – subparagraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

The Commission may enter into arrangements with the Union bodies, offices and agencies to facilitate the cooperation.

# Amendment

The Commission may enter into arrangements with the Union bodies, offices and agencies to facilitate the cooperation and invite a member of the Union bodies, offices or agencies to participate in the teams carrying out evaluation and monitoring activities, when relevant.

### **Amendment 38**

Proposal for a regulation Article 8 – paragraph 1

1. By 31 August each year, Frontex shall submit to the Commission and the Member States *a risk analysis* in view to the annual evaluation programme referred to in Article 13 of this Regulation.

#### Amendment

1. By 31 August each year, Frontex shall submit to the Commission and the Member States *risk analyses* in view to the annual evaluation programme referred to in Article 13 of this Regulation.

#### Amendment 39

# Proposal for a regulation Article 8 – paragraph 2 – introductory part

Text proposed by the Commission

The risk *analysis* referred to in paragraph 1 shall cover all *relevant* aspects *related to* integrated border management and it shall also contain recommendations for unannounced visits in the following year, irrespective of the order of Member States to be evaluated each year, as established in the multiannual evaluation programme in accordance with Article 12.

#### Amendment

The risk *analyses* referred to in paragraph 1 shall cover all relevant aspects *of European* integrated border management, *as laid down in Article 3(1) of Regulation (EU) 2019/1896, and include a fundamental rights component,* and it shall also contain recommendations for unannounced *or short-notice* visits in the following year, irrespective of the order of Member States to be evaluated each year, as established in the multiannual evaluation programme in accordance with Article 12.

# **Amendment 40**

# Proposal for a regulation Article 8 – paragraph 2 – subparagraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

Those recommendations may concern any region or specific area and shall contain a list of at least ten specific sections of the external borders and at least ten specific border crossing-points, specific sites relevant for evaluating compliance with Directive 2008/115/EC<sup>47</sup>, and other relevant information.

# Amendment

Those recommendations may concern any region or specific area and shall contain a list of at least ten specific sections of the external borders and at least ten specific border crossing-points, specific sites relevant for evaluating compliance with Directive 2008/115/EC<sup>47</sup>, and other relevant information.

The Commission shall transmit risk analyses without delay to the European

PE703.016v02-00 26/47 RR\1252323EN.docx

Parliament and to the Council in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2019/1896.

#### **Amendment 41**

Proposal for a regulation Article 9 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

#### Article 9 a

Cooperation with the European Union Agency for Fundamental Rights

In accordance with Article 4(1), points (a) and (d), of Council Regulation (EC) No 168/2007<sup>1a</sup>, by 31 August each year, the European Union Agency for Fundamental Rights shall submit conclusions on its overall fundamental rights assessment in relation to the implementation of the Schengen acquis to the Commission with a view to providing it with its conclusions when drawing up the annual evaluation programme referred to in Article 13.

**Amendment 42** 

Proposal for a regulation Article 10 – paragraph 1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>47</sup> Directive 2008/115/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on common standards and procedures in Member States for returning illegally staying third-country nationals (OJ L 348, 24.12.2008, p. 98).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>47</sup> Directive 2008/115/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on common standards and procedures in Member States for returning illegally staying third-country nationals (OJ L 348, 24.12.2008, p. 98).

No 168/2007 of 15 February 2007 establishing a European Union Agency for Fundamental Rights (OJ L 53, 22.2.2007, p. 1).

1. The Commission shall use the results of relevant mechanisms and instruments, including evaluation and monitoring activities of Union bodies, offices and agencies which are involved in the implementation of the Schengen acquis and of the European Union Agency for Fundamental Rights as well as of independent national monitoring mechanisms and bodies and other national quality control mechanisms in preparing the evaluation and monitoring activities, to improve awareness on the functioning of the Schengen area and to avoid the duplication of efforts and conflicting measures.

## Amendment

The Commission shall use the results of relevant mechanisms and instruments, including evaluation and monitoring activities of Union bodies, offices and agencies which are involved in the implementation of the Schengen acquis and of the European Union Agency for Fundamental Rights as well as of independent national monitoring mechanisms and bodies and other national quality control mechanisms in preparing the evaluation and monitoring activities, in determining the need for unannounced evaluation or evaluations at short-notice and to improve awareness on the functioning of the Schengen area and to avoid the duplication of efforts and conflicting measures.

#### **Amendment 43**

# Proposal for a regulation Article 10 – paragraph 3 – subparagraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

The information sharing shall take place in accordance with the mandates of the Union bodies, offices and agencies concerned.

## Amendment

The information sharing shall take place in accordance with the mandates of the Union bodies, offices and agencies concerned. Such information sharing shall take place in order to ensure enhanced situational awareness on the part of, and an enhanced operational response by, the Union bodies, offices and agencies concerned.

# Amendment 44

# Proposal for a regulation Article 11 – paragraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

In the programming and implementation of

Amendment

In the programming and implementation of

PE703.016v02-00 28/47 RR\1252323EN.docx

the evaluations and monitoring activities, the Commission shall take into account information provided by third parties, including independent authorities, nongovernmental organisations and international organisations.

the evaluations and monitoring activities, in particular in determining the need for unannounced evaluations in accordance with Article 4(2) and (2a), the Commission shall take into account information and recommendations provided by relevant third parties, including independent authorities, non-governmental organisations and international organisations such as the institutions and bodies of United Nations and the Council of Europe. Where the evaluation confirms shortcomings highlighted by third parties in the information they provide, Member States shall have the opportunity to comment.

#### Amendment 45

# Proposal for a regulation Article 12 – paragraph 1 – subparagraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

In each multiannual evaluation cycle, each Member State shall undergo one periodic evaluation and at least one unannounced evaluation or thematic *evaluation*.

#### Amendment

In each multiannual evaluation cycle, each Member State shall undergo one periodic evaluation and at least one unannounced evaluation or short-notice visit, as well as one or more thematic evaluations.

Unannounced evaluations pursuant to Article 4 shall be organised by the Commission whenever the circumstances provided for in that Article arise.

## **Amendment 46**

# Proposal for a regulation Article 12 – paragraph 3 – introductory part

Text proposed by the Commission

3. The multiannual evaluation programme shall identify *the specific priority areas* to be covered by the periodic evaluations and shall include a provisional time-schedule of those evaluations.

#### Amendment

3. The multiannual evaluation programme shall identify, *in accordance with Article 4, those aspects of the Schengen acquis* to be covered by the periodic evaluations and shall include a

provisional time-schedule of those evaluations.

#### Amendment 47

# Proposal for a regulation Article 12 – paragraph 3 – subparagraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

It shall set out a provisional list of Member States to be subject to periodic evaluations, without prejudice to adjustments made under paragraph 4, in a given year. The provisional order in which the Member States are to be subject to a periodic evaluation shall take into account the time which has elapsed since the previous periodic evaluation. It shall also take into account the outcome of previous evaluations, the pace of implementation of the action plans and other relevant information at the Commission's disposal as regards the practices of the Member States.

#### Amendment

It shall set out a provisional list of Member States to be subject to periodic evaluations, along with the relevant Union institutions, bodies, offices and agencies performing functions related to the implementation of the Schengen acquis in the relevant Member States, without prejudice to adjustments made under paragraph 4, in a given year. The provisional order in which the Member States are to be subject to a periodic evaluation shall take into account the time which has elapsed since the previous periodic evaluation. It shall also take into account the outcome of previous evaluations, the pace of implementation of the action plans and other relevant information at the Commission's disposal as regards the practices of the Member States

#### Amendment 48

# Proposal for a regulation Article 14 – paragraph 1 – subparagraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

In drawing up the questionnaire, the Commission may consult relevant Union bodies, offices and agencies referred to in Article 7.

### Amendment

In drawing up the questionnaire, the Commission may consult relevant Union bodies, offices and agencies referred to in Article 7. The Commission, in cooperation with the European Union Agency for Fundamental Rights, shall include in the questionnaire specific benchmarks against which the evaluation teams assess

## compliance with fundamental rights.

### **Amendment 49**

# Proposal for a regulation Article 14 – paragraph 4 – subparagraph 2

Text proposed by the Commission

The Commission shall make the replies available to the other Member States.

### Amendment

The Commission shall make the replies available to the other Member States and to the European Parliament and the Council.

#### Amendment 50

# Proposal for a regulation Article 16 – paragraph 1 – introductory part

Text proposed by the Commission

1. The Member States and the Commission, in cooperation with relevant Union bodies, offices or agencies, shall ensure that Member State experts and Commission representatives receive adequate training to become Schengen evaluators.

### Amendment

1. The Member States and the Commission, in cooperation with relevant Union bodies, offices or agencies, shall ensure that Member State experts and Commission representatives receive adequate training to become Schengen evaluators. Completion of that training shall be mandatory for all experts participating in a team carrying out an evaluation or monitoring activity in accordance with Article 18.

### **Amendment 51**

# Proposal for a regulation Article 16 – paragraph 2

Text proposed by the Commission

2. For training purposes, each team carrying out periodic evaluations may include an 'observer' *either* from a Member State *or* the Commission.

## Amendment

2. For training purposes, each team carrying out periodic evaluations may include an observer from a Member State, *from* the Commission *or from a Union body, office or agency involved in the* 

# implementation of the Schengen acquis.

#### Amendment 52

# Proposal for a regulation Article 17 – paragraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

1. The Commission, in cooperation with the Member States, shall establish every year a pool of experts whose professional background *cover the specific priority areas set out in* the multiannual evaluation programme.

### Amendment

1. The Commission, in cooperation with the Member States, shall establish every year a pool of experts whose professional background *include those* aspects of the Schengen acquis to be covered in accordance with the multiannual evaluation programme.

## **Amendment 53**

# Proposal for a regulation Article 17 – paragraph 2

Text proposed by the Commission

2. In parallel to the establishment of the annual evaluation programme in accordance with Article 13(1), on the invitation of the Commission, Member States shall designate at least one qualified expert per each *specific area determined* in the multiannual evaluation programme for next year's pool of experts.

#### Amendment

2. In parallel to the establishment of the annual evaluation programme in accordance with Article 13(1), on the invitation of the Commission, Member States shall designate at least one qualified expert per each *aspect of the Schengen acquis to be evaluated as laid down* in the multiannual evaluation programme for next year's pool of experts.

## **Amendment 54**

# Proposal for a regulation Article 17 – paragraph 11

Text proposed by the Commission

11. The Commission shall keep the list of experts of the pool up to date and inform Member States about the number of experts and their profiles designated per

## Amendment

11. The Commission shall keep the list of experts of the pool up to date and inform Member States, *the European Parliament* and the Council about the number of

PE703.016v02-00 32/47 RR\1252323EN.docx

Member State.

experts and their profiles designated per Member State.

#### Amendment 55

# Proposal for a regulation Article 18 – paragraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

1. The Commission shall define the number of Member State experts and Commission representatives participating in a team based on the particularities and needs of the evaluation or monitoring activity. The Commission shall select experts from the pool of experts to become members of a team.

#### Amendment

1. The Commission shall define the number of Member State experts and Commission representatives participating in a team based on the particularities and needs of the evaluation or monitoring activity. The Commission shall select experts from the pool of experts to become members of a team. All members of the team, with the exception of observers or Union observers, shall have undergone the adequate training referred to in Article 16(1).

### **Amendment 56**

# Proposal for a regulation Article 18 – paragraph 2 – subparagraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

Member State experts shall not participate in a team carrying out an evaluation or monitoring activity of the Member State where they are employed.

# Amendment

Member State experts shall not participate in a team carrying out an evaluation or monitoring activity of the Member State where they are employed. Moreover, where the activities of a Union body, office or agency present in the Member State are being evaluated as part of that Member State's evaluation, no expert or observer from that Union body, office or agency shall participate in the evaluation.

## **Amendment 57**

Proposal for a regulation Article 18 – paragraph 4

4. In the case of unannounced visits, the Commission shall send the invitations no later than two weeks before the visit is scheduled to commence. Experts shall respond within 72 hours of receiving the invitation, in agreement with their designating authorities.

#### Amendment 58

Proposal for a regulation Article 18 – paragraph 6 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

#### Amendment

4. In the case of unannounced *or short-notice* visits, the Commission shall send the invitations no later than two weeks before the visit is scheduled to commence. Experts shall respond within 72 hours of receiving the invitation, in agreement with their designating authorities.

#### Amendment

6a. The Commission shall also invite the European Parliament to send a representative to observe revisits as a Union observer.

## **Amendment 59**

# Proposal for a regulation Article 18 – paragraph 8

Text proposed by the Commission

8. If the Commission fails to obtain confirmation of the participation of the required number of experts from the pool at least six weeks before the evaluation or monitoring activity is scheduled to commence, or at least *one week* in case of unannounced visits, the Commission shall without delay invite all Member States to nominate qualified experts outside from the pool for the missing places.

### Amendment

8. If the Commission fails to obtain confirmation of the participation of the required number of experts from the pool at least six weeks before the evaluation or monitoring activity is scheduled to commence, or at least 7 days in case of unannounced or short-notice visits, the Commission shall without delay invite all Member States to nominate qualified experts outside from the pool for the missing places.

## **Amendment 60**

# Proposal for a regulation Article 18 – paragraph 9 – subparagraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

The Commission shall designate a Commission lead expert and propose the Member State lead expert. The Member State lead expert shall be appointed by the members of the team as soon as possible after the team has been set up.

#### Amendment

The Commission shall designate a Commission lead expert and propose the Member State lead expert. The Member State lead expert shall be appointed by the members of the team as soon as possible after the team has been set up. The Commission shall designate an expert responsible for the fundamental rights elements of the visit or evaluation.

## **Amendment 61**

# Proposal for a regulation Article 19 – paragraph 2 – introductory part

Text proposed by the Commission

2. The detailed programme for the visits in a Member State or in its consulates shall be established by the Commission in close cooperation with the lead experts and the Member State concerned.

## Amendment

2. The detailed programme for the visits in a Member State or in its consulates shall be established by the Commission in close cooperation with the lead experts and the Member State concerned. *The Commission shall send the detailed programme to the relevant national Parliament.* 

## **Amendment 62**

# Proposal for a regulation Article 19 – paragraph 4 – introductory part

Text proposed by the Commission

Unannounced visits shall take place without prior notification to the Member State concerned. By way of exception, the Commission may notify the Member State concerned at least 24 hours before such visit is to take place when the main purpose of the unannounced visit is a random verification of the

#### Amendment

Unannounced visits shall take place without prior notification to the Member State concerned. *The Commission shall establish the detailed programme for* unannounced *visits*.

RR\1252323EN.docx 35/47 PE703.016v02-00

## implementation of the Schengen acquis.

#### Amendment 63

Proposal for a regulation Article 19 – paragraph 4 – subparagraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

The Commission shall establish the detailed programme for unannounced visits. Where Member States have been notified, the Commission may consult the timetable and detailed programme with the Member State concerned.

Amendment

deleted

## **Amendment 64**

# Proposal for a regulation Article 19 – paragraph 5

Text proposed by the Commission

5. The Commission, in close cooperation with the Member States, may establish and update Guidelines for conducting unannounced visits.

## Amendment

5. The Commission, in close cooperation with the Member States, may establish and update Guidelines for conducting unannounced *or short-notice* visits *and may consult with Member States*.

#### Amendment 65

# Proposal for a regulation Article 20 – paragraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

The Commission, in cooperation with the Member States, may establish guidelines for conducting evaluation and monitoring activities by questionnaire or other remote methods.

## Amendment

The Commission, in cooperation with the Member States, may establish guidelines for conducting evaluation and monitoring activities by questionnaire, or other remote methods, as complementary methods.

Remote methods shall only be used where physical visits are not deemed necessary.

PE703.016v02-00 36/47 RR\1252323EN.docx

# Proposal for a regulation Article 21 – paragraph 1 – subparagraph 2

Text proposed by the Commission

The Commission shall transmit the evaluation report to the national Parliaments, the European Parliament and the Council.

#### Amendment

The Commission shall transmit the evaluation report to the national Parliaments, the European Parliament and the Council *no later than 14 days after the report is adopted*.

#### Amendment 67

# Proposal for a regulation Article 21 – paragraph 5

Text proposed by the Commission

5. The evaluation report shall contain recommendations for remedial actions aimed at addressing the deficiencies and areas for improvement identified during the evaluation and give an indication of the priorities for implementing them. The evaluation report *may* set deadlines for the implementation of recommendations. Where the evaluation identifies a serious deficiency, the specific provisions set out in Article 23 shall apply.

#### Amendment

5. The evaluation report shall contain recommendations for remedial actions aimed at addressing the deficiencies and areas for improvement identified during the evaluation and give an indication of the priorities for implementing them. The evaluation report *shall also* set deadlines for the implementation of recommendations. Where the evaluation identifies a serious deficiency, the specific provisions set out in Article 23 shall apply.

#### Amendment 68

# Proposal for a regulation Article 21 – paragraph 6

Text proposed by the Commission

6. The Commission shall transmit the draft evaluation report to the evaluated Member State within four weeks of the end of the evaluation activity. The evaluated Member State shall provide its comments on the draft evaluation report within two weeks of its receipt. A drafting meeting shall be held at the request of the evaluated

#### Amendment

6. The Commission shall transmit the draft evaluation report to the evaluated Member State within four weeks of the end of the evaluation activity. The evaluated Member State shall provide its comments on the draft evaluation report within two weeks of its receipt. A drafting meeting shall be held at the request of the evaluated

Member State, no later than five working days from the receipt of the comments from the evaluated Member State. The comments of the evaluated Member State *may be* reflected in the *draft* evaluation report.

Member State, no later than five working days from the receipt of the comments from the evaluated Member State. The comments of the evaluated Member State *shall be fully* reflected in the evaluation report.

## **Amendment 69**

Proposal for a regulation Article 21 – paragraph 6 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

#### Amendment

6a. Where the draft evaluation report includes findings related to the activities of a Union body, office or agency involved in the implementation of the Schengen acquis, the procedure set out in paragraph 6 shall apply mutatis mutandis.

## Amendment 70

Proposal for a regulation Article 21 – paragraph 6 b (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

### Amendment

6b. The evaluation reports referred to in this Article and Article 23 of this Regulation shall contribute to the assessment of the effective application and implementation of the Charter in accordance with Article 15(1) of Regulation (EU) 2021/1060 of the European Parliament and of the Council<sup>1a</sup> and Annex III thereto.

PE703.016v02-00 38/47 RR\1252323EN.docx

Regulation (EU) 2021/1060 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 24 June 2021 laying down common provisions on the European Regional Development Fund, the European Social Fund Plus, the Cohesion Fund, the Just Transition Fund and the European Maritime, Fisheries and Aquaculture

Fund and financial rules for those and for the Asylum, Migration and Integration Fund, the Internal Security Fund and the Instrument for Financial Support for Border Management and Visa Policy (OJ L 231, 30.6.2021, p. 159).

## Amendment 71

# Proposal for a regulation Article 22 – paragraph 2 – introductory part

Text proposed by the Commission

After consulting the team, which has carried out the evaluation activity, the Commission shall provide observations on the adequacy of the action plan and, within one month from its submission, shall inform the evaluated Member State about its observations. The Council *may* invite Member States *to provide comments* on the action plan.

#### Amendment

After consulting the team, which has carried out the evaluation activity, the Commission shall provide observations on the adequacy of the action plan and, within one month from its submission, shall inform the evaluated Member State about its observations. The Council *shall* invite *other* Member States *to comment* on the action plan *in the framework of enhanced political dialogue*.

#### Amendment 72

# Proposal for a regulation Article 22 – paragraph 3 – introductory part

Text proposed by the Commission

3. The evaluated Member State shall report to the Commission and the Council on the implementation of its action plan every six months from the adoption of the evaluation report until the Commission considers the action plan fully implemented. Depending on the nature of the deficiencies and the state of implementation of the recommendations, the Commission may require the evaluated Member State a different reporting frequency.

# Amendment

3. The evaluated Member State shall report to the Commission and the Council on the implementation of its action plan every six months from the adoption of the evaluation report until the Commission considers the action plan fully implemented. Depending on the nature of the deficiencies and the state of implementation of the recommendations, the Commission may require the evaluated Member State a different reporting frequency. *If, after 24 months from the adoption of the evaluation report, the Commission does not consider that all the* 

recommendations have been sufficiently addressed and the action plan fully implemented, the European Parliament and the Council shall express their position on the matter through a reasoned decision.

## Amendment 73

# Proposal for a regulation Article 22 – paragraph 3 – subparagraph 2

Text proposed by the Commission

The Commission shall inform the European Parliament *and* the Council at least twice a year about the state of implementation of the action plans. The Commission shall in particular provide information about its observations on the adequacy of the action plans referred to in paragraph 2, the outcome of revisits and verification visits and whether it observes considerable lack of progress in the implementation of an action plan.

#### Amendment

The Commission shall inform the European Parliament, the Council *and the national parliaments concerned* at least twice a year about the state of implementation of the action plans. The Commission shall in particular provide information about its observations on the adequacy of the action plans referred to in paragraph 2, the outcome of revisits and verification visits and whether it observes considerable lack of progress in the implementation of an action plan.

## **Amendment 74**

# Proposal for a regulation Article 23 – paragraph 2 – subparagraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

The evaluated Member State shall take immediate remedial actions including, where necessary, mobilising all available operational and financial means. The evaluated Member State shall inform without delay the Commission and the Member States about the immediate remedial actions taken or planned. In parallel, the Commission shall inform the respective Union bodies, offices and agencies referred to in Article 7 of the serious deficiency in view of their possible

## Amendment

The evaluated Member State shall take immediate remedial actions including, where necessary, mobilising all available operational and financial means. The evaluated Member State shall inform without delay the Commission and the Member States about the immediate remedial actions taken or planned. In parallel, the Commission shall inform the respective Union bodies, offices and agencies referred to in Article 7 of the serious deficiency in view of their possible

PE703.016v02-00 40/47 RR\1252323EN.docx

support to the evaluated Member State. The Commission shall also inform the Council and the European Parliament. support to the evaluated Member State. The Commission shall also *immediately* inform the Council and the European Parliament and the national parliaments of the identified serious deficiency and the remedial actions, if any, already taken by the evaluated Member State.

#### Amendment 75

# Proposal for a regulation Article 23 – paragraph 5 – introductory part

Text proposed by the Commission

5. The Council shall adopt recommendations *within two weeks of* receipt of the proposal.

## Amendment

5. The Council shall adopt recommendations *no later than ten days after the* receipt of the proposal.

#### Amendment 76

# Proposal for a regulation Article 23 – paragraph 5 – subparagraph 2

Text proposed by the Commission

The Council shall set time limits for the implementation of the recommendations related to a serious deficiency and specify the frequency of the reporting by the evaluated Member State to the Commission and the Council on the implementation of its action plan.

#### Amendment

The Council shall *urgently discuss the matter and* set *short* time limits for the implementation of the recommendations related to a serious deficiency and specify the frequency of the reporting by the evaluated Member State to the Commission and the Council on the implementation of its action plan.

### Amendment 77

# Proposal for a regulation Article 23 – paragraph 6 – introductory part

Text proposed by the Commission

The evaluated Member State shall submit to the Commission and the Council its action plan within *one month* of the Amendment

The evaluated Member State shall submit to the Commission and the Council its action plan within *three weeks* of the

RR\1252323EN.docx 41/47 PE703.016v02-00

adoption of the recommendations. The Commission shall transmit that action plan to the European Parliament.

adoption of the recommendations. The Commission shall transmit that action plan to the European Parliament *without any delay*.

#### Amendment 78

# Proposal for a regulation Article 23 – paragraph 7 – introductory part

Text proposed by the Commission

7. To verify the progress made in the implementation of the recommendations related to the serious deficiency, the Commission shall organise a revisit that is to take place no later than *one year* from the date of the evaluation activity.

### Amendment

7. To verify the progress made in the implementation of the recommendations related to the serious deficiency, the Commission shall organise a revisit that is to take place no later than *180 days* from the date of the evaluation activity.

#### Amendment 79

# Proposal for a regulation Article 23 – paragraph 8

Text proposed by the Commission

8. The Council shall express its position on the report.

#### Amendment

8. The Council shall express its position on the evaluation report and may invite the Commission to submit a proposal for recommendations for remedial actions aimed at addressing serious persisting deficiencies identified in the revisit report. Where the Commission submits such a proposal, paragraphs 6 and 7 shall apply.

#### Amendment 80

Proposal for a regulation Article 23 – paragraph 8 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

### Amendment

8a. Where, after a revisit, a Member State does not satisfactorily implement an

PE703.016v02-00 42/47 RR\1252323EN.docx

action plan following an evaluation that identified a serious deficiency, the Commission shall launch an infringement procedure against that Member State in accordance with the TFEU where it considers that that Member State failed to fulfil an obligation.

#### Amendment 81

# Proposal for a regulation Article 23 – paragraph 10

Text proposed by the Commission

10. If the serious deficiency is deemed to constitute a serious threat to public policy or internal security within the area without internal border controls, or a serious and systematic fundamental rights violation, the Commission, on its own initiative or at the request of the European Parliament or of a Member State, shall immediately inform *thereof* the European Parliament and the Council.

## Amendment

10. If the serious deficiency is deemed to constitute a serious threat to public policy or internal security within the area without internal border controls, or a serious and systematic fundamental rights violation, the Commission, on its own initiative or at the request of the European Parliament or of a Member State, shall immediately inform the European Parliament and the Council thereof and shall inform them of infringement proceedings that are underway or will be brought against the evaluated Member State

## **Amendment 82**

# Proposal for a regulation Article 26 – paragraph 2

Text proposed by the Commission

2. The classification status of the reports shall be determined in accordance with Decision (EU, Euratom) 2015/444. *They* may also be classified as 'EU RESTRICTED/RESTREINT UE' on a duly justified request of the evaluated Member State.

## Amendment

2. The classification status of the reports shall be determined in accordance with Decision (EU, Euratom) 2015/444. *In exceptional cases, parts of the evaluation reports* may also be classified as 'EU RESTRICTED/RESTREINT UE' on a duly justified request of the evaluated Member State.

# Proposal for a regulation Article 26 – paragraph 3

Text proposed by the Commission

3. The transmission and handling of classified information and documents for the purposes of this Regulation shall take place in compliance with the applicable security rules. Such rules shall not preclude information being made available to the European Parliament and to relevant Union bodies, offices and agencies referred to in Article 7.

#### Amendment

3. The transmission and handling of classified information and documents for the purposes of this Regulation shall take place in compliance with the applicable security rules. Such rules shall not preclude information being made available to the European Parliament, *national parliaments* and to relevant Union bodies, offices and agencies referred to in Article 7.

#### **Amendment 84**

# Proposal for a regulation Article 30 – paragraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

The Commission shall undertake a review of the application of this Regulation and submit a report to the Council within six months of the adoption of all evaluation reports regarding the evaluations covered by the first multiannual evaluation programme adopted in accordance with this Regulation. Such review shall cover all the elements of this Regulation, including the functioning of the procedures for adopting acts under the evaluation mechanism. The Commission shall submit that report to the European Parliament.

## Amendment

The Commission shall undertake a review of the application of this Regulation and submit a report to the Council within six months of the adoption of all evaluation reports regarding the evaluations covered by the first multiannual evaluation programme adopted in accordance with this Regulation. Such review shall cover all the elements of this Regulation, including the functioning of the procedures for adopting acts under the evaluation mechanism. The Commission shall submit that report to the European Parliament without any delay.

# **Amendment 85**

Proposal for a regulation Article 30 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

PE703.016v02-00 44/47 RR\1252323EN.docx

# Article 30a

# Revision

Any future proposal from the Commission for amending the evaluation and monitoring mechanism to verify the application of the Schengen acquis shall be based on Article 77(2), point (b), TFEU.

# PROCEDURE - COMMITTEE RESPONSIBLE

Title	Establishment and operation of an evaluation and monitoring mechanism to verify the application of the Schengen acquis and repealing Regulation (EU) No 1053/2013
References	COM(2021)0278 - C9-0349/2021 - 2021/0140(CNS)
Date Parliament was consulted	30.8.2021
Committee responsible Date announced in plenary	LIBE 13.9.2021
Committees asked for opinions Date announced in plenary	BUDG 13.9.2021
Not delivering opinions Date of decision	BUDG 21.6.2021
Rapporteurs Date appointed	Sara Skyttedal 11.10.2021
Discussed in committee	13.1.2022 16.3.2022
Date adopted	16.3.2022
Result of final vote	+: 50 -: 13 0: 4
Members present for the final vote	Magdalena Adamowicz, Abir Al-Sahlani, Konstantinos Arvanitis, Pernando Barrena Arza, Pietro Bartolo, Vladimír Bilčík, Vasile Blaga, Ioan-Rareş Bogdan, Patrick Breyer, Saskia Bricmont, Joachim Stanisław Brudziński, Jorge Buxadé Villalba, Damien Carême, Caterina Chinnici, Marcel de Graaff, Anna Júlia Donáth, Lena Düpont, Lucia Ďuriš Nicholsonová, Cornelia Ernst, Laura Ferrara, Nicolaus Fest, Jean-Paul Garraud, Maria Grapini, Sylvie Guillaume, Evin Incir, Sophia in 't Veld, Patryk Jaki, Marina Kaljurand, Assita Kanko, Fabienne Keller, Peter Kofod, Łukasz Kohut, Moritz Körner, Alice Kuhnke, Hélène Laporte, Jeroen Lenaers, Juan Fernando López Aguilar, Lukas Mandl, Nuno Melo, Nadine Morano, Javier Moreno Sánchez, Maite Pagazaurtundúa, Emil Radev, Paulo Rangel, Terry Reintke, Karlo Ressler, Diana Riba i Giner, Birgit Sippel, Sara Skyttedal, Vincenzo Sofo, Martin Sonneborn, Tineke Strik, Ramona Strugariu, Annalisa Tardino, Tomas Tobé, Yana Toom, Milan Uhrík, Bettina Vollath, Elissavet Vozemberg-Vrionidi, Jadwiga Wiśniewska, Elena Yoncheva, Javier Zarzalejos
Substitutes present for the final vote	Bartosz Arłukowicz, Delara Burkhardt, Jan-Christoph Oetjen, Miguel Urbán Crespo, Petar Vitanov
Date tabled	21.3.2022

# FINAL VOTE BY ROLL CALL IN COMMITTEE RESPONSIBLE

50	+
NI	Laura Ferrara, Martin Sonneborn
PPE	Magdalena Adamowicz, Bartosz Arłukowicz, Vladimír Bilčík, Vasile Blaga, Ioan-Rareş Bogdan, Lena Düpont, Jeroen Lenaers, Lukas Mandl, Nuno Melo, Nadine Morano, Emil Radev, Paulo Rangel, Karlo Ressler, Sara Skyttedal, Tomas Tobé, Elissavet Vozemberg-Vrionidi, Javier Zarzalejos
Renew	Abir Al-Sahlani, Anna Júlia Donáth, Lucia Ďuriš Nicholsonová, Sophia in 't Veld, Fabienne Keller, Moritz Körner, Jan-Christoph Oetjen, Maite Pagazaurtundúa, Ramona Strugariu, Yana Toom
S&D	Pietro Bartolo, Delara Burkhardt, Caterina Chinnici, Maria Grapini, Sylvie Guillaume, Evin Incir, Marina Kaljurand, Łukasz Kohut, Juan Fernando López Aguilar, Javier Moreno Sánchez, Birgit Sippel, Petar Vitanov, Bettina Vollath, Elena Yoncheva
Verts/ALE	Patrick Breyer, Saskia Bricmont, Damien Carême, Alice Kuhnke, Terry Reintke, Diana Riba i Giner, Tineke Strik

13	-
ECR	Joachim Stanisław Brudziński, Jorge Buxadé Villalba, Patryk Jaki, Assita Kanko, Vincenzo Sofo, Jadwiga Wiśniewska
ID	Nicolaus Fest, Jean-Paul Garraud, Marcel de Graaff, Peter Kofod, Hélène Laporte, Annalisa Tardino
NI	Milan Uhrík

4	0
The Left	Konstantinos Arvanitis, Pernando Barrena Arza, Cornelia Ernst, Miguel Urbán Crespo

Key to symbols: + : in favour - : against 0 : abstention