Amendment 19
Gerolf Annemans, Mara Bizzotto, Antonio Maria Rinaldi, Laura Huhtasaari, Jaak Madison, Gilles Lebreton, Gunnar Beck
on behalf of the ID Group

Report
Domènec Ruiz Devesa
Election of the Members of the European Parliament by direct universal suffrage
2020/2220(INL)

Motion for a resolution
Article 8 – point 1

1. Member States shall provide for postal voting in elections to the European Parliament, including for citizens living in a third country, and shall adopt measures that ensure that postal voting is accessible, in particular for persons with disabilities. Member States shall adopt all necessary measures to ensure the reliability and secrecy of the vote, and the protection of personal data in accordance with applicable Union law.

Amendment
1. While respecting internal constitutional orders and without prejudice to existing national legislations, Member States may provide for postal voting in elections to the European Parliament, including for citizens living in a third country, and adopt measures that ensure that postal voting is accessible, in particular for persons with disabilities. In the event of postal voting, Member States shall adopt all necessary measures to ensure the reliability and secrecy of the vote, and the protection of personal data in accordance with applicable Union law.
Establishment of the national electoral rolls and European electoral roll

1. For the purpose of detecting and avoiding double voting in the elections to the European Parliament, the deadline for the establishment of the electoral roll in each Member State shall be no later than fourteen weeks before the Election day as referred to in Article 19(1). Errors in the electoral roll may be corrected until Election day.

2. For the purpose of establishing the European electoral roll, the competent national authorities shall provide the European Electoral Authority with all necessary data in accordance with Article 18. The criteria to be registered in the national roll shall be regulated by national provisions.

3. The Commission shall adopt implementing acts laying down the technical requirements, including the format and data to be provided for the establishment of the European electoral roll for the implementation of paragraph 2 of this Article. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the advisory procedure referred to in Article 29.

Establishment of the national electoral rolls

1. For the purpose of detecting and avoiding double voting in the elections to the European Parliament, the deadline for the establishment of the electoral roll in each Member State shall be no later than fourteen weeks before the Election day as referred to in Article 19(1). Errors in the electoral roll may be corrected until Election day.

2. For the purpose of establishing the national electoral rolls, the competent national authorities shall collect all necessary data in accordance with Article 18. The criteria to be registered in the national roll shall be regulated by national provisions.

3. The Commission shall adopt implementing acts laying down the technical requirements, including the format and data to be provided for the establishment of the national electoral rolls for the implementation of paragraph 2 of this Article. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the advisory procedure referred to in Article 29.
Amendment 21
Gerolf Annemans, Antonio Maria Rinaldi, Laura Huhtasaari, Mara Bizzotto, Gilles Lebreton, Gunnar Beck
on behalf of the ID Group

Report
Domènec Ruiz Devesa
Election of the Members of the European Parliament by direct universal suffrage 2020/2220(INL)

Motion for a resolution
Article 10 – point 1

1. All political parties, associations of voters, electoral alliances and European electoral entities participating in elections to the European Parliament shall observe democratic procedures, transparency and gender equality, through measures that aim to ensure that all eligible persons have an equal opportunity to be elected, and a composition of the European Parliament that reflects the diversity of the European Union, when selecting their candidates for election to the European Parliament. *Gender equality shall be reached depending on the Member States electoral systems and in any event in the Union-wide constituency by the use of zipped lists or quotas, without infringing on the rights of non-binary people.*

1. All political parties, associations of voters, electoral alliances and European electoral entities participating in elections to the European Parliament shall observe democratic procedures, transparency and gender equality, through measures that aim to ensure that all eligible persons have an equal opportunity to be elected, and a composition of the European Parliament that reflects the diversity of the European Union, when selecting their candidates for election to the European Parliament. Member States *shall ensure equal opportunity in the national constituencies and in the formation of* electoral lists.

Or. en
Amendment 22
Gerolf Annemans, Mara Bizzotto, Antonio Maria Rinaldi, Laura Huhtasaari, Jaak Madison, Gilles Lebreton, Gunnar Beck
on behalf of the ID Group

Report
Domènec Ruiz Devesa
Election of the Members of the European Parliament by direct universal suffrage
2020/2220(INL)

Motion for a resolution
Article 11 – point 2

2. No later than 12 weeks before the Election day, the European electoral entities shall provide the European Electoral Authority with a document establishing that all the candidates consent to their inclusion in the Union-wide list. That document shall include the candidates’ full names and their identity card or passport numbers. It shall be signed by the candidates and shall indicate the date and place of signature.

Amendment
2. No later than 12 weeks before the Election day, the European electoral entities shall provide the relevant national authorities with a document establishing that all the candidates consent to their inclusion in the electoral list. That document shall include the candidates’ full names and their identity card or passport numbers. It shall be signed by the candidates and shall indicate the date and place of signature.
Amendment 23
Gerolf Annemans, Mara Bizzotto, Antonio Maria Rinaldi, Laura Huhtasaari, Gilles Lebreton, Gunnar Beck
on behalf of the ID Group

Report
Domènec Ruiz Devesa
Election of the Members of the European Parliament by direct universal suffrage 2020/2220(INL)

Motion for a resolution
Article 12

Motion for a resolution

Electoral system

1. Elections shall be by direct universal suffrage and shall be equal, free and secret. Each voter shall have two votes, one to elect the members of the European Parliament in the national constituencies and one to elect members of the European Parliament in the Union-wide constituency.

2. Members of the European Parliament shall be elected as representatives of the Union citizens on the basis of proportional representation, in the national constituencies and in the Union-wide constituency.

3. In the national constituencies, members of the European Parliament shall be elected using any national system of proportional representation commonly used by the Member States.

4. In the Union-wide constituency, members of the European Parliament shall be elected using the closed list system.

Amendment

Electoral system

1. Elections shall be by direct universal suffrage and shall be equal, free and secret. Each voter shall vote to elect the members of the European Parliament in the national constituencies of the Member State where they are nationals or resident.

2. Members of the European Parliament shall be elected as representatives of the Union citizens on the basis of proportional representation, in the national constituencies.

3. In the national constituencies, members of the European Parliament shall be elected using any national system of proportional representation commonly used by the Member States.
Amendment 24
Gerolf Annemans, Mara Bizzotto, Antonio Maria Rinaldi, Laura Huhtasaari, Jaak Madison, Gilles Lebreton, Gunnar Beck
on behalf of the ID Group

Report
Domènec Ruiz Devesa
Election of the Members of the European Parliament by direct universal suffrage 2020/2220(INL)

Motion for a resolution
Article 27

Motion for a resolution

Amendment

Vacancies

1. A seat shall fall vacant when the mandate of a member of the European Parliament ends as a result of that member’s resignation or death, or due to the withdrawal of his or her mandate.

2. In the event of death, resignation, or withdrawal of the mandate of a member of the European Parliament elected in the Union-wide constituency, the President of the European Parliament shall immediately inform the European Electoral Authority.

The vacancy shall be filled by the next candidate in the list of candidates in which the member who has died, resigned or withdrawn was originally elected.

3. Subject to the other provisions of this Regulation, each Member State shall lay down appropriate procedures for filling any seat which falls vacant during the parliamentary term, for the remainder of that period.

4. Where the law of a Member State makes explicit provision for the withdrawal of the mandate of a member of the European Parliament, that mandate shall end pursuant to those legal provisions. The competent national authorities shall inform the European Parliament thereof.

5. Where a seat falls vacant as a result of resignation or death, the President of the
European Parliament shall immediately inform the competent authorities of the Member State concerned and the European Electoral Authority thereof.

6. Where Parliament declares a vacancy of a seat of a member elected from the Union-wide constituency, the President shall inform the European Electoral Authority thereof and invite it to fill the seat for the remainder of the mandate without delay. Vacancies of seats of members of the European Parliament elected from the Union-wide constituency shall be filled by the next candidate in the relevant list, according to the order of precedence.

7. The Parliament may, at the request of the member concerned, and with the agreement of the Member State concerned or the European Electoral Authority, propose a temporary replacement of the concerned member in case of maternity, paternity or parental leave or in the case of leave due to a severe illness.

When a seat falls temporarily vacant for any of the reasons set out in the first subparagraph the member concerned shall be temporarily replaced for a period of 16 weeks by the next candidate on the relevant list, who may decide whether or not to fill the vacancy. A refusal to fill the vacancy does not entail the loss of the position in the relevant list for future vacancies. The 16 weeks’ period may be renewed.

European Parliament shall immediately inform the competent authorities of the Member State concerned and invite them to fill the seat for the remainder of the mandate without delay, according to the relevant legislation.

7. The Parliament may, at the request of the member concerned, and with the agreement of the Member State concerned and the relevant electoral authority, propose a temporary replacement of the concerned member in case of maternity, paternity or parental leave or in the case of leave due to a severe illness.

When a seat falls temporarily vacant for any of the reasons set out in the first subparagraph the member concerned shall be temporarily replaced for a period of 16 weeks by the next candidate on the relevant list, who may decide whether or not to fill the vacancy. A refusal to fill the vacancy does not entail the loss of the position in the relevant list for future vacancies. The 16 weeks’ period may be renewed.

Or. en