Draft opinion
Francisco José Millán Mon
(PE546.630v02-00)

on the recommendations to the European Commission on the negotiations for
the Transatlantic Trade and Investment Partnership (TTIP)
(2014/2228(INI))
Amendment 1
Fabio Massimo Castaldo

Draft opinion
Paragraph 1

1. Believes that the United States is the EU’s key strategic partner; stresses that the Transatlantic Trade and Investment Partnership (TTIP) is the most significant recent EU-US project and will reinvigorate the transatlantic partnership as a whole, beyond its trade aspects; emphasises that its successful conclusion is of high geopolitical importance at a moment when the US is pivoting to Asia and concluding the Trans-Pacific Partnership; underlines that the TTIP will have a positive impact on jobs and growth for the two economies, which have both been hit by the crisis;

Amendment
1. Believes that the United States is one of the EU’s strategic partners; stresses that it is unclear whether the TTIP will have a positive impact on jobs and growth in the two economies, but has serious concerns that it will result in a lowering of EU consumer protection standards;

Or. it

Amendment 2
Georg Mayer, Harald Vilimsky

Draft opinion
Paragraph 1

1. Believes that the United States is the EU’s key strategic partner; stresses that the Transatlantic Trade and Investment Partnership (TTIP) is the most significant recent EU-US project and will reinvigorate the transatlantic partnership as a whole, beyond its trade aspects; emphasises that its successful conclusion is of high geopolitical importance at a moment when the US is pivoting to Asia and concluding the Trans-Pacific Partnership;

1. Believes that the United States is not the EU’s sole partner; stresses that the Transatlantic Trade and Investment Partnership (TTIP) is the most controversial EU-US project;
Partnership; underlines that the TTIP will have a positive impact on jobs and growth for the two economies, which have both been hit by the crisis;

Amendment 3
Javier Couso Permuy, Pablo Iglesias, Sabine Lösing, Jean-Luc Mélenchon

Draft opinion
Paragraph 1

1. **Believes that the United States is the EU’s key strategic partner**; stresses that the Transatlantic Trade and Investment Partnership (TTIP) is the most significant recent EU-US project and will **reinvigorate the transatlantic partnership as a whole, beyond its trade aspects**; **emphasises that its successful conclusion is of high geopolitical importance at a moment when the US is pivoting to Asia and concluding the Trans-Pacific Partnership**; underlines that the TTIP will have a **positive impact on jobs and growth for the two economies**, which have both been hit by the crisis;

Amendment

1. **Regrets the subordinate role to United States’ foreign affairs policies that the EU plays**; stresses that the Transatlantic Trade and Investment Partnership (TTIP) is the most significant recent EU-US project and will **ensure the US hegemonic power in decline in the current multilateral context and will consolidate the EU geopolitical subordination to US interests, beyond its trade aspects**; underlines that the TTIP will **benefit mainly big transnational corporations and will have a negative environmental, economic and social impact for workers and peoples in the EU and the US**, which have both been hit by the systemic crisis, **and also on the rest of the world**;

Amendment 4
Helmut Scholz

Draft opinion
Paragraph 1

1. **Believes** that the United States is the

Amendment

1. **Notes** that the United States is the EU’s
EU’s key strategic partner; stresses that the Transatlantic Trade and Investment Partnership (TTIP) is the most significant recent EU-US project and will reinvigorate the transatlantic partnership as a whole, beyond its trade aspects; emphasises that its successful conclusion is of high geopolitical importance at a moment when the US is pivoting to Asia and concluding the Trans-Pacific Partnership; underlines that the TTIP will have a positive impact on jobs and growth for the two economies, which have both been hit by the crisis;

key strategic partner; notes that the Transatlantic Trade and Investment Partnership (TTIP) is intended to reinvigorate the transatlantic partnership as a whole, beyond its trade aspects; emphasises that concluding the partnership will be of positive international significance only if the establishment of a large transatlantic market and, in the process, the adoption, as is intended, of new, shared standards are integral components of international efforts to achieve a fair, partnership-based and multilateral world trading system and do not reinforce the current supremacy of lead markets; rejects therefore the hijacking of the TTIP by leading politicians both in the US and in EU Member States who conceive of it as an ‘economic NATO’, which is a euphemism for the geopoliticising of transatlantic market cooperation, that being the purpose of the TTIP negotiations;

Or. de

Amendment 5
Aymeric Chauprade, Nicolas Bay, Jean-Luc Schaffhauser

Draft opinion
Paragraph 1

Draft opinion

1. Believes that the United States is the EU’s key strategic partner; stresses that the Transatlantic Trade and Investment Partnership (TTIP) is the most significant recent EU-US project and will reinvigorate the transatlantic partnership as a whole, beyond its trade aspects; emphasises that its successful conclusion is of high geopolitical importance at a moment when the US is pivoting to Asia and concluding the Trans-Pacific

Amendment

1. Acknowledges that, in a world which has now become multilateral, the United States is one of the EU’s partners among others; stresses that the Transatlantic Trade and Investment Partnership (TTIP) constitutes a danger to European businesses which, in the event of the project’s coming to fruition, would face unfair competition because of the lack of protectionism for our industries, whereas the United States pursues such a policy;
Partnership; underlines that the TTIP will have a positive impact on jobs and growth for the two economies, which have both been hit by the crisis; emphasises that its successful conclusion would be a serious geopolitical threat to the independence of the Member States at a moment when the US is already seeking to restrict our sovereignty through NATO; underlines that the TTIP would have a negative impact on jobs and growth for the economies of the EU Member States, which have been hit by the crisis due to the treatment of international finance by the United States;

Amendment 6
Gilles Pargneaux

Draft opinion
Paragraph 1

Draft opinion

1. Believes that the United States is the EU’s key strategic partner; stresses that the Transatlantic Trade and Investment Partnership (TTIP) is the most significant recent EU-US project and will reinvigorate the transatlantic partnership as a whole, beyond its trade aspects; emphasises that its successful conclusion is of high geopolitical importance at a moment when the US is pivoting to Asia and concluding the Trans-Pacific Partnership; underlines that the TTIP will have a positive impact on jobs and growth for the two economies, which have both been hit by the crisis;

Amendment

1. Believes that the United States is an important strategic partner of the EU; stresses that the Transatlantic Trade and Investment Partnership (TTIP) is the most significant recent EU-US project and will reinvigorate the transatlantic partnership as a whole, beyond its trade aspects; emphasises that its successful conclusion is of high geopolitical importance at a moment when the US is pivoting to Asia and concluding the Trans-Pacific Partnership; underlines that the impact of the TTIP on the European and American economies could be positive but weak; notes that the Commission anticipates that the EU’s GDP will increase by 0.5% by 2027 thanks to TTIP;

Amendment 7
Mario Borghezio
1. Believes that the United States is the EU’s key strategic partner; stresses that the Transatlantic Trade and Investment Partnership (TTIP) is the most significant recent EU-US project and will reinvigorate the transatlantic partnership as a whole, beyond its trade aspects; emphasises that its successful conclusion is of high geopolitical importance at a moment when the US is pivoting to Asia and concluding the Trans-Pacific Partnership; underlines that the TTIP will have a positive impact on jobs and growth for the two economies, which have both been hit by the crisis;

Amendment

1. Believes that the United States is the EU’s key strategic partner; stresses that the Transatlantic Trade and Investment Partnership (TTIP) is the most significant recent EU-US project and will reinvigorate the transatlantic partnership as a whole, beyond its trade aspects; emphasises that its successful conclusion is of high geopolitical importance at a moment when the US is pivoting to Asia and concluding the Trans-Pacific Partnership; stresses, however, that the positive impact the TTIP is likely to have on real jobs, which is a matter of key importance at this time of economic crisis, has not been looked into in sufficient detail, not even in the study on which the Commission’s assessment is principally based, namely that carried out by the CEPR, which puts the resulting growth in EU GDP at no more than 0.48% over a 13-year period;

Or. it

Amendment 8
Reinhard Bütikofer
on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Draft opinion
Paragraph 1

1. Believes that the United States is the EU’s key strategic partner; stresses that the Transatlantic Trade and Investment Partnership (TTIP) is the most significant recent EU-US project and will reinvigorate the transatlantic partnership as a whole, beyond its trade aspects; emphasises that

Amendment

1. Believes that the United States is the EU’s key strategic partner; stresses that the Transatlantic Trade and Investment Partnership (TTIP) is the most significant recent EU-US project that could reinvigorate the transatlantic partnership as a whole, beyond its trade aspects provided
its successful conclusion is of high geopolitical importance at a moment when the US is pivoting to Asia and concluding the Trans-Pacific Partnership; underlines that the TTIP will have a positive impact on jobs and growth for the two economies, which have both been hit by the crisis;
1. Believes that the United States is the EU’s key strategic partner; stresses that the Transatlantic Trade and Investment Partnership (TTIP) is the most significant recent EU-US project and will reinvigorate the transatlantic partnership as a whole, beyond its trade aspects; emphasises that its successful conclusion is of high geopolitical importance at a moment when the US is pivoting to Asia and concluding the Trans-Pacific Partnership; underlines that the TTIP will have a positive impact on jobs and growth for the two economies, which have both been hit by the crisis;

Or. en

Draft opinion
Paragraph 1

1. Believes that the United States and the European Union are strategic partners; stresses that the Transatlantic Trade and Investment Partnership (TTIP) is the most significant recent EU-US project and will reinvigorate the transatlantic partnership as a whole, beyond its trade aspects; emphasises that its successful conclusion is of high geopolitical importance at a moment when the US is pivoting to Asia and concluding the Trans-Pacific Partnership; underlines that the TTIP will have a positive impact on jobs and growth for the two economies, which have both been hit by the crisis;

Draft opinion
Paragraph 1

1. Believes that the United States is the EU’s key strategic partner; stresses that the Transatlantic Trade and Investment Partnership (TTIP) is the most significant recent EU-US project and will reinvigorate the transatlantic partnership as a whole, beyond its trade aspects; emphasises that its successful conclusion is of high geopolitical importance at a moment when the US is pivoting to Asia and concluding the Trans-Pacific Partnership; underlines that the TTIP will have a positive impact on jobs and growth for the two economies, which have both been hit by the crisis;

Amendment

1. Believes that the United States is the EU’s key strategic partner; stresses that the Transatlantic Trade and Investment Partnership (TTIP) is the most significant recent EU-US project and will reinvigorate the transatlantic partnership as a whole, beyond its trade aspects; emphasises that its successful conclusion is of high geopolitical importance at a moment when the US is pivoting to Asia and concluding the Trans-Pacific Partnership; notes that the TTIP may possibly have a positive impact on jobs and growth for the two economies, which have both been hit by
the crisis;

Amendment 12
Ana Gomes

Draft opinion
Paragraph 1

1. Believes that the United States is the EU’s key strategic partner; stresses that the Transatlantic Trade and Investment Partnership (TTIP) is the most significant recent EU-US project and will reinvigorate the transatlantic partnership as a whole, beyond its trade aspects; emphasises that its successful conclusion is of high geopolitical importance at a moment when the US is pivoting to Asia and concluding the Trans-Pacific Partnership; underlines that the TTIP will have a positive impact on jobs and growth for the two economies, which have both been hit by the crisis;

Or. de

Amendment 13
Richard Howitt

Draft opinion
Paragraph 1

1. Believes that the United States is the EU’s key strategic partner; stresses that the Transatlantic Trade and Investment Partnership (TTIP) is the most significant recent EU-US project and will reinvigorate the transatlantic partnership as a whole,

Or. en
beyond its trade aspects; emphasises that its successful conclusion is of high geopolitical importance at a moment when the US is pivoting to Asia and concluding the Trans-Pacific Partnership; underlines that the TTIP will have a positive impact on jobs and growth for the two economies, which have both been hit by the crisis; beyond its trade aspects; emphasises that its successful conclusion is of high geopolitical importance at a moment when the US is pivoting to Asia and concluding the Trans-Pacific Partnership; underlines that the TTIP may have a positive impact on jobs and growth for the two economies, which have both been hit by the crisis; notes, however, that this is by no means certain; the Commission should work with trade unions and employers to develop training which will allow the workforce to reskill in light of the labour market impact of TTIP; the Commission should make clear how the Globalisation Adjustment Fund will be used to support this process;

Or. en

Amendment 14
Tonino Picula

Draft opinion
Paragraph 1

Draft opinion
1. Believes that the United States is the EU’s key strategic partner; stresses that the Transatlantic Trade and Investment Partnership (TTIP) is the most significant recent EU-US project and will reinvigorate the transatlantic partnership as a whole, beyond its trade aspects; emphasises that its successful conclusion is of high geopolitical importance at a moment when the US is pivoting to Asia and concluding the Trans-Pacific Partnership; underlines that the TTIP will have a positive impact on jobs and growth for the two economies, which have both been hit by the crisis;

Amendment
1. Believes that the United States is the EU’s key strategic partner; stresses that the Transatlantic Trade and Investment Partnership (TTIP) is the most significant recent EU-US project and will reinvigorate the transatlantic partnership as a whole, beyond its trade aspects; emphasises that its successful conclusion is of high geopolitical importance at a moment when the US is pivoting to Asia and concluding the Trans-Pacific Partnership; expects the TTIP to have a positive impact on jobs and growth for the two economies, which have both been hit by the crisis, provided that the negotiations take account of the key positions of the European Union;

Or. hr
Amendment 15
Csaba Molnár

Draft opinion
Paragraph 1

**Draft opinion**

1. Believes that the United States is the EU’s key strategic partner; stresses that the Transatlantic Trade and Investment Partnership (TTIP) is the most significant recent EU-US project and will reinvigorate the transatlantic partnership as a whole, beyond its trade aspects; emphasises that its successful conclusion is of high geopolitical importance at a moment when the US is pivoting to Asia and concluding the Trans-Pacific Partnership; underlines that the TTIP will have a positive impact on jobs and growth for the two economies, which have both been hit by the crisis;

**Amendment**

1. Believes that the United States is the EU’s key strategic partner; stresses that the Transatlantic Trade and Investment Partnership (TTIP) is the most significant recent EU-US project and will reinvigorate the transatlantic partnership as a whole, beyond its trade aspects; emphasises that its successful conclusion is of high geopolitical importance at a moment when we face Russian aggression on the EU’s eastern border and when the US is pivoting to Asia and concluding the Trans-Pacific Partnership; underlines that the TTIP will have a positive impact on jobs and growth for the two economies, which have both been hit by the crisis;

Or. hu

Amendment 16
Georgios Epitideios

Draft opinion
Paragraph 1

**Draft opinion**

1. **Believes that the United States is the EU’s key strategic partner;** stresses that the Transatlantic Trade and Investment Partnership (TTIP) is the most significant recent EU-US project and will reinvigorate the transatlantic partnership as a whole, beyond its trade aspects; emphasises that its successful conclusion is of high geopolitical importance at a moment when

**Amendment**

1. Stresses that the Transatlantic Trade and Investment Partnership (TTIP) is the most significant recent EU-US project and will reinvigorate the transatlantic partnership as a whole, beyond its trade aspects; emphasises that its successful conclusion is of high geopolitical importance at a moment when the US is pivoting to Asia and concluding the Trans-Pacific
the US is pivoting to Asia and concluding the Trans-Pacific Partnership; underlines that the TTIP will have a positive impact on jobs and growth for the two economies, which have both been hit by the crisis;

Amendment 17
Philippe Juvin

Draft opinion
Paragraph 1

Draft opinion

1. Believes that the United States is the EU’s key strategic partner; stresses that the Transatlantic Trade and Investment Partnership (TTIP) is the most significant recent EU-US project and will reinvigorate the transatlantic partnership as a whole, beyond its trade aspects; emphasises that its successful conclusion is of high geopolitical importance at a moment when the US is pivoting to Asia and concluding the Trans-Pacific Partnership; underlines that the TTIP will have a positive impact on jobs and growth for the two economies, which have both been hit by the crisis;

Amendment

1. Believes that the United States is the EU’s key strategic partner; stresses that the Transatlantic Trade and Investment Partnership (TTIP) is the most significant recent EU-US project and will reinvigorate the transatlantic partnership as a whole, beyond its trade aspects; emphasises that its successful conclusion is of high geopolitical importance, particularly in view of the economic and commercial progress made by China and at a moment when the US is pivoting to Asia and concluding the Trans-Pacific Partnership; underlines that the TTIP will have a positive impact on jobs, competitiveness and growth for the two economies, which have both been hit by the crisis;

Amendment 18
Javi López

Draft opinion
Paragraph 1
Draft opinion

1. Believes that the United States is the EU’s key strategic partner; stresses that the Transatlantic Trade and Investment Partnership (TTIP) is the most significant recent EU-US project and will reinvigorate the transatlantic partnership as a whole, beyond its trade aspects; emphasises that its successful conclusion is of high geopolitical importance at a moment when the US is pivoting to Asia and concluding the Trans-Pacific Partnership; underlines that the TTIP will have a positive impact on jobs and growth for the two economies, which have both been hit by the crisis;

Amendment

1. Believes that the United States is the EU’s key strategic partner; stresses that the Transatlantic Trade and Investment Partnership (TTIP) is the most significant recent EU-US project and will reinvigorate the transatlantic partnership as a whole, beyond its trade aspects; emphasises that its successful conclusion is of high geopolitical importance at a moment when the US is pivoting to Asia and concluding the Trans-Pacific Partnership; underlines that the TTIP will have a positive impact on jobs and growth for the two economies, which have both been hit by the crisis, and offers a genuine opportunity to safeguard and protect labour, social and environmental rights in both regions;

Or. es

Amendment 19
Andrzej Grzyb

Draft opinion
Paragraph 1

Draft opinion

1. Believes that the United States is the EU’s key strategic partner; stresses that the Transatlantic Trade and Investment Partnership (TTIP) is the most significant recent EU-US project and will reinvigorate the transatlantic partnership as a whole, beyond its trade aspects; emphasises that its successful conclusion is of high geopolitical importance at a moment when the US is pivoting to Asia and concluding the Trans-Pacific Partnership; underlines that the TTIP will have a positive impact on jobs and growth for the two economies, which have both been hit by the crisis;

Amendment

1. Believes that the United States is the EU’s key strategic partner; stresses that the Transatlantic Trade and Investment Partnership (TTIP) is the most significant recent EU-US project and will reinvigorate the transatlantic partnership as a whole, beyond its trade aspects; emphasises that its successful conclusion is of high geopolitical importance at a moment when the US is pivoting to Asia and concluding the Trans-Pacific Partnership; underlines that the TTIP will have a positive impact on jobs and growth for the two economies, which have both been hit by the crisis, provided that during negotiations the
challenges of differences between EU and US economic systems in, among others, social, environmental, food standards or fiscal conditions and its influence on business, are met, allowing for fair competition;

Amendment 20
Marietje Schaake, Ilhan Kyuchyuk, Ivo Vajgl, Hilde Vautmans, Johannes Cornelis van Baalen, Alexander Graf Lambsdorff, Fernando Maura Barandiarán

Draft opinion
Paragraph 1 a (new)

Draft opinion

Amendment

Ia. Stresses that trade policy is an essential part of the EU’s external action and as such, must be formulated in a way that is in line with other foreign policies and policy instruments; encourages therefore a close interaction between relevant commissioners, Directorates General, the European External Action Service and the Member States;

Amendment 21
Charles Tannock

Draft opinion
Paragraph 1 b (new)

Draft opinion

Amendment

Ib. Believes that the long term aim should be for the EU and the US to have a full strategic partnership, with a view to develop common approaches and provide transatlantic leadership to shared economic, political and strategic global
challenges and issues; underlines the key role that the TTIP should play in cementing these long term ties;

Or. en

Amendment 22
Gilles Pargneaux

Draft opinion
Paragraph 1 c (new)

Draft opinion

Amendment

1c. Does not consider that an ISDS system should be included in TTIP, and believes that other types of dispute settlement system should be examined in depth; stresses that the EU’s right to regulate must be protected in TTIP;

Or. fr

Amendment 23
Anneli Jäätteenmäki

Draft opinion
Paragraph 1 d (new)

Draft opinion

Amendment

Id. Emphasises that TTIP shall ensure sufficient safeguards for European farmers and must not lower the EU standards in areas such as food safety, animal welfare, consumer protection, environment, health and labour rights; stresses that TTIP must include guarantees that ensure the EU and its Member States' sovereign right to regulate;

Or. en
Amendment 24
Richard Howitt

Draft opinion
Paragraph 1 e (new)

Draft opinion

Ie. Stresses that it is crucial for the Parties in TTIP to commit to the ratification and the full and effective implementation of the eight core conventions of the ILO; notes that these labour rights must be enforceable through a monitoring process that has the full involvement of trade unions and is backed up with sanctions as the final penalty; emphasises that TTIP should moreover be used to create a gold standard for labour rights in future trade agreements;

Or. en

Amendment 25
Reinhard Bütikofer
on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Draft opinion
Paragraph 1 f (new)

Draft opinion

If. Stresses the need to ensure that existing standards of environmental, health and consumer protection are not reduced to a lower common denominator; warns of engaging in mutual recognition of standards where this could entail the lowering of standards because the levels of protection are too far apart; recalls that the European treaties enshrine the precautionary principle for all legislation and rule implementation which therefore excludes mutual recognition agreements
with the US for market access in sectors such as chemical, pharmaceutical and food safety standards;

Or. en

Amendment 26
Helmut Scholz

Draft opinion
Paragraph 1 g (new)

Draft opinion

Ig. Emphasises that the Lisbon Treaty defines EU trade policy as an integral part of the Union's overall external action and that that policy therefore must address development, environmental and social objectives as well as contribute to meeting the other objectives set out in the Treaty on European Union; considers the high level of European safeguards for the general public in the European Union to be an achievement to be defended to the hilt when the TTIP is fleshed out, and insists that statutory standards in the EU Member States with regard to, in particular, product safety, health, welfare, the environment, climate change, food safety, animal welfare and consumer and data privacy protection rights must on no account be lowered - either in the agreement itself or, looking ahead, by the subsequent impact of transatlantic market radicalism and resulting fiercer competition - and that commensurate rules on this must be enshrined in the TTIP; stresses the need, rather, in the process, for both parties to the TTIP to seek and ensure improved standards and greater democratic decision-sharing for citizens on both sides of the Atlantic;

Or. de
Amendment 27
Helmut Scholz

Draft opinion
Paragraph 2

Draft opinion

2. Notes the TTIP’s strategic importance in strengthening and shaping global trade and economic governance based on the values shared by the EU and the US, particularly in an increasingly multipolar world; notes that its impact would go beyond the bilateral implications by facilitating the establishment of common regulations and rules that could later be adopted at global level;

Amendment

deleted

Or. de

Amendment 28
Reinhard Bütikofer
on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Draft opinion
Paragraph 2

Draft opinion

2. Notes the TTIP’s strategic importance in strengthening and shaping global trade and economic governance based on the values shared by the EU and the US, particularly in an increasingly multipolar world; notes that its impact would go beyond the bilateral implications by facilitating the establishment of common regulations and rules that could later be adopted at global level;

Draft opinion

2. Notes the ambition in the TTIP negotiations to refocus away from a multilateral approach and towards a bilateral effort in setting global standards; warns against the assumption that TTIP could and should serve as an instrument to implement a containment strategy vis-à-vis China; notes that the establishment of common regulation and rules in transatlantic trade should be used to move beyond their bilateral dimension with the intent of later integrating them into multilateral regulations and rules on a global scale;
Amendment 29  
Aymeric Chauprade, Nicolas Bay, Jean-Luc Schaffhauser  
Draft opinion  
Paragraph 2

2. Notes the TTIP’s strategic importance in strengthening and shaping global trade and economic governance based on the values shared by the EU and the US, particularly in an increasingly multipolar world; notes that its impact would go beyond the bilateral implications by facilitating the establishment of common regulations and rules that could later be adopted at global level;

Amendment

2. Notes the TTIP’s strategic error, as TTIP would merely strengthen the principle of global economic governance, which stands for a desire to destroy national sovereignty, first in the economic sphere, which will result in the triumph of an unbridled liberalism which would be contrary to the survival and the interests of peoples; notes that this world governance project is clearly evident in the desire to promote the establishment of common regulations and rules that could later be adopted at global level, to the detriment of all historical, political and geopolitical realism and of democracy;

Amendment 30  
Fabio Massimo Castaldo  
Draft opinion  
Paragraph 2

2. Notes the TTIP’s strategic importance in strengthening and shaping global trade and economic governance based on the values shared by the EU and the US, particularly in an increasingly multipolar world; notes that its impact would go beyond the bilateral implications by facilitating the establishment of common

Amendment

2. Notes the TTIP’s potential impact in terms of strengthening and shaping global trade and economic governance, but believes that the EU, which consistently includes human rights clauses in its trade agreements, should, given the scope of this agreement, make human rights an issue by asking the United States to
abolish capital punishment and to ratify a number of important international human rights instruments, including the Convention on the Rights of the Child and the Optional Protocol to the Convention against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment;

Or. it

Amendment 31
Georgios Epitideios

Draft opinion
Paragraph 2

2. Notes the TTIP’s strategic importance in strengthening and shaping global trade and economic governance based on the values shared by the EU and the US, particularly in an increasingly multipolar world; notes that its impact would go beyond the bilateral implications by facilitating the establishment of common regulations and rules that could later be adopted at global level;

Or. el

Amendment 32
Georg Mayer, Harald Vilimsky

Draft opinion
Paragraph 2

2. Notes the TTIP’s strategic importance in strengthening and shaping global trade and economic governance in an increasingly multipolar world; notes that its impact would go beyond the bilateral implications by facilitating the establishment of common regulations and rules that could later be adopted at global level;

2. Notes that a functioning free-trade agreement may be of strategic importance in strengthening and shaping global trade and economic governance based on the
in an increasingly multipolar world; *notes that its impact would go beyond the bilateral implications by facilitating the establishment of common regulations and rules that could later be adopted at global level*;

values shared by the EU and the US, particularly in an increasingly multipolar world;

---

**Amendment 33**

Mario Borghezio

**Draft opinion**

**Paragraph 2**

*Draft opinion*

2. Notes the TTIP’s strategic importance in strengthening and shaping global trade and economic governance based on the values shared by the EU and the US, particularly in an increasingly multipolar world; *notes that its impact would go beyond the bilateral implications by facilitating the establishment of common regulations and rules that could later be adopted at global level*;

*Draft opinion*

---

**Amendment**

2. Notes the TTIP’s strategic importance in strengthening and shaping global trade and economic governance based on the values shared by the EU and the US, particularly in an increasingly multipolar world; *stresses that its impact could go beyond the bilateral implications and that it is essential for it to be ensured during the negotiations between the EU and the US that the EU’s legal system, which is based inter alia on the principle of subsidiarity between the EU and its Member States, is safeguarded*;

---

**Amendment 34**

Marietje Schaake, Ivo Vajgl, Ilhan Kyuchyuk, Johannes Cornelis van Baalen, Alexander Graf Lambsdorff

**Draft opinion**

**Paragraph 2**

*Draft opinion*

2. Notes the TTIP’s strategic importance in strengthening and shaping global trade and economic governance based on the values shared by the EU and the US, particularly in an increasingly multipolar world; *stresses that its impact could go beyond the bilateral implications and that it is essential for it to be ensured during the negotiations between the EU and the US that the EU’s legal system, which is based inter alia on the principle of subsidiarity between the EU and its Member States, is safeguarded*;

*Draft opinion*

---

**Amendment**

2. Notes the TTIP's strategic importance in strengthening and shaping *rules-based*
economic governance based on the values shared by the EU and the US, particularly in an increasingly multipolar world; notes that its impact would go beyond the bilateral implications by facilitating the establishment of common regulations and rules that could later be adopted at global level; global trade and economic governance founded on the values shared by the EU and the US, particularly in an increasingly multipolar world; notes that its impact would go beyond the bilateral implications by facilitating the establishment of common regulations and rules that could later be adopted at global level; stresses in this regard that bilateral negotiations that the EU conducts must not be a substitute but rather a spring board for further trade liberalisation within the WTO;
2. Notes the TTIP’s strategic importance in strengthening and shaping global trade and economic governance based on the values shared by the EU and the US, particularly in an increasingly multipolar world; notes that its impact would go beyond the bilateral implications by facilitating the establishment of common regulations and rules that could later be adopted at global level;

Draft opinion

Amendment

2. Notes the TTIP’s strategic importance in strengthening and shaping global trade and economic governance based on the values shared by the EU and the US, particularly in an increasingly multipolar world; notes that its impact would go beyond the bilateral implications by facilitating convergence of standards and the establishment of common regulations and rules that could later be adopted at global level;

Or. fr

Amendment 37
Angel Dzhambazki

Draft opinion
Paragraph 2

Draft opinion

2. Notes the TTIP’s strategic importance in strengthening and shaping global trade and economic governance based on the values shared by the EU and the US, particularly in an increasingly multipolar world; notes that its impact would go beyond the bilateral implications by facilitating the establishment of common regulations and rules that could later be adopted at global level;

Amendment

2. Notes the TTIP’s strategic importance in strengthening and shaping global trade and economic governance based on the values shared by the EU and the US, particularly in an increasingly multipolar world; notes that its impact would go beyond the bilateral implications by facilitating the establishment of common regulations and rules that could later be adopted at global level within the World Trade Organisation’s parameters;

Or. bg

Amendment 38
Csaba Molnár

Draft opinion
Paragraph 2
2. Notes the TTIP’s strategic importance in strengthening and shaping global trade and economic governance based on the values shared by the EU and the US, particularly in an increasingly multipolar world; notes that its impact would go beyond the bilateral implications by facilitating the establishment of common regulations and rules that could later be adopted at global level;

2. Notes the TTIP’s strategic importance in strengthening and shaping global trade and economic governance based on the values shared by the EU and the US, particularly in an increasingly multipolar world; notes that its impact would go beyond the bilateral implications by facilitating the establishment of common regulations and rules that could later be adopted at global level, _and would help to reinforce the multilateral trading system_;

Or. hu

Amendment 39
Ulrike Müller

Draft opinion
Paragraph 2

Draft opinion

2. Notes the TTIP’s strategic importance in strengthening and shaping global trade and economic governance based on the values shared by the EU and the US, particularly in an increasingly multipolar world; notes that its impact would go beyond the bilateral implications by facilitating the establishment of common regulations and rules that could later be adopted at global level;

Amendment

2. Notes the TTIP’s strategic importance in strengthening and shaping global trade and economic governance based on the values shared by the EU and the US, particularly in an increasingly multipolar world; notes that its impact would go beyond the bilateral implications by facilitating the establishment of common regulations and rules that could later be adopted at global level; _stresses that the TTIP must at all times be viewed as no more than a stage on the road towards a new overall WTO agreement_;

Or. de

Amendment 40
Gilles Pargneaux
2. Notes the TTIP’s strategic importance in strengthening and shaping global trade and economic governance based on the values shared by the EU and the US, particularly in an increasingly multipolar world; notes that its impact would go beyond the bilateral implications by facilitating the establishment of common regulations and rules that could later be adopted at global level;

\textit{stresses that it is important for these future common regulations and rules to respect the best European standards;}\footnote{or. fr}

Amendment 41
Tonino Picula

Draft opinion
Paragraph 2

2. Notes the TTIP’s strategic importance in strengthening and shaping global trade and economic governance based on the values shared by the EU and the US, particularly in an increasingly multipolar world; notes that its impact would go beyond the bilateral implications by facilitating the establishment of common regulations and rules that could later be adopted at global level; \textit{calls for the abolition of visa requirements for citizens of the five other EU Member States so that free movement of persons can be brought about before free movement of goods;}\footnote{or. hr}
Amendment 42
Javi López

Draft opinion
Paragraph 2

Draft opinion

2. Notes the TTIP’s strategic importance in strengthening and shaping global trade and economic governance based on the values shared by the EU and the US, particularly in an increasingly multipolar world; notes that its impact would go beyond the bilateral implications by facilitating the establishment of common regulations and rules that could later be adopted at global level;

Amendment

2. Notes the TTIP’s strategic importance in strengthening and shaping global trade and economic governance based on the values shared by the EU and the US, particularly in an increasingly multipolar world; notes that its impact would go beyond the bilateral implications by facilitating the establishment of common regulations and rules that could later be adopted at global level; *takes the view that any agreements reached must not contradict and cannot lead to a reduction in rules already established by one of the parties that could in practice mean the loss of social rights and fundamental freedoms*;

Or. es

Amendment 43
Richard Howitt

Draft opinion
Paragraph 2

Draft opinion

2. Notes the TTIP’s strategic importance in strengthening and shaping global trade and economic governance based on the values shared by the EU and the US, particularly in an increasingly multipolar world; notes that its impact would go beyond the bilateral implications by facilitating the establishment of common regulations and rules that could later be adopted at global level;

Amendment

2. Notes the TTIP's strategic importance in strengthening and shaping global trade and economic governance based on the values shared by the EU and the US, particularly in an increasingly multipolar world; notes that its impact would go beyond the bilateral implications by facilitating the establishment of common regulations and rules that could later be adopted at global level; *notes that consequently TTIP should secure a high level of labour protection and should also preserve*
adequate policy space for governments to protect essential goods, such as agriculture, in order to prevent developing countries from being adversely affected by the deal; notes that, to this end, TTIP must exempt public services from the market access and investment protection chapters so foreign investors are not able to challenge Member States for introducing new regulations for public protection; notes that ISDS should not be in the agreement as this establishes an unaccountable, commercially driven court system that will have a chilling effect on the introduction of new regulations;

Or. en

Amendment 44
Marietje Schaake, Ilhan Kyuchyuk, Ivo Vajgl, Hilde Vautmans, Johannes Cornelis van Baalen, Alexander Graf Lambsdorff, Marielle de Sarnez, Fernando Maura Barandiarán

Draft opinion
Paragraph 2 a (new)

Draft opinion
Amendment

2a. Emphasises that TTIP must not lower standards on important issues like consumer protection, labour rights or environment, but rather seek to achieve high common standards as a model for the world, as this would strengthen the EU’s global economic position, while furthering our values;

Or. en

Amendment 45
Richard Howitt

Draft opinion
Paragraph 2 b (new)
2b. Stresses that both parties in TTIP must make an engagement to encourage companies to respect the OECD Guidelines on Multinational Enterprises; notes that parties should work with unions to monitor MNEs adherence to these Guidelines;

Or. en

Amendment 46
Neena Gill

Draft opinion
Paragraph 2 c (new)

2c. Underscores that, in order to safeguard the ability of governments to legislate in the public interest on health, labour, and environmental issues, amongst other fields, an ISDS mechanism should not be included in TTIP; notes that a state-to-state dispute settlement system and the use of national courts are the most appropriate tools to address investment disputes;

Or. en

Amendment 47
Arnaud Danjean, Tokia Saïfi

Draft opinion
Paragraph 2 d (new)

2d. Notes nevertheless that the sensitive fields of defence and security must not be
included in the negotiations related to the liberalisation of public procurements, especially since it risks to create unequal competition conditions for the European defence industry and would go against the objectives set by the Head of States and Governments during the 2013 Defence Council to promote the establishment of a European security and defence market and of a European defence technological and industrial base (EDTIB); insists on the fact that such sensitive fields have never been included in the past in similar negotiations;

Amendment 48
Javier Couso Permuy, Pablo Iglesias, Sabine Lösing, Marie-Christine Vergiat, Jean-Luc Mélenchon

Draft opinion
Paragraph 3

Draft opinion

3. Highlights that the conclusion of the TTIP creates the prospect of a broad economic space, which would include third countries with which the EU and the US have close trade and economic relations;

Amendment

3. Highlights that the conclusion of the TTIP will be a significant attempt to impose a global model of free trade and investments; calls on the EU and the US to immediately suspend the current negotiations on a Transatlantic Trade and Investment Partnership; is convinced that they should henceforth focus their trade policy on ensuring that multilateral trade relations at all levels are sustainable and equitable;

Amendment 49
Reinhard Bütikofer
on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group
Draft opinion
Paragraph 3

3. Highlights that the conclusion of the TTIP creates the prospect of a broad economic space, which would include third countries with which the EU and the US have close trade and economic relations;

Amendment

3. Highlights that the conclusion of the TTIP creates the prospect of a broad economic space, which would include third countries such as Turkey, EEA countries, Mexico and Canada which have no voice in the ongoing TTIP negotiations;

Or. en

Amendment 50
Aymeric Chauprade, Nicolas Bay, Jean-Luc Schaffhauser

Draft opinion
Paragraph 3

3. Highlights that the conclusion of the TTIP creates the prospect of a broad economic space, which would include third countries with which the EU and the US have close trade and economic relations;

Amendment

3. Highlights that the conclusion of the TTIP creates the prospect of a global economic space, which will also subject EU Member States to unfair competition from third countries; observes that this is the case because the EU and the US have close trade and economic relations with these countries, which are subject to far more flexible rules and standards, whether on health, safety or social aspects;

Or. fr

Amendment 51
Helmut Scholz

Draft opinion
Paragraph 3
3. **Highlights** that the conclusion of the TTIP creates the prospect of a broad economic space, which would include third countries with which the EU and the US have close trade and economic relations;

3. **Notes** that conclusion of the TTIP would open up prospects for a broad economic space which would include third countries with which the EU and the US already have close, agreement-based trade and economic relations and with which new integration processes and interactions would emerge as a result of the conclusion, as is intended, of further bilateral or multilateral trade and investment agreements; points out therefore that, for that to happen, it is essential that the TTIP forgo any type of arrangement which constrains the political leeway of the parties to act on the development, environment, health and social policy demands of their citizens;

**Annexes**

**Amendment 52**  
Georg Mayer, Harald Vilimsky

**Draft opinion**  
**Paragraph 3**

3. Highlights that the conclusion of the TTIP creates the prospect of a broad economic space, which would include third countries with which the EU and the US have close trade and economic relations;

3. Highlights that the conclusion of a free-trade agreement creates the prospect of a broad economic space, which would include third countries with which the EU and the US have close trade and economic relations; stresses, however, that such a procedure must be initiated and concluded in a manner commensurate with EU Member States' high democratic standards; condemns the fact, in this connection, that the negotiations have been conducted to date in secret; points out that the planned agreement not only offers benefits, but also potentially
...involves huge dangers;

Or. de

Amendment 53
Ulrike Müller

Draft opinion
Paragraph 3

Draft opinion

3. Highlights that the conclusion of the TTIP creates the prospect of a broad economic space, which would include third countries with which the EU and the US have close trade and economic relations;

Amendment

3. Highlights that the conclusion of the TTIP would create the prospect of a broad economic space and, in the process, include third countries with which the EU and the US have close trade and economic relations;

Or. de

Amendment 54
Mario Borghezio

Draft opinion
Paragraph 3

Draft opinion

3. Highlights that the conclusion of the TTIP creates the prospect of a broad economic space, which would include third countries with which the EU and the US have close trade and economic relations;

Amendment

3. Highlights that the conclusion of the TTIP creates the prospect of a broad economic space, which would include third countries with which the EU and the US have close trade and economic relations; points out, however, that, in itself, this cannot be sufficient grounds for regarding that space as an optimum currency area for the purpose of introducing a common currency;

Or. it
Amendment 55
Charles Tannock

Draft opinion
Paragraph 3

3. Highlights that the conclusion of the TTIP creates the prospect of a broad economic space, which would include third countries with which the EU and the US have close trade and economic relations;

Amendment

3. Highlights that the conclusion of the TTIP creates the prospect of a broad economic space, which would include third countries with which the EU and the US have close trade and economic relations and asks the Commission to ensure that any final agreement could be expanded to allow for cumulation with countries with which the EU and the US have, or will have, free trade agreements;

Or. en

Amendment 56
Davor Ivo Stier

Draft opinion
Paragraph 3

3. Highlights that the conclusion of the TTIP creates the prospect of a broad economic space, which would include third countries with which the EU and the US have close trade and economic relations;

Amendment

3. Highlights that the conclusion of the TTIP creates the prospect of a broad economic space, which would include third countries with which the EU and the US have close trade and economic relations; notes that TTIP is likely to create new opportunities for developing countries resulting from the increased growth and demand for export goods in EU and US and lower trade costs resulting from the need to adapt to one set of rules and standards in order to access to both markets;

Or. en
Amendment 57
Marietje Schaake, Ilhan Kyuchyuk, Ivo Vajgl, Johannes Cornelis van Baalen, Alexander Graf Lambsdorff

Draft opinion
Paragraph 3 a (new)

Draft opinion
Amendment

3a. Notes that studies indicate TTIP would have a positive impact for third country economies, including developing countries; stresses that trade and development policy are interlinked and must be shaped in a coherent way;

Or. en

Amendment 58
Marietje Schaake, Ilhan Kyuchyuk, Ivo Vajgl, Alexander Graf Lambsdorff, Fernando Maura Barandiarán, Johannes Cornelis van Baalen

Draft opinion
Paragraph 3 b (new)

Draft opinion
Amendment

3b. Calls on the Commission and the United States to find a way to more actively involve third countries that would be (indirectly) impacted by TTIP, such as Mexico because of the North American Free Trade Agreement and Turkey because of its Customs Union with the EU;

Or. en

Amendment 59
Javier Couso Permuy, Pablo Iglesias, Sabine Lösing, Marie-Christine Vergiat, Jean-Luc Mélenchon

Draft opinion
Paragraph 3 c (new)
3c. Is convinced that one of the main aims of the TTIP is to reinforce corporation powers over international and national law; underlines the need to dismantle the excessive power held by the transnational corporations; in this sense calls for a binding international code for corporations that obligates them to respect human rights;

Or. en

Amendment 60
Georg Mayer, Harald Vilimsky

Draft opinion
Paragraph 4

4. Stresses that the EU’s energy supply largely depends on foreign sources; emphasises the considerable contribution the TTIP could make to the EU’s energy supply diversification and to its energy security by, inter alia, lifting licensing requirements for US gas exports;

Or. de

Amendment 61
Georgios Epitideios

Draft opinion
Paragraph 4

4. Stresses that the EU’s energy supply largely depends on foreign sources; emphasises the considerable contribution
the TTIP could make to the EU’s energy supply diversification and to its energy security by, inter alia, lifting licensing requirements for US gas exports;

Or. el

Amendment 62
Helmut Scholz

Draft opinion
Paragraph 4

Draft opinion

4. Stresses that the EU’s energy supply largely depends on foreign sources; emphasises the considerable contribution the TTIP could make to the EU’s energy supply diversification and to its energy security by, inter alia, lifting licensing requirements for US gas exports;

Amendment

4. Points out that an energy chapter in the TTIP must contribute towards energy supply diversification and towards security of energy supply for all citizens at affordable prices and hence towards ending energy poverty and towards energy saving and efficiency; reaffirms the need for obligations, laid down in agreements, to strengthen a sustainable energy policy, focusing in the process on expanding alternative energy production methods;

Or. de

Amendment 63
Neena Gill

Draft opinion
Paragraph 4

Draft opinion

4. Stresses that the EU’s energy supply largely depends on foreign sources; emphasises the considerable contribution the TTIP could make to the EU’s energy supply diversification and to its energy security by, inter alia, lifting licensing requirements for US gas exports;

Amendment

4. Acknowledges the potential of TTIP to increase energy supply diversification and energy security in the EU; urges the Commission to explore ways in which this potential could be exploited in line with high environmental standards and ambitious EU goals on tackling climate change;
Amendment 64
Javier Couso Permuy, Pablo Iglesias, Sabine Lösing, Marie-Christine Vergiat, Jean-Luc Mélenchon

Draft opinion
Paragraph 4

4. Stresses that the EU’s energy supply largely depends on foreign sources; *emphasises the considerable contribution the TTIP could make to the EU’s energy supply diversification and to its energy security by*, inter alia, lifting licensing requirements for US gas exports;

Amendment

4. Stresses that the EU’s energy supply largely depends on foreign sources; *considers that the conclusion of the TTIP narrows the access of the European Union to its more reliable and natural energy suppliers*; is highly concerned about the environmental consequences of the TTIP related to the expansion of fracking, offshore oil drilling and gas exploration;

Amendment 65
Fabio Massimo Castaldo

Draft opinion
Paragraph 4

4. Stresses that the EU’s energy supply largely depends on foreign sources; *emphasises the considerable contribution the TTIP could make to the EU’s energy supply diversification and to its energy security by*, inter alia, lifting licensing requirements for US gas exports;

Amendment

4. Stresses that the EU’s energy supply largely depends on foreign sources *and that this vulnerability should be remedied by placing a strong focus on research and the use of renewable energies*; emphasises *that the TTIP, which would involve*, inter alia, lifting licensing requirements for US gas exports, *cannot be seen as a viable energy supply diversification opportunity, as it would result in dependency on a single country, the United States, which uses environmentally questionable*
natural gas extraction methods; points, lastly, to the environmental risks that the conversion of shale gas at regasification facilities located in the EU would entail;

Or. it

**Amendment 66**
Aymeric Chauprade, Nicolas Bay, Jean-Luc Schaffhauser

**Draft opinion**
**Paragraph 4**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Draft opinion</th>
<th>Amendment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4. Stresses that the EU’s energy supply largely depends on foreign sources; emphasises the considerable contribution the TTIP could make to the EU’s energy supply diversification and to its energy security by, inter alia, lifting licensing requirements for US gas exports;</td>
<td>4. Stresses that the EU Member States’ energy supply ought to depend on strategic choices and bilateral agreements made by each nation state in the light of its own interests; emphasises the fact that the TTIP could damage the energy security of the Member States while, incidentally, compelling European undertakings to assume a risk by, inter alia, lifting licensing requirements for US gas exports, whereas for example certain European undertakings refuse to exploit shale gas or certain Member States reject this practice;</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Or. fr

**Amendment 67**
Gilles Pargneaux

**Draft opinion**
**Paragraph 4**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Draft opinion</th>
<th>Amendment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4. Stresses that the EU’s energy supply largely depends on foreign sources; emphasises the considerable contribution the TTIP could make to the EU’s energy supply</td>
<td>4. Stresses that the EU’s energy supply largely depends on foreign sources; emphasises the contribution the TTIP could make to the EU’s energy supply</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
supply diversification and to its energy security by, inter alia, lifting licensing requirements for US gas exports; diversification and to its energy security; stresses that no partnership agreement can alter the right of each party to control the exploration and exploitation of its energy sources; considers that the increase in the exploitation and export of shale gas is aggravating climate change;

Amendment 68
Mario Borghezi

Draft opinion
Paragraph 4

Draft opinion

4. Stresses that the EU’s energy supply largely depends on foreign sources; emphasises the considerable contribution the TTIP could make to the EU’s energy supply diversification and to its energy security by, inter alia, lifting licensing requirements for US gas exports;

Amendment

4. Stresses that the EU’s energy supply largely depends on foreign sources; has major doubts as to whether the TTIP can make a major contribution to the EU’s energy supply diversification and to its energy security despite the lifting of licensing requirements for US gas exports; draws attention to the study entitled ‘TTIP impacts on European energy markets and manufacturing industries’ which was commissioned by Parliament’s ITRE committee and which states that, with the exception of LNG, the TTIP is unlikely to result in an increase in energy supplies and that, anyway, ‘it seems unlikely to assume that there would be a direct security mechanism involved in the agreement’;

Amendment 69
Marietje Schaake, Ilhan Kyuchyuk, Ivo Vajgl, Marielle de Sarnez, Fernando Maura Barandiarán
Draft opinion
Paragraph 4

Draft opinion

4. Stresses that the EU's energy supply largely depends on foreign sources; emphasises the considerable contribution the TTIP could make to the EU's energy supply diversification and to its energy security by, inter alia, lifting licensing requirements for US gas exports;

Amendment

4. Stresses that the EU's energy supply largely depends on foreign sources; emphasises the considerable contribution the TTIP could make to the EU's energy supply diversification and to its energy security by, inter alia, lifting licensing requirements for US gas exports; stresses that diversification of fossil fuel sources cannot be a substitute for a strong and ambitious sustainable energy policy, through which the EU should pursue true energy independence;

Or. en

Amendment 70
Reinhard Bütikofer
on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Draft opinion
Paragraph 4

Draft opinion

4. Stresses that the EU's energy supply largely depends on foreign sources; emphasises the considerable contribution the TTIP could make to the EU's energy supply diversification and to its energy security by, inter alia, lifting licensing requirements for US gas exports;

Amendment

4. Stresses that the EU's energy supply largely depends on foreign sources; emphasises the considerable contribution the TTIP could make to the EU's energy supply diversification and to its energy security by, inter alia, lifting licensing requirements for US gas exports; considers, however, of the utmost importance to strengthen the cooperation as regards the promotion and the transition to low carbon economies on both sides of the Atlantic and adopt and implement common strategies to fight climate change;

Or. en
Amendment 71
Csaba Molnár

Draft opinion
Paragraph 4

4. Stresses that the EU’s energy supply largely depends on foreign sources; emphasises the considerable contribution the TTIP could make to the EU’s energy supply diversification and to its energy security by, inter alia, lifting licensing requirements for US gas exports;

Amendment

4. Stresses that the EU’s energy supply largely depends on foreign sources, **which is primarily the case in the Central and Eastern European region**; emphasises the considerable contribution the TTIP could make to the EU’s energy supply diversification and to its energy security by, inter alia, lifting licensing requirements for US gas exports;

Or. hu

Amendment 72
Zigmantas Balčytis

Draft opinion
Paragraph 4

4. Stresses that the EU’s energy supply largely depends on foreign sources; emphasises the considerable contribution the TTIP could make to the EU’s energy supply diversification and to its energy security by, inter alia, lifting licensing requirements for US gas exports;

Amendment

4. Stresses that the EU’s energy supply largely depends on foreign sources and **that the diversification of energy supply channels and sources is one of the main conditions for increasing energy security and independence, and for economic competitiveness, in the European Union**; emphasises the considerable contribution the TTIP could make to the EU’s energy supply diversification and to its energy security by, inter alia, lifting licensing requirements for US gas exports;

Or. lt
Amendment 73
Andrzej Grzyb

Draft opinion
Paragraph 4

4. Stresses that the EU’s energy supply largely depends on foreign sources; emphasises the considerable contribution the TTIP could make to the EU's energy supply diversification and to its energy security by, inter alia, lifting licensing requirements for US gas exports;

Amendment

4. Stresses that the EU’s energy supply largely depends on foreign sources; emphasises the considerable contribution the TTIP could make to the EU's energy supply diversification and to its energy security by, inter alia, lifting licensing requirements for US gas exports; hence asks the European Commission to ensure that a strong and enforceable energy chapter be included in TTIP and – given the reported reluctance of the United States to address this key foreign policy goal of the European Union – asks the Commission to negotiate that tariff reductions on energy-intensive goods starts only once US energy resources start being exported to the European Union in significant quantities;

Or. en

Amendment 74
Ana Gomes

Draft opinion
Paragraph 4 a (new)

4a. Stresses that TTIP should advance cooperation between the EU and the US to fight money-laundering and corruption and to set global standards against financial and tax criminality;

Amendment

4a. Stresses that TTIP should advance cooperation between the EU and the US to fight money-laundering and corruption and to set global standards against financial and tax criminality;

Or. en
Amendment 75
Andrzej Grzyb

Draft opinion
Paragraph 4 b (new)

Draft opinion
Amendment

4b. Stresses the importance of the mobility package, considering that the visa facilitation for European service and goods providers is one of the key elements in taking full advantage of the TTIP agreement;

Or. en

Amendment 76
Charles Tannock

Draft opinion
Paragraph 4 c (new)

Draft opinion
Amendment

4c. Recognises that the TTIP is part of a long term process towards the creation of a truly transatlantic market and considers that a number of issues will need to be examined in this light and that those where agreement is not possible at this stage, may need to be kept aside for later inclusion;

Or. en

Amendment 77
Helmut Scholz

Draft opinion
Paragraph 4 d (new)
4d. Underscores that fact that, when the TTIP is developed, priority must be given to making use of existing multilateral fora, for recognition of the equivalence of rules on new technologies, over new regulatory structures to be set up unilaterally, not least in the interests of cooperation with the key future export markets in Asia; points in this connection to what has been achieved, and what could still be achieved, with regard to securing a high degree of international convergence on rules through cooperation within the United Nations Commission for Europe (UNECE);

Draft opinion

Paragraph 5

5. Believes that this agreement should be accompanied by a deepening of transatlantic parliamentary cooperation, and that the strengthening of trade and investment links through the TTIP should lead in the future to an enhanced political framework to improve global cooperation between the EU and the US;

Amendment 79
Aymeric Chauprade, Nicolas Bay, Jean-Luc Schaffhauser
Draft opinion
Paragraph 5

5. Believes that this agreement should be accompanied by a deepening of transatlantic parliamentary cooperation, and that the strengthening of trade and investment links through the TTIP should lead in the future to an enhanced political framework to improve global cooperation between the EU and the US;

Amendment

5. Believes that, in reality, this agreement has the aim of completing a further stage in the process of subjection of the peoples of Europe to the United States of America; sees evidence of this in the Commission’s desire for TTIP to be accompanied by an intensification of transatlantic parliamentary cooperation, which in reality is intended to result in the establishment of a globalised world government under the control of the United States, the European and Eurasian project being abandoned as part of a confrontation between blocs;

Or. fr

Amendment 80
Ulrike Müller

Draft opinion
Paragraph 5

5. Believes that this agreement should be accompanied by a deepening of transatlantic parliamentary cooperation, and that the strengthening of trade and investment links through the TTIP should lead in the future to an enhanced political framework to improve global cooperation between the EU and the US;

Amendment

5. Believes that, at this early stage in negotiations on the agreement, there should already be a parallel deepening of transatlantic parliamentary cooperation, with appropriate involvement at regional and local levels being ensured, and that the strengthening of trade and investment links through the TTIP should lead in the future to an enhanced political framework to improve global cooperation between the EU and the US, also with appropriate regional- and local-level involvement;

Or. de
Amendment 81
Eduard Kukan

Draft opinion
Paragraph 5

5. Believes that this agreement should be accompanied by a deepening of transatlantic parliamentary cooperation, and that the strengthening of trade and investment links through the TTIP should lead in the future to an enhanced political framework to improve global cooperation between the EU and the US;

Amendment

5. Believes that this agreement should be accompanied by a deepening of transatlantic parliamentary cooperation, and that the strengthening of trade and investment links through the TTIP should lead in the future to an enhanced political framework to improve global cooperation between the EU and the US;

Or. en

Amendment 82
Charles Tannock

Draft opinion
Paragraph 5

5. Believes that this agreement should be accompanied by a deepening of transatlantic parliamentary cooperation, and that the strengthening of trade and investment links through the TTIP should lead in the future to an enhanced political framework to improve global cooperation between the EU and the US;

Amendment

5. Believes that this agreement should be accompanied by a deepening of transatlantic parliamentary cooperation, and that the strengthening of trade and investment links through the TTIP should lead in the future to a broader and enhanced political framework to improve global cooperation between the EU and the US;

Or. en

Amendment 83
Gilles Pargneaux
Draft opinion
Paragraph 5

5. Believes that this agreement should be accompanied by a deepening of transatlantic parliamentary cooperation, and that the strengthening of trade and investment links through the TTIP should lead in the future to an enhanced political framework to improve global cooperation between the EU and the US;

Amendment

5. Believes that the strengthening of trade and investment links through the TTIP should lead in the future to an enhanced political framework to improve global cooperation between the EU and the US;

Or. fr

Amendment 84
Petras Auštreivičius

Draft opinion
Paragraph 5

5. Believes that this agreement should be accompanied by a deepening of transatlantic parliamentary cooperation, and that the strengthening of trade and investment links through the TTIP should lead in the future to an enhanced political framework to improve global cooperation between the EU and the US;

5. Believes that this agreement should be accompanied by a deepening of transatlantic parliamentary and political cooperation, and that the strengthening of trade and investment links through the TTIP should lead in the future to an enhanced political framework to improve global cooperation between the EU and the US;

Or. en

Amendment 85
Csaba Molnár

Draft opinion
Paragraph 5

PE549.233v01-00  48/57  AM\1050225EN.doc
5. Believes that this agreement should be accompanied by a deepening of transatlantic parliamentary cooperation, and that the strengthening of trade and investment links through the TTIP should lead in the future to an enhanced political framework to improve global cooperation between the EU and the US;

5. Believes that this agreement should be accompanied by a deepening of transatlantic parliamentary cooperation, and that the strengthening of trade and investment links through the TTIP should lead in the future to an enhanced political framework to improve global cooperation between the EU and the US; supports the establishment of the Transatlantic Regulatory Council to promote transatlantic harmonisation;

Or. hu

Amendment 86
Marietje Schaake, Ilhan Kyuchyuk, Ivo Vajgl, Johannes Cornelis van Baalen, Alexander Graf Lambsdorff, Fernando Maura Barandiarán

Draft opinion
Paragraph 5

Draft opinion

5. Believes that this agreement should be accompanied by a deepening of transatlantic parliamentary cooperation, and that the strengthening of trade and investment links through the TTIP should lead in the future to an enhanced political framework to improve global cooperation between the EU and the US;

5. Believes that this agreement should be accompanied by a deepening of transatlantic parliamentary cooperation, and that the strengthening of trade and investment links through the TTIP should lead in the future to an enhanced political framework to improve global cooperation between the EU and the US; stresses that any instruments created to strengthen cooperation should not affect the European or American legislative procedures and that all legislators and all stakeholders must always be involved in any body that may be created to promote future regulatory cooperation;

Or. en
5. Believes that this agreement should be accompanied by a deepening of transatlantic parliamentary cooperation, and that the strengthening of trade and investment links through the TTIP should lead in the future to an enhanced political framework to improve global cooperation between the EU and the US;

Amendment
5. Believes that this agreement should be accompanied by a deepening of transatlantic parliamentary cooperation, and that the strengthening of trade and investment links through the TTIP should lead in the future to an enhanced political framework to improve global cooperation between the EU and the US; considers that abolition of the visa regime which still applies to five EU Member States – Poland, Bulgaria, Romania, Cyprus and Croatia – will be seen by the Union as a mark of goodwill on the part of the USA, and that it will make for stronger and closer economic and political cooperation between the two partners;

Or. bg

Amendment 88
Fabio Massimo Castaldo

Draft opinion
Paragraph 5 a (new)

5a. Points out that the inclusion of an ISDS clause in the TTIP agreement would result in a loss of jurisdiction for Member States and would shift the balance of power between states and private firms and give the interests of private investors precedence over the public good; draws attention to the findings of the Commission’s public consultation which were published in early January and which confirmed the opposition to both the inclusion of an
ISDS clause in the TTIP and to the agreement as a whole; maintains that the ISDS clause should not be included in the agreement under any circumstances;

Or. it

Amendment 89
Javier Couso Permuy, Pablo Iglesias, Sabine Lösing, Marie-Christine Vergiat, Jean-Luc Mélenchon

Draft opinion
Paragraph 6

6. Welcomes the fact that the Commission is taking steps aiming to improve the transparency of the negotiations.

Amendment

6. Deplores the secrecy and lack of transparency of the Commission during the TTIP negotiations.

Or. en

Amendment 90
Fabio Massimo Castaldo

Draft opinion
Paragraph 6

6. Welcomes the fact that the Commission is taking steps aiming to improve the transparency of the negotiations.

Amendment

6. Regards the steps the Commission is taking to improve the transparency of the negotiations as inadequate; points out that the negotiations are taking place mostly behind closed doors, with scant regard for the views of the general public and civil society groups.

Or. it

Amendment 91
Gilles Pargneaux
6. **Welcomes the fact that** the Commission is *taking steps aiming* to improve the transparency of the negotiations.

6. **Notes the steps taken by** the Commission to improve the transparency of the negotiations; **considers that there is an urgent need to make a greater commitment to the transparency of these negotiations**; notes that on 7 January 2015 the European Ombudsman called for greater transparency in the TTIP negotiations, particularly by means of publication of the negotiating documents and by calling for a written justification where one of the parties demands that a document should be classified;

Or. fr

**Amendment 92**

Daniel Caspary

6. Welcomes the fact that the Commission is *taking steps aiming* to improve the transparency of the negotiations.

6. Welcomes the fact that the Commission has *made the negotiations markedly more transparent over the last few months, and emphasises that in the past, too, trade agreement negotiations have been conducted with much greater transparency than is generally known*;

Or. de

**Amendment 93**

Reinhard Bütikofer

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group
Draft opinion
Paragraph 6

6. Welcomes the fact that the Commission is taking steps aiming to improve the transparency of the negotiations.

6. Welcomes the latest steps taken by the Commission aimed at improving the transparency of the negotiations; believes that further and substantial steps are needed to improve the transparency of the process, in particular the timely access to consolidated negotiation documents for Parliamentarians and the interested public.

Or. en

Amendment 94
Javi López

Draft opinion
Paragraph 6

6. Welcomes the fact that the Commission is taking steps aiming to improve the transparency of the negotiations.

6. Notes the steps taken by the Commission to improve the transparency of the negotiations; hopes that these steps will be extended to the EU’s other negotiations with third countries.

Or. es

Amendment 95
Helmut Scholz

Draft opinion
Paragraph 6

6. Welcomes the fact that the Commission is taking steps aiming to improve the transparency of the negotiations.

6. Acknowledges the steps taken by the Commission to improve the transparency of the ongoing negotiations, but, in view of the scope thereof, regards them as...
inadequate for providing EU Member State populations with comprehensive information, and therefore insists that the negotiations be suspended; calls on the Commission to conduct a public consultation, along the lines of the approach taken to ISDS, on the objectives and substance of the negotiations.

Amendment 96
Aymeric Chauprade, Nicolas Bay, Jean-Luc Schaffhauser

Draft opinion
Paragraph 6

6. **Welcomes the fact that** the Commission is **taking** steps aiming to improve the transparency of the negotiations.

Amendment

6. **Expresses its scepticism about the new desire displayed by the Commission to take** steps aiming to improve the transparency of the negotiations; **points out that, at the same time, citizens, who are supposedly living in a democratic system – that is, a system where they have access to the information required as a basis for taking decisions – do not in this case have access to the documents concerning the negotiations; notes that, furthermore, peoples’ elected representatives are subject to a very strict and rigid procedure for consulting them; recalls, therefore, the antidemocratic character of an agreement negotiated by oligarchs without any public consultation procedure, despite the fact that the peoples of Europe will the first to suffer the damaging consequences of the agreement; calls on the Commission to completely and definitively halt the TTIP negotiations.
Amendment 97
Mario Borghezio

Draft opinion
Paragraph 6

Draft opinion

6. Welcomes the fact that the Commission is taking steps aiming to improve the transparency of the negotiations.

Amendment

6. Welcomes the fact that the Commission is taking steps aiming to improve the transparency of the negotiations, but believes that the discussions on key aspects of the agreement should be opened up more to business and civil society.

Or. it

Amendment 98
Tonino Picula

Draft opinion
Paragraph 6

Draft opinion

6. Welcomes the fact that the Commission is taking steps aiming to improve the transparency of the negotiations.

Amendment

6. Welcomes the fact that the Commission is taking steps aiming to improve the transparency of the negotiations, and calls on the Commission to communicate actively and fully with citizens in order to inform them about the importance of this agreement and about the provisions that it contains.

Or. hr

Amendment 99
Ulrike Müller

Draft opinion
Paragraph 6
6. Welcomes the fact that the Commission is taking steps aiming to improve the transparency of the negotiations; stresses that the degree of transparency achieved must be increased further, in particular as regards direct access to information at regional and local levels.

Or. de

Amendment 100
Neena Gill

Paragraph 6

Draft opinion

6. Welcomes the fact that the Commission is taking steps aiming to improve the transparency of the negotiations; calls on the Commission to disclose all EU positions to the public, including the EU services offer, which contains crucial information on the extent to which public services will be affected by the agreement.

Or. en

Amendment 101
Csaba Molnár

Paragraph 6

6. Welcomes the fact that the Commission is taking steps aiming to improve the transparency of the negotiations; draws attention to the uncertainties which exist in relation to the TTIP negotiations, and, in order to dispel them, calls on the
Commission to make the negotiations as transparent as possible and to launch a European information campaign.

Or. hu

Amendment 102
Fabio Massimo Castaldo

Draft opinion
Paragraph 6 a (new)

6a. Calls on the Commission to suspend the negotiations on the TTIP agreement, in the light of the controversy surrounding those negotiations, including as regards the possible inclusion of an ISDS clause and the process's lack of transparency;

Or. it