



EVROPSKI PARLAMENT

2014 - 2019

Dokument zasedanja

8.9.2014

B8-0082/2014

PREDLOG SPREMEMBE POSLOVNIKA EVROPSKEGA PARLAMENTA

v skladu s členom 227 Poslovnika

Sprememba člena 117 (Izvolitev predsednika Komisije) in Priloge XVI
(Smernice za potrditev Komisije)

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Sprememba člena 117 (Izvolitev predsednika Komisije) in Priloge XVI (Smernice za potrditev Komisije)

Predlog spremembe 1

**Poslovník Evropskega parlamenta
Člen 117 – odstavek 2**

Veljavno besedilo

Parlament izvoli predsednika Komisije z večino svojih poslancev.

Glasuje se *tajno*.

Predlog spremembe

Parlament izvoli predsednika Komisije z večino svojih poslancev.

Glasuje se *poimensko*.

Or. en

Predlog spremembe 2

**Poslovník Evropskega parlamenta
Priloga XVI – odstavek 2, drugi pododstavek**

Veljavno besedilo

Z odstopanjem od postopka, določenega v odstavku 1(c), osmi pododstavek, je glasovanje na plenarnem zasedanju, ko zadeva imenovanje enega komisarja, tajno.

Predlog spremembe

Ko se na plenarnem zasedanju glasuje o imenovanju enega samega komisarja, je glasovanje poimensko.

Or. en

Obrazložitev

In order to promote good governance, the European Parliament must conduct its work as openly as possible. It should be noted that under Article 10(3) of the Treaty on European Union, 'decisions shall be taken as openly and as closely as possible to the citizen'. Matters such as the election of the President of the Commission are fundamental events in the democratic life of the European Union and, as such, should benefit from due attention and be subject to a level of rigour and commitment commensurate with the significance of such a decision. In order to allow citizens to acquaint themselves with the political orientations expressed, such matters should take place in a public forum without secrecy.

An open ballot guarantees the necessary respect for transparency and full accountability vis-à-vis the electorate. Conversely, a secret ballot allows elected representatives to avoid this responsibility, contrary to the expectations of Europe's citizens. Democracy is about assuming public responsibility, and transparency in the voting practices of the European Parliament can only help to achieve this aim.

The proposal to amend Parliament's Rules of Procedure introduces greater transparency and resolves an internal contradiction in Parliament's Rules of Procedure. At the moment the election of the Commission President takes place by secret ballot and the approval of the Commission by roll-call vote. Under the amendment in question all important decisions – the election of the Commission President, the approval of the Commission and the appointment of an individual Commissioner – would be taken by roll-call vote.