

2009 - 2014

Committee on Development

2006/0167(COD)

27.10.2010

OPINION

of the Committee on Development

for the Committee on International Trade

on the proposal for a decision of the European Parliament and of the Council on the application of certain guidelines in the field of officially supported export credits

(COM(2006)0456 - C7-0050/2010 - 2006/0167(COD))

Rapporteur: Bart Staes

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SHORT JUSTIFICATION

The Commission and Council are currently reviewing the legislative framework (called the "Arrangement on officially supported export credits" and negotiated within the Export Credit Group of the OECD) to transfer it into EU law. The purpose is to provide additional legal certainty to the Export Credit Agencies (ECAs) of the Member States that their operations will not be challenged in front of the WTO Dispute Mechanism. This revision opens the opportunity to apply Article 208 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union (TFEU), which states that the reduction and eradication of poverty is the primary objective of the Union's development cooperation policy. This goal must be respected when the Union implements policies likely to affect developing countries. In this context, ECAs are potentially well placed public policy instruments to contribute to the external goals of the Union (notably poverty alleviation and climate change) while adhering to the requirement of coherence for the entire field of external action of the EU. For that reason, these actors need to be judged against these objectives.

AMENDMENTS

The Committee on Development calls on the Committee on International Trade, as the committee responsible, to incorporate the following amendments in its report:

Amendment 1

Proposal for a decision Recital 3 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(3a) A set of social and environmental benchmarks has been progressively developed by multilateral financial institutions and the European Investment Bank, covering a wide range of areas, from the Equator Principles (2006), the leading voluntary standard for managing social and environmental risks in projects, to World Bank safeguard policies, including sectoral activities such as the World Bank's Extractive Industries **Review's recommendations and the** recommendations of the World Commission on Dams. These social and environmental standards, that are reflected in the "Common Approaches" of the Arrangement, are part of a

Justification

The inclusion of social and environmental benchmarks helps promoting coherence between policies regarding officially supported export credits and policies for the protection of the environment, including relevant international agreements and conventions, thereby contributing towards sustainable development.

Amendment 2

Proposal for a decision Recital 3 b (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(3b) Export Credit Agencies (ECAs) have become the largest source of official financing for developing countries. Hence, ECA-related debt constitutes the largest component of developing-country official debt. A significant proportion of ECA project financing in developing countries is concentrated in sectors such as transport, oil, gas and mining and large-scale infrastructure, such as large dams.

Justification

ECAs have become the largest source of official financing for developing but their loans are still at higher interest rates than those from the World Bank or the IMF. ECAs have become, thus, these countries' largest official creditors, with ECA related debt constituting the largest component of developing-country official debt: according to some studies, between 30-40% of the total official public sector debt.

Amendment 3

PE448.927v02-00

Proposal for a decision Recital 3 c (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(3c) At the Pittsburgh Summit of 24 - 25 September 2009, the G-20 Leaders committed to rationalising and phasing

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out inefficient fossil fuel subsidies over the medium term. Such commitment was reaffirmed by the G-20 Leaders at the Toronto Summit of 26 - 27 June 2010.

Justification

The proposal must ensure that the OECD's guidelines reflect the EU's policies towards global climate change adopted in the context of G-20 and summits.

Amendment 4

Proposal for a decision Recital 3 d (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(3d) The improvements in the Arrangement should ensure full coherence with Article 208 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union (TFEU), in order to contribute to the realisation of the general objective of developing and consolidating democracy and the rule of law, and respecting human rights and fundamental freedoms. Additional measures should therefore be applied in the Union when transposing the OECD Arrangement into Union law in order to guarantee compatibility between the OECD Arrangement and Union law.

Justification

The revision opens the opportunity to apply Article 208 TFEU, which states that the reduction and eradication of poverty is the primary objective of the Union's development cooperation policy. This goal must be respected when the Union implements policies likely to affect developing countries.

Amendment 5

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(3e) EU principles and standards, derived from EU policy and law, and supplemented by other examples of international good practice, should be the guide for all projects financed by ECAs, and include a social and environmental impact assessment, which includes human rights and the standards incorporated in the body of Union environmental and social legislation relevant to the sectors and projects financed by ECAs.

Justification

These principles reflect the general objectives of the European Union as enshrined in the TFEU. Hence, they constitute the base of the European Investment Bank lending practise, as stipulated in the EIB Statement on Environmental and Social Principles and Standards (2009) and the Environmental and Social Practices handbook (2010). In this context, these overriding principles need to be reasserted in view of ensuring a level playing field among European financial institutions.

Amendment 6

Proposal for a decision Recital 3 f (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(3f) ECAs should apply social and environmental impact assessment methodology throughout the project cycle to ensure the sustainability of all the projects they finance. Social and environmental risk calculation should be included in the assessments.

Justification

The Common Approaches should recommend that ECA-backed projects are assessed against international human rights standards, with a clear view to preventing projects from causing

or contributing to human rights abuses. Each ECA should have in place a clear policy on prevention of harm to the environment and human rights and the exercise of due diligence to this end.

Amendment 7

Proposal for a decision Recital 3 g (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(3g) Social and environmental impact assessment methodology that ensures compliance with ECA requirements should be fully consistent with the principles of the EU Sustainable **Development Strategy, the Cotonou** Agreement and the European Consensus on Development and should reflect the Union's commitment and obligations under the UN Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC), the UN Convention on Biological Diversity (CBD) as well as the attainment of the UN Millennium Development Goals (MDGs) and the social, labour and environmental standards as embodied in international agreements.

Justification

In full consistency and coherence with the provisions of Article 208 TFEU, Official support shall only be provided:

- when ECAs comply with human and social rights, based on international treaties and conventions, including the European Convention on Human Rights and the ILO Conventions;
- when the officially supported export credits contribute to the financing of international objectives to which the EU is committed to, especially regarding climate change and poverty alleviation;
- when Environmental and Social Impact Assessments are implemented, prior to the project approval, taking dully into account the interests of affected or interested communities;
- the officially supported export credits are consistent with and do not undermine development objectives, as identified through project appraisal;

when ECAs do not contravene obligations under international treaties and agreements related to environmental protection, human rights and sustainable development.

Amendment 8

Proposal for a decision Article 2 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

Article 2a

The additional measures to be applied in the Union in order to contribute to the full realisation of Article 208 TFEU are attached as Annex Ia to this Decision.

Justification

The annex tries to resolve the problem of ambiguity regarding the commitments of ECAs towards social and environmental standards by giving a clear framework of what it is expected of ECAs in order to contribute to Article 208 TFEU.

Amendment 9

Proposal for a decision Annex Ia (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

Annex Ia

COHERENCE AND TRANSPARENCY

PART A) Consultation, Transparency, and Public Access to Information

The Commission undertakes to share information with the European Parliament on the implementation of the OECD Arrangement on Officially Supported Export Credits. It shall therefore provide an annual 'transparency report' on the implementation of the Arrangement. This transparency report shall provide a list of each individual transaction approved, per country that provides the support, with regard to the following:

• Name of country that provides the official support ;

• Name of the ECA;

• Destination of goods; location of services ;

• Date of transaction approved by the ECA;

• Name of exporter or provider of services;

• Type of the transaction: supply of goods or equipment; performance of research or design; performance of works; provision of services;

• Name of intervening bank;

• Name of debtor ;

• Name of guarantor;

•Type of official support (OECD Arrangement's classification): 1) Export credit guarantee or insurance (pure cover); 2) Official financing support: (a) direct credit/financing and refinancing, or (b) interest rate support.

Additional information shall be provided on the coherence with Union policies on development cooperation. The Union provides a strong legal basis for development cooperation in the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union. In accordance with Article 208(1) TFEU, the Union "shall take account of the objectives of development cooperation in the policies that it implements which are likely to affect developing countries." The Union and the Member States, as laid down in Article 208(2) TFEU, "shall comply with the commitments and take account of the objectives they have approved in the context of the United Nations and other competent international organisations." Additional information on each individual transaction shall include:

• In the case of transactions in Heavily Indebted Poor Countries: ECAs shall report on the number and value of projects to IDA countries and provide the methodology for applying the country-

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specific debt sustainability framework and for ensuring that expenditure is for productive purposes only. This shall include a client's statement that no illegal payments related to a contract were made. Any contravention of the ban on illegal payment should entail cancellation of the state's obligation to pay.

• In the case of tied aid credits: ECAs shall report on the number and value of tied aid projects using the classification in the OECD Arrangement and on the methodology used to ensure compliance with the arrangements;

•In the case of implementation of projects: ECAs shall provide information on the measures taken by the applicant to respect the applicable environmental, social and human rights legislation in the host country and international best practices, including EU principles and standards, as derived from EU policy and law. This shall include a client's statement that it will respect the applicable law of the host country and international best practices;

• ECAs shall provide information on clients' respect for international and national criminal law. This shall include a client's statement that it will respect international and national criminal law;

• In the case of dam projects: ECAs shall provide information on clients' compliance with the Guidelines of the World Commission on Dams;

• In the case of extractive Industries projects: ECAs shall provide information on clients' compliance with the World Bank's extractive Industries Review's recommendations.

ECAs shall make project assessment information readily available to affected communities, NGOs and other interested parties in advance of an application being approved. This information shall include

environmental and social impact assessment for all projects, and the names of the companies involved.

Furthermore, public disclosure of sustainable development impact assessments shall be done before ECA support is granted.

PART B) Climate change

ECAs will contribute to the Union's commitment and obligations under the UN Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC), in line with Article 208 TFEU.

The integration of European climate policies in ECAs operations where applicable, may include:

• Annual detailed reporting regarding the full carbon footprint of ECA supported projects, or the localised and regional effects of individual projects;

• An analysis of the carbon footprint to be included in the environmental assessment procedure to determine whether project proposals maximise energy-efficiency improvements;

• The introduction of an exclusion list of types of projects/technologies ECAs will not support, including the phasing out of financial transactions for fossil fuel projects;

• The definition of clear CO2 emission reduction targets for both the long term and the short term and an annual emissions cap;

• The definition of appraisal procedures to take account of the needs of developing countries in relation to climate change and development, as identified in UNFCCC National Adaptation Programmes of Action (NAPAs), and EU Regional and Country Strategy Papers (RSPs/CSPs);

• The definition of objectives on renewable energy, in line with the regional/country strategy plans.

Justification

The annex includes a wide range of issues aimed at complying with Article 208 TFEU and plug important gaps such as the absence of any reference to human rights standards within the Common Approaches. The annex also seeks to establish an arrangement by which the EU should provide an annual report on transactions by or on behalf of a government for export of goods and/or services within the scope of the Arrangement. Also, the scope of the Common Approaches must be widened to ensure that all official support provided by ECAs is covered, not only transactions with a repayment term of two years or more. Finally, the part devoted to climate change highlights the EU's international commitments on climate change in order to phase out fossil fuel subsidies over the medium term and provide targeted support to enable the poorest countries adapt to climate change.

Title	Application of certain guidelines in the field of officially supported export credits
References	COM(2006)0456 - C7-0050/2010 - 2006/0167(COD)
Committee responsible	INTA
Opinion by Date announced in plenary	DEVE 9.9.2010
Rapporteur Date appointed	Bart Staes 3.6.2010
Discussed in committee	30.8.2010
Date adopted	26.10.2010
Result of final vote	$\begin{array}{ccc} +: & 20 \\ -: & 0 \\ 0: & 0 \end{array}$
Members present for the final vote	Thijs Berman, Michael Cashman, Véronique De Keyser, Nirj Deva, Charles Goerens, Catherine Grèze, Enrique Guerrero Salom, András Gyürk, Eva Joly, Filip Kaczmarek, Franziska Keller, Gay Mitchell, Norbert Neuser, Bill Newton Dunn, Birgit Schnieber-Jastram
Substitute(s) present for the final vote	Horst Schnellhardt, Bart Staes
Substitute(s) under Rule 187(2) present for the final vote	Eider Gardiazábal Rubial, Anna Ibrisagic, Miroslav Mikolášik

PROCEDURE