## Question for written answer E-011817/2015

## to the Commission

Rule 130

## Georges Bach (PPE) and Frédérique Ries (ALDE)

Subject: Road safety
In 2010 the average power of a new car sold in the EU was 84 kW , compared with 74 kW in 2001, which constitutes a 13.5 \% increase. In 2001 the average top speed of a new car sold in the EU was $180 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ compared with $185 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ in 2010.

The European Transport Safety Council has stressed that a large majority of cars are greatly overpowered for the conditions in which they are actually used and that most new cars today can exceed $130 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ by at least an additional $40 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$. Top speeds of common cars range from approximately $160 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ to nearly $300 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$.

- Does the Commission agree that a better match between the top speed capability and the speed at which one can drive safely on public roads would help to improve road safety?
- Would a binding top speed for vehicles such as trucks, buses and coaches be advisable for ensuring safer roads?
- Does the Commission consider it desirable to introduce a limit on the power that a car's engine can deliver?

