Question for written answer E-006972/2020 to the Commission Rule 138 Mircea-Gheorghe Hava (PPE)

Subject: Financing of energy efficiency in residential buildings under the new MFF and the RRF

The ECA recently assessed whether EU co-funded energy efficiency investments in buildings had been cost-effective in helping the EU towards achieving its 2020 energy saving target. The ECA concluded that the operational programmes and the project selection were not driven by a cost-effectiveness rationale.¹ At the same time, the Commission's objective is to at least double the energy renovation rate of buildings by 2030.²

In the context of the negotiations with the Member States on allocations under the new MFF and RRF, can the Commission indicate:

- 1. What broad guidelines and recommendations it will provide the Member States as regards the planning, selection and monitoring of projects to fund energy efficiency in residential buildings?
- 2. Whether, when assessing the projects, points-based criteria will be used that trigger payment of a higher grant component, at a ratio that is cost effective in terms of the non-repayable amount invested in the smart and in-depth renovation of buildings as compared to the greater energy savings?
- 3. What main sources of co-funding it will approve for investment projects to improve the energy efficiency of residential buildings (be these single-occupant or multi-occupant)?

¹ Special Report No 11/2020 of the European Court of Auditors pursuant to the second subparagraph of Article 287(4) TFEU;

² https://ec.europa.eu/energy/sites/ener/files/eu_renovation_wave_strategy.pdf