Question for written answer E-003814/2021 to the Commission Rule 138 David McAllister (PPE)

Subject: Protect our resources with a sustainable economy

Sustainable growth is economic progress that does not depend on resource consumption. Closing material loops unlocks new economic potential and protects our natural resources. Aside from conserving natural resources, it saves energy, cuts emissions, creates jobs, and safeguards the prosperity and competitiveness of the European economy. In an increasing number of sectors, raw material bottlenecks are impeding Europe's economic development.

- 1. What is the Commission doing to incentivise the generation of less waste, development of low-waste products and improvements to processes for reusing recycled materials?
- 2. What steps is it taking to promote the use of recycling-derived products in the EU?
- 3. How does it plan to harness recycling processes to ensure raw material security?