Question for written answer E-005475/2021 to the Commission Rule 138 Julie Lechanteux (ID)

Subject: COVID-19: duration of vaccine effectiveness

Following the Belgian government's decision of 26 November to make the COVID-19 booster vaccines available to the general public, the European institutions in Brussels were given the green light to launch a booster campaign starting on 1 December.

On 29 November the Medical Service of the European Parliament informed Members and officials of the possibility of having a booster from 1 December, according to the following schedule: two months after the single dose of Johnson & Johnson vaccine; four months after the second dose of AstraZeneca vaccine; six months after the second injection of mRNA vaccines (Pfizer or Moderna).

- 1. Should it be inferred from this that the duration of the actual effectiveness of vaccines is only two months at most for single-dose vaccines and six months at most for the double-dose vaccines?
- 2. What is the duration of the effectiveness of vaccines for which manufacturers have committed themselves by signing early purchase contracts with the European Commission?