The Commission Staff Working Document\(^1\) focuses on the response in and cooperation with third countries faced with displacement and migration related to climate change. According to available data, such population movements mostly affect developing countries and remain confined within the borders of the affected states. The objective is to decrease vulnerability to climate change and the consequences thereof, address the needs of the most vulnerable, and support countries to provide durable solutions for the affected populations as quickly as possible.

When it comes to the humanitarian response, the EU intervenes according to the identified needs. For example, in response to the recent floods in Pakistan, the EU has mobilised so far EUR 2.35 million of humanitarian assistance, including for the displaced populations (over 600,000 persons currently in relief camps)\(^2\). The EU also continues to strengthen disaster preparedness and anticipatory action. Through thematic funding under the Neighbourhood, Development, and International Cooperation Instrument - Global Europe (NDICI-GE), the EU has set aside EUR10 million to assess proposals to set up pilot actions in a selection of countries across all continents\(^3\). Moreover, many past or ongoing projects with climate change and environmental related objectives contribute to strengthening disaster preparedness, resilience and durable solutions for displaced communities. The EU will continue to ensure that such funding is properly managed using the mechanisms set out in Humanitarian Aid Regulation\(^4\) and the Global Europe Regulation\(^5\). Under the NDICI-GE, an indicative 30% of the overall budget will directly or indirectly contribute to addressing climate change related issues.

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\(^3\) Commission Implementing Decision on the financing of the multiannual action plan for the thematic programme on Global Challenges (People) for 2022-2024, [C(2022) 6137 final](https://ec.europa.eu/transparency/documents-register/detail?ref=C(2022)6137&lang=en)
