Question for written answer E-003571/2022 to the Commission

Rule 138

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Subject: Implementation of Directive 2001/42/EC on the assessment of the effects of certain plans

and programmes on the environment

A basic principle of urban planning is compliance with the provisions of Directive 2001/42/EC that require an environmental impact assessment to be carried out prior to the submission of any specific plan or programme likely to have a significant effect on the environment.

The CJEU has ruled that SEAs are also compulsory for the modification or specific implementation of a wider urban planning provisions, ensuring that the requisite survey relates more closely to the final plan (C-473/14 Municipality of Kropia, Attica, 10.9.2015). Moreover, under recent case law, such technical studies are required to meet higher quality standards and be more complete.

In the meantime, however, a number of municipalities along the Athens coast have initiated urban development plans prior to the entry into force of the new case law, resulting in specific allegations of non-compliance with EU provisions.

Given the need for the Commission to play a substantial role in ensuring the proper implementation of EU environmental law:

- Does it pay due regard to specific accusations of non-compliance, given that such allegations in many cases provide the only opening for a full assessment of the substantive correctness of EU law?
- 2. Regarding complaint CHAP(2022)01370 relating to Presidential Decree 8/22.7.2016, what action has it taken to ascertain whether the specific urban planning provisions for the Athens coastline are in line with EU environmental legislation?
- How does it intend to ensure the proper implementation of the rules in this particular case?

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