Question for written answer E-001752/2023 to the Commission

Rule 138 Guido Reil (ID)

Subject: Reform of the EU Customs Union

On 17 May 2023, the Commission published its proposal for reforming the EU Customs Union. The aim is to create a 'simpler, smarter and secure Customs Union'. A new EU Customs Authority will oversee an EU Customs Data Hub, which will act as the engine of the new system.

In my view, any changes should primarily contribute to:

- strengthening the competitiveness of the EU economy;
- rendering economic processes and operations in customs legislation and customs clearance flexible;
- lessening the burden on reliable businesses and the customs administration by focusing on key risks and reducing red tape;
- assisting small and medium-sized enterprises in the conduct of customs processes in foreign trade.

I should therefore like to ask the following:

- 1. Does the Commission share my view that the collection of customs duties should primarily serve as an economic policy instrument rather than a purely fiscal instrument to fill the EU coffers, and that the scope for error and the effort involved in checking customs declarations should be reduced?
- 2. If so, are marginal tariff rates of less than two per cent coming under careful scrutiny?
- 3. Will the tariff rates defined in the EU Common Customs Tariff (TARIC) be clustered and decimal places eliminated?

Submitted: 1.6.2023