

**Question for written answer E-003375/2023
to the Commission**

Rule 138

Raphaël Glucksmann (S&D)

Subject: Fraudulent imports of used cooking oil

A number of reports¹ have highlighted the risk of large-scale fraud in the used cooking oil sector. It is claimed that exports of purportedly used oil from Asia, particularly from China, in fact come from palm oil.

Any such imports would not only not comply with EU sustainability criteria, they would also contravene the anti-dumping measures adopted against Indonesian oil exports.

Furthermore, this would be something that would disrupt the European market and pose a serious threat to European producers², as well as jeopardising the EU's greenhouse gas emission reduction targets.

1. In light of this situation, what is the Commission doing to stop fraudulent imports of used oil?
2. What specific measures does it intend to take, and when?

Submitted: 15.11.2023

¹ <https://www.euractiv.com/section/agrifuels/news/industry-source-one-third-of-used-cooking-oil-in-europe-is-fraudulent/>; <https://theicct.org/publication/asia-fuels-waste-oil-estimates-feb22/>;
<https://www.farmersjournal.ie/more/renewables/fuel-fraud-the-risk-with-biofuels-776939>

² <https://www.ewaba.eu/uploads/resources/EWABALetterCNTradeFlows1June23.pdf>