OPINION

of the Committee on Industry, Research and Energy

for the Committee on the Environment, Public Health and Food Safety

on the proposal for a regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council on binding annual greenhouse gas emission reductions by Member States from 2021 to 2030 for a resilient Energy Union and to meet commitments under the Paris Agreement and amending Regulation No 525/2013 of the European Parliament and the Council on a mechanism for monitoring and reporting greenhouse gas emissions and other information relevant to climate change (COM(2016)0482 – C8-0331/2016 – 2016/0231(COD))

Rapporteur: Benedek Jávor
AMENDMENTS

The Committee on Industry, Research and Energy calls on the Committee on the Environment, Public Health and Food Safety, as the committee responsible, to take into account the following amendments:

Amendment 1

Proposal for a regulation
Citation 1 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

Having regard to Protocol No 1 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union on the role of national parliaments in the European Union,

Amendment 2

Proposal for a regulation
Citation 1 b (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

Having regard to Protocol No 2 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union on the application of the principles of subsidiarity and proportionality,

Amendment 3

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 3

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(3) On 10 June 2016 the Commission presented the proposal for the EU to ratify the Paris agreement. This legislative proposal forms part of the implementation of the EU’s commitment in the Paris agreement. The Union's commitment to economy-wide emission reductions was confirmed in the intended nationally determined contribution of the Union and

(3) The Paris Agreement signed by the EU entered into force on 4 November 2016. This legislative proposal forms part of the implementation of the EU's commitment in the Paris agreement to strengthen the global response to the threat of climate change through holding the increase of global temperature to well below 2°C above pre-industrial levels and
its Member States that was submitted to the Secretariat of the UNFCCC on 6 March 2015.

to pursue efforts to limit the temperature increase to 1.5°C above pre-industrial levels while reducing domestic greenhouse gas emissions, conserving and enhancing sinks and reservoirs of greenhouse gases and safeguarding food security. The Union's commitment to economy-wide emission reductions was confirmed in the intended nationally determined contribution of the Union and its Member States that was submitted to the Secretariat of the UNFCCC on 6 March 2015. In accordance with the Paris Agreement, Member States are to continue to reduce their greenhouse gas emissions covered by this Regulation beyond 2030 so that, consistent with the Union’s Energy Roadmap 2050 set out in Commission’s communication of 15 December 2011, by 2050 it leads to a reduction in the overall Union greenhouse gas emissions of 80 to 95% compared to 1990 levels.

Amendment 4
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 5

Text proposed by the Commission

(5) The transition to clean energy requires changes in investment behaviour and incentives across the entire policy spectrum. It is a key Union priority to establish a resilient Energy Union to provide secure, sustainable, competitive and affordable energy to its citizens. Achieving this requires continuation of ambitious climate action with this Regulation and progress on the other aspects of Energy Union as set out in the Framework Strategy for a Resilient Energy Union with a Forward-Looking Climate Change Policy.16.

Amendment

(5) The transition to clean energy requires changes in investment behaviour and incentives across the entire policy spectrum, starting with the reduction and optimisation of energy consumption. It is a key Union priority to establish a resilient Energy Union to provide secure, sustainable, competitive and affordable energy to its citizens. Achieving this requires continuation of ambitious climate action with this Regulation and progress on the other aspects of Energy Union as set out in the Framework Strategy for a Resilient Energy Union with a Forward-Looking Climate Change Policy.16.
Justification

It is energy saving actions that have the shortest and most effective amortisation period and the lowest implementation costs.

Amendment 5

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 9

Text proposed by the Commission

(9) The approach of annually binding national limits taken in Decision No 406/2009/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council should be continued from 2021 to 2030, with the start of the trajectory calculation in 2020 on the average of the greenhouse gas emissions during 2016 to 2018 and the end of the trajectory being the 2030 limit for each Member State. An adjustment to the allocation in 2021 is provided for Member States with both a positive limit under Decision 406/2009/EC and increasing annual emission allocations between 2017 and 2020 determined pursuant to Decisions 2013/162/EU and 2013/634/EU, to reflect the capacity for increased emissions in those years. The European Council concluded that the availability and use of existing flexibility instruments within the non-ETS sectors should be significantly enhanced in order to ensure cost-effectiveness of the collective Union effort and convergence of emissions per capita by 2030.

19 Decision No 406/2009/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 April 2009 on the effort of Member States to reduce their greenhouse gas emissions to meet the Community’s greenhouse gas emission reduction commitments up to 2020 (OJ L 140, 19

Amendment

(9) The approach of annually binding national limits taken in Decision No 406/2009/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council should be continued from 2021 to 2030, with the start of the trajectory calculation in 2020 on the average of the greenhouse gas emissions during 2016 to 2018 and using the 2020 targets established under Decision No 406/2009/EC as a maximum limit and the end of the trajectory being the 2030 limit for each Member State, using whichever value is lower. The European Council concluded that the availability and use of existing flexibility instruments within the non-ETS sectors should be significantly enhanced in order to ensure cost-effectiveness of the collective Union effort and convergence of emissions per capita by 2030.

19 Decision No 406/2009/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 April 2009 on the effort of Member States to reduce their greenhouse gas emissions to meet the Community’s greenhouse gas emission reduction commitments up to 2020 (OJ L 140,
Amendment 6
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 11 a (new)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Text proposed by the Commission</th>
<th>Amendment</th>
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<tr>
<td>(11a) This Regulation provides an incentive for emission reductions consistent with other Union legal acts on climate and energy. Given that over 75% of the greenhouse gas emissions are energy-related, increased efficiency of energy use and energy savings will play an important role in delivering such emissions reductions. Ambitious energy efficiency policies are therefore key not only for higher fossil fuel import savings ensuring energy security and lower consumer bills, but also for an increased uptake of energy-saving technologies in buildings, industry and transport, the strengthening of economic competitiveness, local job creation as well as improving health conditions and tackling energy poverty. Paying for themselves over time, measures taken in sectors covered by this Regulation are a cost-effective way of helping Member States achieve their targets under this Regulation. Accordingly, when translating this Regulation into national policies, it is important that Member States pay particular attention to the specific and different potentials for energy efficiency improvements and investments across sectors.</td>
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Amendment 7
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 11 b (new)
In order to reduce emissions in the agricultural sector, Member States should include in their emissions roadmap actions which are aimed at improving the cost-effective mitigation potential of that sector and better exploit funding instruments under the common agricultural policy (CAP) to promote sustainable practices in the sector. In accordance with Article 14, the European Commission will assess and report to the European Parliament and to the Council on the actual progress made as regards cost-effective reductions of non-CO2 agricultural emissions and make proposals to alter the amount of net removals that can be used from managed cropland, managed grassland and managed wetland accordingly, if appropriate.

Compromise Amendment Amendment 8

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 12

(12) Regulation [ ] [on the inclusion of greenhouse gas emissions and removals from land use, land use change and forestry into the 2030 climate and energy framework] lays down accounting rules on greenhouse gas emissions and removals relating to land use, land-use change and forestry (LULUCF). While the environmental outcome under this Regulation in terms of the levels of greenhouse gas emission reductions that are made is affected by taking into account a quantity up to the sum of total net removals and total net emissions from deforested land, afforested land, managed cropland and managed grassland as defined
in Regulation [ ], flexibility for a maximum quantity of 280 million tonnes of CO2 equivalent of these removals divided among Member States according to the figures in Annex III should be included as an additional possibility for Member States to meet their commitments when needed. Where the delegated act to update the forest reference levels based on the national forestry accounting plans pursuant to Article 8 (6) of Regulation [LULUCF] is adopted, the power to adopt acts in accordance with Article 290 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union should be delegated to the Commission in respect of Article 7 to reflect a contribution of the accounting category managed forest land in the flexibility provided by that Article. Before adopting such a delegated act, the Commission should evaluate the robustness of accounting for managed forest land based on available data, and in particular the consistency of projected and actual harvesting rates. In addition, the possibility to voluntarily delete annual emission allocation units should be allowed under this Regulation in order to allow for such amounts to be taken into account when assessing Member States' compliance with requirements under Regulation [ ].

**Amendment 9**

**Proposal for a regulation**

**Recital 13**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(13) In order to ensure efficient, transparent and cost-effective reporting and verification of greenhouse gas emissions and of other information necessary to assess progress with Member State's annual emissions allocations, the requirements for

*Amendment*

(13) In order to ensure efficient, transparent and cost-effective reporting and verification of greenhouse gas emissions and of other information necessary to assess progress with Member State's annual emissions allocations, the requirements for
annual reporting and evaluation under this Regulation are integrated with the relevant Articles under Regulation (EU) No. 525/2013, which should therefore be amended accordingly. The amendment of that Regulation should also ensure that progress of Member States in making emission reductions continues to be evaluated annually, taking into account progress in Union policies and measures and information from Member States. Every two years, the evaluation should include the projected progress of the Union towards meeting its reduction commitments and of Member States towards fulfilling their obligations. **However**, the application of deductions should only be considered at *five-year* intervals, *so that the potential contribution from deforested land, afforested land, managed cropland and managed grassland taking place pursuant to Regulation [ ] can be considered*. This is without prejudice to the duty of the Commission to ensure compliance with the obligations of Member States resulting from this Regulation or to the power of the Commission to initiate infringement proceedings for this purpose.

Amendment 10

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 13 a (new)

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(13a) Given that the sectors covered by this Regulation emit more than half of the Union’s greenhouse gas emissions, the implementation of policies and measures aiming at the reduction of emission in those sectors will have a major impact on the environment. It is therefore necessary
to ensure transparency in the monitoring, reporting and follow up of Member States’ efforts to meet their targets under this Regulation, in particular when enhanced flexibilities apply, in accordance with the United Nations Economic Commission for Europe (UNECE) Convention on Access to Information, Public Participation in Decision-making and Access to Justice in Environmental Matters of 25 June 1998 (the Aarhus Convention) and Directive 2001/42/EC. Accordingly, it is important that Member States and the Commission consult stakeholders and the public and give them early and effective opportunities to participate in the preparation of the national reporting exercise, the corrective action plans and to ensure their proper involvement in the review process of this Regulation.

Amendment 11

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 14

Text proposed by the Commission

(14) As a means to enhance the overall cost-effectiveness of total reductions, Member States should be able to transfer part of their annual emission allocation to other Member States. The transparency of such transfers should be ensured and may be carried out in a manner that is mutually convenient, including by means of auctioning, the use of market intermediaries acting on an agency basis, or by way of bilateral arrangements.

Amendment

(14) As a means to enhance the overall cost-effectiveness of total reductions, Member States should be able to transfer part of their annual emission allocation to other Member States. The transparency of such transfers should be ensured and may be carried out in a manner that is mutually convenient, including by means of auctioning, the use of market intermediaries acting on an agency basis, or by way of bilateral arrangements. **It is important that the revenue of such transfers is made available for building renovation projects, in particular for low income households affected by energy poverty and social housing in line with the Energy Efficiency Directive [...].**
Justification

Revenues from the transfers, combined with other EU financial instruments, can leverage a significant amount of investments in building renovations. Furthermore, linking it to the proposed Energy Efficiency Directive (COM(2016) 761) Article 7 requiring Member States to specifically target low income households and affected by energy poverty as well as social housing when designing energy efficiency measures.

Amendment 12

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 15

Text proposed by the Commission

(15) The European Environment Agency aims to support sustainable development and to help achieve significant and measurable improvement in Europe’s environment by providing timely, targeted, relevant and reliable information to policy-makers, public institutions and the public. The European Environment Agency should assist the Commission, as appropriate in accordance with its annual work programme.

Amendment

(15) The European Environment Agency aims to support sustainable development and to help achieve significant and measurable improvement in Europe’s environment by providing timely, targeted, relevant and reliable information to policy-makers, public institutions and the public. The European Environment Agency should assist the Commission, as appropriate in accordance with its annual work programme and contribute directly and effectively to coping with climate change.

Amendment 13

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 20

Text proposed by the Commission

(20) This Regulation should be reviewed as of 2024 and every 5 years thereafter in order to assess its overall functioning. The review should take into account evolving national circumstances and be informed by the results of the global stocktake of the Paris Agreement.

Amendment

(20) Within six months of the facilitative dialogue to be convened under the UNFCCC in 2018, 2024 and every 5 years thereafter the Commission should submit a report to the European Parliament and to the Council in order to assess the overall functioning of this Regulation. The report should take into account evolving national circumstances and be informed by the results of the global stocktake of the Paris Agreement, and should be accompanied, where
appropriate, by legislative proposals to update this Regulation and its ambition in accordance with the evolutions emerging from the facilitative dialogue under the UNFCCC, and the latest scientific findings of the IPCC.

Amendment 14

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 20 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(20a) An additional review should be conducted by the Commission in the event of a Member State exiting the Union under Article 50 of the Treaty on European Union (TEU), in order to take into account economic consequences of that exit as well as how to ensure the environmental integrity of this Regulation in line with the EU’s commitment under the Paris Agreement.

Amendment 15

Proposal for a regulation
Article 1 – paragraph -1 (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

The ultimate objective of this Regulation is to contribute to the fulfilment of the Union’s and Member States’ commitment under the UNFCC and the Paris Agreement to reduce greenhouse gas emissions with the aim of holding the increase of global temperature to well below 2°C above pre-industrial levels and to pursue efforts to limit the temperature increase to 1,5°C above pre-industrial levels.
Amendment 16

Proposal for a regulation
Article 1 – paragraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

This Regulation lays down obligations on the minimum contributions of Member States to meeting the greenhouse gas emission reduction commitment of the Union for the period from 2021 to 2030, rules on determining annual emission allocations and for the evaluation of Member States’ progress towards meeting their minimum contributions.

Amendment

This Regulation requires Member States to reach the targets set out in Annex I, in order to reduce collectively the Union’s greenhouse gas emissions referred to in Article 2 by at least 30% in 2030 compared to 2005. It lays down obligations on the minimum contributions of Member States to meeting the greenhouse gas emission reduction commitment of the Union for the period from 2021 to 2030, rules on determining annual emission allocations and for the evaluation of Member States’ progress towards meeting their minimum contributions.

Amendment 17

Proposal for a regulation
Article 2 – paragraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

1. This Regulation applies to the greenhouse gas emissions from IPCC source categories of energy, industrial processes and product use, agriculture and waste as determined pursuant to Regulation (EU) No 525/2013, excluding emissions from the activities listed in Annex I to Directive 2003/87/EC.

Amendment

1. This Regulation applies to the greenhouse gas emissions from IPCC source categories of energy, industrial processes and product use, agriculture and waste as determined pursuant to Regulation (EU) No 525/2013, excluding emissions from the activities listed in Annex I to Directive 2003/87/EC. Bioenergy is treated as carbon neutral for the purposes of this Regulation.

Justification

Carbon neutrality is consistent with the IPCC methodologies and the UNFCCC reporting practices. GHG emissions that are already taken into account in the LULUCF sector should not be double counted in the energy sector.
2. Subject to the flexibilities provided for in Articles 5, 6 and 7, to the adjustment pursuant to Article 10(2) and taking into account any deduction resulting from the application of Article 7 of Decision No 406/2009/EC, each Member State shall ensure that its greenhouse gas emissions in each year between 2021 and 2029 do not exceed the level defined by a linear trajectory, starting in 2020 on the average of its greenhouse gas emissions during 2016, 2017 and 2018 determined pursuant to paragraph 3 and ending in 2030 on the limit set for that Member State in Annex I to this Regulation.

3. The Commission shall adopt an implementing act setting out the annual emission allocations for the years from 2021 to 2030 in terms of tonnes of CO2 equivalent as specified in paragraphs 1 and 2. For the purposes of this implementing act, the Commission shall carry out a comprehensive review of the most recent national inventory data for the years 2005 and 2016 to 2018 submitted by Member States.
States pursuant to Article 7 of Regulation No (EU) 525/2013.

years 2005 and 2016 to 2018 submitted by Member States pursuant to Article 7 of Regulation No (EU) 525/2013.

Amendment 20

Proposal for a regulation
Article 4 – paragraph 4

_text proposed by the Commission_

4. This _implementing_ act shall also specify, based on the percentages notified by Member States under Article 6(2), the quantities that may be taken into account for their compliance under Article 9 between 2021 and 2030. If the sum of all Member States' quantities were to exceed the collective total of 100 million, the quantities for each Member State shall be reduced on a pro rata basis so that the collective total is not exceeded.

Amendment

4. This _delegated_ act shall also specify, based on the percentages notified by Member States under Article 6(2), the quantities that may be taken into account for their compliance under Article 9 between 2021 and 2030. If the sum of all Member States' quantities were to exceed the collective total of 50 million, the quantities for each Member State shall be reduced on a pro rata basis so that the collective total is not exceeded.

Amendment 21

Proposal for a regulation
Article 5 – paragraph 2

_text proposed by the Commission_

2. In respect of the years 2021 to 2029, a Member State may borrow a quantity of up to 5% from its annual emission allocation for the following year.

Amendment

2. In respect of the years 2021 to 2029, a Member State may borrow a quantity of up to 10% from its annual emission allocation for the following year.

Amendment 22

Proposal for a regulation
Article 6 – paragraph 1

_text proposed by the Commission_

1. Member States that may have a limited cancellation of up to a maximum of 100 million EU ETS allowances as defined in Article 3(a) of Directive 2003/87/EC

Amendment

1. Member States that may have a limited cancellation of up to a maximum of 50 million EU ETS allowances as defined in Article 3(a) of Directive 2003/87/EC
collectively taken into account for their compliance under this Regulation are listed in Annex II to this Regulation.

**Amendment 23**

Proposal for a regulation
Article 6 – paragraph 3

*Text proposed by the Commission*

3. At a Member State's request, the Central Administrator designated under Article 20 of Directive 2003/87/EC (thereafter "the Central Administrator") shall take into account the quantity referred to in Article 4(4) for that Member State's compliance under Article 9. One-tenth of the quantity of allowances determined pursuant to Article 4(4) shall be cancelled pursuant to Article 12(4) of Directive 2003/87/EC for each year from 2021 to 2030.

*Amendment*

3. At a Member State's request, the Central Administrator designated under Article 20 of Directive 2003/87/EC (thereafter "the Central Administrator") shall take into account the quantity referred to in Article 4(4) for that Member State's compliance under Article 9. One-tenth of the quantity of allowances determined pursuant to Article 4(4) shall be cancelled for each year from 2021 to 2030. In order not to distort the feeding of the market stability reserve, Article 1(4) of Decision (EU) 2015/1814 concerning the establishment and operation of a market stability reserve for the Union greenhouse gas emission trading scheme shall not take into account the quantity of allowances cancelled under this paragraph for the determination of the total number of allowances in circulation.

**Amendment 24**

Proposal for a regulation
Article 7 – title

*Text proposed by the Commission*

Additional use of up to 280 million net removals from deforested land, afforested land, managed cropland and managed grassland

*Amendment*

Additional use of up to 280 million net removals from deforested land, afforested land, managed cropland, managed grassland and managed wetland.
Amendment 25

Proposal for a regulation
Article 7 – paragraph 1 – introductory part

Text proposed by the Commission

1. To the extent that a Member State's emissions exceed its annual emission allocations for a given year, a quantity up to the sum of total net removals and total net emissions from the combined accounting categories of deforested land, afforested land, managed cropland and managed grassland referred to in Article 2 of Regulation [ ] [LULUCF] may be taken into account for its compliance under Article 9 of this Regulation for that year, provided that:

Amendment

1. To the extent that a Member State's emissions exceed its annual emission allocations for a given year, a quantity up to the sum of total net removals and total net emissions from the combined accounting categories of deforested land, afforested land, managed cropland, managed grassland and managed wetland referred to in Article 2 of Regulation [ ] [LULUCF] may be taken into account for its compliance under Article 9 of this Regulation for that year, provided that:

Amendment 26

Proposal for a regulation
Article 7 – paragraph 1 – point -a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

(-a) the Member State has, by 30 June 2019 and every five years thereafter, submitted an action plan to the Commission, that sets out the actions and financial measures that the Member State shall implement in order to ensure that any net removals in excess of the requirements under Article 4 of Regulation [ ][LULUCF] are maintained over the five-year periods set out in Article 9(2); that action plan shall, inter alia, address the use of relevant Union financing for climate change mitigation;

Amendment
Amendment 27
Proposal for a regulation
Article 7 – paragraph 2

2. Where the delegated act to update the forest reference levels based on the national forestry accounting plans pursuant to Article 8 (6) of Regulation [LULUCF] is adopted, the Commission shall be empowered to adopt a delegated act to modify paragraph 1 of this Article in order to reflect a contribution of the accounting category managed forest land in accordance with Article 12 of this Regulation.

Amendment 28
Proposal for a regulation
Article 9 – paragraph 1 – introductory part

1. In 2027 and 2032, if the reviewed greenhouse gas emissions of a Member State exceed its annual emission allocation for any specific year of the period, pursuant to paragraph 2 of this Article and the flexibilities used pursuant to Articles 5 to 7, the following measures shall apply:

Amendment 29
Proposal for a regulation
Article 11 – paragraph 1

1. The Commission shall ensure the
accurate accounting under this Regulation through the Union Registry established pursuant to Article 10 of Regulation (EU) No 525/2013, including annual emission allocations, flexibilities exercised under Article 4 to 7, compliance under Article 9 and changes in coverage under Article 10 of this Regulation. The Central Administrator shall conduct an automated check on each transaction under this Regulation and, where necessary, block transactions to ensure there are no irregularities. This information shall be accessible to the public.

Amendment 30

Proposal for a regulation
Article 12 – paragraph 2

Text proposed by the Commission

2. The power to adopt delegated acts referred to in Article 7(2) and 11 of this Regulation shall be conferred on the Commission for an indeterminate period of time from the entry into force of this Regulation.

Amendment

2. The power to adopt delegated acts referred to in Article 4(3), 7(2) and 11 of this Regulation shall be conferred on the Commission for an indeterminate period of time from the entry into force of this Regulation.

Amendment 31

Proposal for a regulation
Article 12 – paragraph 4

Text proposed by the Commission

4. Before adopting a delegated act, the Commission shall consult experts designated by each Member State in accordance with the principles laid down in the Interinstitutional Agreement on Better Law-Making of 13 April 2016.

Amendment

4. Before adopting a delegated act, the Commission shall consult experts designated by each Member State and the European Parliament in accordance with the principles laid down in the Interinstitutional Agreement on Better Law-Making of 13 April 2016.
Amendment 32

Proposal for a regulation
Article 13

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

Article 13 deleted

Committee procedure

1. The Commission shall be assisted by the Climate Change Committee established by Regulation (EU) No 525/2013. That Committee shall be a committee within the meaning of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011.

2. Where reference is made to this paragraph, Article 5 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 shall apply.

Amendment 33

Proposal for a regulation
Article 14 – paragraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

The Commission shall report to the European Parliament and to the Council by 28 February 2024 and every five years thereafter on the operation of this Regulation, its contribution to the EU’s overall 2030 greenhouse gas emission reduction target and its contribution to the goals of the Paris Agreement, and may make proposals if appropriate.

Within six months of the end of the facilitative dialogue under the UNFCCC in 2018, and by 28 February 2024 and every five years thereafter, the Commission shall submit a report to the European Parliament and to the Council on the operation of this Regulation, its contribution to the EU’s overall 2030, 2040 and 2050 greenhouse gas emission reduction targets and assess its contribution to the long-term mitigation goals of the Paris Agreement, taking into account the latest scientific findings of the IPCC as well as the need to update this Regulation in the light of the global stocktaking to enhance the Union’s climate action. The report shall be accompanied, where appropriate, by
Amendment 34

Proposal for a regulation
Article 14 – paragraph 1a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

In the event that a Member State withdraws from the Union under Article 50 TEU after the publication of this Regulation in the Official Journal of the European Union, the Commission shall report to the European Parliament and to the Council no later than one year following the date of entry into force of the withdrawal agreement or, failing that, three years after the notification referred to in Article 50(2) TEU, and every year thereafter, regarding the economic consequences of such withdrawal on each Member State as well as how to ensure the environmental integrity of this Regulation in line with the EU’s commitment under the Paris Agreement, and shall make proposals if appropriate.

Amendment 35

Proposal for a regulation
Article 15 – paragraph 1 – point 5 a (new)

Regulation (EU) No 525/2013
Article 21 – paragraph 3

Present text

Amendment

(5a) in Article 21, paragraph 3 is replaced by the following:

‘3. By 31 October each year, the Commission shall submit a report summarising the conclusions of the assessments provided for in paragraphs 1 and 2 to the European Parliament and to the Council.’

‘3. By 31 October each year, the Commission shall submit a report summarising the conclusions of the assessments provided for in paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a to the European Parliament and to the Council.’
## PROCEDURE – COMMITTEE ASKED FOR OPINION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Title</strong></th>
<th>Binding annual greenhouse gas emission reductions by Member States from 2021 to 2030 for a resilient Energy Union and to meet commitments under the Paris Agreement and amending Regulation No 525/2013 of the European Parliament and the Council on a mechanism for monitoring and reporting greenhouse gas emissions and other information relevant to climate change</th>
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<td>COM(2016)0482 – C8-0331/2016 – 2016/0231(COD)</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Committee responsible</strong></td>
<td>ENVI 12.9.2016</td>
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<td><strong>Date announced in plenary</strong></td>
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<td><strong>Opinion by</strong></td>
<td>ITRE 12.9.2016</td>
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<td><strong>Date announced in plenary</strong></td>
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<td><strong>Date appointed</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Discussed in committee</strong></td>
<td>28.11.2016 12.1.2017</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Date adopted</strong></td>
<td>22.3.2017</td>
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<td><strong>Result of final vote</strong></td>
<td>+: 35  --: 28  0: 0</td>
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<td><strong>Substitutes present for the final vote</strong></td>
<td>Mario Borghezio, Soledad Cabezón Ruiz, Jens Geier, Benedek Jávor, Olle Ludvigsson, Piernicola Pedeicini, Sofia Sakorafa, Anne Sander, Maria Spyraki, Marco Zullo</td>
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<td><strong>Substitutes under Rule 200(2) present for the final vote</strong></td>
<td>Isabella Adinolfi, Arndt Kohn, Maria Noichl, Pavel Poc</td>
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**FINAL VOTE BY ROLL CALL IN COMMITTEE ASKED FOR OPINION**

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<td>Xabier Benito Ziluaga, Paloma López Bermejo, Sofia Sakorafa, Neoklis Sylikiotis</td>
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<td>VERTS/ALE</td>
<td>Reinhard Bütikofer, Rebecca Harms, Benedek Jávor, Michel Reimon, Claude Turmes</td>
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Key to symbols:
+ : in favour
- : against
0 : abstention