## OPINION

of the Committee on Civil Liberties, Justice and Home Affairs
for the Committee on Economic and Monetary Affairs
on the proposal for a regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council establishing a European single access point providing centralised access to publicly available information of relevance to financial services, capital markets and sustainability
(COM(2021)0723 - C9-0434/2021 - 2021/0378(COD))

Rapporteur for opinion: Emil Radev

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## AMENDMENTS

The Committee on Civil Liberties, Justice and Home Affairs calls on the Committee on Economic and Monetary Affairs, as the committee responsible, to take into account the following amendments:

## Amendment 1

## Proposal for a regulation

## Recital 2

Text proposed by the Commission
(2) Easy access to data is important in order for decision makers in the economy and society to make sound decisions that serve the efficient functioning of the market. Rolling out common European data spaces in crucial sectors, including the financial sector, would serve that purpose. The financial sector is undergoing a digital transformation, which is expected to continue in the coming years, and the Union should support that transformation, in particular by promoting data-driven finance. Furthermore, putting sustainable finance at the heart of the financial system is a key means to achieving a green transition of the economy of the Union. For the green transition to succeed through sustainable finance, it is essential that information related to the sustainability of businesses is easily accessible to investors so that they are better informed when making decisions about investments. For those purposes, public access to entities' information such as companies, businesses, financial institutions, financial and nonfinancial information needs to be improved. An efficient means to do so at Union level is to establish a centralised platform, a European single access point ("ESAP"), giving electronic access to all relevant information.

## Amendment

(2) Easy and structured access to data is important in order for decision makers in the economy and society to make sound
informed, and environmentally and socially responsible investment decisions that serve the efficient functioning of the market. Rolling out common European data spaces in crucial sectors, including the financial sector, would serve that purpose. The financial sector is undergoing a digital transformation, which is expected to continue in the coming years, and the Union should support that transformation, in particular by promoting data-driven finance. Furthermore, putting sustainable finance at the heart of the financial system is a key means to achieving a green transition of the economy of the Union. For the green transition to succeed through sustainable finance, it is essential that information related to the sustainability of businesses is easily accessible to investors so that they are better informed when making decisions about investments. For those purposes, public access to entities' information such as companies, businesses, financial institutions, financial and nonfinancial information needs to be improved. An efficient means to do so at Union level is to establish a centralised platform, a European single access point ("ESAP"), giving electronic access to all relevant information.

## Amendment 2

## Proposal for a regulation

Recital 2 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

## Amendment 3

Proposal for a regulation Recital 4

Text proposed by the Commission
(4) The information to be made publicly accessible on ESAP should be collected by collection bodies designated for the purpose of collecting the information that the entities are under an obligation to make public. In order to ensure the efficient functioning of ESAP, the collection bodies should make the information available to ESAP in automated ways through a single application programming interface. For the information to be digitally usable, entities should make such information available in a data extractable format or, where required by Union law, in a machinereadable format. Compared to data extractable formats, machine-readable formats are file formats structured so that software applications can easily identify, recognise and extract specific data, including individual statements of fact, and their internal structure. To ensure that entities submit the information in the

## Amendment

(2 a) As new legislative acts, such as Regulation XXX on European green bonds, are currently under negotiation or at the point of completion, but are not listed in the Annex of this regulation, the Commission should be empowered to update the Annex to add newly adopted legislation related to the provision of financial services, capital markets and sustainability.

## Amendment

(4) The information to be made publicly accessible on ESAP should be collected by collection bodies designated for the purpose of collecting the information that the entities are under an obligation to make public. In order to ensure the efficient functioning of ESAP, the collection bodies should make the information available to ESAP in automated ways through a single application programming interface. Where possible, and subject to the decision of the relevant Member State, collection bodies designated for the purpose of collecting information that the entities are obliged to publicly disclose, should also be entrusted with collecting voluntary submissions of information. For the information to be digitally usable, entities should make such information available in a data extractable format or, where required by Union law, in a machine-readable format. Compared to data extractable formats, machine-readable
correct format and to address possible technical issues encountered by the entities, the collection bodies should provide assistance to those entities.

## Amendment 4 <br> Proposal for a regulation Recital 5

## Text proposed by the Commission

(5) Apart from the information in relation to financial services, capital markets and sustainability that has to be made public under Union law, investors, market participants, advisors and the public at large may have an interest in obtaining other information that an entity wants to make accessible. Small and medium-sized enterprises may want to make more information publicly accessible in order to become more visible to potential investors and thereby increase funding and diversify funding opportunities. Also, market participants may want to provide more information than that required by law or to make public the information required by national law but not available at Union level in order to complement the information provided to the public at the Union level. Any entity should therefore be allowed to make financial, sustainabilityrelated and other relevant information accessible on ESAP. Pursuant to the principle of data minimisation, entities should ensure that no personal data are included, except where those data constitute a necessary element of the information about their economic activities, including when the name of the entity coincides with the name of the
formats are file formats structured so that software applications can easily identify, recognise and extract specific data, including individual statements of fact, and their internal structure. To ensure that entities submit the information in the correct format and to address possible technical issues encountered by the entities, the collection bodies should provide assistance to those entities.

## Amendment

(5) Apart from the information in relation to financial services, capital markets and sustainability that has to be made public under Union law, investors, market participants, advisors and the public at large may have an interest in obtaining other information that an entity wants to make accessible. Micro, small and medium-sized enterprises may want to make more information publicly accessible in order to become more visible to potential investors and thereby increase funding and diversify funding opportunities. Also, market participants may want to provide more information than that required by law or to make public the information required by national law but not available at Union level in order to complement the information provided to the public at the Union level. Any entity should therefore be allowed to make financial, sustainability-related and other relevant information accessible on ESAP.
Entities voluntarily submitting information for accessibility on ESAP should be responsible for its quality, completeness, and accuracy. Information should be submitted in good faith and reflect the true state of affairs. Pursuant to the principle of data minimisation entities
owner. Where such information contains personal data, the entities should ensure that they can rely for such disclosure on one of the lawful grounds of processing laid down in Article 6 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council ${ }^{26}$.
${ }^{26}$ Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 April 2016 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Directive 95/46/EC (General Data Protection Regulation) (OJ L 119, 4.5.2016, p. 1).

## Amendment 5

## Proposal for a regulation

Recital 12

## Text proposed by the Commission

(12) ESAP should provide users with access to information for free and without discrimination and should make it possible for those users to search, access and download the information through ESAP. However, taking into account the need to protect ESMA from an excessive financial burden in relation to costs incurred for serving the needs of intensive users, if any, ESMA should have the ability to generate revenues. Therefore, by way of derogation from the principle that information should be accessible free of charge, ESMA should be allowed to impose fees for those specific services, including for services with high maintenance costs due to searches for very large volumes of
should ensure that no personal data are included, except where those data constitute a necessary element of the information about their economic activities, including when the name of the entity coincides with the name of the owner. Where such information contains personal data, the entities should ensure that they can rely for such disclosure on one of the lawful grounds of processing laid down in Article 6 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council ${ }^{26}$.

[^0]
## Amendment

(12) ESAP should provide all active participants in the European single market, including but not limited to investors, consumers, civil society organisations, academia, media representatives with the same access to information for free and without discrimination for the performance of their work and achieving their interests. Those users should be able to search, access and download the information through ESAP. However, taking into account the need to protect ESMA from an excessive financial burden in relation to costs incurred for serving the needs of intensive users, if any, ESMA should have the ability to generate revenues. Therefore,
information or to frequent access to ESAP. Any fees imposed should, however, not exceed the cost of the service provided.

## Amendment 6

## Proposal for a regulation Recital 13

Text proposed by the Commission
(13) To promote data-driven innovation in finance, help integrate capital markets in the European Union, channel investments into sustainable activities, and bring efficiencies for consumers and businesses, ESAP should improve access to information that include personal data. ESAP should, however, only improve access to those personal data that have to be processed pursuant to Union law, or that are processed voluntarily provided that there is a lawful ground for such processing pursuant to Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council. For any processing of personal data in the context of providing information via ESAP, the collection bodies, and ESMA in its capacity as operator of ESAP, should ensure that Regulation (EU) 2016/679 and Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 of the European Parliament and of the Council ${ }^{28}$ are complied with.
by way of derogation from the principle that information should be accessible free of charge, ESMA should be allowed to impose fees for those specific services, including for services with high maintenance costs due to searches for very large volumes of information or to frequent access to ESAP. Any fees imposed should, however, not exceed the cost of the service provided.

## Amendment

(13) To promote data-driven innovation in finance, help integrate capital markets in the European Union, channel investments into sustainable activities, and bring efficiencies for consumers and businesses, ESAP should improve access to information that include personal data. ESAP should, however, only improve access to those personal data that have to be processed pursuant to Union law, or that are processed voluntarily provided that there is a lawful ground for such processing pursuant to Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council. For any processing of personal data in the context of providing information via ESAP, the collection bodies, and ESMA in its capacity as operator of ESAP, no matter whether it acts as a controller, joint-controller or processor, should ensure that Regulation (EU) 2016/679 and Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 of the European Parliament and of the Council ${ }^{28}$ are complied with. In particular, ESMA should take into account the principles of data protection by design and by default.

[^1]European Parliament and of the Council of 23 October 2018 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data by the Union institutions, bodies, offices and agencies and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Regulation (EC) No 45/2001 and Decision No 1247/2002/EC (OJ L 295, 21.11.2018, p. 39).

## Amendment 7

## Proposal for a regulation

Recital 14
Text proposed by the Commission
(14) The European Data Protection Supervisor was consulted in accordance with Article 42(1) of Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 and delivered an opinion on [insert date].

## Amendment 8

## Proposal for a regulation Recital 16

## Text proposed by the Commission

(16) In order for the information to be comparable over time, users should have access to past information. It is therefore necessary to require ESAP to provide access to information for a reasonable period of time, to the extent compatible with other applicable provisions of Union law. For that purpose, ESMA should ensure that no personal data are made accessible for longer than necessary as provided for under Union law. In order to enable ESMA and the collection bodies to prepare the operation of ESAP, ESAP should only provide access to the information submitted as from 1 January 2024.

European Parliament and of the Council of 23 October 2018 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data by the Union institutions, bodies, offices and agencies and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Regulation (EC) No 45/2001 and Decision No 1247/2002/EC (OJ L 295, 21.11.2018, p. 39).

## Amendment

(14) The European Data Protection Supervisor was consulted in accordance with Article 42(1) of Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 and delivered formal comments on 19 January 2022.

## Amendment

(16) In order for the information to be comparable over time, users should have access to past information. It is therefore necessary to require ESAP to provide access to information for a reasonable period of time, to the extent compatible with other applicable provisions of Union law. For that purpose, ESMA should ensure that no personal data are made accessible for longer than necessary as provided for under Union law. In order to enable ESMA and the collection bodies to prepare the operation of ESAP, ESAP should only provide access to the information currently available as from 1 January 2024.

## Amendment 9

## Proposal for a regulation

Article 1 - paragraph 1 - point a a (new)
Text proposed by the Commission

## Amendment

(a) The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts to amend the Annexes in order to update the list of legislative acts at the moment any new legislation related to the provision of financial services, capital markets and sustainability enters into force.
deleted

Amendment
(7 a) the definitions in Regulation (EU) 2016/679

## Amendment 12

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 - paragraph 1 - introductory part

## Text proposed by the Commission

1. Any natural or legal person may submit to a collection body the information referred to in Article 1(1), point (b) to make that information accessible on ESAP. When submitting that information, the natural or legal person shall:

## Amendment 13

## Proposal for a regulation

Article 3 - paragraph 1 -point ca(new)
Text proposed by the Commission

## Amendment 14

## Proposal for a regulation

Article 3 - paragraph 1 - point d
Text proposed by the Commission
(d) ensure that no personal data are included, except where the personal data constitute a necessary element of the information about its economic activities.

## Amendment 15

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 -paragraph 2 -point $\mathbf{c}$ a (new)

## Amendment

1. Any natural or legal person acting as a participant in the EU market may submit to a collection body the information referred to in Article 1(1), point (b) to make that information accessible on ESAP. When submitting that information, the natural or legal person shall:

## Amendment

(c a) where possible, ensure that any voluntarily submitted information is submitted in the format provided in existing templates related to the relevant legislative act;

## Amendment

(d) ensure that no personal data are included, except where the personal data constitute a necessary element of the information about its economic activities, in line with the principle of data minimisation.
(c a) standards for the collection bodies to comply with their obligations under Article 5(2), point (b) and (ba).

## Amendment 16

## Proposal for a regulation

## Article 3 - paragraph 2 - subparagraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission
The Joint Committee of the European Supervisory Authorities shall submit those draft implementing technical standards to the Commission by [PO: please insert three years after entry into force].

## Amendment 17

## Proposal for a regulation

Article 3 - paragraph 3 a (new)
Text proposed by the Commission

## Amendment 18

## Proposal for a regulation

Article 3 - paragraph 3 b (new)
Text proposed by the Commission

## Amendment

The Joint Committee of the European Supervisory Authorities shall submit those draft implementing technical standards to the Commission by [PO: please insert two years after entry into force].

## Amendment

3 a. Entities submitting information to a collection body on a voluntary basis shall act in good faith and ensure that the information is fair, accurate and is being disclosed in a clear and not misleading manner.

## Amendment

## 3 b. Information provided to a

 collection body on a voluntary basis shall be presented in a manner that allows users to distinguish it from information
## Amendment 19

## Proposal for a regulation

Article 4 - paragraph 1

## Text proposed by the Commission

ESMA, on the web portal referred to in Article 7(1), point (a), shall publish a list of the collection bodies with information about the Uniform Resource Locator (URL) of each collection body.

## Amendment

ESMA, on the web portal referred to in Article 7(1), point (a), shall publish a list of the collection bodies with information about the name, address, Member State of origin and the Uniform Resource Locator (URL) of each collection body.

## Amendment 20

## Proposal for a regulation

Article 5 - paragraph 1 - point $b$ - point ii

## Text proposed by the Commission

(ii) the metadata as specified pursuant to paragraph 6, point (d) is available and complete;

## Amendment

(ii) the metadata as specified pursuant to paragraph 6, point (d) is available, complete and kept only for as long as the information to which it relates is stored;

## Amendment 21

## Proposal for a regulation <br> Article 5 -paragraph 1 -point $f$ - introductory part

## Text proposed by the Commission

(f) ensure that the information referred to in Article 1(1) remains available to ESAP for at least 10 years, unless stated otherwise in the legal acts referred to in Article 1(1), point (a). Personal data in the information submitted pursuant to Article 1(1) shall not be retained and made available for longer than 5 years, unless stated otherwise in the legal acts referred to in Article 1(1), point (a).

## Amendment

(f) ensure that the information referred to in Article 1(1) remains available to ESAP for at least 10 years, unless stated otherwise in the legal acts referred to in Article 1(1), point (a). Personal data in the information submitted pursuant to Article 1(1) shall not be retained for longer than necessary and in any case not be made available for longer than 5 years, unless stated otherwise in the legal acts referred to

## Amendment 22

## Proposal for a regulation

Article 5 - paragraph 2 - introductory part
Text proposed by the Commission
2. Collection bodies shall reject information submitted by entities in each of the following cases:

## Amendment 23

## Proposal for a regulation

Article 5 - paragraph 2 - point b a (new)
Text proposed by the Commission

## Amendment 24

## Proposal for a regulation

## Article 5 - paragraph 4

Text proposed by the Commission
4. Entities shall ensure the accuracy of the information they submit to the collection bodies.

## Amendment

2. Collection bodies shall be empowered to screen and reject information submitted by entities in each of the following cases:

## Amendment

(b a) where it becomes evident that entities do not fulfill their requirements for submitting personal data as set out in Article 3(1), point d, and Article 3(3).

## Amendment

4. Entities shall ensure the quality, completeness and accuracy of the information they submit to the collection bodies.

## Amendment 25

## Proposal for a regulation

Article 5 - paragraph 6 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission
Amendment
6a. The Joint Committee of the European Supervisory Authorities shall develop procedures that aim to facilitate cooperation between collection bodies and entities, in particular regulating the submission and withdrawal of voluntary information, and including, where appropriate, relevant templates. When developing such procedures the Joint Committee shall take into consideration in particular the needs of small and medium-sized enterprises.

## Amendment

ESMA shall put in place an effective and proportionate IT security policy for ESAP and shall ensure appropriate levels of authenticity, availability, integrity and nonrepudiation of the information made accessible on ESAP and of the protection of personal data. ESMA shall carry out periodic reviews of the IT security policy and the cybersecurity situation of ESAP in consideration of evolving European and international cybersecurity trends and latest developments.

## Amendment

(a) a web portal with a user-friendly interface taking account of special access needs of individuals with disabilities, in all
in ESAP;

## Amendment 28

## Proposal for a regulation

Article 7 - paragraph 2

Text proposed by the Commission
2. ESMA shall ensure that ESAP provides for the functionalities referred to in paragraph 1 , points (e) and (g) by 31 December 2025.
the official languages of the Union to provide access to the information in ESAP;

## Amendment

2. ESMA shall ensure that ESAP provides for the functionalities referred to in paragraph 1 , points (e) and (g) by 31 December 2025. ESMA shall introduce appropriate technical and organisational measures to prevent excessive disclosure of personal data via the download service and the API. Additional safeguards shall be provided by ESMA where the disclosure of personal data via the download service and the API concerns personal data of a particularly sensitive nature, such as information concerning administrative measures or other penalties regarding natural persons.

## Amendment 29

## Proposal for a regulation

Article 7 - paragraph 3 - introductory part

## Text proposed by the Commission

3. The search function referred to in paragraph 1, point (c), shall allow for a search on the basis of the following metadata:

Amendment
3. The search function referred to in paragraph 1, point (c), shall allow for a search on the basis of at least the following metadata:

## Amendment 30

## Proposal for a regulation Article 8 - paragraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

1. ESMA shall ensure that access to ESAP is provided without discrimination.

## Amendment 31

## Proposal for a regulation Article 8 - paragraph 4 - introductory part

## Text proposed by the Commission

4. For the purposes of paragraph 2, second subparagraph, ESMA may develop draft implementing technical standards to determine the nature and extent of the specific services for which fees may be charged and to determine the associated fee structure.

## Amendment 32

## Proposal for a regulation

## Article 10 - paragraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

1. ESMA shall perform automated validations to verify compliance of the information submitted by the collection bodies with the requirements laid down in Article 5(1), point (b).

## Amendment 33

## Proposal for a regulation

Article 11 - paragraph 1 - point c
Text proposed by the Commission
(c) ensure that ESAP is accessible at

## 1. In order to promote transparency

 and the smooth functioning of EU capital markets, ESMA shall ensure that access to ESAP is provided without discrimination.
## Amendment

4. For the purposes of paragraph 2, second subparagraph, ESMA shall develop draft implementing technical standards to determine the nature and extent of the specific services for which fees may be charged and to determine the associated fee structure.

## Amendment

1. ESMA shall perform validations, where possible in an automated manner, to verify compliance of the information submitted by the collection bodies with the requirements laid down in Article 5(1), point (b).
least $95 \%$ of the time per month;

## Amendment 34

## Proposal for a regulation

Article 11 - paragraph 3

## Text proposed by the Commission

3. ESMA shall not store information containing personal data except for automatic, intermediate and transient processing, including storage of that information insofar as strictly necessary for the purpose of giving access to information provided by the collection bodies.

## Amendment 35

## Proposal for a regulation

Article 12 - paragraph 2 - point a
Text proposed by the Commission
(a) the number of visitors and searches;

## Amendment 36

## Proposal for a regulation

Article 13 - paragraph 1

## Text proposed by the Commission

By [PO, please insert a date 5 years after the entry into force of this Regulation], the Commission shall review the functioning of ESAP and assess its effectiveness. The
other than during periods of necessary technical maintenance;

## Amendment

3. ESMA shall not store information containing personal data except for automatic, intermediate and transient processing, including storage of that information insofar as strictly necessary for the purpose of giving access to information provided by the collection bodies. ESMA shall also take appropriate technical and organisational measures to ensure that the information is not retained or made available for a longer period than the one provided for in point (f) of Article 5(1) of this Regulation.

## Amendment

(a) the number of visitors, including unique visitors, and searches;

## Amendment

$\mathrm{By}[\mathrm{PO}$, please insert a date 5 years after the entry into force of this Regulation], the Commission shall review the functioning of ESAP and assess its effectiveness. The

Commission shall report to the European Parliament and to the Council on the results of this review.
review shall be accompanied by an overview of existing data-gaps in the ESAP and a strategy to address them. The review may also include an assessment of the impact of this Regulation on the market position of the entities. The Commission shall report to the European Parliament and to the Council on the results of this review.

## PROCEDURE - COMMITTEE ASKED FOR OPINION

| Title | Establishing a European single access point providing centralised <br> access to publicly available information of relevance to financial <br> services, capital markets and sustainability |
| :--- | :--- |
| References | COM(2021)0723 - C9-0434/2021 - 2021/0378(COD) |
| Committee responsible <br> Date announced in plenary | ECON <br> 14.2 .2022 |
| Opinion by <br> Date announced in plenary | LIBE <br> 14.2 .2022 |
| Rapporteur for the opinion <br> Date appointed | Emil Radev <br> 30.5 .2022 |
| Discussed in committee | 10.10 .2022 |
| Date adopted | 12.1 .2023 |
| Result of final vote | +: <br> $-:$ <br> 0. |
| Members present for the final vote | Abir Al-Sahlani, Malik Azmani, Vladimír Bilčík, Malin Björk, Vasile <br> Blaga, Patrick Breyer, Saskia Bricmont, Joachim Stanisław Brudziński, <br> Jorge Buxadé Villalba, Patricia Chagnon, Clare Daly, Lena Düpont, <br> Lucia Duriš Nicholsonová, Laura Ferrara, Andrzej Halicki, Evin Incir, <br> Sophia in 't Veld, Patryk Jaki, Marina Kaljurand, Fabienne Keller, <br> Łukasz Kohut, Moritz Körner, Alice Kuhnke, Jeroen Lenaers, Juan <br> Fernando López Aguilar, Lukas Mandl, Erik Marquardt, Nadine <br> Morano, Javier Moreno Sánchez, Theresa Muigg, Maite <br> Pagazaurtundúa, Paulo Rangel, Karlo Ressler, Isabel Santos, Birgit <br> Sippel, Sara Skyttedal, Vincenzo Sofo, Tineke Strik, Ramona Strugariu, <br> Yana Toom, Milan Uhrík, Tom Vandendriessche, Elena Yoncheva |
| Substitutes present for the final vote <br> Sor the final vote | Loucas Fourlas, Beata Kempa, Ondřej Kovařík, Alessandra Mussolini, <br> Matjaž Nemec, Sira Rego, Thijs Reuten, Domènec Ruiz Devesa, Loránt <br> Vincze, Petar Vitanov, Tomás Zdechovský |
|  | Asim Ademov, Gunnar Beck, Isabel Benjumea Benjumea, Marian-Jean <br> Marinescu, René Repasi, Antonio Maria Rinaldi, Mounir Satouri, <br> Jörgen Warborn |

FINAL VOTE BY ROLL CALL IN COMMITTEE ASKED FOR OPINION

| $\mathbf{5 9}$ |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| ECR | Joachim Stanisław Brudziński, Patryk Jaki, Beata Kempa, Vincenzo Sofo |
| ID | Patricia Chagnon, Antonio Maria Rinaldi, Tom Vandendriessche |
| NI | Laura Ferrara <br> PPE <br> Andrzej Halicki, Jeroen Lenaers, Lukas Mandl, Marian-Jean Marinescu, Nadine Morbno, Alessandra <br> Mussolini, Paulo Rangel, Karlo Ressler, Sara Skyttedal, Loránt Vincze, Jörgen Warborn, Tomás Zdechovský |
| Renew | Abir Al-Sahlani, Malik Azmani, Lucia Ďuriš Nicholsonová, Sophia in 't Veld, Fabienne Keller, Moritz <br> Körner, Ondřej Kovaří, Maite Pagazaurtundúa, Ramona Strugariu, Yana Toom |
| S\&D | Evin Incir, Marina Kaljurand, Lukasz Kohut, Juan Fernando López Aguilar, Javier Moreno Sánchez, Theresa <br> Muigg, Matjaž Nemec, René Repasi, Thijs Reuten, Domènec Ruiz Devesa, Isabel Santos, Birgit Sippel, Petar <br> Vitanov, Elena Yoncheva |
| The Left | Malin Björk, Clare Daly, Sira Rego |
| Verts/ALE | Patrick Breyer, Saskia Bricmont, Alice Kuhnke, Erik Marquardt, Mounir Satouri, Tineke Strik |



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| :--- | :--- |
| ECR | Jorge Buxadé Villalba |
| ID | Gunnar Beck |
| NI | Milan Uhrík |

Key to symbols:

+ : in favour
- : against

0 : abstention


[^0]:    ${ }^{26}$ Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 April 2016 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Directive 95/46/EC (General Data Protection Regulation) (OJ L 119, 4.5.2016, p. 1).

[^1]:    ${ }^{28}$ Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 of the

