

WRITTEN QUESTION P-0751/06
by Wojciech Roszkowski (UEN)
to the Commission

Subject: Equal rights for men and women

Given the repeated declarations and resolutions by various European Union institutions concerning equal rights for men and women in all areas, in particular Chapter III of the Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union and the 1014 other EU documents mentioning the principle of equal rights listed in the EUR-Lex database, how does the Commission intend to apply these declarations and resolutions to the right to give birth? What is the source of these equal rights,, in the Commission's view? Do they derive from natural law or do they also form part of positive law?