

**Priority question for written answer P-002058/2020  
to the Commission**

Rule 138

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Subject: Legal basis for geo-tracking and the sharing of personal data during the coronavirus outbreak

On 24 March 2020, the Commission revealed that it had held talks with telecommunications operators about joining forces to tackle the coronavirus outbreak.

Thierry Breton, the Internal Market Commissioner, held a videoconference with the heads of Europe's telecommunications companies and the GSMA (Global System for Mobile Communications) to explore options for sharing geolocation metadata in order to map and forecast the spread of the virus.

The Commission claims that such a move would be fully in line with the General Data Protection Regulation and e-privacy legislation.

How does the Commission intend to guarantee EU citizens full anonymisation of their personal data?  
How exactly does the Commission envisage using such data?

Not content with surveillance and quarantine enforcement, Israel and a number of Asian countries have adopted a proactive AI-based approach that alerts individuals if they have been in contact with a virus carrier.

How do the Commission's plans compare, and what logistical support will it provide the Member States which opt for this approach?