Priority question for written answer P-002208/2023
to the Commission
Rule 138
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Subject: Reducing microplastic emissions in the EU

The EU’s zero pollution action plan mandates a 30% reduction in microplastic emissions by 2030. Given that the legislative proposal to tackle microplastics unintentionally released into the environment has been delayed since 2022, the Euro 7 regulation¹ with measures on tyre abrasion is currently one of the few legislative pathways available to reduce microplastic pollution by the deadline set by the EU.

Some stakeholders have sought to tie the Commission’s establishment of tyre abrasion limits to the completion of work performed by the UN Economic Commission for Europe (UNECE) Working Party on Noise and Tyres / Working Party on Pollution and Energy task force. This could delay the Commission’s planned 2024 deadline for proposing tyre abrasion limits to 2026 or later.

1. Can the Commission explain how it intends to ensure that the 2030 EU timeline for reducing microplastic pollution by 30% is met in the event of the UNECE task force’s work failing to reach a timely conclusion?

2. How can a delay be avoided in order to ensure that the EU makes immediate progress as of 2024, as planned in the Commission’s Euro 7 proposal, so that citizens are protected from microplastic pollution and its associated health hazards and environmental impacts as soon as possible?

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