## Priority question for written answer P-000991/2024 to the Commission

Rule 138

Malin Björk (The Left)

Subject: The European Union must finally ensure full and universal access to sexual and

reproductive health services for Ukrainian refugees across all Member States

Two years after the beginning of Russia's full-scale military invasion of Ukraine, millions of Ukrainian refugee women and girls are living in the EU, where sexual and reproductive health services are not equally accessible and affordable for them across the Member States.

The Temporary Protection Directive is interpreted so narrowly that many women who have fled Ukraine cannot access abortion care or other sexual and reproductive health and rights (SRHR) treatments, such as treatments following sexual abuse. As a consequence many women have been forced to return to war-torn Ukraine to have access to SRHR and reproductive care.

Parliament has, in its resolution of 29 February 2024, called for ensuring women's access to SRHR, including abortion care<sup>1</sup>.

- 1. What measures has the Commission taken to ensure equal access to sexual and reproductive health services across the EU for beneficiaries of the Temporary Protection Directive on the same basis as EU citizens? In particular, access to specialised prevention and treatment of sexually transmitted infections, obstetric gynaecological care, safe abortion and post-abortion care, emergency contraception, and specialised short and long-term psychological support.
- 2. Has the Commission reviewed the directive in order to ensure that all Member States are obligated to offer the care that women would otherwise receive in Ukraine?

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European Parliament resolution of 29 February 2024 on the need for unwavering EU support for Ukraine, after two years of Russia's war of aggression against Ukraine (Texts Adopted, P9\_TA(2024)0119).