AMENDMENTS
23 - 342

Draft opinion
Caroline Roose
(PE652.420v01-00)

Establishing the framework for achieving climate neutrality and amending Regulation (EU) 2018/1999 (European Climate Law)

Proposal for a regulation
Amendment 23
Mónica Silvana González, Cristina Maestre Martín De Almagro, Andrea Cozzolino, Tonino Picula, Elisabetta Gualmini, Isabel García Muñoz, Isabel Carvalhais, Tsvetelina Penkova

Proposal for a regulation
Citation 1

Text proposed by the Commission
Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, and in particular Article 192(1) thereof,

Amendment
Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union (TFEU), and in particular Article 192(1) thereof,

Or. en

Justification

The abbreviation will be used along the Regulation

Amendment 24
Josianne Cutajar, Mónica Silvana González

Proposal for a regulation
Citation 1 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission
Having regard to Article 174 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Amendment

Or. en

Amendment 25
Mathilde Androuët

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 1

Text proposed by the Commission
(1) The Commission has, in its Communication of 11 December 2019

Amendment
(1) The Commission has, in its Communication of 11 December 2019
entitled ‘The European Green Deal’\textsuperscript{19}, set out a new growth strategy that aims to transform the Union into a fair and prosperous society, with a modern, resource-efficient and competitive economy, where there are no net emissions of greenhouse gases in 2050 and where economic growth is decoupled from resource use. It also aims to protect, conserve and enhance the Union’s natural capital, and protect the health and well-being of citizens from environment-related risks and impacts. At the same time, this transition must be just and inclusive, leaving no one behind.


The transition must comply with Article 192(5) of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, which provides for temporary derogations for Member States that deem the costs of such a policy to be disproportionate.

\textsuperscript{19} Commission Communication - The European Green Deal, COM(2019) 640 final of 11 December 2019

\textit{Or. fr}

\textbf{Amendment 26}
Cristina Maestre Martín De Almagro, Mónica Silvana González, Isabel García Muñoz

\textbf{Proposal for a regulation}

\textbf{Recital 1}

\textit{Text proposed by the Commission}

(1) The Commission has, in its Communication of 11 December 2019 entitled ‘The European Green Deal’\textsuperscript{19}, set out a new growth strategy that aims to transform the Union into a fair and prosperous society, with a modern, resource-efficient and competitive economy, where there are no net emissions of greenhouse gases in 2050 and where economic growth is decoupled from resource use. It also aims to protect,

\textit{Amendment}

(1) The Commission has, in its Communication of 11 December 2019 entitled ‘The European Green Deal’\textsuperscript{19}, set out a new growth strategy that aims to transform the Union into a fair and prosperous society, with a modern, resource-efficient and competitive economy, where there are no net emissions of greenhouse gases in 2050 and where economic growth is decoupled from resource use. It also aims to protect,
conserve and enhance the Union's natural capital, and protect the health and well-being of citizens from environment-related risks and impacts. At the same time, this transition must be just and inclusive, leaving no one behind.

---


---

Amendment 27
Isabel Carvalhais

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 1

Text proposed by the Commission

(1) The Commission has, in its Communication of 11 December 2019 entitled ‘The European Green Deal’\textsuperscript{19}, set out a new growth strategy that aims to transform the Union into a fair and prosperous society, with a modern, resource-efficient and competitive economy, where there are no net emissions of greenhouse gases in 2050 and where economic growth is decoupled from resource use. It also aims to protect, conserve and enhance the Union's natural capital, and protect the health and well-being of citizens from environment-related risks and impacts. At the same time, this transition must be just and inclusive, leaving no one behind.

---


---

Amendment

(1) The Commission has, in its Communication of 11 December 2019 entitled ‘The European Green Deal’\textsuperscript{19}, set out a new growth strategy that aims to transform the Union into a fair and prosperous society, with a modern, resource-efficient and competitive economy, where there are no net emissions of greenhouse gases in 2050 and where economic growth is decoupled from resource use. It also aims to protect, conserve and enhance the Union's natural capital, \textit{conservation and protection of biodiversity}, and protect the health and well-being of citizens from environment-related risks and impacts. At the same time, this transition must be just and inclusive, leaving no one behind, \textit{promoting economic, social and territorial cohesion}.

---

19 Commission Communication - The
Amendment 28
Vlad-Marius Botoș, Cristian Ghinea, Stéphane Bijoux, Ondřej Knotek, Laurence Farreng
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 1

Text proposed by the Commission

(1) The Commission has, in its Communication of 11 December 2019 entitled ‘The European Green Deal’, set out a new growth strategy that aims to transform the Union into a fair and prosperous society, with a modern, resource-efficient and competitive economy, where there are no net emissions of greenhouse gases in 2050 and where economic growth is decoupled from resource use. It also aims to protect, conserve and enhance the Union’s natural capital, and protect the health and well-being of citizens from environment-related risks and impacts. At the same time, this transition must be just and inclusive, leaving no one behind.

Amendment

(1) The Commission has, in its Communication of 11 December 2019 entitled ‘The European Green Deal’, set out a new growth strategy that aims to transform the Union into a fair and prosperous society, with a modern, resource-efficient and competitive economy, where there are no net emissions of greenhouse gases in 2050 and where economic growth is decoupled from resource use. It also aims to protect, conserve and enhance the Union's natural capital, and protect the health and well-being of citizens from environment-related risks and impacts. At the same time, this transition must be just and inclusive and must use clear mechanisms at the Commission level in order to make sure that living no one is left behind.

Recital 1

Text proposed by the Commission

(1) The Commission has, in its Communication of 11 December 2019 entitled ‘The European Green Deal’\(^{19}\), set out a new growth strategy that aims to transform the Union into a fair and prosperous society, with a modern, resource-efficient and competitive economy, where there are no net emissions of greenhouse gases in 2050 and where economic growth is decoupled from resource use. It also aims to protect, conserve and enhance the Union's natural capital, and protect the health and well-being of citizens from environment-related risks and impacts. At the same time, this transition must be just and inclusive, leaving no one behind.

---

Amendment

(1) The Commission has, in its Communication of 11 December 2019 entitled ‘The European Green Deal’\(^{19}\), set out a new growth strategy that aims to transform the Union into a fair and prosperous society, with a modern, resource-efficient and competitive economy, where there are no net emissions of greenhouse gases in 2050 and where economic growth is decoupled from resource use. It also aims to protect, conserve and enhance the Union's natural capital, and protect the health and well-being of citizens from environment-related risks and impacts. At the same time, this transition must be just and inclusive, with particular focus on citizens, living in rural and remote areas and thus leaving no one behind.

---

Amendment 30
Mircea-Gheorghe Hava, Iuliu Winkler

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 1

Text proposed by the Commission

(1) The Commission has, in its Communication of 11 December 2019 entitled ‘The European Green Deal’\(^{19}\), set out a new growth strategy that aims to transform the Union into a fair and prosperous society, with a modern, resource-efficient and competitive economy, where there are no net emissions of greenhouse gases in 2050 and where economic growth is decoupled from resource use. It also aims to protect, conserve and enhance the Union's natural capital, and protect the health and well-being of citizens from environment-related risks and impacts. At the same time, this transition must be just and inclusive, with particular focus on citizens, living in rural and remote areas and thus leaving no one behind.

---

Amendment

(1) The Commission has, in its Communication of 11 December 2019 entitled ‘The European Green Deal’\(^{19}\), set out a new growth strategy that aims to transform the Union into a fair and prosperous society, with a modern, resource-efficient and competitive economy, where there are no net emissions of greenhouse gases in 2050 and where economic growth is decoupled from resource use. It also aims to protect, conserve and enhance the Union's natural capital, and protect the health and well-being of citizens from environment-related risks and impacts. At the same time, this transition must be just and inclusive, with particular focus on citizens, living in rural and remote areas and thus leaving no one behind.

of greenhouse gases in 2050 and where economic growth is decoupled from resource use. It also aims to protect, conserve and enhance the Union's natural capital, and protect the health and well-being of citizens from environment-related risks and impacts. At the same time, this transition must be just and inclusive, leaving no one behind.

_________________

Amendment 31
Mónica Silvana González, Cristina Maestre Martín De Almagro, Andrea Cozzolino, Tonino Picula, Elisabetta Gualmini, Rovana Plumb, Isabel García Muñoz, Isabel Carvalhais, Tsvetelina Penkova

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 1

Text proposed by the Commission

(1) The Commission has, in its Communication of 11 December 2019 entitled ‘The European Green Deal’\(^\text{19}\), set out a new growth strategy that aims to transform the Union into a fair and prosperous society, with a modern, resource-efficient and competitive economy, where there are no net emissions of greenhouse gases in 2050 and where economic growth is decoupled from resource use. It also aims to protect, conserve and enhance the Union's natural capital, and protect the health and well-being of citizens from environment-related risks and impacts. At the same time, this transition must be just and inclusive, leaving no one behind.

Amendment

(1) The Commission has, in its Communication of 11 December 2019 entitled ‘The European Green Deal’\(^\text{19}\), set out a new growth strategy that aims to transform the Union into a fair and prosperous society, with a modern, resource-efficient and competitive economy, where there are no net emissions of greenhouse gases in 2050 and where economic growth is decoupled from resource use. It also aims to protect, conserve and enhance the Union's natural capital, and protect the health and well-being of citizens from environment-related risks and impacts. At the same time, this transition must be just and inclusive, leaving no one behind, \textit{including citizens, regions, urban and rural areas}. 

Or. en
Amendment 32
Francesca Donato, Alessandro Panza, Vincenzo Sofo, Rosanna Conte, Stefania Zambelli

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 1

Text proposed by the Commission

(1) The Commission has, in its Communication of 11 December 2019 entitled ‘The European Green Deal’, set out a new growth strategy that aims to transform the Union into a fair and prosperous society, with a modern, resource-efficient and competitive economy, where there are no net emissions of greenhouse gases in 2050 and where economic growth is decoupled from resource use. It also aims to protect, conserve and enhance the Union’s natural capital, and protect the health and well-being of citizens from environment-related risks and impacts. At the same time, this transition must be just and inclusive, 

leaving no one behind.

Amendment

(1) The Commission has, in its Communication of 11 December 2019 entitled ‘The European Green Deal’, set out a new growth strategy that aims to transform the Union into a fair and prosperous society, with a modern, resource-efficient and competitive economy, where there are no net emissions of greenhouse gases in 2050 and where economic growth is decoupled from resource use. It also aims to protect, conserve and enhance the Union’s natural capital, and protect the health and well-being of citizens from environment-related risks and impacts. At the same time, this transition must be just and inclusive.

Amendment 33
Isabel Benjumea Benjumea

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 1 a (new)
Text proposed by the Commission

1a. We must take account of the effects of the pandemic caused by COVID-19 on the citizens of Europe, on health, on the economy of the various regions, which in the medium term affect employment and the growth prospects of the Member States.

Or. es

Amendment 34
Izabela-Helena Kloc, Elżbieta Kruk, Krzysztof Jurgiel, Andżelika Anna Możdżanowska

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 2

Text proposed by the Commission

(2) The Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change’s (IPCC) Special Report on the impacts of global warming of 1.5 °C above pre-industrial levels and related global greenhouse gas emission pathways provides a strong scientific basis for tackling climate change and illustrates the need to step up climate action. It confirms that greenhouse gas emissions need to be urgently reduced, and that climate change needs to be limited to 1.5 °C, in particular to reduce the likelihood of extreme weather events. The Intergovernmental Science-Policy Platform on Biodiversity and Ecosystem Services’ (IPBES) 2019 Global Assessment Report showed worldwide erosion of biodiversity, with climate change as the third most important driver of biodiversity loss.

Amendment

(2) The European Union and its Member States are fully committed to the Paris Agreement and its long-term goals, and call for urgently enhanced global ambition in light of the latest available science including the recent reports released by the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) and the Intergovernmental Science-Policy Platform on Biodiversity and Ecosystem Services’ (IPBES).

20 IPCC, 2018: Global Warming of 1.5°C. An IPCC Special Report on the impacts of global warming of 1.5°C above pre-industrial levels and related global

20 IPCC, 2018: Global Warming of 1.5°C. An IPCC Special Report on the impacts of global warming of 1.5°C above pre-industrial levels and related global

21 **IPBES 2019: Global Assessment on Biodiversity and Ecosystem Services.**

22 **European Environment Agency’s The European environment – state and outlook 2020 (Luxembourg: Publication Office of the EU, 2019).**

**Justification**

There is more than one important IPCC report on the matter and all of the reports should be taken into account. We suggest using wording from the EU LTS submission, including providing respective titles of the reports in the footnote.

**Amendment 35**

Isabel Carvalhais

**Proposal for a regulation**

**Recital 2**

**Text proposed by the Commission**

(2) The Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change’s (IPCC) Special Report on the impacts of global warming of 1.5 °C above pre-industrial levels and related global greenhouse gas emission pathways provides a strong scientific basis for tackling climate change and illustrates the need to step up climate action. It confirms that greenhouse gas emissions need to be urgently reduced, and that climate change needs to be limited to 1.5 °C, in particular to reduce the likelihood of extreme weather

**Amendment**

(2) The Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change’s (IPCC) Special Report on the impacts of global warming of 1.5 °C above pre-industrial levels and related global greenhouse gas emission pathways provides a strong scientific basis for tackling climate change and illustrates the need to step up climate action, **step up for sustainable development and increase the fighting to eradicate poverty**. It confirms that greenhouse gas emissions need to be urgently reduced, and that climate change...
events. The Intergovernmental Science-Policy Platform on Biodiversity and Ecosystem Services’ (IPBES) 2019 Global Assessment Report\textsuperscript{21} showed worldwide erosion of biodiversity, with climate change as the third most important driver of biodiversity loss.\textsuperscript{22}


\textsuperscript{21} IPBES 2019: Global Assessment on Biodiversity and Ecosystem Services.

\textsuperscript{22} European Environment Agency’s The European environment – state and outlook 2020 (Luxembourg: Publication Office of the EU, 2019).

---

**Amendment 36**

Mathilde Androuët

**Proposal for a regulation**

**Recital 2**

\textit{Text proposed by the Commission}

(2) The Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change’s (IPCC) Special Report on the impacts of global warming of 1.5 °C needs to be limited to 1.5 °C, in particular to reduce the likelihood of extreme weather events. The Intergovernmental Science-Policy Platform on Biodiversity and Ecosystem Services’ (IPBES) 2019 Global Assessment Report\textsuperscript{21} showed worldwide erosion of biodiversity, with climate change as the third most important driver of biodiversity loss.\textsuperscript{22}

\textit{Amendment}

(2) The Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change’s (IPCC) Special Report on the impacts of global warming of 1.5 °C...
above pre-industrial levels and related global greenhouse gas emission pathways provides a strong scientific basis for tackling climate change and illustrates the need to step up climate action. It confirms that greenhouse gas emissions need to be urgently reduced, and that climate change needs to be limited to 1.5 °C, in particular to reduce the likelihood of extreme weather events. The Intergovernmental Science-Policy Platform on Biodiversity and Ecosystem Services’ (IPBES) 2019 Global Assessment Report showed worldwide erosion of biodiversity, with climate change as the third most important driver of biodiversity loss.


21 IPBES 2019: Global Assessment on Biodiversity and Ecosystem Services.


IPBES 2019: Global Assessment on Biodiversity and Ecosystem Services.


Amendment 37
Izabela-Helena Kloc, Elżbieta Kruk, Krzysztof Jurgiel, Andżelika Anna Możdżanowska
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 3

Text proposed by the Commission

(3) A fixed long-term objective is crucial to contribute to economic and societal transformation, jobs, growth, and the achievement of the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals, as well as to move in a fair and cost-effective manner towards the temperature goal of the 2015 Paris Agreement on climate change following the 21st Conference of the Parties to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (the ‘Paris Agreement’).

Amendment

(3) A fixed long-term objective is crucial to contribute to enhancing just transformation, jobs, growth, and the achievement of the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals, as well as to reach in a fair, efficient and cost-effective manner the temperature goal of limiting global warming to well below 2°C above pre-industrial levels and pursuing efforts to limit it to 1.5°C above pre-industrial levels, as set out in the 2015 Paris Agreement on climate change following the 21st Conference of the Parties to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (the ‘Paris Agreement’).

Or. en

Justification

We would welcome stronger wording on the importance of the long-term objective in relations to other goals.

Amendment 38
Andrey Novakov, Daniel Buda, Manolis Kefalogiannis, Tomislav Sokol, Álvaro Amaro, Peter Pollák, Mircea-Gheorghe Hava

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 3

Text proposed by the Commission

(3) A fixed long-term objective is crucial to contribute to economic and societal transformation, jobs, growth, and the achievement of the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals, as well as to move in a fair and cost-effective manner towards the temperature goal of the 2015 Paris Agreement on climate change following the 21st Conference of the Parties to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (the ‘Paris Agreement’).

Amendment

(3) A fixed and unanimously accepted by the Member States long-term objective is crucial to contribute to economic and societal transformation, jobs, growth, and the achievement of the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals, as well as to move in a fair and cost-effective manner towards the temperature goal of the 2015 Paris Agreement on climate change following the 21st Conference of the Parties to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (the ‘Paris Agreement’).
Amendment 39  
Isabel Carvalhais

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 3

Text proposed by the Commission

(3) A fixed long-term objective is crucial to contribute to economic and societal transformation, jobs, growth, and the achievement of the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals, as well as to move in a fair and cost-effective manner towards the temperature goal of the 2015 Paris Agreement on climate change following the 21st Conference of the Parties to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (the ‘Paris Agreement’).

Amendment

(3) A fixed long-term objective is crucial to contribute to economic and societal transformation, reskilling, creation of jobs, growth, and the achievement of the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals, as well as to move in a fair and cost-effective manner towards the temperature goal of the 2015 Paris Agreement on climate change following the 21st Conference of the Parties to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (the ‘Paris Agreement’).

Amendment 40  
Mathilde Androuët

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 3

Text proposed by the Commission

(3) A fixed long-term objective is crucial to contribute to economic and societal transformation, jobs, growth, and the achievement of the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals, as well as to move in a fair and cost-effective manner towards the temperature goal of the 2015 Paris Agreement on climate change following the 21st Conference of the Parties to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (the ‘Paris Agreement’).

Amendment

(3) A fixed long-term objective is crucial to contribute to economic and societal transformation, the protection and creation of jobs, growth, and the achievement of the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals, as well as to move in a fair and cost-effective manner towards the temperature goal of the 2015 Paris Agreement on climate change following the 21st Conference of the Parties to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (the ‘Paris Agreement’).
Parties to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (the ‘Paris Agreement’). following the 21st Conference of the Parties to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (the ‘Paris Agreement’).

Amendment 41
Mónica Silvana González, Cristina Maestre Martín De Almagro, Andrea Cozzolino, Tonino Picula, Elisabetta Gualmini, Rovana Plumb, Isabel García Muñoz, Isabel Carvalhais, Tsvetelina Penkova

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 3

**Text proposed by the Commission**

(3) A fixed long-term objective is crucial to contribute to economic and societal transformation, jobs, growth, and the achievement of the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals, as well as to move in a fair and cost-effective manner towards the temperature goal of the 2015 Paris Agreement on climate change following the 21st Conference of the Parties to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (the ‘Paris Agreement’).

**Amendment**

(3) A fixed long-term objective is crucial to contribute to economic and societal transformation, jobs, sustainable growth, and the achievement of the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals, as well as to move in a fair and cost-effective manner towards the temperature goal of the 2015 Paris Agreement on climate change following the 21st Conference of the Parties to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (the ‘Paris Agreement’).

Or. en

Amendment 42
Francesca Donato, Alessandro Panza, Vincenzo Sofo, Rosanna Conte, Stefania Zambelli

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 3

**Text proposed by the Commission**

(3) A fixed long-term objective is crucial to contribute to economic and societal transformation, jobs, growth, and the achievement of the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals, as well as

**Amendment**

(3) A fixed long-term objective is important to contribute to economic and societal transformation, jobs, growth, and the achievement of the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals, as well as
to move in a fair and cost-effective manner towards the temperature goal of the 2015 Paris Agreement on climate change following the 21st Conference of the Parties to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (the ‘Paris Agreement’).

Amendment 43
Isabel Carvalhais

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 4

Text proposed by the Commission

(4) The Paris Agreement sets out a long-term goal to keep the global temperature increase to well below 2 °C above pre-industrial levels and to pursue efforts to keep it to 1.5 °C above pre-industrial levels, and stresses the importance of adapting to the adverse impacts of climate change and making finance flows consistent with a pathway towards low greenhouse gas emissions and climate-resilient development.

23 Article 2.1.a of the Paris Agreement.
24 Article 2.1.b of the Paris Agreement.
25 Article 2.1.c of the Paris Agreement.

Amendment

(4) The Paris Agreement sets out a long-term goal to keep the global temperature increase to well below 2 °C above pre-industrial levels and to pursue efforts to keep it to 1.5 °C above pre-industrial levels, and stresses the importance of adapting to the adverse impacts of climate change and making finance flows consistent with a pathway towards low greenhouse gas emissions and climate-resilient development, with special attention to the regions and countries where the impacts of measures to fight climate change may be stronger.

23 Article 2.1.a of the Paris Agreement.
24 Article 2.1.b of the Paris Agreement.
25 Article 2.1.c of the Paris Agreement.

Or. en

Amendment 44
Franc Bogovič, Herbert Dorfmann

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 4

Text proposed by the Commission

(4) The Paris Agreement sets out a long-term goal to keep the global temperature increase to well below 2 °C above pre-industrial levels and to pursue efforts to keep it to 1.5 °C above pre-industrial levels\(^{23}\), and stresses the importance of adapting to the adverse impacts of climate change\(^{24}\) and making finance flows consistent with a pathway towards low greenhouse gas emissions and climate-resilient development\(^{25}\).

---

\(^{23}\) Article 2.1.a of the Paris Agreement.

\(^{24}\) Article 2.1.b of the Paris Agreement.

\(^{25}\) Article 2.1.c of the Paris Agreement.

Amendment 45

Mónica Silvana González, Cristina Maestre Martín De Almagro, Andrea Cozzolino, Tonino Picula, Elisabetta Gualmini, Rovana Plumb, Isabel García Muñoz, Isabel Carvalhais, Tsvetelina Penkova

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 4 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

(4a) The relationship between climate change and pandemics, such as Covid-19, requires the EU to step up its efforts to reduce global greenhouse gas emissions, prevent natural disasters and protect biodiversity worldwide, following the objectives of the Paris Agreement and the priorities of the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction.

---

Or. en
Amendment 46
Mathilde Androuët

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 5

Text proposed by the Commission

(5) The Union’s and the Member States’ climate action aims to protect people and the planet, welfare, prosperity, health, food systems, the integrity of ecosystems and biodiversity against the threat of climate change, in the context of the 2030 agenda for sustainable development and in pursuit of the objectives of the Paris Agreement, and to maximize prosperity within the planetary boundaries and to increase resilience and reduce vulnerability of society to climate change.

Amendment

(5) The Union’s and the Member States’ climate action aims to protect people and the planet, welfare, prosperity, health, food systems, the integrity of ecosystems and biodiversity against the threat of climate change, in the context of the 2030 agenda for sustainable development and in pursuit of the objectives of the Paris Agreement, and to maximize prosperity within the planetary boundaries and to increase resilience and reduce vulnerability of society to climate change, in compliance with Article 192(5) TFEU, which provides for temporary derogations in the event of disproportionate costs.

Or. fr

Amendment 47
Daniel Buda, Mircea-Gheorghe Hava, Iuliu Winkler

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 5

Text proposed by the Commission

(5) The Union’s and the Member States’ climate action aims to protect people and the planet, welfare, prosperity, health, food systems, the integrity of ecosystems and biodiversity against the threat of climate change, in the context of the 2030 agenda for sustainable development and in pursuit of the objectives of the Paris Agreement, and to maximize prosperity within the planetary boundaries and to increase resilience and reduce vulnerability

Amendment

(5) The Union’s and the Member States’ climate action aims to protect people and the planet, welfare, prosperity, health, food systems, the integrity of ecosystems and biodiversity against the threat of climate change, establishing a balance between the need for development and the sustainable and climate objectives, in the context of the 2030 agenda for sustainable development and in pursuit of the objectives of the Paris Agreement, and to
of society to climate change. maximize prosperity within the planetary boundaries and to increase resilience and reduce vulnerability of society to climate change.

Amendment 48
Francesca Donato, Alessandro Panza, Vincenzo Sofo, Rosanna Conte, Stefania Zambelli

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 5

Text proposed by the Commission

(5) The Union’s and the Member States’ climate action aims to protect people and the planet, welfare, prosperity, health, food systems, the integrity of ecosystems and biodiversity against the threat of climate change, in the context of the 2030 agenda for sustainable development and in pursuit of the objectives of the Paris Agreement, and to maximize prosperity within the planetary boundaries and to increase resilience and reduce vulnerability of society to climate change.

Amendment

(5) The Union’s and the Member States’ climate action aims to protect people and the planet, welfare, prosperity, health, food systems, the integrity of ecosystems and biodiversity against the threat of climate change, in the context of the 2030 agenda for sustainable development and in pursuit of the objectives of the Paris Agreement; it also seeks to maximize prosperity, increase resilience and reduce vulnerability of society to climate change, bearing in mind also the economic fallout of the COVID-19 pandemic and the resulting recession.

Amendment 49
Mónica Silvana González, Cristina Maestre Martín De Almagro, Andrea Cozzolino, Tonino Picula, Elisabetta Gualmini, Rovana Plumb, Isabel García Muñoz, Isabel Carvalhais

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 5

Text proposed by the Commission

(5) The Union’s and the Member States’ climate action aims to protect people and the planet, welfare, prosperity,

Amendment

(5) The Union’s, the Member States’ and regional and local authorities’ climate action aims to protect people and
health, food systems, the integrity of eco-systems and biodiversity against the threat of climate change, in the context of the 2030 agenda for sustainable development and in pursuit of the objectives of the Paris Agreement, and to maximize prosperity within the planetary boundaries and to increase resilience and reduce vulnerability of society to climate change.

Amendment 50
Franc Bogovič, Herbert Dorfmann

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 5

Text proposed by the Commission

(5) The Union’s and the Member States’ climate action aims to protect people and the planet, welfare, prosperity, health, food systems, the integrity of eco-systems and biodiversity against the threat of climate change, in the context of the 2030 agenda for sustainable development and in pursuit of the objectives of the Paris Agreement, and to maximize prosperity within the planetary boundaries and to increase resilience and reduce vulnerability of society to climate change.

Amendment

(5) The Union’s and the Member States’ climate action aims to protect people and the planet, welfare, prosperity, health, agriculture and food systems, the integrity of eco-systems and biodiversity against the threat of climate change, in the context of the 2030 agenda for sustainable development and in pursuit of the objectives of the Paris Agreement, and to maximize prosperity within the planetary boundaries and to increase resilience and reduce vulnerability of society to climate change.

Or. en

Amendment 51
Vlad-Marius Botoş, Cristian Ghinea, Ondřej Knotek

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 5

Text proposed by the Commission

(5) The Union’s and the Member States’ climate action aims to protect people and the planet, welfare, prosperity, health, food systems, the integrity of eco-systems and biodiversity against the threat of climate change, in the context of the 2030 agenda for sustainable development and in pursuit of the objectives of the Paris Agreement, and to maximize prosperity within the planetary boundaries and to increase resilience and reduce vulnerability of society to climate change.

Amendment

(5) The Union’s and the Member States’ climate action aims to protect people and the planet, welfare, prosperity, health, agriculture and food systems, the integrity of eco-systems and biodiversity against the threat of climate change, in the context of the 2030 agenda for sustainable development and in pursuit of the objectives of the Paris Agreement, and to maximize prosperity within the planetary boundaries and to increase resilience and reduce vulnerability of society to climate change.

Or. en
(5) The Union’s and the Member States’ climate action aims to protect people and the planet, welfare, prosperity, health, food systems, the integrity of ecosystems and biodiversity against the threat of climate change, in the context of the 2030 agenda for sustainable development and in pursuit of the objectives of the Paris Agreement, and to maximize prosperity within the planetary boundaries and to increase resilience and reduce vulnerability of society to climate change.

Or. en

Amendment 52
Josianne Cutajar, Mónica Silvana González

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 6

Text proposed by the Commission

(6) Achieving climate neutrality should require a contribution from all economic sectors. In light of the importance of energy production and consumption on greenhouse gas emissions, the transition to a sustainable, affordable and secure energy system relying on a well-functioning internal energy market is essential. The digital transformation, technological innovation, and research and development are also important drivers for achieving the climate-neutrality objective.

Amendment

(6) Achieving climate neutrality should require a contribution from all economic sectors, while taking into account the economic, social and territorial cohesion of the Union, with specific regard to rural areas, areas affected by industrial transition, and regions which suffer from severe and permanent natural or demographic handicaps such as the northernmost regions with very low population density and island, cross-border and mountain regions as well as the outermost ones. In light of the importance of energy production and consumption on greenhouse gas emissions, the transition to a sustainable, affordable and secure energy system relying on a well-functioning internal energy market is essential. The digital transformation, technological innovation, and research and development are also important drivers for achieving the climate-neutrality objective.

Or. en
Amendment 53
Franc Bogovič, Herbert Dorfmann

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 6

Text proposed by the Commission

(6) Achieving climate neutrality should require a contribution from all economic sectors. In light of the importance of energy production and consumption on greenhouse gas emissions, the transition to a sustainable, affordable and secure energy system relying on a well-functioning internal energy market is essential. The digital transformation, technological innovation, and research and development are also important drivers for achieving the climate-neutrality objective.

Amendment

(6) Achieving climate neutrality should require a contribution from all economic sectors. In light of the importance of energy production and consumption on greenhouse gas emissions, the transition to a sustainable, affordable and secure energy system relying on a well-functioning internal energy market is essential. The digital transformation, technological innovation, and research and development are also important drivers for achieving the climate-neutrality objective. Special attention should also be paid to replacing fossil-intensive materials with renewable and bio-based materials, deriving from forestry and agriculture, as two sectors functioning as carbon emitters as well as carbon sinks, as well as with low carbon materials.

Or. en

Justification

Replacing fossil-intensive materials with renewable, bio-based and low carbon materials is crucial for achieving climate neutrality. Materials and manufactured products represent 23% of the CO2 emissions due to domestic final demand for products. As domestic final demand for products constitutes 77% of the total EU-27 carbon footprint, materials and manufactured products constitute nearly one fifth of the total EU-27 CO2 emissions.

Amendment 54
Mathilde Androuët

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 6

Text proposed by the Commission

AM\1206858EN.docx 23/194

Amendment

PE652.651v01-00
(6) Achieving climate neutrality should require a contribution from all economic sectors. In light of the importance of energy production and consumption on greenhouse gas emissions, the transition to a sustainable, affordable and secure energy system relying on a well-functioning internal energy market is essential. The digital transformation, technological innovation, and research and development are also important drivers for achieving the climate-neutrality objective.

Or. fr

Amendment 55
Herbert Dorfmann
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 6

Text proposed by the Commission

(6) Achieving climate neutrality should require a contribution from all economic sectors. In light of the importance of energy production and consumption on greenhouse gas emissions, the transition to a sustainable, affordable and secure energy system relying on a well-functioning internal energy market is essential. The digital transformation, technological innovation, and research and development are also important drivers for achieving the climate-neutrality objective.

Amendment

(6) Achieving climate neutrality should require a contribution from all economic sectors. In light of the importance of energy production and consumption on greenhouse gas emissions, the transition to a sustainable, affordable and secure energy system relying on a well-functioning internal energy market is essential. The digital transformation, technological innovation, and research and development are also important drivers for achieving the climate-neutrality objective. Particular focus should be put on reducing the reliance on fossil fuels, where the use of hydrogen as a fuel and energy storage medium can play an important role to enable the transition to a clean, low-carbon energy system.

Or. en
Amendment 56
Izabela-Helena Kloc, Elżbieta Kruk, Krzysztof Jurgiel, Andżelika Anna Możdżanowska

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 6

(6) Achieving climate neutrality should require a contribution from all economic sectors. In light of the importance of energy production and consumption on greenhouse gas emissions, the transition to a sustainable, affordable and secure energy system relying on a well-functioning internal energy market is essential. The digital transformation, technological innovation, and research and development are also important drivers for achieving the climate-neutrality objective.

(6) Achieving climate neutrality requires all economic sectors, including aviation and maritime transport, to reduce their emissions to close to zero. The polluter pays principle should be a key factor in that regard. In light of the importance of energy production and consumption on greenhouse gas emissions, the transition to a sustainable, affordable and secure energy system relying on a well-functioning internal energy market is essential. The digital transformation, technological innovation, and research and development are also important drivers for achieving the climate-neutrality objective. This will not be achieved without adequate additional funding for research and implementation.

Justification

We would like to put emphasis on additional funding for research and implementation.

Amendment 57
Martina Michels, Dimitrios Papadimoulis

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 6

(6) Achieving climate neutrality should require a contribution from all economic sectors. In light of the importance of energy production and consumption on greenhouse gas emissions, the transition to a sustainable, affordable and secure energy

(6) Achieving climate neutrality requires joint and coherent efforts by all levels governance, funding and investment policies and a contribution from all economic sectors. Given the importance of energy generation,
A well-functioning internal energy market is essential. The digital transformation, technological innovation, and research and development are also important drivers for achieving the climate-neutrality objective.

Achieving climate neutrality should require a contribution from all economic sectors. In light of the importance of energy production and consumption on greenhouse gas emissions, the transition to a sustainable, affordable and secure energy system relying on a well-functioning internal energy market is essential. The digital transformation, technological innovation, and research and development are also important drivers for achieving the climate-neutrality objective.

In this context the regulatory framework of energy should be harmonised at the Union level and should incentivise the domestic and economic production and use of green energy. The digital transformation, technological innovation, and research and development are also important drivers for achieving the climate-neutrality objective.
Peter Pollák, Mircea-Gheorghe Hava

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 6

Text proposed by the Commission

(6) Achieving climate neutrality should require a contribution from all economic sectors. In light of the importance of energy production and consumption on greenhouse gas emissions, the transition to a sustainable, affordable and secure energy system relying on a well-functioning internal energy market is essential. The digital transformation, technological innovation, and research and development are also important drivers for achieving the climate-neutrality objective.

Amendment

(6) Achieving climate neutrality should require a contribution from all economic sectors, proportional long-term commitment by the EU budget and should be adapted to sectoral and regional specificities in order to make the transition economically viable, just and socially fair. In light of the importance of energy production and consumption on greenhouse gas emissions, the transition to a sustainable, affordable and secure energy system relying on a well-functioning internal energy market is essential. The digital transformation, technological innovation, and research and development are also important drivers for achieving the climate-neutrality objective.

Or. en

Amendment 60
Mónica Silvana González, Cristina Maestre Martín De Almagro, Andrea Cozzolino, Tonino Picula, Elisabetta Gualmini, Rovana Plumb, Isabel García Muñoz, Isabel Carvalhais

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 6

Text proposed by the Commission

(6) Achieving climate neutrality should require a contribution from all economic sectors. In light of the importance of energy production and consumption on greenhouse gas emissions, the transition to a sustainable, affordable and secure energy system relying on a well-functioning internal energy market is essential. The digital transformation, technological innovation, and research and development are also important drivers for achieving the climate-neutrality objective.

Amendment

(6) Achieving climate neutrality should require a contribution from all economic sectors and all territorial administrations. In light of the importance of energy production and consumption on greenhouse gas emissions, the transition to a sustainable, affordable and secure energy system relying on a well-functioning internal energy market is essential. The digital transformation, technological innovation, and research and development are also important drivers for achieving the climate-neutrality objective.
are also important drivers for achieving the climate-neutrality objective.
sectors. In light of the importance of energy production and consumption on greenhouse gas emissions, the transition to a sustainable, affordable and secure energy system relying on a well-functioning internal energy market is essential. The digital transformation, technological innovation, and research and development are also important drivers for achieving the climate-neutrality objective.

economic sectors and it should require a sustainable contribution from all in order to fight climate change. In light of the importance of energy production and consumption on greenhouse gas emissions, the transition to a sustainable, affordable and secure energy system relying on a well-functioning internal energy market is essential. The digital transformation, technological innovation, and research and development are also important drivers for achieving the climate-neutrality objective.

Amendment 63
Francesca Donato, Alessandro Panza, Vincenzo Sofo, Rosanna Conte, Stefania Zambelli

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 6

Text proposed by the Commission

(6) Achieving climate neutrality should require a contribution from all economic sectors. In light of the importance of energy production and consumption on greenhouse gas emissions, the transition to a sustainable, affordable and secure energy system relying on a well-functioning internal energy market is essential. The digital transformation, technological innovation, and research and development are also important drivers for achieving the climate-neutrality objective.

Amendment

(6) Achieving climate neutrality necessarily requires an impact assessment of every measure on all economic sectors. In light of the importance of energy production and consumption on greenhouse gas emissions, the transition to an environmentally and economically sustainable, affordable and secure energy system relying on a well-functioning internal energy market is needed. The digital transformation, technological innovation, and research and development are also important drivers for achieving the climate-neutrality objective.

Or. en

Amendment 64
Izabela-Helena Kloc, Elżbieta Kruk, Krzysztof Jurgiel, Andżelika Anna Możdżanowska

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 6 a (new)
The Commission should recommend a detailed plan with all suggested necessary legislative and non-legislative measures in order to achieve a climate neutral economy in the EU by 2050. This plan should identify the key barriers and the measures that will be implemented at EU level to support the transformation of each sector of the economy.

Full understanding is needed for the contribution potential of each sector in the EU.

**Amendment 65**
Mathilde Androuët
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 6 a (new)

(6a) The digital transformation, technological innovation, and research and development are also important drivers for achieving the climate-neutrality objective.

**Amendment 66**
Franc Bogovič, Herbert Dorfmann
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 6 a (new)

(6a) In order to provide more clarity, a definition of natural and other carbon
sinks should be presented by the Commission.

Or. en

Amendment 67
Mathilde Androuët

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 6 c (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

(6c) This energy transition must not exclude any of the energy-production sectors, including nuclear, if their scientific advances demonstrate a real evolution in terms of reducing greenhouse gas emissions.

Or. fr

Amendment 68
Izabela-Helena Kloc, Elżbieta Kruk, Krzysztof Jurgiel, Andżelika Anna Możdżanowska

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 7

Text proposed by the Commission

(7) The Union has been pursuing an ambitious policy on climate action and has put in place a regulatory framework to achieve its 2030 greenhouse gas emission reduction target. The legislation implementing this target consists, inter alia, of Directive 2003/87/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council, which establishes a system for greenhouse gas emission allowance trading within the Union, Regulation (EU) 2018/842 of the European Parliament and of the Council, which introduced national targets for reduction of greenhouse gas emissions by 2030, and Regulation (EU) 2018/841 of the
European Parliament and of the Council\textsuperscript{28}, which requires Member States to balance greenhouse gas emissions and removals from land use, land use change and forestry.


Or. en

\textbf{Amendment 69}

Izabela-Helena Kloc, Elżbieta Kruk, Krzysztof Jurgiel, Andżelika Anna Możdżanowska

\textbf{Proposal for a regulation}

\textbf{Recital 9}

\textit{Text proposed by the Commission}

\textbf{(9)} The Union has, through the ‘Clean Energy for All Europeans’ package\textsuperscript{29} been pursuing an ambitious decarbonisation

\textbf{Amendment}

\textbf{(9)} The Union has, through the ‘Clean Energy for All Europeans’ package\textsuperscript{29} been pursuing an ambitious decarbonisation
agenda notably by constructing a robust Energy Union, which includes 2030 goals for energy efficiency and deployment of renewable energy in Directives 2012/27/EU\textsuperscript{30} and (EU) 2018/2001\textsuperscript{31} of the European Parliament and of the Council, and by reinforcing relevant legislation, including Directive 2010/31/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council\textsuperscript{32}.

\textsuperscript{29} COM(2016) 860 final of 30 November 2016.


\textbf{Justification}

The EU framework is consistent and in support of reaching the goal of the Paris Agreement

\textbf{Amendment 70}

Franc Bogovič, Herbert Dorfmann

\textbf{Proposal for a regulation}

\textbf{Recital 10}

\textit{Text proposed by the Commission}

(10) The Union is a global leader in the

\textit{Amendment}

(10) The Union is a global leader in the
transition towards climate neutrality, and is determined to help raise global ambition and to strengthen the global response to climate change, using all tools at its disposal, including climate diplomacy.

In order to achieve these objectives, the Union shall insist that its high environmental production standards in all sectors, with particular focus on agriculture, are respected by all of its international trading partners.

Amendment 71
Isabel Carvalhais

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 10

Text proposed by the Commission

(10) The Union is a global leader in the transition towards climate neutrality, and is determined to help raise global ambition and to strengthen the global response to climate change, using all tools at its disposal, including climate diplomacy.

Amendment

(10) The Union is a global leader in the transition towards climate neutrality, and is determined to help raise global ambition and to strengthen the global response to climate change, using all tools at its disposal, including climate diplomacy. As global leader example, the Union shall phase-out as soon as possible the use of fossil fuels and their subsidies.

Amendment 72
Izabela-Helena Kloc, Elżbieta Kruk, Krzysztof Jurgiel, Andżelika Anna Możdżanowska

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 10

Text proposed by the Commission

(10) The Union is a global leader in the transition towards climate neutrality, and is determined to help raise global ambition

Amendment

(10) The Union is a global leader in the transition towards climate neutrality and is determined to achieve it in a cost-effective,
and to strengthen the global response to climate change, using all tools at its disposal, including climate diplomacy. just, socially balanced and fair manner, as well as help raise global ambition and to strengthen the global response to climate change, using all tools at its disposal, including climate diplomacy.

Or. en

Justification

It is important to underline how this transition should be achieved – in consistency with the language used in recital 3.

Amendment 73
Vlad-Marius Botoș, Cristian Ghinea, Ondřej Knotek

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 10

Text proposed by the Commission

(10) The Union is a global leader in the transition towards climate neutrality, and is determined to help raise global ambition and to strengthen the global response to climate change, using all tools at its disposal, including climate diplomacy.

Amendment

(10) The Union is a global leader in the transition towards climate neutrality, and is determined to help raise global ambition and to strengthen the global response to climate change, using all tools at its disposal, including climate diplomacy, without jeopardizing the economic development of the European Union.

Or. en

Amendment 74
Mónica Silvana González, Cristina Maestre Martín De Almagro, Andrea Cozzolino, Tonino Picula, Elisabetta Gualmini, Rovana Plumb, Isabel García Muñoz, Isabel Carvalhais, Tsvetelina Penkova

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 10

Text proposed by the Commission

(10) The Union is a global leader in the transition towards climate neutrality, and is determined to help raise global ambition

Amendment

(10) The Union is a global leader in the transition towards climate neutrality, and is determined to help raise global ambition
and to strengthen the global response to climate change, using all tools at its disposal, including climate diplomacy.

and to strengthen the global response to climate change, using all tools at its disposal, including trade and investment policy, development policy and climate diplomacy.

Or. en

Amendment 75
Martina Michels, Dimitrios Papadimoulis

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 10

Text proposed by the Commission

(10) The Union is a global leader in the transition towards climate neutrality, and is determined to help raise global ambition and to strengthen the global response to climate change, using all tools at its disposal, including climate diplomacy.

Amendment

(10) The Union has a responsibility as a global leader in the transition towards climate neutrality, to help raise global ambition and to strengthen the global response to climate change, using all tools at its disposal, including climate diplomacy.

Or. en

Amendment 76
Mathilde Androuët

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 10

Text proposed by the Commission

(10) The Union is a global leader in the transition towards climate neutrality, and is determined to help raise global ambition and to strengthen the global response to climate change, using all tools at its disposal, including climate diplomacy.

Amendment

(10) The Union is a global leader in the transition towards climate neutrality, and is determined to help raise global ambition and to strengthen the global response to climate change, using all tools at its disposal.

Or. fr
Amendment 77
Josianne Cutajar, Mónica Silvana González

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 10 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

(10a) The Union, as a global leader in the transition towards climate neutrality, should promote gender sensitive responses to the effects of climate change, both within the Union and elsewhere, with a specific focus on the European neighbouring and developing countries. It should also support a gender-balanced approach to the decision-making process concerning policies fighting climate change.

Or. en

Amendment 78
Isabel Carvalhais

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 11

Text proposed by the Commission

(11) The European Parliament called for the necessary transition to a climate-neutral society by 2050 at the latest and for this to be made into a European success story and has declared a climate and environment emergency. The European Council, in its Conclusions of 12 December 2019, has agreed on the objective of achieving a climate-neutral Union by 2050, in line with the objectives of the Paris Agreement, while also recognising that it is necessary to put in place an enabling framework and that the transition will require significant public and private investment. The European Council also invited the Commission to prepare a proposal for the Union’s long-
that the transition will require significant public and private investment. The European Council also invited the Commission to prepare a proposal for the Union’s long-term strategy as early as possible in 2020 with a view to its adoption by the Council and its submission to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change.

33 European Parliament resolution of 15 January 2020 on the European Green Deal (2019/2956(RSP)).

34 European Parliament resolution of 28 November 2019 on the climate and environment emergency (2019/2930(RSP)).

35 Conclusions adopted by the European Council at its meeting on 12 December 2019, EUCO 29/19, CO EUR 31, CONCL 9.

Amendment 79
Francesca Donato, Alessandro Panza, Vincenzo Sofo, Rosanna Conte, Stefania Zambelli

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 11

Text proposed by the Commission

(11) The European Parliament called for the necessary transition to a climate-neutral society by 2050 at the latest and for this to be made into a European success story and has declared a climate and environment emergency. The European Council, in its Conclusions of 12 December 2019, has agreed on the objective of achieving a climate-neutral Union by 2050, in line with the objectives of the Paris Agreement, while also recognising that it is necessary to put in place an enabling framework and that the

Amendment

(11) Before the COVID-19 pandemic, the European Parliament called for a transition to a climate-neutral society by 2050 at the latest and for this to be made into a European success story and has declared a climate and environment emergency. The European Council, in its Conclusions of 12 December 2019, has agreed on the objective of achieving a climate-neutral Union by 2050, in line with the objectives of the Paris Agreement, while also recognising that it is necessary to put in place an enabling framework and
transition will require significant public and private investment. The European Council also invited the Commission to prepare a proposal for the Union’s long-term strategy as early as possible in 2020 with a view to its adoption by the Council and its submission to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change.

_________________

33 European Parliament resolution of 15 January 2020 on the European Green Deal (2019/2956(RSP)).

34 European Parliament resolution of 28 November 2019 on the climate and environment emergency (2019/2930(RSP)).

35 Conclusions adopted by the European Council at its meeting on 12 December 2019, EU CO 29/19, CO EUR 31, CONCL 9.

Or. it

Amendment 80
Daniel Buda, Mircea-Gheorghe Hava, Iuliu Winkler

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 11

Text proposed by the Commission

(11) The European Parliament called for the necessary transition to a climate-neutral society by 2050 at the latest and for this to be made into a European success story and has declared a climate and environment emergency. The European Council, in its Conclusions of 12 December 2019, has agreed on the objective of achieving a climate-neutral Union by 2050, in line with the objectives of the Paris Agreement, while also recognising that it is necessary to put in place an enabling framework and that the transition will require significant public and private investment. The European Council also invited the Commission to prepare a proposal for the Union’s long-term strategy as early as possible in 2020 with a view to its adoption by the Council and its submission to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change.

Amendment

(11) The European Parliament called for the necessary transition to a climate-neutral society by 2050 at the latest and for this to be made into a European success story and has declared a climate and environment emergency. The European Council, in its Conclusions of 12 December 2019, has agreed on the objective of collectively achieving a climate-neutral Union by 2050, in line with the objectives of the Paris Agreement, while also recognising that it is necessary to put in place an enabling framework and
transition will require significant public and private investment. The European Council also invited the Commission to prepare a proposal for the Union’s long-term strategy as early as possible in 2020 with a view to its adoption by the Council and its submission to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change.

33 European Parliament resolution of 15 January 2020 on the European Green Deal (2019/2956(RSP)).

34 European Parliament resolution of 28 November 2019 on the climate and environment emergency (2019/2930(RSP)).

35 Conclusions adopted by the European Council at its meeting on 12 December 2019, EUCO 29/19, CO EUR 31, CONCL 9.
transition will require significant public and private investment. The European Council also invited the Commission to prepare a proposal for the Union’s long-term strategy as early as possible in 2020 with a view to its adoption by the Council and its submission to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change.

According to EUCO conclusions from December 2019, climate neutrality shall be considered as a collective effort with no one left behind. This includes different speeds for Member States and the availability of investments.

Amendment 82
Vlad-Marius Botoş, Ondřej Knotek, Stéphane Bijoux, Cristian Ghinea

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 12

Text proposed by the Commission
(12) The Union should aim to achieve a balance between anthropogenic economy-wide emissions and removals, through natural and technological solutions, of greenhouse gases domestically within the Union by 2050. The Union-wide 2050 climate-neutrality objective should be

Amendment
(12) The Union should aim to achieve a balance between anthropogenic economy-wide emissions and removals, through natural and technological solutions, of greenhouse gases domestically within the Union by 2050. The Union-wide 2050 climate-neutrality objective should be
pursued by all Member States collectively, and the Member States, the European Parliament, the Council and the Commission should take the necessary measures to enable its achievement. Measures at Union level will constitute an important part of the measures needed to achieve the objective.

Amendment 83
Erik Bergkvist

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 12

Text proposed by the Commission

(12) The Union should aim to achieve a balance between anthropogenic economy-wide emissions and removals, through natural and technological solutions, of greenhouse gases domestically within the Union by 2050. The Union-wide 2050 climate-neutrality objective should be pursued by all Member States collectively, and the Member States, the European Parliament, the Council and the Commission should take the necessary measures to enable its achievement. Measures at Union level will constitute an important part of the measures needed to achieve the objective.

Amendment

(12) The Union should aim to achieve a balance between anthropogenic economy-wide emissions and removals, through natural and technological solutions, of greenhouse gases domestically within the Union and at Member State level by 2050 at the latest. The Union-wide 2050 climate-neutrality objective should be pursued by all Member States and they should, together with the European Parliament, the Council and the Commission, take the necessary measures to enable its achievement. Measures at Union level will constitute an important part of the measures needed to achieve the objective also at Member State level. After 2050, the Union and all Member States should continue to reduce emissions so as
to ensure that removals of greenhouse gases exceed emissions.

Or. en

Amendment 84
Izabela-Helena Kloc, Elżbieta Kruk, Krzysztof Jurgiel, Andżelika Anna Możdżanowska

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 12

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Text proposed by the Commission</th>
<th>Amendment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(12) The Union should aim to achieve a balance between anthropogenic economy-wide emissions and removals, through natural and technological solutions, of greenhouse gases domestically within the Union by 2050. The Union-wide 2050 climate-neutrality objective should be pursued by all Member States collectively, and the Member States, the European Parliament, the Council and the Commission should take the necessary measures to enable its achievement. Measures at Union level will constitute an important part of the measures needed to achieve the objective.</td>
<td>(12) The Union should aim to achieve a balance between reported anthropogenic economy-wide emissions and removals, through natural and technological solutions, of greenhouse gases domestically within the Union by 2050. All Member States should collectively contribute to the fulfilment of the Union-wide 2050 climate-neutrality objective, based on their national circumstances and the availability of support, taking into account the GDP per capita and starting points, and the Member States, the European Parliament, the Council and the Commission should take the necessary measures to enable its achievement. Measures, as well as instruments, at Union level will constitute an important part of the measures needed to achieve the objective.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Or. en

Justification

Emphasis placed on that fact that climate neutrality is calculated using reported values. Emphasis on that this is a joint effort dependent of capacity and financing, in accordance with EUCO conclusions from December 2019.

Amendment 85
Mónica Silvana González, Cristina Maestre Martín De Almagro, Andrea Cozzolino, Tonino Picula, Elisabetta Gualmini, Rovana Plumb, Isabel García Muñoz
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 12

Text proposed by the Commission

(12) The Union should aim to achieve a balance between anthropogenic economy-wide emissions and removals, through natural and technological solutions, of greenhouse gases domestically within the Union by 2050. The Union-wide 2050 climate-neutrality objective should be pursued by all Member States and their regions collectively, and the Member States, the European Parliament, the Council and the Commission should take the necessary measures to enable its achievement. Measures at Union level will constitute an important part of the measures needed to achieve the objective.

Amendment

(12) The Union should aim to achieve a balance between anthropogenic economy-wide emissions and removals, through natural and technological solutions, of greenhouse gases domestically within the Union by 2050. The Union-wide 2050 climate-neutrality objective should be pursued by all Member States and their regions collectively, and the Member States, the European Parliament, the Council and the Commission should take the necessary measures to enable its achievement. Measures at Union level will constitute an important part of the measures needed to achieve the objective. The achievement of the Union’s climate-neutrality objective requires fulfilment of specific climate-neutrality objectives at national level.

Justification

Specific climate-neutrality objectives at national level are of outmost importance to ensure the achievement of Union’s objective in a fair distribution and to avoid overburdened Member States or free riders.

Amendment 86
Caroline Roose

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 12

Text proposed by the Commission

(12) The Union should aim to achieve a balance between anthropogenic economy-wide emissions and removals, through natural and technological solutions, of greenhouse gases domestically within the

Amendment

(12) The Union should aim to achieve a balance between anthropogenic economy-wide emissions and removals, through predominantly natural sinks and technological solutions, provided
Union by 2050. The Union-wide 2050 climate-neutrality objective should be pursued by all Member States collectively, and the Member States, the European Parliament, the Council and the Commission should take the necessary measures to enable its achievement. Measures at Union level will constitute an important part of the measures needed to achieve the objective.

Compliance with the climate and environmental impact assessment, of greenhouse gases domestically within the Union by 2040. The Union-wide 2040 climate-neutrality objective should be pursued by all Member States collectively, and the Member States, the European Parliament, the Council and the Commission should take the necessary measures to enable its achievement, including climate proofing of all policies. Measures at Union level will constitute an important part of the measures needed to achieve the objective.

Amendment 87
Francesca Donato, Alessandro Panza, Vincenzo Sofo, Rosanna Conte, Stefania Zambelli

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 12

Text proposed by the Commission

(12) The Union should aim to achieve a balance between anthropogenic economy-wide emissions and removals, through natural and technological solutions, of greenhouse gases domestically within the Union by 2050. The Union-wide 2050 climate-neutrality objective should be pursued by all Member States collectively, and the Member States, the European Parliament, the Council and the Commission should take the necessary measures to enable its achievement. Measures at Union level will constitute an important part of the measures needed to achieve the objective.

Amendment

(12) The Union should aim to achieve a balance between anthropogenic economy-wide emissions and removals, through natural and technological solutions, of greenhouse gases domestically within the Union from 2050, in line with the priority objective of economic recovery. The Union-wide 2050 climate-neutrality objective should be pursued by all Member States collectively, and the Member States, the European Parliament, the Council and the Commission should take the necessary measures to enable its achievement. Measures at Union level will constitute an important part of the measures needed to achieve the objective.

Or. it

Amendment 88
(12) The Union should aim to achieve a balance between anthropogenic economy-wide emissions and removals, through natural and technological solutions, of greenhouse gases domestically within the Union by 2050. The Union-wide 2050 climate-neutrality objective should be pursued by all Member States collectively, and the Member States, the European Parliament, the Council and the Commission should take the necessary measures to enable its achievement. Measures at Union level will constitute an important part of the measures needed to achieve the objective.
important part of the measures needed to achieve the objective.

(12) The Union should aim to achieve a balance between anthropogenic economy-wide emissions and removals, through natural and technological solutions, of greenhouse gases domestically within the Union by 2050. The Union-wide 2050 climate-neutrality objective should be pursued by all Member States collectively, and the Member States, the European Parliament, the Council and the Commission should take the necessary measures to enable its achievement. Measures at Union level will constitute an important part of the measures needed to achieve the objective.

(12a) All Member States have a responsibility to achieve national climate neutrality by 2050 at the latest. As a matter of justice and solidarity, the application of Union support mechanisms and funding such as the Just Transition...
Fund provided for in Regulation (EU) .../... of the European Parliament and of the Council\(^{1a}\), should take into account Member States' different starting points to reach climate neutrality.

\(^{1a}\) Regulation (EU) .../... of the European Parliament and of the Council of ... establishing the Just Transition Fund (OJ L ...).

Amendment 92
Izabela-Helena Kloc, Elżbieta Kruk, Krzysztof Jurgiel, Andżelika Anna Możdżanowska

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 12 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

\[(12a)\] All Member States have a responsibility to contribute to the collective EU climate neutrality by 2050 at the latest. As a matter of justice and solidarity, the application of Union support mechanisms and funding such as the Just Transition Fund provided for in Regulation (EU) .../... of the European Parliament and of the Council\(^{1a}\), should take into account Member States' different starting points to reach climate neutrality.

Amendment 93
Mónica Silvana González, Cristina Maestre Martin De Almagro, Andrea Cozzolino, Tonino Picula, Elisabetta Gualmini, Rovana Plumb, Isabel García Muñoz, Isabel Carvalhais, Tsvetelina Penkova

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 13
(13) The Union should continue its climate action and international climate leadership after 2050, in order to protect people and the planet against the threat of dangerous climate change, in pursuit of the temperature goals set out in the Paris Agreement and following the scientific recommendations of the IPCC.

Amendment 94
Isabel Carvalhais
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 13

Text proposed by the Commission
(13) The Union should continue its climate action and international climate leadership after 2050, in order to protect people and the planet against the threat of dangerous climate change, in pursuit of the temperature goals set out in the Paris Agreement and following the scientific recommendations of the IPCC.

Amendment
(13) The Union should continue giving the example of implementation through its climate action and international climate leadership after 2050, in order to protect people and the planet against the threat of dangerous climate change, by promoting climate change adaptation programmes worldwide, in pursuit of the temperature goals set out in the Paris Agreement and following the scientific recommendations of the IPCC.

Amendment 95
Francesca Donato, Alessandro Panza, Vincenzo Sofo, Rosanna Conte, Stefania Zambelli
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 13

Text proposed by the Commission
(13) The Union should continue its climate action and international climate leadership after 2050, in order to protect people and the planet against the threat of dangerous climate change, in pursuit of the temperature goals set out in the Paris Agreement and following the scientific recommendations of the IPCC.

Amendment
(13) The Union should continue its climate action and international climate leadership after 2050, in order to protect people and the planet against the threat of dangerous climate change, by promoting climate change adaptation programmes worldwide, in pursuit of the temperature goals set out in the Paris Agreement and following the scientific recommendations of the IPCC.
leadership after 2050, in order to protect people and the planet against the threat of dangerous climate change, in pursuit of the temperature goals set out in the Paris Agreement and following the scientific recommendations of the IPCC.

Amendment 96
Izabela-Helena Kloc, Elżbieta Kruk, Krzysztof Jurgiel, Andżelika Anna Możdżanowska

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 13

Text proposed by the Commission
(13) The Union should continue its climate action and international climate leadership after 2050, in order to protect people and the planet against the threat of dangerous climate change, in pursuit of the temperature goals set out in the Paris Agreement and following the scientific recommendations of the IPCC.

Amendment
(13) The Union should continue its climate action and international climate leadership after 2050, in order to protect people and the planet against the threat of dangerous climate change, in pursuit of the temperature goal set out in the Paris Agreement and following the scientific recommendations of the IPCC.

Or. en

Justification
In the Paris Agreement there is only one temperature goal (although it consists of two elements).

Amendment 97
Izabela-Helena Kloc, Elżbieta Kruk, Krzysztof Jurgiel, Andżelika Anna Możdżanowska

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 13 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

(13a) The Union should further promote clean energy development, through existing and new tools and measures, which will contribute to the achievement of the Union's climate and energy objectives.

Amendment

(13a) The Union should further promote clean energy development, through existing and new tools and measures, which will contribute to the achievement of the Union's climate and energy objectives.
of climate neutrality.

Justification

Adequate support should be provided for the transformation and promotion of renewable energy

Amendment 98
Mónica Silvana González, Cristina Maestre Martín De Almagro, Andrea Cozzolino, Tonino Picula, Elisabetta Gualmini, Isabel Garcia Muñoz, Isabel Carvalhais, Tsvetelina Penkova

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 14

Text proposed by the Commission

(14) Adaptation is a key component of the long-term global response to climate change. Therefore, Member States and the Union should enhance their adaptive capacity, strengthen resilience and reduce vulnerability to climate change, as provided for in Article 7 of the Paris Agreement, as well as maximise the co-benefits with other environmental policies and legislation. Member States should adopt comprehensive national adaptation strategies and plans.

Amendment

(14) Adaptation is a key component of the long-term global response to climate change. Therefore, Member States and the Union should enhance their adaptive capacity, strengthen resilience and reduce vulnerability to climate change, as provided for in Article 7 of the Paris Agreement, as well as maximise the co-benefits with other environmental policies and legislation. Member States should adopt comprehensive national adaptation strategies and plans in cooperation with regional and local authorities, with particular emphasis on local investment and education programmes to promote self-consumption, renewable energy integration and improving energy efficiency. Regional and local adaptation strategies and plans should be supported by ESI Funds and aligned with their respective national strategy.

Justification

Territorial factors play a crucial role in determining the right choice of policy to strengthen resilience and adaptation efforts. Geographical, climate, social and economic considerations
are key to evaluating and assessing vulnerability, managing risks and identifying future scenarios for climate variables. Establishing forecasting tools for adaptation and promoting resilience which can be tailored to different regional and local circumstances would represent an important step forward in developing these strategies. Regional and local authorities participation in the adaptation plans and its elaboration bottom-up can guarantee a regional and local perspective in Member States' strategies and plans. Promotion of self-consumption and renewable energy will facilitate the achievement of the climate-neutrality goals. ESI Funds must support this transition.

Amendment 99
Franc Bogovič, Herbert Dorfmann

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 14

Text proposed by the Commission
(14) Adaptation is a key component of the long-term global response to climate change. Therefore, Member States and the Union should enhance their adaptive capacity, strengthen resilience and reduce vulnerability to climate change, as provided for in Article 7 of the Paris Agreement, as well as maximise the co-benefits with other environmental policies and legislation. Member States should adopt comprehensive national adaptation strategies and plans.

Amendment
(14) Adaptation is a key component of the long-term global response to climate change. Therefore, Member States and the Union should enhance their adaptive capacity, strengthen resilience and reduce vulnerability to climate change, as provided for in Article 7 of the Paris Agreement, as well as maximise the co-benefits with other environmental policies and legislation. Member States should adopt comprehensive national adaptation strategies and plans, reflecting the circumstances in their regions.

Or. en

Amendment 100
Isabel Carvalhais

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 14

Text proposed by the Commission
(14) Adaptation is a key component of the long-term global response to climate change. Therefore, Member States and the Union should enhance their adaptive

Amendment
(14) Adaptation is a key component of the long-term global response to climate change. Therefore, Member States and the Union should enhance their adaptive
capacity, strengthen resilience and reduce vulnerability to climate change, as provided for in Article 7 of the Paris Agreement, as well as maximise the co-benefits with other environmental policies and legislation. Member States should adopt comprehensive national adaptation strategies and plans.

Or. en

Amendment 101
Vlad-Marius Botoş, Cristian Ghinea, Stéphane Bijoux, Ondřej Knotek, Susana Solís Pérez, Laurence Farreng

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 14

Text proposed by the Commission

(14) Adaptation is a key component of the long-term global response to climate change. Therefore, Member States and the Union should enhance their adaptive capacity, strengthen resilience and reduce vulnerability to climate change, as provided for in Article 7 of the Paris Agreement, as well as maximise the co-benefits with other environmental policies and legislation. Member States should adopt comprehensive national adaptation strategies and plans.

Amendment

(14) Adaptation is a key component of the long-term global response to climate change. Therefore, Member States and the Union should enhance their adaptive capacity, strengthen resilience and reduce vulnerability to climate change, as provided for in Article 7 of the Paris Agreement, as well as maximise the co-benefits with other environmental, development and cohesion policies and legislation. Member States should adopt comprehensive national adaptation strategies and plans.

Or. en

Amendment 102
Mónica Silvana González, Cristina Maestre Martín De Almagro, Andrea Cozzolino, Tonino Picula, Elisabetta Gualmini, Rovana Plumb, Isabel Carvalhais

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 15
(15) In taking the relevant measures at Union and national level to achieve the climate-neutrality objective, Member States and the European Parliament, the Council and the Commission should take into account the contribution of the transition to climate neutrality to the well-being of citizens, the prosperity of society and the competitiveness of the economy; energy and food security and affordability; fairness and solidarity across and within Member States considering their economic capability, national circumstances and the need for convergence over time; the need to make the transition just and socially fair; best available scientific evidence, in particular the findings reported by the IPCC; the need to integrate climate change related risks into investment and planning decisions; cost-effectiveness and technological neutrality in achieving greenhouse gas emissions reductions and removals and increasing resilience; progression over time in environmental integrity and level of ambition.

(15) In taking the relevant measures at Union and national level to achieve the climate-neutrality objective, Member States and the European Parliament, the Council and the Commission should take into account the contribution of the transition to climate neutrality to the well-being of citizens, the prosperity of society and the competitiveness of the economy; the net balance of employment resulting from measures and the upskilling and the reskilling of workers and their social inclusion; the adaptation needs and opportunities in different economic sectors; energy and food security and affordability; fairness, solidarity and sincere cooperation across and within Member States considering their economic capability, national and regional circumstances and the need for convergence over time; the demographic challenges, connectivity and cohesion among Union’s regions; the need to make the transition just and socially fair; best available scientific evidence, in particular the findings reported by the IPCC; the need to integrate climate change related risks into investment and planning decisions including a rapid phase-out of direct and indirect fossil fuel subsidies to be achieved in the 2021 budgetary cycle for the Union and national budgets; cost-effectiveness and technological neutrality in achieving greenhouse gas emissions reductions and removals and increasing resilience of territories and society; progression over time in environmental integrity and level of ambition; progression of technological innovation and clean energies.

Or. en

Amendment 103
Isabel Carvalhais
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 15

Text proposed by the Commission

(15) In taking the relevant measures at Union and national level to achieve the climate-neutrality objective, Member States and the European Parliament, the Council and the Commission should take into account the contribution of the transition to climate neutrality to the well-being of citizens, the prosperity of society and the competitiveness of the economy; energy and food security and affordability; fairness and solidarity across and within Member States considering their economic capability, national circumstances and the need for convergence over time; the need to make the transition just and socially fair; best available scientific evidence, in particular the findings reported by the IPCC; the need to integrate climate change related risks into investment and planning decisions; cost-effectiveness and technological neutrality in achieving greenhouse gas emissions reductions and removals and increasing resilience; progression over time in environmental integrity and level of ambition.

Amendment

(15) In taking the relevant measures at Union, national, regional and cross border level to achieve the climate-neutrality objective, Member States and the European Parliament, the Council and the Commission should take into account the contribution of the transition to climate neutrality to the well-being of citizens, the prosperity of society and the competitiveness of the economy; energy and food security and affordability; fairness and solidarity across and within Member States considering their economic capability, national circumstances, regional cohesion and the need for convergence over time; the need to make the transition just and economic, social and territorially fair, leaving no one behind, promoting workers reskilling and the possibility for new sustainable investments; best available scientific evidence, in particular the findings reported by the IPCC; the need to integrate climate change related risks into investment and planning decisions in order to make more environmental sustainable investments; cost-effectiveness and technological neutrality in achieving greenhouse gas emissions reductions and removals and increasing resilience taking into account the ‘polluter pays’ principle; progression over time in environmental integrity and level of ambition.

Amendment 104
Andrey Novakov, Daniel Buda, Manolis Kefalogiannis, Tomislav Sokol, Álvaro Amaro, Peter Pollák, Mircea-Gheorghe Hava

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 15

Text proposed by the Commission

(15) In taking the relevant measures at Union and national level to achieve the climate-neutrality objective, Member States and the European Parliament, the Council and the Commission should take into account the contribution of the transition to climate neutrality to the well-being of citizens, the prosperity of society and the competitiveness of the economy; energy and food security and affordability; fairness and solidarity across and within Member States considering their economic capability, national circumstances and the need for convergence over time; the need to make the transition just and socially fair; best available scientific evidence, in particular the findings reported by the IPCC; the need to integrate climate change related risks into investment and planning decisions; cost-effectiveness and technological neutrality in achieving greenhouse gas emissions reductions and removals and increasing resilience; progression over time in environmental integrity and level of ambition.

Amendment

(15) In taking the relevant measures at Union and national level to achieve the climate-neutrality objective, Member States and the European Parliament, the Council and the Commission should take into account the contribution of the transition to climate neutrality to the well-being of citizens, the prosperity of society and the competitiveness of the economy; energy and food security and affordability; fairness and solidarity across and within Member States considering their economic capability, national circumstances and the need for convergence over time; the need to make the transition just and socially fair; best available scientific evidence, in particular the findings reported by the IPCC; the need to integrate climate change related risks into investment and planning decisions; cost-effectiveness and technological neutrality in achieving greenhouse gas emissions reductions and removals and increasing resilience; progression over time in environmental integrity and level of ambition; different regions need an individual pace towards achieving climate neutrality, which can only be set after comprehensive impact assessment taking into account the effect on regional development, industry and employment.

Or. en

Amendment 105
Tonino Picula

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 15

Text proposed by the Commission

(15) In taking the relevant measures at

Amendment

(15) In taking the relevant measures at
Union and national level to achieve the climate-neutrality objective, Member States and the European Parliament, the Council and the Commission should take into account the contribution of the transition to climate neutrality to the well-being of citizens, the prosperity of society and the competitiveness of the economy; energy and food security and affordability; fairness and solidarity across and within Member States considering their economic capability, national circumstances and the need for convergence over time; the need to make the transition just and socially fair; best available scientific evidence, in particular the findings reported by the IPCC; the need to integrate climate change related risks into investment and planning decisions; cost-effectiveness and technological neutrality in achieving greenhouse gas emissions reductions and removals and increasing resilience; progression over time in environmental integrity and level of ambition.

Amendment 106
Franc Bogovič, Herbert Dorfmann

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 15

Text proposed by the Commission

(15) In taking the relevant measures at Union and national level to achieve the climate-neutrality objective, Member States and the European Parliament, the Council and the Commission should take into account the contribution of the transition to climate neutrality to the well-

Amendment

(15) In taking the relevant measures at Union and national level to achieve the climate-neutrality objective, Member States and the European Parliament, the Council and the Commission should take into account the contribution of the transition to climate neutrality to the well-
being of citizens, the prosperity of society and the competitiveness of the economy; energy and food security and affordability; fairness and solidarity across and within Member States considering their economic capability, national circumstances and the need for convergence over time; the need to make the transition just and socially fair; best available scientific evidence, in particular the findings reported by the IPCC; the need to integrate climate change related risks into investment and planning decisions; cost-effectiveness and technological neutrality in achieving greenhouse gas emissions reductions and removals and increasing resilience; progression over time in environmental integrity and level of ambition.

Or. en

Amendment 107
Vlad-Marius Botoș, Cristian Ghinea, Stéphane Bijoux, Ondřej Knotek

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 15

Text proposed by the Commission

(15) In taking the relevant measures at Union and national level to achieve the climate-neutrality objective, Member States and the European Parliament, the Council and the Commission should take into account the contribution of the transition to climate neutrality to the well-being of citizens, the prosperity of society and the competitiveness of the economy; energy and food security and affordability; fairness and solidarity across and within Member States considering their economic capability, national circumstances and the need for convergence over time; the need

Amendment

(15) In taking the relevant measures at Union and national level to achieve the climate-neutrality objective, Member States and the European Parliament, the Council and the Commission should take into account the contribution of the transition to climate neutrality to the well-being of citizens, the prosperity of society and the competitiveness of the economy; energy and food security and affordability; fairness and solidarity across and within Member States considering their economic capability and infrastructural development, national circumstances and
to make the transition just and socially fair; best available scientific evidence, in particular the findings reported by the IPCC; the need to integrate climate change related risks into investment and planning decisions; cost-effectiveness and technological neutrality in achieving greenhouse gas emissions reductions and removals and increasing resilience; progression over time in environmental integrity and level of ambition.

the need for convergence over time; the need to make the transition just and socially fair to leave no one behind; based on impact assessment and best available scientific evidence, in particular the findings reported by the IPCC; the need to integrate climate change related risks into investment and planning decisions; cost-effectiveness and technological neutrality in achieving greenhouse gas emissions reductions and removals and increasing resilience; progression over time in environmental integrity and level of ambition.

Amendment 108
Cristina Maestre Martín De Almagro, Mónica Silvana González, Isabel García Muñoz

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 15

Text proposed by the Commission

(15) In taking the relevant measures at Union and national level to achieve the climate-neutrality objective, Member States and the European Parliament, the Council and the Commission should take into account the contribution of the transition to climate neutrality to the well-being of citizens, the prosperity of society and the competitiveness of the economy; energy and food security and affordability; fairness and solidarity across and within Member States considering their economic capability, national circumstances and the need for convergence over time; the need to make the transition just and socially fair; best available scientific evidence, in particular the findings reported by the IPCC; the need to integrate climate change related risks into investment and planning decisions; cost-effectiveness and technological neutrality in achieving greenhouse gas emissions reductions and removals and increasing resilience; progression over time in environmental integrity and level of ambition.

Amendment

(15) In taking the relevant measures at Union and national level to achieve the climate-neutrality objective, Member States and the European Parliament, the Council and the Commission should take into account the contribution of the transition to climate neutrality to the well-being of citizens, the cohesion between the various EU regions, the prosperity of society and the competitiveness of the economy; energy and food security and affordability; fairness and solidarity across and within Member States considering their economic capability, national and regional circumstances and the need for convergence over time; the need to make the transition just and socially fair; best available scientific evidence, in particular the findings reported by the IPCC; the need to integrate climate change related risks into investment and planning decisions; cost-effectiveness and technological neutrality in achieving greenhouse gas emissions reductions and removals and increasing resilience; progression over time in environmental integrity and level of ambition.
removals and increasing resilience; progression over time in environmental integrity and level of ambition.

neutral in achieving greenhouse gas emissions reductions and removals and increasing resilience; progression over time in environmental integrity and level of ambition.

Amendment 109
Izabela-Helena Kloc, Elżbieta Kruk, Krzysztof Jurgiel, Andżelika Anna Możdżanowska

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 15

Text proposed by the Commission

(15) In taking the relevant measures at Union and national level to achieve the climate-neutrality objective, Member States and the European Parliament, the Council and the Commission should take into account the contribution of the transition to climate neutrality to the well-being of citizens, the prosperity of society and the competitiveness of the economy; energy and food security and affordability; fairness and solidarity across and within Member States considering their economic capability, national circumstances and the need for convergence over time; the need to make the transition just and socially fair; best available scientific evidence, in particular the findings reported by the IPCC; the need to integrate climate change related risks into investment and planning decisions; cost-effectiveness and technological neutrality in achieving greenhouse gas emissions reductions and removals and increasing resilience; progression over time in environmental integrity and level of ambition.

Amendment

(15) In taking the relevant measures at Union and national level to achieve the climate-neutrality objective, Member States and the European Parliament, the Council and the Commission should take into account the different starting points of Member States, the various national circumstances and support available, as well as, the contribution of the transition to climate neutrality to the well-being of citizens, the prosperity of society and the competitiveness of the economy; energy and food security and affordability whilst particularly taking into account the need to combat energy poverty; fairness and solidarity across and within Member States considering their economic capability, national circumstances and the need for convergence over time; the need to make the transition just and socially fair in accordance with 2015 International Labour Organization’s guidelines for a just transition towards environmentally sustainable economies and societies for all.

Justification

Circumstances pointed out by EUCO in December 2019 conclusions. We stress that emphasis
should be put on energy poverty as well as reference to the ILO’s guidelines.

Amendment 110
Francesca Donato, Alessandro Panza, Vincenzo Sofo, Rosanna Conte, Stefania Zambelli, Mathilde Androuët

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 15 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

(15a) Pursuit of the European and national climate neutrality objective must be aligned with effective post-pandemic economic recovery in all Member States; the fundamental European objectives of territorial cohesion, homogeneous regional development and effective European business competitiveness at global level must always be guaranteed and never compromised by any measures taken under the new Climate Act.

Amendment

Or. it

Amendment 111
Franc Bogovič, Herbert Dorfmann

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 15 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

(15a) During the process of achieving the climate-neutrality objective, Member States and the Commission shall pay particular attention to rural and remote areas, which are facing significant social and economic challenges.

Amendment

Or. en

Amendment 112
Franc Bogovič, Herbert Dorfmann

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 15 b (new)

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(15b) Forests play a crucial role in the transition to climate neutrality. Sustainable and close-to-nature forest management is crucial for continuous greenhouse gas absorption from the atmosphere and also allows to provide renewable and climate-friendly raw material for wood products which store carbon and can act as a substitute to fossil-based materials and fuels. The "triple role" of forests (sink, storage and substitution) contributes to the reduction of carbon emissions release to the atmosphere, while ensuring that forests continue to grow and provide many other services.

*Amendment*

Or. en

Amendment 113
Franc Bogovič, Herbert Dorfmann

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 16

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(16) The transition to climate neutrality requires changes across the entire policy spectrum and a collective effort of all sectors of the economy and society, as illustrated by the Commission in its Communication ‘The European Green Deal’. The European Council, in its Conclusions of 12 December 2019, stated that all relevant Union legislation and policies need to be consistent with, and contribute to, the fulfilment of the climate-neutrality objective while respecting a level playing field, and invited the Commission

*Amendment*

(16) The transition to climate neutrality requires changes across the entire policy spectrum and a collective effort of all sectors of the economy and society, as illustrated by the Commission in its Communication ‘The European Green Deal’. The European Council, in its Conclusions of 12 December 2019, stated that all relevant Union legislation and policies need to be consistent with, and contribute to, the fulfilment of the climate-neutrality objective while respecting a level playing field, and invited the Commission
to examine whether this requires an adjustment of the existing rules.

Taking the latter into account, the Commission shall revise the legislation on materials and products, in order to promote the use of renewable and low carbon materials with climate benefits that act as carbon sinks or partially substitute fossil-based materials.

Or. en

**Justification**

Replacing fossil-intensive materials with renewable, bio-based and low carbon materials is crucial for achieving climate neutrality. Materials and manufactured products represent 23% of the CO2 emissions due to domestic final demand for products. As domestic final demand for products constitutes 77% of the total EU-27 carbon footprint, materials and manufactured products constitute nearly one fifth of the total EU-27 CO2 emissions. By storing and utilizing carbon dioxide and replacing carbon intensive fossil-based resources, sustainably sourced renewable materials offer a key opportunity to help achieve Europe’s climate ambitions.

**Amendment 114**
Izabela-Helena Kloc, Elżbieta Kruk, Krzysztof Jurgiel, Andżelika Anna Możdżanowska

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 16

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(16) The transition to climate neutrality requires changes across the entire policy spectrum and a collective effort of all sectors of the economy and society, as illustrated by the Commission in its Communication ‘The European Green Deal’. The European Council, in its Conclusions of 12 December 2019, stated that all relevant Union legislation and policies need to be consistent with, and contribute to, the fulfilment of the climate-neutrality objective while respecting a level playing field, and invited the Commission to examine whether this requires an adjustment of the existing rules.

*Amendment*

(16) The transition to climate neutrality requires changes across the entire policy spectrum and a collective effort of all sectors of the economy and society. The European Council, in its Conclusions of 12 December 2019, stated that all relevant Union legislation and policies need to be consistent with, and contribute to, the fulfilment of the climate-neutrality objective while respecting a level playing field, and invited the Commission to examine whether this requires an adjustment of the existing rules.
EGD describes one of many ways of achieving climate neutrality

Amendment 115
Francesca Donato, Alessandro Panza, Vincenzo Sofo, Rosanna Conte, Stefania Zambelli

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 16

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(16) The transition to climate neutrality requires changes across the entire policy spectrum and a collective effort of all sectors of the economy and society, as illustrated by the Commission in its Communication ‘The European Green Deal’. The European Council, in its Conclusions of 12 December 2019, stated that all relevant Union legislation and policies need to be consistent with, and contribute to, the fulfilment of the climate-neutrality objective while respecting a level playing field, and invited the Commission to examine whether this requires an adjustment of the existing rules.

Or. it

Amendment 116
Andrey Novakov, Daniel Buda, Manolis Kefalogiannis, Tomislav Sokol, Álvaro Amaro, Peter Pollák, Mircea-Gheorghe Hava

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 16

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(16) The transition to climate neutrality requires changes across the entire policy spectrum and ambitious and sustained financing and a collective effort of all sectors of the economy and society, as illustrated by the Commission in its Communication ‘The European Green Deal’. The European Council, in its...
Conclusions of 12 December 2019, stated that all relevant Union legislation and policies need to be consistent with, and contribute to, the fulfilment of the climate-neutrality objective while respecting a level playing field, and invited the Commission to examine whether this requires an adjustment of the existing rules.

Deal’. The European Council, in its Conclusions of 12 December 2019, stated that all relevant Union legislation and policies need to be consistent with, and contribute to, the fulfilment of the climate-neutrality objective while respecting a level playing field, and invited the Commission to examine whether this requires an adjustment of the existing rules.

Amendment 117
Isabel Carvalhais

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 16

Text proposed by the Commission

(16) The transition to climate neutrality requires changes across the entire policy spectrum and a collective effort of all sectors of the economy and society, as illustrated by the Commission in its Communication ‘The European Green Deal’. The European Council, in its Conclusions of 12 December 2019, stated that all relevant Union legislation and policies need to be consistent with, and contribute to, the fulfilment of the climate-neutrality objective while respecting a level playing field, and invited the Commission to examine whether this requires an adjustment of the existing rules.

Amendment

(16) The transition to climate neutrality requires changes across the entire policy and financial spectrum and a collective effort of all sectors of the economy and society, as illustrated by the Commission in its Communication ‘The European Green Deal’. The European Council, in its Conclusions of 12 December 2019, stated that all relevant Union legislation and policies need to be consistent with, and contribute to, the fulfilment of the climate-neutrality objective while respecting a level playing field, and invited the Commission to examine whether this requires an adjustment of the existing rules.

Amendment 118
Vlad-Marius Botoș, Cristian Ghinea, Stéphane Bijoux

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 16
(16) The transition to climate neutrality requires changes across the entire policy spectrum and a collective effort of all sectors of the economy and society, as illustrated by the Commission in its Communication ‘The European Green Deal’. The European Council, in its Conclusions of 12 December 2019, stated that all relevant Union legislation and policies need to be consistent with, and contribute to, the fulfilment of the climate-neutrality objective while respecting a level playing field, and invited the Commission to examine whether this requires an adjustment of the existing rules.

Amendment

(16) The transition to climate neutrality requires changes across the entire policy spectrum and a collective effort of all public and private sectors and society, as illustrated by the Commission in its Communication ‘The European Green Deal’. The European Council, in its Conclusions of 12 December 2019, stated that all relevant Union legislation and policies need to be consistent with, and contribute to, the fulfilment of the climate-neutrality objective while respecting a level playing field, and invited the Commission to examine whether this requires an adjustment of the existing rules.

Or. en

Amendment 119
Izabela-Helena Kloc, Elżbieta Kruk, Krzysztof Jurgiel, Andżelika Anna Moźdżanowska

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 17

Text proposed by the Commission

(17) The Commission, in its Communication ‘The European Green Deal’, announced its intention to assess and make proposals for increasing the Union’s greenhouse gas emission reduction target for 2030 to ensure its consistency with the climate-neutrality objective for 2050. In that Communication, the Commission underlined that all Union policies should contribute to the climate-neutrality objective and that all sectors should play their part. By September 2020, the Commission should, based on a comprehensive impact assessment and taking into account its analysis of the integrated national energy and climate plans submitted to the Commission in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2018/1999 of the European Parliament and

Amendment

(17) The Commission, in its Communication ‘The European Green Deal’, announced its intention to assess and make proposals for increasing the Union’s greenhouse gas emission reduction target for 2030 to ensure its consistency with the climate-neutrality objective for 2050. In that Communication, the Commission underlined that all Union policies should contribute to the climate-neutrality objective and that all sectors should play their part. By September 2020, the Commission intends, based on a comprehensive impact assessment and taking into account its analysis of the integrated national energy and climate plans submitted to the Commission in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2018/1999 of the European Parliament and
of the Council\textsuperscript{36}, review the Union’s 2030 target for climate and explore options for a new 2030 target of 50 to 55\% emission reductions compared with 1990 levels. Where it considers necessary to amend the Union’s 2030 target, it \textit{should} make proposals to the European Parliament and to the Council to amend this Regulation as appropriate. In addition, the Commission \textit{should}, by 30 June 2021, assess how the Union legislation implementing that target would need to be amended \textit{in order to achieve emission reductions of 50 to 55\% compared to 1990}. Of the Council\textsuperscript{36}, to review the Union’s 2030 target for climate and explore options for a new 2030 target of 50 to 55\% emission reductions compared with 1990 levels, \textit{ additionally providing information on the reported Union-wide emissions and removals projected for 2030}. Where it considers necessary to amend the Union’s 2030 target, it \textit{intends to} make proposals to the European Parliament and to the Council to amend this Regulation as appropriate. In addition, the Commission \textit{intends}, by 30 June 2021, \textit{to} assess how the Union legislation implementing that target would need to be amended. The Union confirms its target to reduce emissions by at least 40\% compared to 1990 by 2030 and will consider raising its target only in a joint effort where all major emitters reach a comparable level of ambition.


\textit{Justification}

\textit{According to what was agreed in EUCO conclusions in December 2019 and taking into account extraordinary situation and exact economic consequences of COVID-19 pandemic we propose to set reduction target in 2030 to 40\%. We would like to stress the importance of maintaining EUCO leading role as a pre-requisite of political reliability in the time of crisis. In order to gain a full understanding on how to reach climate neutrality in 2050 forecasted reported figures for emissions and removals should also be presented in the 2030 IA.}
Amendment 120
Mathilde Androuët

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 17

_17_ The Commission, in its Communication ‘The European Green Deal’, announced its intention to assess and make proposals for increasing the Union’s greenhouse gas emission reduction target for 2030 to ensure its consistency with the climate-neutrality objective for 2050. In that Communication, the Commission underlined that all Union policies should contribute to the climate-neutrality objective and that all sectors should play their part. By September 2020, the Commission should, based on a comprehensive impact assessment and taking into account its analysis of the integrated national energy and climate plans submitted to the Commission in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2018/1999 of the European Parliament and of the Council\(^\text{36}\), review the Union’s 2030 target for climate and explore options for a new 2030 target of 50 to 55 % emission reductions compared with 1990 levels. Where it considers necessary to amend the Union’s 2030 target, it should make proposals to the European Parliament and to the Council to amend this Regulation as appropriate. In addition, the Commission should, by 30 June 2021, assess how the Union legislation implementing that target would need to be amended in order to achieve emission reductions of 50 to 55 % compared to 1990. _In order for the climate-neutrality objective to be just and achievable, it should not undermine the economic and social balances of the Member States and of the sectors they involve in pursuit of this objective._

Amendment 121
Tamás Deutsch

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 17

Text proposed by the Commission

(17) The Commission, in its Communication ‘The European Green Deal’, announced its intention to assess and make proposals for increasing the Union’s greenhouse gas emission reduction target for 2030 to ensure its consistency with the climate-neutrality objective for 2050. In that Communication, the Commission underlined that all Union policies should contribute to the climate-neutrality objective and that all sectors should play their part. By September 2020, the Commission should, based on a comprehensive impact assessment and taking into account its analysis of the integrated national energy and climate plans submitted to the Commission in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2018/1999 of the European Parliament and

Amendment

(17) The Commission, in its Communication ‘The European Green Deal’, announced its intention to assess and make proposals for increasing the Union’s greenhouse gas emission reduction target for 2030 to ensure its consistency with the climate-neutrality objective for 2050. In that Communication, the Commission underlined that all Union policies should contribute to the climate-neutrality objective and that all sectors should play their part. By September 2020, the Commission should, based on a comprehensive impact assessment with a breakdown per Member State, evaluating expected impacts at Member States’ level and taking into account its analysis of the integrated national energy and climate plans submitted to the Commission in
of the Council\textsuperscript{36}, review the Union’s 2030 target for climate and explore options for a new 2030 target of 50 to 55 \% emission reductions compared with 1990 levels. Where it considers necessary to amend the Union’s 2030 target, it should make proposals to the European Parliament and to the Council to amend this Regulation as appropriate. In addition, the Commission should, by 30 June 2021, assess how the Union legislation implementing that target would need to be amended in order to achieve emission reductions of 50 to 55 \% compared to 1990.


accordance with Regulation (EU) 2018/1999 of the European Parliament and of the Council\textsuperscript{36}, review the Union’s 2030 target for climate and explore options for a new 2030 target of 50 to 55 \% emission reductions compared with 1990 levels; \textit{in order to reach this target, all Member States should commit to reduce their emission levels by minimum 40\% until 2030.} Where it considers necessary to amend the Union’s 2030 target, it should make proposals to the European Parliament and to the Council to amend this Regulation as appropriate. In addition, the Commission should, by 30 June 2021, assess how the Union legislation implementing that target would need to be amended in order to achieve emission reductions of 50 to 55 \% compared to 1990.


Or. en

\textbf{Amendment 122}

Mónica Silvana González, Cristina Maestre Martín De Almagro, Andrea Cozzolino, Tonino Picula, Elisabetta Gualmini

\textbf{Proposal for a regulation}

\textbf{Recital 17}
The Commission, in its Communication ‘The European Green Deal’, announced its intention to assess and make proposals for increasing the Union’s greenhouse gas emission reduction target for 2030 to ensure its consistency with the climate-neutrality objective for 2050. In that Communication, the Commission underlined that all Union policies should contribute to the climate-neutrality objective and that all sectors should play their part. By September 2020, the Commission should, based on a comprehensive impact assessment and taking into account its analysis of the integrated national energy and climate plans submitted to the Commission in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2018/1999 of the European Parliament and of the Council, review the Union’s 2030 target for climate and explore options for a new 2030 target of at least 55% emission reductions compared with 1990 levels. Where it considers necessary to amend the Union’s 2030 target, it should make proposals to the European Parliament and the Council to amend this Regulation as appropriate. In addition, the Commission should, by 30 June 2021, assess how the Union legislation implementing that target would need to be amended in order to achieve emission reductions of at least 55% compared to 1990. The Commission shall provide also binding targets within the range of 80 to 85% of reduction for the year 2040 as soon as possible and until 2025 at the latest.


Amendment 123
Erik Bergkvist

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 17

Text proposed by the Commission

(17) The Commission, in its Communication ‘The European Green Deal’, announced its intention to assess and make proposals for increasing the Union’s greenhouse gas emission reduction target for 2030 to ensure its consistency with the climate-neutrality objective for 2050. In that Communication, the Commission underlined that all Union policies should contribute to the climate-neutrality objective and that all sectors should play their part. By September 2020, the Commission should, based on a comprehensive impact assessment and taking into account its analysis of the integrated national energy and climate plans submitted to the Commission in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2018/1999 of the European Parliament and of the Council36, review the Union’s 2030 target for climate and explore options for a new 2030 target of 50 to 55 % emission reductions compared with 1990 levels. Where it considers necessary to amend the Union’s 2030 target, it should make proposals to the European Parliament and to the Council to amend this Regulation as appropriate. In addition, the Commission should, by 30 June 2021, ...

Amendment

(17) The Commission, in its Communication ‘The European Green Deal’, announced its intention to assess and make proposals for increasing the Union’s greenhouse gas emission reduction target for 2030 to ensure its consistency with the climate-neutrality objective for 2050. In that Communication, the Commission underlined that all Union policies should contribute to the climate-neutrality objective and that all sectors should play their part. Given the Union goal of reaching climate neutrality by 2050 at the latest, it is essential that climate action is further strengthened and particularly that the Union 2030 climate target is raised to a reduction in emissions of 65 % compared with 1990 levels. Where it considers necessary to amend the Union’s 2030 target, it should make proposals to the European Parliament and to the Council to amend this Regulation as appropriate. In addition, the Commission should, by 30 June 2021, assess how the Union legislation implementing that target would need to be amended in order to achieve emission reductions of 50 to 55 % compared to 1990.
assess how the Union legislation implementing that target would need to be amended in order to achieve emission reductions of 50 to 55 % compared to 1990.


Amendment 124
Andrey Novakov, Daniel Buda, Manolis Kefalogiannis, Tomislav Sokol, Álvaro Amaro, Peter Pollák, Mircea-Gheorghe Hava

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 17

Text proposed by the Commission

(17) The Commission, in its Communication ‘The European Green Deal’, announced its intention to assess and make proposals for increasing the Union’s greenhouse gas emission reduction target for 2030 to ensure its consistency with the climate-neutrality objective for 2050. In that Communication, the Commission underlined that all Union policies should contribute to the climate-neutrality objective and that all sectors should play their part. By September 2020, the

Amendment

(17) The Commission, in its Communication ‘The European Green Deal’, announced its intention to assess and make proposals for increasing the Union’s greenhouse gas emission reduction target for 2030 to ensure its consistency with the climate-neutrality objective for 2050. In that Communication, the Commission underlined that all Union policies should contribute to the climate-neutrality objective and that all sectors should play their part. By September 2021, the
Commission should, based on a comprehensive impact assessment and taking into account its analysis of the integrated national energy and climate plans submitted to the Commission in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2018/1999 of the European Parliament and of the Council, review the Union’s 2030 target for climate and explore options for a new 2030 target of 50 to 55% emission reductions compared with 1990 levels. Where it considers necessary to amend the Union’s 2030 target, it should make proposals to the European Parliament and to the Council to amend this Regulation as appropriate. In addition, the Commission should, by 30 June 2021, assess how the Union legislation implementing that target would need to be amended in order to achieve emission reductions of 50 to 55% compared to 1990.


Commission should, based on a comprehensive impact assessment and taking into account its analysis of the integrated national energy and climate plans submitted to the Commission in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2018/1999 of the European Parliament and of the Council, propose a revision of the Union’s 2030 target for climate, explore options for a new 2030 target up to 55% emission reductions compared with 1990 levels and propose commensurate funding through the EU budget to achieve the possible new target. Where it considers necessary to amend the Union’s 2030 target, it should make proposals to the European Parliament and to the Council to amend this Regulation as appropriate. In addition, the Commission should, by 30 June 2021, assess how the Union legislation implementing that target would need to be amended in order to achieve emission reductions up to 55% compared to 1990.


Or. en

Amendment 125
Vlad-Marius Botoș, Ondřej Knotek, Cristian Ghinea
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 17

Text proposed by the Commission

(17) The Commission, in its Communication ‘The European Green Deal’, announced its intention to assess and make proposals for increasing the Union’s greenhouse gas emission reduction target for 2030 to ensure its consistency with the climate-neutrality objective for 2050. In that Communication, the Commission underlined that all Union policies should contribute to the climate-neutrality objective and that all sectors should play their part. By September 2020, the Commission should, based on a comprehensive impact assessment and taking into account its analysis of the integrated national energy and climate plans submitted to the Commission in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2018/1999 of the European Parliament and of the Council, review the Union’s 2030 target for climate and explore options for a new 2030 target of 50 to 55% emission reductions compared with 1990 levels. Where it considers necessary to amend the Union’s 2030 target, it should make proposals to the European Parliament and to the Council to amend this Regulation as appropriate. In addition, the Commission should, by 30 June 2021, assess how the Union legislation implementing that target would need to be amended in order to achieve emission reductions of 50 to 55% compared to 1990.

Amendment

(17) The Commission, in its Communication ‘The European Green Deal’, announced its intention to assess and make proposals for increasing the Union’s greenhouse gas emission reduction target for 2030 to ensure its consistency with the climate-neutrality objective for 2050. In that Communication, the Commission underlined that all Union policies should contribute to the climate-neutrality objective and that all sectors should play their part. By September 2020, the Commission should, based on a comprehensive impact assessment measuring the impact for the EU as well as for each individual Member State and taking into account its analysis of the integrated national energy and climate plans submitted to the Commission in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2018/1999 of the European Parliament and of the Council, review the Union’s 2030 target for climate and explore options for a new 2030 target of 50% emission reductions compared with 1990 levels. Where it considers necessary to amend the Union’s 2030 target, it should make proposals to the European Parliament and to the Council to amend this Regulation as appropriate. In addition, the Commission should, by 30 June 2021, assess how the Union legislation implementing that target would need to be amended in order to achieve emission reductions of 50% compared to 1990.

_________________


Amendment 126
Josianne Cutajar, Mónica Silvana González
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 17

Text proposed by the Commission

(17) The Commission, in its Communication ‘The European Green Deal’, announced its intention to assess and make proposals for increasing the Union’s greenhouse gas emission reduction target for 2030 to ensure its consistency with the climate-neutrality objective for 2050. In that Communication, the Commission underlined that all Union policies should contribute to the climate-neutrality objective and that all sectors should play their part. By September 2020, the Commission should, based on a comprehensive impact assessment and taking into account its analysis of the integrated national energy and climate plans submitted to the Commission in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2018/1999 of the European Parliament and of the Council, review the Union’s 2030 target for climate and explore options for a new 2030 target of 50 to 55 % emission reductions compared with 1990 levels. Where it considers necessary to amend the Union’s 2030 target, it should make proposals to the European Parliament and to the Council to amend this Regulation as appropriate.

Amendment

(17) The Commission, in its Communication ‘The European Green Deal’, announced its intention to assess and make proposals for increasing the Union’s greenhouse gas emission reduction target for 2030 to ensure its consistency with the climate-neutrality objective for 2050. In that Communication, the Commission underlined that all Union policies should contribute to the climate-neutrality objective and that all sectors should play their part. By September 2020, the Commission should, based on a comprehensive impact assessment and taking into account its analysis of the integrated national energy and climate plans submitted to the Commission in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2018/1999 of the European Parliament and of the Council, and the impacts at national level identified thereof, review the Union’s 2030 target for climate and explore options for a new 2030 target of 50 to 55 % emission reductions compared with 1990 levels. Where it considers necessary to amend the Union’s 2030 target, it should make proposals to the European Parliament and to the Council to...
should, by 30 June 2021, assess how the Union legislation implementing that target would need to be amended in order to achieve emission reductions of 50 to 55 % compared to 1990.

amend this Regulation as appropriate. In addition, the Commission should, by 30 June 2021, assess how the Union legislation implementing that target would need to be amended in order to achieve emission reductions of 50 to 55 % compared to 1990.


Amendment 127
Francesca Donato, Alessandro Panza, Vincenzo Sofo, Rosanna Conte, Stefania Zambelli

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 17

(17) The Commission, in its Communication ‘The European Green Deal’, announced its intention to assess and make proposals for increasing the Union’s greenhouse gas emission reduction target for 2030 to ensure its consistency with the climate-neutrality objective for 2050. In that Communication, the Commission underlined that all Union policies should contribute to the climate-neutrality objective and that all sectors should play

(17) The COVID-19 containment measures will trigger the sharpest economic downturn since the Great Depression. Achieving climate neutrality within the timeframe set by the European Council would have a pro-cyclical effect at a time when it is of paramount importance to implement robust anti-cyclical policies. For this reason, achievement of climate neutrality must take second place to full economic recovery in all Member States. By
their part. By September 2020, the Commission should, based on a comprehensive impact assessment and taking into account its analysis of the integrated national energy and climate plans submitted to the Commission in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2018/1999 of the European Parliament and of the Council, review the Union’s 2030 target for climate and explore options for a new 2030 target of 50 to 55 % emission reductions compared with 1990 levels. Where it considers necessary to amend the Union’s 2030 target, it should make proposals to the European Parliament and to the Council to amend this Regulation as appropriate. In addition, the Commission should, by 30 June 2021, assess how the Union legislation implementing that target would need to be amended in order to achieve emission reductions of 50 to 55 % compared to 1990.

December 2021, the Commission should, based on a comprehensive impact assessment that takes into account the medium to long-term socio-economic consequences of the pandemic, as well as its analysis of the integrated national energy and climate plans submitted to the Commission in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2018/1999 of the European Parliament and of the Council, review the Union’s 2030 target for climate and explore options for a new 2030 target that are more in line with the new economic reality of Europe and the world. Where it considers necessary to amend the Union’s 2030 target, it should make proposals to the European Parliament and to the Council to amend this Regulation as appropriate. In addition, the Commission should, by 30 June 2021, assess how the Union legislation implementing that target would need to be amended in order to achieve emission reductions of 50 to 55 % compared to 1990.


Amendment 128
Andrey Novakov, Manolis Kefalogiannis, Tomislav Sokol, Álvaro Amaro, Peter Pollák, Daniel Buda, Mircea-Gheorghe Hava
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 17

(17) The Commission, in its Communication ‘The European Green Deal’, announced its intention to assess and make proposals for increasing the Union’s greenhouse gas emission reduction target for 2030 to ensure its consistency with the climate-neutrality objective for 2050. In that Communication, the Commission underlined that all Union policies should contribute to the climate-neutrality objective and that all sectors should play their part. By September 2020, the Commission should, based on a comprehensive impact assessment and taking into account its analysis of the integrated national energy and climate plans submitted to the Commission in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2018/1999 of the European Parliament and of the Council, review the Union’s 2030 target for climate and explore options for a new 2030 target of 50 to 55 % emission reductions compared with 1990 levels. Where it considers necessary to amend the Union’s 2030 target, it should make proposals to the European Parliament and to the Council to amend this Regulation as appropriate. In addition, the Commission should, by 30 June 2021, assess how the Union legislation implementing that target would need to be amended in order to achieve emission reductions of 50 to 55 % compared to 1990.

---


Amendment 129
Tonino Picula
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 17

Text proposed by the Commission

(17) The Commission, in its Communication ‘The European Green Deal’, announced its intention to assess and make proposals for increasing the Union’s greenhouse gas emission reduction target for 2030 to ensure its consistency with the climate-neutrality objective for 2050. In that Communication, the Commission underlined that all Union policies should contribute to the climate-neutrality objective and that all sectors should play their part. By September 2020, the Commission should, based on a comprehensive impact assessment and taking into account its analysis of the integrated national energy and climate plans submitted to the Commission in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2018/1999 of the European Parliament and of the Council, review the Union’s 2030 target for climate and explore options for a new 2030 target of 50 to 55 % emission reductions compared with 1990 levels. Where it considers necessary to amend the Union’s 2030 target, it should make proposals to the European Parliament and to the Council to amend this Regulation as appropriate. In addition, the Commission should, by 30 June 2021, assess how the

Amendment

(17) The Commission, in its Communication ‘The European Green Deal’, announced its intention to assess and make proposals for increasing the Union’s greenhouse gas emission reduction target for 2030 to ensure its consistency with the climate-neutrality objective for 2050. In that Communication, the Commission underlined that all Union policies should contribute to the climate-neutrality objective and that all sectors should play their part. By September 2020, the Commission should, based on a comprehensive impact assessment and taking into account its analysis of the integrated national energy and climate plans submitted to the Commission in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2018/1999 of the European Parliament and of the Council, review the Union’s 2030 target for climate and explore options for a new 2030 target of 65 % emission reductions compared with 1990 levels. Where it considers necessary to amend the Union’s 2030 target, it should make proposals to the European Parliament and to the Council to amend this Regulation as appropriate. In addition, the Commission should, by 30 June 2021, assess how the
Union legislation implementing that target would need to be amended in order to achieve emission reductions of **50 to 55**% compared to 1990.


**Amendment 130**

Vlad-Marius Botoş, Cristian Ghinea, Stéphane Bijoux, Ondřej Knotek, Laurence Farreng

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 18

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(18) To ensure the Union and the Member States remain on track to achieve the climate-neutrality objective and progress on adaptation, the Commission should regularly assess progress. Should the collective progress made by Member States towards the achievement of the climate-neutrality objective or on adaptation be insufficient or Union measures inconsistent with the climate-neutrality objective or inadequate to enhance adaptive capacity, strengthen resilience or reduce vulnerability, the Commission should take the necessary

*Amendment*

(18) To ensure the Union and the Member States remain on track to achieve the climate-neutrality objective and progress on adaptation, the Commission should regularly assess progress considering the specificity of each area. Should the collective progress made by Member States towards the achievement of the climate-neutrality objective or on adaptation be insufficient or Union measures inconsistent with the climate-neutrality objective or inadequate to enhance adaptive capacity, strengthen resilience or reduce vulnerability, the
measures in accordance with the Treaties. The Commission should also regularly assess relevant national measures, and issue recommendations where it finds that a Member State’s measures are inconsistent with the climate-neutrality objective or inadequate to enhance adaptive capacity, strengthen resilience and reduce vulnerability to climate change.

Commission should assess the need of technical support and know-how, cooperates with the Member State to establish the necessary measures and the time needed in order to close the gap between the expectations and actual reality. Should the Member State fail in achieving the goal the Commission could take the necessary measures in accordance with the Treaties. The Commission should also regularly assess relevant national measures, and issue recommendations and offer technical support where it finds that a Member State’s measures are inconsistent with the climate-neutrality objective or inadequate to enhance adaptive capacity, strengthen resilience and reduce vulnerability to climate change.

Amendment 131
Mónica Silvana González, Cristina Maestre Martín De Almagro, Andrea Cozzolino, Tonino Picula, Elisabetta Gualmini, Rovana Plumb, Isabel García Muñoz, Isabel Carvalhais

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 18

Text proposed by the Commission

(18) To ensure the Union and the Member States remain on track to achieve the climate-neutrality objective and progress on adaptation, the Commission should regularly assess progress. Should the collective progress made by Member States towards the achievement of the climate-neutrality objective or on adaptation be insufficient or Union measures inconsistent with the climate-neutrality objective or inadequate to enhance adaptive capacity, strengthen resilience or reduce vulnerability, the Commission should take the necessary measures in accordance with the Treaties. The Commission should also regularly

Amendment

(18) To ensure the Union and the Member States remain on track to achieve the climate-neutrality objective and progress on adaptation, the Commission should regularly measure and assess progress, making all relevant data available to the public. Should the collective progress made by Member States and regions towards the achievement of the climate-neutrality objective or on adaptation be insufficient or Union measures inconsistent with the climate-neutrality objective or inadequate to enhance adaptive capacity, strengthen resilience or reduce vulnerability, the Commission should take the necessary
assess relevant national measures, and issue recommendations where it finds that a Member State’s measures are inconsistent with the climate-neutrality objective or inadequate to enhance adaptive capacity, strengthen resilience and reduce vulnerability to climate change. The Commission should also regularly assess relevant national and regional measures, and issue recommendations where it finds that a Member State’s measures are inconsistent with the climate-neutrality objective or inadequate to enhance adaptive capacity, strengthen resilience and reduce vulnerability to climate change. Pursuant to Treaties provisions, the Commission shall ensure that all Member States apply this Regulation, and may resort to Article 258 and Article 260 TFEU when appropriate.

Justification

If progress is monitored effectively, it can enhance the visibility, transparency and sense of ownership of efforts to achieve climate neutrality. The data obtained should therefore be available at all times, not only in the regular reports. The legally binding compromises of this Regulation should be enforceable by the Commission by all means, including the possibility to access to infringement procedures before the European Court of Justice according to Treaty provisions.

Amendment 132
Mathilde Androuët
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 18

Text proposed by the Commission

(18) To ensure the Union and the Member States remain on track to achieve the climate-neutrality objective and progress on adaptation, the Commission should regularly assess progress. Should the collective progress made by Member States towards the achievement of the climate-neutrality objective or on adaptation be insufficient or Union measures inconsistent with the climate-neutrality objective or inadequate to enhance adaptive capacity, strengthen resilience or reduce vulnerability, the

Amendment

(18) To ensure the Union and the Member States remain on track to achieve the climate-neutrality objective and progress on adaptation, the Commission should regularly assess progress. Should the collective progress made by Member States towards the achievement of the climate-neutrality objective or on adaptation be insufficient or Union measures inconsistent with the climate-neutrality objective or inadequate to enhance adaptive capacity, strengthen resilience or reduce vulnerability, the
Commission should take the necessary measures in accordance with the Treaties. The Commission should also regularly assess relevant national measures, and issue recommendations where it finds that a Member State’s measures are inconsistent with the climate-neutrality objective or inadequate to enhance adaptive capacity, strengthen resilience and reduce vulnerability to climate change.

Commission should take the necessary measures in accordance with the Treaties. The Commission should also regularly assess relevant national measures, and issue recommendations where it finds that a Member State’s measures are inconsistent with the climate-neutrality objective or inadequate to enhance adaptive capacity, strengthen resilience and reduce vulnerability to climate change, in compliance with Article 192(5) TFEU, which provides for temporary derogations for Member States that deem the costs to be disproportionate.

Amendment 133
Andrey Novakov, Daniel Buda, Manolis Kefalogiannis, Tomislav Sokol, Álvaro Amaro, Peter Pollák, Mircea-Gheorghe Hava

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 18

Text proposed by the Commission

(18) To ensure the Union and the Member States remain on track to achieve the climate-neutrality objective and progress on adaptation, the Commission should regularly assess progress. Should the collective progress made by Member States towards the achievement of the climate-neutrality objective or on adaptation be insufficient or Union measures inconsistent with the climate-neutrality objective or inadequate to enhance adaptive capacity, strengthen resilience or reduce vulnerability, the Commission should take the necessary measures in accordance with the Treaties. The Commission should also regularly assess relevant national measures, and issue recommendations where it finds that a Member State’s measures are inconsistent with the climate-neutrality objective or inadequate to enhance

Amendment

(18) To ensure the Union and the Member States remain on track to achieve the climate-neutrality objective and progress on adaptation, the Commission should regularly assess progress. Should the collective progress made by Member States towards the achievement of the climate-neutrality objective or on adaptation be insufficient or Union measures inconsistent with the climate-neutrality objective or inadequate to enhance adaptive capacity, strengthen resilience or reduce vulnerability, the Commission should take the necessary measures in accordance with the Treaties. The Commission should also regularly assess relevant national measures, and issue recommendations where it finds that Union measures have led to loss of regional competitiveness and jobs in sectors of the economy or that a Member
State’s measures are inconsistent with the climate-neutrality objective or inadequate to enhance adaptive capacity, strengthen resilience and reduce vulnerability to climate change.

Or. en

Amendment 134
Izabela-Helena Kloc, Elżbieta Kruk, Krzysztof Jurgiel, Andżelika Anna Mozdżanowska

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 18

Text proposed by the Commission

(18) To ensure the Union and the Member States remain on track to achieve the climate-neutrality objective and progress on adaptation, the Commission should regularly assess progress. Should the collective progress made by Member States towards the achievement of the climate-neutrality objective or on adaptation be insufficient or Union measures inconsistent with the climate-neutrality objective or inadequate to enhance adaptive capacity, strengthen resilience or reduce vulnerability, the Commission should take the necessary measures in accordance with the Treaties. The Commission should also regularly assess relevant national measures, and issue recommendations where it finds that a Member State’s measures are inconsistent with the climate-neutrality objective or inadequate to enhance adaptive capacity, strengthen resilience and reduce vulnerability to climate change.

Amendment

(18) To ensure the Union and the Member States remain on track to achieve the climate-neutrality objective and progress on adaptation, the Commission should regularly assess progress and gaps in required support. Should the collective progress made by Member States towards the achievement of the climate-neutrality objective or on adaptation be insufficient or Union measures inconsistent with the climate-neutrality objective or inadequate to enhance adaptive capacity, strengthen resilience or reduce vulnerability, the Commission should take the necessary measures in accordance with the Treaties. The Commission should also regularly assess relevant national measures, and issue recommendations where it finds that a Member State’s measures are inconsistent with the climate-neutrality objective or inadequate to enhance adaptive capacity, strengthen resilience and reduce vulnerability to climate change.

Or. en

Justification

Fulfilment of such a complex objective requires complex monitoring regarding not only progress but also gaps and support needed.
Amendment 135
Isabel Carvalhais

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 18

**Text proposed by the Commission**

(18) To ensure the Union and the Member States remain on track to achieve the climate-neutrality objective and progress on adaptation, the Commission should regularly assess progress. Should the collective progress made by Member States towards the achievement of the climate-neutrality objective or on adaptation be insufficient or Union measures inconsistent with the climate-neutrality objective or inadequate to enhance adaptive capacity, strengthen resilience or reduce vulnerability, the Commission should take the necessary measures in accordance with the Treaties. The Commission should also regularly assess relevant national measures, and issue recommendations where it finds that a Member State’s measures are inconsistent with the climate-neutrality objective or inadequate to enhance adaptive capacity, strengthen resilience and reduce vulnerability to climate change.

**Amendment**

(18) To ensure the Union and the Member States remain on track to achieve the climate-neutrality objective and progress on adaptation, the Commission should regularly assess progress. Should the collective progress made by Member States towards the achievement of the climate-neutrality objective or on adaptation be insufficient or Union measures inconsistent with the climate-neutrality objective or inadequate to enhance adaptive capacity, strengthen resilience or reduce vulnerability, the Commission should take the necessary measures in accordance with the Treaties. The Commission should also regularly assess relevant national and regional measures, and issue recommendations where it finds that a Member State’s measures are inconsistent with the climate-neutrality objective or inadequate to enhance adaptive capacity, strengthen resilience and reduce vulnerability to climate change.

Or. en

Amendment 136
Andrey Novakov, Daniel Buda, Manolis Kefalogiannis, Tomislav Sokol, Álvaro Amaro, Peter Pollák, Mircea-Gheorghe Hava

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 19

**Text proposed by the Commission**

(19) The Commission should ensure a

**Amendment**

(19) The Commission should ensure a
robust and objective assessment based on the most up to date scientific, technical and socio-economic findings, and representative of a broad range of independent expertise, and base its assessment on relevant information including information submitted and reported by Member States, reports of the European Environment Agency, best available scientific evidence, including the reports of the IPCC. Given that the Commission has committed to exploring how the EU taxonomy can be used in the context of the European Green Deal by the public sector, this should include information on environmentally sustainable investment, by the Union and Member States, consistent with Regulation (EU) 2020/… [Taxonomy Regulation] when such information becomes available. The Commission should use European statistics and data where available and seek expert scrutiny. The European Environment Agency should assist the Commission, as appropriate and in accordance with its annual work programme.

Amendment 137
Isabel Carvalhais
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 19

Text proposed by the Commission

(19) The Commission should ensure a robust and objective assessment based on the most up to date scientific, technical and socio-economic findings, and representative of a broad range of independent expertise, and base its assessment on relevant information

Amendment

(19) The Commission should ensure a robust and objective assessment based on the most up to date and best scientific, technical and socio-economic findings, and representative of a broad range of independent expertise, and base its assessment on relevant information
including information submitted and reported by Member States, reports of the European Environment Agency, best available scientific evidence, including the reports of the IPCC. Given that the Commission has committed to exploring how the EU taxonomy can be used in the context of the European Green Deal by the public sector, this should include information on environmentally sustainable investment, by the Union and Member States, consistent with Regulation (EU) 2020/… [Taxonomy Regulation] when such information becomes available. The Commission should use European statistics and data where available and seek expert scrutiny. The European Environment Agency should assist the Commission, as appropriate and in accordance with its annual work programme.

Amendment 138
Mónica Silvana González, Cristina Maestre Martín De Almagro, Andrea Cozzolino, Tonino Picula, Elisabetta Gualmini, Rovana Plumb, Isabel García Muñoz, Isabel Carvalhais, Tsvetelina Penkova, Josianne Cutajar

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 20

Text proposed by the Commission

(20) As citizens and communities have a powerful role to play in driving the transformation towards climate neutrality forward, strong public and social engagement on climate action should be facilitated. The Commission should therefore engage with all parts of society to enable and empower them to take action towards a climate-neutral and climate-resilient society, including through launching a European Climate Pact.

Amendment

(20) As citizens and communities have a powerful role to play in driving the transformation towards climate neutrality forward, strong public and social engagement on climate action should be facilitated at all levels, including at national, regional and local level and with social partners, including trade unions, and facilitating participation and accessibility of information to all persons with disabilities. The Commission should therefore engage with all competent institutions promoting multi-level governance and with all with all parts of
Justification

Achieving a climate-neutral and a climate-resilient society must be based on exchanging information and raising public awareness. Strengthening these tools is a task that can be led by the Commission in the design and implementation of its public policies, in that they are based on a cross-cutting approach, whereas the proposed actions are specific to the sectoral policies that national, regional and local authorities may want to pursue, if appropriate. Reference to accessibility of information to all persons with disabilities is a mandatory EU compromise as signatory of the UN Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities.

Amendment 139
Caroline Roose

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 20

Text proposed by the Commission

(20) As citizens and communities have a powerful role to play in driving the transformation towards climate neutrality forward, strong public and social engagement on climate action should be facilitated. The Commission should therefore engage with all parts of society to enable and empower them to take action towards a climate-neutral and climate-resilient society, including through launching a European Climate Pact.

Amendment

(20) As citizens and communities have a powerful role to play in driving the transformation towards climate neutrality forward, strong public and social engagement on climate action should be facilitated. The Commission should therefore engage with all parts of society to enable and empower them to take action towards a climate-neutral and climate-resilient society, including through launching a European Climate Pact with the objective to engage Union citizens and stakeholders in the elaboration of Union-level climate policies through a process of
The Climate Pact shall also serve as a vehicle for sharing best practice, fostering social innovation and supporting financially local or community initiatives with the potential to have broader impact if scaled up and/or replicated elsewhere.

Amendment 140
Vlad-Marius Botoș, Cristian Ghinea, Stéphane Bijoux, Ondřej Knotek, Laurence Farreng
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 20

Text proposed by the Commission

(20) As citizens and communities have a powerful role to play in driving the transformation towards climate neutrality forward, strong public and social engagement on climate action should be facilitated. The Commission should therefore engage with all parts of society to enable and empower them to take action towards a climate-neutral and climate-resilient society, including through launching a European Climate Pact.

Amendment

(20) As citizens, communities and economic operators have a powerful role to play in driving the transformation towards climate neutrality forward, strong public and social engagement on climate action should be facilitated. The Commission should therefore engage with all parts of society to enable and empower them to take action towards a climate-neutral and climate-resilient society, including through launching a European Climate Pact. The European Union should empower the experts through European funding to find and implement innovative solutions in the economic and environmental challenges towards the climate neutrality.

Amendment 141
Francesca Donato, Alessandro Panza, Vincenzo Sofo, Rosanna Conte, Stefania Zambelli
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 20
(20) As citizens and communities have a powerful role to play in driving the transformation towards climate neutrality forward, strong public and social engagement on climate action should be facilitated. The Commission should therefore engage with all parts of society to enable and empower them to take action towards a climate-neutral and climate-resilient society, including through launching a European Climate Pact.

Amendment 142
Isabel Carvalhais
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 20

(20) As citizens and communities have a powerful role to play in driving the transformation towards climate neutrality forward, strong public and social engagement on climate action should be facilitated. The Commission should therefore engage with all parts of society to enable and empower them to take action towards a climate-neutral and climate-resilient society, including through launching a European Climate Pact.

Amendment 143
Cristina Maestre Martín De Almagro, Mónica Silvana González, Isabel García Muñoz
Proposal for a regulation
Recital 20

(20) As citizens and communities are suffering the socio-economic effects of the transformation towards climate neutrality. The Commission should therefore engage with all parts of society by drawing on the multilevel climate and energy dialogues as set up by the Member States in accordance with Article 11 of Regulation (EU) 2018/1999 and for the purposes of this Regulation also.

Or. it

Or. en
(20) As citizens and communities have a powerful role to play in driving the transformation towards climate neutrality forward, strong public and social engagement on climate action should be facilitated. The Commission should therefore engage with all parts of society to enable and empower them to take action towards a climate-neutral and climate-resilient society, including through launching a European Climate Pact.

Amendment 144
Izabela-Helena Kloc, Elżbieta Kruk, Krzysztof Jurgiel, Andżelika Anna Moźdżanowska

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 20

Text proposed by the Commission

(20) As citizens and communities have a powerful role to play in driving the transformation towards climate neutrality forward, strong public and social engagement on climate action should be facilitated. The Commission should therefore engage with all parts of society to enable and empower them to take action towards a climate-neutral and climate-resilient society, including through launching a European Climate Pact.

Amendment

(20) As citizens and regions have a powerful role to play in driving the transformation towards climate neutrality forward, strong public and social engagement on climate action should be facilitated at national, regional and local level. The Commission should therefore engage with all parts of society to enable and empower them to take action towards a climate-neutral and climate-resilient society, including through launching a European Climate Pact.

Or. es

Justification

We would like to include reference to regions in the opening of the article.
Amendment 145  
Vlad-Marius Botoş, Cristian Ghinea, Ondřej Knotek, Laurence Farreng

Proposal for a regulation  
Recital 20 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission Amendment

(20a) Innovative technical and natural solutions, like carbon capture and storage, reforestation and others, enhancing the removal of greenhouse gases, as the main way, to achieve the climate neutrality in a developed economy should be facilitated by the European Union through consistent and constant direct funding.

Amendment 146  
Tamás Deutsch

Proposal for a regulation  
Recital 21

Text proposed by the Commission Amendment

(21) In order to provide predictability and confidence for all economic actors, including businesses, workers, investors and consumers, to ensure that the transition towards climate neutrality is irreversible, to ensure gradual reduction over time and to assist in the assessment of the consistency of measures and progress with the climate-neutrality objective, the power to adopt acts in accordance with Article 290 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union should be delegated to the Commission to set out a trajectory for achieving net zero greenhouse gas emissions in the Union by 2050. It is of particular importance that the Commission carries out appropriate consultations during its preparatory work,

deleted
including at expert level, and that those consultations be conducted in accordance with the principles laid down in the Interinstitutional Agreement of 13 April 2016 on Better Law-Making. In particular, to ensure equal participation in the preparation of delegated acts, the European Parliament and the Council receive all documents at the same time as Member States’ experts, and their experts systematically have access to meetings of Commission expert groups dealing with the preparation of delegated acts.


Justification

Climate objectives and the trajectory should be adopted at the level of the European Council or under the ordinary legislative procedure.

Amendment 147
Francesca Donato, Alessandro Panza, Vincenzo Sofo, Rosanna Conte, Stefania Zambelli, Mathilde Androuët

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 21

Text proposed by the Commission

(21) In order to provide predictability and confidence for all economic actors, including businesses, workers, investors and consumers, to ensure that the transition towards climate neutrality is irreversible, to ensure gradual reduction over time and to assist in the assessment of the consistency of measures and progress with the climate-neutrality objective, the power to adopt acts in accordance with Article 290 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union should be delegated to the Commission to set out a trajectory for achieving net zero greenhouse gas emissions in the Union aiming at a zero rate - in line with future macroeconomic scenarios - from 2050.

Amendment

(21) In order to provide predictability and to assist in the assessment of the consistency of measures and progress with the climate-neutrality objective, each Member State should, as part of its long-term strategy under Article 15 of Regulation (EU) 2018/1999, set out an indicative trajectory for progressively reducing net greenhouse gas emissions in the Union aiming at a zero rate - in line with future macroeconomic scenarios - from 2050.
greenhouse gas emissions in the Union by 2050. It is of particular importance that the Commission carries out appropriate consultations during its preparatory work, including at expert level, and that those consultations be conducted in accordance with the principles laid down in the Interinstitutional Agreement of 13 April 2016 on Better Law-Making. In particular, to ensure equal participation in the preparation of delegated acts, the European Parliament and the Council receive all documents at the same time as Member States' experts, and their experts systematically have access to meetings of Commission expert groups dealing with the preparation of delegated acts.


Amendment 148
Franc Bogovič, Herbert Dorfmann

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 21

Text proposed by the Commission

(21) In order to provide predictability and confidence for all economic actors, including businesses, workers, investors and consumers, to ensure that the transition towards climate neutrality is irreversible, to ensure gradual reduction over time and to assist in the assessment of the consistency of measures and progress with the climate-neutrality objective, the power to adopt acts in accordance with Article 290 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union should be delegated to the Commission to set out a trajectory for achieving net zero greenhouse gas emissions in the Union by 2050. It is of particular importance that the

Amendment

(21) In order to provide predictability and confidence for all economic actors, including businesses, workers, investors and consumers, to ensure that the transition towards climate neutrality is irreversible, to ensure gradual reduction over time and to assist in the assessment of the consistency of measures and progress with the climate-neutrality objective, the Commission shall, following a detailed impact assessment, present to the European Parliament and the Council the proposal for a regulation, setting out a trajectory for achieving net zero greenhouse gas emissions in the Union by 2050.
Commission carries out appropriate consultations during its preparatory work, including at expert level, and that those consultations be conducted in accordance with the principles laid down in the Interinstitutional Agreement of 13 April 2016 on Better Law-Making. In particular, to ensure equal participation in the preparation of delegated acts, the European Parliament and the Council receive all documents at the same time as Member States’ experts, and their experts systematically have access to meetings of Commission expert groups dealing with the preparation of delegated acts.


Amendment 149
Josianne Cutajar

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 21

Text proposed by the Commission

(21) In order to provide predictability and confidence for all economic actors, including businesses, workers, investors and consumers, to ensure that the transition towards climate neutrality is irreversible, to ensure gradual reduction over time and to assist in the assessment of the consistency of measures and progress with the climate-neutrality objective, the power to adopt acts in accordance with Article 290 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union should be delegated to the Commission to set out a trajectory for achieving net zero greenhouse gas emissions in the Union by 2050. It is of particular importance that the Commission carries out appropriate consultations during its preparatory work,

Amendment

(21) In order to provide predictability and confidence for citizens and all economic actors, including businesses, workers, trade unions, investors and consumers, to ensure that the transition towards climate neutrality is irreversible, to ensure gradual reduction over time and to assist in the assessment of the consistency of measures and progress with the climate-neutrality objective, the Commission should assess the options for the structure and design of a trajectory for achieving net zero greenhouse gas emissions in the Union by 2050 and, in this regard, it should submit legislative proposals to the European Parliament and to the Council.
including at expert level, and that those consultations be conducted in accordance with the principles laid down in the Interinstitutional Agreement of 13 April 2016 on Better Law-Making. In particular, to ensure equal participation in the preparation of delegated acts, the European Parliament and the Council receive all documents at the same time as Member States' experts, and their experts systematically have access to meetings of Commission expert groups dealing with the preparation of delegated acts.

---


Or. en

Amendment 150
Izabela-Helena Kloc, Elżbieta Kruk, Krzysztof Jurgiel, Andżelika Anna Możdżanowska

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 21

Text proposed by the Commission

(21) In order to provide predictability and confidence for all economic actors, including businesses, workers, investors and consumers, to ensure that the transition towards climate neutrality is irreversible, to ensure gradual reduction over time and to assist in the assessment of the consistency of measures and progress with the climate-neutrality objective, the power to adopt acts in accordance with Article 290 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union should be delegated to the Commission to set out a trajectory for achieving net zero greenhouse gas emissions in the Union by 2050. It is of particular importance that the Commission carries out appropriate consultations during its preparatory work, including at expert level, and that those consultations be conducted in accordance

Amendment

(21) In order to maintain the credibility of the Union’s leadership in the field of climate change, as well as to provide predictability and confidence for all economic actors, including businesses, workers, investors and consumers, to ensure that the transition towards climate neutrality is irreversible, to ensure gradual reduction over time and to assist in the assessment of the consistency of measures and progress with the climate-neutrality objective, the power to determine the emission reduction targets has to be exercised with the full participation of all key Union institutions i.e. after a thorough impact assessment, via legislative procedure, and following the strategic guidance given by the European Council.
with the principles laid down in the Interinstitutional Agreement of 13 April 2016 on Better Law-Making. In particular, to ensure equal participation in the preparation of delegated acts, the European Parliament and the Council receive all documents at the same time as Member States' experts, and their experts systematically have access to meetings of Commission expert groups dealing with the preparation of delegated acts.


Justification

The trajectory for achieving climate neutrality target amounts to de facto setting intermediate targets which – for the purpose of political reliability of EU climate policy – should remain in the powers of EUCO.

Amendment 151

Andrey Novakov, Daniel Buda, Manolis Kefalogiannis, Tomislav Sokol, Álvaro Amaro, Peter Pollák, Mircea-Gheorghe Hava

Proposal for a regulation

Recital 21

(21) In order to provide predictability and confidence for all economic actors, including businesses, workers, investors and consumers, to ensure that the transition towards climate neutrality is irreversible, to ensure gradual reduction over time and to assist in the assessment of the consistency of measures and progress with the climate-neutrality objective, the power to adopt acts in accordance with Article 290 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union should be delegated to the Commission to set out a trajectory for achieving net zero greenhouse gas emissions in the Union by 2050. It is of particular importance that the Commission carries out appropriate consultations during

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(21) In order to provide predictability and confidence for all economic actors, including businesses, workers, investors and consumers, to ensure that the transition towards climate neutrality is well adjusted to the socio-economic realities in all regions and irreversible, to ensure gradual reduction over time and to assist in the assessment of the consistency of measures and progress with the climate-neutrality objective, the Commission should carry a comprehensive socio-economic and sectoral impact assessment. It is of particular importance that the Commission carries out appropriate consultations during
particular importance that the Commission carries out appropriate consultations during its preparatory work, including at expert level, and that those consultations be conducted in accordance with the principles laid down in the Interinstitutional Agreement of 13 April 2016 on Better Law-Making\(^37\). In particular, to ensure equal participation in the preparation of delegated acts, the European Parliament and the Council receive all documents at the same time as Member States' experts, and their experts systematically have access to meetings of Commission expert groups dealing with the preparation of delegated acts.


---

**Amendment 152**

Isabel Carvalhais

**Proposal for a regulation**

**Recital 21**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(21) In order to provide predictability and confidence for all economic actors, including businesses, workers, investors and consumers, to ensure that the transition towards climate neutrality is irreversible, to ensure gradual reduction over time and to assist in the assessment of the consistency of measures and progress with the climate-neutrality objective, the power to adopt acts in accordance with Article 290 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union should be delegated to the Commission to set out a trajectory for achieving net zero greenhouse gas emissions in the Union by 2050. It is of particular importance that the Commission carries out appropriate consultations during its preparatory work, including at expert level, and that those consultations be conducted in accordance with the principles laid down in the Interinstitutional Agreement of 13 April 2016 on Better Law-Making\(^37\).

---

**Amendment**

(21) In order to provide predictability and confidence for all economic and social actors, including businesses, workers, investors and consumers, to ensure that the transition towards climate neutrality is irreversible and takes into account the social cohesion dimension, to ensure gradual reduction over time and to assist in the assessment of the consistency of measures and progress with the climate-neutrality objective, the power to adopt acts in accordance with Article 290 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union should be delegated to the Commission to set out a trajectory for achieving net zero greenhouse gas emissions in the Union by 2050, *in the*
its preparatory work, including at expert level, and that those consultations be conducted in accordance with the principles laid down in the Interinstitutional Agreement of 13 April 2016 on Better Law-Making\(^{37}\). In particular, to ensure equal participation in the preparation of delegated acts, the European Parliament and the Council receive all documents at the same time as Member States' experts, and their experts systematically have access to meetings of Commission expert groups dealing with the preparation of delegated acts.


**Proposal for a regulation**

**Recital 21**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(21) In order to provide predictability and confidence for all economic actors, including businesses, workers, investors and consumers, to ensure that the transition towards climate neutrality is irreversible, to ensure gradual reduction over time and to assist in the assessment of the consistency of measures and progress with the climate-neutrality objective, the power to adopt acts in accordance with Article 290 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union should be delegated to the Commission to set out a trajectory for achieving net zero greenhouse gas emissions.

*Amendment*

(21) In order to provide predictability and confidence for all economic actors, including businesses, workers, investors and consumers, to ensure that the transition towards climate neutrality is irreversible, inclusive and socially fair, to ensure gradual reduction over time and to assist in the assessment of the consistency of measures and progress with the climate-neutrality objective, the power to adopt acts in accordance with Article 290 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union should be delegated to the Commission to set out a trajectory for
emissions in the Union by 2050. It is of particular importance that the Commission carries out appropriate consultations during its preparatory work, including at expert level, and that those consultations be conducted in accordance with the principles laid down in the Interinstitutional Agreement of 13 April 2016 on Better Law-Making\(^\text{37}\). In particular, to ensure equal participation in the preparation of delegated acts, the European Parliament and the Council receive all documents at the same time as Member States' experts, and their experts systematically have access to meetings of Commission expert groups dealing with the preparation of delegated acts.


Amendment 154
Mónica Silvana González, Cristina Maestre Martín De Almagro, Andrea Cozzolino, Tonino Picula, Elisabetta Gualmini, Rovana Plumb, Isabel García Muñoz, Isabel Carvalhais, Tsvetelina Penkova

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 22

\textit{Text proposed by the Commission}

(22) In line with the Commission’s commitment to the principles on Better Law-Making, coherence of the Union instruments as regards greenhouse gas emissions reductions should be sought. The system of measuring the progress towards the achievement of the climate-neutrality objective as well as the consistency of measures taken with that objective should build upon and be consistent with the governance framework laid down in Regulation (EU) 2018/1999. In particular, the system of reporting on a regular basis

\textit{Amendment}

(22) In line with the Commission’s commitment to the principles on Better Law-Making, coherence of \textit{and complementarity between} the Union instruments as regards greenhouse gas emissions reductions should be sought. The system of measuring the progress towards the achievement of the climate-neutrality objective as well as the consistency of measures taken with that objective should build upon and be consistent with the governance framework laid down in Regulation (EU) 2018/1999. In particular,
and the sequencing of the Commission’s assessment and actions on the basis of the reporting should be aligned to the requirements to submit information and provide reports by Member States laid down in Regulation (EU) 2018/1999. Regulation (EU) 2018/1999 should therefore be amended in order to include the climate-neutrality objective in the relevant provisions.

Amendment 155
Mónica Silvana González, Cristina Maestre Martín De Almagro, Andrea Cozzolino, Tonino Picula, Elisabetta Gualmini, Rovana Plumb, Isabel García Muñoz, Isabel Carvalhais

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 23

Text proposed by the Commission

(23) Climate change is by definition a trans-boundary challenge and a coordinated action at Union level is needed to effectively supplement and reinforce national policies. Since the objectives of this Regulation, namely to achieve climate neutrality in the Union by 2050, cannot be sufficiently achieved by the Member States alone, but can rather, by reason of the scale and effects, be better achieved at Union level, the Union may adopt measures, in accordance with the principle of subsidiarity as set out in Article 5 of the Treaty on European Union. In accordance with the principle of proportionality, as set out in that Article, this Regulation does not go beyond what is necessary to achieve those objectives,

Amendment

(23) Climate change is by definition a trans-boundary challenge, so a coordinated action at Union level is needed to effectively supplement and reinforce national policies. Since the objectives of this Regulation, namely to achieve climate neutrality in the Union by 2050, cannot be sufficiently achieved by the Member States alone, but can rather, by reason of the scale and effects, be better achieved at Union level, the Union may adopt measures, in accordance with the principle of subsidiarity as set out in Article 5 of the Treaty on European Union. In accordance with the principle of proportionality, as set out in that Article, this Regulation does not go beyond what is necessary to achieve those objectives. Pursuant to the principle of sincere cooperation, as set out in Article 4 of the same Treaty, the Union and the Member States shall assist each other to achieve the objectives of this Regulation, Member States shall take any
appropriate measures resulting from the objectives and recommendations as set out in this Regulation and shall refrain from any measure which could jeopardise the attainment of the objectives of this Regulation

Justification

The principle of sincere cooperation complements principles of subsidiarity and proportionality and it reinforces the obligations of mutual support between EU and Member States and sets obligations for Member States to loyally cooperate to achieve climate-neutrality objective

Amendment 156
Mathilde Androuët

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 23

Text proposed by the Commission

(23) Climate change is by definition a trans-boundary challenge and a coordinated action at Union level is needed to effectively supplement and reinforce national policies. Since the objectives of this Regulation, namely to achieve climate neutrality in the Union by 2050, cannot be sufficiently achieved by the Member States alone, but can rather, by reason of the scale and effects, be better achieved at Union level, the Union may adopt measures, in accordance with the principle of subsidiarity as set out in Article 5 of the Treaty on European Union. In accordance with the principle of proportionality, as set out in that Article, this Regulation does not go beyond what is necessary to achieve those objectives,

Amendment

(23) Climate change is by definition a trans-boundary challenge and a coordinated action by the Member States concerned, supported by the Union, is needed to effectively supplement and reinforce national policies. Since the objectives of this Regulation, namely to achieve climate neutrality in the Union by 2050, cannot be sufficiently achieved by the Member States alone, but can rather, by reason of the scale and effects, be better achieved at Union level, the Union may adopt measures, in accordance with the principle of subsidiarity as set out in Article 5 of the Treaty on European Union. In accordance with the principle of proportionality, as set out in that Article, this Regulation does not go beyond what is necessary to achieve those objectives,
Amendment 157
Vlad-Marius Botoș, Cristian Ghinea, Stéphane Bijoux, Susana Solís Pérez, Ondřej Knotek, Laurence Farreng

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 23

Text proposed by the Commission

(23) Climate change is by definition a trans-boundary challenge and a coordinated action at Union level is needed to effectively supplement and reinforce national policies. Since the objectives of this Regulation, namely to achieve climate neutrality in the Union by 2050, cannot be sufficiently achieved by the Member States alone, but can rather, by reason of the scale and effects, be better achieved at Union level, the Union may adopt measures, in accordance with the principle of subsidiarity as set out in Article 5 of the Treaty on European Union. In accordance with the principle of proportionality, as set out in that Article, this Regulation does not go beyond what is necessary to achieve those objectives,

Amendment

(23) Climate change is by definition a trans-boundary challenge and a coordinated action at Union level is needed to effectively supplement and reinforce national and regional policies. Since the objectives of this Regulation, namely to achieve climate neutrality in the Union by 2050, cannot be sufficiently achieved by the Member States alone, but can rather, by reason of the scale and effects, be better achieved at Union level, the Union may adopt measures, in accordance with the principle of subsidiarity as set out in Article 5 of the Treaty on European Union. In accordance with the principle of proportionality, as set out in that Article, this Regulation does not go beyond what is necessary to achieve those objectives,

Or. en

Amendment 158
Andrey Novakov, Daniel Buda, Mircea-Gheorghe Hava, Manolis Kefalogiannis, Peter Pollák, Álvaro Amaro, Tomislav Sokol

Proposal for a regulation
Recital 23

Text proposed by the Commission

(23) Climate change is by definition a trans-boundary challenge and a coordinated action at Union level is needed to effectively supplement and reinforce national policies. Since the objectives of this Regulation, namely to achieve climate neutrality in the Union by 2050, cannot be sufficiently achieved by the Member States

Amendment

(23) Climate change is by definition a trans-boundary challenge and a coordinated action at Union level is needed to effectively support and reinforce national and regional policies. Since the objectives of this Regulation, namely to achieve climate neutrality in the Union by 2050, cannot be sufficiently achieved by
alone, but can rather, by reason of the scale and effects, be better achieved at Union level, the Union may adopt measures, in accordance with the principle of subsidiarity as set out in Article 5 of the Treaty on European Union. In accordance with the principle of proportionality, as set out in that Article, this Regulation does not go beyond what is necessary to achieve those objectives,

Amendment 159
Martina Michels, Dimitrios Papadimoulis

Proposal for a regulation
Article 1 – paragraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission
This Regulation establishes a framework for the irreversible and gradual reduction of greenhouse gas emissions and enhancement of removals by natural or other sinks in the Union.

Amendment
This Regulation establishes a framework for the irreversible, rapid and absolute reduction of greenhouse gas emissions and enhancement of removals by natural or other sinks in the Union.

Amendment 160
Francesca Donato, Alessandro Panza, Vincenzo Sofo, Rosanna Conte, Stefania Zambelli

Proposal for a regulation
Article 1 – paragraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission
This Regulation establishes a framework for the irreversible and gradual reduction of greenhouse gas emissions and enhancement of removals by natural or other sinks in the Union.

Amendment
This Regulation establishes a framework for the progressive and gradual reduction of greenhouse gas emissions and enhancement of removals by natural or other sinks in the Union.
Amendment 161
Martina Michels, Dimitrios Papadimoulis

Proposal for a regulation
Article 1 – paragraph 2

Text proposed by the Commission

This Regulation sets out a binding objective of climate neutrality in the Union by 2050 in pursuit of the long-term temperature goal set out in Article 2 of the Paris Agreement, and provides a framework for achieving progress in pursuit of the global adaptation goal established in Article 7 of the Paris Agreement.

Amendment

This Regulation sets out a binding objective of climate neutrality in the Union by 2040 in pursuit of the long-term goal set out in Article 2 of the Paris Agreement by limiting global warming to 1.5°C, and provides a framework for achieving progress in pursuit of the global adaptation goal established in Article 7 of the Paris Agreement, in full coherence with the EU’s zero-pollution ambition.

Or. en

Amendment 162
Francesca Donato, Alessandro Panza, Vincenzo Sofo, Rosanna Conte, Stefania Zambelli

Proposal for a regulation
Article 1 – paragraph 2

Text proposed by the Commission

This Regulation sets out a binding objective of climate neutrality in the Union by 2050 in pursuit of the long-term temperature goal set out in Article 2 of the Paris Agreement, and provides a framework for achieving progress in pursuit of the global adaptation goal established in Article 7 of the Paris Agreement.

Amendment

This Regulation sets out an indicative objective of climate neutrality in the Union, in line with macroeconomic recovery from 2050, in pursuit of the long-term temperature goal set out in Article 2 of the Paris Agreement, and provides a framework for achieving progress in pursuit of the global adaptation goal established in Article 7 of the Paris Agreement.

Or. it

Amendment 163
Proposal for a regulation
Article 1 – paragraph 2

Text proposed by the Commission

This Regulation sets out a binding objective of climate neutrality in the Union by 2050 in pursuit of the long-term temperature goal set out in Article 2 of the Paris Agreement, and provides a framework for achieving progress in pursuit of the global adaptation goal established in Article 7 of the Paris Agreement.

Amendment

This Regulation sets out a binding objective of climate neutrality in the Union by 2050, adopted unanimously by the Member States, in pursuit of the long-term temperature goal set out in Article 2 of the Paris Agreement, and provides a framework for achieving progress in pursuit of the global adaptation goal established in Article 7 of the Paris Agreement.

Amendment 164
Martina Michels, Dimitrios Papadimoulis

Proposal for a regulation
Article 1 – paragraph 2 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

This Regulation is based on the principle to prioritise emissions prevention at the source over control and mitigation, on the precautionary and the polluter-pays principle.

Amendment

Or. en

Amendment 165
Caroline Roose

Proposal for a regulation
Article 2 – paragraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

Or. en
1. Union-wide emissions and removals of greenhouse gases regulated in Union law shall be balanced at the latest by 2050, thus reducing emissions to net zero by that date.

By June 2021 each member state shall set a binding national objective on reaching zero net emissions within its territory consistent with the date for collective achievement of the Union objective set out in paragraph 1. The Commission shall assess by September 2023 whether these national objectives are sufficient and where they are not shall take the necessary measures in accordance with the treaties.

---

Amendment 166
Martina Michels, Dimitrios Papadimoulis

Proposal for a regulation
Article 2 – paragraph 1

**Text proposed by the Commission**

1. Union-wide emissions and removals of greenhouse gases regulated in Union law shall be balanced at the latest by 2050, thus reducing emissions to net zero by that date.

**Amendment**

1. Union-wide and individual national emissions and removals of greenhouse gases regulated in Union law shall be balanced at the latest by 2040, thus reducing emissions to net zero by that date, while pursuing significant reductions in absolute terms both at Union and national level at the same time.

Or. en

---

Amendment 167
Isabel Carvalhais

Proposal for a regulation
Article 2 – paragraph 1

**Text proposed by the Commission**

1. Union-wide emissions and removals of greenhouse gases regulated in Union law shall be balanced at the latest by 2050, thus reducing emissions to net zero by that date.

**Amendment**

1. Union-wide emissions and removals of greenhouse gases regulated in Union law shall be balanced at the latest by 2040, thus reducing emissions to net zero by that date, while pursuing significant reductions in absolute terms both at Union and national level at the same time.

Or. en
1. Union-wide emissions and removals of greenhouse gases regulated in Union law shall be balanced at the latest by 2050, thus reducing emissions to net zero by that date.

1. Union-wide emissions and removals of greenhouse gases regulated in Union law shall be balanced at the latest by 2050, in the line with the objectives of the Paris Agreement, thus reducing emissions to net zero by that date, evenly in Union and national levels.

Amendment 168
Francesca Donato, Alessandro Panza, Vincenzo Sofo, Rosanna Conte, Stefania Zambelli

Proposal for a regulation
Article 2 – paragraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

1. Union-wide emissions and removals of greenhouse gases regulated in Union law shall be balanced at the latest by 2050, thus reducing emissions to net zero by that date.

Amendment

1. Union-wide emissions and removals of greenhouse gases regulated in Union law shall be balanced as an essential objective, following complete economic recovery from the fallout of the disastrous COVID-19 pandemic, which the EU proposes to achieve from 2050 onwards.

Amendment 169
Izabela-Helena Kloc, Elżbieta Kruk, Krzysztof Jurgiel, Andżelika Anna Moźdżanowska

Proposal for a regulation
Article 2 – paragraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

1. Union-wide emissions and removals of greenhouse gases regulated in Union law shall be balanced at the latest by 2050, thus reducing emissions to net zero by that date.

Amendment

1. Reported Union-wide emissions and removals of greenhouse gases regulated in Union law shall be balanced in the Union at the latest by 2050, thus reducing emissions to net zero by that date.
Justification

Emphasis placed on that fact that climate neutrality is calculated using reported values.

Amendment 170
Vlad-Marius Botoș, Ondřej Knotek, Cristian Ghinea

Proposal for a regulation
Article 2 – paragraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

1. Union-wide emissions and removals of greenhouse gases regulated in Union law shall be balanced at the latest by 2050, thus reducing emissions to net zero by that date.

Amendment

1. Union-wide emissions and removals of greenhouse gases regulated in Union law shall be balanced in the EU as a whole by 2050, thus reducing emissions to net zero by that date.

Or. en

Amendment 171
Izabela-Helena Kloc, Elżbieta Kruk, Krzysztof Jurgiel, Andżelika Anna Możdżanowska

Proposal for a regulation
Article 2 – paragraph 1 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

1a. As from 1 January 2051, removals of greenhouse gases shall exceed emissions in the Union

Amendment


Or. en

Amendment 172
Vlad-Marius Botoș, Ondřej Knotek, Cristian Ghinea

Proposal for a regulation
Article 2 – paragraph 2

Text proposed by the Commission

2. The relevant Union institutions and the Member States shall take the necessary

Amendment

2. The relevant Union institutions and the Member States shall take the necessary
measures at Union and national level respectively, to enable the collective achievement of the climate-neutrality objective set out in paragraph 1, taking into account the importance of promoting fairness and solidarity among Member States.

measures at Union and national and regional level respectively, to enable the collective achievement of the climate-neutrality objective set out in paragraph 1, taking into account the importance of promoting fairness and solidarity among Member States, social and economic cohesion as well as the different starting position of each Member States in the transition towards climate neutrality. The offsetting instruments for Member States facing greater impact of the transition to a low carbon economy, such as the Modernisation Fund and Solidarity Provision in the EU ETS Directive (2008/87/EC), shall be significantly increased.

Amendment 173
Caroline Roose

Proposal for a regulation
Article 2 – paragraph 2

Text proposed by the Commission

2. The relevant Union institutions and the Member States shall take the necessary measures at Union and national level respectively, to enable the collective achievement of the climate-neutrality objective set out in paragraph 1, taking into account the importance of promoting fairness and solidarity among Member States.

Amendment

2. The relevant Union institutions and the Member States shall take the necessary measures at Union and national level respectively, including climate proofing of all policies, to enable the collective achievement of the climate-neutrality objective set out in paragraph 1, taking into account the importance of promoting fairness and solidarity among Member States as well as economic, social and territorial cohesion and the link between climate and biodiversity to restore carbon rich ecosystems.

Amendment 174
### Proposal for a regulation

**Article 2 – paragraph 2**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Text proposed by the Commission</th>
<th>Amendment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2. The relevant Union institutions and the Member States shall take the necessary measures at Union and national level respectively, to enable the collective achievement of the climate-neutrality objective set out in paragraph 1, taking into account the importance of promoting fairness and solidarity among Member States.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. The relevant Union institutions and the Member States shall take the necessary measures at Union and national level respectively, <strong>including setting specific climate-neutrality objectives at national level</strong>, to enable the collective achievement of the climate-neutrality objective set out in paragraph 1, taking into account the importance of promoting fairness, solidarity and <strong>sincere cooperation</strong> among Member States, <strong>regions and citizens</strong>.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Justification**

*Specific climate-neutrality objectives at national level are of outmost importance to ensure the achievement of Union's objective in a fair distribution and to avoid overburdened Member States or free riders.*

---

**Amendment 175**

Francesca Donato, Alessandro Panza, Vincenzo Sofo, Rosanna Conte, Stefania Zambelli

**Proposal for a regulation**

**Article 2 – paragraph 2**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Text proposed by the Commission</th>
<th>Amendment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2. The relevant Union institutions and the Member States shall take the necessary measures at Union and national level respectively, to enable the collective achievement of the climate-neutrality objective set out in paragraph 1, taking into account the importance of promoting fairness and solidarity among Member States.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. The relevant Union institutions and the Member States shall take the necessary measures at Union and national level respectively, to enable the collective achievement of the climate-neutrality objective set out in paragraph 1, taking into account the importance of promoting fairness and solidarity among Member States <strong>taking care not to undermine territorial cohesion and homogeneous</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

---
regional growth in the Member States.

Or. it

Amendment 176
Erik Bergkvist

Proposal for a regulation
Article 2 – paragraph 2

Text proposed by the Commission

2. The relevant Union institutions and the Member States shall take the necessary measures at Union and national level respectively, to enable the collective achievement of the climate-neutrality objective set out in paragraph 1, taking into account the importance of promoting fairness and solidarity among Member States.

Amendment

2. The relevant Union institutions and the Member States shall take the necessary measures at Union and national level respectively, to enable the individual and, as a result, the collective achievement of the climate-neutrality objective set out in paragraph 1, taking into account the importance of promoting fairness and solidarity among Member States, social and economic cohesion and the protection of vulnerable Union citizens.

Or. en

Amendment 177
Martina Michels, Dimitrios Papadimoulis

Proposal for a regulation
Article 2 – paragraph 2

Text proposed by the Commission

2. The relevant Union institutions and the Member States shall take the necessary measures at Union and national level respectively, to enable the collective achievement of the climate-neutrality objective set out in paragraph 1, taking into account the importance of promoting fairness and solidarity among Member States.

Amendment

2. The relevant Union institutions and the Member States shall take the necessary measures at Union and national level respectively, to enable the achievement of the national and collective climate-neutrality objectives set out in paragraph 1, taking into account the importance of promoting fairness and solidarity as well as economic social and territorial cohesion among and within Member States and regions.
Amendment 178
Cristina Maestre Martín De Almagro, Mónica Silvana González, Isabel García Muñoz

Proposal for a regulation
Article 2 – paragraph 2

Text proposed by the Commission

2. The relevant Union institutions and the Member States shall take the necessary measures at Union and national level respectively, to enable the collective achievement of the climate-neutrality objective set out in paragraph 1, taking into account the importance of promoting fairness and solidarity among Member States.

Amendment

2. The relevant Union institutions and the Member States shall take the necessary measures at Union and national level respectively, to enable the collective achievement of the climate-neutrality objective set out in paragraph 1, taking into account the importance of promoting fairness and solidarity among Member States and among the various European regions in order to ensure that no one is left behind.

Or. es

Amendment 179
Andrey Novakov, Daniel Buda, Mircea-Gheorghe Hava, Manolis Kefalogiannis, Peter Pollák, Álvaro Amaro, Tomislav Sokol

Proposal for a regulation
Article 2 – paragraph 2

Text proposed by the Commission

2. The relevant Union institutions and the Member States shall take the necessary measures at Union and national level respectively, to enable the collective achievement of the climate-neutrality objective set out in paragraph 1, taking into account the importance of promoting fairness and solidarity among Member States.

Amendment

2. Upon agreement, the relevant Union institutions and the Member States shall take the necessary measures at Union and national level respectively, to enable the collective achievement of the climate-neutrality objective set out in paragraph 1, after taking into account the social, economic and territorial context as well the importance of promoting fairness and solidarity among Member States.

Or. en
Amendment 180
Izabela-Helena Kloc, Elżbieta Kruk, Krzysztof Jurgiel, Andżelika Anna Możdżanowska

Proposal for a regulation
Article 2 – paragraph 2

Text proposed by the Commission
2. The relevant Union institutions and the Member States shall take the necessary measures at Union and national level respectively, to enable the collective achievement of the climate-neutrality objective set out in paragraph 1, taking into account the importance of promoting fairness and solidarity among Member States.

Amendment
2. The relevant Union institutions and the Member States shall take the necessary measures and provide support at Union and national level as appropriate, to enable the collective achievement of the climate-neutrality objective set out in paragraph 1, taking into account the importance of promoting fairness and solidarity among Member States, as well as the enhancement of a just transition.

Or. en

Justification

Fulfilment of climate neutrality objective requires appropriate support to ensure credibility of EU efforts.

Amendment 181
Isabel Carvalhais

Proposal for a regulation
Article 2 – paragraph 2

Text proposed by the Commission
2. The relevant Union institutions and the Member States shall take the necessary measures at Union and national level respectively, to enable the collective achievement of the climate-neutrality objective set out in paragraph 1, taking into account the importance of promoting fairness and solidarity among Member States.

Amendment
2. The relevant Union institutions and the Member States shall take the necessary measures at Union national and regional level respectively, to enable evenly the collective achievement of the climate-neutrality objective set out in paragraph 1, taking into account the importance of promoting fairness and solidarity among Member States and their regions.
Amendment 182
Daniel Buda, Mircea-Gheorghe Hava, Iuliu Winkler

Proposal for a regulation
Article 2 – paragraph 2

Text proposed by the Commission

2. The relevant Union institutions and the Member States shall take the necessary measures at Union and national level respectively, to enable the collective achievement of the climate-neutrality objective set out in paragraph 1, taking into account the importance of promoting fairness and solidarity among Member States.

Amendment

2. The relevant Union institutions and the Member States shall take the necessary measures at Union and national level respectively, to enable the collective achievement of the climate-neutrality objective set out in paragraph 1, taking into account the importance of promoting fairness, solidarity and just transition among Member States.

Or. en

Amendment 183
Daniel Buda, Mircea-Gheorghe Hava, Iuliu Winkler

Proposal for a regulation
Article 2 – paragraph 2

Text proposed by the Commission

2. The relevant Union institutions and the Member States shall take the necessary measures at Union and national level respectively, to enable the collective achievement of the climate-neutrality objective set out in paragraph 1, taking into account the importance of promoting fairness and solidarity among Member States.

Amendment

2. The relevant Union institutions and the Member States shall take the necessary measures at Union, national and regional level respectively, to enable the collective achievement of the climate-neutrality objective set out in paragraph 1, taking into account the importance of promoting fairness and solidarity among Member States.

Or. en

Amendment 184
3. By September 2020, the Commission shall review the Union’s 2030 target for climate referred to in Article 2(11) of Regulation (EU) 2018/1999 in light of the climate-neutrality objective set out in Article 2(1), and explore options for a new 2030 target of 50 to 55% emission reductions compared to 1990. Where the Commission considers that it is necessary to amend that target, it shall make proposals to the European Parliament and to the Council as appropriate.

3. In light of the climate-neutrality objective set out in Article 2(1), the Union’s 2030 target for climate referred to in Article 2(11) of Regulation (EU) 2018/1999 shall be set to be emission reductions of 65% compared to 1990.

Or. en

Amendment 185
Andrey Novakov, Daniel Buda, Mircea-Gheorghe Hava, Manolis Kefalogiannis, Peter Pollák, Álvaro Amaro, Tomislav Sokol

3. By September 2021 and after conducting socio-economic and sectoral impact assessment, the Commission shall propose a revision of the Union’s 2030 target for climate referred to in Article 2(11) of Regulation (EU) 2018/1999 in light of the climate-neutrality objective set out in Article 2(1), explore options for a new 2030 target of up to 55% emission reductions compared to 1990 and propose commensurate funding through the EU budget to achieve the possible new target. Where the Commission considers that it is necessary to amend that target, it shall make proposals to the European Parliament and to the Council as appropriate.
Amendment 186
Francesca Donato, Alessandro Panza, Vincenzo Sofo, Rosanna Conte, Stefania Zambelli

Proposal for a regulation
Article 2 – paragraph 3

Text proposed by the Commission

3. By September 2020, the Commission shall review the Union’s 2030 target for climate referred to in Article 2(11) of Regulation (EU) 2018/1999 in light of the climate-neutrality objective set out in Article 2(1), and explore options for a new 2030 target of 50 to 55% emission reductions compared to 1990. Where the Commission considers that it is necessary to amend that target, it shall make proposals to the European Parliament and to the Council as appropriate.

Amendment

3. By September 2020, the Commission may review the Union’s 2030 target for climate referred to in Article 2(11) of Regulation (EU) 2018/1999 in light of the climate-neutrality objective set out in Article 2(1) and the new EU social and economic reality following the crisis triggered by the COVID-19 pandemic containment measures, and explore options for a new 2030 emissions target more in line with the new economic reality. Where the Commission considers that it is necessary to amend that target, it shall make proposals to the European Parliament and to the Council as appropriate.

Amendment 187
Tamás Deutsch

Proposal for a regulation
Article 2 – paragraph 3

Text proposed by the Commission

3. By September 2020, the Commission shall review the Union’s 2030 target for climate referred to in Article 2(11) of Regulation (EU) 2018/1999 in light of the climate-neutrality objective set out in Article 2(1), and explore options for a new 2030 target of 50 to 55% emission reductions compared to 1990. Where the
Commission considers that it is necessary to amend that target, it shall make proposals to the European Parliament and to the Council as appropriate.

To achieve the EU wide 2030 emissions reduction target, each Member State should commit to reduce their emissions by minimum 40% by 2030 compared to 1990 level.

Amendment 188
Isabel Carvalhais
Proposal for a regulation
Article 2 – paragraph 3

Text proposed by the Commission
3. By September 2020, the Commission shall review the Union’s 2030 target for climate referred to in Article 2(11) of Regulation (EU) 2018/1999 in light of the climate-neutrality objective set out in Article 2(1), and explore options for a new 2030 target of 50 to 55% emission reductions compared to 1990. Where the Commission considers that it is necessary to amend that target, it shall make proposals to the European Parliament and to the Council as appropriate.

Amendment
3. By September 2020, the Commission shall review the Union’s 2030 target for climate referred to in Article 2(11) of Regulation (EU) 2018/1999 in light of the climate-neutrality objective set out in Article 2(1), and explore options for a new 2030 target of 50 to 55%, or higher if duly justified on the basis of the best and most up to date scientific evidence, emission reductions compared to 1990. Where the Commission considers that it is necessary to amend that target, it shall make proposals to the European Parliament and to the Council as appropriate.

Or. en

Amendment 189
Daniel Buda, Mircea-Gheorghe Hava, Iuliu Winkler
Proposal for a regulation
Article 2 – paragraph 3

Text proposed by the Commission
3. By September 2020, the

Amendment
3. By September 2020, the
Commission shall review the Union’s 2030 target for climate referred to in Article 2(11) of Regulation (EU) 2018/1999 in light of the climate-neutrality objective set out in Article 2(1), and explore options for a new 2030 target of 50 to 55% emission reductions compared to 1990. Where the Commission considers that it is necessary to amend that target, it shall make proposals to the European Parliament and to the Council as appropriate.

Amendment 190
Vlad-Marius Botoș, Cristian Ghinea, Ondřej Knotek

Proposal for a regulation
Article 2 – paragraph 3

**Text proposed by the Commission**

3. By September 2020, the Commission shall review the Union’s 2030 target for climate referred to in Article 2(11) of Regulation (EU) 2018/1999 in light of the climate-neutrality objective set out in Article 2(1), and explore options for a new 2030 target of 50 to 55% emission reductions compared to 1990. Where the Commission considers that it is necessary to amend that target, it shall make proposals to the European Parliament and to the Council as appropriate.

**Amendment**

3. By September 2020, the Commission shall review the Union’s 2030 target for climate referred to in Article 2(11) of Regulation (EU) 2018/1999 in light of the climate-neutrality objective set out in Article 2(1), and explore options for a new 2030 target of 50% emission reductions compared to 1990. Where the Commission considers that it is necessary to amend that target based on new solid scientific evidence, it shall make proposals to the European Parliament and to the Council as appropriate.

Amendment 191
Izabela-Helena Kloc, Elżbieta Kruk, Krzysztof Jurgiel, Andżelika Anna Moźdżanowska

Proposal for a regulation
Article 2 – paragraph 3

Or. en
3. **By September 2020**, the Commission shall review the Union’s 2030 target for climate referred to in Article 2(11) of Regulation (EU) 2018/1999 in light of the climate-neutrality objective set out in Article 2(1), and explore options for a new 2030 target of 50 to 55% emission reductions compared to 1990. Where the Commission considers that it is necessary to amend that target, it shall make proposals to the European Parliament and to the Council as appropriate.

### Amendment

3. The Commission shall prepare a thorough impact assessment in preparation for a review of the Union’s 2030 target for climate referred to in Article 2(11) of Regulation (EU) 2018/1999 in light of the climate-neutrality objective set out in Article 2(1), including information on the reported Union-wide emissions and removals projected for 2030, and explore options for a new 2030 target. The impact assessment shall cover the impacts on the EU, Member States and on sectoral levels.

### Justification

Same justification as previously (The Rapporteur’s proposal of 65% reduction target in 2030 goes beyond what was agreed in EU CO conclusions in December 2019 and what is feasible to agree upon without knowledge of exact economic consequences of COVID-19 pandemic. We would like to stress the importance of maintaining EU CO leading role as a pre-requisite of political reliability in the time of crisis. The potential increase of emission reduction target for shall be decided on by European Council first.)

### Amendment 192

Caroline Roose

Proposal for a regulation
Article 2 – paragraph 3

### Text proposed by the Commission

3. By September 2020, the Commission shall review the Union’s 2030 target for climate referred to in Article 2(11) of Regulation (EU) 2018/1999 in light of the climate-neutrality objective set out in Article 2(1), and explore options for a new 2030 target of 50 to 55% emission reductions compared to 1990. Where the Commission considers that it is necessary to amend that target, it shall make proposals to the European Parliament and

### Amendment

3. By September 2020 at the latest, the Commission shall review the Union’s 2030 target for climate referred to in Article 2(11) of Regulation (EU) 2018/1999 in light of the climate-neutrality objective set out in Article 2(1), and explore options for a new 2030 target of 50 to 55% emission reductions compared to 1990. Where the Commission considers that it is necessary to amend that target, it shall make proposals to the European
to the Council as appropriate. Parliament and to the Council as appropriate.

Amendment 193
Mónica Silvana González, Cristina Maestre Martín De Almagro, Andrea Cozzolino, Tonino Picula, Elisabetta Gualmini

Proposal for a regulation
Article 2 – paragraph 3

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

3. By September 2020, the Commission shall review the Union’s 2030 target for climate referred to in Article 2(11) of Regulation (EU) 2018/1999 in light of the climate-neutrality objective set out in Article 2(1), and explore options for a new 2030 target of 50 to 55% emission reductions compared to 1990. Where the Commission considers that it is necessary to amend that target, it shall make proposals to the European Parliament and to the Council as appropriate.

3. By September 2020, the Commission shall review the Union’s 2030 target for climate referred to in Article 2(11) of Regulation (EU) 2018/1999 in light of the climate-neutrality objective set out in Article 2(1), and explore options for a new 2030 target of at least 55% emission reductions compared to 1990. Where the Commission considers that it is necessary to amend that target, it shall make proposals to the European Parliament and to the Council as appropriate.

Amendment 194
Tonino Picula

Proposal for a regulation
Article 2 – paragraph 3

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

3. By September 2020, the Commission shall review the Union’s 2030 target for climate referred to in Article 2(11) of Regulation (EU) 2018/1999 in light of the climate-neutrality objective set out in Article 2(1), and explore options for a new 2030 target of 50 to 55% emission reductions compared to 1990. Where the

3. By September 2020, the Commission shall review the Union’s 2030 target for climate referred to in Article 2(11) of Regulation (EU) 2018/1999 in light of the climate-neutrality objective set out in Article 2(1), and explore options for a new 2030 target of 65% emission reductions compared to 1990. Where the
Commission considers that it is necessary to amend that target, it shall make proposals to the European Parliament and to the Council as appropriate.

Amendment 195
Martina Michels, Dimitrios Papadimoulis

Proposal for a regulation
Article 2 – paragraph 3

Text proposed by the Commission

3. By September 2020, the Commission shall review the Union’s 2030 target for climate referred to in Article 2(11) of Regulation (EU) 2018/1999 in light of the climate-neutrality objective set out in Article 2(1), and **explore options for** a new 2030 target of **50 to 55%** emission reductions compared to 1990. Where the Commission considers that it is necessary to amend that target, it shall make proposals to the European Parliament and to the Council as appropriate.

Amendment

3. By September 2020, the Commission shall review the Union’s 2030 target for climate referred to in Article 2(11) of Regulation (EU) 2018/1999 in light of the climate-neutrality objective set out in Article 2(1), and **set** a new 2030 target of **65%** emission reductions compared to 1990. Where the Commission considers that it is necessary to amend that target, it shall make proposals to the European Parliament and to the Council as appropriate.

Amendment 196
Martina Michels, Dimitrios Papadimoulis

Proposal for a regulation
Article 2 – paragraph 3 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

3a. **Each Member State shall achieve climate neutrality by 2040** and shall review their National Energy and Climate Plans accordingly.

Amendment

3a. **Each Member State shall achieve climate neutrality by 2040 and shall review their National Energy and Climate Plans accordingly.**
Proposal for a regulation
Article 2 – paragraph 4

Text proposed by the Commission

4. By 30 June 2021, the Commission shall assess how the Union legislation implementing the Union’s 2030 target would need to be amended in order to enable the achievement of 50 to 55% emission reductions compared to 1990 and to achieve the climate-neutrality-objective set out in Article 2(1), and consider taking the necessary measures, including the adoption of legislative proposals, in accordance with the Treaties.

Amendment

4. By 30 June 2021, the Commission shall assess how all of the Union legislation relevant for the fulfilment of the Union’s 2030 climate target would need to be amended in order to enable the achievement of 65% emission reductions compared to 1990 and to achieve the climate-neutrality-objective set out in Article 2(1), and take the necessary measures, including the adoption of legislative proposals, in accordance with the Treaties. The Commission shall in particular evaluate the options for aligning emissions from aviation and maritime transport with the 2030 target and the 2050 climate-neutrality objective in order to reduce these emissions to net zero by 2050 at the latest and shall present legislative proposals as appropriate.

Or. en
set out in Article 2(1), and consider taking the necessary measures, including the adoption of legislative proposals, in accordance with the Treaties.

achievement of 65% emission reductions compared to 1990 and to achieve the climate-neutrality-objective set out in Article 2(1), and consider taking the necessary measures, including the adoption of legally binding intermediate targets and other legislative proposals, in accordance with the Treaties.

Amendment 199
Izabela-Helena Kloc, Elżbieta Kruk, Krzysztof Jurgiel, Andżelika Anna Moźdżanowska

Proposal for a regulation
Article 2 – paragraph 4

*Text proposed by the Commission*

4. By 30 June 2021, the Commission shall assess how the Union legislation implementing the Union’s 2030 target would need to be amended in order to enable the achievement of 50 to 55% emission reductions compared to 1990 and to achieve the climate-neutrality-objective set out in Article 2(1), and consider taking the necessary measures, including the adoption of legislative proposals, in accordance with the Treaties.

*Amendment*

4. By 30 June 2021, the Commission shall assess how all of the Union legislation relevant for the fulfilment of Union’s 2030 target would need to be amended in order to reinforce protection against carbon leakage, through the introduction of a carbon border adjustment mechanism, and to mobilise adequate resources for all investments necessary to reach this target. The Commission shall in particular evaluate the options for how emissions from all sectors can contribute to the 2030 target and the 2050 climate-neutrality objective.

*Justification*

We cannot agree on the reference to 65% reduction target for 2030.

Amendment 200
Isabel Carvalhais

Proposal for a regulation
Article 2 – paragraph 4
By 30 June 2021, the Commission shall assess how the Union legislation implementing the Union’s 2030 target would need to be amended in order to enable the achievement of 50 to 55% emission reductions compared to 1990 and to achieve the climate-neutrality-objective set out in Article 2(1), and consider taking the necessary measures, including the adoption of legislative proposals, in accordance with the Treaties.

Or. en

Amendment 201
Mónica Silvana González, Cristina Maestre Martín De Almagro, Andrea Cozzolino, Tonino Picula, Elisabetta Gualmini

Proposal for a regulation
Article 2 – paragraph 4

Text proposed by the Commission

4. By 30 June 2021, the Commission shall assess how the Union legislation implementing the Union’s 2030 target would need to be amended in order to enable the achievement of 50 to 55% emission reductions compared to 1990 and to achieve the climate-neutrality-objective set out in Article 2(1), and consider taking the necessary measures, including the adoption of legislative proposals, in accordance with the Treaties.

Amendment

4. By 30 June 2021, the Commission shall assess how the Union legislation implementing the Union’s 2030 target would need to be amended in order to enable the achievement of 50 to 55%, or higher if duly justified on the basis of the best and most up to date scientific evidence, emission reductions compared to 1990 and to achieve the climate-neutrality-objective set out in Article 2(1), and consider taking the necessary measures, including the adoption of legislative proposals, in accordance with the Treaties.

Or. en

Amendment 202
Andrey Novakov, Daniel Buda, Mircea-Gheorghe Hava, Manolis Kefalogiannis, Peter Pollák, Álvaro Amaro, Tomislav Sokol
Proposal for a regulation
Article 2 – paragraph 4

*Text proposed by the Commission*

4. By 30 June **2021**, the Commission shall assess how the Union legislation implementing the Union’s 2030 target would need to be amended in order to *enable* the achievement of **50** to **55%** emission reductions compared to 1990 and to achieve the climate-neutrality-objective set out in Article 2(1), and consider taking the necessary measures, including the adoption of legislative proposals, in accordance with the Treaties.

*Amendment*

4. By 30 June **2022**, the Commission shall assess how the Union legislation implementing the Union’s 2030 target would need to be amended in order to *propose* the achievement *up to* **55%** emission reductions compared to 1990 and to achieve the climate-neutrality-objective set out in Article 2(1), and consider taking the necessary measures, including the adoption of legislative proposals, in accordance with the Treaties.

Or. en

Amendment 203
Tonino Picula

Proposal for a regulation
Article 2 – paragraph 4

*Text proposed by the Commission*

4. By 30 June 2021, the Commission shall assess how the Union legislation implementing the Union’s 2030 target would need to be amended in order to enable the achievement of **50 to 55%** emission reductions compared to 1990 and to achieve the climate-neutrality-objective set out in Article 2(1), and consider taking the necessary measures, including the adoption of legislative proposals, in accordance with the Treaties.

*Amendment*

4. By 30 June 2021, the Commission shall assess how the Union legislation implementing the Union’s 2030 target would need to be amended in order to enable the achievement of **65%** emission reductions compared to 1990 and to achieve the climate-neutrality-objective set out in Article 2(1), and consider taking the necessary measures, including the adoption of legislative proposals, in accordance with the Treaties.

Or. en

Amendment 204
Francesca Donato, Alessandro Panza, Vincenzo Sofo, Rosanna Conte, Stefania Zambelli
Proposal for a regulation
Article 2 – paragraph 4

Text proposed by the Commission

4. By 30 June 2021, the Commission shall assess how the Union legislation implementing the Union’s 2030 target would need to be amended in order to enable the achievement of 50 to 55% emission reductions compared to 1990 and to achieve the climate-neutrality-objective set out in Article 2(1), and consider taking the necessary measures, including the adoption of legislative proposals, in accordance with the Treaties.

Amendment

4. By 30 June 2021, the Commission shall assess how the Union legislation implementing the Union’s 2030 target would need to be amended in line with emerging EU macroeconomic realities in order to achieve the climate-neutrality-objective set out in Article 2(1), and consider taking the necessary measures, including the adoption of legislative proposals, in accordance with the Treaties.

Or. it

Amendment 205
Izabela-Helena Kloc, Elżbieta Kruk, Krzysztof Jurgiel, Andżelika Anna Możdżanowska

Proposal for a regulation
Article 2 – paragraph 4 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

4a. The Commission shall prepare a plan to mobilise adequate financing for investments needed to achieve the climate-neutrality objective set out in Article 2(1), in particular addressing the needs of Member States, regions and citizens most affected by the climate policy. This plan will also include information on the financing needed on the sectoral level as described in para. 6a.

Amendment

4a. The Commission shall prepare a plan to mobilise adequate financing for investments needed to achieve the climate-neutrality objective set out in Article 2(1), in particular addressing the needs of Member States, regions and citizens most affected by the climate policy. This plan will also include information on the financing needed on the sectoral level as described in para. 6a.

Or. en

Justification

There is no possibility to establish such a target without EUCO consent and without information on the impacts of having such target. It is more important to have clear picture of all available financial measures.
Amendment 206
Tamás Deutsch

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

1. The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 9 to supplement this Regulation by setting out a trajectory at Union level to achieve the climate-neutrality objective set out in Article 2(1) until 2050. At the latest within six months after each global stocktake referred to in Article 14 of the Paris Agreement, the Commission shall review the trajectory.

Amendment

1. The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 9 to supplement this Regulation by setting out a trajectory at Union level to achieve the climate-neutrality objective set out in Article 2(1) until 2050. At the latest within six months after each global stocktake referred to in Article 14 of the Paris Agreement, the Commission shall review the trajectory.

Justification

Climate objectives and the trajectory should be adopted at the level of the European Council or under the ordinary legislative procedure.

Amendment 207
Izabela-Helena Kloc, Elżbieta Kruk, Krzysztof Jurgiel, Andżelika Anna Możdżanowska

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

1. The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 9 to supplement this Regulation by setting out a trajectory at Union level to achieve the climate-neutrality objective set out in Article 2(1) until 2050. At the latest within six months after each global stocktake referred to in Article 14 of the Paris Agreement, the Commission shall review the trajectory.

Amendment

1. The Commission shall conduct a regular assessment of progress made collectively by the Member States to achieve the climate-neutrality objective set out in Article 2(1) until 2050.

Or. en
Justification

The trajectory for achieving climate neutrality target amounts to de facto setting intermediate targets which – for the purpose of political reliability of EU climate policy – remains in the powers of EUCO.

Amendment 208
Francesca Donato, Alessandro Panza, Vincenzo Sofo, Rosanna Conte, Stefania Zambelli

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

1. The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 9 to supplement this Regulation by setting out a trajectory at Union level to achieve the climate-neutrality objective set out in Article 2(1) until 2050. At the latest within six months after each global stocktake referred to in Article 14 of the Paris Agreement, the Commission shall review the trajectory.

Amendment

1. Each Member State shall, as part of its long-term strategy under Article 15 of Regulation (EU) 2018/1999, set an indicative trajectory to achieve the objective set out in Article 2(1).

Or. it

Amendment 209
Josianne Cutajar

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

1. The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 9 to supplement this Regulation by setting out a trajectory at Union level to achieve the climate-neutrality objective set out in Article 2(1) until 2050. At the latest within six months after each global stocktake referred to in Article 14 of the Paris Agreement, the Commission shall review the trajectory.

Amendment

1. The Commission shall assess the options for the structure and design of a trajectory at Union level to achieve the climate-neutrality objective set out in Article 2(1) until 2050 and shall submit a legislative proposal to the European Parliament and the Council accordingly. At the latest within six months after each global stocktake referred to in Article 14 of the Paris Agreement, the Commission shall review the trajectory and, where
appropriate, submit a legislative proposal to the European Parliament and the Council to adjust it.

Or. en

Amendment 210
Franc Bogović, Herbert Dorfmann

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

1. The Commission **is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 9** to supplement this Regulation by setting out a trajectory at Union level to achieve the climate-neutrality objective set out in Article 2(1) until 2050. At the latest within six months after each global stocktake referred to in Article 14 of the Paris Agreement, the Commission shall review the trajectory.

Amendment

1. Where the Commission **considers it necessary, it shall make a legislative proposal to the European Parliament and to the Council, following a detailed impact assessment**, to supplement this Regulation by proposing a trajectory at Union level to achieve the climate-neutrality objective set out in Article 2(1) until 2050. At the latest within six months after each global stocktake referred to in Article 14 of the Paris Agreement, the Commission shall review the trajectory.

Or. en

Amendment 211
Isabel Carvalhais

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

1. The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 9 to supplement this Regulation by setting out a trajectory at Union level to achieve the climate-neutrality objective set out in Article 2(1) until 2050. At the latest within six months after each global stocktake referred to in Article 14 of the

Amendment

1. The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 9 to supplement this Regulation by setting out a trajectory at Union level to achieve the climate-neutrality objective set out in Article 2(1) until 2050, **in line with the goals of the Paris Agreement**. At the latest within six months after each global
Paris Agreement, the Commission shall review the trajectory.

Amendment 212
Martina Michels, Dimitrios Papadimoulis

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

1. The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 9 to supplement this Regulation by setting out a trajectory at Union level to achieve the climate-neutrality objective set out in Article 2(1) until 2050. At the latest within six months after each global stocktake referred to in Article 14 of the Paris Agreement, the Commission shall review the trajectory.

Amendment

1. The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 9 to supplement this Regulation by setting out a trajectory at Union level to achieve the climate-neutrality objective set out in Article 2(1) until 2040. At the latest within six months after each global stocktake referred to in Article 14 of the Paris Agreement or at the request of the European Parliament, the Commission shall review the trajectory.

Amendment 213
Daniel Buda, Mircea-Gheorghe Hava, Iuliu Winkler

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

1. The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 9 to supplement this Regulation by setting out a trajectory at Union level to achieve the climate-neutrality objective set out in Article 2(1) until 2050. At the latest within six months after each global stocktake referred to in Article 14 of the Paris Agreement, the Commission shall review the trajectory.

Amendment

1. By 30 September 2025, the Commission shall set, on the basis of the criteria set out in paragraph 3 by setting a trajectory at Union level for achieving the objective set out in Article 2(1) until 2050. At the latest within six months after each global stocktake referred to in Article 14 of the Paris Agreement, the Commission shall review the trajectory.
review the trajectory.

Amendment 214
Francesca Donato, Alessandro Panza, Vincenzo Sofo, Rosanna Conte, Stefania Zambelli

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 2

Text proposed by the Commission

2. The trajectory shall start from the Union’s 2030 target for climate referred to in Article 2(3).

Amendment

2. The trajectory shall start from the Union’s 2030 target for climate referred to in Article 2(3).

Or. en

Amendment 215
Izabela-Helena Kloc, Elżbieta Kruk, Krzysztof Jurgiel, Andżelika Anna Możdżanowska

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 2

Text proposed by the Commission

2. The trajectory shall start from the Union’s 2030 target for climate referred to in Article 2(3).

Amendment

2. The trajectory shall start from the Union’s 2030 target for climate referred to in Article 2(3).

Or. en

Justification

The trajectory for achieving climate neutrality target amounts to de facto setting intermediate targets which – for the purpose of political reliability of EU climate policy – should remain in the powers of EUCO.

Amendment 216
Mónica Silvana González, Cristina Maestre Martín De Almagro, Andrea Cozzolino, Tonino Picula, Elisabetta Gualmini

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 2

_text proposed by the Commission_ 

2. The trajectory shall start from the Union’s 2030 target for climate referred to in Article 2(3).

_Amendment_

2. The trajectory shall start from the Union’s 2030 target for climate referred to in Article 2(3). In no year from 2031 to 2049 is the Union's total emissions above a linear reduction path between the Union target for 2030 and the goal of climate neutrality for 2050.

Or. en

Amendment 217
Izabela-Helena Kloc, Elżbieta Kruk, Krzysztof Jurgiel, Andżelika Anna Możdżanowska

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 3

_text proposed by the Commission_ 

3. When setting a trajectory in accordance with paragraph 1, the Commission shall consider the following:

(a) cost-effectiveness and economic efficiency;

(b) competitiveness of the Union’s economy;

(c) best available technology;

(d) energy efficiency, energy affordability and security of supply;

(e) fairness and solidarity between and within Member States;

(f) the need to ensure environmental effectiveness and progression over time;

(g) investment needs and opportunities;

(h) the need to ensure a just and socially fair transition;

(i) international developments and efforts undertaken to achieve the long-term objectives of the Paris Agreement.
and the ultimate objective of the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change;

(j) the best available and most recent scientific evidence, including the latest reports of the IPCC.

Justification

The EC cannot on its own set a trajectory. All key decisions should involve the EP and the Council, following the political guidance of EUCO.

Amendment 218
Josianne Cutajar

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 3 – introductory part

Text proposed by the Commission

3. When setting a trajectory in accordance with paragraph 1, the Commission shall consider the following:

Amendment

3. When assessing the options for, or submitting a legislative proposal on, a trajectory in accordance with paragraph 1, the Commission shall consider the following:

Or. en

Amendment 219
Francesca Donato, Alessandro Panza, Vincenzo Sofo, Rosanna Conte, Stefania Zambelli

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 3 – introductory part

Text proposed by the Commission

3. When setting a trajectory in accordance with paragraph 1, the Commission shall consider the following:

Amendment

3. When setting a trajectory in accordance with paragraph 1, the Member States shall focus primarily but not exclusively on the following:

Or. it
Amendment 220
Andrey Novakov, Daniel Buda, Mircea-Gheorghe Hava, Manolis Kefalogiannis, Peter Pollák, Alvaro Amaro, Tomislav Sokol

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 3 – introductory part

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Text proposed by the Commission</th>
<th>Amendment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3. When <em>setting</em> a trajectory in accordance with paragraph 1, the Commission shall consider the following:</td>
<td>3. When <em>proposing</em> a trajectory in accordance with paragraph 1, the Commission shall consider the following:</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Or. en

Amendment 221
Franc Bogovič, Herbert Dorfmann

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 3 – introductory part

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Text proposed by the Commission</th>
<th>Amendment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3. When <em>setting</em> a trajectory in accordance with paragraph 1, the Commission shall consider the following:</td>
<td>3. When <em>proposing</em> a trajectory in accordance with paragraph 1, the Commission shall consider the following:</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Or. en

Amendment 222
Tamás Deutsch

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 3 – introductory part

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Text proposed by the Commission</th>
<th>Amendment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3. When setting a trajectory in accordance with paragraph 1, the <em>Commission shall consider the</em> following:</td>
<td>3. When setting a trajectory in accordance with paragraph 1, the following <em>shall be considered</em>:</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Or. en
Amendment 223
Francesca Donato, Alessandro Panza, Vincenzo Sofo, Rosanna Conte, Stefania Zambelli

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 3 – point a

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(a) cost-effectiveness and economic efficiency;

deleted

Or. it

Amendment 224
Isabel Carvalhais

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 3 – point a

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(a) cost-effectiveness and economic efficiency;

(a) cost-effectiveness, sustainability and economic efficiency;

Or. en

Amendment 225
Francesca Donato, Alessandro Panza, Vincenzo Sofo, Rosanna Conte, Stefania Zambelli

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 3 – point a a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(aa) the new economic reality following the COVID-19 pandemic;

Or. it

Amendment 226
Francesca Donato, Alessandro Panza, Vincenzo Sofo, Rosanna Conte, Stefania Zambelli
Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 3 – point b

Text proposed by the Commission

(b) *competitiveness of the Union’s economy*;

Amendment

(b) *competitiveness within the Union and on the international markets, with a focus on micro-enterprises and SMEs*;

Or. it

Amendment 227
Mónica Silvana González, Cristina Maestre Martín De Almagro, Andrea Cozzolino, Tonino Picula, Elisabetta Gualmini, Rovana Plumb, Isabel García Muñoz, Isabel Carvalhais, Tsvetelina Penkova, Josianne Cutajar

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 3 – point b

Text proposed by the Commission

(b) *competitiveness of the Union’s economy*;

Amendment

(b) *competitiveness of the Union’s economy and social welfare*;

Or. en

Amendment 228
Isabel Carvalhais

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 3 – point b

Text proposed by the Commission

(b) *competitiveness of the Union’s economy*;

Amendment

(b) *competitiveness of the Union’s economy*;

Or. en

Amendment 229
Mónica Silvana González, Cristina Maestre Martín De Almagro, Andrea Cozzolino, Tonino Picula, Elisabetta Gualmini, Rovana Plumb, Isabel García Muñoz, Isabel

PE652.651v01-00  138/194  AM\1206858EN.docx
Carvalhais, Tsvetelina Penkova, Josianne Cutajar

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 3 – point b a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Amendment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(ba) a high level of employment, sustainable growth and social inclusion, including by advancing in social objectives such as accessibility for persons with disabilities;</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Or. en

Amendment 230
Andrey Novakov, Daniel Buda, Mircea-Gheorghe Hava, Manolis Kefalogiannis, Peter Pollák, Álvaro Amaro, Tomislav Sokol

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 3 – point b a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Amendment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(ba) ongoing and projected economic downturns due to symmetric or asymmetric shocks resulting in loss of jobs and regional decline;</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Or. en

Amendment 231
Francesca Donato, Alessandro Panza, Vincenzo Sofo, Rosanna Conte, Stefania Zambelli

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 3 – point b a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Amendment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(ba) their own budget situation;</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Or. it
Amendment 232
Francesca Donato, Alessandro Panza, Vincenzo Sofo, Rosanna Conte, Stefania Zambelli

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 3 – point b b (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

(bb) non-repayable European funding specifically earmarked for achievement of climate neutrality objectives;

Amendment

Or. it

Amendment 233
Ondřej Knotek

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 3 – point c

Text proposed by the Commission

(c) best available technology;

Amendment

(c) best available technology, while respecting the concept of technological neutrality and the need for research in or investments to mature new, promising technology in all sectors;

Or. en

Amendment 234
Francesca Donato, Alessandro Panza, Vincenzo Sofo, Rosanna Conte, Stefania Zambelli

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 3 – point c

Text proposed by the Commission

(c) best available technology;

Amendment

(c) best available technology and its commercial availability with a view to promoting the marketing thereof;

Or. it
Amendment 235
Tamás Deutsch

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 3 – point c

Text proposed by the Commission
(c) best available technology;

Amendment
(c) best available technology, respecting technology neutrality and sovereignty of the national energy mix;

Or. en

Amendment 236
Isabel Carvalhais

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 3 – point c

Text proposed by the Commission
(c) best available technology;

Amendment
(c) best available technology and the impacts of its use;

Or. en

Amendment 237
Martina Michels, Dimitrios Papadimoulis

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 3 – point c

Text proposed by the Commission
(c) best available technology;

Amendment
(c) best available technology and technological progress;

Or. en

Amendment 238
Daniel Buda, Mircea-Gheorghe Hava, Iuliu Winkler
Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 3 – point c

_text proposed by the Commission_ Amendment
(c) best available technology; (c) best available _and access to_ technology;

Or. en

Amendment 239
Daniel Buda, Mircea-Gheorghe Hava, Iuliu Winkler

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 3 – point d

_text proposed by the Commission_ Amendment
(d) energy efficiency, energy affordability and security of supply; (d) energy efficiency, energy affordability, _reduction of energy poverty and vulnerability, assuring access to affordable energy_, and security of supply;

Or. en

Amendment 240
Martina Michels, Dimitrios Papadimoulis

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 3 – point d

_text proposed by the Commission_ Amendment
(d) energy efficiency, energy affordability and security of supply; (d) energy efficiency, energy affordability, _the need to tackle energy poverty and ensure the right to energy for EU citizens_, and security of supply;

Or. en

Amendment 241
Mónica Silvana González, Cristina Maestre Martín De Almagro, Andrea Cozzolino, Tonino Picula, Elisabetta Gualmini, Rovana Plumb, Isabel García Muñoz, Isabel
Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 3 – point d

Text proposed by the Commission
(d) energy efficiency, energy affordability and security of supply;

Amendment
(d) energy efficiency, energy affordability, security of supply and the need to combat energy poverty with renewable energies;

Amendment 242
Daniel Buda, Mircea-Gheorghe Hava, Iuliu Winkler

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 3 – point d a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission
(da) technological neutrality and the right of Member States to determine their energy mix

Amendment
(da) the different conditions and specificities of the Member States;

Amendment 243
Josianne Cutajar, Mónica Silvana González

Amendment 244
Mónica Silvana González, Cristina Maestre Martín De Almagro, Andrea Cozzolino,
Tonino Picula, Elisabetta Gualmini, Rovana Plumb, Isabel García Muñoz, Isabel Carvalhais, Tsvetelina Penkova

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 3 – point d a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

(da) the effects on and evolution of biodiversity and ecosystems;

Or. en

Amendment 245
Mónica Silvana González, Cristina Maestre Martín De Almagro, Andrea Cozzolino, Tonino Picula, Elisabetta Gualmini, Rovana Plumb, Isabel García Muñoz, Isabel Carvalhais, Tsvetelina Penkova

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 3 – point d b (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

(db) food safety, food affordability and security of supply;

Or. en

Amendment 246
Vlad-Marius Botoş, Ondřej Knotek, Stéphane Bijoux, Susana Solís Pérez, Cristian Ghinea

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 3 – point e

Text proposed by the Commission

(e) fairness and solidarity between and within Member States;

(e) fairness and solidarity social and economic cohesion between and within Member States ensuring the European instruments to support the cohesion policy;

Or. en
Amendment 247
Mónica Silvana González, Cristina Maestre Martín De Almagro, Andrea Cozzolino, Tonino Picula, Elisabetta Gualmini, Rovana Plumb, Isabel García Muñoz, Isabel Carvalhais

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 3 – point e

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Text proposed by the Commission</th>
<th>Amendment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(e) fairness and solidarity between and within Member States;</td>
<td>(e) fairness, solidarity and sincere cooperation between and within Member States, taking full account of the EU’s territorial cohesion;</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Or. en

Amendment 248
Isabel Carvalhais

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 3 – point e

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Text proposed by the Commission</th>
<th>Amendment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(e) fairness and solidarity between and within Member States;</td>
<td>(e) fairness and solidarity between and within Member States, taking into account the importance of the cross border dimension;</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Or. en

Amendment 249
Martina Michels, Dimitrios Papadimoulis

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 3 – point e

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Text proposed by the Commission</th>
<th>Amendment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(e) fairness and solidarity between and within Member States;</td>
<td>(e) fairness and solidarity between and within Member States and regions;</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Amendment 250
Francesca Donato, Alessandro Panza, Vincenzo Sofo, Rosanna Conte, Stefania Zambelli

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 3 – point f

Text proposed by the Commission
(f) the need to ensure environmental effectiveness and progression over time;

Amendment
(f) the need to ensure environmental effectiveness, economic sustainability and progressive emissions reduction over time;

Or. en

Amendment 251
Isabel Carvalhais

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 3 – point f

Text proposed by the Commission
(f) the need to ensure environmental effectiveness and progression over time;

Amendment
(f) the need to ensure environmental effectiveness, sustainability and progression over time;

Or. en

Amendment 252
Mónica Silvana González, Cristina Maestre Martín De Almagro, Andrea Cozzolino, Tonino Picula, Elisabetta Gualmini, Rovana Plumb, Isabel García Muñoz, Isabel Carvalhais, Tsvetelina Penkova, Josianne Cutajar

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 3 – point g

Text proposed by the Commission
(g) investment needs and opportunities;

Amendment
(g) public and private investment needs and opportunities with a focus on social, economic and territorial cohesion;
Amendment 253
Vlad-Marius Botoș, Cristian Ghinea, Stéphane Bijoux, Susana Solís Pérez, Ondřej Knotek

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 3 – point g

Text proposed by the Commission

(g) investment needs and opportunities;

Amendment

(g) investment needs and opportunities including infrastructural development needs;

Or. en

Amendment 254
Francesca Donato, Alessandro Panza, Vincenzo Sofo, Rosanna Conte, Stefania Zambelli

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 3 – point g

Text proposed by the Commission

(g) investment needs and opportunities;

Amendment

(g) overall needs and every investment opportunity;

Or. it

Amendment 255
Isabel Carvalhais

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 3 – point g

Text proposed by the Commission

(g) investment needs and opportunities;

Amendment

(g) investment needs, impacts and opportunities;

Or. en
Amendment 256
Mathilde Androuët

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 3 – point h

Text proposed by the Commission

(h) the need to ensure a just and socially fair transition;

Amendment

(h) the need to ensure a just and socially fair transition, preserving jobs and authorising the derogations necessary to that effect, in accordance with Article 192(5) of the Treaty on the Functioning of the EU;

Or. fr

Amendment 257
Isabel Carvalhais

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 3 – point h

Text proposed by the Commission

(h) the need to ensure a just and socially fair transition;

Amendment

(h) the need to ensure a just and socially fair transition, taking into account the dimensions of social, economic and territorial cohesion;

Or. en

Amendment 258
Franc Bogovič, Herbert Dorfmann

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 3 – point h

Text proposed by the Commission

(h) the need to ensure a just and socially fair transition;

Amendment

(h) the need to ensure a just and socially fair transition, particularly in rural and remote areas, affected by the
Amendment 259
Daniel Buda, Mircea-Gheorghe Hava, Iuliu Winkler

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 3 – point h

Text proposed by the Commission
(h) the need to ensure a just and socially fair transition;

Amendment
(h) the need to ensure a just economic and socially fair transition;

Amendment 260
Francesca Donato, Alessandro Panza, Vincenzo Sofo, Rosanna Conte, Stefania Zambelli

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 3 – point h a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission
(ha) effective measures to overcome regional imbalances;

Amendment
(ha) effective measures to overcome regional imbalances;

Amendment 261
Francesca Donato, Alessandro Panza, Vincenzo Sofo, Rosanna Conte, Stefania Zambelli

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 3 – point i

Text proposed by the Commission
(i) international developments and efforts undertaken to achieve the long-term objectives of the Paris Agreement and the ultimate objective of the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate

Amendment
(i) international and global developments and efforts undertaken to achieve the long-term objectives of the Paris Agreement and the ultimate objective of the United Nations Framework
Change; Convention on Climate Change;

Or. it

Amendment 262
Andrey Novakov, Daniel Buda, Mircea-Gheorghe Hava, Manolis Kefalogiannis, Peter Pollák, Álvaro Amaro, Tomislav Sokol

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 3 – point j

Text proposed by the Commission  
(j) the best available and most recent scientific evidence, including the latest reports of the IPCC.

Amendment
(j) the best available and most recent scientific evidence, including the latest reports of the IPCC and a comprehensive socio-economic and sectoral impact assessment.

Or. en

Amendment 263
Francesca Donato, Alessandro Panza, Vincenzo Sofo, Rosanna Conte, Stefania Zambelli

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 3 – point j

Text proposed by the Commission  
(j) the best available and most recent scientific evidence, including the latest reports of the IPCC.

Amendment
(j) the best available and most recent scientific evidence, and the latest reports of the IPCC, aside from RCP 8.5-based models.

Or. it

Amendment 264
Francesca Donato, Alessandro Panza, Vincenzo Sofo, Rosanna Conte, Stefania Zambelli

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 3 – point j
(j) the best available and most recent scientific evidence, including the latest reports of the IPCC.

(j) the best available and most recent scientific and statistical evidence, including the latest reports of the IPCC.

Amendment 265
Martina Michels, Dimitrios Papadimoulis

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 3 – point j

Amendment

(j) the best available and most recent scientific evidence, including the latest reports of the IPCC and IPBES.

Or. en

Amendment 266
Martina Michels, Dimitrios Papadimoulis

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 3 – subparagraph 1 (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

(a) the best available and most recent scientific evidence, including the latest reports of the IPCC and IPBES;

(b) international developments and efforts undertaken to achieve the long-term objectives of the Paris Agreement and the ultimate objective of the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change;

(c) the need to ensure a just and socially fair transition;

(d) investment needs and opportunities;
(e) the need to ensure environmental effectiveness and progression over time;

(f) fairness and solidarity between and within Member States and regions;

(g) energy efficiency, energy affordability, the need to tackle energy poverty and ensure the right to energy for EU citizens and security of supply;

(h) best available technology and technological progress;

(i) competitiveness of the Union’s economy;

(j) cost-effectiveness and economic efficiency.

Justification

Reversed order of enumeration and priority: The Union should set its priorities first and foremost according to scientific evidence, social and ecologic needs.

Amendment 267
Vlad-Marius Botoş, Ondřej Knotek, Cristian Ghinea

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 3 – point j a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(ja) diverse starting positions of Member States and different impacts and costs that achieving climate neutrality objective will have on their economies and societies;

Or. en

Amendment 268
Daniel Buda, Mircea-Gheorghe Hava, Iuliu Winkler

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 3 – point j a (new)
Amendment 269
Mónica Silvana González, Cristina Maestre Martín De Almagro, Andrea Cozzolino, Tonino Picula, Elisabetta Gualmini, Rovana Plumb, Isabel García Muñoz, Isabel Carvalhais, Tsvetelina Penkova

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 3 – point j a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

(ja) different national circumstances of the Member States

Amendment

Or. en

Amendment 270
Vlad-Marius Botoş, Ondřej Knotek, Cristian Ghinea

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 3 – point j b (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

( jb) the right of each Member State to determine its own energy mix in accordance with article 194 paragraph 2 of TFEU.

Amendment

Or. en

Amendment 271
Mónica Silvana González, Cristina Maestre Martín De Almagro, Andrea Cozzolino, Tonino Picula, Elisabetta Gualmini, Rovana Plumb, Isabel García Muñoz, Isabel Carvalhais, Tsvetelina Penkova
Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 3 – point j b (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(jb) the assessment of the carbon footprint and water footprint in trade relations with third countries.

Or. en

Amendment 272
Tamás Deutsch

Proposal for a regulation
Article 3 – paragraph 3 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

3a. Member States’ rights in determining their scenario for achieving climate goals and climate neutrality;

Or. en

Amendment 273
Vlad-Marius Botoş, Cristian Ghinea, Stéphane Bijoux, Ondřej Knotek, Laurence Farreng

Proposal for a regulation
Article 4 – paragraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

1. The relevant Union institutions and the Member States shall ensure continuous progress in enhancing adaptive capacity, strengthening resilience and reducing vulnerability to climate change in accordance with Article 7 of the Paris Agreement.

1. The relevant Union institutions and the Member States shall ensure continuous progress in enhancing adaptive capacity, ensuring the transfer of knowhow when needed, strengthening resilience and reducing vulnerability to climate change in accordance with Article 7 of the Paris Agreement.

Or. en
Amendment 274
Caroline Roose

Proposal for a regulation
Article 4 – paragraph 2

Text proposed by the Commission

2. Member States shall develop and implement adaptation strategies and plans that include comprehensive risk management frameworks, based on robust climate and vulnerability baselines and progress assessments.

Amendment

2. Member States shall develop and implement adaptation strategies and plans that include comprehensive risk management frameworks, based on robust climate and vulnerability baselines and progress assessments. By 30 June 2021, Member States shall prepare national strategies to phase out support for fossil fuels, including indirect subsidies and capacity mechanisms, by 2025 at the latest. Member States should set plans to restore and enhance natural carbon sinks such as forests, moors and seas by end of 2023 and complete the delivery by 2030. The relevant Union institutions and Member States shall ensure a legal instrument to include a binding target (in hectares) for the Member States to restore and protect 30% of their territories and of their sea areas, with 10% strictly protected.

Or. en

Amendment 275
Mónica Silvana González, Cristina Maestre Martín De Almagro, Andrea Cozzolino, Tonino Picula, Elisabetta Gualmini, Rovana Plumb, Isabel García Muñoz, Isabel Carvalhais, Tsvetelina Penkova

Proposal for a regulation
Article 4 – paragraph 2

Text proposed by the Commission

2. Member States shall develop and implement adaptation strategies and plans that include comprehensive risk

Amendment

2. Member States shall develop and implement adaptation strategies and plans
in cooperation with regions and
management frameworks, based on robust climate and vulnerability baselines and progress assessments.

**municipalities** that include comprehensive risk management frameworks, based on robust climate and vulnerability baselines and progress assessments. **Member States shall ensure the integration of the regional and local perspective when developing and implementing their adaptation strategies and plans.**

**Justification**

The impact of the consequences of climate change is uneven across territories, with a different effect depending on multiple factors at play. There are inequalities in the impact of climate change effects due to geographical location, socio-economic circumstances; in short, in the level of risk, exposure and vulnerability. This gives rise to a need, when it comes to assessing the risks of the impact of climate change, to make distinctions at regional or even local level, based on geographical and socio-economic factors. As a result, despite the global nature of the problem of climate change, adaptation should be tailored to the characteristics of each territory depending on the type of impacts and their specific scope. This does not prevent the development of these policies from being structured around common strategies covering areas over and above those to be aligned.

**Amendment 276**

Vlad-Marius Botoș, Cristian Ghinea, Stéphane Bijoux, Ondřej Knotek

**Proposal for a regulation**

**Article 4 – paragraph 2**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Text proposed by the Commission</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2. Member States shall develop and implement adaptation strategies and plans that include comprehensive risk management frameworks, based on robust climate and vulnerability baselines and progress assessments.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Amendment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2. Member States shall develop and implement adaptation realistic strategies and plans that include comprehensive risk management frameworks, based on the local and regional needs and real local measurements of the greenhouse gases emissions, robust climate and vulnerability baselines and progress assessments.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Or. en**

**Amendment 277**

Andrey Novakov, Daniel Buda, Mircea-Gheorghe Hava, Manolis Kefalogiannis, Peter
Pollák, Álvaro Amaro, Tomislav Sokol

Proposal for a regulation
Article 4 – paragraph 2

Text proposed by the Commission

2. Member States shall develop and implement adaptation strategies and plans that include comprehensive risk management frameworks, based on robust climate and vulnerability baselines and progress assessments.

Amendment

2. Member States shall develop and implement adaptation strategies and plans that include comprehensive risk management frameworks, based on robust climate and vulnerability baselines and progress assessments, taking into consideration regional specificities and the need for differentiated pace.

Or. en

Amendment 278
Martina Michels, Dimitrios Papadimoulis

Proposal for a regulation
Article 4 – paragraph 2

Text proposed by the Commission

2. Member States shall develop and implement adaptation strategies and plans that include comprehensive risk management frameworks, based on robust climate and vulnerability baselines and progress assessments.

Amendment

2. Member States shall develop and implement adaptation strategies and plans with concrete reduction targets that include comprehensive risk management frameworks, based on robust climate and vulnerability baselines and progress assessments.

Or. en

Amendment 279
Isabel Carvalhais

Proposal for a regulation
Article 4 – paragraph 2

Text proposed by the Commission

2. Member States shall develop and

Amendment

2. Member States shall develop and
implement adaptation strategies and plans that include comprehensive risk management frameworks, based on robust climate and vulnerability baselines and progress assessments.

Amendment 280
Andrey Novakov, Daniel Buda, Mircea-Gheorghe Hava, Manolis Kefalogiannis, Peter Pollák, Álvaro Amaro, Tomislav Sokol

Proposal for a regulation
Article 5 – paragraph 1 – subparagraph 1 – introductory part

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Text proposed by the Commission</th>
<th>Amendment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>By 30 September 2023, and every 5 years thereafter, the Commission shall assess, together with the assessment foreseen under Article 29(5) of Regulation (EU) 2018/1999:</td>
<td>By 30 September 2024, and every 5 years thereafter, the Commission shall assess, together with the assessment foreseen under Article 29(5) of Regulation (EU) 2018/1999:</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Or. en

Amendment 281
Francesca Donato, Alessandro Panza, Vincenzo Sofo, Rosanna Conte, Stefania Zambelli

Proposal for a regulation
Article 5 – paragraph 1 – subparagraph 1 – introductory part

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Text proposed by the Commission</th>
<th>Amendment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>By 30 September 2023, and every 5 years thereafter, the Commission shall assess, together with the assessment foreseen under Article 29(5) of Regulation (EU) 2018/1999:</td>
<td>By 31 October 2031, and every 5 years thereafter, the Commission shall assess, together with the assessment foreseen under Article 29(5) of Regulation (EU) 2018/1999:</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Or. it

Amendment 282
Francesca Donato, Alessandro Panza, Vincenzo Sofo, Rosanna Conte, Stefania Zambelli
Proposal for a regulation
Article 5 – paragraph 1 – subparagraph 1 – point a

Text proposed by the Commission

(a) the collective progress made by all Member States towards the achievement of the climate-neutrality objective set out in Article 2(1) as expressed by the trajectory referred to in Article 3(1);

Amendment

(a) the collective progress made by all Member States towards the achievement of the climate-neutrality objective set out in Article 2(1);

Justification

We would like to keep the original wording - but without reference to the trajectory which amounts to setting intermediate reduction targets without relevant decision made by EUCO (Issue covered by proposal of new wording in art. 3 (1)).

Amendment 284
Martina Michels, Dimitrios Papadimoulis

Proposal for a regulation
Article 5 – paragraph 1 – subparagraph 1 – point a

Text proposed by the Commission

(a) the collective progress made by all Member States towards the achievement of the climate-neutrality objective set out in Article 2(1) as expressed by the trajectory referred to in Article 3(1);

Amendment

(a) the collective and individual national progress made by all Member
the climate-neutrality objective set out in Article 2(1) as expressed by the trajectory referred to in Article 3(1);

States towards the achievement of the climate-neutrality objective set out in Article 2(1) as expressed by the trajectory referred to in Article 3(1);

Or. en

Amendment 285
Martina Michels, Dimitrios Papadimoulis

Proposal for a regulation
Article 5 – paragraph 1 – subparagraph 1 – point b

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Text proposed by the Commission</th>
<th>Amendment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(b) the collective progress made by all Member States on adaptation as referred to in Article 4.</td>
<td>(b) the collective and individual national progress made by all Member States on adaptation as referred to in Article 4.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Or. en

Amendment 286
Mónica Silvana González, Cristina Maestre Martin De Almagro, Andrea Cozzolino, Tonino Picula, Elisabetta Gualmini, Rovana Plumb, Isabel García Muñoz, Isabel Carvalhais

Proposal for a regulation
Article 5 – paragraph 1 – subparagraph 2

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Text proposed by the Commission</th>
<th>Amendment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>The Commission shall submit the conclusions of that assessment, together with the State of the Energy Union Report prepared in the respective calendar year in accordance with Article 35 of Regulation (EU) 2018/1999, to the European Parliament and to the Council.</td>
<td>The Commission shall submit the conclusions of that assessment, together with the State of the Energy Union Report prepared in the respective calendar year in accordance with Article 35 of Regulation (EU) 2018/1999, to the European Parliament and to the Council. The Commission shall refer in its assessment to the progress made by regions and metropolitan regions on adaptation as referred to in Article 4 and shall refer to sectorial roadmaps in order to promote a transparent and socially fair transition</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Or. en
towards carbon neutrality.

Justification

The Commission needs to include the progress made by regions and metropolitan regions (as defined in EUROSTAT list) to promote a transparent monitoring of the often competent authorities in policies directly related to the climate-neutrality objective.

**Amendment 287**

Francesca Donato, Alessandro Panza, Vincenzo Sofo, Rosanna Conte, Stefania Zambelli

Proposal for a regulation

**Article 5 – paragraph 1 – subparagraph 2**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Text proposed by the Commission</th>
<th>Amendment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**Amendment 288**

Izabela-Helena Kloc, Elżbieta Kruk, Krzysztof Jurgiel, Andżelika Anna Moźdżanowska

Proposal for a regulation

**Article 5 – paragraph 1 – subparagraph 2**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Text proposed by the Commission</th>
<th>Amendment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
and shall make them publicly available.

Amendment 289
Francesca Donato, Alessandro Panza, Vincenzo Sofo, Rosanna Conte, Stefania Zambelli

Proposal for a regulation
Article 5 – paragraph 2 – introductory part

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Text proposed by the Commission</th>
<th>Amendment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2. By 30 September 2023, and every 5 years thereafter, the Commission shall review:</td>
<td>2. By 31 October 2031, and every 5 years thereafter, the Commission shall review:</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Or. it

Amendment 290
Izabela-Helena Kloc, Elżbieta Kruk, Krzysztof Jurgiel, Andżelika Anna Możdżanowska

Proposal for a regulation
Article 5 – paragraph 2 – point a

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Text proposed by the Commission</th>
<th>Amendment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(a) the consistency of Union measures with the climate-neutrality objective set out in Article 2(1) as expressed by the trajectory referred to in Article 3(1);</td>
<td>(a) the consistency of Union measures with the climate-neutrality objective set out in Article 2(1)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Justification

We would like to keep the original wording - but without reference to the trajectory which amounts to setting intermediate reduction targets without relevant decision made by EUCO (issue covered by proposal of new wording in art. 3 (1)).

Amendment 291
Francesca Donato, Alessandro Panza, Vincenzo Sofo, Rosanna Conte, Stefania Zambelli

Proposal for a regulation
Article 5 – paragraph 2 – point a

Text proposed by the Commission

(a) the consistency of Union measures with the climate-neutrality objective set out in Article 2(1) as expressed by the trajectory referred to in Article 3(1);

Amendment

(a) the consistency of Union measures with the climate-neutrality objective set out in Article 2(1);

Or. it

Amendment 292
Francesca Donato, Alessandro Panza, Vincenzo Sofo, Rosanna Conte, Stefania Zambelli

Proposal for a regulation
Article 5 – paragraph 2 – point a a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

(aa) the economic impact of the aforementioned measures on the economy of the Union, the euro area and the individual Member States, in terms of sustainability and competitiveness, compared to non-EU countries;

Amendment

Or. it

Amendment 293
Andrey Novakov, Daniel Buda, Mircea-Gheorghe Hava, Manolis Kefalogiannis, Peter Pollák, álvaro Amaro, Tomislav Sokol

Proposal for a regulation
Article 5 – paragraph 2 – point b

Text proposed by the Commission

(b) the adequacy of Union measures to ensure progress on adaptation as referred to in Article 4.

Amendment

(b) the adequacy of Union measures and funding to ensure progress on adaptation as referred to in Article 4.

Or. en
Amendment 294  
Mónica Silvana González, Cristina Maestre Martín De Almagro, Andrea Cozzolino, Tonino Picula, Elisabetta Gualmini, Rovana Plumb, Isabel García Muñoz, Isabel Carvalhais, Tsvetelina Penkova

Proposal for a regulation  
Article 5 – paragraph 2 – subparagraph 1 (new)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Text proposed by the Commission</th>
<th>Amendment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>The assessment referred to in paragraph 1 and the review referred to in paragraph 2 shall be carried out on the basis of a common EU information system, accessible to the public, incorporating the information generated by the different actors involved in achieving the objective of climate neutrality and advancing adaptation. Requirements shall be set to ensure standardisation and homogeneity of information by ensuring that it consists of data that are easy to find, accessible, interoperable and reusable. This system will benefit from the opportunities afforded by digitalisation and new technologies.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Or. en

Amendment 295  
Vlad-Marius Botoș, Cristian Ghinea

Proposal for a regulation  
Article 5 – paragraph 3

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Text proposed by the Commission</th>
<th>Amendment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3. Where, based on the assessment referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2, the Commission finds that Union measures are inconsistent with the climate-neutrality objective set out in Article 2(1) or inadequate to ensure progress on adaptation as referred to in Article 4, or that the progress towards either the climate-neutrality objective or on adaptation as referred to in Article 4 is</td>
<td>3. Where, based on the assessment referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2, the Commission finds that Union measures are inconsistent with the climate-neutrality objective set out in Article 2(1) or inadequate to ensure progress on adaptation as referred to in Article 4, or that the progress towards either the climate-neutrality objective or on adaptation as referred to in Article 4 is</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
insufficient, it shall take the necessary measures in accordance with the Treaties, at the same time as the review of the trajectory referred to in Article 3(1).

insufficient, assess the need of technical support and know-how, cooperates with the Member State to establish the necessary measures and the time needed in order to close the gap between the expectations and actual reality. Should the Member State fail in achieving the goal the Commission could it shall take the necessary measures in accordance with the Treaties, at the same time as the review of the trajectory referred to in Article 3(1).

Or. en

Amendment 296
Andrey Novakov, Daniel Buda, Mircea-Gheorghe Hava, Manolis Kefalogiannis, Peter Pollák, Álvaro Amaro, Tomislav Sokol

Proposal for a regulation
Article 5 – paragraph 3

Text proposed by the Commission

3. Where, based on the assessment referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2, the Commission finds that Union measures are inconsistent with the climate-neutrality objective set out in Article 2(1) or inadequate to ensure progress on adaptation as referred to in Article 4, or that the progress towards either the climate-neutrality objective or on adaptation as referred to in Article 4 is insufficient, it shall take the necessary measures in accordance with the Treaties, at the same time as the review of the trajectory referred to in Article 3(1).

Amendment

3. Where, based on the assessment referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2, the Commission finds that Union measures are inconsistent with the climate-neutrality objective set out in Article 2(1) or inadequate to ensure progress on adaptation as referred to in Article 4, or that the progress towards either the climate-neutrality objective or on adaptation as referred to in Article 4 is insufficient, or that Union measures have led to loss of competitiveness and jobs in specific regions, it shall take the necessary measures in accordance with the Treaties, at the same time as the review of the trajectory referred to in Article 3(1).

Or. en

Amendment 297
Francesca Donato, Alessandro Panza, Vincenzo Sofo, Rosanna Conte, Stefania Zambelli
Proposal for a regulation
Article 5 – paragraph 3

Text proposed by the Commission

3. Where, based on the assessment referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2, the Commission finds that Union measures are inconsistent with the climate-neutrality objective set out in Article 2(1) or inadequate to ensure progress on adaptation as referred to in Article 4, or that the progress towards either the climate-neutrality objective or on adaptation as referred to in Article 4 is insufficient, it shall take the necessary measures in accordance with the Treaties, at the same time as the review of the trajectory referred to in Article 3(1).

Amendment

3. Where, based on the assessment referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2, the Commission finds that Union measures are inconsistent with the climate-neutrality objective set out in Article 2(1), incompatible with the economic sustainability or competitiveness of the Union and its Member States compared with third countries or inadequate to ensure progress on adaptation as referred to in Article 4, or that the progress towards either the climate-neutrality objective or on adaptation as referred to in Article 4 is insufficient, it shall take the necessary measures in accordance with the Treaties.

Or. it

Amendment 298
Izabela-Helena Kloc, Elżbieta Kruk, Krzysztof Jurgiel, Andżelika Anna Możdżanowska

Proposal for a regulation
Article 5 – paragraph 3

Text proposed by the Commission

3. Where, based on the assessment referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2, the Commission finds that Union measures are inconsistent with the climate-neutrality objective set out in Article 2(1) or inadequate to ensure progress on adaptation as referred to in Article 4, or that the progress towards either the climate-neutrality objective or on adaptation as referred to in Article 4 is insufficient, it shall take the necessary measures in accordance with the Treaties, at the same time as the review of the trajectory referred to in Article 3(1).

Amendment

3. Where, based on the assessment referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2, the Commission finds that Union measures are inconsistent with the climate-neutrality objective set out in Article 2(1) or inadequate to ensure progress on adaptation as referred to in Article 4, or that the progress towards either the climate-neutrality objective or on adaptation as referred to in Article 4 is insufficient, it shall take the necessary measures in accordance with the Treaties.

Or. en
Amendment 299
Mónica Silvana González, Cristina Maestre Martin De Almagro, Andrea Cozzolino, Tonino Picula, Elisabetta Gualmini, Rovana Plumb, Isabel García Muñoz, Isabel Carvalhais, Tsvetelina Penkova

Proposal for a regulation
Article 5 – paragraph 3

Text proposed by the Commission

3. Where, based on the assessment referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2, the Commission finds that Union measures are inconsistent with the climate-neutrality objective set out in Article 2(1) or inadequate to ensure progress on adaptation as referred to in Article 4, or that the progress towards either the climate-neutrality objective or on adaptation as referred to in Article 4 is insufficient, it shall take the necessary measures in accordance with the Treaties, at the same time as the review of the trajectory referred to in Article 3(1).

Amendment

3. Where, based on the assessment referred to in paragraph 1 and the review referred to in paragraph 2, the Commission finds that Union measures are inconsistent with the climate-neutrality objective set out in Article 2(1) or inadequate to ensure progress on adaptation as referred to in Article 4, or that the progress towards either the climate-neutrality objective or on adaptation as referred to in Article 4 is insufficient, it shall take the necessary measures in accordance with the Treaties, at the same time as the review of the trajectory referred to in Article 3(1).

Or. en

Justification

Linguistic modification

Amendment 300
Francesca Donato, Alessandro Panza, Vincenzo Sofo, Rosanna Conte, Stefania Zambelli

Proposal for a regulation
Article 5 – paragraph 4

Text proposed by the Commission

4. The Commission shall assess any draft measure or legislative proposal in light of the climate-neutrality objective set out in Article 2(1) as expressed by the trajectory referred to in Article 3(1) before adoption, and include this analysis in any

Amendment

4. The Commission shall assess any draft measure or legislative proposal before adoption in light of the climate-neutrality objective set out in Article 2(1), together with the objective of economic recovery in the Union and the Member States,
impact assessment accompanying these measures or proposals, and make the result of that assessment public at the time of adoption.

**Amendment 301**

Izabela-Helena Kloc, Elżbieta Kruk, Krzysztof Jurgiel, Andżelika Anna Możdżanowska

Proposal for a regulation

**Article 5 – paragraph 4**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

4. The Commission shall assess any draft measure or legislative proposal in light of the climate-neutrality objective set out in Article 2(1) as expressed by the trajectory referred to in Article 3(1) before adoption, and include this analysis in any impact assessment accompanying these measures or proposals, and make the result of that assessment public at the time of adoption.

*Amendment*

4. The Commission shall assess any draft measure or legislative proposal in light of the climate-neutrality objective set out in Article 2(1) before adoption and include this analysis in any impact assessment accompanying these measures or proposals, and make the result of that assessment public at the time of adoption.

**Justification**

We would like to keep the original wording - but without reference to the trajectory which amounts to setting intermediate reduction targets without relevant decision made by EUCO (issue covered by proposal of new wording in art. 3 (1)).

**Amendment 302**

Andrey Novakov, Daniel Buda, Mircea-Gheorghe Hava, Manolis Kefalogiannis, Peter Pollák, Álvaro Amaro, Tomislav Sokol

Proposal for a regulation

**Article 6 – paragraph 1 – subparagraph 1 – introductory part**
Amendment 303
Francesca Donato, Alessandro Panza, Vincenzo Sofo, Rosanna Conte, Stefania Zambelli

Proposal for a regulation
Article 6 – paragraph 1 – subparagraph 1 – introductory part

Text proposed by the Commission

By 30 September 2023, and every 5 years, thereafter the Commission shall assess:

Amendment

By 30 September 2024, and every 5 years, thereafter the Commission shall assess:

Or. en

Amendment 304
Francesca Donato, Alessandro Panza, Vincenzo Sofo, Rosanna Conte, Stefania Zambelli

Proposal for a regulation
Article 6 – paragraph 1 – subparagraph 1 – point a

Text proposed by the Commission

(a) the consistency of national measures identified, on the basis of the National Energy and Climate Plans or the Biennial Progress Reports submitted in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2018/1999, as relevant for the achievement of the climate-neutrality objective set out in Article 2(1) with that objective as expressed by the trajectory referred to in Article 3(1);

Amendment

(a) the consistency of national measures identified, on the basis of the National Energy and Climate Plans or the Biennial Progress Reports submitted in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2018/1999, as relevant for the achievement of the climate-neutrality objective set out in Article 2(1), economic recovery, territorial cohesion and regional development, as expressed by the relevant trajectory referred to in Article 3(1);

Or. it

Amendment 305

169/194

EN
Izabela-Helena Kloc, Elżbieta Kruk, Krzysztof Jurgiel, Andżelika Anna Możdżanowska

Proposal for a regulation
Article 6 – paragraph 1 – subparagraph 1 – point a

Text proposed by the Commission

(a) the consistency of national measures identified, on the basis of the National Energy and Climate Plans or the Biennial Progress Reports submitted in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2018/1999, as relevant for the achievement of the climate-neutrality objective set out in Article 2(1) with that objective as expressed by the trajectory referred to in Article 3(1);

Amendment

(a) the consistency of national measures identified, on the basis of the National Energy and Climate Plans or the Biennial Progress Reports submitted in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2018/1999, as relevant for the achievement of the climate-neutrality objective set out in Article 2(1);

Or. en

Justification

We would like to keep the original wording - but without reference to the trajectory. As indicated in amendment to art. 3 (1), the trajectory for achieving climate neutrality target amounts to de facto setting intermediate targets which shall not be decided by the EC. For the purpose of political reliability of EU climate policy – remains in the powers of EUCO

Amendment 306
Andrey Novakov, Daniel Buda, Mircea-Gheorghe Hava, Manolis Kefalogiannis, Peter Pollák, Álvaro Amaro, Tomislav Sokol

Proposal for a regulation
Article 6 – paragraph 1 – subparagraph 1 – point b

Text proposed by the Commission

(b) the adequacy of relevant national measures to ensure progress on adaptation as referred to in Article 4.

Amendment

(b) the adequacy of relevant national measures to ensure progress on adaptation as referred to in Article 4 and the various external to the Member States factors that influence the progress, including a state of force majeure.

Or. en
### Amendment 307
Mónica Silvana González, Cristina Maestre Martín De Almagro, Andrea Cozzolino, Tonino Picula, Elisabetta Gualmini, Rovana Plumb, Isabel García Muñoz, Isabel Carvalhais

**Proposal for a regulation**
**Article 6 – paragraph 1 – subparagraph 2**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Text proposed by the Commission</strong></th>
<th><strong>Amendment</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>The Commission shall submit the conclusions of that assessment, together with the State of the Energy Union Report prepared in the respective calendar year in accordance with Article 35 of Regulation (EU) 2018/1999, to the European Parliament and to the Council.</td>
<td>The Commission shall submit the conclusions of that assessment, together with the State of the Energy Union Report prepared in the respective calendar year in accordance with Article 35 of Regulation (EU) 2018/1999, to the European Parliament and to the Council. <em>The Commission shall refer in its assessment to the measures taken by competent regional administrations and metropolitan regions in relation to the climate-neutrality objective set out in Article 2(1) and in relation to the adaptation to climate change as referred to in Article 4 in order to promote a transparent and socially fair transition towards carbon neutrality.</em></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Justification**

*The Commission assessment need to include the progress made by regions and metropolitan regions (as defined in EUROSTAT list) to promote a transparent monitoring of the often competent authorities in policies directly related to the climate-neutrality objective.*

### Amendment 308
Francesca Donato, Alessandro Panza, Vincenzo Sofo, Rosanna Conte, Stefania Zambelli

**Proposal for a regulation**
**Article 6 – paragraph 2**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Text proposed by the Commission</strong></th>
<th><strong>Amendment</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2. Where the Commission finds, under due consideration of the collective progress assessed in accordance with Article 5(1),</td>
<td>2. Where the Commission finds, under due consideration of the collective progress assessed in accordance with Article 5(1),</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
that a Member State’s measures are inconsistent with *that objective* as expressed by the trajectory referred to in Article 3(1) or inadequate to ensure progress on adaptation as referred to in Article 4, it may issue recommendations to that Member State. The Commission shall make such recommendations publicly available.

that a Member State’s measures are inconsistent with *climate neutrality objectives in line with economic recovery, territorial cohesion and regional development* as expressed by the *corresponding* trajectory referred to in Article 3(1) or inadequate to ensure progress on adaptation as referred to in Article 4, it may issue recommendations to that Member State or adopt funding initiatives to help it achieve the above objectives. The Commission shall make such recommendations publicly available.

Or. it

**Amendment 309**
Andrey Novakov, Daniel Buda, Mircea-Gheorghe Hava, Manolis Kefalogiannis, Peter Pollák, Álvaro Amaro, Tomislav Sokol

**Proposal for a regulation**
**Article 6 – paragraph 2**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

2. Where the Commission finds, under due consideration of the collective progress assessed in accordance with Article 5(1), that a Member State’s measures are inconsistent with that objective as expressed by the trajectory referred to in Article 3(1) or inadequate to ensure progress on adaptation as referred to in Article 4, it may issue recommendations to that Member State. The Commission shall make such recommendations publicly available.

*Amendment*

2. Where the Commission finds, under due consideration of the collective progress assessed in accordance with Article 5(1), that a Member State’s measures are inconsistent with that objective as expressed by the trajectory referred to in Article 3(1) or inadequate to ensure progress on adaptation as referred to in Article 4, or that Union measures have led to loss of competitiveness and jobs in specific regions, it may issue recommendations to that Member State. The Commission shall make such recommendations publicly available.

Or. en

**Amendment 310**
Mónica Silvana González, Cristina Maestre Martín De Almagro, Andrea Cozzolino, Tonino Picula, Elisabetta Gualmini, Rovana Plumb, Isabel García Muñoz, Isabel
Carvalhais

Proposal for a regulation
Article 6 – paragraph 2

Text proposed by the Commission

2. Where the Commission finds, under due consideration of the collective progress assessed in accordance with Article 5(1), that a Member State’s measures are inconsistent with that objective expressed by the trajectory referred to in Article 3(1) or inadequate to ensure progress on adaptation as referred to in Article 4, it may issue recommendations to that Member State. The Commission shall make such recommendations publicly available.

Amendment

2. Where the Commission finds, under due consideration of the collective progress assessed in accordance with Article 5(1), that a Member State’s measures or its regions’ measures are inconsistent with that objective as expressed by the trajectory referred to in Article 3(1) or inadequate to ensure progress on adaptation as referred to in Article 4, it may issue recommendations to that Member State. The Commission shall make such recommendations publicly available.

Or. en

Amendment 311
Izabela-Helena Kloc, Elżbieta Kruk, Krzysztof Jurgiel, Andżelika Anna Moźdżanowska

Proposal for a regulation
Article 6 – paragraph 2

Text proposed by the Commission

2. Where the Commission finds, under due consideration of the collective progress assessed in accordance with Article 5(1), that a Member State’s measures are inconsistent with that objective as expressed by the trajectory referred to in Article 3(1) or inadequate to ensure progress on adaptation as referred to in Article 4, it may issue recommendations to that Member State. The Commission shall make such recommendations publicly available.

Amendment

2. Where the Commission finds, under due consideration of the collective progress assessed in accordance with Article 5(1), that a Member State’s measures are inconsistent with the climate-neutrality objective set out in Article 2(1) or inadequate to ensure progress on adaptation as referred to in Article 4, it may issue recommendations to that Member State. The Commission shall make such recommendations publicly available.

Or. en
Justification

We would like to keep the original wording - but without reference to the trajectory which amounts to setting intermediate reduction targets without relevant decision made by EUCO (issue covered by proposal of new wording in art. 3 (1)).

Amendment 312
Mónica Silvana González, Cristina Maestre Martín De Almagro, Andrea Cozzolino, Tonino Picula, Elisabetta Gualmini, Rovana Plumb, Isabel García Muñoz, Isabel Carvalhais, Tsvetelina Penkova

Proposal for a regulation
Article 6 – paragraph 2 a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

2a. The EU information system referred to in Article 5(2) shall have a section including strategies, measures and good practices, in order to help bring the measures taken by Member States into line with Commission recommendations.

Or. en

Amendment 313
Andrey Novakov, Daniel Buda, Mircea-Gheorghe Hava, Manolis Kefalogiannis, Peter Pollák, Álvaro Amaro, Tomislav Sokol

Proposal for a regulation
Article 6 – paragraph 3 – point a

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(a) the Member State concerned shall take due account of the recommendation in a spirit of solidarity between Member States and the Union and between Member States; (a) the Member State concerned shall take due account of the recommendation in a spirit of solidarity between Member States and the Union and between Member States, unless the latter have duly-justified objections to the draft recommendation;

Or. en
Proposal for a regulation
Article 6 – paragraph 3 – point a

Text proposed by the Commission
(a) the Member State concerned shall take due account of the recommendation in a spirit of solidarity between Member States and the Union and between Member States;

Amendment
(a) the Member State concerned shall take due account of the recommendation in a spirit of solidarity and sincere cooperation between Member States and the Union, between Member States and between the Member State concerned and its regions;

Or. en

Amendment 315
Cristina Maestre Martín De Almagro, Isabel García Muñoz

Proposal for a regulation
Article 6 – paragraph 3 – point a

Text proposed by the Commission
(a) the Member State concerned shall take due account of the recommendation in a spirit of solidarity between Member States and the Union and between Member States;

Amendment
(a) the Member State concerned shall take due account of the recommendation in a spirit of solidarity between Member States and the Union, between Member States and European regions;

Or. es

Amendment 316
Mónica Silvana González, Cristina Maestre Martín De Almagro, Andrea Cozzolino, Tonino Picula, Elisabetta Gualmini, Isabel Carvalhais

Proposal for a regulation
Article 6 – paragraph 3 – point b

Text proposed by the Commission
(b) the Member State concerned shall

Amendment
(b) the Member State concerned shall
set out, in its first progress report submitted in accordance with Article 17 of Regulation (EU) 2018/1999, in the year following the year in which the recommendation was issued, how it has taken due account of the recommendation. If the Member State concerned decides not to address a recommendation or a substantial part thereof, that Member State shall provide the Commission its reasoning;

If the Member State concerned decides not to provide reasoning or it is inconsistent with the objectives referred to in Article 3(1) and Article 4 or provides insufficient justification for national measures which could jeopardise the attainment of the climate-neutrality objective set out in Article 2(1), the Commission may resort to Article 258 and Article 260 TFEU to ensure application of this Regulation;

Amendment 317
Francesca Donato, Alessandro Panza, Vincenzo Sofo, Rosanna Conte, Stefania Zambelli

Proposal for a regulation
Article 6 – paragraph 3 – point c

Text proposed by the Commission

(c) the recommendations should be complementary to the latest country-specific recommendations issued in the context of the European Semester.

Amendment

deleted

Amendment 318
Izabela-Helena Kloc, Elżbieta Kruk, Krzysztof Jurgiel, Andżelika Anna Możdżanowska

Proposal for a regulation
Article 7 – paragraph 1 – point b
Text proposed by the Commission

(b) reports of the European Environment Agency (EEA);

Amendment

(b) reports of the European Environment Agency (EEA) and relevant UNFCCC bodies;

Or. en

Justification

There is important information under the UNFCCC

Amendment 319
Vlad-Marius Botoș, Cristian Ghinea

Proposal for a regulation
Article 7 – paragraph 1 – point b a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission

(ba) information submitted and reported by independent experts on voluntary bases;

Amendment

Or. en

Amendment 320
Izabela-Helena Kloc, Elżbieta Kruk, Krzysztof Jurgiel, Andżelika Anna Moźdżanowska

Proposal for a regulation
Article 7 – paragraph 1 – point c

Text proposed by the Commission

(c) European statistics and data, including data on losses from adverse climate impacts, where available; and

Amendment

(c) European and global statistics and data, including data on performance of major emitters, as well as losses from adverse climate impacts, where available; and

Or. en

Justification

Important to keep a global overview
Amendment 321
Francesca Donato, Alessandro Panza, Vincenzo Sofo, Rosanna Conte, Stefania Zambelli

Proposal for a regulation
Article 7 – paragraph 1 – point c

Text proposed by the Commission
(c) European statistics and data, including data on losses from adverse climate impacts, where available; and

Amendment
(c) European statistics and data, including data on the economic situation and on losses from adverse climate impacts, where available; and

Or. it

Amendment 322
Mónica Silvana González, Cristina Maestre Martín De Almagro, Andrea Cozzolino, Tonino Picula, Elisabetta Gualmini, Rovana Plumb, Isabel García Muñoz, Isabel Carvalhais, Tsvetelina Penkova

Proposal for a regulation
Article 7 – paragraph 1 – point c a (new)

Text proposed by the Commission
(ca) regional statistics and data, including data of metropolitan regions; and

Amendment

Or. en

Amendment 323
Andrey Novakov, Daniel Buda, Mircea-Gheorghe Hava, Manolis Kefalogiannis, Peter Pollák, Álvaro Amaro, Tomislav Sokol

Proposal for a regulation
Article 7 – paragraph 1 – point d

Text proposed by the Commission
(d) best available scientific evidence, including the latest reports of the IPCC; and

Amendment
(d) best available scientific evidence, including the latest reports of the IPCC and a comprehensive socio-economic and
sectoral impact assessment; and

Amendment 324
Francesca Donato, Alessandro Panza, Vincenzo Sofo, Rosanna Conte, Stefania Zambelli
Proposal for a regulation
Article 7 – paragraph 1 – point d

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Text proposed by the Commission</th>
<th>Amendment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(d) best available scientific evidence, including the latest reports of the IPCC; and</td>
<td>(d) best and most recent scientific evidence available, and the latest reports of the IPCC, except for RCP 8.5-based models;</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Amendment 325
Francesca Donato, Alessandro Panza, Vincenzo Sofo, Rosanna Conte, Stefania Zambelli
Proposal for a regulation
Article 7 – paragraph 1 – point e

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Text proposed by the Commission</th>
<th>Amendment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(e) any supplementary information on environmentally sustainable investment, by the Union and Member States, including, when available, investment consistent with Regulation (EU) 2020/… [Taxonomy Regulation].</td>
<td>(e) any supplementary information on environmentally sustainable investment, by the Union and Member States and available European recovery funding, including, when available, investment consistent with Regulation (EU) 2020/… [Taxonomy Regulation].</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Amendment 326
Mónica Silvana González, Cristina Maestre Martín De Almagro, Andrea Cozzolino, Tonino Picula, Elisabetta Gualmini, Rovana Plumb, Isabel García Muñoz, Isabel Carvalhais, Tsvetelina Penkova
Proposal for a regulation
Article 7 – paragraph 1 – point e

Text proposed by the Commission

(e) any supplementary information on environmentally sustainable investment, by the Union and Member States, including, when available, investment consistent with Regulation (EU) 2020/… [Taxonomy Regulation].

Amendment

(e) any supplementary information on environmentally sustainable investment, by the Union, Member States and regional and local authorities, including, when available, investment consistent with Regulation (EU) 2020/… [Taxonomy Regulation].

Or. en

Amendment 327
Mónica Silvana González, Cristina Maestre Martín De Almagro, Andrea Cozzolino, Tonino Picula, Elisabetta Gualmini, Rovana Plumb, Isabel García Muñoz, Isabel Carvalhais, Tsvetelina Penkova

Proposal for a regulation
Article 8 – paragraph 1

Text proposed by the Commission

The Commission shall engage with all parts of society to enable and empower them to take action towards a climate-neutral and climate-resilient society. The Commission shall facilitate an inclusive and accessible process at all levels, including at national, regional and local level and with social partners, citizens and civil society, for the exchange of best practice and to identify actions to contribute to the achievement of the objectives of this Regulation. In addition, the Commission may also draw on the multilevel climate and energy dialogues as set up by Member States in accordance with Article 11 of Regulation (EU) 2018/1999.

Amendment

The Commission shall engage with all parts of society to strengthen the exchange of information and awareness-raising aimed at achieving a climate-neutral and climate-resilient society. The Commission shall facilitate an inclusive and accessible process at all levels, including at national, regional and local level and with social partners, citizens and civil society, ensuring participation and accessibility of information to all persons with disabilities, for the exchange of best practice and to identify actions to contribute to the achievement of the objectives of this Regulation. In addition, the Commission may also draw on the multilevel climate and energy dialogues as set up by Member States in accordance with Article 11 of Regulation (EU) 2018/1999. Participation means will be developed to guarantee the involvement of social partners, economic actors and citizens in general in the strategies and
plans adopted by Member States and regional and local authorities in matters of energy and climate governance.

Or. en

Amendment 328
Izabela-Helena Kloc, Elżbieta Kruk, Krzysztof Jurgiel, Andżelika Anna Możdżanowska

Proposal for a regulation
Article 8 – paragraph 1

**Text proposed by the Commission**

The Commission shall engage with all parts of society to enable and empower them to take action towards a climate-neutral and climate-resilient society. The Commission shall facilitate an inclusive and accessible process at all levels, including at national, regional and local level and with social partners, citizens and civil society, for the exchange of best practice and to identify actions to contribute to the achievement of the objectives of this Regulation. In addition, the Commission may also draw on the multilevel climate and energy dialogues as set up by Member States in accordance with Article 11 of Regulation (EU) 2018/1999.

**Amendment**

The Commission shall engage with all parts of society to enable and empower them to take action towards a **socially just**, climate-neutral and climate-resilient society, *including through the European Climate Pact set out in paragraph 2*. The Commission shall facilitate an inclusive and accessible process at all levels, including at national, regional and local level and with social partners, citizens and civil society, for the exchange of best practice and to identify actions to contribute to the achievement of the objectives of this Regulation. In addition, the Commission may also draw on the multilevel climate and energy dialogues as set up by Member States in accordance with Article 11 of Regulation (EU) 2018/1999.

Or. en

Amendment 329
Cristina Maestre Martín De Almagro, Mónica Silvana González, Isabel García Muñoz

Proposal for a regulation
Article 8 – paragraph 1

**Text proposed by the Commission**

The Commission shall engage with all parts of society to enable and empower them to take action towards a **socially just**, climate-neutral and climate-resilient society, *including through the European Climate Pact set out in paragraph 2*. The Commission shall facilitate an inclusive and accessible process at all levels, including at national, regional and local level and with social partners, citizens and civil society, for the exchange of best practice and to identify actions to contribute to the achievement of the objectives of this Regulation. In addition, the Commission may also draw on the multilevel climate and energy dialogues as set up by Member States in accordance with Article 11 of Regulation (EU) 2018/1999.

**In order ensure synergies and greater**
parts of society to enable and empower them to take action towards a climate-neutral and climate-resilient society. The Commission shall facilitate an inclusive and accessible process at all levels, including at national, regional and local level and with social partners, citizens and civil society, for the exchange of best practice and to identify actions to contribute to the achievement of the objectives of this Regulation. In addition, the Commission may also draw on the multilevel climate and energy dialogues as set up by Member States in accordance with Article 11 of Regulation (EU) 2018/1999.

**Amendment 330**

Isabel Carvalhais

Proposal for a regulation

Article 8 – paragraph 1

*Text proposed by the Commission*

The Commission shall engage with all parts of society to enable and empower them to take action towards a climate-neutral and climate-resilient society. The Commission shall facilitate an inclusive and accessible process at all levels, including at national, regional and local level and with social partners, citizens and civil society, for the exchange of best practice and to identify actions to contribute to the achievement of the objectives of this Regulation. In addition, the Commission may also draw on the multilevel climate and energy dialogues as set up by Member States in accordance with Article 11 of Regulation (EU) 2018/1999.

*Amendment*

The Commission shall engage with all parts of society to enable and empower them, *on a gender-equality and non-discrimination basis*, to take action towards a climate-neutral and climate-resilient society. The Commission shall facilitate an inclusive and accessible process at all levels, including at national, regional, *cross border* and local level and with social partners, *NGOs* citizens and civil society, for the exchange of best practice and to identify actions to contribute to the achievement of the objectives of this Regulation. In addition, the Commission may also draw on the multilevel climate and energy dialogues as set up by Member States in accordance with Article 11 of Regulation (EU)
Amendment 331  
Daniel Buda, Mircea-Gheorghe Hava, Iuliu Winkler  

Proposal for a regulation  
Article 8 – paragraph 1

**Text proposed by the Commission**  
The Commission shall engage with all parts of society to enable and empower them to take action towards a climate-neutral and climate-resilient society. The Commission shall facilitate an inclusive and accessible process at all levels, including at national, regional and local level and with social partners, citizens and civil society, for the exchange of best practice and to identify actions to contribute to the achievement of the objectives of this Regulation. In addition, the Commission may also draw on the multilevel climate and energy dialogues as set up by Member States in accordance with Article 11 of Regulation (EU) 2018/1999.

**Amendment**  
The Commission shall engage with all parts of society to enable and empower them to take action towards a climate-neutral and climate-resilient society. The Commission shall facilitate an inclusive, interactive and accessible process to ensure the broad participation at all levels, including at national, regional and local level and with economic and social partners, citizens and civil society, for the exchange of best practice and to identify actions to contribute to the achievement of the objectives of this Regulation. In addition, the Commission may also draw on the multilevel climate and energy dialogues as set up by Member States in accordance with Article 11 of Regulation (EU) 2018/1999.

---

Amendment 332  
Izabela-Helena Kloc, Elżbieta Kruk, Krzysztof Jurgiel, Andżelika Anna Możdżanowska  

Proposal for a regulation  
Article 8 – paragraph 1 a (new)

**Text proposed by the Commission**  
The Commission shall establish a European Climate Pact with the purpose of engaging citizens, social partners and stakeholders in the elaboration of Union-
level climate policies and fostering dialogue and the diffusion of science-based information about climate change, as well as sharing best practices for sustainable lifestyles and climate initiatives.

Amendment 333
Franc Bogovič, Herbert Dorfmann

Proposal for a regulation
Article 9

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

Article 9

Exercise of the delegation

1. The power to adopt delegated acts referred to in Article 3(1) is conferred on the Commission subject to the conditions laid down in this Article.

2. The power to adopt delegated acts referred to in Article 3(1) shall be conferred on the Commission for an indeterminate period of time from …[OP: date of entry into force of this Regulation].

3. The delegation of power referred to in Article 3(1) may be revoked at any time by the European Parliament or by the Council. A decision to revoke shall put an end to the delegation of the power specified in that decision. It shall take effect the day following the publication of the decision in the Official Journal of the European Union or at a later date specified therein. It shall not affect the validity of any delegated acts already in force.

4. Before adopting a delegated act, the Commission shall consult experts designated by each Member State in accordance with the principles laid down

5. As soon as it adopts a delegated act, the Commission shall notify it simultaneously to the European Parliament and to the Council.

6. A delegated act adopted pursuant to Article 3 shall enter into force only if no objection has been expressed either by the European Parliament or the Council within a period of two months of notification of that act to the European Parliament and to the Council or if, before the expiry of that period, the European Parliament and the Council have both informed the Commission that they will not object. That period shall be extended by two months at the initiative of the European Parliament or of the Council.

Amendment 334
Josianne Cutajar

Proposal for a regulation
Article 9

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Text proposed by the Commission</th>
<th>Amendment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Article 9 deleted</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Exercise of the delegation

1. The power to adopt delegated acts referred to in Article 3(1) is conferred on the Commission subject to the conditions laid down in this Article.

2. The power to adopt delegated acts referred to in Article 3(1) shall be conferred on the Commission for an indeterminate period of time from …[OP: date of entry into force of this Regulation].

3. The delegation of power referred
to in Article 3(1) may be revoked at any time by the European Parliament or by the Council. A decision to revoke shall put an end to the delegation of the power specified in that decision. It shall take effect the day following the publication of the decision in the Official Journal of the European Union or at a later date specified therein. It shall not affect the validity of any delegated acts already in force.

4. Before adopting a delegated act, the Commission shall consult experts designated by each Member State in accordance with the principles laid down in the Interinstitutional Agreement of 13 April 2016 on Better Law-Making.

5. As soon as it adopts a delegated act, the Commission shall notify it simultaneously to the European Parliament and to the Council.

6. A delegated act adopted pursuant to Article 3 shall enter into force only if no objection has been expressed either by the European Parliament or the Council within a period of two months of notification of that act to the European Parliament and to the Council or if, before the expiry of that period, the European Parliament and the Council have both informed the Commission that they will not object. That period shall be extended by two months at the initiative of the European Parliament or of the Council.

Amendment 335
Tamás Deutsch
Proposal for a regulation
Article 9

Text proposed by the Commission  Amendment
Article 9

Exercise of the delegation

1. The power to adopt delegated acts referred to in Article 3(1) is conferred on the Commission subject to the conditions laid down in this Article.

2. The power to adopt delegated acts referred to in Article 3(1) shall be conferred on the Commission for an indeterminate period of time from ... [OP: date of entry into force of this Regulation].

3. The delegation of power referred to in Article 3(1) may be revoked at any time by the European Parliament or by the Council. A decision to revoke shall put an end to the delegation of the power specified in that decision. It shall take effect the day following the publication of the decision in the Official Journal of the European Union or at a later date specified therein. It shall not affect the validity of any delegated acts already in force.

4. Before adopting a delegated act, the Commission shall consult experts designated by each Member State in accordance with the principles laid down in the Interinstitutional Agreement of 13 April 2016 on Better Law-Making.

5. As soon as it adopts a delegated act, the Commission shall notify it simultaneously to the European Parliament and to the Council.

6. A delegated act adopted pursuant to Article 3 shall enter into force only if no objection has been expressed either by the European Parliament or the Council within a period of two months of notification of that act to the European Parliament and to the Council or if, before the expiry of that period, the European Parliament and the Council have both informed the Commission that they will not object. That period shall be extended by two months at the initiative of
the European Parliament or of the Council.

Amendment 336
Izabela-Helena Kloc, Elżbieta Kruk, Krzysztof Jurgiel, Andżelika Anna Moźdżanowska

Proposal for a regulation
Article 9

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

Article 9

deleted

Exercise of the delegation

1. The power to adopt delegated acts referred to in Article 3(1) is conferred on the Commission subject to the conditions laid down in this Article.

2. The power to adopt delegated acts referred to in Article 3(1) shall be conferred on the Commission for an indeterminate period of time from …[OP: date of entry into force of this Regulation].

3. The delegation of power referred to in Article 3(1) may be revoked at any time by the European Parliament or by the Council. A decision to revoke shall put an end to the delegation of the power specified in that decision. It shall take effect the day following the publication of the decision in the Official Journal of the European Union or at a later date specified therein. It shall not affect the validity of any delegated acts already in force.

4. Before adopting a delegated act, the Commission shall consult experts designated by each Member State in accordance with the principles laid down in the Interinstitutional Agreement of 13 April 2016 on Better Law-Making.

5. As soon as it adopts a delegated
act, the Commission shall notify it simultaneously to the European Parliament and to the Council.

6. A delegated act adopted pursuant to Article 3 shall enter into force only if no objection has been expressed either by the European Parliament or the Council within a period of two months of notification of that act to the European Parliament and to the Council or if, before the expiry of that period, the European Parliament and the Council have both informed the Commission that they will not object. That period shall be extended by two months at the initiative of the European Parliament or of the Council.

Or. en

Justification

Article should be deleted as it oversteps the margin of EC competence

Amendment 337
Francesca Donato, Alessandro Panza, Vincenzo Sofo, Rosanna Conte, Stefania Zambelli, Mathilde Androuët

Proposal for a regulation
Article 9

Text proposed by the Commission Amendment

Article 9

Exercise of the delegation
1. The power to adopt delegated acts referred to in Article 3(1) is conferred on the Commission subject to the conditions laid down in this Article.

2. The power to adopt delegated acts referred to in Article 3(1) shall be conferred on the Commission for an indeterminate period of time from …[OP: date of entry into force of this Regulation].
3. The delegation of power referred to in Article 3(1) may be revoked at any time by the European Parliament or by the Council. A decision to revoke shall put an end to the delegation of the power specified in that decision. It shall take effect the day following the publication of the decision in the Official Journal of the European Union or at a later date specified therein. It shall not affect the validity of any delegated acts already in force.

4. Before adopting a delegated act, the Commission shall consult experts designated by each Member State in accordance with the principles laid down in the Interinstitutional Agreement of 13 April 2016 on Better Law-Making.

5. As soon as it adopts a delegated act, the Commission shall notify it simultaneously to the European Parliament and to the Council.

6. A delegated act adopted pursuant to Article 3 shall enter into force only if no objection has been expressed either by the European Parliament or the Council within a period of two months of notification of that act to the European Parliament and to the Council or if, before the expiry of that period, the European Parliament and the Council have both informed the Commission that they will not object. That period shall be extended by two months at the initiative of the European Parliament or of the Council.

Amendment 338
Francesca Donato, Alessandro Panza, Vincenzo Sofo, Rosanna Conte, Stefania Zambelli

Proposal for a regulation
Article 10 – paragraph 1 – point 4
Regulation (EU) 2018/1999
Article 8 – paragraph 2

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

(4) in Article 8(2), the following point deleted
(e) is added:

‘(e) the manner in which existing policies and measures and planned policies and measures contribute to the achievement of the Union’s climate-neutrality objective set out in Article 2 of Regulation …/[Climate Law].’

Or. it

Amendment 339
Mónica Silvana González, Cristina Maestre Martín De Almagro, Andrea Cozzolino, Tonino Picula, Elisabetta Gualmini, Rovana Plumb, Isabel García Muñoz, Isabel Carvalhais, Tsvetelina Penkova, Josianne Cutajar

Proposal for a regulation
Article 10 – paragraph 1 – point 5
Regulation (EU) 2018/1999
Article 11

Text proposed by the Commission

Amendment

Each Member State shall establish a multilevel climate and energy dialogue pursuant to national rules, in which local authorities, civil society organisation, business community, investors and other relevant stakeholders and the general public are able actively to engage and discuss the achievement of the Union’s climate-neutrality objective set out in Article 2 of Regulation …/[Climate Law] and the different scenarios envisaged for energy and climate policies, including for the long term, and review progress, unless it already has a structure which serves the same purpose. Integrated national energy and climate plans may be discussed within the framework of such a dialogue.;

Each Member State shall establish a multilevel climate and energy dialogue pursuant to national rules, in which regional and local authorities, civil society organisation, business community, investors, trade unions and other relevant stakeholders and the general public are able actively to engage and discuss the achievement of the Union’s climate-neutrality objective set out in Article 2 of Regulation …/[Climate Law] and the different scenarios envisaged for energy and climate policies, including for the long term, and review progress, unless it already has a structure which serves the same purpose. Integrated national energy and climate plans may be discussed within the framework of such a dialogue.;
**Amendment 340**  
Daniel Buda, Mircea-Gheorghe Hava, Iuliu Winkler

Proposal for a regulation  
**Article 10 – paragraph 1 – point 5**  
Regulation (EU) 2018/1999  
Article 11

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Text proposed by the Commission</th>
<th>Amendment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Each Member State shall establish a multilevel climate and energy dialogue pursuant to national rules, in which local authorities, civil society organisation, business community, investors and other relevant stakeholders and the general public are able actively to engage and discuss the achievement of the Union’s climate-neutrality objective set out in Article 2 of Regulation …/… [Climate Law] and the different scenarios envisaged for energy and climate policies, including for the long term, and review progress, unless it already has a structure which serves the same purpose. Integrated national energy and climate plans may be discussed within the framework of such a dialogue.</td>
<td>Each Member State shall establish a multilevel climate and energy dialogue pursuant to national rules, in which local authorities, civil society organisation, business community, investors and other relevant stakeholders and the general public are able actively to engage and discuss and propose solutions for the achievement of the Union’s climate-neutrality objective set out in Article 2 of Regulation …/… [Climate Law] and the different scenarios envisaged for energy and climate policies, including for the long term, and review progress, unless it already has a structure which serves the same purpose. Integrated national energy and climate plans may be discussed within the framework of such a dialogue.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Or. en

---

**Amendment 341**  
Francesca Donato, Alessandro Panza, Vincenzo Sofo, Rosanna Conte, Stefania Zambelli

Proposal for a regulation  
**Article 10 – paragraph 1 – point 5**  
Regulation (EU) 2018/1999  
Article 11

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Text proposed by the Commission</th>
<th>Amendment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Each Member State shall establish a multilevel climate and energy dialogue</td>
<td>Each Member State shall establish a multilevel climate and energy dialogue</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Or. en
pursuant to national rules, in which local authorities, civil society organisation, business community, investors and other relevant stakeholders and the general public are able actively to engage and discuss the achievement of the Union’s climate-neutrality objective set out in Article 2 of Regulation …/… [Climate Law] and the different scenarios envisaged for energy and climate policies, including for the long term, and review progress, unless it already has a structure which serves the same purpose. Integrated national energy and climate plans may be discussed within the framework of such a dialogue.

Amendment 342
Izabela-Helena Kloc, Elżbieta Kruk, Krzysztof Jurgiel, Andżelika Anna Możdżanowska

Proposal for a regulation
Article 10 – paragraph 1 – point 6
Regulation (EU) 2018/1999
Article 15 – paragraph 3 – point c

Text proposed by the Commission
(c) achieving long-term greenhouse gas emission reductions and enhancements of removals by sinks in all sectors in accordance with the Union's climate-neutrality objective set out in Article 2 of Regulation …/… [Climate Law];

Amendment
(c) achieving long-term greenhouse gas emission reductions and enhancements of removals by sinks in all sectors in accordance with the Union's climate-neutrality objective set out in Article 2 of Regulation …/… [Climate Law], in the context of necessary reductions according to the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) to reduce the Union's greenhouse gas emissions in a cost-effective manner and enhance removals by sinks in pursuit of the temperature goal in the Paris Agreement so as to achieve a balance between anthropogenic emissions by sources and removals by sinks of greenhouse gases within the Union as early as possible;
Justification

It is important to emphasise this message which outlines wider policy background of ECL.